

### Citizens of Washington in Prison at Havana.

Mr. J. P. Hilton, of this city, has kindly permitted us to copy the following letter:

U. S. FLAG-SHIP SARANAC,  
Havana, September 8, 1851.

Sir: I enclose, herewith, a copy of a note received by me from your brother, Thomas Hilton, who was one of the unfortunate men captured in the late expedition under Lopez. I used every exertion to see the prisoners, but was not permitted to do so, it being contrary to the regulations ordered to be observed in regard to them by the Government here. I understood, however, yesterday, that your brother was quite well, from the Consul and several Americans who have seen him. The prisoners were embarked and sailed to-day, for Spain.

I am, sir, respectfully,  
Your obedient servant,  
F. A. PARKER,  
Commanding Home Squadron.  
Mr. JOHN P. HILTON, Washington, D. C.

[copy.]  
Havana, in Prison,  
September 9, 1851.

DEAR SIR: I am a prisoner among those who were taken in the late expedition under General Lopez. If you can do any thing for me I will be much obliged to you. I wish to inform my friends at the city of Washington, viz: my brother, John P. Hilton, Major Scott, Colonel T. P. Andrews, John C. Rives, Jesse E. Cole, and others, of my situation, and to request them to lend me their assistance, and any thing which you, personally, on account of your influence, can do for me, will be thankfully received.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,  
(Signed) THOMAS HILTON.

To Commodore PARKER, Havana.

[The above date should have been the 7th, instead of the 9th.]

HAVANA, Sept. 11, 1851.

Sir: Having seen the names of Robert Ellis and Thomas Hilton, of Washington, in the list of prisoners brought here on the 29th of August, of those who had been captured by the Spanish forces in the expedition which invaded the island under Gen. Lopez, and that they being accessible to all who should wish to visit them, I went and there recognized Mr. Thomas Hilton, whom I knew when I was a boy in Washington. He requested me to write to you and acquaint you of his situation, and to let you know that he is a prisoner of the Spanish government, he having enlisted in the expedition that left New Orleans under Gen. Lopez, for the purpose of aiding the Cubans in their effort to gain their independence; and after fighting several battles with the Spanish troops, finding the Cubans recreant to their cause, and finding themselves entirely deceived, without food, without ammunition, they surrendered, availing themselves of the terms the Government offered them. Apart from being a prisoner, he is in the possession of good health and in good spirits, and sends his love to you and all your family; advising, should you be able to exercise, or cause to be exercised, any influence with the Spanish minister at Washington in his favor, that you should do so.

Young Ellis was not among them, and I believe he still remains in the city, having been sent to a hospital, in consequence of having received a severe wound in the hand.

At the instance of the *English Consul* here, about \$1,200 were collected among the English and American residents, which was expended in clothes and provisions for them. They left here in the Spanish ship "Primera de Guadalupe" for Cadix, on the 8th instant. Hoping that the liberty I take in writing to you may be considered as suggested by the desire to serve a fellow-being.

I remain, with much respect, your ob't serv't,  
RAMON O. WILLIAMS.

The following published letter may here be added:

HAVANA CITY PRISON, Sept. 7, 1851.

We the undersigned, officers and men now incarcerated in the city prison of Havana, on account of our participation in the late expedition against the island of Cuba, under the command of Gen. Lopez, being about to embark for Spain, cannot refrain from expressing our heartfelt gratitude to Joseph F. Crawford, Consul General of her Britannic Majesty, and Mr. W. Sydney Smith, British Consul at this place. To Mr. J. S. Thrasher, and to the American and British citizens of Havana generally, we also owe a debt of deep and lasting gratitude. To them we owe all that we have been enabled to overcome many of the difficulties and sufferings we would have otherwise undergone. To them we owe a debt of gratitude we would willingly express by words, but language fails us; hoping, however, that should we be spared to return to our homes, we may have an opportunity of repaying, in part, the debt we owe. Should such not be the case, we sincerely pray that God, the Ruler of the universe and lover of good acts, may repay them by bestowing upon them in this world all the blessings that a Divine Providence can bestow; and after death, by a reward more lasting still, life eternal.

(Signed) Major Louis Schlessinger, Captain R. H. Ellis, Captain Robert M. Grider, Lieut. D. Winborn, Lieut. Edmund H. McDonald, and 133 others.

