

THE EVENING CRITIC.

ESTABLISHED AUGUST 1868. AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT. NATIONAL THEATRE—The Member for Shreveport.

Special Weather Bulletin. The special bulletin issued from the Signal Office to-day says: Fair weather is indicated for the Middle Atlantic States to-day and to-morrow.

The Critic in Georgetown. Copies of THE EVENING CRITIC may be had and subscriptions left at E. K. Landry's book and stationery store, 128 Bridge street, Georgetown.

PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS. About People and Things in Washington. SEE THIRD PAGE for interesting local news.

STREET LAMPS will be lighted at 5:45 p. m. and extinguished at 4 a. m. MARSHAL HENRY has had a telephone placed in his office for the facilitation of business.

THIRTY-NINE ARRESTS were made by the police during the twenty-four hours ending at 9 a. m. AN OVERCOAT, belonging to George E. Gillespie, of Toronto, was stolen from the Metropolitan Hotel last evening.

THE keepers and inspectors of several northern prisons arrived here yesterday for the purpose of inspecting the District jail. JOHN WILLIAMS was committed to-day in the Criminal Court of an assault on Officer Brexon, and notice of a motion for a new trial was given.

THE HOUSE No. 1434 N street, a portion of the Hilton estate, was last night, for the second time in six months, set on fire by an incendiary. The damage was \$200; fully covered by insurance.

THE body of Mr. F. M. Ward was taken to the Baltimore & Potomac depot escorted by the Washington Light Infantry, yesterday morning, and sent under escort to his late home in Minnesota.

OFFICER MITCHELL was attracted by the suspicious actions of a man at Ninth and I streets early this morning, and he pursued him for some distance, firing two shots after him, but the man escaped.

IN THIS moist and variable climate colds are the rule rather than the exception. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is just the remedy for every one to take when suffering from a cough cold, or any throat trouble.

DURING THE PASSAGE of the Michigan troops through this city, Mr. James Richards who accompanied them, met his three brothers—Zalmon, Alvon, S., and Justice A. Richards—at the office of the latter, if being the first reunion of the four brothers for ten years.

AN ENTERTAINMENT was given last night at the McKendree M. E. Church by the scholars of the infant class. The little ones showed a great deal of experience and knowledge in reciting Scripture. The proceeds of the entertainment will be used to pay off the church debt.

THE first day's session of the Woman's Temperance Union of Maryland was held in the Young Men's Christian Association building in Baltimore yesterday. Mrs. Clara Roach, the president of the Temperance Alliance of the District, was present and offered up a prayer.

SESTER MARY TERESA FRANCE died suddenly at the Convalescent Hospital, in Frederick, Md., on Saturday, and was buried yesterday afternoon. She went to Frederick from Georgetown, D. C., about 30 years ago, during which time she has occupied a number of the important positions. She was greatly beloved.

THE CASE of Mary A. Morriss against Lizzie Gillingham and others has been referred to the Auditor, with instructions to ascertain and report whether or not the real estate described in the bill is susceptible of partition, and if not, whether it would be to the interest and advantage of all the parties to sell the same and divide the proceeds.

FRANK OXLEY, a white man, was walking past the Government Printing Office this afternoon, when an unknown man went up to him and dealt him a kick which broke his leg. Oxley was taken to his home, at No. 1337 O street northwest, in the police ambulance. He has given the police a description of the assailant, which will lead to the latter's arrest.

ABOUT 10 o'clock this morning Gertrude Carter, a child of about 5 years, was playing in the kitchen of her father's (MacKendree Carter's) house, No. 293 O street alley, when her clothes caught fire from the stove and were burnt off her. The child was very badly burned about the face and body, and Dr. Gausking, who was called in, stated that the child was probably fatally burned.

JOHN A. PRESCOTT, who lives on the Seventh-street road above Boundary, appeared in the Police Court yesterday, against Ada Lewis, a woman who was employed as a servant in his house for six weeks, during which time about \$25 worth of household goods and clothing disappeared from the house. The jury was called, and Judge Snell sentenced the defendant to six months in jail, and an appeal to the grand jury was noted.

THE annual election of class officers of the medical department of Columbian University for 1881-'82 was held in the building last night and resulted in the election of Edward E. Womersley, Massachusetts, president; Francis J. Woodman, New Hampshire, vice president; Dr. Millard F. Thompson, District of Columbia, secretary; Thomas J. McLaughlin, District of Columbia, treasurer.

