

THE EVENING CRITIC.
ESTABLISHED AUGUST 1868.

PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS.

A COLORED BOY named Joseph James was sent down for 30 days for stealing a toy drum.

A HIDEOUSLY UGLY little negro woman, named Elsie Dusenberry, was fined \$5 by Judge Snell this morning for firing off a pistol in the streets.

WHEN one knows a good thing it should be told; and we do know from experience that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the best remedy for coughs and colds we ever used. It only costs 25 cents a bottle.

JAS. WALSH, residing on High street, Georgetown, between Fifth and Sixth streets, amused himself last September by shooting troublesome chickens, and was fined \$5 to-day by Judge Snell.

A LITTLE BOY named Wm. Staub was run over on Pennsylvania avenue, near Eleventh street, yesterday, by a butcher's wagon upon which he was trying to steal a ride and had his right leg broken in two places. He was taken to his home in Georgetown by his two companions, George Graves and Lewis Smith.

THE Washington Literary Association has elected the following officers: L. H. Leathers, president; J. E. Bennett, vice-president; J. Straubinger, recording secretary; S. Scherer, corresponding secretary; I. Freidrich, financial secretary; N. L. Rosenberger, treasurer; I. Newman, librarian; A. Herman, stage manager; S. Kaufman, marshal.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, I. O. M., on last evening, elected the following officers for the ensuing term: W. M. R. Oliver, J. M. J. R. Conner, recording secretary; W. L. Seward, financial secretary; D. G. Eichelberger, (re-elected); treasurer, W. L. Courtney (re-elected); chaplain, J. H. Duval; conductor, F. W. Koss; sentinel, M. P. Hiser.

PARADES have been issued to the following District inventors: Lewellyn L. Leathers, Washington, compound for the manufacture of artificial stone; James H. Rogers and C. G. Schneider, assignors to H. M. Hutchinson, Washington, telephone (two patents); Edgar C. Wilson, Washington, folding chair; Charles C. Wilson, Washington, hand-stamp.

CHARLES E. GOLDEN, colored, armed himself with a tin horn and a few tin cans last night, and proceeded to the residence of Agnes Smith, white, in Lonsdale alley, and began a vigorous serenade. Although Charles was looked upon as a friend of Agnes, still she would not tolerate that kind of a serenade, and reported the case to the police. Judge Snell fined him \$5.

GENTLEMEN who are INTERESTED in the recently established stock exchange in this city report having met with more than anticipated success. Their operations are confined mostly to local securities, but the indications are that they will branch out in the course of time to general business in all first-class securities. It is a new enterprise that has the appearance of becoming a permanent institution.

THE M. W. Grand Lodge of F. A. A. M. (colored) of the District of Columbia has elected and installed the following officers for the ensuing year: M. W. Grand Master, Charles C. Johnson; R. W. deputy grand master, Wm. H. Grimshaw; R. W. S. grand warden, John N. Hunt; R. W. J. grand warden, John H. Hawkins; R. W. G. treasurer, Mason S. Levery; R. W. G. secretary, Wm. H. Myers; W. G. chaplain, Harrison Gordon; W. S. G. deacon, Samuel West; W. J. G. deacon, M. H. Robinson; W. G. elder, Charles H. Hunt.

THE total mortality in the District for the week ending last night was 77, being 7 more than for the preceding week, or at the rate of 22.2 per 1,000 per annum. Of the deceased 19 were white males, 24 white females, 15 colored males and 19 colored females, making an annual rate of 18.5 per 1,000 for the white population and 25.5 for the colored. Of the deaths by classes of disease there were only 1 each from scarlet fever, diphtheria, typhoid fever and whooping cough. Seventy-three births and 27 marriages were reported.

THE largest ink house in the world (Thaddeus Davis & Co.) is at 127 William street, New York, and Mr. George W. Davis was induced to employ St. Jacobs' Oil in seeking relief from the pangs of rheumatic pain, a disease which he inherited, and which at times proves very troublesome. He has used the remedy with very great satisfaction, indeed. It relieved him within twenty-four hours after commencing to apply it of a pretty sharp attack of his hereditary foe. He was, therefore, disposed to think kindly of it as an extremely efficacious liniment. Mr. Davis further stated that St. Jacobs' Oil had been used by members of his family for neuralgia, and in one case of mumps, with the most gratifying results.