[From the Southern Press of this morning.]

CUBA.—We have seen a letter from a gentleman of responsibility, which confirms, in the most ample manner, the accounts of the mutilation of the remains of the fifty men who were executed at Havana. We shall probably publish the letter at length. It states, also, that after the battles which occurred between the invaders and Spaniards, the latter bayoneted their wounded foes when in their power.

These facts are decisive of the character of Spanish rule. If the execution of the party of fifty has excited, even in Europe, one universal emotion of horror and disgust, what is the sentiment that must be pronounced on the desertion of General Concha declared he would liberate the remaining prisoners, but for the outrage on the Spaniards at New Orleans. We don't believe a word of it. On the contrary, we believe the demonstrations of excitement at New Orleans, New York, and other places, when the news of the fate of the fifty arrived, saved the lives of all prisoners afterwards taken. And we don't envy the feelings or the disposition of the editors in this country who joined in ascribing piracy, robbery, and murder to the invaders, and gave countenance and color to the more than Indian barbarity that was adopted towards our fellow countrymen. As for the American consul, we have deferred expressing our opinion until now, for we thought him an amiable and estimable man. But the circular we publish to-day, and the verdict of the prisoners, are decisive. His case is beyond the reach of a defence.

The Savannah Georgian proposes the following Presidential ticket to the Democracy: For President, George M. Troup, of Georgia; Vice President, James K. Paulding, of New York.

## AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

WASHINGTON:  
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 24.

EXCHANGE PAPERS.—We continue to receive by every mail newspapers containing our little card "To the Public," and asking an exchange. Our offer in that has been long since revoked.

See Postscript for the latest foreign news, reports of northern markets, &c. The Africa has followed close upon the Washington.

Enlargement of the Capitol.

The work on the foundation for the two new wings of the Capitol is going on, under the efficient and most admirable superintendence of Samuel Strong, esq., with great speed and vigor. No better stone-masonry work has ever before been executed in this country. It does "a firm and substantial man" good to look at it. The granite foundation walls are broad and strong, and look as if they might be everlasting. They are walls "as are walls." Three hundred perch of them are laid per day. The best sort of harmony prevails between the workmen and the superintendent. The latter is mild, yet firm; humane, yet rigorous to have every man do his duty. No superintendent was ever better liked by, or more popular with, the workmen under him, and none ever succeeded in getting more or better work done with the same number of workmen. Mr. Strong thus far deserves great praise, and he receives it from all who visit his scene of operations. By the time Congress assembles, he will have the foundation walls all finished and the superstructure commenced.

Not \$25,000 of the first appropriation of \$100,000 have yet been paid out for excavating the vast amount of dirt which has been carted off, for the purchase of granite, cement, lime, sand, &c., and for laying the foundation walls, culvert walls, &c., to their present height.

We are happy to learn that Mr. Strong and Mr. Walter, the architect, and Capt. Easby, the able and efficient Commissioner of Public Buildings, all act, in their respective official capacities, in harmony and good-fellowship with each other. This is as it should be. Success to all good men and good enterprises, say we.

We perceive in all the city papers (except our own) the advertisement of the Architect for sealed proposals for work and materials. Would it not be well to have this work performed here as far as possible?

FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Washington.

The steamer Washington from Southampton, with four days later advices from Europe, arrived at New York yesterday afternoon, bringing London dates to Wednesday, 10th instant, and one hundred and eighty passengers.

Great preparations were making at Southampton to receive Kossuth, who was daily expected in the steamer Mississippi.

The Spanish Ambassador had addressed a long letter to the London *Times*, refuting various articles copied from American papers relative to Cuban affairs. The expedition had created great excitement in commercial circles.

The Austrian loan was to be opened on the 9th; but no part was to be taken in London. Advices from the Cape of Good Hope to August last had reached London, but the news was still unsatisfactory. Sir H. Smith had made no movement of consequence.

Vienna advices to the 4th state that great uneasiness prevailed there on account of the late Austrian imperial decree, and a perfect panic prevailed in the money market.

The Continental news is uninteresting.

