

NATIONAL WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT, GENERAL WINFIELD SCOTT, OF NEW JERSEY. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, OF NORTH CAROLINA.

RESOLVED, That the Whig people of Washington, conscious that the ground they tread is worthy of the consecration...

V. B. PALMER, the American Newspaper Agent, is the only authorized agent for this paper in the cities of Boston, New York, and Philadelphia...

The Contest.

Much is said by our opponents of the personal character of the publications in the Whig newspapers respecting their presidential candidate...

General Pierce was presented to the American people as a hero. Without ever asserting or intimating that he is not a man of courage...

General Pierce has been urged upon the people as a Democrat, or a republican of the strictest sect. We have availed ourselves of the many proofs presented to us to show that he, and those with whom he has in an especial manner been associated...

Gen. Pierce has been charged by a member of the Democratic party (Captain McLane) with having received without resentment a humiliating indignity. We have quoted that charge without endorsing it, and with the declaration that we would publish any rebutting testimony presented by his friends...

In the matter of the New Boston speech, we have constantly affirmed that in our opinion the proofs were adequate to establish the truthfulness of the reports representing General Pierce as being deadly inimical to slavery...

Our opponents are sensitive—too sensitive for men who are willing to denounce as a "cheat," a "liar," a "coward," and a "braggard" a venerable man whose pure fame, whose valor, whose shining and resplendent ability have won honor for the land of his birth in every clime where the history of his country has been read.

The Horizon.

Maryland is doing well. In Montgomery county, as we are assured by an intelligent and reliable gentleman, who knows every inch of ground in it, we will not miss a Whig vote, and he knows a dozen or twenty Democratic votes that will be cast for the old hero...

Virginia is doing well. The "Tenth Legion" will astonish every body! We have information from there that we do not publish, because the report would be regarded as incredible.

North Carolina is doing well. We have to-day seen a private letter from Raleigh, written by a gentleman from Baltimore, who has travelled through most of the State within the past four weeks. He says: "If you regard the late gubernatorial election as any indication of the presidential vote, you will be outrageously deceived. The majority will be much larger on the other side."

Col. J. G. Sevier, of Louisiana, and Captain Merrick, of Baltimore, are to address the Whigs of Frederick city to-morrow (Saturday) evening. Col. Sevier made a deep and powerful impression in that city last week. He is a speaker of great force and aptness, and always discusses the right subjects in the right manner. In evidence of the truth of this, we may state that the Locos are endeavoring to drive him off the track by assailing his private character...

A whole family sweet away.—We are called upon to notice a most melancholy instance of mortality, in which the family of Mr. Daniel R. Ball, excepting an infant, a few months old, have been swept away. A few days since the death of Mrs. Ball was noticed. Mr. R. was subsequently attacked with the same disease, and, after a brief sickness, died early on Monday morning, and at the same time his eldest son expired, and a few days, Mr. Ball, and his wife, and their three sons, Walter, aged 13, Irving, aged 7, and John, aged 4, have died. The two younger children were attacked on Friday night, the father and eldest son on Sunday morning about nine o'clock. All died between seven o'clock on Sunday evening and five o'clock on Monday morning. The wife died on Thursday last. The deceased was buried on Monday afternoon.

[ Rochester Dem., Tuesday.

Opticians preserve a peculiar race of spiders, whose webs they employ to strain across the eyespieces of important telescopes, as no fabric of human construction is sufficiently fine for the purpose.

How will Indiana Vote? The editor of the Indianapolis Journal says that, whatever may have been his opinion on this subject a few months ago, he now believes that the electoral vote of that State will be given for Gen. Scott. This opinion has been deliberately formed on information derived from every portion of the State. Gen. Scott will receive the support of thousands of independent Democrats who cannot be transferred at the will of party leaders, and compelled to vote for a man of whom they never heard until his nomination for the Presidency. This assertion is not founded on hopes alone, but on absolute facts from reliable sources—there scarcely being a county in the State where there are not more or less Democrats of this description. They will vote for General Scott because they know that he has served his country in the tented field, and as a civilian in the negotiations of peace, with great fidelity and ability, and because they know that in his hands the honor and interests of their country will be safe. The editor believes, too, that they shall elect their State ticket in October; but, whatever may be its fate, of this fact he feels assured, the vote in November will be in favor of Scott and Graham.

