DAILY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON:

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 21, 1852.

☞ Office on Pennsylvania avenue, south side, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets.

NATIONAL WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

GENERAL WINFIELD SCOTT,

OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Our Proposed Campaign Paper—"The Rights of the People."

We have determined *not to issue this paper.*

All moneys that have been received for it will be promptly returned; and those who do not receive such returns by the next mail after the receipt of this notice are requested to inform us of the fact.

Our thanks are tendered to our many friends.

The readers of the DAILY AMERICAN TELEGRAPH will in a few days perceive in its columns the evidences of enhanced efficiency and acceptableness. july 8—tf

The Washington Whig Club To-Night!

Remember the meeting at the hall to-night. Let the Whigs of Washington come forth to the work. Perfect your organization, and go into the campaign prepared to be efficient laborers in the good cause. Come one, come all.

"Put him down a Major General: I have done with Objections to his Youth!"

The early age at which Gen. SCOTT entered the army, his rapid and unprecedented promotion, his wounds, his honors, his medals, are all so many testimonials of the high order of his talents, of his bravery, of his ardent attachment to the rights and honor of his country, and his just claims to the highest distinction among men.

He entered the army, in defence of his country, at the early age of twenty-two, and, when but twenty-eight, had reached the highest millitary rank—that of major general.

In the spring of 1812 the Virginia delegation in Congress presented him to President Madison as worthy a lieutenant colonelcy. The President thought he was too young, but, having so high an opinion of his merits, yielded his objection. In the same year his name was again brought before the President, when he was urged by the officers of the army, and by Gen. Armstrong, then Secretary of War, for the appointment of colonel. The President again made the same objection, doubting that he was old enough to command a double regiment. But he was appointed on the 2d of March, 1813.

After the campaign of this same year, he was again urged for promotion, and Mr. Madison again made the same objection, and again yielded; and on the 9th of March, 1814, in his twenty-eighth year, he was appointed brigadier general.

About four months after this, the memorable conflict on the plains of Chippewa, and the appalling *night battle* on the heights of Niagara, were fought and won. Now the daring achievements and brave exploits of the illustrious Scott fired the whole people. His name was uttered by all voices, and was carried up again, and immediately, for further promotion. There was but one higher grade: and the President replied, with a smile, "PUT HIM DOWN A MAJOR GENERAL: I HAVE DONE WITH OBJECTIONS TO HIS YOUTH!"

Congress now, at the close of the war, Nov. 3, 1814, alive to the additional honors which had accrued to our country in consequence of Gen. Scott's so bravely sustaining the reputation of our arms, passed a vote of thanks, expressive of the highest compliments to his skill and gallantry, and requested the President to cause a gold medal to be struck, with suitable emblems and devices, and presented to him, in testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of his renowned and distinguished services in the successive conflicts of Chippewa and Niagara. This medal, made of gold, large and massive—a most beautiful specimen of art—was, at the close of Mr. Monroe's administration, presented to him as a memorial of a nation's gratitude. Upon this occasion President Monroe employed the following language:

"General Scott: Your conduct in the late war merited and obtained, in a high degree, the approbation of Congress and of your country. In the battles of Chippewa and Niagara, in Upper Canada, in the campaign of 1814, your daring enterprise and gallantry in action were eminently conspicuous.

"In rendering justice to you, I recur with pleasure to the report made of those actions by the military commander—the most competent judge of your merit. In the battle of Chippewa he says you are entitled to the highest praise your country can bestow; and that we are indebted to you more than to any other person for the victory obtained in it.

"In the battle of Niagara you commenced the action; and your gallantry in several severe encounters, until disabled by severe wounds, was equally distinguished. As a testimonial of the high sense entertained by Congress of your merit in those actions, I have the pleasure to present you this medal."

At the battle of Niagara, General Scott had two horses shot under his saddle; was wounded twice—first in the side, then by a musket-ball, which passed directly through his left shoulder, causing a most serious and painful wound, and the most acute suffering and greatest agony. For a month, his recovery was deemed doubtful. So soon as he was able to endure the motion, he was again on foot, covered with laurels, and hailed by patriotic citizens from every quarter with the highest esteem and admiration.

When he reached Princeton, it was soon whispered that Gen. Scott had entered the town; and it happened to be at the annual commencement of the College of New Jersey. The faculty immediately sent a deputation requesting to be honored with his presence; and, in compliance with their solicitations, he suffered himself to be carried to the place—pale and emaciated from acute sufferings—his bandaged shoulder yet much swollen, and his arm in a sling. He made his appearance there, in the midst of learning, beauty, and fashion, amid the waving of hands and kerchiefs; and from the voices of the students went up a general burst of applause. He was handsomely received by the president and trustees of the college, and complimented with the honorary degree of Master of Arts.