A letter from Capt. Parker, of the whale-ship True Love, giving an account of Capt. Austin's expedition up to the 13th of September, 1850, has been received at Liverpool, which fully confirms the report brought by the Prince Albert, that Sir John Franklin passed the winter of 1845 and '46 in the vicinity of Cape Riley. A letter to that effect had also been received from Capt. Kane, of the U. S. Expedition.

The U. S. frigate Mississippi ran ashore on the night of the 21st ult., in Smyrna bay, and would have to lighten in order to get off.

The Africa had arrived out in ten days, six hours, mean time.

Among the passengers by the Washington were Captain Brown and the crew of the yacht America.

Messrs. Braham & Co. had paid over the two hundred guineas, under protest, to Mr. Hobbs, being the reward offered to any one who could pick their lock.

The Peninsula and Oriental Steamship Company are building the largest steamer in the world, being 325 feet long, and worked by four engines of 1,200 horse power. They guarantee to perform the trip of 3,100 miles, from Southampton to Alexandria, in less than nine days.

The U. S. frigate Independence arrived at Gibraltar on the 31st of August.

The Baltic had arrived at Liverpool on the 9th, in ten days from New York.

The Liverpool cotton market on Tuesday was firmer, and sales of 10,000 bales at 1/4 advance since Friday.

The firmness in the London sugar market has not been maintained, and concessions have been demanded by purchasers.

Coffee was tolerably firm and a fair business doing at present rates.

Consuls closed at 9 3/4 @ 9 1/4.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.—Breakstuffs.—Lower qualities of flour were in better demand at Friday's rates, but better qualities were languid. Corn & lower. The best qualities were offered at 26s. @ 26s. 6d. The imports of breakstuffs were unusually small and the exports large. Another authority quotes prime flour in fair demand at former rates. The weather was cool and favorable for harvesting.

REDUCTION OF FARE BETWEEN BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.—The Baltimore *Argus*, of yesterday, says: "The people of Washington, through the columns of the *Telegraph*, are discussing the question of a reduction of fare between this city and Washington. The fare is too much, and should by all means be reduced. Such a high price is not paid by passengers on any railroad in the country as upon the Washington branch of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. This high price is a ruinous tax upon Baltimore enterprise and industry, and we shall, to the best of our ability, aid our friends of the *Telegraph* in bringing about a reduction."

The Virginia Democratic Convention meets this day at Staunton. The nomination for Governor lies between Gov. Floyd and Gov. Johnson.

## A Defence of the Gardiner Claim.

Washington, Sept. 24, 1851.

The erudite and learned editor of the *Richmond Whig*, who was Secretary of the Board of Commissioners on Claims against Mexico at the time the award to Dr. George A. Gardiner was made, has come out in a defence of that award, and of the Commissioners who made it. His defence is copied from the *Richmond Whig* into the *National Intelligencer* of this morning. The editor of the *Whig* says that he, as Secretary to the Board of Commissioners, has never been assailed by those who have, as he knows, most unjustly assailed the astute, upright and sturdy honest Commissioners. He winds up his article as follows:

"Besides all this, we, who knew all the facts of the case, and the relations of Mr. Corwin, Mr. Corcoran, and all the rest to it, know that every fraudulent fact alleged in the story published was a folly or a fiction; and not a single matter has yet come to our knowledge to effect our clear persuasion that Dr. Gardiner is perfectly innocent, and that it will be so established beyond a doubt."

It may not be out of place to propound a few interrogatories to the editor of the *Whig*, who professes to know so much about the Gardiner claim, and the conduct of those most interested in and connected with it, and who is esteemed as a courteous gentleman, ready to impart information to the public when respectfully called upon to do so.

Can the late Secretary of the Board of Commissioners tell what has become of the furniture, bought at a price of \$2,700, for the furnishing of the rooms of the Commission?

Was there not bought, for the disposal of the officers of the Commission, an amount of books, such as *Souvenirs, Annals, &c.*, at a cost of \$300; and if so, who made way with those books?

Was there not an iron safe manufactured in New York, by Herring & Co., for the Commission, at a cost, transportation and incidental charges included, of \$700?

Did not the late Secretary of the Commission, who now edits the *Whig*, sell that safe, without any law or right to do so, to Messrs. Galt & Brother, of this city, for \$200?

Did not Mr. Zantinger, of the State Department, refuse to receive the proceeds of the sale of said safe, upon the ground that the Secretary had no right or authority of law to sell it?