The "Liquor Business." The traffic in ardent spirits is said to be almost universally attended with such fraud as would disgrace and destroy the followers of any other calling. Gin is improved by the use of sweet-oil and vitriol, which give it a "beed." Irish and Scotch whiskey are made of American, by the introduction of a little crosetto, to give it the "smoky twang;" pale and dark brandies are made of whiskey by the introduction of a little more or a little less of the coloring matter, &c., &c. We read lately in the papers that one of the delegates to the Cold Water Alliance, recently assembled in Utica, New York, in the course of a narrative of his experience, informed the delegates that he was once engaged in the distilling business, and had frequently made and placed on sale good brandy, rum, gin and wine, from whiskey, in the short space of four hours, and could at any time make sparkling brandy from whiskey, which would deceive the palate of the upper ten.

The New Boston Speech. We do not believe, says the Richmond Whig, there is a jury of honest men in this country, who, under all the circumstances, would not render a verdict against Pierce on that New Boston speech. The fact of its publication, six months before Pierce was thought of for the Presidency, is conclusive, without any additional testimony from any quarter. Parson Foss might be the greatest knave extant—instead of being, as he is represented to be, a Baptist preacher of good standing in his church—and the badness of his character could not affect that fact. But there is additional corroborative testimony. Mr. Mepp, a witness brought forward by the Democrats, testifies that he heard Pierce utter sentiments almost identical with those contained in the New Boston speech.

A MALICIOUS FALSEHOOD.—Mr. Merrill, of Washington, Ohio, writes, Sept. 8th, that Mr. Johnston, of Cincinnati, has made the declaration that "John P. Hale could drink more rum, and is more given to lewdness, than any man in Washington City." Mr. Merrill cannot believe the statement, but asks us to contradict it. We do it with pleasure. It is a base falsehood, and everybody in Washington City, who knows Mr. Hale, knows it to be so. His numerous friends know that he is strictly temperate and pure in his habits; and this is the first time we have ever heard such a charge made against him. We have been intimate with Mr. Hale for nearly five years, and know what we say.—National Era.

It is but justice to Mr. Hale to say that, whatever opinions are expressed of his political course in this city, we have never before heard him disparaged as a gentleman of upright conduct and pure fame. We make this declaration in pursuance of our long established resolve to protect the good name of a political adversary whenever the truth will enable us to do so.

Baltimore City Election. The election for Mayor and members of the city council of Baltimore will take place on the 18th of next month, (October,) being the second Wednesday of the month. The Patriot thinks that the indications in the canvass justify the hope that the Whig candidate for Mayor will be elected, and a majority of the members of that party returned to the councils. Captain France is the nominee of the Whig convention. He has the qualifications of industry, ability, and perseverance, which crown with success all that he undertakes; and these, the Patriot remarks, are the peculiar qualifications which the Mayor of that city ought to possess.

How do the Southern Whigs like the idea of having ex-Governor Bill Johnston to preside at the meetings addressed by Gen. Scott?—Trenton True American.

Much better than to have Governor Joe Johnson to preside over the State of Virginia—an anti-slavery governor who was elected as a pro-slavery man—as Van Buren was also, and as Pierce wishes to be.

The Loco papers say that General Scott cannot hold Irish soldiers in esteem, because he condemned some of them who proved recent. It is an opinion of General Scott, which he has often been heard to express, and which he bases upon his own experience, that want of good faith or of courage is a rare thing among Irish soldiers. We are sorry our Loco friends think they are all faithless deserters, and that therefore Gen. Scott cannot hold them in respect.

No Plague in Madeira. A letter written by an eminent physician at Funchal, Madeira, to a friend in Boston, and published in the papers of that city, disproves the reports which have been published of the presence of the plague in that island.

A WHOLE FAMILY SWEET AWAY.—We are called upon to notice a most melancholy instance of mortality, in which the family of Mr. Daniel R. Ball, excepting an infant, a few months old, have been swept away. A few days since the death of Mrs. Ball was noticed. Mr. R. was subsequently attacked with the same disease, and, after a brief sickness, died early on Monday morning, and at the same time his eldest son expired, and a few days, Mr. Ball, and his wife, and their three sons, Walter, aged 13, Irving, aged 7, and John, aged 4, have died. The two younger children were attacked on Friday night, the father and eldest son on Sunday morning about nine o'clock. All died between seven o'clock on Sunday evening and five o'clock on Monday morning. The wife died on Thursday last. The deceased was buried on Monday afternoon.

