American Telegraph.

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AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON,
(EXCEPT SUNDAY,)
On 7th st., opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall,
BY CONNOLLY, WIMER & McGILL,
At Ten Cents a Week, or
TWO CENTS A SINGLE COPY.

To subscribers served by the carriers, the paper will be furnished regularly for *ten cents per week*, payable weekly. ☞ To mail subscribers, $5 a year; $2 50 for six months; $1 25 for three months; 50 cents a month. No paper mailed unless paid for in advance, and discontinued when the term paid for expires.

CASH TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Half square, (6 lines or less,) 25 cents for each insertion.			
1 square, 1 insertion . $0 50		1 square, 1 month . . . $4 00	
1 do 2 insertions 0 75		1 do 2 months . . 7 00	
1 do 3 insertions 1 00		1 do 3 months . . 10 00	
1 do 1 week 1 75		1 do 6 months . . 16 00	
1 do 2 weeks . . . 2 75		1 do 1 year 30 00	

Twelve lines (or over six) make a square—longer advertisements in exact proportion.

ADVERTISERS will please endeavor to send in their favors before 11 o'clock, if possible.

General Emigration and Passage Office,
No. 37 Burling Slip, New York, near Fulton Ferry.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that his arrangements are such for bringing out and forwarding passengers to and from Liverpool by the old and favorite Black Star Line of Packets, sailing to and from New York and Liverpool every week, as to ensure cheap and quick conveyances. The ships comprising this line are all new and first class packets, commanded by old and experienced commanders.

Also, Agent for the Star Line of Glasgow Packets, sailing every month. Also, Agent for the splendid Line of New York and Louisiana Line of New Orleans packets, sailing every week.

Drafts at sight furnished for any amount on England, Ireland, and Scotland. THOS. H. O'BRIEN,
mar 24— 37 Burling Slip, 2 doors from South st.

The New York and Liverpool United States Mail Steamers.

The ships comprising this line are the—
ATLANTIC, Capt. West.
PACIFIC, Capt. Nye.
ARCTIC, Capt. Luce.
ADRIATIC, Capt. Grafton.

These ships, having been built by contract, expressly for Government service, every care has been taken in their construction, as also in their engines, to insure strength and speed, and their accommodations for passengers are unequalled for elegance or comfort.

Price of passage from New York to Liverpool, $130; exclusive use of extra size state rooms, $325; from Liverpool to New York, £35.

An experienced Surgeon will be attached to each ship.

No berth can be secured until paid for.

☞ The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones, or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed.

For freight and passage apply to
EDWARD K. COLLINS, 56 Wall st., N. Y., or to
BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool.
E. G. ROBERTS & CO., 14, King's Arm Yard, London.
L. DRAPER, Jr., 8 Boulevard, Montmartre, Paris.
mar 24—d

PHILADELPHIA AND LIVERPOOL LINE OF PACKETS—Sailing from Philadelphia on the 5th, and from Liverpool on the 1st of every month.

Ship SHENANDOAH, Capt. Wm. H. West; Ship EUROPE, Captain William McDowell; Ship MARY PLEASANTS, Capt. Anthony Michaels.

The above first-class ships are built of the best materials, and commanded by experienced navigators.

Due regard has been paid to select models for speed, with comfort for passengers.

Persons wishing to engage passage for their friends can obtain certificates which will be good for eight months.

Those who wish to remit money can be accommodated with drafts for £1 sterling and upwards, at sight, without discount.

Goods for the continent will be forwarded free of expense of commission, if addressed to James McHenry, No. 5, Temple Place, Liverpool.

GEORGE McHENRY & CO.,
mar 24—d No. 37, Walnut street, Philadelphia.

PARKEVILLE HYDROPATHIC INSTITUTE.

AT a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Parkeville Hydropathic Institute, held fifth month 15th, 1850, Joseph A. Weder, M. D., was unanimously elected *Resident Physician* in the place of Dr. Dexter, resigned.

Having made various improvements, this institute is now prepared to receive an additional number of patients; and from Dr. Weder's well-known skill and *practical experience* in Europe, (acquired under Vincenz Preissnitz, the founder of the Hydropathic system,) and for several years past *in this country*, and particularly in the city of Philadelphia, (where he has had many patients,) the Managers believe the afflicted will find him an able and an attentive physician.

The domestic department being under the charge of a Steward and Matron, will enable the Doctor to devote to the patients whatever time may be necessary.

Application for admission to be made to
SAMUEL WEBB, *Secretary.*

Office No. 58 South Fourth street, residence No. 16 Logan square, Philadelphia.

General Description of the Parkeville Hydropathic Institute.