PERSERVERANCE LODGE No. 2, I. O. G. T., last night elected the following named officers for the ensuing quarter: W. C. T. James Henry, jr., W. T. M. S. Schell, P. C. W. R. S. W. H. Horn, W. F. S. R. Swearingen, W. T. V. A. Hubbard, W. M. J. E. Bishop, W. C. Miss Mamie C. Cooke, W. J. G. Miss Bessie Wilson, W. O. G. W. R. Beagmore. They were installed November 1. Messrs. Prince, Bishop and Henry each gave a recitation.

IN THE Police Court this morning James E. Wall was charged with assaulting Chanancy Dutton. Mr. Wall was driving through the Treasury grounds on Friday evening last, just after the fireworks were over, and his horse becoming unmanageable, Mr. Dutton stepped out of the crowd and seized the horse by the bridle, and backing him rapidly, endangered the persons in the carriage, whereupon Mr. Wall jumped out of the carriage and struck Dutton senseless with his whip handle. Judge Snell decided that the impulse was natural which led Dutton to do as he did, and imposed a fine of \$10.

District Government Notes. —John Harmon will expend \$500 in putting a new front to house number 1723 Ninth street northwest. —C. B. Pearson took out a permit to-day to build five dwellings on B street between Sixteenth and seventeenth northwest at a cost of \$3,250.

The Inspector of Buildings has had a map prepared to accompany the annual report of the Commissioners, which shows the track of the great storm of June 27 on which every building seriously damaged is designated.

Another Generous Offer. Hon. James Gilliam has received a letter from B. P. Sawyer, of Stafford County, Va., offering to furnish free yellowish granite stone for use in the reconstruction of the Garfield Memorial Hospital in this city. The quarry is one mile from Cole's Landing, and the stone is the same as that used on the Old Capitol building.

JUSTLY INDIGNANT.

Withholding Pay from the Hard-Worked Teachers. About thirty school teachers of the first division met last evening at the Franklin School building to take some action in regard to the failure of the District authorities to pay the salaries due in October.

Mr. E. A. Dast, principal of the High School was present, and was requested to explain the delay. He stated that a difficulty had arisen between the Auditor and the School Board; certain informants had been asked for by the Auditor, and as it had already been furnished he did not know why the payment was not made. The following resolutions were then read and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the failure up to this date of the District authorities to pay the public school teachers their salaries for the present school year is causing not only inconvenience but actual distress and suffering.

Resolved, That the withholding of the money appropriated for salaries with teachers with families are in need of food and clothing, and new teachers are threatened with neglect on boarding places, and all teachers in general have a sense of injustice, which should no longer be continued.

Resolved, That the authorities are hereby requested to pay immediately the salaries due on October 1, and if as alleged, the payroll of the public school teachers exceeds \$800 for each school month the amount appropriated for the present school year, to continue paying the salaries until the appropriation is exhausted, whereby the teachers, in event of such emergency, can provide for it.

In this connection we have received the following communication: To the Editor of The Evening Critic:—

"I am a teacher, and I am holding up to public odium those who have no conscience, I beg you to dip your pen in caustic and severely rebuke those who withhold the teachers' salaries. It has been alleged that Congress has made an insufficient appropriation, consequently, a few persons are perplexed how to reduce the teachers' pay, in order to come within said appropriation. It would strike any just mind that those who receive forty or forty-two dollars a month, which has to be checked out to serve also for the two vacation months have little enough without reduction. I cannot think Congress is so parsimonious. Why not use the appropriation and call for more?"

Some of the teachers have homes and other means for support, but the powers that be know well that many have positively nothing but their salaries, and it is a burning shame that after being hard-worked they should be harassed in this manner. I trust their board bill. It is a recognized fact that no one can live on air. It would be humane to remember that the last payment was made in June, and the poor, little, old-fashioned man is exhausted. The treatment is simply barbarous, and there is no excuse for delay.

Stand up for the right. OCT. 18. SUFFERER.

An Indignant Bondholder. There appeared at the Treasury yesterday an old gentleman from an interior town in Ohio, with him \$17,000 in bonds, which he had purchased in 1861, and which were called in July last. He took a position in the principal room of the redemption bureau, and delivered in a loud tone of voice a severe lecture upon the impolicy and immorality of the propositions which have been made from time to time to pay off the public debt in other than gold coin.

He was informed that the efforts in this direction had all come to naught, and that there was no difficulty in paying off in gold, or its equivalent, but he insisted upon finishing his discourse, and said the Government had promised to pay gold. He had paid gold for his bonds and wanted gold, and no equivalent about it. He also carried a letter to him that a draft on the United States Treasury was as good as gold anywhere, and the gold could be obtained for it; that if he preferred it the gold coin would be paid him, but that as \$17,000 in gold would weigh about sixty pounds he would find it somewhat troublesome to carry it all the way out to Ohio.