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Opticians preserve a peculiar race of spiders, whose webs they employ to strain across the eyespieces of important telescopes, as no fabric of human construction is sufficiently fine for the purpose.

Hon. T. H. Benton. We learn that this gentleman has departed for Missouri, to return again to this city in December to remain during the next session of Congress. Mr. Benton will no doubt appear conspicuously in the next Congress. He is ever a man of wonderful industry, research and enterprise, and in his recent abstinence from legislative duties has very probably matured many schemes to which the attention of the republic will be invited. He recently published a letter in the National Intelligencer, in which he urges the construction of his plan of a central road from St. Louis to California. He is opposed to the Grant grant of a right of way over Tehuantepec, which, he asserts, is a fraud perpetrated upon the Mexican government; and he is against our government's making appropriations to naval steamships. Less than one-tenth part of the annual sum now squandered upon ocean steamers, he says, would open a wagon way from the frontier of Missouri to California, which could be finished, with three hundred laborers, in one year, and be made passable for stages in twenty days.

Hon. John P. Kennedy. A Washington correspondent of the Norfolk Herald, in announcing the return to the seat of government of the Secretary of the Navy, makes the following remarks, in which we most heartily concur. Mr. Kennedy is a Whig, a gentleman, a patriot, and, withal, a man of rare accomplishments and extraordinary gifts: "Mr. Kennedy is making an able and popular Secretary. He evinces extraordinary judgment, tact and decision; and his comprehensive grasp, in the general and the detail, of the wants, necessities, and government of the Navy, surprises and pleases every one. No gentleman at the head of the Navy Department for many years past has shown higher or abler qualities."

The new steamer Princeton, which was intended to accompany the "Japan Expedition" under Com. Perry, has been pronounced a failure, and condemned as unfit for service.

The New York Journal of Commerce publishes the above, but on what authority is not stated. It is decidedly news in this quarter. The Princeton lies in our harbor, and the work necessary for fitting her for sea is going actively forward, and will probably be completed within a month. So far from her having been pronounced a failure or condemned as unfit for service, we believe she is generally admired for her superiority of model, build, &c. This, we know, and we presume still is, the opinion of the officers in command. As for her machinery, though its completion has been greatly delayed, we do not think Messrs. Murray & Hazlehurst will allow it to become a failure.—Balt. American.

From the Pittsburg Journal of Tuesday. Gen. Scott's Departure. The visit of General Scott has been attended with none other than the most agreeable and cheering results; and his departure yesterday elicited the most enthusiastic demonstrations of admiration and confidence from vast multitudes who clustered upon his path, and gathered around the cars in which he left Alleghany city.

The dignified and commanding presence of the old hero, united with the most affable and engaging manners, has taken the people by storm wherever he has shown himself.

GEN. SCOTT'S PROGRESS WESTWARD.—We are informed by one of our citizens who accompanied Gen. Scott as far as Salem, Ohio, that the excitement along the line of the railroad was most intense. At every station-house there was such a crowd that it seemed as if the whole population had assembled to greet the veteran whose name they have so long delighted to honor. At several points the citizens had appointed one of their number to convey to Gen. Scott their expressions of welcome. At Salem the crowd was immense, and there seemed to be no limit to the enthusiasm of the people.

RECEPTION AT CLEVELAND.—A despatch from Cleveland, Ohio, dated September 21, says: "General Scott's reception at this city yesterday was the most grand, imposing, and enthusiastic demonstration ever beheld. The banks of the lake for miles were lined with people—notwithstanding a drenching fall rain—awaiting the arrival of the old hero, and when the salutes from the 'Ohio City' and from Cleveland announced his approach, cheer after cheer resounded from every quarter, and were kept up until he was escorted to his quarters at the American Hotel by the military and the immense mass of citizens."

"After he had retired for a few minutes, he appeared on the balcony in answer to prolonged cheers of the populace, and made a brief address, expressing the pleasure he experienced in visiting once more, after a lapse of eight years, the beautiful city of Cleveland, and thanking the citizens for their kind and cordial reception. After he had closed his address he retired to the hall within which was crowded by persons eager to pay their individual respects to their distinguished guest."