The main building is three stories high, standing back from the street about one hundred feet, with a semicircular grass plot in front, and contains thirty to forty rooms. The grounds around the house are tastefully laid out with walks and planted with trees, shrubs, &c. On the left of the entrance to these grounds is a cottage containing four rooms, used by male patients as a bathing house, with every convenience for "packing," bathing, &c.; on the right of the entrance, about two hundred feet distant, stands a similar cottage, used by the ladies for similar purposes.

In the rear of the Institute, at the distance of one hundred feet, are three other cottages, some eighty feet apart. One of these is the laundry, with a hydrant at the door; the other two are occupied by the servants.

The hydrant water is introduced into these cottages as well as into the main building, and all the waste water carried off by drains under ground.

THE WATER WORKS

Consist of a circular stone building, standing on the brow of a hill, surmounted by a large cedar reservoir containing five hundred barrels, brought from a never-failing spring of pure cold water in the side of the hill, by "a hydraulic ram," a self-acting machine of cast iron, that is kept constantly going, night and day, by the descent of the water from the spring. The surplus water is carried from the reservoir to a fountain in the water-works yard, surrounded by weeping willows. In the first story of the water-works is a circular room, containing the douche bath, which is a stream falling from a height of about thirty feet, and can be varied in size from half an inch to an inch and a half in diameter. Adjoining the douche room is a dressing room, with marble tables, &c.; the *rising douche* (for the cure of piles, &c.) is one of the most complete contrivances of the kind, being entirely under the control of the patient using the same.

There are many other appliances, which can be better understood by a personal examination. mar 24—

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS.

MOULTON & CO., Successors to JNO. FALCONER & Co., 64 Cedar and 22 Pine streets, New York, invite merchants visiting New York city to their immense stock of Foreign and Domestic, Fancy and Staple Dry Goods.

Their stock is entirely new, and, in addition, still receive by every steamer new and elegant styles, confined exclusively to this house, consisting of every variety of Dress Goods to be found in the French, German, English, and American markets, and at prices that will defy competitors.

Cash buyers and merchants generally will do well to call and examine our stock, as our goods are adapted to every section of the country, and we are resolved to spare no efforts to make it the interest of every merchant to favor us with their patronage.

JAMES S. MOULTON,
JAMES W. BARBER,
ZENAS NEWELL.
New York, March, 1851. mar 24—

VARNISHES, GUM COPALS, SPIRITS, TURPENTINE, AND AMERICAN LINSEED OIL.

50 cases Gum Copal, med. and fine Zanzibar, &c.
400 bbls superior Coach Body, Carriage Oil Cloth Polishing, Flowing, Scraping, Cabinet and Venitian Blind Varnishes, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.
10 bbls. Sign and Graining Varnish.
5 do white flowing do
5 do outside do do warranted.
5 do White do do for maps or whips.
10 do Iron Varnish.
20 do Painters' Japan.
100 do Spirits Turpentine, in glued bbls or half bbls.
1900 gallons American Linseed Oil.
10,000 lbs. pure White Lead, in oil, at manufacturers' prices.

Also, Gum Shellac, Sandrac, Litharge, Red Lead, Dry White Lead, in 100 lb. kegs, wholesale and retail, at the lowest market rates.

Persons purchasing the above will do well to call and examine for themselves.

N. B. Persons wanting Varnishes manufactured will please call, as the subscriber is prepared to manufacture all kinds. BENJ. C. HORNOR,
No. 8 La Grange street, running from Second to Third, between Market and Arch streets, Phila. mar 24—tf

To Persons out of Employment.
NEW PICTORIAL WORKS,
Just published by R. SEARS, and for sale at No. 128 Nassau street, New York.

AMERICAN GIFT BOOKS FOR 1851.—Agents are wanted to circulate the following new and beautiful works, (retail price, $2 50 per vol.) A new and complete

PICTORIAL HISTORY OF CHINA AND INDIA;

with a descriptive account of those countries and their inhabitants, from the earliest period of authentic history to the present time. In which the editor has treated not only of the historical events, but also of the manners, customs, religion, literature, and domestic habits of the people of those immense empires.

The embellishments are about two hundred, and of the first order, illustrating whatever is peculiar to the inhabitants, regarding their dress, domestic occupations, their mode of agriculture, commercial pursuits, arts, &c. They are accurate, and each one has been made expressly for the work.

The volume forms a large octavo, containing between five and six hundred pages, printed in the best style, and on good substantial white paper. It is furnished to agents, handsomely bound in muslin, gilt, or leather, as the purchaser may prefer, at a very liberal discount, when quantities of not less than twenty copies are ordered at one time.

