2 CENTS

THE EVENING CRITIC.

2 CENTS

16TH YEAR---NO. 4,937. WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 1884. 35 CENTS A MONTH

EXTRA

THE BATTLE IS SET,

The Forces Are Arrayed,

And Are Waiting For the Word

That Will Bring on the Clash.

CONSPICUOUSLY THE WHITE PLUME

Of the Man from Maine

Flutters in the Fore Front.

WILL IT STAY THERE?

The last extra of THE CRITIC late last night brought the naming of candidates down to Blaine. The blind orator of Ohio, Judge West, nominated Mr. Blaine. When Maine was called there was the wildest enthusiasm. The cheers threatened to crack the walls of the Exposition building. Judge West was very eloquent. He used a sentence in which occurs these words: "In the fore front of the battle was seen to wave the white plume of James G. Blaine,

Our Henry of Navarre."

Then was hoisted on a pole, in front of the stage, a floral helmet, surmounted by a white plume. It was from the ladies of Ohio, who sent their greetings to the "Plumed Knight."

Martin I. Townsend, of New York, nominated Arthur. When he referred to Civil-Service reform there was so much disorder that he could not be heard. He got some very distinct hisses when he referred to Conkling and Platt turning the crank of the machine. Judge Foraker nominated Senator Sherman. He was interrupted several times. When he referred to Blaine he had to stop for seventeen minutes while the Blaine men whooped it up and "toted" the helmet around the hall.

Ex-Governor Long nominated Edmunds in the best speech of the night, and George William Curtis ably seconded him.

When the convention adjourned the following nominations had been made:

JOSEPH R. HAWLEY, of Connecticut.
JOHN A. LOGAN, of Illinois.
JAMES G. BLAINE, of Maine.
CHESTER A. ARTHUR, of New York.
JOHN SHERMAN, of Ohio.
GEORGE F. EDMUNDS, of Vermont.

By United Press Association.

AN ANXIOUS MORNING

For the Friends of the Different Candidates.

CHICAGO, June 6.—At no time since the opening of the convention have the crowds about the various headquarters shown the anxiety and deep interest that is depicted on every face this morning. While the convention was engaged on its preliminaries many of the delegates moved about listlessly, and the rumors of the strength of the various candidates and possible combinations that furnished topics for discussion were regarded as idle talk in comparison with the manner in which affairs are treated to-day. The fact that the skirmishing is over and the contending forces are

Facing Each Other for the Final Conflict

has its full weight. All is activity and excitement, and there is an evident disposition on all sides to make good use of the time remaining before to-day's session begins.

Despite the late hour at which the convention adjourned last night, the leaders of all factions went into caucus, and for hours the events of the night and plans for action to-day were discussed. What tactics will characterize to-day's proceedings has not transpired, and the time for the assembling of the convention is awaited with deep interest. The Blaine men are elated, and claim that victory is certain; but the friends of Arthur keep up a bold front, and are seemingly hopeful. In the exciting scenes of the closing of last night's session, the combined opposition scored a seeming victory, which was in reality a defeat. Their plan was to force one ballot, compelling a show of strength. With this to figure on, the

"Anything to Beat Blaine"

party wanted to go into star-chamber session at the hotels and again renew their hitherto fruitless effort to find the man that can beat the favorite. Tom Bayne, representing Blaine, moved as an amendment to the motion to take a ballot that five ballots be taken before the convention should take a recess. The Blaine men wanted a chance to follow up the first ballot with enough more to make a fair fight of it. A motion to adjourn cut off Bayne's amendment, and the States were called, the result being a test vote, almost equivalent to a ballot for Presidential nominee. There were 391 votes for adjournment, 410 against. The 391 for adjournment

Represented Blaine's Strength,

with the exception of twenty votes from Alabama (cast under a misapprehension, being the first State called), two from Arkansas, four by New Jersey and about five more scattering. Deducting these thirty-one votes it leaves 361 votes, to which should probably be added two not voting in Delaware, one in Florida, two in Missouri, three in Minnesota and one not voting in Pennsylvania, making 370 votes. Deducting from this an estimate of ten Logan votes from Southern States, 360 remain as Blaine's naked strength. The entire Logan vote of Illinois, with one exception, was thrown with the allies against adjournment. The opposition on this proposition, therefore, represented Arthur, Edmunds, Sherman, Hawley and Logan. The Harrison men of Indiana voted with Blaine, as Harrison is not now considered a candidate.