The Rev. Dr. Channing, in a work published in Boston, thus gives his estimate of *the character and acts of General Scott:*

"To this distinguished man belongs the rare honor of uniting with military energy and daring the spirit of a philanthropist. His exploits in the field have been obscured by the purer and more lasting glory of a pacificator and of a friend of mankind. In the whole history of the intercourse of civilized with barbarous or half-civilized communities, we doubt whether a brighter page can be found than that which records his agency in the removal of the Cherokees. As far as the wrongs done to this race can be atoned for, General Scott has made the expiation.

"In his recent mission to the disturbed borders of our country he has succeeded, not so much by policy as by the *nobleness* and *generosity* of his character—by moral influences—by the earnest conviction with which he has enforced on all with whom he has had to do the obligations of *patriotism, justice, humanity,* and *religion.* It would not be easy to find among us a man who has won a purer fame; and I am happy to offer this tribute, because I would do something, no matter how little, to hasten the time when the spirit of Christian humanity shall be accounted an essential attribute and the brightest ornament of a public man."

But we have not space even to allude to the many compliments and demonstrations of honor paid by individuals of every class, and by admiring multitudes, to the illustrious Scott. The introduction of counties by the name of SCOTT, in so many States over the Union, to perpetuate his memory—the complimentary resolutions of Congress—the recorded testimonies of Presidents—the warm expressions of the highest esteem of our wisest, greatest, and best of men—the applause of venerated patriots—the doings of the Senates and Houses of Delegates of so many of the States of this confederacy—the presentation of swords and medals,—all enter into the history, and point directly to the merits of him who has spent more than forty years of his life in the defence of the rights and honor of his country.

But since all these demonstrations, so expressive and full of meaning, were made, General Scott has increased his claims upon the gratitude of this nation. A harvest of fresh laurels has accrued to his fame. Bright as are the stars which light up the commencement of his history, more brilliant still is the constellation which shines forth in meridian splendor from his genius and unconquerable courage in leading a few thousands of his countrymen, through fatigue and difficulties, against the opposing hosts of Mexico. Vera Cruz, Contreras, Churubusco, Cerro Gordo, Molino del Rey, and other places, are all so many tributaries to his onward tide of glory, widening and deepening at every point, until in chivalrous majesty the illustrious Scott rides through the streets of the city of Mexico and takes possession of the halls of the Montezumas.

And now we behold THE MAN. To the conquered and subdued he is kind, generous, and humane. With a consciousness of having the power in his own hands, his noble heart of humanity pulsates with a stronger bound. And so disappointed, yet so delighted, were the Mexicans at the warm expression of feeling flowing from his generous nature, that they offer him at once millions of money to become their dictator and ruler. But that same heart of humanity swelled also with patriotism, and he would not even consider a proposition so foreign to his feelings. Recurring immediately to the land of his birth, he replied: "I am a citizen of the United States, and shall return to my own country!"

Is it surprising that such a man—one to whom the eyes of the nation have been so often turned for help in the most critical and important periods of our history—who has so long and so willingly hazarded his life, sacrificed his ease, fought and bled for his country—whose genius has been so well attested in almost every department of human life—whose whole history is gilded with success, and luminous in its detail with the most touching and endearing traits of human nature,—that he should now be brought out by a grateful people to receive one more and the crowning medal of all, the tribute of admiring gratitude—the reward of a nation's love?

A Catechism.

The Democratic papers take great pleasure in circulating the following:

Question.—"What's your idea of Land Reform?"

Answer.—"Chapultepec!"

Q.—"Your opinion of a National Bank?"

A.—"Chippewa!"

Q.—"Your notion of the 'nigger' law?"

A.—"Churubusco!"

Q.—"But give us some definite statement of your principles."

A.—"Chapultepec! Chippewa! Churubusco!"

Can they not give R. G. Scott's interrogative letter to Pierce, and the answer of the latter, as a supplement to the above?

LARCENY OF BIRDS.—A young man named James Dougherty, *alias* James Darby, was arrested by officer Moser, of the city night police, on Sunday evening, with a large bird-cage, containing four canaries. It was afterwards ascertained that the property had been stolen from the rear of No. 27 Prune street, and belonged to B. McCormick. Dougherty was before Mayor Gilpin this morning, and was held in $500 to answer the theft.—*Pennsylvanian.*

We are informed that the Circuit Court of this District has decided that no legal property can exist in dogs or birds, and that there is no criminality in taking either; provided a chain or a cage does not go with it, or the moral thief does not commit a trespass to obtain possession.

