American Telegraph.

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AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON,
(EXCEPT SUNDAY,)
On 7th st., opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall,
BY CONNOLLY, WIMER & McGILL,
At Ten Cents a Week, or
TWO CENTS A SINGLE COPY.

To subscribers served by the carriers, the paper will be furnished regularly for *ten cents per week*, payable weekly. ☞ To mail subscribers, $5 a year; $2 50 for six months; $1 25 for three months; 50 cents a month. No paper mailed unless paid for in advance, and discontinued when the term paid for expires.

CASH TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Half square, (6 lines or less,) 25 cents for each insertion.			
1 square, 1 insertion .	$0 50	1 square, 1 month . . .	$4 00
1 do 2 insertions	0 75	1 do 2 months . .	7 00
1 do 3 insertions	1 00	1 do 3 months . .	10 00
1 do 1 week	1 75	1 do 6 months . .	16 00
1 do 2 weeks . . .	2 75	1 do 1 year	30 00

Twelve lines (or over six) make a square—longer advertisements in exact proportion.

ADVERTISERS will please endeavor to send in their favors before 11 o'clock, if possible.

General Emigration and Passage Office,
No. 87 Bueling Slip, New York, near Fulton Ferry.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that his arrangements are such for bringing out and forwarding passengers to and from Liverpool by the old and favorite Black Star Line of Packets, sailing to and from New York and Liverpool every week; as to ensure cheap and quick conveyances. The ships comprising this line are all new and first class packets, commanded by old and experienced commanders.

Also, Agent for the Star Line of Glasgow Packets, sailing every month. Also, Agent for the splendid Line of New York and Louisiana Line of New Orleans packets, sailing every week.

Drafts at sight furnished for any amount on England, Ireland, and Scotland. THOS. H. O'BRIEN,
mar 24— 87 Bueling Slip, 2 doors from South st.

The New York and Liverpool United States Mail Steamers.

The ships comprising this line are the—
ATLANTIC, Capt. West.
PACIFIC, Capt. Nye.
ARCTIC, Capt. Luce.
ADRIATIC, Capt. Grafton.

These ships, having been built by contract, expressly for Government service, every care has been taken in their construction, as also in their engines, to insure strength and speed, and their accommodations for passengers are unequalled for elegance or comfort.

Price of passage from New York to Liverpool, $130; exclusive use of extra size state rooms, $325; from Liverpool to New York, £35.

An experienced Surgeon will be attached to each ship.

No berth can be secured until paid for.

☞ The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones, or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed.

For freight and passage apply to
EDWARD K. COLLINS, 56 Wall st., N. Y., or to
BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool.
E. G. ROBERTS & CO., 14, King's Arm Yard, London.
L. DRAPER, Jr., 8 Boulevard, Montmartre, Paris.
mar 24—d

PHILADELPHIA AND LIVERPOOL LINE OF PACKETS—Sailing from Philadelphia on the 5th, and from Liverpool on the 1st of every month.

Ship SHENANDOAH, Capt. Wm. H. West; Ship EUROPE, Captain William McDowell; Ship MARY PLEASANTS, Capt. Anthony Michaels.

The above first-class ships are built of the best materials, and commanded by experienced navigators.

Due regard has been paid to select models for speed, with comfort for passengers.

Persons wishing to engage passage for their friends can obtain certificates which will be good for eight months.

Those who wish to remit money can be accommodated with drafts for £1 sterling and upwards, at sight, without discount.

Goods for the continent will be forwarded free of expense of commission, if addressed to James McHenry, No. 5, Temple Place, Liverpool.

GEORGE McHENRY & CO.,
mar 24—d No. 87, Walnut street, Philadelphia.

PARKEVILLE HYDROPATHIC INSTITUTE.

AT a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Parkeville Hydropathic Institute, held fifth month 15th, 1850, Joseph A. Weder, M. D., was unanimously elected *Resident Physician* in the place of Dr. Dexter, resigned.

Having made various improvements, this institute is now prepared to receive an additional number of patients; and from Dr. Weder's well-known skill and *practical experience* in Europe, (acquired under Vincenz Preissnitz, the founder of the Hydropathic system,) and for several years past *in this country*, and particularly in the city of Philadelphia, (where he has had many patients,) the Managers believe the afflicted will find him an able and an attentive physician.

The domestic department being under the charge of a Steward and Matron, will enable the Doctor to devote to the patients whatever time may be necessary.

Application for admission to be made to
SAMUEL WEBB, *Secretary.*
Office No. 58 South Fourth street, residence No. 16 Logan square, Philadelphia.

General Description of the Parkeville Hydropathic Institute.

