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To subscribers served by the carriers, the paper will be furnished regularly for ten cents per week, payable weekly. For mail subscribers, \$5 a year; \$2 50 for six months; \$1 50 for three months; 50 cents a month. No paper mailed unless paid for in advance, and discontinued when the term paid for expires.

CASH TERMS OF ADVERTISING. Half square, (6 lines or less), 25 cents for each insertion. 1 square, 1 insertion, 50 cts; 1 square, 1 month, \$4 00; 1 do 2 insertions 0 75; 1 do 3 months, 7 00; 1 do 3 insertions 1 00; 1 do 3 months, 10 00; 1 do 1 week, 1 75; 1 do 6 months, 16 00; 1 do 2 weeks, 2 75; 1 do 1 year, 30 00. Twelve lines (or over six) make a square—longer advertisements in exact proportion.

ADVERTISERS will please endeavor to send in their favors before 11 o'clock, if possible.

WASHINGTON: SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 30.

The Invasion of Cuba and the Law of Nations.

There is one circumstance connected with the case of the British spy, Major Andre, that we omitted to mention in our article of yesterday, which exhibits, in the most striking manner, the noble leniency of the Americans. In General Washington's letter to Sir Henry Clinton, dated the 30th September, 1780, he says: "Major Andre was taken under such circumstances as would have justified [under the law of nations] the most summary proceedings against him. I determined, however, to refer his case to the examination and decision of a board of general officers." Among the members of this board, besides many distinguished American officers, were the Marquis de Lafayette, and the Baron de Steuben. Every opportunity was granted Andre, by these illustrious men, to exculpate himself from the charges brought against him. He was permitted to make an elaborate defence in writing; the letters of Sir Henry Clinton and Colonel Robinson, of the British army, were read and considered; and, finally, at the earnest request of Clinton, Washington consented to a conference between delegates of high rank in both armies, for the purpose of throwing all the light possible upon the affair.

Such having ever been the conduct of our people, have we not a right to expect from foreign nations the like humane treatment of our countrymen in similar circumstances? Have we not a right to expect from Great Britain, in case of war, a grateful return for our past magnanimity? Have we not also a right to expect, from even the half-civilized people of Spain, a reciprocation of our kindness to their race? If so, has Spain made us such return? The late butchery is a sufficient answer.

But the Spanish government was not bound to treat our people who embarked on the Cuban expedition with leniency, merely as a kind act of reciprocity. We maintain that it had no right, even in accordance with the demands of the much-talked-of "law of nations," to inflict summary punishment on the invaders. Though the monarchist journals of the Union strove so hard, in conjunction with those in the immediate service of Spain, to prove that no outbreak of any kind against the Spaniards had taken place in Cuba, we suspect there are very few who will now, in the face of all the evidence to show the fact, have the hardihood to assert that there was no rebellion. The newspapers of Havana give us accounts of the capture and imprisonment of some of the patriots, and do not pretend to deny the existence of civil war; whilst letters from numbers of merchants residing in Cuba substantiate the accounts we have received.

Now what says the "law of nations" in this case? Mr. Webster, in his celebrated letter to Mr. Fox, in regard to citizens of the United States who were about to aid the Canadians in their revolution of 1841, maintains and proves, conclusively, from the practice of all governments, that men who assist the people of another nation in gaining their independence should not be considered and treated as "pirates." Referring to all that is alleged against them to be true, they were taking a part in what they regarded as a civil war, and they were taking part on the side of the "rebels." Surely Great Britain herself has not regarded persons thus engaged as deserving the appellation which her majesty's government bestows upon these citizens of the United States. And again, he says, "authorities of the highest eminence in Great Britain, living and dead, have maintained that the general law of nations does not forbid the citizens or subjects of one government from taking part in the civil commotions of another."

Now, what is the plain conclusion to be derived from all this? That those who landed, by invitation of the people, on the island of Cuba, to assist the revolted Cubans in their struggle for independence, were not "pirates," and did not, therefore, deserve the fate of "pirates"; and if not "pirates," that they were enemies in the usual sense of the term, and when captured were prisoners of war, and had an undoubted right to be treated as such. But did they receive such treatment? Does America, or Britain, or France, or any other civilized nation on the globe, put to death defenceless prisoners? If the nations of Europe would countenance such a massacre, and if it be possible that it is in strict accordance with the rules adopted by all governments for their security and preservation, then, we say, away with the "law of nations." It had its origin in war and bloodshed—it has been sustained by warring nations—it is fit only for a warring world. We are no friends of lawlessness; we do not advocate a disregard of proper regulations of the conduct of nations; but we think no law would be better than this. Moderation, humanity, religion, shall make for us a new one, better suited to American ideas of modern justice.