"At midnight a grand serenade was given, and the General again appeared and acknowledged the compliment. This morning hundreds called upon him at an early hour. About 11 o'clock he left for Columbus, amid prolonged cheers and the firing of guns."

GEN. SCOTT'S SPEECH AT CLEVELAND.—Another despatch from Cleveland says: "The following is the speech delivered by Gen. Scott from the balcony of the American Hotel, in answer to the calls for him from the crowd: 'Fellow-citizens: When I say fellow-citizens, I mean native and adopted citizens, as well as all who intend to become citizens of this great and glorious country. I thank you for the enthusiastic reception you have given me, [cheers]; but there is one thing I regret in visiting this beautiful city, and that is the rain: I was pained that, while I was comfortably sheltered in a covered carriage, you should have been exposed to rain and mud. During the military campaigns, and at other times, in the discharge of the duties of my office, and during the greater part of my life, I have been on the march, and have always been accustomed to expose myself to the weather and other inconveniences of camp life, in common with the brave soldiers of the army; and I am pained at this time to see you put to such inconveniences on my account. [Great cheering.] 'Fellow citizens, I have thought a man could hardly call himself a citizen of this great country without passing over these great lakes, of which this is justly celebrated as one of the most beautiful of the whole West. [You're welcome here]—from an Irishman. I hear that rich brogue—I love to hear it: it makes me remember noble deeds of Irishmen, many of whom I have led to battle and to victory. [Great cheering.] 'Fellow citizens, I do not intend to make a speech. I am not journeying for that purpose: I am traveling for the purpose of seeing a site for a military hospital. I simply came, at your call, to thank you for this greeting. You have seen fit to greet me cordially: so would you greet any one of your country's generals. I accept it as an evidence of your patriotism: it convinces me of your love and devotion to your country. [Cheers.] I will not detain you longer—you are wet and covered with mud. I repeat my thanks for this enthusiastic reception. [Great cheering.]"

Mr. Baring.—The Bostonians are paying marked honors to this gentleman, who has recently arrived in that city, on business connected with the financial affairs of the house of which he is partner. They have offered him a public dinner, which he has accepted. The interest which this house has in the many public improvements and financial prospects of this country, make his visit of importance. The compliments extended to him are proper manifestations of the respect and consideration due to his individual and representative character. He will command no less attention in Philadelphia than he has in Boston.

The Opinions of an Adversary. The Pittsburg Union is a severe paper of that class; yet on Gen. Scott's departure from that city it published the following editorial: "We had the pleasure of seeing Gen. Scott on Saturday last, and we were glad to see him looking so well. "Gen. Scott's lordly proportions at once strike the observer, and his military bearing is calculated to attract attention. We, in common with all our citizens, honor Gen. Scott as a military man, and the commander-in-chief. "In our remarks upon the campaign and the political contest in which we are about entering, we have never intended to attack Gen. Scott, but merely as the representative of Whig principles. We feel as proud of Gen. Scott, as a military chieftain, as any one can well be; but he is now before the country, not as the commander-in-chief, but as an aspirant after political honors. We have never spoken anything of him which could for a moment be considered derogatory to him as a general; and if such an inference has been made by any, we very much regret it. We meet our Whig friends on a common platform, as regards Gen. Scott's military reputation; but we take issue with them on his political reputation and unfitness for the office to which they wish to elevate him."

The Webster Move in Boston. The Webster "Peculiar" in Massachusetts are at a "Yankee trick"—equal to the manufacture of wooden nutmegs. After going into a National Convention for the nomination of Whig candidates, and drumming up Webster, or quasi-Webster delegates, all over the country; after taking their chances with the other candidates, and ascertaining that Mr. Webster was, by general consent, the weakest, in point of popular strength, of any man before the Convention, they go home, and repudiating the action of the Convention which they were concerned in getting up, set up Mr. Webster "as an independent candidate," or rather set up Mr. Webster to do Gen. Scott as much harm as possible, and to aid in the election of Gen. Pierce! These doings, which wriggle in State street, may do some mischief—but not to the extent, we verily believe, that they hope and anticipate. They must receive the execrations of the honest men of all parties. What confidence can be placed in the professions of men acting as they do? The open hostility of such politicians is better than their sinuous course. No one knows, when dealing with them, when he is to be cheated.—Alex. Gazette.