The main building is three stories high, standing back from the street about one hundred feet, with a semicircular grass plot in front, and contains thirty to forty rooms. The grounds around the house are tastefully laid out with walks and planted with trees, shrubs, &c. On the left of the entrance to these grounds is a cottage containing four rooms, used by male patients as a bathing house, with every convenience for "packing," bathing, &c.; on the right of the entrance, about two hundred feet distant, stands a similar cottage, used by the ladies for similar purposes.

In the rear of the Institute, at the distance of one hundred feet, are three other cottages, some eighty feet apart. One of these is the laundry, with a hydrant at the door; the other two are occupied by the servants.

The hydrant water is introduced into these cottages as well as into the main building, and all the waste water carried off by drains under ground.

THE WATER WORKS

Consist of a circular stone building, standing on the brow of a hill, surmounted by a large cedar reservoir containing five hundred barrels, brought from a never-failing spring of pure cold water in the side of the hill, by "a hydraulic ram," a self-acting machine of cast iron, that is kept constantly going, night and day, by the descent of the water from the spring. The surplus water is carried from the reservoir to a fountain in the water-works yard, surrounded by weeping willows. In the first story of the water-works is a circular room, containing the douche bath, which is a stream falling from a height of about thirty feet, and can be varied in size from half an inch to an inch and a half in diameter. Adjoining the douche room is a dressing room, with marble tables, &c.; the *rising douche* (for the cure of piles, &c.) is one of the most complete contrivances of the kind, being entirely under the control of the patient using the same.

There are many other appliances, which can be better understood by a personal examination. mar 24—

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS.

MOULTON & CO., Successors to JNO. FALCONER & CO., 64 Cedar and 22 Pine streets, New York, invite merchants visiting New York city to their immense stock of Foreign and Domestic, Fancy and Staple Dry Goods.

Their stock is entirely new, and, in addition, still receive by every steamer new and elegant styles, confined exclusively to this house, consisting of every variety of Dry Goods to be found in the French, German, English, and American markets, and at prices that will defy competitors.

Cash buyers and merchants generally will do well to call and examine our stock, as our goods are adapted to every section of the country, and we are resolved to spare no efforts to make it the interest of every merchant to favor us with their patronage.

JAMES S. MOULTON,
JAMES W. BARBER,
ZENAS NEWELL.
New York, March, 1851. mar 24—

VARNISHES, GUM COPALS, SPIRITS, TURPENTINE, AND AMERICAN LINSEED OIL.

50 cases Gum Copal, med. and fine Zanzibar, &c.
400 bbls superior Coach Body, Carriage Oil Cloth Polishing, Flowing, Scraping, Cabinet and Venitian Blind Varnishes, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.
10 bbls. Sign and Graining Varnish.
5 do white flowing do
5 do outside do do warranted.
5 do White do do for maps or whips.
10 do Iron Varnish.
20 do Painters' Japan.
100 do Spirits Turpentine, in glued bbls or half bbls.
1000 gallons American Linseed Oil.
10,000 lbs. pure White Lead, in oil, at manufacturers' prices.

Also, Gum Shellac, Sandrac, Litharge, Red Lead, Dry White Lead, in 100 lb. kegs, wholesale and retail, at the lowest market rates.

Persons purchasing the above will do well to call and examine for themselves.

N. B. Persons wanting Varnishes manufactured will please call, as the subscriber is prepared to manufacture all kinds. BENJ. C. HORNER,
No. 8 La Grange street, running from Second to Third, between Market and Arch streets, Phila. mar 24—tf

To Persons out of Employment.
NEW PICTORIAL WORKS,
Just published by R. SEARS, and for sale at No. 128 Nassau street, New York.

AMERICAN GIFT BOOKS FOR 1851.—Agents are wanted to circulate the following new and beautiful works, (retail price, $2 50 per vol.) A new and complete
PICTORIAL HISTORY OF CHINA AND INDIA;
with a descriptive account of those countries and their inhabitants, from the earliest period of authentic history to the present time. In which the editor has treated not only of the historical events, but also of the manners, customs, religion, literature, and domestic habits of the people of those immense empires.

The embellishments are about two hundred, and of the first order, illustrating whatever is peculiar to the inhabitants, regarding their dress, domestic occupations, their mode of agriculture, commercial pursuits, arts, &c. They are accurate, and each one has been made expressly for the work.

The volume forms a large octavo, containing between five and six hundred pages, printed in the best style, and on good substantial white paper. It is furnished to agents, handsomely bound in muslin, gilt, or leather, as the purchaser may prefer, at a very liberal discount, when quantities of not less than twenty copies are ordered at one time.

THRILLING INCIDENTS OF THE WARS OF THE UNITED STATES;
comprising the most striking and remarkable events of the Revolution, the French war, the Tripolitan war, the Indian war, the second war with Great Britain, and the Mexican war; with three hundred engravings! Retail price, $2 50 per volume. Orders respectfully solicited.