A FEW DAYS AGO William Walker and Henry Taylor, representing the "Ever True Social Club," a colored organization, asked permission of the District Commissioner to give an entertainment, without a license, for the benefit of their organization. The Commissioner refused to grant the permit, and thereupon Attorney O. S. R. Wall, addressed a communication to the Commissioner asking them to refer the matter to Hon. A. G. Hiddle, attorney for the District, for his opinion on the subject. Mr. Hiddle, in a lengthy opinion, sustained the Commissioner, holding that the "Ever True Social Club" not being a religious or charitable organization, and it not appearing that the real object of the entertainment was to aid a religious or charitable institution or society, they were not exempt from the license tax.

THE PARLORS of the paragon of the Fourth-street M. E. Church have been during the many past years the scene of some brilliant gatherings. Few of them have surpassed that of last evening, Tuesday, the 27th instant, when the friends of Mr. Lawrence F. Herbert and Miss Annie Nelson assembled for a grand and brilliant affair by the pastor, Rev. George V. Leech. All eyes were, of course, centered on the charming bride, whose petite form, arrayed in garnet silk, never appeared to more bewitching advantage. The handsome couple were the recipients of many earnest congratulations. After some time spent, the company repaired to the residence of the groom's sister (Mrs. Meade), where luscious refreshments awaited them. With music and social converse the hours sped quickly by until, at a seasonable hour, with many good wishes for the prosperity of the newly married ones, their friends dispersed.

Marriage Licenses.

J. W. Barnes and Clara Abraham. George M. Hoffman and Caroline Reder. Levi Adams, of Hagerstown, Md., and Carrie Brown of this city. Dr. J. R. Francis and Bettie G. Cox. W. L. Pennell, of Bloomington, Ind., and Mary C. Bennett of this city. Wm. W. Clement and Max C. Bryne. John Snyder and Louisa Scott. Frank Butler and Annie Jackson. John Williams and Emma Smith.

People used to live from three to eight hundred years. But then in those days it took five hundred years to learn as much as a man now learns in seventy. Some men, that is, because there are men, dear George, who might live a thousand years, even in these rushing days, and then lie down and die, burdened with less knowledge than they had originally started out with.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

Fifty sparrows bathe all at once at a Memphis fountain. After a sparrow has bathed, it should be made into a pie.

NO DISTINCTION.

Young Blonds on the Rampage Last Night—Very Indignant Because Being Peers, They are Treated Like Vassals.

The sons of statesmen can, like ordinary people, stray sometimes from the path of rectitude and duty, but "society" as a rule will shield them from the disgrace which naturally follows the downfall of one in humbler life. No doubt the subjects of this article being members of society, those they have transgressed the bounds of decency, will, as far as it is in the power of society to accomplish it, have their faults hidden from view. But THE CRITIC, as a chronicler of news, must give all the facts in the case.

Last night, shortly before 8 o'clock, the attention of Officer Nicholson was called to two young men who were standing in front of the National Theatre with their coats off and talking in a very loud and boisterous tone. The officer approached them and ordered them to leave the sidewalk, which they refused to do, saying they would remain there as long as they pleased. The two who were doing all the talking were Jacob Bayard and Butler Mahone, the former the son of Senator Bayard, of Delaware, and the latter the son of the well-known Readjuster Senator from Virginia. These two were ably assisted in their boisterousness by Charles Davis, an employee of one of the dining saloons. The parties became more and more offensive, when the officer ordered them all under arrest, and immediately laid hold of young Bayard, Mahone, and Davis, and conveyed them to the station-house.

It was with considerable surprise that the young belligerents could be got to the station. Upon arriving there they became very abusive and insulting to the officers, and threatened to have their brass buttons torn from them if they were not instantly released. One of them demanded that the officers should furnish him with their number that he might spit them and use his influence against him in the future. This request was not complied with, which caused the little young men to become even more abusive to the officers, who had done their simple duty, than they were before. One of the party, while at the station, after having abused the policemen to his heart's content, turned to his companions and said: "This is indeed humiliation. Am we, the sons of the first men in the land, to suffer this indignity without having our honor vindicated. Think of it! That we should be violently laid hold of by common policemen and dragged to the station-house, just like an ordinary common citizen. The insult must and will be resented."