☞ We are requested to state that Mr. G. W. Childs, the enterprising publisher of Welch's magnificent portrait of Washington, is to present a copy of that elegant specimen of American art to the Executive mansion, and to both houses of Congress. These three portraits, encased in splendid frames from the celebrated manufactory of Cariss, Baltimore, can now be seen at the rooms of the agent for the portraits, Mr. R. King, at Mrs. McPherson's, Pennsylvania avenue, three doors from Adams's Express Office.

Salem Festival To-morrow.

The City Councils and others of Washington will leave Pennsylvania avenue and 7th st. at 7½ o'clock to-morrow morning for Alexandria, Va., to unite in celebrating the opening of the Manasses Gap Railroad. The party will return from Alexandria at 10 p. m. We would invite attention to the advertisement in another column.

Mr. Webster's position is defined in his speeches. In Mr. Everett's revised edition there are several declarations like the following:—[Vol. II, p. 126.]

"I am a Whig. I have always been a Whig, and I always *will* be one; and if there are any who would turn me out of the pale of that communion, 'let them see who will get out first,' &c. *I am ready to submit to all decisions of Whig Conventions on subjects on which they are authorized to make decisions,"* &c., &c.

Bayne's Panorama.

This exhibition attracts and delights many spectators. It is an admirable production, and should be viewed by every one, not merely for the entertainment of the hour, but for the valuable instruction it suggests.

☞ Mrs. Clay is now 71 years of age, and, although her health is feeble, has the appearance of a lady of 50.

☞ The Richmond Examiner speaks of Gen. Scott as "Mr. Seward's Sphynx!"

Congress To-day.

SENATE.—Mr. CLARKE submitted a resolution, which was agreed to, calling for information respecting the Mexican Boundary Commission.

Mr. WADE introduced a bill to establish a line of settlements along the emigrant route to Oregon.

Mr. SUMNER submitted a resolution, which was agreed to, calling for the correspondence with foreign governments concerning the reduction of ocean postage.

The bill granting land to Louisiana to aid in the construction of a railroad in that State was passed.

Mr. SHIELDS moved to take up the bill granting land to the several States for the support of the indigent insane; which was lost.

The resolution fixing the day for the adjournment of Congress on the 16th of August, was taken up.

After debate on a motion to insert the 31st of August, a motion to lay the resolution on the table was rejected.

Debate continued.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The House proceeded to the consideration of the bill granting to all chartered railroad and plankroad companies the right of way through the public lands; which was not disposed of when the morning hour expired.

The river and harbor bill was then taken up in Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union.

Mr. SEYMOUR, of New York, earnestly contended for the passage of the bill, and entered into an explanation of its principles.

A debate followed.

The Newfoundland Fisheries.

The telegraph wires were premature in the announcement of serious troubles growing out of a conflict of interest between the United States and the British authorities respecting the fisheries off the coast of Newfoundland.

The publication made by Mr. Webster through the Boston papers was simply for the purpose of notifying the American fishermen that a strict (or perhaps unjust) construction of the treaty of 1818 on the subject was likely to be enforced by the British government.

The Baltimore American truly remarks that "it will be easy, with the rights of either party already well defined, to decide which is now in the wrong. The interests in controversy are in any event of too inconsiderable a nature to call for any arbitrament in their discussion except that of the pen; and it can scarcely be expected that two nations occupying such positions in the civilized world as England and the United States, and which have heretofore amicably settled much graver causes of dispute, will now be drawn into a contest so destructive to the interests of both by a question of such comparative unimportance. We may therefore set down the report that 'troubles have arisen likely to disturb the peace of the two countries' as a highly-colored description of a difficulty which will be easily and promptly adjusted through the ordinary diplomatic representatives of the two governments."

The Excursion to Niagara.

We are happy to learn that this delightful trip is to be most liberally patronized by our Whig brethren of Baltimore; and we believe many will go also from this city. We are requested to ask those who intend going to call and leave their names at our office.

The expenses will be as follows: From Baltimore to Philadelphia, $3 the round trip, by the boat, at 5½ o'clock on Saturday morning, which carries the Baltimore delegation; from Philadelphia to New York, $4 for the round trip; from New York to the Falls, $6 to $9 for the round trip. The total from Baltimore to the Falls and return, $14 to $16.

It is certain that there will be an immense gathering of persons from western Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, and the lake borders generally, on the 27th instant, and all are expecting Gen. Scott to be there in person, to reunite, on the field of one of his most brilliant victories, with many of the soldiers who served under him on the occasion. It will be a proud time for the empire State, and for the Whigs of the Union.

Whether General Scott will or will not attend, we do not at present know.