Amid great confusion, Stewart, of Pennsylvania, made a second motion to adjourn. No business had intervened between the two motions, and though the point of order was made the chairman entertained the motion. The call of States began when the opposition weakened and consented informally to a recess. The result of the movement was a substantial victory for the Blaine forces. The test vote not only showed their naked strength to be from 360 to 370, but they beat the plan of their opponents, and have secured the strategic advantage which they have all along sought, that when balloting begins it shall proceed till a nomination is made, unless the contest prove unexpectedly protracted.

It is believed now that if Blaine shows, say 365 votes on the first ballot, the Ohio men will call on Judge Foraker to make good his promise to throw Sherman's strength to Blaine whenever that strength will nominate him. Add Sherman's 25 or 30 to Blaine's 365 and the fight is at an end, so the Blaine men say.

The Arthur men want the whole Edmunds strength thrown to their man to bring him alongside the leader, hoping thereby to dismay Blaine's followers. Hawley's men say he is the man for all to unite on, Foraker says Sherman is the man to do it.

Logan is the Uncertain Quantity.

Mobilization of the opposition seems impossible. If effected at all it will be with one of the Shermans. The Blaine leaders expect his nomination on the second or third ballot.

The Arthur men stoutly declare they have not suffered from the adjournment, and are congratulating themselves that no mistake was made. "The Blaine leaders can do

A Good Deal of Brass-Band Work,"

said one of the leaders, "but when it comes to balloting they show the white feather. This ballot is not a test. A good many of our people voted for adjournment from a misunderstanding of our policy, and some of them were too tired to remain any longer. This was also the case with some of the other anti-Blaine delegates. There is one thing you can put down as certain: The majority of the convention is against Blaine; a majority voted against balloting, thereby declaring they never would vote for him. If their claims were well founded they would have been in favor of a ballot."

The captains of the other Presidential camps declare that the vote means nothing more than a desire of the convention to adjourn, and that those who make any other calculations run up against a snag.

It is said the Logan lines are wavering under the influence of the Cullom undermining process, and the growing feeling that the

Ticket Should be Blaine and Logan.

It is asserted that nothing stands in the way of the nomination of the ticket but General Logan's refusal to concur in it. But many telegrams passed yesterday between the Senator in Washington and his friends in this city, and a prominent gentleman is authority for the statement that Senator Logan did what he has not done before, took the suggestion of second place under consideration. This gentleman, whose information is certainly of the best, would not say that Logan had decided to accept the Vice-Presidential honor. But the inference is that he will at least get out of Blaine's way in good season.

McKinley for Vice-President.

Judge Foraker, of Ohio, who several days ago resisted a Vice-Presidential temptation held out to him by the Arthur people, has been dropped out of consideration for second place, but in his stead appears Wm. McKinley. McKinley is said to be responsible for the platform adopted by the convention. Those who talk of him say Ohio should be satisfied with second place on the ticket this year, which she could get by throwing her strength to Blaine. A well-defined McKinley boom has started and is said to have weakened the backs of some of the Ohio Sherman men. Nevertheless Sherman seems just now to have a better chance for the nomination than any other man besides Blaine. Though far from being the second choice of President Arthur, it is believed that the Arthur managers would rather beat Blaine with Sherman than not to beat him at all. In an emergency most of Edmunds' strength could, it is said, be transferred to him as a strong and conservative man.

Scenes Outside of Convention Hall.

During the lively times in the convention at midnight last night scenes of excitement were being enacted without. The doors had been closed even to ticket-holders for hours. Policemen surrounded the portals in cordons, and to all comers the word of refusal was passed. The street police yelled and clubbed, and kept the vast throng in motion. A fire on Wabash avenue which drew all the engines out, thinned out the multitude somewhat, but enough remained to give force and vigor to the scene.

The newsboys yelled out cheap extras, "Blaine nominated on the first ballot." Each burst of applause within the building was taken up in the street and echoed far and near. Electric lights were blazing, the bands in the distance blared. Even the horses tramped with impatience and fretfulness, and the crowd surged and howled and cheered. It was nobody but Blaine on the outside, whatever it might have been within. On Wabash avenue and on State and Monroe streets the crowd jostled each other and surged forward. All were waiting.