THRILLING INCIDENTS OF THE WARS OF THE UNITED STATES;

comprising the most striking and remarkable events of the Revolution, the French war, the Tripolitan war, the Indian war, the second war with Great Britain, and the Mexican war; with three hundred engravings! Retail price, $2 50 per volume. Orders respectfully solicited.

SEARS' PICTORIAL FAMILY PUBLICATIONS are decidedly the best books that agents can possibly employ their time in supplying to the people of the United States. They are valuable for reference, and should be possessed by every family in this great republic. There is not a city or town in these United States, not even those of small importance, but contains many citizens to whom these works are indispensable. They are adapted to the literary wants of the Christian, the patriot, the statesman, and the domestic circle, got up in a superior style of art and workmanship; and are not only such books as will sell, but are such as an agent of good principle will feel free to recommend, and willing to see the purchaser again after they have been bought.

OUR PLAN.—The plan the publisher has so successfully carried out for several years, is the obtaining responsible men as agents, who are well known in their own counties, towns, and villages, and have time and disposition to circulate good and instructive books among their neighbors and friends. Any person wishing to embark in the enterprise will risk little in sending $25 or $50, for which he will receive an assortment as he may direct, at the wholesale cash prices.

Enterprising and active men of respectability and good address, would do well to engage in the sale of the above volumes; and all postmasters, clergymen, book pedlars, and newspaper agents, are respectfully requested to act as our agents. A handsome remuneration allowed to all who engage in their sale. For particulars address, post paid, ROBERT SEARS, 128 Nassau street, N. Y.

To publishers of newspapers throughout the United States:

Newspapers copying this advertisement entire, without any alteration or abridgment, (including this notice,) and giving it a few inside insertions, shall receive a copy of any of our $2 50 or $3 works, subject to their order, by sending direct to the publisher. mar 24—

The Baltimore and Philadelphia Steamboat Company
(ERICSSON LINE)

Have resumed their operations for the year with increased means of accommodating the trade between Philadelphia and Baltimore, in the most regular and expeditious manner, and at their former materially *reduced prices*, being, on dry goods, hardware, &c., only 10 cents per 100 pounds, and but half the price charged by other lines.

Persons wishing to avail themselves of the facilities and moderate prices of the Line, are advised to give explicit and positive directions for sending their goods to the Ericsson Line, and they should be particular to possess themselves of the receipts which are invariably given for their goods. In those are stated the price charged for transportation; and it will prove a protection against the double rates exacted by other lines, who have no published rates.

Goods destined for the West, South, or other places beyond Baltimore, forwarded promptly on the day of their arrival, with every care and attention, free of all charge whatever for this service, in the shape of commissions or otherwise.

NEW YORK.—Goods shipped from New York, or other places eastward of that city, should be distinctly consigned to A. GROVES, jr., Philadelphia, to insure their conveyance by this Line.

Freight to or from Baltimore, as above, 10 cents per 100 pounds. Coarse freights taken at still less rates.

The established character and known reputation of this company is an ample guarantee to those disposed to confide their property to the care of the company.

One or more of the company's boats leaves Philadelphia from the upper side of Chestnut street wharf every day, (Sunday excepted,) at 3 o'clock, arriving in Baltimore early next morning. Apply in Philadelphia to
A. GROVES, jr., Agent,
No. 19 South Wharves, above Chestnut st.

In like manner a boat leaves Baltimore, daily, (Sunday excepted,) at half-past 2 o'clock.

Apply in Baltimore to
J. A. SHRIVER, Agent, No. 3 Light st.,
mar 24— near the Depot of the B. & O. R. R.

New York India Rubber Warehouse.

D. HODGMAN, 27 Maiden Lane and 59 Nassau street, (first corner from Broadway,) New York. Factory foot of Twenty-fourth street, East River.

Merchants throughout the United States are respectfully informed that my spring stock of India Rubber Goods will be found far superior to any before offered, having bestowed upon each individual article the benefit of my long experience in manufacturing, which enables me to warrant entire satisfaction.

Among the most important, I would call attention to my extensive stock of Carriage Cloth, of all widths, from 3-4 to 6-4 inclusive, and made on the choicest drills and of the best of gum. Purchasers will find that it will neither crack, peel, nor become sticky, as is the case with much that has been and continues to be sold in this city.

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING,

Consisting of Coats, Cloaks, Capes, Pouches, Pants, Overalls, Leggings, Boots, Caps, &c., now so extensively worn by farmers, physicians, drivers, sea captains, sailors, &c.