We leave this subject for the present, not without a strong hope that in this case, as in many others, "partial evil" will prove "universal good," that the melancholy fate of the fifty-two devoted men who died so fearlessly may remove the last obstacle to the liberation of Cuba!

JUDG HALLBERG'S new book, entitled "The English in America," is pronounced by the *Athenaeum* a vulgar, violent, and unfair political pamphlet against the United States, and the other faults of the book are pronounced as of the most serious kind.

THE PRESIDENT, HIS REPROBATION AND EXPECTED ARRIVAL THIS AFTERNOON.—The *Republic* of this morning says, that letters were received last evening from White Sulphur Springs to the 26th instant, which state that the PRESIDENT had been quite indisposed the day previous, of cholera morbus. "There was nothing serious in his case, and it yielded readily to the ordinary remedies." It was deemed prudent, however, to postpone his departure from the Springs, and to abandon the idea of visiting Lynchburg, where the citizens were making preparation to receive him with their characteristic hospitality. It was the President's intention to leave for Washington on the 26th instant, and to arrive in this city this afternoon.

TAKING THE VEIL.—Three young ladies, one said to be from Boston, went through the solemn and imposing ceremony of taking the veil, in Providence, on Sunday last. They entered the church, says the *Boston Bee*, in their white flowing and elegant attire, looking more of the angel than the woman, in which apparel they remained while an eloquent and impressive discourse was preached on the life to which they were about to devote themselves. They then retired and forever bid adieu to the pleasures of the world, to array themselves in the garb of their sisterhood. On returning, their swelling and graceful forms, their cheeks, eloquent in health and beauty, seemed to have left them, and they left the presence of the audience with a dull funeral manner and face which chilled almost every spectator.

THE MISSOURI JUDICIAL ELECTION has resulted in the choice of ten anti-Benton and four Bentonite Circuit Judges—the Whigs generally, it is said, having supported the anti-Benton candidates. For Judges of the Supreme Court one Whig, one Bentonite, and one anti-Bentonite are elected. The two branches of the Democratic party denounce each other as bitterly as ever, says the paper from which we quote, and it is thought the hatred existing between them will cause a double delegation to the Democratic National Convention. But this is the compromise age. We shall see.

FRENCH POLITICS.—From the accounts received from France, it is probable that in the coming Presidential election the three branches of the Royalist party will be unable to agree upon a single candidate, but will run separate ones, President Louis Napoleon standing a second poll in defiance of the constitution; De Joinville being the candidate of the Orleansists, in spite of his being an illegal candidate, and Changarnier the candidate of the Legitimists. In that case it is thought that De Joinville will receive the majority of votes, unless Cavaignac should be run by the whole Democratic party, in which case the result would be doubtful.

A MAIL DETAINED.—The New York papers did not reach us yesterday. The *Pennsylvanian* explains the interruption by stating, that the passenger train which left New York at five o'clock on Thursday evening met with an accident when just above Bristol, which detained it about two hours. It seems that a horse was standing on the bridge in that neighborhood, and was struck by the cow-catcher, which somehow doubled up under the engine, lifting it off the track and tearing away the timbers of the bridge. So far as we could learn, no person suffered any personal injury from the accident.

The Philadelphia *City Item* is high-toned in its professions of honesty and virtue; it exclaims: "Are we a nation of robbers and cut-throats that we countenance the criminal folly of a few desperate men in their attacks upon a peaceful country? Shame upon us, for we have awakened the contempt and pity of all right-thinking, right-doing men. Shall we encourage robbery, arson, murder? Then, let us cheer on the thousands who, in this city and elsewhere, are at this very moment getting ready to join in the iniquitous crusade against Cuba. There has been no revolution in Cuba. No appeal has been made to the patriotism of this country. If the Cubans desire liberty, they have not published the fact. For these all-sufficient reasons, we think the interference of our people is both impertinent and unwarrantable, and should be punished most severely." Good gracious me! This is positively ahead of the *National Intelligencer* itself!