The young men registered at the station-house as James and John Young and Butler Mahone, Mahone being the only one who gave his right name. A friend of the young men, after they had been in limbo a short time, came to the station and left \$10 collateral for each of the party. Before leaving the station-house the "fire water" was evidently about dried out in the parties, and they appeared to be thinking of the great shock their arrest would cause to society and seemed to be less inclined to have their "honors" vindicated at this time. They will probably wait and carry the matter before Congress, and ask for the abolishment of the police force of the District.

This morning the case against the young men was called in the Police Court, but they took a gentle hint and forfeited collateral. A large crowd of spectators was present, evidently bent upon hearing something rich.

The question is now asked, "If a United States Senator's son has any more right to offend the laws than any one else?"

Fourth Street M. E. Church Xmas Entertainment.

The annual Xmas entertainment of the Sabbath-school of the church came off on Monday evening in the spacious audience room of the church. The tree was one of the most magnificent in size and appearance ever used in the city. A novel and interesting feature was the arrangement of the tree on a pivotal rest, which admitted of its constant turning, displaying to the large and admiring audience the splendid trimmings with ever-changing appearance. Canaries made the church vocal with their song. The children were in high glee. Each was happy with his parcel of sweetmeats. The singing, led by Mr. George Fordham, with Miss Ella Walters at the organ, was charming. Jugs were broken, enclosing sums toward balance due on new carpet. About \$60 were realized. A large number of handsome presents were distributed, among them a set of flowered china to the superintendent; a beautiful silver dining ornament to Dr. Dobson, chairman of committee on entertainment; a beautiful ornamented bowl to Mr. E. F. Casey, of the committee; a handsome package to Mr. T. B. Stahl, assistant superintendent; purses, beads, with "golden eagles," to the pastor, Rev. Geo. V. Leech, and his lady; a box filled with expensive handkerchiefs and lace to the pastor's daughter, Miss Lizzie B. Leech; an armchair to the sexton, Mr. Geo. Davis, etc., etc. Mr. Webb, superintendent, made an address. Dr. Dobson read a capital story, Messrs. Stahl and Frank Wood broke and reckoned the jugs. The names of the committee are not at hand, but they did their work well.

Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union held its last quarterly meeting for the year in the Masonic Temple yesterday. Reports from all the branches were encouraging, four new societies with a very large membership having been organized. Several "Bands of Hope" have been organized in different sections of the city, aggregating more than 300 children. Agitation is the watchword all along the line, as shown by the reports, the ladies believing that the more the evils of intemperance are brought to notice the more favor will be shown the cause. Many visits to the jail have been made by the earnest women. Thousands of temperance tracts have been distributed by the literature committee, large numbers being left in the boxes placed in the markets for their reception, as a means of education to those who get little time to read temperance papers in their homes. Daily gospel meetings will be held in Rev. Mr. Kelly's church, at 2 p. m. each day during the week of prayer, to which the public is invited.

Speer's Port Grape Wine for Weakly Persons.

This excellent product of the grape is prescribed and used by the leading physicians in the country when a generous and nourishing wine is desirable; especially for females, aged persons and convalescents; and by churches for communion. Hundreds of New York physicians have visited Speer's vineyards and wine cellars, but twelve miles distant from New York, and are surprised to see the foreign port wine grapes so successfully grown in this country. For sale by druggists and grocers.

It seems the Holiday Rush is not over at Verhoff's. His nice line of steel engravings, autotypes, panel pictures and engravings, New Year cards, &c., draws a nice class of customers to his place of business, 216 Seventh street.

THE WEST POINT DISASTER.

Detailed Statements as Given by the Forwarding Agent and Others.