Baptismal Pants, manufactured expressly for the clergy.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves—a perfect cure for chapped hands by wearing them for a short time, at the same time bleaching and rendering them soft and delicate. These Gloves are also much worn by Hatters, Tanners, Masons, &c., being a perfect protection against acid and lime.

Machine Belting and Steam Packing,

in every variety, and cheaper and better than any thing which can be substituted for either.

Also, a large stock of Overshoes, Garden and Engine Hose, Whips, Horse Covers, Horse Fenders, Hoof Boots, Beds, Life Preservers, Breast Pumps, Syringes, Tobacco Wallets, Finger Stalls, Paper Holders, Door Springs, &c., &c., besides an immense stock of

India Rubber Balls,

and other fancy articles, such as Elastics, Dolls, Dogs, and other animals of various kinds. Pure Rubber Cement for hatters' use. All orders executed with despatch.

mar 24— D. HODGMAN.

STIMSON & CO.'S
New York, New Orleans, and Mobile Express,

CONNECTING with the swiftest and most responsible expresses between the principal towns in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Lower Canada, New York State, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbia, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, the Western States generally, the Mississippi and Alabama river towns, and the prominent places in Georgia and the Carolinas.

Our facilities are so extensive and perfect that we can secure the safe and speedy transportation of freight, trunks, packages, and valuable parcels, from one end of the country to the other, and between the most remote points.

From our many years' experience in the express business, while connected with Messrs. Adams & Co., and our numerous advantages in other respects, (not the least of which is the confidence and patronage of the New York community,) we feel assured that we shall never cease to give the most entire satisfaction to our friends, the jewellers, bankers, and merchants generally.

We beg leave to call attention to our California Express from New Orleans, and our Express between New Orleans and Mobile.

Offices: St. Charles Hotel Building, New Orleans, and 19 Wall street, New York. mar 24—tf

NEW YORK JOURNAL OF MEDICINE and the Collateral Sciences for March, 1851.—The March number of this well established journal is now before the public, containing original communications from the following talented writers of the Medical Profession: W. H. Van Buren, M. D., case of ovarian tumor, in which death resulted from entero-peritonitis arising from a novel cause, illustrated by a plate; remarks on tetanus, by Ezra P. Bennet, M. D., of Connecticut; rupture of bladder, by J. Kneeland, M. D.; reports of hospital cases, by F. D. Lente, M. D., and others of much interest by Drs. Sweat, Church, and Star.

The Foreign and American Medical Retrospect is full and complete; Bibliographical notices of all the late English and American Medical works, &c.

Published every other month, at $5 per annum; each number containing 144 pages.

Specimen number sent to any part of the country gratis on application, post paid, to R. F. HUDSON, Agent,
mar 24— 39 Wall street, New York.

IRISH EMIGRANT SOCIETY.
Office, No. 1 Reade Street, New York.

IN consequence of the great number of complaints which have for a long time been made by Emigrants, of frauds committed upon them in the sending of money to their friends in Ireland, and to aid and protect the Emigrant, the Irish Emigrant Society established a fund, deposited in the Bank of Ireland, upon which they draw drafts, payable at sight, at any of the branches of the Bank.

Persons residing out of the city, by enclosing in a letter the sum they wish forwarded, with the plainly written direction to whom and where it is to be paid, will have the same remitted.

There is a great advantage in purchasing the Society's drafts—that the Bank has a branch in each of the principal towns in Ireland, and thus the losses by discount, and otherwise, are avoided.

The Society keeps an office at No. 22 Spruce street, to which Emigrants can apply to obtain situations for which they are fitted.

Orders from employers in the country, stating the services required, the wages, and the cheapest modes of conveyance, and giving a respectable reference, will meet with prompt attention.

The Society will be thankful for all circumstantial and early information of any fraud, imposition, or outrage committed on Emigrants, and will endeavor speedily to apply a remedy. GREGORY DILLON, President.

HUGH KELLY,
JAMES MATHEWS, } Vice Presidents.
JAMES REYBURN,

EDWARD C. DONNELLY, Corresponding Secretary.
KIERNAN B. DALY, Recording Secretary.
JOSEPH STUART, Treasurer.

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Charles M. Nanry,	John Nicholson. mar 24—

Hardware, Cutlery, Edge Tools, &c.