The story got out that Blaine was to be nominated before adjournment. The cry extended up State street. It filled the corridors of the Palmer House, and cheer after cheer rent the air inside and outside. The newsboys took it up fresh and the street was once more in feverish turmoil. Chicago has never before seen such a spectacle. Somebody took up the cry, "Blaine and Logan." It took like wildfire. Cheers were heard, and scores of people went home believing "Blaine and Logan" was the ticket.

The Tattoo Cartoon.

One of the features at the hotels last night was the circulation of several thousand copies of a certain lithograph copied closely after *Puck's* famous "Tattoo" cartoon. The distribution was done by a colored boy. He said he was paid $2 for the job by a man from New York. He did not know his name. The cartoon was the subject of much unfavorable comment from all sides, and among the Blaine men was denounced as

An Indecent Outrage.

A rumor is circulated that the cartoon which is similar to, but not identical with, the *Puck* effort, was drawn in George William Curtis' room and presumably printed and circulated at his instance. To a newspaper man's polite note of inquiry in reference to the matter, Mr. Curtis returned word: "No answer." At Arthur headquarters all knowledge of the cartoon's origin was denied, and its circulation was regretted as tending to harm Arthur and help Blaine. "Dirty," "brutal" and "outrageous" were the most common adjectives in the mouths of the crowd.

Much to the dismay of the holders of tickets to the convention, a number of them, ranging, report says, from a few hundred to a thousand or more, found themselves excluded from the building last evening. Great care had been taken by the Committee on Arrangements to limit the number of tickets issued to the number of persons that could comfortably be seated in the great hall. Yet, last night every seat was occupied, while a little army of gentlemen provided with tickets of admission was clamoring to get in.

The disappointed ticket-holders gave vent to their indignation at last by breaking in the doors, and thus vindicating their right by main force. It did not require much time to surmise the cause of this unlocked-for situation. Plainly, a large number of tickets had been counterfeited, and so skilfully, too, that they escaped detection. Visitors at the hotels yesterday afternoon cannot have failed to notice that tickets to the convention were offered for sale in greater numbers than at any time since the opening of the convention. Still, that fact did not seem to awaken any suspicion.

The *Tribune* says: "It was said that over 1,000 'shouters' were run in by accommodating door-keepers, between 5 and 6 o'clock. A goodly portion of them were reported to be furnished by Mike McDonald, and it was claimed that 'Long' Jones had contracted for them to be present when Logan's name was placed before the convention. 'Long' Jones indignantly denied this, and mournfully remarked when the cheering for Blaine and Arthur was in progress, that them there fellows had the best arranged clique he ever listened to. He had heard that 2,000 counterfeit tickets had been issued in the interest of some candidate."

REGULAR PRESS DISPATCHES.

By United Press Association.

CONVENTION HALL, CHICAGO, June 6.—The fourth and critical day of the Republican National Convention opens with the public pulse beating with painful intensity. Figuratively speaking it looks as though all Chicago has turned out to look on a wait for the events of the day. A black mass of human beings live on the lake front, and the streets leading to the Exposition building are a jam. Inside is as bad if not worse than last night.

For the first time every delegate is in his seat fifteen minutes before the hour at which the convention is to be called to order, and from floor to roof—the vast building is packed like a sardine box.

The Balloting

will begin in an hour. By noon the contending forces will be firing their volleys of ballots.

The situation remains exactly as it was last night.

The Edmunds men are making a supreme attempt to rally anti-Blaine men to their standard, but they don't rally worth a cent.

Ex-Senator Chaffee, who is sitting on the edge of the platform, has just said to the United Press agent "that if Blaine is not elected by the third ballot he may be considered beaten."

The Blaine men do not fear a ballot, but they do dread an adjournment immediately following a ballot, and an exhibition of strength.

The Anti-Blaine Programme

is to get a show of hands to feel Blaine's lines and then force an adjournment for the purpose of a coalition upon some dark horse.

The sign at 11 o'clock points to an intensely exciting struggle and the selection of Blaine or a dark horse before the day is over.

Called to Order.

The convention was called to order at 11:20 a. m.

After prayer the chairman announced the regular order.

A delegate has arisen to demand recognition.

Anybody to Beat Blaine.

11 a. m.—Our cry is, "Anybody to beat Blaine," said a prominent Arthur manager.

The floor is confusion. Nearly every delegation is caucusing, and a score of colored men are gathered around Curtis and Roosevelt.