General Scott's Family. A writer in the New York Times, under a recent date, speaks of General Scott's having started on his Western tour, and remarks that his family were still at West Point; and says: "They consist of Mrs. General Scott and two daughters—Miss Ella Scott and Mrs. Col. Scott, who is married to a gallant officer bearing the family patronymic, but not related. He is a son of a late eminent physician, Dr. Andrew Scott, of Newbern, North Carolina. A third daughter of General Scott's is married to Mr. Hoyt, of New York, and resides in the city. He has no sons. Another daughter, Miss Virginia Scott, died a few years since."

The Philadelphia Ledger contains the following just and truthful remarks: "LOUIS NAPOLEON AND THE PRESS.—Whenever a public ruler begins to write under the force of public opinion, there is something wrong in his conduct, and he is conscious of the fact. Those who act rightly never fear the voice of the public, but leave the vindication of their acts to time, as the most certain means of establishing their justice. Louis Napoleon has grown more sensitive to public opinion than any of his fellow-sovereigns, and, besides silencing opinion in France, has endeavored to check its expression even in England. The government papers assail any article in the English journals criticizing his acts; and the Monitor has been publishing attacks on the London Times, supposed to be dictated by Louis himself. The Times of the 28th replies, in an article in which every word pierces like a dagger: the writer knows his power, and seems to be conscious that his remarks have penetrated into the recesses of that imperial solitude in which Monsieur Louis Bonaparte spends the happy and dignified hours which he can save from the toil of destruction and confiscation. At the head of an enormous army, with his foot on the neck of a prostrate nation, a few lines, says the Times, 'traced in a foreign language, by an unknown hand, have shaken the impassable man of destiny, and probed the depths of a conscience not easily accessible to the voice of truth. The English journals triumph over the sensitiveness of the 'Prince President,' and laugh at his attempts to stifle the free expression of their opinions. They are almost the only newspapers in Europe in which any of the acts of the French government are publicly discussed, or openly censured; and, though not permitted to circulate in France, they produce an effect on the public mind of Europe which is dreaded by tyranny, and serves to check the aggression of lawless power."

ITEMS. A good word is as soon said as an ill one.

Hon. W. R. King, of Alabama, is sojourning in Baltimore.

Wild ducks are beginning to make their appearance in the Baltimore markets.

Prentice, of the Louisville Journal, has withdrawn his name as a candidate for Congress.

During the last year nine new churches were erected within six miles of Boston.

Miss Eliza Logan commences an engagement in Cincinnati, on the 26th instant.

The mind, like soil, rises in value according to the nature and degree of its cultivation.

The editor of the Wellsboro' (Pa.) Advertiser has received a head of oats containing three hundred and nine perfect grains.

Three of the candidates for President of the United States were born in New Hampshire, viz: Franklin Pierce, Daniel Webster, and John P. Hale.

Daniel Safford, a young man of Wilmington, (Vt.) put an end to his life on the 9th inst., by swallowing opium, because the girl of his affections was married to another.

Madame Sontag still continues ill.

Ex-President Tyler is in New York.

Catherine Hayes is at Nahant.

Mrs. Mowatt is playing at the Providence Theatre.

Yellow fever and cholera prevail to some extent in New Orleans.

No temptation of emolument can induce an honest man to do wrong.

Mrs. Catherine Hayes, the vocalist, is to sail for California in October.

The Universalists of the United States number 1,081 societies, 640 clergymen, and 828 churches.

Captain John W. Twitchell, United States marshal for Missouri, died at St. Louis on the 12th instant.

They have a fast steamboat out West, which makes the trip from New Orleans to Louisville in six days and—four weeks.

Every street, lane, court, and alley in London is patrolled at least once every half hour by the police.

The man out of debt, though with a saw in his jerkin, a crack in his shoe leather, and a hole in his hat, is still the son of liberty, free as the singing lark above him; but the debtor, though clothed in the utmost bravery, what is he but a serf upon a holiday—a slave to be reclaimed at any instant by his owner, the creditor.