A PARALLEL.—The New York *Courier* furnishes us with statistics of the commerce of Great Britain and the United States during the year 1850, from which we learn that the total number of vessels entered at the ports of Great Britain was 26,498, with an aggregate tonnage of 4,963,063. The number of vessels entered at the ports of the United States, during the same period, was 18,512, with an aggregate tonnage of 4,348,639. The total number of vessels cleared during the year was, from the ports of Great Britain 25,536, with a tonnage of 5,417,817; and from the ports of the United States 18,195 vessels, with a tonnage of 4,361,002. The aggregate, both of entrances and clearances during the year, in the British ports, 63,029 vessels, with a tonnage of 10,380,880; and in the American ports 36,707 vessels, with a tonnage of 8,709,641. Notwithstanding the large excess in favor of Great Britain, it is to be observed that if the home tonnage of the respective countries be deducted, it will be found that the foreign tonnage of the United States exceeds that of Great Britain, viz: deducting home tonnage from the above totals of entries, we have the foreign tonnage entering British ports to be 1,595,722, and the foreign tonnage entering the United States 1,776,623.

THE OLD AND THE NEW TIMES.—In 1824 a man at New Orleans could hear of the death of a friend at Washington, by due course of mail, in twenty-four days. In 1851 he can, at the same distance, converse with him, and be apprized within a few hours of any material change in his condition. Mr. Calhoun died early on a Sunday morning, and the writer of this paragraph, though in Washington, did not know of the event until eleven o'clock, at which same hour the streets of New Orleans were thronged with persons in earnest conversation upon the melancholy event.

Captain SANDS, of the frigate *St. Lawrence*, arrived in Washington last evening, bringing with him the treaty lately concluded with Portugal.

FALL FASHIONS.—The Philadelphia *City Item* says that "Spotish plaids will carry all before them this winter. Plaid silks, plaid ribbons, plaid bonnets, plaid garters, are the rule. The styles are brilliant and picturesque, and will lend a charm-kalidoscope hue to Chestnut street. The gentlemen are, also, to wear plaids. Plaid pants, plaid vests and plaid business coats. The blue dress-coat, with metal buttons, is gaining ground daily, and soon it will occupy the promineny that first distinguished it."

Every one has an axe to grind, and is willing to let any one else turn the wheel for him. Editors are very often requested to work in this way, and it is astonishing how often they do so gratuitously. An immense amount of editorial and "local" writing is done for the benefit of individuals. The abuse is very general, and editors stand greatly in their own light in lending themselves to it.

WORSE THAN A FOREIGN WAR.—The *London Globe* says: "Of the fearful state of Italy no stranger can form an idea. The priests are urging things on to ruin. The women side with their father confessors, taking part with them and denouncing husband and sons for conscience sake; family union is quite at an end; no one feels safe from arrest, and no one can foresee how things can be improved." We know that affairs are bad enough in Italy; but this picture has a tinge too dark for credence.

THADDEUS STEVENS DEFEATED.—The Whigs of Lancaster, says the *Pennsylvanian* of yesterday, assembled in convention on Tuesday, and nominated their ticket for county officers. There was a fierce contest between the "Silver Grays" on the one hand, and the "Woolly Heads," led by Stevens, on the other, which resulted in the utter rout and discomfiture of the "Woolly Heads" and their leader. Col. Forney takes the affair very kindly, whether Mr. Stevens does or not.

FREED AND ESCAPED SLAVES.—The *Tribune* furnishes the following table of the fugitive and manumitted slaves from the 1850 census, compiled from the official census tables:

Table with 3 columns: State, Fugitives, Manumitted. Delaware - 19, 174; Maryland - 249, 483; Virginia - 89, 211; N. Carolina - 57, 2; S. Carolina - 14, 2; Georgia - 91, 30; Florida - 16, 22; Alabama - 32, 14; Mississippi - 49, 11; Louisiana - 79, 96; Texas - 33, 5; Kentucky - 143, 164; Tennessee - 69, 40; Missouri - 59, 54; Arkansas - 11, 6; Dist. Columbia - 7, 0. Total number of Fugitives - 1,017; Total number Manumitted - 1,314.