SEARS' PICTORIAL FAMILY PUBLICATIONS are decidedly the best books that agents can possibly employ their time in supplying to the people of the United States. They are valuable for reference, and should be possessed by every family in this great republic. There is not a city or town in these United States, not even those of small importance, but contains many citizens to whom these works are indispensable. They are adapted to the literary wants of the Christian, the patriot, the statesman, and the domestic circle, got up in a superior style of art and workmanship; and are not only such books as will sell, but are such as an agent of good principle will feel free to recommend, and willing to see the purchaser again after they have been bought.

OUR PLAN.—The plan the publisher has so successfully carried out for several years, is the obtaining responsible men as agents, who are well known in their own counties, towns, and villages, and have time and disposition to circulate good and instructive books among their neighbors and friends. Any person wishing to embark in the enterprise will risk little in sending $25 or $50, for which he will receive an assortment as he may direct, at the wholesale cash prices.

Enterprising and active men of respectability and good address, would do well to engage in the sale of the above volumes; and all postmasters, clergymen, book pedlars, and newspaper agents, are respectfully requested to act as our agents. A handsome remuneration allowed to all who engage in their sale. For particulars address, post paid, ROBERT SEARS, 128 Nassau street, N. Y.

To publishers of newspapers throughout the United States:

Newspapers copying this advertisement entire, without any alteration or abridgment, (including this notice,) and giving it a few inside insertions, shall receive a copy of any of our $2 50 or $3 works, subject to their order, by sending direct to the publisher. mar 24—

The Baltimore and Philadelphia Steamboat Company
(ERICSSON LINE)

Have resumed their operations for the year with increased means of accommodating the trade between Philadelphia and Baltimore, in the most regular and expeditious manner, and at their former materially *reduced prices*, being, on dry goods, hardware, &c., only 10 cents per 100 pounds, and but half the price charged by other lines.

Persons wishing to avail themselves of the facilities and moderate prices of the Line, are advised to give explicit and positive directions for sending their goods to the Ericsson Line, and they should be particular to possess themselves of the receipts which are invariably given for their goods. In those are stated the price charged for transportation; and it will prove a protection against the double rates exacted by other lines, who have no published rates.

Goods destined for the West, South, or other places beyond Baltimore, forwarded promptly on the day of their arrival, with every care and attention, free of all charge whatever for this service, in the shape of commissions or otherwise.

NEW YORK.—Goods shipped from New York, or other places eastward of that city, should be distinctly consigned to A. GROVES, jr., Philadelphia, to insure their conveyance by this Line.

Freight to or from Baltimore, as above, 10 cents per 100 pounds. Coarse freights taken at still less rates.

The established character and known reputation of this company is an ample guarantee to those disposed to confide their property to the care of the company.

One or more of the company's boats leaves Philadelphia from the upper side of Chestnut street wharf every day, (Sunday excepted,) at 3 o'clock, arriving in Baltimore early next morning. Apply in Philadelphia to
A. GROVES, jr., Agent,
No. 19 South Wharves, above Chestnut st.

In like manner a boat leaves Baltimore, daily, (Sunday excepted,) at half-past 2 o'clock.

Apply in Baltimore to
J. A. SHRIVER, Agent, No. 3 Light st.,
mar 24— near the Depot of the B. & O. R. R.

New York India Rubber Warehouse.

D. HODGMAN, 27 Maiden Lane and 59 Nassau street, (first corner from Broadway,) New York. Factory foot of Twenty-fourth street, East River.

Merchants throughout the United States are respectfully informed that my spring stock of India Rubber Goods will be found far superior to any before offered, having bestowed upon each individual article the benefit of my long experience in manufacturing, which enables me to warrant entire satisfaction.

Among the most important, I would call attention to my extensive stock of Carriage Cloth, of all widths, from 3-4 to 6-4 inclusive, and made on the choicest drills and of the best of gum. Purchasers will find that it will neither crack, peel, nor become sticky, as is the case with much that has been and continues to be sold in this city.

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING,
Consisting of Coats, Cloaks, Capes, Pouches, Pants, Overalls, Leggings, Boots, Caps, &c., now so extensively worn by farmers, physicians, drivers, sea captains, sailors, &c.

Baptismal Pants, manufactured expressly for the clergy.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves—a perfect cure for chapped hands by wearing them for a short time, at the same time bleaching and rendering them soft and delicate. These Gloves are also much worn by Hatters, Tanners, Masons, &c., being a perfect protection against acid and lime.

Machine Belting and Steam Packing,
in every variety, and cheaper and better than any thing which can be substituted for either.