MURDER.—Tom Miles, the colored cook at the jail, was killed about 12 o'clock to-day, by a German, for some provocation which he said Tom had given him. We did not understand perfectly the name of the German, but it was given as Jacob Krautz or Rautz. The pity of the bystanders was moved for both Tom and the German's children, among them a daughter 15 or 16 years old, who were in the neighborhood soon after the fatal act was committed. Tom was stabbed in the heart, and must have died instantly. The wretched murderer is a large, severe-looking man, and Tom a little, inoffensive man. The German was immediately arrested and secured in the jail, near which the affair occurred.

LATER.—Half-past 2.—Kroner is the name of the murderer. It appears that his children are itinerant musicians, and that he peddles, for a two-horse wagon. He had inquired for a house for rent, and was directed by Tom; but going to the wrong house, some boys laughed at him—whereupon he returned to Tom and knocked him down, and then stabbed him.

His wagon was near, with one or two of his children in it. A chest within it was examined, to see if he had pistols, as he was reported to have called for them before stabbing Tom. It contained money to the amount of over fifteen hundred dollars, all in gold.

A jury of inquest is now being summoned.

Mr. Peter T. Marcorer, a young gentleman highly esteemed by all who knew him, died this morning in consequence of an accident that frequently occurs among sportsmen who are careless in the use of fire-arms. He was gunning yesterday afternoon upon the marsh, near the Eastern Branch, and catching suddenly at his gun, which was laying with the muzzle toward him, the lock caught against some part of the skin in which he was sitting, and discharged both barrels—the loads taking effect upon his arm and in his breast. The death of Mr. Marcorer has cast a gloom over the entire neighborhood in which he resided. He was a grocer, and had been married only a year.

Justice Clark this morning sent the watch-house cases to the "Farm"—they being that sort of customers that make good hands. There were two only.

The marble-setters are now at work on both wings of the Capitol, and "the work goes bravely on."

Malapropos. The Knickerbocker for September relates the following: "Mr. Packenham, late British Minister at Washington, was one day dining at the residence of Hon. Senator Barrow, of Louisiana. Before dinner, and in the temporary absence of his host from the room, her Majesty's ambassador was accosted by an old gray-headed colored man who was in the room, 'putting things to rights.' 'Massa, is you name Packenham?' 'Yes,' said the Minister. 'Was dat your brudder dat was killed at Orleans in de great battle-dar?' 'He was,' replied the ambassador. 'Well, dere!—somehow or nudder I tought so! I was dere myself. I seen him popped ober wid my own eyes. Great fight dat, Massa!' While at dinner, Mr. Packenham said to Mr. Barrow, 'Your man tells me, sir, that he was at the battle of New Orleans.' 'He was,' said Mr. Barrow, 'and acquitted himself manfully in that engagement; but at the same time he 'looked daggers' at the old 'seneschal' for having bronched such a subject in the presence of his guest. 'He tells me, too,' continued Mr. Packenham, 'that he saw my brudder fall.' The frown upon the host's face grew darker, and the subject was adroitly changed. The next day 'Sam' came in to Mr. Barrow with a note: 'Massa, dere's a note, and dey say dat it's for me.' 'Eyah, eyah!' Sure enough, it was for him; and it was an invitation to dine with Mr. Packenham, which he did, and was listened to with intense interest while he rehearsed the events of the great battle, 'all of which he saw, and in part of which he was.'"

AROUSE, WHIGS!—AROUSE! A WHIG MASS MEETING will be held on the Fair Ground, near Rockville, ON THURSDAY, 30th OF THIS MONTH; at which the following distinguished Whig Orators of our State will be present and address the meeting: I. WINTER DAVIS, of Baltimore city; T. F. BOWIE, of Prince George's county; A. B. SOLLERS, of Calvert county; J. PHILIP ROMAN, of Allegany county; E. J. BOWIE, of this county.

Every Whig throughout the county is expected to be present. The campaign has opened, the Whig heart is appealed to! The Whig cause—the cause of the country—our demands our attention! COME ONE—COME ALL! and let us show that old Montgomery Whigs are true to themselves, their PRINCIPLES, and the COUNTRY.

To our friends in the adjoining counties and District of Columbia we say, Come and join with us. ROCVILLE, SEPT. 11, 1852. [Sep 16-td]

By J. C. McGUIRE, Auctioneer. GOVERNMENT SALE OF OAK. ON Saturday afternoon, Sept. 25, at 3 o'clock, I shall sell on the grounds near the Capitol gate, known as the "green-house square," a number of stacks of well-dried Hay.