GEN. WOOL.—The Rochester *Daily Times* of the 26th says, that this officer and suite had arrived on the preceding evening, and taken rooms at the Eagle Hotel in that city. The General never looked better than at the present time, and was to leave on that afternoon for Genesee, to review the troops composed of Gen. SWAN'S brigade.

Minister to Mexico.—The Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin* of Thursday announced that Capt. Nones, of the U. S. revenue cutter *Forward*, had on Wednesday morning received a despatch at Wilmington, Del., ordering him to run up to Philadelphia with all haste, to take on board a heavy long-gun at the navy yard, and to proceed immediately down the river; that his destination was unknown, but that it was supposed to be in pursuit of a party of filibusters, or to intercept some expedition to Cuba from a neighboring port; and that he had obtained the gun from the navy yard, and had gone on his way in the discharge of his duty. His orders were, to sail in two hours after reaching the navy yard.

All this is explained by the announcement in the *Intelligencer* of this morning, that the Hon. R. P. LETCHER, Minister of the United States to Mexico, left this city yesterday for Norfolk, where he will embark on board the United States revenue schooner *Forward*, Capt. Nones, for Havana, whence he will be conveyed in a ship of war to Vera Cruz.

AMERICAN SLAVERY.—John H. B. Latrobe, of Baltimore, has published a letter in the *Newport News*, in reply to Victor Hugo's letter on American slavery. We have not seen this letter, but will undertake to point out a very striking difference between the two writers, viz., that Latrobe knows what he is writing about, and Hugo does not.

FROM THE NORFOLK ARGUS.—The *Herald* expresses surprise that we should have unfurled the Cuban banner from our office. There are some hearts who cannot sympathize with the sufferings of the oppressed, nor swell with the mighty hope of delivering a people from bondage. There are hundreds of men in our community who have never realized the delight of sacrificing a selfish feeling to a public principle. Such take pleasure in stigmatizing Lopez as a fugitive on the face of the earth, and characterizing the object of his expedition as something audacious, novel, and dangerous. It is true, Gen. Lopez's attempt is daring, and if you will, audacious—but wherefore is it novel and dangerous? Because he, a private individual, unaided by the public authority of any State, attempts to liberate Cuba. *Thrasylbus* expelled the thirty tyrants and restored the Athenians to freedom! hence he is named with honor in the records of history. Because, while a fugitive and an exile, he collected together a brave band of adventurers, who confided in his integrity and talents—because without the acknowledged assistance of any State or nation, with no commission but what he derived from patriotism, liberty, and justice, he marched with his chosen friends, and overthrew the tyranny of Sparta. Nor was Argos and Thebes censured for having afforded him refuge, countenance, and protection. Nor was *Ismenius*, then at the head of the Theban government, accused of having departed from the duties of his station because he obeyed the impulses of benevolence and compassion towards an oppressed people, and gave that private assistance which he could not publicly avow. Sixty years ago our own country was engaged in a similar struggle for freedom, and the attempt was scoffed by the nobility and royalty of all Europe as bold, dangerous, and novel. That a free people should so soon acquire the cant and jargon of emperors is to us passively strange and humiliating.

CLERKS AND COGNAC.—In yesterday's paper we said: "We believe there is not a room connected with any of the public offices of the Government that is not occasionally fumigated with tobacco." In so saying we did not mean that every room was occupied by persons who pursued the practice; but that such was the "free and easy" fashion of the times, that visitors on business felt under no constraint to throw away their cigars before entering. That there are many rooms occupied by gentlemen whose sense of propriety forbids their joining in the practice is altogether probable.

We are gratified to see that the chiefs of at least two bureaus are so much concerned on the subject as to demand of us whether we can show that the evil exists in the apartments occupied by the clerks under them. We would not for ten thousand choice Principles give this information, if we could; but believe that, as the statements we have made are generally known and admitted to be correct, the desired reform may be effected without any particular instances of unpleasantness.

Austin Gray, it will be perceived, offers at "New York prices" a supply of school books and stationery.

The original Campbell Minstrels will shortly give a series of their inimitable entertainments in our city.