Did not the Secretary thereupon deposit the \$200 with Corcoran & Riggs, to the credit of the United States treasury, where the sum now remains?

Did not Mr. Fisher, the commissioner adjudicating the claims against Brazil, apply to President Fillmore for the use of the aforesaid safe, as soon as the Board for which it had been manufactured should cease to need it, and obtain the President's assent to his application?

And when Mr. Commissioner Fisher applied, at the proper quarters for the safe, was he not astonished by being told there was no safe there—that it had been sold?

Among the printed *Rules* of the late Board of Commissioners on Mexican claims, was the following positive direction:

"Every memorial so filed must be addressed to the Commissioners, and must set forth minutely and particularly the facts and circumstances whence the right to prefer such claim is derived to the claimant, and it must be verified by his oath or affirmation."

Dr. Gardiner's memorial was verified by his oath. So was J. Carlos Gardiner's memorial in favor of his brother's claim, endorsed by his oath. It was upon these oaths that the Grand Jury found, against those who took them, true bills of perjury.

But there was another memorial before the Board of Commissioners relative to the same Gardiner claim. It was William W. Corcoran's memorial, signed by him, who claimed that he had purchased one-fourth of the Gardiner claim, and asked that one-fourth of the award upon said claim should be made to him. It was so made. But he did not, and was not by the Board required, to swear to his memorial. Why were the rules of the Board set at naught in this case, and Mr. Corcoran, the banker, granted an exemption not extended to anybody else? Can the late Secretary of the Board explain?

Mr. Corcoran subsequently, at the time J. Carlos Gardiner was hailed, swore in court that he had purchased no part of, and owned no interest in, the Gardiner claim. Can the late Secretary of the Board, who knows all about the connexion of Mr. Corwin and Mr. Corcoran with the Gardiner claim, account for Mr. Corcoran's singular course of proceeding in this crooked matter?

Can and will he tell the public the exact amount of money which Mr. Secretary Corwin realized from the Treasury, through his connexion with, and interest in, the Gardiner award?

Can and will he tell the public who it was that purchased a fourth of the Gardiner claim, if it was not Mr. Corcoran?

Can and will he tell the public whether Mr. Thomas Corwin sold to George Law, esq., the whole, or only a part, of his interest in the Mexican claims, for the sum of \$80,000, more or less?

These things will be ascertained and told to the public, by Congress, even if the late Secretary of the Board of Commissioners on Mexican claims does not or cannot do it.

COMMENTATOR.

The Mexican Boundary Commission.

Was not the appointment of Mr. Bartlett, as Boundary Commissioner, a blunder? Major McClellan, of the Topographical Corps, who first went out on the Commission to act in concert with the Commissioner, had a difficulty with Mr. Bartlett. He could not avoid it. Next, Major Graham, also of the Topographical Corps, who succeeded Major McClellan, had a difficulty with the Commissioner. A letter from that region, published in the *St. Louis Republican*, says:

"Perhaps you will hear something more than I can tell you about the Boundary Commission. There is all sorts of trouble on it. The Commission is at a dead halt. Mr. Bartlett is at war with Col. Graham, the Astronomer of the Commission, and is thought to be quite disqualified for his place. Mr. Bartlett is a good botanist, and has some other scientific knowledge, but has no knowledge of camp life, and cannot properly control such a party as he has under him. Col. Graham insists that he has the right to fix the initial point, or point of departure. Mr. Bartlett, in a certain interview, occasioned by the absence of Major McClellan, fixed this point much to the satisfaction of the Mexican Commission; but Col. Graham, as I understand, claimed the centre of the plaza at El Paso as the initial point."

Hon. J. P. CRITTENDEN, ATTORNEY GENERAL.—We learn, with deep regret, that still further afflictions attend this distinguished gentleman. He was in New York on Monday, detained by the illness of a son.

Messrs. Editors: I like your post. Mr. Plutarch Puffer; and perceive one, and only one proof of his being a quadruped,—viz: that he has a car at his heels. PUG.

## THE CONTINENTAL GUARDS.—The first meeting for forming this company was held last evening according to announcement. There was a good attendance, and a fine spirit prevailed.

John L. Smith was called to the chair, and Ephraim Wheeler appointed secretary. Twenty-seven names were enrolled, and committees appointed to make all requisite preliminaries. The second meeting will be held on Friday evening.