Terms cash, in specie. JAS. C. McGUIRE, Auctioneer. Sep 24-11

Fine Lunch. WILL be served up a FINE LUNCH at the Adelphi Eating House, every day from 11 to 1 o'clock. The public are invited to call and partake of the dishes. The Bar is under the charge of Martin J. Bohner, formerly of Boston Hotel, where he would be glad to see his friends in general. Sep 24-11

NURSE WANTED. A RESPECTABLE middle aged woman, of domestic habits, is wanted as a Nurse. To one who will make herself useful, a permanent home and good wages will be given. Testimonials as to character and qualifications will be required. Apply at the Brick Cottage, corner of 14th and L streets. Sep 24-11

UPHOLSTERER'S GOODS. JUST received at the Furniture Dry Goods Store of the subscribers: 1 case extra heavy Merzons and Crimion Plush 1 do do do No. 1 Canvas, for racking bottoms 1 case single width Damasks, assorted colors, some of which are black, for covering sofas, &c. 1 case watered Moreens, cheap. Also, all colors narrow Gings, for tacking. Together with an extensive stock of Satin Brocade, Stain Laines, and other Goods for covering parlor seats, all of which will be sold on the very best terms. Sep 24-11

Greatest Novel ever Written! THE COQUETTE, a book in which the interesting begins with the first page, and ends only with the last. It may probably be the best work ever printed—and as a glass in which to see herself in all her homeliness as in all her beauty. For sale at JOSEPH HILLINGTON'S Book-store, O'Leary Building, cor. 45 1/2 st. and Pa. av. Sep 24-11

Read the Following TESTIMONY IN FAVOR OF DOUGLASS'S CHINESE COPYING INK. BY W. B. ZIMMER, Esq. I cannot refer from offering you my uncollected testimony in favor of DOUGLASS'S CHINESE COPYING INK. Without the use of a press I have to-day, for the first time, taken impressions from eight pages of closely written letters—they are perfect as the best press copies I have ever seen. As it costs only one-tenth of the price of an ordinary press, you will, I am sure, meet for it an immense demand when its virtues become better known. Hoping for such a reward to the inventor and yourself, I am, Sep 24-11

Convenience and Economy. ALMOND SHAVING CREAM BY THE OUNCE.—A Persons wishing a free trial, or a larger quantity, can procure it by the ounce, or larger quantity, at Sep 24-11 Stationery and Fancy Store, 6th st.

R. B. R.—RADWAY'S READY REMEDIES. USED FOR THE FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS. Will act Quick, Pleasantly, and Effectually. The public will please be particular and ask for the remedy recommended for the complaint it is intended to cure. Rheumatism.....Radway's Ready Relief. Neuralgia.....do do Cholera.....do do Cramps and Spasms.....do do Sick Headache.....do do All Nervous, Neuralgic, and Spasmodic complaints.....do do Radway's Ready Relief will instantly allay irritations. Liver Complaint.....Radway's Regulators. Constipation, Indigestion.....do do Kidney Complaints.....do do Fevers of all kinds.....do do Measles.....do do All diseases arising from irregularity, of either or all the organs of the system, Radway's Regulators will speedily remove and cure. They regulate the system, and insure to all who take them an easy discharge, and a healthy digestion.

RAD BLOOD. "All diseases arising from bad blood and poisonous deposits are quickly cured by Radway's Renovating Resolvent. Scrofula.....Radway's Renovating Resolvent Salt Rheum.....do do Syphilis.....do do Cancers.....do do Bad Humors.....do do Old Sores, Fever Sores, Erysipelas, St. Vitus's Dance, &c., are cured by RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT.

N. B.—The public will please particularize the Remedy they need. Radway's Ready Relief stops the most violent pains in a few minutes, and quickly removes the cause. Price of R. B. Relief, \$1 00, 50 cents, and 25 cents. Radway's, 25 cents per box; Resolvent, \$1 per bottle. Sep 24-11

BY W. B. LEWIS, Auctioneer. GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.—On Friday and Saturday evenings next, at my store, at 7 1/2 o'clock, I shall sell by auction Gold Watches, double and single cases; also, a number of Silver do.; also, 300 pieces of fine Jewelry, such as extra fine Sol Ring, real stone sets, 10 Gold and Silver Chains, Gold Rings, Brooches, and Lockets; also, fine Gold Pens and Pencils, with a variety of Fancy Goods. Additions received. W. B. LEWIS, Auctioneer. Sep 24-11 Pa. av. between 4 1/2 and 5th sts.