Also, a large stock of Overshoes, Garden and Engine Hose, Whips, Horse Covers, Horse Fenders, Hoof Boots, Beds, Life Preservers, Breast Pumps, Syringes, Tobacco Wallets, Finger Stalls, Paper Holders, Door Springs, &c., &c., besides an immense stock of

India Rubber Balls,
and other fancy articles, such as Elastics, Dolls, Dogs, and other animals of various kinds. Pure Rubber Cement for hatters' use. All orders executed with despatch.
mar 24— D. HODGMAN.

STIMSON & CO.'S
New York, New Orleans, and Mobile Express,

CONNECTING with the swiftest and most responsible expresses between the principal towns in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Lower Canada, New York State, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbia, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, the Western States generally, the Mississippi and Alabama river towns, and the prominent places in Georgia and the Carolinas.

Our facilities are so extensive and perfect that we can secure the safe and speedy transportation of freight, trunks, packages, and valuable parcels, from one end of the country to the other, and between the most remote points.

From our many years' experience in the express business, while connected with Messrs. Adams & Co., and our numerous advantages in other respects, (not the least of which is the confidence and patronage of the New York community,) we feel assured that we shall never cease to give the most entire satisfaction to our friends, the jewellers, bankers, and merchants generally.

We beg leave to call attention to our California Express from New Orleans, and our Express between New Orleans and Mobile.

Offices: St. Charles Hotel Building, New Orleans, and 19 Wall street, New York. mar 24—tf

NEW YORK JOURNAL OF MEDICINE and the Collateral Sciences for March, 1851.—The March number of this well established journal is now before the public, containing original communications from the following talented writers of the Medical Profession: W. H. Van Buren, M. D., case of ovarian tumor, in which death resulted from entero-peritonitis arising from a novel cause, illustrated by a plate; remarks on tetanus, by Ezra P. Bennet, M. D., of Connecticut; rupture of bladder, by J. Kuneland, M. D.; reports of hospital cases, by F. D. Lente, M. D., and others of much interest by Drs. Sweat, Church, and Star.

The Foreign and American Medical Retrospect is full and complete; Bibliographical notices of all the late English and American Medical works, &c.

Published every other month, at $3 per annum; each number containing 144 pages.

Specimen number sent to any part of the country gratis on application, post paid, to R. F. HUDSON, Agent,
mar 24— 29 Wall street, New York.

IRISH EMIGRANT SOCIETY.
Office, No. 1 Reade Street, New York.

IN consequence of the great number of complaints which have for a long time been made by Emigrants, of frauds committed upon them in the sending of money to their friends in Ireland, and to aid and protect the Emigrant, the Irish Emigrant Society established a fund, deposited in the Bank of Ireland, upon which they draw drafts, payable at sight, at any of the branches of the Bank.

Persons residing out of the city, by enclosing in a letter the sum they wish forwarded, with the plainly written direction to whom and where it is to be paid, will have the same remitted.

There is a great advantage in purchasing the Society's drafts—that the Bank has a branch in each of the principal towns in Ireland, and thus the losses by discount, and otherwise, are avoided.

The Society keeps an office at No. 22 Spruce street, to which Emigrants can apply to obtain situations for which they are fitted.

Orders from employers in the country, stating the services required, the wages, and the cheapest modes of conveyance, and giving a respectable reference, will meet with prompt attention.

The Society will be thankful for all circumstantial and early information of any fraud, imposition, or outrage committed on Emigrants, and will endeavor speedily to apply a remedy. GREGORY DILLON, President.

HUGH KELLY,
JAMES MATHEWS, } Vice Presidents.
JAMES REYBURN,
EDWARD C. DONNELLY, Corresponding Secretary.
KIERNAN B. DALY, Recording Secretary.
JOSEPH STORZ, Treasurer.

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Charles M. Nanry,	John Nicholson. mar 24—

Hardware, Cutlery, Edge Tools, &c.

CHARLES S. LITTLE, IMPORTER and general dealer in English, German, and American Hardware, Cutlery, Edge Tools, &c., 33 and 34 Fulton street, opposite the United States Hotel, New York, respectfully invites the attention of Merchants, making their purchases, to his very extensive assortment, comprising every thing in the line, and to which new and constant supplies are being added. His variety of Tools is adapted to all the various branches of mechanics, especially Coopers and Carpenters. Particular attention given to all orders, all of which are offered at the lowest market prices for cash or on approved credit:

Cut and Wrought Nails, Locks and Latchets
Knives and Forks, Pen and Pocket Knives
Razors, Scissors and Shears, in great variety
Skates, Slates, Sleigh Bells, loose and strapped
Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Forks, Scythes and Snathes
Rifles, Black Lead Pots, and Sand Crucibles
Pumps, for wells or cisterns; Force Pumps and Hydraulic Rams
Ames' Pump, Augers and Runivers
Turkey Oil Stone, dressed and undressed
Scotch Water of Ayr Stone, for marble polishers
Coopers' Tools, in great variety, of the most celebrated manufacturers, Albertson, Conger, Horton, Barton, and others
Coachmakers' Tools
House and Ship Carpenters' Tools
Blacksmiths' Tools, Cabinet makers' Trimmings
House and Ship builders' Hardware
House furnishing Hardware, in great variety
Iron, Brass, Copper, and Steel wire
Genuine Haarlem Oil, and Nuremberg Salve.
mar 24—

J. H. HAVENS, W. MYER, & CO.,
Inventors and Manufacturers of the Ethiopian and Fire-proof Paint, Wilmington, Clinton co., Ohio.