At 11:20 the chairman ascended the platform, but seeing that the convention was not in a mood for business, settled down in his seat and the band struck up the familiar air of "Way down Upon the Suanne River."

It was changed to "Dixie."

11:20 a. m—Rev. Dr. Scudder led in prayer.

11:30 a. m—Park, of California, offered a resolution, but it was not read. The roll was called for members of the National Committee not named yesterday.

FIRST BALLOT.

Blaine, 334½.
Arthur, 278.
Logan, 63½.
J. Sherman, 30.
Edmunds, 93.
Hawley, 13.
Lincoln, 4.
Gen. Sherman, 2.

	Blaine.	Arthur.	Logan.	J. Sherman.	Edmunds.	Hawley.	Lincoln.	Gen. Sherm'n				Scattering.
Alabama	1	17	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arkansas	8	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cal	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colo	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Conn	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Delaware	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Florida	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Georgia	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Illinois	3	1	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ind	18	9	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iowa	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kansas	12	4	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ky	5	16	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
La	12	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maine	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Md	10	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mass	1	2	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Michigan	15	2	...	...	7	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
Minn	7	1	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miss	1	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mo	5	10	10	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Neb	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nevada	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. H	...	3	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. J	9	...	1	6	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. Y	28	31	...	...	12	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. C	2	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ohio	21	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oregon	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Penn	47	11	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
R. I	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
S. C	1	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tenn	7	16	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Texas	13	11	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vermont	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Virginia	2	21	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
W. Va	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wis	11	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arizona	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dakota	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Idaho	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Montana	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. Mex	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Utah	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wash	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wy	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
D. C	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

In above table Kentucky's vote should be: Sherman, 1; Lincoln, 1; Logan, 2½; Blaine, 5½; Arthur, 16.

Blaine Managing His Own Campaign

NEW YORK, June 6.—A special from Augusta says that Mr. Blaine, fearing more Clayton mistakes on the part of his managers at Chicago, took charge yesterday of his own campaign, and kept the messenger boys pretty busy between his house and the telegraph office. He has seen but a few friends, and those only the most intimate. Great interest is felt in town regarding the canvas, and the feeling is shared by both Republicans and Democrats. Bulletins are posted in public places, and crowds are constantly scanning them.

The Egyptian Fellahs.

CAIRO, June 6.—An interview with the Rev Dr. Hogg, of the American United Presbyterian Mission, at Siout, is published, in which he states that the fellahs in that part of Egypt are well enough off to pay moderate taxes and are impoverished only through injustice. He believes that the English Government in Egypt would be welcomed by the entire Captic population and by a majority of the Moslems outside of those holding office.

The Chicago Markets To-day.

CHICAGO, June 6.—The grain and provision markets opened quiet, wheat showing a decline of ⅛@⅜ as compared with last evening's closing price; corn, ⅛@¼ lower; oats, ⅛ lower; wheat, June, openedat 87⅛; July, 89⅝; corn, June, 54⅞; July, 56⅝; oats, June, 33; July, 33½; pork, $19.25 for June, $19.25 for July; lard, June, $8.05; July, $8.17½.

A National Damon and Pythias.

LONDON, June 6.—The *Times*, referring to the visit of the Czarina to Berlin and her warm reception by the Emperor, remarks that the attitude of Germany and Russia, lately almost that of fighting, is now changed to that of Damon and Pythias. Germany's position may be considered as impregnable. The world knows it and Germany fears no one.

The Pittsburgh Fire.

PITTSBURGH, June 6.—The loss by the fire last night at the large brewery of D. Lutz & Sons, in Allegheny City, is over $80,000; insurance about $43,750. Wm. Hoffman was fatally injured by falling timber, and George Hilson and John Reuben were slightly injured.

The New York Press on the Platform.

NEW YORK, June 6.—The *Times* condemns the Chicago platform as stupid and ridiculous. The *Sun* and *World* assert that all its assumptions of great things done are false and of great things to be done as dishonest.

The *Tribune* indorses it as a wise and frank statement of the party's cause.

Cashier Hinckley Indicted.

NEW YORK, June 6.—The grand jury yesterday, besides indicting Ehrlich for forgery, indicted Cashier Hinckley, of the West Side Bank, for embezzlement. Warrants of arrest were issued.

The Shoemaker's Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., June 6.—The strike of the shoemakers is gradually gaining in size. The total number of men now out, exceeds six hundred, and more are expected to go out today.