This staggered him a little, but he said it was the principle of the thing he was contending for, and he must have his gold, and he would take it home himself, as he would not pay the swindling charges imposed by the express companies. He then went to the auditor to the office of the Secretary of the Treasury to impress upon him his views upon that official, but after waiting two or three hours for an audience he became disgusted and went away with the remark that he would come back and wanted his gold to be ready for him.

Anthropological. The forty-third regular meeting of the Anthropological Society was held last evening at the Medical College, on H street. Mr. Hinman read a very instructive and interesting paper on the Stone God, or "Tunkan" of the Dakotas. He showed, from native illustrations, gathered from the Dakotas, what the god was and the manner of worship paid to it. Also, by old tradition, that this worship was once probably universal. The paper closed with a legend of Standing Rock, giving the Indian origin of that name. Prof. Mallory followed with a lengthy and exhaustive paper on symbol and sign language, and from a chart, illustrated how the Indians, by certain characters or signs, marked important events in their history. He also carried his subject into algebra and mathematics, and demonstrated the use and necessity for the symbols in those studies and their application. At times the comparisons were humorous and served to keep an attentive and agreeable audience.

Lost Children. Two bright little colored girls named Martha and Annie Johnson, and aged ten and eleven years respectively, were taken from home on Monday between Twelfth and Thirteenth, on Monday morning last to go to school. The children were dressed alike, in red plaid gingham dresses and white sailor hats, and each had a bundle of books. On Monday afternoon the children did not return as usual, and the efforts made to find them soon made known the fact that they had been seen a short distance from it. All day yesterday search was made for the little ones, and up to the present time the investigation of the police and the children's friends have proved unavailing.

The True Lovers' Knot. Harrison G. Brewer and Marie Elliott. George W. Ricketts and Ellen Nora Kender, both of Richmond, Va. George Cox and Nannie Brown. Perry W. Pulley and Scaphine Conkley. Henry T. Tyner and Jessie Lee Martin. Eugene Fortune and Pinkie Carter, both of Georgetown, D. C. Anous C. Fredrick, of Scandia, Mo., and Sarah E. Stewart, of this city. Francis A. Bennett and Ada R. Keon. C. H. Alley and Nellie Cantell. George F. Phair and Clara Jamison, both of Spencerville, Md. Joseph Smith and Dom Wren. Henry S. Loeffler and Catharine E. Schlosser.

The Howgate Case. The examination of the grand jury in the Howgate case has come to a halt, and that body is waiting for the testimony of A. A. McCullough, of Norfolk, Va., which it is doubtful if they ever get, as the witness seems hard to find.

GUITEAU'S CASE.

An Interesting Interview With Mr. Scoville—What He Says of Gen. Butler's Declination—A Denial of Alleged Intestines—A Good Word for the Public—What Guiteau Wants—He Expects the Republican Party to Defend Him.

"You have at last heard from Gen. Butler," said THE CRITIC to Mr. Scoville this morning. "Yes; he declines to come into the case," answered Mr. Scoville. "I am not much surprised, however, as I know that a gentleman of his professional engagements must have considerable business on hand. I would like to have heard him in the case, though."

"Have you made any other selection for assistance?" "Not yet. I wish to say, and would like to have the correction made, that the interview with me in a morning paper in regard to attorneys is entirely wrong. I did not say 'No lawyer seemed disposed to help me.' That is not so; it is wrong. I said nothing of the kind, and it does great injustice both to Guiteau and me. It will make the public believe that I do not want any help, and it will have the effect of keeping up the feeling against Guiteau."

"Have you seen other attorneys, or asked anybody else to assist you?" "None. That paper this morning says that Mr. Totten declined to act in the case. Why, I have not seen that gentleman, that I know of, since I have been in the city, and he has never been invited to become counsel in the case."

"What is meant by you preparing a brief to the Court for counsel?" "I don't know whether I heard of such a thing being done. The Republican says that I am doing it and that it is as near correct as other parts of the statement. I am preparing a brief to be submitted to the Court in support of an adjournment of the case. There is a number of witnesses necessary to the defense of the case. The man is not able to pay for their attendance; I am not, and I am sure that if the Government wants this man to have a fair trial it will assist me to secure the presence of the witnesses."