Grand Civic Ball. MR. J. SIMPSON has the pleasure of announcing to his friends and the public generally that he intends giving a Grand Civic Ball, at Odd Fellows' Hall, (stands) on Monday evening, October 4th, 1852. A superior collation has been engaged. Tickets \$1, to be had at the usual place of the managers, and at the Hall on the evening of the Ball. MANAGERS: J. Dudley, D. S. Porter, H. W. Wright, R. H. Wright, J. T. Simpson, A. Kirby, G. W. Payne, H. S. G. Baiter, H. G. Lorch, F. Eagon. Sep 24-11

Dancing Academy. WM. H. TEMPS respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has opened his school at Temperance Hall. His style is that of Charles S. Piper of Baltimore, and he will teach all the Plain and Fancy Dances taught by that gentleman. Terms more reasonable than any master in the city. HOURS OF TUITION. For Ladies on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, from 2 to 5 o'clock. For gentlemen from 7 to 10 o'clock some evenings. At the Columbia Hall, on Capitol Hill, on Tuesdays and Fridays, same hours. Inquire at Mr. Temps's store, on 7th between P and G streets, opposite Patent Office. Sep 23-11

VEGETABLE OIL SOAP. PREPARED BY Dr. Machof, of Berlin, and analyzed and recommended by the Faculty of that city. This Soap is particularly adapted to the cure of diseases of the skin, such as eruptions, pimples, freckles, sunburn, tan, &c. The repeated use of Dr. Machof's Vegetable Oil Soap, will secure to the skin the most healthy condition, and also impart to it a tender, white, and youthful appearance. It will also greatly improve the hair, by giving it a darker shade and glossy lustre. Just received by H. B. & BALLANTYNE, 7th street, above Odd-Fellows' Hall [News.] Sep 23-11

ROWAND'S TONIC MIXTURE Is a time-honored and Infallible Cure for the FEVER AND AGUE. THE second bottle is of more importance even than the first; for while the first bottle always stops the chills, the second destroys the liability to relapse. Call and get a description of circular, gratis, of the Agents, GEORGE W. HARRNESS, 7th street, above Odd-Fellows' Hall. [News.] Sep 23-11

WANTED.—A good servant woman (white), to whom good wages will be given. Apply at this office. Sep 23-11

NEW LIVERY STABLES. THE subscribers having opened a Livery and Hire Stable on Canal street, between 6th and 7th, they are prepared to furnish Horses, Buggies, and Saddle Horses, as well as good drivers, and on the most reasonable terms; and they expect a uniform success in their attention, to merit a share of public patronage. Give us a call. Inquire at the bar of the Steamboat Office, opposite Centre Market, or at the Stable. EDMOND GANNON, EDWARD HORN. Sep 23-11

DR. KITTO'S POPULAR CYCLOPEDIA of Popular Literature. CONDENSED from the larger work, by John Kitto, D. D., author of the "Bible, its History, its Prophecy," "Scripture Daily Readings," &c. Assisted by numerous distinguished Scholars and Divines, British, Continental, and American. With numerous Illustrations. One volume, octavo, 815 pp. Cloth, 25 Cents. The popular Biblical Cyclopaedia of Literature is designed to furnish a dictionary of the Bible, embodying the products of the best and most recent researches in biblical literature, in which the scholars of Europe and America have engaged. The work, the result of immense labor and research, and enriched by the contributions of the most distinguished eminence in the various departments of sacred literature, has been, by universal consent, pronounced the best work of its class extant, and the one best suited to the advanced knowledge of the day in all the studies connected with theological science. The pictorial illustrations, amounting to more than three hundred, are of the most beautiful and interesting character. Letters from Hon. Robert Frelinghuysen, Judge Melean, Edward Everett, Theodore C. Withrop, Simon Greenleaf, and more than fifty distinguished Ministers and divines, of various different religious denominations, and of various countries have been received, recommending the work in the strongest terms