Eno Still in Custody.

MONTREAL, June 6.—The grand jury failed to find a true bill against Eno yesterday, but the court ordered him to be held pending further proceedings.

TOBACCO VS. BEER.

A Game of Ball for the Ex-Confederate Home.

A game of baseball for the benefit of the ex-Confederate Soldiers' Home will be played Tuesday at Capitol Park between a nine selected from cigar and tobacco dealers and one from restaurant men. The names of the players are:

Cigar and tobacco men: George Joyce, 1b.; H. Sellhausen, c.; J. Goursley, 3b.; Ed Mattern, s. s.; G. Tatspaugh, p.; Luches, 2b.; C. Hall, r. f.; Offerdinger, c. f.; Dan Walsh, l. f.; reserve, M. Henderson, H. H. Smith.

Restaurant men: M. G. McCormick, 1b.; George Greason, l. f.; Hank Ellwood, s. s.; H. J. Mattern, c. f.; W. B. Crowley, p.; James Lynch, 2b.; George Phillips, c.; C. O. Brill, 3b.; John Tageler, r. f.; reserve, D. Donovan, J. Kenealy.

For the Cotton Centennial.

AUGUSTA, GA., June 6.—J. P. Berkham, president of the Georgia State Horticultural Society, recently appointed foreign commission for the New Orleans Cotton Centennial Exposition, left here on his way to Europe. He will visit all the principal cities in Southern Europe and Northern Africa in the interest of the horticultural department of the exposition before returning to New Orleans. Mr. Berkham holds his commission from the exposition authorities and the President of the United States.

General Hazen on the Weather.

"Hey, central office, call General Hazen." The genial General hallooes back and asks what is wanted. "What means this hot weather?" "It is June, and about time it was getting a little torrid." "Will it last long?" "Oh, yes, all summer." "What shall I do to keep cool?" "Why, you stupid fellow, go at once to Robinson, Parker & Co.'s, southeast corner of Seventh and D streets, and get into one of those summer suits of which you hear so much."

School Boys Complaining.

"Gee buck, its hot," said a boy at the Franklin school this morning. "Oh, tell us something new," yelled fifty boys in one voice. "I am going to get something new after school," was the prompt reply of the boy.

"What is it?"

"Why, mamma is going to buy me one of those cool summer suits at the Boys' Clothing Store of B. Robinson & Co., 909 Pennsylvania avenue."

—HON. JAMES E. BOYD, a leading member of the North Carolina Bar and United States District Attorney for the Western District of that State, is in the city for a few days.

Second Extra.

SECOND BALLOT.

Blaine, 349.
Arthur, 276.
Logan, 61.
Edmunds, 85.
Lincoln, 4.
J. Sherman, 28.
Gen. Sherman, 2.
Hawley, 13.

	Blaine.	Arthur.	Logan.	J. Sherman.	Edmunds.	Hawley.	Lincoln.	Gen. Sherm'n				Scattering.
Alabama	1	18	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arkansas	11	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cal	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colo	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Conn	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Del	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Florida	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Georgia	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Illinois	3	1	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indiana	18	10	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iowa	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kansas	15	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ky	5	16	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
La	4	9	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maine	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Md	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mass	1	3	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Michigan	18	4	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Minn	7	2	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miss	1	16	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Missouri	12	11	3	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Neb	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nevada	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. H	...	5	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. J	11	1	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. Y	28	32	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. C	4	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ohio	25	...	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oregon	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Penn	50	8	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
R. I	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
S. C	2	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tenn	...	7	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Texas	14	11	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vermont	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Virginia	2	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
W. Va	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wis	11	10	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Arizona	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dakota	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Idaho	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Montana	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. Mex	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Utah	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wash	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wyoming	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
D. C	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

1:50 p. m.—Several delegates from California is protested against members of the New York delegation coming on their side of the house. The chair demanded order.

Logan Reported to Have Gone Over to Blaine.

It is rumored that Logan has thrown his forces for Blaine.

What May Happen on the Fourth Ballot.

If Logan's forces go to Blaine on fourth ballot it will nominate him.

Judge Kelley Approves the Platform.

The following telegram was sent by Judge Kelley this morning to Hon. William McKinley:

"WASHINGTON, D. C., June 6, 1884.