THE CRITIC yesterday contained a very full account of the explosion of the steamer West Point on the York River, Va. A dispatch from Richmond, dated last night, has the following additional particulars:

Mr. R. H. Adams, the forwarding agent at West Point, who arrived here to-day, gives the following particulars of the disaster. He says: "The West Point was lying at the wharf, bow down stream, receiving and discharging freight. While twenty-five men were on the explosion took place, and in an instant the boat was in flames. The explosion was violent, and blew the off part of the starboard side of the vessel. The stevedore, who was on the boat, was killed, and a bulkhead, which was in the hold, was unable to get out, the feeling of the people on shore was one of indescribable horror. A boat was sent after the burning vessel. It picked up a little colored boy named Gurlick, who was floating on a board or hatch. The steamer's cargo was made up of miscellaneous freight, among which were 500 barrels of oil in the hold. The oil, of course, added to the fury of the flames, and the explosion, the original cause of the fire, may be traced to it, though no theory has yet been settled upon. No lamps were used in the hold, and the hatches had been off more than an hour when the accident occurred. I had been through the vessel the evening previous to the explosion. The only fire on board the boat was the little boiler which runs the hoisting engine. For greater security this engine was encased in a bulkhead, so that it would be entirely detached from anything around it."

"The man who was running the engine was at his post, but was unhurt. As soon as he heard the explosion he set the pumps to work, and then ran off the boat. Capt. J. H. Gilliam, the captain of the boat, was on the wharf near by attending to his duties. He was unhurt. Both of the mates were on board. First Mate Peter Geoghegan was blown overboard and was very badly hurt, though it is thought not fatally. The second mate escaped without much injury. Mr. Geoghegan is a son of the captain of that name, well known in Baltimore, and at one time master of a steamer running between West Point and that city. The second mate is properly cared for, and it is believed will recover. As soon as the man running the engine heard the explosion he put his head out of the window near his engine to see what was the occasion of the noise. The flames hissing by scorched his hair. He then worked his way out and made his escape."

Col. Talcott, superintendent and general manager of the Richmond and Danville and York River Line, is confident from his reports of the disaster that the loss of the men in the hold must have been instantaneous. Mr. Adams and others say that not a word was heard from the unfortunate men after the explosion. It is thought that they were crushed to death before the boat caught fire. As soon as the officers were satisfied that all on board had perished the moorings were cut loose and the boat allowed to drift with the tide to prevent the company's wharf from being burned. Col. Talcott feels sure that before this precaution was taken the men on board had breathed their last. The whole crew of the steamer belonged to Baltimore. William Green, a colored stevedore, of this city, who was just going aboard the doomed boat when the explosion occurred, was slightly hurt. He came to this city. One of the colored stevedores who escaped from the hold, Col. Talcott says, states that the disaster, he believes, was occasioned by the explosion of a barrel of kerosene or gasoline. This theory is not regarded as probable. The hatchways had been open half an hour before the explosion, and had there been any escaping gas, it would have been detected long before it had reached the hold. Another time to have made its escape. Another theory, there were no lamps burning in the hold of the vessel in which inflammable material could have come in contact. Superintendent Talcott thinks it is barely possible that dynamite may have been shipped in a box of dry goods stored away in the locality where the explosion is supposed to have taken place. In removing this, a case, if it contained such an explosive substance, may have caused the disaster. Mr. Adams says that the stevedores and all of the crew were thoroughly sober.

Early in the morning he found some of the former, who manifested a desire to go up in the village and probably indulge in Christmas merriment and stopped them. They were kept busy at work and away from liquor. Up to this afternoon the bodies of twelve men had not been recovered, but every effort will be made to secure them if they are not burned to a crisp, which seems probable from the immense quantity of inflammable material known to have been on board. Mr. Ruben Foster, the agent of the steamer line, was expected here to-day. All of the crew of the steamer West Point were saved except a colored man named Jarvis and the mestizo, the name of the latter unknown.

The Law's Uncertainty.

John and Richard Fitzmorris are grocers, doing business at the corner of Ninth and Boundary streets northwest, and in February last, having failed to pay their personal tax for the current year, Collector Cook went to their store and levied on a horse and wagon, which was subsequently relieved by them. The horse was taken to satisfy the demand against John Fitzmorris, and the wagon that against Richard Fitzmorris. When the trial came before Justice MacArthur in the Circuit Court this morning, it was shown on what slender threads cases sometimes hang, and how easy it is to upset them. The horse seized as the property of John was proven to belong to Richard Fitzmorris, and the wagon declared to be owned by Richard was shown to be the property of John Fitzmorris. This slight transfer of the ownership being established to the satisfaction of the jury, a verdict was returned for the plaintiffs with nominal damages.