The 2d canto of "Common-Tater" is received; but has not merit sufficient to entitle it to publication.

Review of the Northern Markets for yesterday.

Office of the American Telegraph, Sep. 24.

BALTIMORE, Sep. 23, 6 p. m.—Small sales of Howard street and City Mills flour were made to-day at \$3.87 1/2.

PHILADELPHIA, Sep. 23, 6 p. m.—Stocks are quiet; Reading shares 47 1/2.

Sales of 500 barrels flour at \$4 for State brands. Rye flour \$3 1/2. Corn meal \$2.90.

Sales of red wheat at \$1.85, and white at \$1.85. Sales of yellow corn at 6c. Rye 6c. Oats 32 @ 33c.

NEW YORK, Sep. 23, 6 p. m.—Sales of 9000 bbls. flour at \$4.75 @ \$4.87 1/2 for State brands; \$4.06 @ \$4.31 for Genesee. Rye flour \$3.25. Jersey corn meal \$2.12 1/2.

Sales of Michigan white wheat at 92c. Sales of 40,000 bushels mixed corn at 59 @ 60c. Rye 70c.

Sales of new season pork \$12 1/2 and prime at \$13.25. Sales of 150 bbls. beef at \$10.50 @ \$11 for mess, and \$9 for primes. Lard 9 @ 9 1/2c.

Sales of 200 bags 50c coffee at 8 1/2 @ 8 3/4c, and 100 hhd. New Orleans sugar at 6 1/2c.

Cotton is quiet. Sales of 800 bales at 9 1/4c for middling Upland.

Whisk 25c.

Washington Light Infantry.—A special meeting of the Corps will be held this (Wednesday) evening, at 7 1/2 o'clock. By order of the Captain. B. F. BREWER, Secretary.

The Union Literary and Debating Society will meet this (Wednesday) evening, September 24, at 7 1/2 o'clock, at the Georgetown College, corner of 7th and 12th streets. It will be delivered by one of the members, and there will be a debate upon the question, "Ought the Greek and Latin languages to be expunged from the course of study in the colleges, and Spanish substituted?" The public are invited to attend.

ACACOSTIA, CANAL, AND POTOMAC Steamboat Company.—An adjourned meeting of stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of George Page, esq., at the foot of 7th street west, on Thursday evening, 26th instant, at 7 o'clock. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be laid before the meeting. By order, GEORGE PAGE.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR RENT and Board Wanted.—A small family having a house too large for their use wishes to rent it, and desires persons to furnish it, with board for one or two persons. Address "HOUSE," office of the American Telegraph.

A GREAT BARGAIN. FOR SALE, at the Restaurant under Brown's Hotel, 73 DOZEN LADIES' white, colored, and black Kid Gloves, a very good quality, at 25c. Also the following at 87 1/2c. each, of Alexander's make and Stewart's imitation:

3 do. Ladies' white, all numbers  
3 do. Ladies' black, do  
4 do. Ladies' white, black, and assorted colors, all numbers.

Persons in want of a very superior Glove will do well to give us a call, as our stock is as good as any in this country. YERBY & MILLER.

NEW FANCY AND MILLINERY GOODS! Opening at the New Store on Sixth street.

Mrs. C. P. FLETCHER, of Washington, and visitors, to examine her complete assortment of FANCY AND MILLINERY GOODS, now opening. Her stock has been selected with great care, personally, at the most fashionable stores in Paris, and is of the highest quality. Call and see, before purchasing elsewhere.

Ladies and Gentlemen wishing choice Toilet articles for present or use on the continent, will do well to call on the proprietor, at the corner of 6th and 7th streets, near the corner of Louisiana avenue, and rear of the National and Brown's Hotels.

KID GLOVES AT 62 1/2 CENTS! 73 DOZEN LADIES' white, colored, and black Kid Gloves, a very good quality, at 25c. Also the following at 87 1/2c. each, of Alexander's make and Stewart's imitation:

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Persons in want of a very superior Glove will do well to give us a call, as our stock is as good as any in this country. YERBY & MILLER.