☞ We have no respect for proud, haughty, and imperious men, and never knowingly praise such, no matter how strong the temptation. We have recently refused in an instance in which the most friendly feelings would have impelled us. Such men have often excellent redeeming qualities, but they are a weight and clog to parties in this country, and we do not want to have anything to do with them. When we knew General Scott personally only by his splendid appearance, and the reports circulated respecting him in this particular, we were not favorably inclined toward him as the man of his party. But from the first moment that we listened to the tones of his voice, and witnessed for ourselves the generous and guileless open-heartedness of his nature, we relented, and realized the full conviction that beneath the seeming austerity of the proud and gallant soldier there dwelt the soul of the true gentleman—of the kindest and least assuming of genuine republicans.

☞ This is the first time we have named John Van Buren and N. P. Willis—a lawyer, and one who would have been a poet had he not abused his "God-given strength"—both of New York. The poet wants the lawyer to fight with pops, and the lawyer does not feel inclined thereto. The quarrel proceeds from the detestable business of the Forrest divorce trial. Van Buren is a keen blade, and can get along well enough without fighting. He has great faults—such as will prove hard to cure. Willis was shaped in early life for purposes of both utility and ornament, and would now be an honor to his country if he had never tried to enact the character of a Pelham or a Faulkland in real life. It is a melancholy thing to see men whom Providence has favored making fools of themselves.

Exhibition of Fruits at the Smithsonian Institution.

Our attention has been called to some fine varieties of pears, grown near Washington, deposited at this Institution for the examination of the public. Specimens of other fruits are promised, which will be marked with the name of the grower and of the variety of fruit exhibited.

The Washington Union and New York Herald are very solicitous about Mr. Webster. They fervently pray that "he will remember the crowning glory of his later years," refuse to support Gen. Scott, and declare himself a candidate. Will either of those papers support him if he is a candidate?—*Richmond Whig.*

Ay, will they? That is the question.

Verdict in the Day Case.

Mr. Fendall concluded his argument on the part of the prosecution yesterday afternoon; and at a quarter before 4 o'clock the jury retired, to agree upon a verdict.

The jury in this case to-day, at a quarter before 12 o'clock, brought in the following verdict:

"Guilty of manslaughter, and not guilty of murder."

THE BOLTING BUBBLE.—The rod which certain Whig malcontents have been so long attempting to hold in terrorem over the great Whig party has at length fallen; and, doubtless, very much to the astonishment of those gentlemen, the party still exists. It may savor of contumacy to record the fact, that notwithstanding their terrible manifesto, the sun has risen and set as usual, and that, so far as we know, not a single Whig standard has been struck thereby—but we make the venture. We regret, it is true, that men who have heretofore enjoyed the confidence of their party, and whose talents are admitted, should cut themselves loose from their associates under such flimsy pretences; but if, as now seems manifest, they were determined not to be satisfied, we think that they have adopted the best course for the interests of the Whig party. Having in vain exhausted all proper means of conciliation, we hope that no Whig will find it in his heart to weep over their exodus.—*Mobile Adv.*

Punch says that nothing great ever succeeded that was not at first hissed at by something very small!

Notice.—The Washington Whig Club will meet this evening, in the hall over Copp's Saloon, at 8 o'clock.
jy 21— WALTER LENOX, President.

R. R. R.
Radway's Ready Remedies,
NOS. 1, 2, & 3,

ARE so prepared as to harmonize and act in unison with each other. Taken separately or together, they will
INSTANTLY STOP PAIN,
SPEEDILY REMOVE DISEASE, AND
QUICKLY CURE ITS CAUSE. NO PAIN CAN EXIST, OR DISEASE AFFLICT THE SYSTEM,
While under their influence.

R. R. R. NO. 1!
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF!
IS THE FIRST AND ONLY REMEDY
Ever recorded in the Medical History of the world
THAT HAS STOPPED THE MOST VIOLENT PAINS
IN A FEW SECONDS!
It will stop the MOST SEVERE PAINS
IN FIVE MINUTES OR LESS!
And will cure the most obstinate and painful Rheumatic, Nervous, Neuralgic, and Bilious Complaints,
IN A FEW HOURS.

INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL,
it never fails in giving instant ease to the most tormenting and agonizing pains.

IT HAS CURED, IN
NINETY CASES OUT OF A HUNDRED,

Rheumatism	In Four Hours
Neuralgia	In One Hour
Croups	In Ten Minutes
Diarrhœa	In Fifteen Minutes
Toothache	In One Second
Spasms	In Five Minutes
Cramps	In Five Minutes
Sick Headache	In Fifteen Minutes
Chill Fever	In Fifteen Minutes
Chill Blains	In Five Minutes
Sore Throat	In Four Hours
Influenza	In One Hour

Spinal Complaints, Stiff Joints, Strains, Bruises, Wounds, Cuts, Frost Bites, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Tic Doloreux, and all other complaints where there are severe pains, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will instantly stop the pain, and quickly cure the disease.