"Midnight Shadows in Gotham; or, Wine, Women and Song," is the title of a new drama that is soon to be brought out by the Brevity New York, by an accomplished American actress and authoress. It has much to do with the club, and is intended to portray many phases of the refined dissipation of young men in high life, for the especial amusement of the society girls, who have been unmercifully driven into that quarter. It is intensely tragic, and is pronounced to promise great success.

It is spoken of as a wonderful thing that the person who transports the mail from Vergennes to Addison, Vt., is a woman. Just as if transporting males were not women's work from time immemorial.—*Local Courier.*

"What did you do with that letter that was on my table?" asked Gus De Smith of the colored boy who cleans up his room. "I took it to the post-office, sah, and put it in de hole." "What did you do that for?" "Did you not see that there was no address on the envelope?" "I saw dar was no writin' on develope, but I loved yer did dat ar on purpose, so I couldn't tell who yer was writin' to. I see an educated negro, I see."—*Times Herald.*

Miss Katherine Rogers is making a professional tour.

Musical and Dramatic Notes.

Anton Rubinstein is in Moscow.

Alice Oates is out on the Pacific slope.

Sophie Menter, the great pianist, is in Madrid.

John McCullough is to follow the Italian Opera at the Boston Theatre.

All the latest California advices speak of Sontag's continued success in San Francisco.

Mr. Daniel Bandman is said to have assumed the management of an Australian Theatre.

"La Fille du Deporte," at the Paris Theatre des Nations, has had what the French critics term "A success of tears and emotion."

J. W. Collier's two companies, playing "The Banker's Daughter," are doing a good business in the "one-stand" towns of Michigan and Ohio.

Mr. Mapleson's season of Italian opera in Boston opened last night with a performance of "William Tell." There was a large audience and abundant applause.

The "Professor" is engaged in some eccentric advertising in the Western towns. The Cleveland papers were embellished lately with cuts printed in red and blue colors descriptive of scenes from the play itself.

An American prima donna, Miss Sargent, has been singing with success in Malta. She is said to have a "small voice," but admirably taught and trained. If there was more of her body and voice she would become a great artist, well worth transplanting to London.

Buffalo Bill's company includes a number of Indians, among them the Princess He-nu-haw (whose name strongly suggests the vocalism of an animal well known as a mascot of the Indians), guaranteed to be the most beautiful prairie flower ever plucked by an enterprising manager.

An English contemporary, speaking of Wagner's "Faust" overture, says that "the score is a masterpiece of musical genius; a piccolo, three bassoons and a bass tuba are employed. When in the world did the employment of a piccolo, three bassoons and a bass tuba" come to be a trait of musical genius?

FINANCIAL.

To-day's Stock Quotations.

The following observations of the transactions in the financial market to-day, together with opening and closing quotations, are furnished by the banking-house of H. D. Cooke, Jr. & Co., 129 F street, Washington, D. C.:

Name of Stock.	Open.	Close.
U. S. 4s 1881	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1882	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1883	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1884	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1885	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1886	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1887	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1888	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1889	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1890	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1891	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1892	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1893	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1894	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1895	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1896	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1897	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1898	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1899	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1900	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1901	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1902	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1903	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1904	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1905	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1906	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1907	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1908	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1909	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1910	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1911	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1912	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1913	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1914	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1915	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1916	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1917	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1918	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1919	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1920	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1921	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1922	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1923	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1924	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1925	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1926	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1927	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1928	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1929	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1930	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1931	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1932	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1933	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1934	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1935	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1936	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1937	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1938	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1939	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1940	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1941	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1942	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1943	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1944	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1945	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1946	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1947	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1948	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1949	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1950	101 1/2	101 1/2

Washington Stock Exchange.

The following are the closing quotations of the Washington Stock Exchange to-day:

GOVERNMENTS.	Bid.	Asked.
U. S. 4s extended 30s	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s extended 30s	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. 4s 1891, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1892, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1893, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1894, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1895, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1896, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1897, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1898, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1899, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1900, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1901, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1902, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1903, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1904, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1905, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1906, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1907, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1908, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1909, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1910, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1911, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1912, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1913, coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. 4s 1914, registered	114 1/2	114 1/2