W. MYERS, No. 319 Main street, near 8th, Cincinnati, Ohio, to whom all orders must be addressed. The superiority of this paint over all other, for carriage, house, and ship painting, will be seen in its rapid sale. It is not over four months since this paint has been introduced into market, and our agent has been able to order one hundred tons. The paint is ground in oil, and put up ready for use, from the finest black down to any shade to suit the fancy.

Also, inventors and manufacturers of *Tanners' Blacking.* This article is so universally approbated by all who have used it, that it scarcely needs commendation. But to give confidence to those who may not have tried it, we would say that Z. C. Ryon, foreman to A. M. Taylor & Co., Columbia street, Cincinnati, has authorized us to use his name as a recommendation to tanners in general. To all who know Mr. Z. C. Ryon this would be sufficient; but all tanners in the city and country, who have used it, have granted us this privilege. If it were necessary we could fill a newspaper with testimonials; but where all who use are pleased we deem it uncalled for.

The Tanners' Blacking is put up in kegs containing six gallons, ready for use, and will be sent to any point on the canal, railroad, or river, at fifty cents per gallon.

All orders should be addressed, post paid, to
HAVENS & CARROL,
Wilmington, Clinton co., Ohio; or
J. H. HAVENS, Cincinnati.

Also, Inventors and manufacturers of a *Water-proof Blacking for Oil-cloth*, that will reduce the cost fifty per cent., and will soon be in market. mar 24

FREEMAN HODGES & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS, 53 LIBERTY STREET, New York, (between Broadway and Nassau,) are now receiving a rich and beautiful assortment of Fancy Silk and Millinery Goods, to which we would particularly invite the attention of all Cash Purchasers, and will make it an object for them to give us a call, as we are determined to sell our assortment, for Cash, lower than ever before offered in this market.

Milliners can supply themselves with every article in their line, at about the cost of Importation or Auction prices. Many of our goods are manufactured expressly for our own sale, and cannot be surpassed for beauty or low prices.

Rich Hat and Cap Ribbons, a large variety
Silks and Satins for Bonnets
Embroidered Capes, Collars, Cuffs, and Chemisetts
Embroidered Edgings and Insertings, Swiss and Muslin
Thread, Brussels Valenciene, Silk, and Lisle Thread Laces
Embroidered Reverie and Plain Linen Cambric Hkfs.
Gloves and Mits, Kid, Silk, Lisle Thread, and Sewing Silk
Scarfs, Cravats, and Dress Hkfs.
Swiss, Jaconet, Book Muslins, and Bishop Lawns
Embroidered, Damask, and Plain Canton Crape Shawls
A full assortment of Straw Goods
French and American Artificial Flowers
With a large variety not mentioned above.

All wishing to avoid paying long prices will make money by calling and satisfying themselves. [mar 24—tf

SEED AND AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE, TOOLS, &c., &c.—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—No. 194½ *Market Street, Philadelphia.*—We offer to our friends and customers the largest assortment of Agricultural Implements, Garden Tools, and Seeds ever offered in this market, consisting in part of the following, viz:

PROUTY & MEARS' Patent Highest Premium Self-sharpening PLOUGHS, right and left handed Side Hill Subsoil, of various sizes, of superior materials and workmanship, warranted to give satisfaction, or the money returned. *Four Highest Premiums awarded* to these PLOUGHS at the New York State Fair for 1850. Also, Beaches and Bar Share Ploughs.

Spain's Improved Barrel Churn, constructed in such a manner that the dasher may be removed from the inside of the Churn by simply unscrewing the handle from the dasher.

Hay, Straw, and Corn Stalk Cutters in great variety, among which may be found Harvey's superior Premium Straw Cutter, of every size.

Also, Horse Powers, Threshing Machines, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Cheese Presses, Seed Planters, Dirt Scrapers, Sugar Mills, Ox Yokes and Bows, Turnip Drills, Horse Rakes, Grain Cradles, Expanding and Extra Cultivators, Harrows, Snathe, Scythes, Concaved Hoes, Spring tempered Cast Steel Oval and Square tined Manure and Hay Forks, Pruning Shears and Chisels, Reach and Bar Shear Repairing Pecies and Castings, Peruvian, Patagonia and Prepared Guano, together with a complete assortment of Grass, Garden, and Field Seed, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices, at 194½ Market street, Phila.
mar 24—tf PROUTY & BARRETT.