"*Hon. Wm. McKinley, jr., Chairman of Committee on Resolutions of Republican National Convention, Chicago, Ill.*

"The resolutions adopted by the convention express the progressive spirit of the Republican party. The platform is an advance on its predecessors, and I dedicate my pen and voice to its exposition and defense.

"WILLIAM D. KELLEY."

Betting on the Result.

Betting at the various Departments occupied more time this morning than Government business. Blaine had the call at about even against the field. Except among the colored attaches Arthur stock was uncalled for. While a large number are wagering on Blaine *one* is around predicting that a dark horse will carry off the honor. This customer is generally short, having invested all his money in oil.

Bayne Says Blaine Will Get Them on the Fourth Ballot.

Congressman Bayne telegraphs here to-day that Blaine will surely be nominated by the fourth ballot.

Short Stops.

Breeches of promise—Those the tailor said he would have finished Saturday.

Can the ball player who "steals bases" be called a base deceiver.—*Boston Star.*

Ladies' hats may be cheap this summer, but they certainly come much higher than last.

A horse is like a lawyer, because it overreaches. A client is like a horse, too, when he kicks at the bill.

Reading in the cars is said to be almost as injurious to the eyesight as a woman with an open parasol.—*Boston Com. Bulletin.*

England assists her emigrants when they leave for America. Emigrants from the United States do not require governmental aid. They help themselves. They usually make their departure contemporaneously with a bank defalcation.

Jack's Latest Alias.

Cincinnati Enquirer Headlines.

An Edmunds boom—Plays havoc in many sections with wheat, corn, potatoes, vegetables and grapes.

ANXIOUS FOR RETURNS.

An Interest and Excitement All Over the City.

This was a lively day on the streets of Washington, and a pretty exciting one at the White House and the Departments. The President, Secretaries Lincoln and Chandler and Judge Drake were at the White House together. Dispatches announcing the result of each State's vote were received.

When the result of the first ballot was reached the President read the dispatch two or three times and his manner indicated that there must be a mistake somewhere. He had evidently expected a large vote.

In the Departments.

Business in the Departments was practically suspended after 12 o'clock. Nearly all the clerks retired from their respective offices to go out on the streets and mingle in with the crowds.

At the Western Union Telegraph Office an immense crowd had gathered to read the dispatches that were posted in the window.

It was evidently a Blaine gathering. When the last bulletin announced the first vote, the crowd cheered the name of the Plumed Knight vociferously. About the hotels and newspaper offices, and, in fact, wherever bulletins were displayed, the greatest excitement prevailed.

THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

What is Said of it at the Capitol.

There was a good deal of talk at the Capitol to-day about the Republican platform adopted at Chicago yesterday. All the Republicans who were talked with on the subject are pleased with the enunciation of principles set forth in the platform.

The Democrats characterized it as a vote-catching machine. The platform, they say, contains all the colors of the rainbow. One Democrat, Mr. Nichols, of Georgia, said that the makers of the platform had put into it everything that they thought it probable that the Democrats would insert in their declaration of principles in July next.

Another Democratic Member said that the Republican party ought to pay a royalty to the Democrats for the use of the latter's platform.

The tariff revision plank in the platform is criticised as a beautiful straddle, because it proposes a revision "for the protection" of American industries.

In fact the talk of Members of Congress on the subject of the platform shows more clearly than ever that the only really material difference between the Democratic and Republican parties is upon the line of who shall have the offices.

The Democrats have all day been twitting the Republicans on the land grant plank in the platform. They have been emphasizing and harping upon the point made by Mr. Springer in debate late yesterday afternoon. That point was that while the Republicans in convention assembled at Chicago were in favor of the forfeiture of unearned railroad land grants, the Republican members of the House were filibustering against bills declaring certain grants of that character forfeited.

COMBINING AGAINST TILDEN.

A Notable Gathering Yesterday.

The opposition among the Democratic Senators and Representatives is beginning to show itself in every conceivable shape.

No stone is left unturned to circumvent the Sage of Gramercy Park by those statesmen who have an idea that they are the guardians of that portion of the American citizens who vote the Democratic ticket.

The latest move in the direction of devising ways and means to secure a letter from Mr. Tilden, declining the nomination, was partially arranged yesterday in Senator Bayard's committee-room on private land claims.

The Senator gave a dinner to a party of ten, including himself. Among those who were present were Senators Beck and Vest, Congressmen Dorsheimer and Morrison, and a youthful fledgling who writes numerous fulsome Blaine editorials for a so-called Democratic paper here.