"How do those misstatements get out?" "I don't know. They do not come from me. It is built enough against Guiteau as it is, and I will not give any ground to the enemies of the truth. I will stop giving the papers anything unless the matter is published as I state it. By the way, here is something that I have prepared which you can use."

A Card to the Public. The trial of Guiteau is fixed for November 7. The short time allowed makes this appeal to the public necessary. Will the press kindly copy it? He attempted to lecture on religious subjects through several Northern States. It is believed that there are many people in that connection who can, if they will, furnish evidence of his insanity. Will they not do so, in the interest of patriotism, justice, humanity and mercy? Guiteau is a high-bred, educated, and well-gentleman. I have never heard of his being mixed up in any way with any questionable transaction. He has done the party good service, then why drop him for any one else. I am not one of those who think Col. Washington's best nomination we could have made, but it is good, and it is made, and we ought to stand or fall by it.

Senator, do you think it necessary to elect Secretary at this session of the Senate?" "We ought to have a Secretary, or empower some one to perform the duties of the office. Suppose the Treasury Department should propose to rescind the order making Mr. Nixon its financial agent for the purpose of paying the Senators and employees of the Senate, and such other bills as are presented every day, it would for any one else. I am not one of those who think Col. Washington's best nomination we could have made, but it is good, and it is made, and we ought to stand or fall by it."

THE COURTS. COURT IN GENERAL TERM.—Denise vs. Kendall, on argument. Decree of the special term vacating and setting aside the sale made by John D. M. McPherson, trustee, overruled and reversed. In re Estate of Catherine, on appeal to the special term for further proceedings. CIRCUIT COURT—Justice MacArthur.—Ryan vs. Hoover; death of defendant suggested. Charlton vs. Humber; judgment below affirmed. Hoos & Bro. vs. Biss; judgment below affirmed. Dyer et al. vs. Clark et al.; same action. Beveridge vs. Purdy; death of defendant suggested. Lightfoot vs. Kane; judgment by default and one cent damages. Rogers vs. Campbell; judgment below affirmed. Alder vs. Hoffman et al.; judgment by default. Prather vs. Mankin; judgment by default. Gittings vs. Polimer; verdict for plaintiff for \$41.66 with interest. Albright vs. Powell; judgment below affirmed, damages \$80. Elliot vs. Barr; plaintiff called and suit dismissed. Riley & Son vs. Lynn's executors, clerical; judgment by default. Porter vs. Butt; judgment by default. Hooper & Sons vs. Lomax; judgment by default. Cropley vs. Burford; judgment below affirmed. Henry vs. Smith; defendant called and judgment below affirmed. McGill vs. District of Columbia; on trial.

Judge Wylie Makes an Order in the Christianity Case. The Christianity divorce suit occupied the attention of Justice Wylie, sitting in Chambers, for a few moments this morning. A motion was made by Captain Cole and Mr. Oliver, of the counsel for the defendant, for a temporary suspension of the cross-examination of Mrs. Christianity, in order to allow the taking of the testimony of four witnesses from New York City. Mrs. Christianity made affidavit that her cross-examination commenced on the 13th inst., and had to stop on the following day on account of illness and she was unable to appear until the ensuing Saturday, the 15th inst. The cross-examination then continued until the morning of the 16th inst., when she was called further on that day, although she was willing to go forward and finish. On the 17th and 18th, although still ill and suffering, she again submitted to the cross-examination, and the counsel for the plaintiff declined to go on. She has been anxious to complete the cross-examination as early as possible, both because she was ill and that she had non-resident witnesses waiting to be examined at Camden, Mexico and general speculation, one of the witnesses, will testify to the effect that she knows Giro, and after the visit of the latter to this city on Christmas, 1879, he told him (Mr. Barnum) that while in this city he took a walk with the defendant, and would go along to swear that it was Mrs. Christianity although it was not her.

Not a Happy Match. Amelia Tucker to-day filed a bill for divorce from her husband, John W. Tucker. The parties were married in this city August 9, 1867, and have two children. She charges that in less than one year after their marriage the defendant commenced drinking to excess, repeatedly assaulted her and failed to support her. In July, 1879, while on a drunken spree, he sold out the household goods, cooking stove, and furniture, and then left her and giving her the custody of the children and alimony.

Death of a Well-Known Citizen. Mr. Joseph Will, chief of the register's division in the Sixth Auditor's office, died this morning at his residence at Camden, Md. He was a native of Ohio, a prominent Mason, and president of the Ohio Republican Association in this District. He was about 48 years of age, and had been in the Government employ for over twenty years. He leaves a wife and family.