French and German Looking-Glass Depot,
No. 75 Baltimore Street.

BARRATT & DEBEET, Carvers and Gilders, manufacturers of every variety of Plain and Ornamental Looking-Glass and Picture Frames, Window Cornices, Brackets, Bracket Tables, Ceiling Mouldings, &c., &c. Also constantly on hand, a full assortment of Gilt and Mahogany Framed Looking Glasses. Old work re-gilt, glasses inserted in old Frames, &c. Prices low and work unsurpassed in beauty of finish and durability by any other establishment. The public is respectfully invited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

SCHNIEWIND & CO.,

IMPORTERS, No. 88 Market street, Philadelphia; No. 102 Broadway, New York, are now receiving and offer for sale, at Market prices, an excellent assortment of the following goods:

Cloths and Doeskins, of Gevers & Schmidt, Schnabel's, Bockacharmann & Schroeder, and others, consigned to them direct from the manufacturers.

French, Swiss, and German Silks, Fancy and Staple Goods, of the best makes and styles, suitable for the spring season.

Also, sole agency for the United States of J. M. Caron & Co.'s Fancy Gilt and Silk Buttons, and other fabrics.
mar 24—

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

America and Africa.

We have examined briefly, but conclusively, the opinion of American inferiority entertained and expressed so long in Europe, now *theoretically* abandoned there, but often still impliedly expressed by intelligent monarchists of that continent. We have seen that the reverse is the case; that American superiority results from a candid and dispassionate view. We have seen that, as regards the progression of human improvement, the larger proportional part has come from America. We are not discussing the subject of pictures, statuary, and the merely ornamental arts; we have been instituting a comparison between the progression in the useful arts in each country, and the genius of the governments of Europe and that of the United States of North America. In all these respects we have shown that the boasts of Europeans are unfounded. Proofs upon proofs might be multiplied, had we space and time to do so; but we address ourselves, at present, to questions more practical, according to the great American rule of primary regard to practical utility in studies, principles, discussions and conduct.

We have shown the vast actual progress made by our country. Our practical skill in the useful arts, in agriculture, commerce, naval architecture, steamboat construction, and the building of railways, has existed for many years, although still gradually improving. There was, nevertheless, something wanting to give it more rapidity of progression and expansion.

In this state of things the war with Mexico occurred, and, while it brought with it the pains and penalties which are paid by all nations for wars, it brought with it also the richest acquisitions that any single war ever obtained for a nation. The annexation of California had but just taken place, when the discovery and working of the gold-mines of that country revealed that "Currency-extension act of Nature," which was to us the most needed material good not already possessed, as well as a boon of inestimable value to other nations. A sound and abundant currency was the material good necessary to stimulate production and reproduction, and this good, by a merciful Providence, came to us at this time and under these circumstances. There is no reason to doubt that it will last long enough to meet all exigencies of our own; and there is strong reason to believe that the mines of California are inexhaustible.

With our antecedent population and improvements, this vast accumulation of sound currency gives us a capacity of benevolent exertion coextensive with the globe. But our situation and circumstances point us south. We have a considerable population of free negroes who, if proper facilities were afforded them, would emigrate to Africa under most favorable circumstances. There, without a struggle with a race necessarily their superior by a longer knowledge of Christianity and a considerable adherence to its precepts, they may at once rise in education, position, and wealth. Beside the superiority of the white, they have here to contend with the aversion to their color. But at the North, where the greatest clamor is excited about them, there is a physical disadvantage which it would require a thousand years to overcome. The negro is not suited to a northern climate. There is, then, a physical cause of his depression at the North which—a few isolated cases excepted—can not be destroyed in time to meet the demands of real philanthropy. The superiority of the white, the aversion to the negro's color, and his physical incapacity to bear the cold of the North, will cause him to become nearly extinct there in a hundred years, unless his numbers are cruelly replenished by emigration from the South, where he naturally multiplies and enjoys the plenitude of physical vigor. After serving there the short-sighted purposes of a few politicians, possessing neither the virtue nor the intellect to rise but by flattering him with false hopes, and deceiving a number of credulous whites by a false cry of philanthropy, he will become, if not as solitary as "the last of the Mohegans," as nearly extinct as many of the Indian tribes. After being fraudulently flattered by many of this class of politicians with prospects of honor, equality and political distinction, he will find these prospects vanish. When he begins to clamor for the prizes for which he has contended at the polls, he will be told to wait a little while longer; and when that little while longer comes, he will still be in the position of Tantalus. Some of the very same politicians, and others of a different description, will play off the *foreign emigrants*—German and Irish—against him. He will find more powerful auxiliaries than himself occupying the offices to which he had aspired, as well as the social position promised him. His numbers diminishing in spite of all appliances that those men can use, while that of the others will be constantly increasing, the free negro will be the sport of these mistaken or unprincipled politicians: for, by the fiat of Nature's God, who never intended him for a northern climate, his physical disabilities, combined with his moral, will be fast sweeping him from that part of the earth; and as his corporeal frame settles into death's stern slumber, it will relieve him from the cares, anxieties and baffled hopes with which erroneous or dishonest politicians have tortured him. The sum of the glory he can gain or confer in those *Northern States* will be to walk arm-in-arm into some assembly where whites and blacks are seated promiscuously. If he votes a ticket of his own, with the black and the white intermixed, the body of his pale-faced associates will desert him. That is not their understanding of the bargain struck between them; they mean to pay him in professions and plaudits. They have other auxiliaries to conciliate, who can throw a greater weight of metal into the combat.