SICK HEADACHE.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will stop the most excruciating pains in a few minutes, and prevent renewed attacks.

It will cleanse and sweeten the stomach, and neutralize the poisonous acids of the system.

RHEUMATISM.
CASES CURED IN THE YEAR 1851.
DURING THE YEAR,
☞ RADWAY'S READY RELIEF CURED
20 000 cases of Rheumatism in New York.
20,000 cases of Rheumatism in Boston.
20,000 cases of Rheumatism in Philadelphia.
5,000 cases of Rheumatism in Michigan.
5,000 cases of Rheumatism in Illinois.

☞ So quick is Radway's Ready Relief in curing Rheumatism, that nine patients out of every ten are relieved from all pain in a few minutes after the first application. We have known as many as twenty persons in a day, who have called at our office in their carriages to have the Relief applied by us, and IN FIFTEEN MINUTES have walked away, rejoicing that they have been able once more to walk alone, without the aid of stick or crutch.

Its action is immediate. Its effects powerful and pleasant; for in less than ten minutes after taking
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
The patient experiences its Delightful Emotions of Health-Restoring Efficacy
WORKING IN THE SYSTEM.
BEAR IN MIND,
That all Pains Radway's Ready Relief will stop in a few minutes.

☞ Price of Radway's Ready Relief—25 cents, 50 cents, and $1 per bottle.

Each bottle, to be genuine, must bear the fac-simile signature of RADWAY & CO.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

R. R. R. No. 2.
RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT,
FOR THE QUICK CURE OF ALL CHRONIC AND SCROFULOUS DISEASES.
IT IS POWERFUL, SEARCHING, AND PLEASANT;
IT CLEANSES AND PURIFIES THE BLOOD FROM ALL SCROFULOUS HUMORS;
IT RESOLVES AWAY FROM THE BONES AND MUSCLES
ALL DISEASED DEPOSITS;
IT ELECTRIFIES THE FLUIDS AND SOLIDS WITH HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

IT IS WARRANTED TO CURE—

Scrofula,	White Swelling,
Humors,	Syphilis,
Cancers,	Epilepsy,
Tumors,	Jaundice,
Rickets,	Ulcers,
Salt Rheum,	Fever Sores,
Bronchitical Tumors,	Hacking Dry Cough.

In either of the above-named Diseases
WE GUARANTEE
that the patient will experience its all-powerful, soothing, beneficial effects
IN A FEW HOURS
after taking it.
CONSUMPTIVE PATIENTS
WILL EXPERIENCE IMMEDIATE RELIEF AFTER TAKING THREE DOSES.
IT IS DAILY PERFORMING MIRACLES.
In ten minutes after taking a dose of this pleasant remedy, the weak and sickly invalid feels its electrical agency thrilling through every cell and cavern of the system, imparting health and strength to every organ, nerve, and secretory vessel in the body.

☞ Price of R. R. R. No. 2, $1 per bottle.
Sold only by the authorized agents.

R. R. R. No. 3.
RADWAY'S REGULATORS:
MILD AND PLEASANT IN THEIR OPERATION.
To regulate the Bowels and cleanse the system from all PUTRID AND ACRIMONIOUS HUMORS.

Good at all times.	Time Five Hours.
Small Doses Regulate.	Large Doses Purge.

Taken in Doses from One to Eight.
THEY WILL CURE

Costiveness,	Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,	Constipation of the Bowels,
Sour Stomach,	Heart Burn,
Measles,	Smallpox,
Liver Complaint,	Kidney Complaint.

FEVERS OF ALL KINDS.
Typhoid, Pneumonia, Scarlet, Typhus, Yellow, and Bilious.
And, in all cases where the system is out of order, a dose of the Regulators will Regulate the Bowels, give Tone and Energy to the Liver, and Restore the Natural Health.

Three Regulators is an ordinary dose, and will empty the bowels of their refuse matter in a few hours.

1st. They cleanse the stomach from all fœtid or diseased humors, and leave it sweet, clean, pure, and healthy.

2d. They produce upon the skin a free perspiration, open the pores, and give a regular and healthy action to the skin.

3d. They purge from the skin, the secretions, the bowels, the stomach, and every function in the system, all morbid and unhealthy humors.

In serious cases, where prompt and immediate action is required, and a general operation of the bowels demanded,
FIVE TO EIGHT REGULATORS
will produce the most beneficial effects. In all Fevers—Scarlet, Typhus, and Bilious—take from one to three Regulators every hour, until a free and powerful evacuation is produced.

Radway's Regulators are pure, safe, quick, powerful, but mild and pleasant in their operation.