RECAPTURE FOR CUBA.—We published in yesterday's paper the call of "Many Patriots" upon all persons disposed to join in the "liberation of Cuba," to enrol themselves at the Adelphi House, on Governor street. How many aspirants for fame and the perquisites of war responded to the call, we have not been informed. Yesterday the Cuban flag was displayed from the upper story of the building occupied in part by friend Sutherland as a gun store. It attracted much attention, and doubtless inspired some of those who gazed upon it with a desire to aid the Cubans, or rather the American expeditionists, in their attempt to revolutionize the government of the "gem of the Antilles."—*Rich. Rep.*

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH AND MAIL. NEW ORLEANS, August 26.—On the night of the 25th instant, Major GEORGE A. WALKER, of the militia, was in possession of the Cuban letter book, which was found to contain the names of many proscribed citizens, who had been reported to the Cuban authorities. Portions of the book will be published. The city has now resumed comparative quietness. At least 1,000 liberators are here waiting conveyance for Cuba. Gen. Felix Houston acts as commander of this force.

CONCORD, (N. H.) August 28.—The death of the Hon. Luke Woodbury, by suicide, is confirmed. He hung himself to a tree at Antrim, in this state, yesterday. Mr. W. was the Democratic candidate for Governor of New Hampshire, and cousin of Hon. Levi Woodbury.

CINCINNATI, August 29.—The Cuban meeting last night was very large, but was not organized till a late hour. Several speeches were made and resolutions adopted, denouncing the course of the Havana authorities, but at the same time condemning all mob law and violence in our own country.

NEW YORK, August 29, 9 p. m.—The case of the slave *Bolding* has not yet been concluded, and will be resumed to-morrow. The *Hermann* brought 102 passengers, most of whom were Germans.

Review of the Northern Markets for yesterday. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 29, 9 p. m.—Sales of flour at \$2.75 for State brands. Rye flour \$2.25. Corn meal \$1.25. Yellow corn 60¢/61¢. Oats 34¢. Hens pork 11¢. Lard 6¢. Porto Rico sugar 5¢. Rice 5¢/5.5¢. NEW YORK, Aug. 29, 6 p. m.—Sales 9000 barrels flour at \$3.75 for State brands, \$4.12 for southern, and \$4.00 for Genesee. Rye flour \$3.37. Corn meal \$3. Sales of Genesee wheat at 100¢, and Ohio wheat at 80¢. Sales of 25,000 bushels mixed corn at 56¢. Sales of 1000 bushels rye at 65¢. New mess pork \$15.00/\$15.75; prime \$13. Sales of 50 lbs. mess beef at \$10.25. Sales of 200 lbs. mess beef at 9¢; 30 lbs. Porto Rico sugar at 5¢. Sales of 100 lbs. Porto Rico sugar at 5¢. Whisky 23¢ for price.

DIED. At his residence, near Lock Creek Church, on Friday, the 29th instant, Major GEORGE A. WALKER, Paymaster U. S. Marine Corps, in the 51st year of his age. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Sunday next, at 10 o'clock a. m. At Fayetteville, (North Carolina), on the 23d instant, Capt. WILLIAM H. BAYNE, for eleven years past the Editor of the "North Carolinaian." The deceased was a native of Fayetteville, and had been a resident of that city since the 4th of July, 1840, at which time he took charge of the "Carolinian." He left a wife and five small children to mourn the loss of a kind protector and friend.

Temperance Meeting will be held to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock, on 7th street, opposite the Pent. Office. Mr. Tipton and others will address the meeting. —an 30—

SCHOOL BOOKS at New York Prices. A full assortment of all kinds now in use; and the best STATIONERY of every variety, for sale at the lowest prices. —an 30— 7th street, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall.

NEW LOT OF CARPETS JUST RECEIVED, consisting of 15 pieces three-ply Carpets, 25 do best quality, Ingrain do 25 do medium do do 25 do best filling do do 20 do Rug Carpets, good, at 25 cents per yard Rugs and Oilcloths. —an 30—Stawth. HALL & BROTHER.