The consultation lasted some three hours, during which time Vest described Tilden's decrepitude in that inimitable style of his to the faithful few who were present. He told how, when he called on Mr. Tilden last week, the "poor old man" came hobbling into the parlor, dragging one foot behind him, bent in body and palsied in the hands and voiceless as a mummy.

Beck told of the suspicion he had of Mr. Tilden's handy work in the defeat of the Morrison Tariff bill, and declared that he ought not to be nominated.

Morrison more modest said but little.

The youthful lion of the press was opposed to a corpse. He wanted a live man.

Dorsheimer recounted the many old and stale stories about the old man, and explained the Dana letter business, saying that he had not been properly reported, &c.

The other gentlemen present had their say, too.

The last speaker, after listening to all that had been said, contented himself by asking this question: "Admitting all you say, gentlemen, what are you going to do about it?"

Several plans were suggested to circumvent the old ticket, but the party finally adjourned to meet after the Republican Convention had concluded its work at Chicago, without agreeing upon any plan.

THE CRITIC informant, who, by the by, is on the ground floor, said he did not think the scheme would work. "It is," he said, "a scheme in the interest of Governor Cleveland." Continuing, he said:

"The *Post* of to-day says: 'Amidst the crash and thunder of the political elements Governor Cleveland sits quietly in his office at Albany, etc.,' but omits to state that every other State officer and appointee of the Governor is running all over the State in vain endeavors to stem the popular tide in favor of Flower."

"How about the Attorney-General, State Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Works, Superintendent of Banks and a dozen other public officers being in Syracuse, 150 miles from their offices, one day last week fixing to capture the delegates from Onondaga County? It won't work. They can't get there."

A Good Appointment.

It is a noticeable fact that the North Carolina Republicans are selecting their best men to represent them in important positions. The selection of the Hon. L. W. Humphrey, of that State to a position on the National Republican Committee, is another verification of this fact. He is a gentleman of much political experience, having served his state in many important positions of trust and rank. He is a native of the State, stands high in business and social life at home and wherever known. He succeeds Colonel Canaday, who could not serve any longer from his being Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate. Colonel Canaday was a representative man of his State and party, and now shifts the mantle on one who is worthy to wear it.

Death of Professor Renaud.

LONDON, June 6.—Professor Renaud, of the Heidelberg University, is dead.

MESSRS. WILLIS FOWLER and J. M. Israel were to-day admitted to the bar of this District, and the application of Edward C. Davidson, student, was referred to the examining committee.

THE will of the late John Flood, filed to-day, bequeathes his estate to the widow, Ann Flood.

THE tax collections for May amounted to $503,326.37.

English vs. Arab Swords.

An English manufacturer of cavalry swords has recently made some severe criticisms of the manner of testing swords for the British Army. The sword blades are taken to an official viewer, who is a civilian, and by him tested as regards balance, weight and length. They are also gauged as regards size. Then the real test is applied. They are struck on a butcher's block by the viewer, and, if the result is considered favorable, they are passed. The operation is, of course, liable to great uncertainty, as no two men will strike with equal force, nor will the same man at different periods of the day. A method of testing swords much more severely, and in a way certain to be uniform, is afforded by a machine now in use by private manufacturers of the best goods, but it has not been adopted by the Government. The swords used by the Arabs in the Soudan have a heavy curve and an edge which is kept as sharp as a razor, for use in cutting only, and not thrusting, which is the only practice known in European swordsmanship. The Eastern swordsman seldom or never guards with his sword, and the hilt is made so small as to allow no play whatever to the wrist, so that when he cuts he does so from the shoulder, bringing into action all the strong muscles of the forearm and the back. The terrific force of a cut made in this way may be estimated from the accounts of the Sikh wars and many battles in India, where arms, heads and legs have frequently been taken off at a single blow, which far exceeds anything that has been or probably can be done by the light, slightly-curved sword used in the European fashion. This is the reason why the hilts of all Eastern swords are made so small—not wholly in consequence of the smaller hands of the natives, but because a large hilt would be a disadvantage, by weakening the firmness of the grasp, and consequently the force of the blow, in this method of cutting.

THE NATIONAL RIFLES.

Colonel Burnside's Resignation Filed for a Month Under the Constitution.

The National Rifles held their regular monthly meeting last evening, eighty-three members answering roll-call. The chairman of the executive