Price of Radway's Regulators, 25 cents per box, containing 30 Regulators.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS.
E. H. STABLER & CO., Baltimore, Md.
CHAS. STOTT & CO., Washington.
J. F. CALLAN, Washington.
W. H. GILMAN, Washington.
R. S. T. CISSELL, Georgetown, D. C.
COOK & PEEL, Alexandria, Va.
jy 21—1y

TRY THE ENGLISH VERMIN-DESTROYER,
IF YOU WANT TO GET RID OF THE BEDBUGS, ANTS, AND ROACHES—*Price 25 cents a bottle.* Daily evidence is given us of its efficacy in destroying these pests of housekeepers and lodgers. Call and get a bottle at
WIMER'S Cheap Cash Stationery Store,
July 21—tr Sixth st., near Louisiana avenue.

LETTER PAPER, ENVELOPES, &c.

PERSONS leaving the city can replenish their portfolios and writing-cases at moderate cost with French, English and American letter paper, gilt-edge and plain; note paper and envelopes, fine and medium; fancy and plain wafers; steel and quill pens; postage stamps, ivory folders, inkstands, wafer-boxes, lead pencils, India-rubber, and drawing-paper for those who want to sketch; &c., &c., &c., at
WIMER'S Cheap Cash Stationery Store,
jy 21—tr 8 xth st., near Louisiana avenue.

LATHS AND PALINGS,

JUST received, at JOHN B. WARD'S Lumber-Yard, 12th street and canal, where may be found the best qualities of Lumber, at the lowest prices. jy 21—3t*

SALEM FESTIVAL TO-MORROW!

THE steamer G. W. P. Custis has been engaged for the purpose, and will take the City Councils and invited guests to Alexandria, to participate in the Salem Festival to take place to-morrow. She will leave Page's wharf, foot of 7th street, at 8 o'clock a. m., and Alexandria at 10 o'clock p. m., or on the arrival of the return cars.

☞ Omnibuses will be at the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of conveyance to the steamboat. july 21—1t

LOST, yesterday evening—supposed to have been while coming through the City Hall lot—a pair of Gold Spectacles. The finder will leave them at the Drug Store of John F. Callan, corner of 7th and E streets, or at the office of the Daily American Telegraph. Two Dollars reward will be given. jy 21—4t*

Carusi's Saloon!

THE CELEBRATED NEW ORLEANS OPERA TROUPE

WILL appear for three nights only—Thursday, Friday, and Saturday evenings, July 22, 23, and 24—in their Grand Drawing-room Entertainments, illustrative of the life and character of all nations, as performed by them for the past ten years throughout England, Ireland, Scotland, and all the principal cities of the United States, and recently at the Italian Opera House, New York.

For particulars, see Programme. Cards of admission, 25 cents. Doors open at 7½; commence at 8 o'clock.

SAMUEL S. SANFORD.....Manager and Director.
jy 21—3t

NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

AN advertisement, which appeared in the "Telegraph" of the 9th instant, purporting to be signed by me, and cautioning the public against trusting or crediting my wife, Frances Fowler, on my account, was wholly unauthorized by me, and was inserted without my knowledge or consent.
jy 21—3t* A. R. FOWLER.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS by whom small balances are due us will please call and settle the same, thereby saving themselves trouble and our time, as time is money.
jy 21—tf STEVENS'S Fancy Store, A No. 1.

SERVANT FOR HIRE—A SLAVE GIRL, 15 years old—price, $4 per month. Inquire at this office. july 21—1t*

GRAND MOONLIGHT EXCURSION!
☞ Tuesday, July 27, 1852. ☜

THE members of Osage Tribe of Red Men take pleasure in stating to their friends and the public at large that they will give a moonlight excursion down the Potomac on the 27th of July, for which occasion they have chartered the large and commodious steamer Columbia.

No efforts will be spared on the part of the Committee of Arrangements to make this the most pleasant excursion of the season. A good Cotilion and Brass Band has been engaged.

Refreshments in every variety will be furnished at city prices.

☞ Tickets $1—to be had at the usual places, and of the members of the Tribe.

The Boat will leave Georgetown at 2 o'clock p. m., Riley's wharf, Washington, at 3; Navy Yard at 4; stopping at Alexandria going and returning.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

J. E. Johnson,	J. V. Dulin,
P. S. Bradley,	G. Hurley,
P. S. Carson,	E. Speaks,
G. B. Clark,	J. Gill,
W. Harris,	W. H. Abell,
J. F. Kersey,	J. Indermawer,
W. True,	W. Biggle.
W. T. Wilson,	

Anacostia Tribe.

G. Brown,	G. T. Allen,
W. P. Brown,	S. Roby.
J. Webster,	

Tuscarora Tribe.

B. F. Beetle,	J. Venable.
T. H. Harrison,	

Osceola Tribe, Alexandria, Va.