SITUATION WANTED by a gentleman who has a good knowledge of the English language, and a large circle of acquaintance in the neighboring counties of Virginia, much of whose custom he could insure. For particulars, address "A. C. B." at the Telegraph Office, where the name of the advertiser is left. —an 30—

LEWIS ARUNDEL, or the Railroad of Life, by the author of Frank Fairleigh. A full and complete Magazine for September. Life of Mary Queen of Scots, by Miss Benger, author of Life of Anne Boleyn. Stewart's Dictionary of Architecture, Historical, Descriptive, Topographical, Decorative, Theoretical, and Mechanical. 2 vols. Illustrated by one thousand drawings of subjects referred to in the work. Katherine Walton, or the Rebel of Dorchester, by W. Gilmore Simms. The Confessor, a Historical Novel. This day received for sale by TAYLOR & MAURY, Bookellers, near 9th st. —an 30—

ISLAND HALL. NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Stockholders of Island Hall will be held on Monday evening, September 1st, at 7 1/2 o'clock, in the school-house on 7th street, near Locust. The presence of a majority is required of all the Stockholders. By order, JNO. H. CLARVOE, Sec. of I. H. Association. —an 30—

OPENING OF THE NEW STORE. MRS. COLLISON having removed to Sixth street, will open a fine assortment of FANCY GOODS, in addition to her stock of Millinery, Dress Trimmings, &c., consisting in part of French worked Collars, new and handsome styles. French worked Pocket-handkerchiefs, fine Linen do. Buffalo Tuck Combs, new patterns. Ladies' Socks, Life thread and silk Gloves. Fancy Baskets, Perfumeries, Hair and Tooth Brushes, &c. &c. —an 30—SIXTH STREET, near the corner of Locust street, and near the National & Brown's Hotels.

ADJES' RIDING GAUNTETS.—A superior article. Also Gentlemen's Gauntings—for sale at MRS. COLLISON'S new Millinery and Fancy Store, 6th Street, near Locust street, Louisiana avenue. —an 30—

METHODIST CHURCH PROPERTY CASE.—A verbatim report. For sale by A. GRAY, 7th st., opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall. —an 30—

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 30.

Sun rises - 6h. 37m. Sun sets - 6h. 34m. Moon rises - 11h. 5m. Moon sets - 11h. 5m.

Mr. E. W. CARB, newspaper agent, is the only authorized agent for this paper in Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. Office at the northwest corner of Third and Walnut streets.

ISLAND SUBSCRIBERS.—John W. Wood has been removed from this route in consequence of delinquencies. Our subscribers will please give notice of any discontinuance until a new carrier shall have become acquainted with them all.

The privileges of yearly advertisers will be confined rigidly to their regular business, and all other advertisements, not pertaining to their regular business as agreed for, to be paid extra.

Every notice designed to call attention to private enterprises calculated or intended to promote individual interest, can only be inserted with the understanding that the same is to be paid for.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels. Up to 12 o'clock, to-day. United States - O. C. Wight, Washington; F. M. Delany, Philadelphia; B. Sikes, North Carolina; J. E. Jones, and daughter, Maine; J. H. Hodgson, North Carolina; A. S. Smith, do. Mr. Rowan, Kentucky; Dr. A. J. Abner, "Campbell Minstrels"; O. H. Scott, Virginia; F. S. Perry, Charleston; S. G. B. Bethel, Georgia; J. H. Jones, do. S. Y. Grove, Maine; W. Steel, North Carolina; Jno. A. Pemberton, do. A. A. Shiras, Georgia; W. B. Handley, do. J. F. Ochsler, Indian Territory.

GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS. Gentlemen in want of a really fine cigar should call on the subscriber and select from the following superior brands: Ambrosia L. Londres, La Palma, La Innovent, La Bella Union, Casandora, La Esclapija, La Esperanza, Miocenas, El Divan, JAS. T. LOYD, su 29-1r. Pa. av., 3 doors east of 11th st.

GRATES! GRATES! GRATES! JUST RECEIVED at the Washington Stone Manufacturing, direct from New York, a large assortment of the best quality Enamelled Grates, of various styles and the latest patterns. Also on hand an assortment of Baltimore-Japaned Grates, which I will sell at very low market prices. Purchasers are respectfully requested to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. —an 28—603rd st. cor. Pa. av. and 10th st., south side.