Commissioner Dudley. THE CRITIC has been unable to find a Democratic Senator to whom ex-Senator Joseph McDonald, of Indiana, has spoken on the subject of Col. Dudley's confirmation as Commissioner of Pensions. THE CRITIC, however, has learned from good authority that Gen. Walter C. Grosvenor, Judge of the United States District Court, at Indianapolis, is moving all the powers that he can to defeat Col. Dudley.

SECRETARY OF THE SENATE.

Why the Election of One Or the Authorization of Some One to Act as Secretary of the Senate.

"What of the situation?" asked THE CRITIC of a Democratic Senator who was met at the Capitol this morning. "What do you refer to?" queried the Senator. "Well, to the Secretaryship," was our answer. "We are just in the middle of a d-n bad fix," said our statesman. "Why?" "Because the law is as follows: 'Section 1,775 of the Revised Statutes, provides that the Secretary of the Senate shall, at the close of each session thereof, deliver to the Secretary of the Treasury and to each of the Auditors and to each of the Comptrollers in the Treasury and to the Treasurer and to the Register of the Treasury a full and complete list certified, of all the persons who have been nominated and rejected by the Senate during such session, and a like list of all the offices to which nominations have been made and not confirmed and filled at such session from this that something has got to be done. We may by resolution authorize somebody to perform the duties of the Secretary, but I imagine that when we come to try that the Republicans will outgeneral us. For instance, if we effect a resolution empowering the Chief Clerk to perform the duties set forth in the section of law referred to the Republicans will oppose it, and we are left just where we are, even should Judge Davis vote with us, which I doubt very much. They can move to amend by inserting the name of George C. Gorham, and if Judge Davis votes with them, they will win, of course.'"

"Suppose the Senate should elect a Secretary, would not the Chief Clerk perform the duties as the law now stands?" "No, sir. Strange as it may seem, yet it is true that the only law in reference to the Chief Clerk is the law creating the office. There are no duties assigned to him. He could if the Secretary were alive—that is if we had a Secretary—the Chief Clerk could certify the nominations up to the Treasury officials; as John Jones, Chief Clerk of the Senate, says, but we have no Secretary. You cannot sign a deed man's name to a paper legally. So, you see, we must provide some way to carry out the provisions of the law or adjourn and leave our business in an uncompleted condition. I hold that it is within our power to authorize anybody to perform the duties referred to by Section 1,775, but the question is, can the Democrats in the Senate do it?"

"I can see the New York Herald that the Democrats contemplated substituting Mr. Hutchins, of the Post, for Col. Washington—is there any truth in the report?" "None whatever, so far as I know. It has never been discussed by our caucus to my knowledge, and I think I would have known it if it had. Why should we substitute any other person for Col. Washington? He is a high-bred, educated, and well-gentleman. I have never heard of his being mixed up in any way with any questionable transaction. He has done the party good service, then why drop him for any one else. I am not one of those who think Col. Washington's best nomination we could have made, but it is good, and it is made, and we ought to stand or fall by it."

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. C. Schafer et al. to J. M. Walter, jr., sub lots 14 to 17, sq. 49; J. M. Walter, jr. to J. B. Botsell, sub lots 15, 16, 17, sq. 49; J. M. Walter, jr. to C. Schafer, sub lots 14 and 16, sq. 49; J. W. Ross to N. Waldron, for \$9,500, lot 27 and sub-div. of lots 12 and 13, sq. 68.

REVERSIBLE OVERCOATS. M. F. EISEMAN, 421 SEVENTH STREET. Offers to the Public 40 Different Styles of Men's Suits, the Latest Patterns, AT \$10.

ULSTERETTES, M. F. EISEMAN, 421 SEVENTH STREET. Offers to the Public 40 Different Styles of Men's Suits, the Latest Patterns, AT \$10.

FOR SALE AND RENT. REAL ESTATE BULLETIN. THOS. E. WAGGAMAN, 519 Seventh street. (Changes made Wednesdays and Saturdays).

THREESTORY BRICK HOUSES FOR SALE. 1313 K st. n. w., mod. lin. fr. \$30,000. 1315 K st. n. w., mod. lin. school building. 25,000. 1317 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1319 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1321 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1323 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1325 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1327 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1329 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1331 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1333 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1335 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1337 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1339 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1341 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1343 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1345 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1347 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1349 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1351 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1353 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1355 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1357 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1359 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1361 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1363 K st. n. w., mod. lin. 12,000. 1365 K 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