H. Tatspaugh,	Mr. Edelin.
Mr. Stallings,	

jy 20—6t
[Baltimore "Sun" copy, and send bill to this office.]

GEORGETOWN FEMALE SEMINARY,
GEORGETOWN, D. C.

THIS SEMINARY, so long known as Miss ENGLISH'S, will open on the 1st of September next, under the exclusive charge of Rev. W. J. CLARK, who will be assisted by competent and accomplished professors and teachers in every department.

Every effort will be used to make the institution a happy home for all its inmates.

Terms for boarding pupils, including tuition in English and Mathematics, $200 per annum, payable half-yearly in advance. Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing, and Painting, extra. Circulars, containing the terms in full, may be had on application to the Principal, in Georgetown.
WILLIAM J. CLARK.
july 20—tf

FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, on reasonable terms, a small TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, on 13½ street, opposite McKinstry's Foundry. For further particulars, inquire of C. J. Canfield, on 10th street, between New York avenue and K streets. july 20—3t

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

LOST—TWO NEW GREEN SILK UMBRELLAS: one with ivory handle, and the name of A. E. Kennedy in German text pencilled on the border; the other a French *self-opening* one—both small size. The above reward will be paid for their return. Apply at the Census Office.
july 20—1w

WASHINGTON, JULY 19, 1852.

I HEREBY warn all persons from crediting my wife or family for anything whatever, unless expressly authorized by me so to do. If any do so, contrary to this notice, they are hereby notified that I will not pay for such things.
jy 20—3t*] PATRICK TAYLOR, free colored man.

GREAT ATTRACTION THIS WEEK!
Extensive Sale of Dress Silks, up stairs.

CLAGETT, NEWTON, MAY & CO. have reduced the price of their extensive and well-assorted stock of Dress Silks to about one-half of the original cost, and have removed them to their up-stairs department; each dress has the number of yards marked on it, and the lowest cash price.

Ladies in want of a silk dress for the present season or for the Fall, may rely upon getting a very great bargain, (this week only,) as the store will be closed the last of this month. This is also a good opportunity for members of Congress and others who wish to buy a handsome silk to take home, as the prices put on them are much lower than they can be bought in any other city in the Union.
jy 19—d1w CLAGETT, NEWTON, MAY & CO.

NOTICE.
To Blacksmiths, Wheelwrights, and Coach Manufacturers.

I HAVE this day received a very handsome lot of American and English refined Iron. Also, Cast, Shear, and Blistered Steel, of all the various sizes, and shall constantly keep up a first-rate supply of the same. Also, just received, 450 kegs of Avalon Nails.

All of the above I shall sell very low. Please call and examine. C. WOODWARD,
jy 19—6t Pa. av., bet. 10th & 11th sts., Washington.

$3 REWARD.—Strayed or stolen, a BLACK MARE, from the stable of the subscriber, on Saturday night, the 17th instant. She is about 13½ hands high, very high shoulders, long back, and has the right fore-leg marked, as though cut with a chain; the skin is stripped off both hind-legs by kicking. Any one returning the Mare to the subscriber, on 2d street east, (Capitol Hill,) will receive the above reward and his thanks.
jy 19—3t* WM. DONNELLY.

D. H. Tebbs & Co.
NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
In the house formerly occupied by Mr. Andrew Coyle, four doors east of Centre Market, and next door to Mr. Jesse B. Wilson's Grocery Store.

WE would announce to our friends that we have opened a large and general stock of Dry Goods, consisting of all kinds of Bleached and Brown Cottons; Prints from 6¼ cents up; heavy yard-wide Cottons at 6¼ cents; Lawns at 10 and 12½ cents, worth 25; Cottonades from 6¼ to 12½ cents; Bedticks, heavy and wide, at 6¼ cents, with a good assortment of all kinds of cheap dress goods; Flannels; Irish Linens; Cotton Sheetings, bleached and brown, all widths; Cotton and Linen Table Diaper and Damask, all prices, by the yard; Brown and Bleached Table Cloths, all grades and sizes; Napkins; Towellings; Russia Diapers; Huckabacks; a good stock of Cloths and Cassimeres, in plain and fancy colors; and, in fact, every kind of goods pertaining to a well-regulated establishment, and all at the very lowest cash prices.

FANCY GOODS.