SEPARATE PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until the 6th day of September for grading and graveling the following streets, viz: 19th street west, from New York avenue to H street north; 20th street north, from 7th to 21st street west; and H street north, from 20th to 22d street west; the earth for filling to be taken from the vicinity of the Observatory and such other points as the Commission may direct. The gravel to be nine inches deep in the centre of the street and four inches on the gutter line, free from stone of improper size and well rolled. The proposer to state the price per cubic yard for grading, and per square yard for graveling. W. L. DEIGES, Commissioner 1st and 2d Wards, A. DENHAM, Assistant. —an 28—

NEW FALL GOODS.—BONNETS, &c. JUST RECEIVED AT BROWN'S CHEAP CASH STORE, Pennsylvania avenue, opposite Brown's Hotel, an assortment of pretty Mousselines, Cashmeres, Calicoes, &c., which will be sold cheap. Also a large assortment of Bleached and Brown Cottons, very cheap by the piece or yard. Also, six dozen Fall style Bonnets. —an 28—4tr

OYSTERS, ORTOLANS, REED-BIRDS, &c. RECEIVED THIS DAY fresh Norfolk Oysters, which will be served in all styles. Also the above delicious Birds, of which the undersigned will keep a supply—as well as all the delicacies of the season. Private supper rooms and parlors living in the country can be served at any hour with dinner, and Oysters for their friends or ladies. The subscriber respectfully requests a call from his friends. H. W. ALLAN, Empire Hotel and Restaurant, Pa. avenue, near 4 1/2 street. —an 28—eo

NOTICE. THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the Journeymen House Carpenters of Washington will be held on Monday evening, 31st September, at 8 o'clock, in the Council Chamber, City Hall. As the election of officers will take place, members are requested to be punctual in their attendance. By order of the Secretary. [an 28—TAS2]

\$50 REWARD. DAN AWAY, on the 4th instant, MARIA, belonging to Capt. Corky, Charles county, Maryland, aged 20 years. She is of ordinary size, without sufficient dark color. It is supposed she is in Washington. The above reward will be given for her if returned to the subscriber, or secured in jail. GEO. H. WATERS, su 23—34W3rd st. Aquasco, Prince George co., Md.

PRESERVING SUGARS. WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a large stock of standard white and clarified Sugars for Preserving, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. 125 barrels and boxes of standard Loaf, Crushed, Granulated, Powdered and Clarified Sugars. Also, the best quality and low-priced brown Sugars. JNO. B. KIBBEY & CO. su 23—12eod

PURE CIDER VINEGAR, &c. 30 BARRELS pure Cider Vinegar, 2 do. white Wine do. Fresh green Gingers, with the Jamaica Ginger. Dark and white Mustard Seed, Celery Seed, &c. All kinds of Spices used for Pickling, of the best quality. The above Vinegar is a superior article, and may be relied upon. For sale by JNO. B. KIBBEY & CO. su 23—12eod No. 5, opposite Centre Market.

WHITE BRANDY. HALF PICECH best white French Brandy for Peaches. We shall be pleased to present our customers with a recipe for preserving them with Brandy in a superior manner and with but little trouble. For sale by JNO. B. KIBBEY & CO. su 23—12eod

A CARD.—Owing to the change which has lately been made in G. W. Yerby's business, the subscribers have put down the price of a number of copies of the *Vegetable Tincture* for the purpose of reducing and running off the stock, preparatory to laying in full supplies. Persons wanting *Dr. Goods* at, and in many cases less than the original price, will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we want room and money. YERBY & MILLER. su 23—12eod

TAYLOR & MAURY, Bookellers and Stationers, Pennsylvania avenue, near 9th street, have constantly on hand a full assortment of BLANK BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS, PENS, INK, and PAPER, of every variety, for sale at New York prices. —an 28—

STILL ANOTHER of our most talented and highly respectable citizens speaks for HARKNOR'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray, July 18, 1851. Having been afflicted for more than a year with the spinal disease, and having tried every remedy that was prescribed by some of the first physicians, without success, I had my attention directed to the *Vegetable Tincture* by a friend to try a bottle of "Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture," which relieved her of her pain in less than twenty-four hours. I am anxious to say that the medicine took it she has been free from pain, and she is gradually gaining strength, which I attribute entirely to the restorative properties of this medicine. I tell you we were more extensively used, it would do more good in the removal of such diseases incident to the human family than what is usually prescribed. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, ROBERT KERN, Principal Western P. H. Dispensary. Call and get pamphlet and see certificates of wonderful cures. For sale by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Baltimore street, General Agents. C. C. Berry, Alexandria, Va. Jy 16—3mf