They disown him socially, also. Except an occasional hug, arm-in-arm, in some not very public street, they would feel a species of horror at the idea of *treating* him as their equal. In this they will act against the inferences fairly deducible from their own principles, and, although they teach the moral and mental equality of the negro, they conclude against amalgamation with him. However proper this conclusion in itself, it is contrary to a fair inference from their principles. But it shows the force of those causes which render it expedient to transport a large part of the negro race in our country to Africa. The small population of that continent, its abundant resources, its congenial climate, conspire, with the causes which we have already mentioned, to invite him to settle in the land of his fathers, and there, under the fostering influences of that Christianity and culture which he has received here, to become "a nation great, mighty and populous."

[Correspondence of the American Telegraph.]

An Attractive Terminus of Travel.

WINSTON, ALLEGANY COUNTY, MD., *August* 18, 1851.

After a pretty extensive range of travel, one of the well-wishers of the *Telegraph* is desirous of making its numerous readers acquainted with the facilities of reaching several of the watering-places of the South, by which we mean those within the States of Virginia and Maryland.

This is best done by simply indicating the routes and manner of reaching them—all within the short space of a fortnight. In the morning the cars are taken at Washington, which you leave at the Relay house; whence you are conveyed by the western train to Harper's Ferry. After midday, the Winchester train is taken to Charlestown, some eight miles from the Ferry. Arriving at Sappington's hotel, you are at once taken by stage to Shannondale. After enjoying the beautiful scenery, and partaking of the water, you return to Charlestown; and, by the Winchester train, you are conveyed to Stephenson's depot in the Valley; from which a stage takes you to Jordan's White Sulphur Springs, distant a mile and a half. When ready to leave, you have but to return to the same depot, and be carried by the train to Winchester. At this point of the route, you have the option of a line of stages running from "Taylor's hotel," [now Sewall's,] or carriages, to convey you to Capon Springs, which, being some twenty-four miles above Winchester, could be reached, before midnight, the same day you leave Washington, and at a very moderate expense.

From the throngs of persons you meet with, on account of the facilities of reaching those noted watering-places of the Old Dominion, our party thought it best to send to Sappington's for carriages, to take us across the hills and mountains beyond Romney a place so named by one of the descendants of Sir Thomas Fairfax, who led the armies of the British Commonwealth triumphantly against Rupert and Charles the First of England. The grant was for the "northern neck of Virginia;" and, though this portion of the country was last settled, to say that it is magnificent is to convey but a faint idea of the degree of pleasure it affords the beholder.

A pair of good horses, with a strong carriage, and the necessary apparatus for checking the rapid descent of the high ridges, enable the traveller to proceed in the most comfortable manner by the well-graded northwestern turnpike to the "Mountain Retreat," kept by Mr. Edward Towers, and so highly extolled by Lanman in the columns of one of our District prints last Spring. The extraordinary beauty of the surrounding scenery, with the mountains, as it were, fencing in a sort of rural paradise, make the spirits bound with joy, to have escaped the dust and heat, the crowds and bustle of the city, and even of those places where fashionables "most do congregate," that one must needs be allowed to dwell a little on the terminus of the Summer route. Winston, which is a post office, is situated on a beautiful slope, through which the turnpike winds its way up from the north branch of the Potomac. This attractive house is surrounded by about sixteen hundred acres of good land, three hundred of which are cleared, and the few cultivated spots in the contiguous mountains look like little garden-spots in the distance. "The Glades" are seen from the road about six miles north. W. W. Seaton, esq., is the owner of this beautiful estate in Allegany county, where the weary eye of the man of business may rest on surpassing scenery, and where the lover of sport may hunt the deer, angle for the trout, or shoot the pheasant. The stage conveys passengers from Paddy town, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, to sundry places near, and at this post office; and we learn by some of the engineers on the railroad, that ere long the road will reach Oakland, which is about fifty miles above Cumberland. Thus, when a conveyance of ten miles shall be effected by stage, or by private conveyance, in thirty-six hours an invalid may be borne from the sultry heat of the city, where the thermometer ranges at ninety, to the place where it is rarely above seventy degrees of Fahrenheit! Much has been done here, but much remains to be completed, when this mountain retreat will be as much sought as the famed White Hill of New Hampshire. As we drive up a winding slope of the road for a mile—which for upwards of seventy-five miles averages about three degrees of inclination—we note the coal "cropping out" from the bank, in close proximity to the north branch of the Potomac; and when, in addition to the chalybeate springs near the surface, it is apparent that iron also abounds, the coal has but to be changed to coke, and what a field of enterprise as well as of rational pleasure is afforded by such a spot!