We have in Fancy Goods—Bonnets, all styles and prices; Ribbons, Flowers, Wreaths, (Bonnet Cap,) Lace Veils and Fall; Crapes and Tarletons, all colors; white and colored Illusions; plain and embroidered Swiss Muslins, in white and colors; plain and plaid Cambrics, Lisle and Cotton Edgings; black Silk Laces, all widths, and very cheap; Nets and Tarletons, low priced, in colors, for covering furniture; Swiss and Lace embroidered Undersleeves; worked Bands, Chemisets, Cuffs, and Collars, in great variety and very cheap; Gents' Collars, fine and good, all sizes, $1.50 per dozen; Combs, Brushes, Porte-monnaies, Pocketbooks, Purses, Suspenders, Cologne, Pomatum, Scissors, Thimbles, Needles, Pins, Hooks and Eyes; Silk, Cotton, and Thread Gloves; Black Silk Mitts, all kinds; brown and bleached Hose and Half-Hose, (striped Half-Hose,) Silk Hose and Half Hose; Linen and Silk Pocket Handkerchiefs, Linen Cambric and Clear Lawn Handkerchiefs, all prices; Spool Cotton, white and colored, from 8 to 50 cents per dozen.

Persons wanting goods in our line will do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell the cheapest goods in this city.

Don't mistake the place; flag at the door, with D. H. Tebbs & Co., cheap dry goods store, on it.

P. S.—Carpets and Mattings very cheap. Don't mistake the place! Flag at the door! jy 17—d1m

WANTED—A stout Colored Boy, about sixteen years of age. Apply at this office. jy 20—tf

To Our City Subscribers.

Mr. Henry R. Wood, who has heretofore superintended the distribution of the Daily American Telegraph in all parts of the city except Capitol Hill and the Navy Yard, has this day assigned to us all his accounts. We hereby give notice that no moneys due for this paper are to be paid to any person not hereafter publicly authorized by us.

CONNOLLY & SMITH.

WASHINGTON, June 30, 1852.

N. B.—Persons wishing to make payments can do so at our counter, where all orders will be received.

June 30—

Mr. Robert W. Goggin will, from and after this date, serve our subscribers as above. He will call upon them, and to him all dues and arrearages may be paid.

CONNOLLY & SMITH.

JULY 1, 1852.

☞ To the Sick.—R. R. R. is the most potent, quick, safe, and pleasant remedy ever used for the instant relief of pain, and cure of its cause. The ancients were considered to excel in the skilful combination of medicinal herbs and roots, yet, in the annals of the medical history of the world, there has never been recorded an instance where any remedy, or root, or herb, possessed the marvellous power of Radway's Ready Relief in stopping the most cruel pangs of pain in an instant, and speedily curing the disease. It cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Pains in the Bowels, the Stomach, the Liver, the Kidneys, the Joints, the Limbs, Muscles, and, in fact, in every portion of the body. Let those who suffer get a bottle and try it. Radway's Ready Relief is sold for 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

☞ For sale by C. STOTT & Co. and W. H. GILMAN.
july 17—eo3t

SALEM FESTIVAL.

NOTICE.—For the accommodation of persons wishing to attend the Salem Festival on Thursday, the 22d instant, the GEORGE WASHINGTON will leave the regular steamboat wharf at 7¾ o'clock a. m.

Coaches leave Browns' Hotel at 7½ a. m. Passengers will be sure of making the connexion with the cars by going in the fast Boat. The Boat will return to Washington on the arrival of the cars from the Festival.
jy 20—2t JOB CORSON, Capt.

DRAWN NUMBERS OF THE DELAWARE State Lottery, Class 39, drawn at Wilmington, Delaware, July 17, 1852:
45 58 65 20 39 41 3 63 18 26 15 48

GREGORY & MAURY, Managers,
Successors to J. W. MAURY & Co.

On Saturday, July 24, 1852,
STATE OF DELAWARE LOTTERY, Class D,
Will be drawn at Wilmington, Delaware.
VERY SPLENDID SCHEME.
75 numbers, 13 drawn ballots.
$65,000—$30,000—2 prizes of $15,000!

1 splendid capital of	$65,000	1 prize of	$10,000
1 splendid prize of	30,000	1 prize of	5,398¾
1 splendid prize of	15,000	30 prizes of	2,500
1 splendid prize of	15,000	250 do. (lowest 3 Nos.)	600
&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Tickets $20—Halves $10—Quarters $5—Eighths $2.50.

On Saturday, July 31, 1852,
STATE OF DELAWARE LOTTERY, Class 50,
Will be drawn at Wilmington, Delaware.
RARE SCHEME.
$34,996! 15 prizes of $5,000!

1 prize of	$34,996	30 prizes of	$1,500
15 prizes of	5,000	&c.	&c.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2.50.

Address E. E. O'BRIEN, Agent,
Successor to J. & C. Maury,
july 19— Alexandria, Virginia.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY.

THE undersigned, by virtue of a deed of trust, duly recorded, will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, on Wednesday next, the 21st July, at 6 p. m., all the right and title of William T. Clarke in and