NEW DRY GOODS. MAGRUDER & CALVERT, Pennsylvania avenue, between 8th and 9th streets, have just received a fresh supply of reasonable DRY GOODS, which they will run off at very low prices. Their stock is large and assortment complete. —an 4—

STOP!—AT GEO. HILBES'S MUSICAL DEPOT, south side of Pennsylvania avenue, one door from 10th street, and across the street from the National Hotel, a large stock of superior French Accordeons, Pianos, Instruction Books for different instruments, Violin, Guitar, Violoncello, and Tenor strings, of the best quality. —an 21—2r

REV. BILLY HIBBARD'S PILLS. SO widely celebrated for Bilious affections, Sick Headaches, and the Pile for Dyspepsia, Bilious and Liver affections, and Female complaints; Wright's Indian vegetable Pills, and Hurd's Pills, for sale by A. GRAY, Bookeller, 7th st., opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall. Also for sale by Dr. H. W. WOODRUFF, Druggist, cor. of 7 and 11th streets. Jy 26—60

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP. THE SUBSCRIBER has associated with him in the Dry Goods business E. P. MILLINGTON, of Jefferson county, Virginia, the copartnership to take effect from the 15th inst. The business for the future will be conducted under the firm of YANNEY & MILLER. W. YERBY. In entering upon the above arrangement, the subscriber deems it proper, and is happy to have it in his power, to offer to his friends and the public generally his sincere thanks for their liberal support and patronage during the time he has been in business, and to express his warm feelings a continuation of past favors, assuring all that the arrangement has been made under the most flattering circumstances, and the facilities of the new firm will be the best for doing a larger and more extended business, on the best and most advantageous principles to buyers. Persons having unsettled accounts with me will please call on them as early as possible, and settle the same, either with the cash or notes at short dates, as they will see the necessity of my winding up the old business, on 19—11mf [Nat. Intel. editmf]

CONNECTICUT HEALTH ASSOCIATION, Waterbury, Connecticut. GUARANTY CAPITAL - \$5,000. THIS is an association of persons formed for the mutual benefit and relief of each other in cases of sickness or accident. By the payment of the following annual rates you will benefit during life, if you should be afflicted by sickness or accident from attending to business. Yearly Deposit for Members under fifty years of age: By paying \$1.00 per year you will draw \$200 per week. " 3.00 " " " 400 " " 4.00 " " " 600 " " 5.00 " " " 700 " " 6.00 " " " 800 " " 7.00 " " " 900 " " 8.00 " " " 900 " " Those over fifty years of age will be charged 25 per cent extra. An admission fee of \$1.50 will be charged the first year in addition to the above, and must be paid at the time of making the application, and the first year's deposit within thirty days. Certificates of membership are granted to FEMALES upon the same terms as above, not exceeding \$400 per week. JOHN DEACON, M. D., President. REV. CHAS. FABRIQUE, Vice Pres. W. B. LOUNSBURY, Secy and Treas. H. H. WOODRUFF, Agent for the District of Columbia, Office at his Drug Store, corner of F and 11th streets, su 14—1y

WANTS. A Servant Woman Wanted.—A servant (a slave preferred) competent to cook and wash for a family, and to do general housework, applying at the Drug Store, corner of E and Seventh streets, su 7—1r J. F. CALLAN.

WANTED.—To purchase or hire, for a term of years, a COLORED WOMAN, from 20 to 36 years of age. Inquire of J. GLADMAN, cor. of 9th and M streets, su 7—1r

MRS. ESTHER MOFFETT, 7th street, opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall, has received to-day an assortment of Ladies' Outfittings, Jenny Lind Ear-rings, Velvet Ribbons, Elastic Shave-cases, Under-slides, &c. Also, English knit Suspenders, Mohair Stocks, white and colored Shirts, two rich China tea sets for children. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture kept constantly for sale. —an 21—4r

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c. We are now receiving, by ship Liverpool, and from American manufacturers, large additions to our stock, which we sell at very low prices. CAMPBELL & COYLE,