PROPOSALS will be received until Friday next (inclusive) for doing the necessary excavation to change the course of the Creek through square 630, to the court now building, and also to turn the stream of the creek into the street, and to build a sewer, and to lay out the earth to form the necessary embankments. The work must be commenced immediately, or done as soon as possible, with as large a force as can be worked to advantage. None need bid that are not prepared to do this. FRA. K. LORD, Commissioner Third and Fourth Wards.

\$50 REWARD—LOST. A LARGE MORAVIAN POCKET-BOOK, very much worn and wrapped in a piece of brown paper. It contained a pocket for each month in the year, and had in it a large amount of notes of hand, several deeds of trust, fire insurance policy, &c. Some of the notes are dated in the month of May, and are for the amount of all made payable to me. As I usually carried this Book to my dwelling every night to guard against fire, it might have been left on the seat of the Omnibus in which I went home on Saturday evening. Any person receiving it safely to me will receive the above reward. N. M. McCREGOR, 7th street, below D.

CITY ORDINANCES. AN ACT authorizing the extension of the Northern Market-house.

Be it enacted by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the City of Washington, That the Mayor and he be and he is hereby authorized to appoint as Commissioners, two citizens, freeholders, who, with the Mayor, shall be and they are to be, by contract, to build a market-house to 5th street west; the said extension to be built of the best materials, and the best workmanship, and to be completed by the 10th day of public notice by advertisement inviting proposals; the contractor being required to enter into bond, to the satisfaction of the Mayor and the said Commissioners, for the faithful execution of the work to the entire satisfaction of the Mayor and the said Commissioners, and for the fulfillment of his contract in every particular.

Be it enacted, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized to carry out the purpose of carrying into effect the first section of this act, the sum of five hundred dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated, payable out of any money to be paid out, or any money to the credit of the Third Ward not otherwise appropriated.

Be it enacted, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized to lay out a certain flag footway in the Third Ward.

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## WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 24.

Sun rises - 5h. 51m. | Sun sets - 5h. 55m.

Mr. E. W. Carr, newspaper agent, is the only authorized agent for this paper in Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. Office at the northeast corner of Third and Walnut streets.

The privileges of yearly advertisers will be confined strictly to their regular business, and all other advertisements, not pertaining to their regular business as agreed for, to be paid extra.

Every notice designed to call attention to private enterprises calculated or intended to promote individual interest, can only be inserted with the understanding that the same is to be paid for.

WANTED to rent for one year, a small BRICK HOUSE, furnished. Address A. B. office of the "Southern Press," Washington. sep 23-24

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Two LOAF BREAD BAKERS—a first and second hand. Apply to Union Bakery, cor. H & 18th sts, Pa. av. sep 23-24

WANTED—A good COOK—for a small family. Apply at the "Telegraph Office." sep 22-24

SELVANTS WANTED.—A first-rate COOK for a Retainer, and an OSTEOPHYSICIAN, will find permanent situation and good wages by applying immediately at A. LLEN'S Empire Restaurant, late King's Hotel, Pa. avenue, near 7 1/2 street. sep 22-24

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE, 16 or 17 years of age. A stout boy, well recommended, will hear of a good opportunity by applying at this office. sep 1-24

ODD-FELLOWS' HALL!!! BRAGGON WENT! Opening House! First Grand Bloomer Concert.

THE CELEBRATED CARNEGIE FAMILY respectfully announce a series of their illustrious Concerts at the above Hall, commencing on Monday evening, September 22nd; at 8 o'clock, by Messrs. F. J. CARNEGIE, Italian Opera Scenes, New and Popular Dances, Comic Singing, Yankee Burlesques, Sayings, &c., &c.—making altogether a grand and extraordinary entertainment. Tickets 25 cents. A change of programme nightly. Doors open at 7 1/2, Concert commences at 8 o'clock. sep 22-24

Washington and Alexandria Ferry-boat Company.—An adjourned meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held at the foot of 7th street west, on Thursday afternoon, 25th instant, at 4 o'clock. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be laid before the meeting. By order of the Chairman. sep 19-24

DOUBLE & SINGLE BARREL FOWLING-Pieces. Six, four, and single barrel Pistols Dixon & Son's Powder-Flasks, Shot-Pouches and Game-Bags. R. & S. Walker's G. D. and Morris & Brother's Percussion Caps, and all kinds of Gun Wrenches, Mains and other Springs, single and double Gun Locks, Cleaning