The railroad would find it, perhaps, to its interest, to afford through tickets to Oakland when the road shall have reached this point.

Yours, E.

MONTREAL, Aug. 18.—The Boston Railroad Committee arrived here on Saturday evening. The municipal authorities received them, and a grand entertainment followed. A large delegation from Montreal will attend the celebration in Boston, appointed for the 17th September. On Saturday, a passenger train was run for the first time over the Champlain and St. Lawrence railway, which completes the communication between Montreal and Boston.

To the Editors of the American Telegraph.

GENTLEMEN: In my opinion, newspaper controversies are of very little benefit, except sometimes to gratify the vanity of those who engage in them, and it is for this reason that I have felt, and still feel, reluctant to make myself liable to this charge, by answering the numerous gentlemen who have thought it incumbent on them to "make a *fling*" at the communication which I penned in *explanation*, not in "*defence*," of the vote of the majority of the Council on the "*Liquor Bill*." I may be permitted to remark at the outset, that if the success of the temperance cause in this city were to be measured by the *number* of the "knights of the quill," who are ever ready to sound the alarm in *the public papers*, at the slightest approach of danger, then indeed the citadel would be safe, and this bill, with its penalty of "labor in the workhouse," would be worse than useless. The warning voice of the *bird* that saved Rome may yet be paralleled by these modern guardians upon the watch-towers of temperance—whenever the crisis arrives. But they are now, certainly, making a false alarm, "and crying before they are hurt." In the few lines which you did me the honor to publish in your paper, I had no more idea of attacking the cause of temperance than those gentlemen of the Council had, who voted for the indefinite postponement of Mr. Brent's bill. I said then, and say now, that the man who cannot, and does not, distinguish between opposition to such a bill as that, and opposition to the cause of temperance, is either a fool, a knave, or a fanatic. If this three-cornered cap should fit any of the gentlemen concerned, they are welcome to wear it. I have nothing to say, and wish to say nothing, against those who compose the different temperance associations of this city. They have their share of that pharisaical, and, if you please, *fanatical* spirit, which, on account of the frailty of human nature, insinuates itself into the best of causes ever devised by the wisdom or the charity of man. But this applies only to a few of the members, while the vast majority of the advocates of the cause of temperance are men whose motives are as pure as their object is holy. Thus much by way of defining my position on this question, and of repelling a charge rather hinted than made by some of this "Corporal's Guard" of the temperance army in Washington.

As to the bill which was proposed as the panacea for the evils complained of, I am still of opinion that it was not fit to be adopted by any legislative body; and I am sure, had it been proposed to the vote of the Council in its *original* shape, as offered by its framer, it would not have received the vote of one-fifth of the members of the Council. Let me call your attention to one of the provisions in the first section, to which I made a slight allusion in my last letter. No grocer in the city could procure a license for the sale of liquor until he "first produced a certificate, *under oath*, signed by *six resident freeholders in the square*, recommending the opening of such a store as necessary and desirable for the public good and convenience," &c. This provision amounted to the absolute denial of the license, as it was impossible to comply with such a provision on two-thirds of the squares of the city. When Mr. Brent's attention was called to the fact, he said "he had purposely made it so;" and, when the vote was taken upon amending this clause, he stuck to his bill, and voted solitary and alone in favor of retaining the *whole* of these provisions.

The idea of making a man swear that his business is "*necessary* and desirable for the public good," (another of its deformities,) seems to me to be simply preposterous. And so all the members of the Council thought, except the gentleman who offered this "compendium of his views" for their adoption. But we do not wish to go further into the discussion of this bill, more particularly as Mr. Brent has commenced to give to the public that "light" which he seems to think "is so much wanted on this subject." With all respect to his ability as a writer, and his skill as a logician, yet may we be permitted to say that should he succeed, through the medium of his "personal cards," in making his fellow-citizens believe that his bill, *such as it was when