CHARLES S. LITTLE, IMPORTER and general dealer in English, German, and American Hardware, Cutlery, Edge Tools, &c., 33 and 34 Fulton street, opposite the United States Hotel, N. York, respectfully invites the attention of Merchants, making their purchases, to his very extensive assortment, comprising every thing in the line, and to which new and constant supplies are being added. His variety of Tools is adapted to all the various branches of mechanics, especially Coopers and Carpenters. Particular attention given to all orders, all of which are offered at the lowest market prices for cash or on approved credit:

Cut and Wrought Nails, Locks and Latchets
Knives and Forks, Pen and Pocket Knives
Razors, Scissors and Shears, in great variety
Skates, Slates, Sleigh Bells, loose and strapped
Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Forks, Scythes and Snathes
Rifles, Black Lead Pots, and Sand Crucibles
Pumps, for wells or cisterns; Force Pumps and Hydraulic Rams
Ames' Pump, Augers and Runivers
Turkey Oil Stone, dressed and undressed
Scotch Water of Ayr Stone, for marble polishers
Coopers' Tools, in great variety, of the most celebrated manufacturers, Albertson, Conger, Horton, Barton, and others
Coachmakers' Tools
House and Ship Carpenters' Tools
Blacksmiths' Tools, Cabinet makers' Trimmings
House and Ship builders' Hardware
House furnishing Hardware, in great variety
Iron, Brass, Copper, and Steel wire
Genuine Haarlem Oil, and Nuremberg Salve.
mar 24—

J. H. HAVENS, W. MYER, & CO.,
Inventors and Manufacturers of the Ethiopian and Fire proof Paint, Wilmington, Clinton co., Ohio.

W. MYERS, No. 319 Main street, near 8th, Cincinnati, Ohio, to whom all orders must be addressed. The superiority of this paint over all other, for carriage, house, and ship painting, will be seen in its rapid sale. It is not over four months since this paint has been introduced into market, and our agent has been able to order one hundred tons. The paint is ground in oil, and put up ready for use, from the finest black down to any shade to suit the fancy.

Also, inventors and manufacturers of *Tanners' Blacking.* This article is so universally approbated by all who have used it, that it scarcely needs commendation. But to give confidence to those who may not have tried it, we would say that Z. C. Ryon, foreman to A. M. Taylor & Co., Columbia street, Cincinnati, has authorized us to use his name as a recommendation to tanners in general. To all who know Mr. Z. C. Ryon this would be sufficient; but all tanners in the city and country, who have used it, have granted us this privilege. If it were necessary we could fill a newspaper with testimonials; but where all who use are pleased we deem it uncalled for.

The Tanners' Blacking is put up in kegs containing six gallons, ready for use, and will be sent to any point on the canal, railroad, or river, at fifty cents per gallon.

All orders should be addressed, post paid, to
HAVENS & CARROL,
Wilmington, Clinton co., Ohio; or
J. H. HAVENS, Cincinnati.

Also, inventors and manufacturers of a *Water-proof Blacking for Oil-cloth*, that will reduce the cost fifty per cent., and will soon be in market. mar 24

FREEMAN HODGES & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS, 58 LIBERTY STREET, New York, (between Broadway and Nassau,) are now receiving a rich and beautiful assortment of Fancy Silk and Millinery Goods, to which we would particularly invite the attention of all Cash Purchasers, and will make it an object for them to give us a call, as we are determined to sell our assortment, for Cash, lower than ever before offered in this market.

Milliners can supply themselves with every article in their line, at about the cost of Importation or Auction prices. Many of our goods are manufactured expressly for our own sale, and cannot be surpassed for beauty or low prices.

Rich Hat and Cap Ribbons, a large variety
Silks and Satins for Bonnets
Embroidered Capes, Collars, Cuffs, and Chemisetts
Embroidered Edgings and Insertings, Swiss and Muslin
Thread, Brussels Valencienne, Silk, and Lisle Thread Laces
Embroidered Reverie and Plain Linen Cambric Hkfs.
Gloves and Mits, Kid, Silk, Lisle Thread, and Sewing Silk
Scarfs, Cravats, and Dress Hkfs.
Swiss, Jaconet, Book Muslins, and Bishop Lawns
Embroidered, Damask, and Plain Canton Crape Shawls
A full assortment of Straw Goods
French and American Artificial Flowers
With a large variety not mentioned above.

All wishing to avoid paying long prices will make money by calling and satisfying themselves. [mar 24—tf

SEED AND AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE, TOOLS, &c., &c.—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—No. 194½ *Market Street, Philadelphia.*—We offer to our friends and customers the largest assortment of Agricultural Implements, Garden Tools, and Seeds ever offered in this market, consisting in part of the following, viz:

PROUTY & MEARS' Patent Highest Premium Self-sharpening PLOUGHS, right and left handed Side Hill Subsoil, of various sizes, of superior materials and workmanship, warranted to give satisfaction, or the money returned. *Four Highest Premiums awarded* to these PLOUGHS at the New York State Fair for 1850. Also, Beaches and Bar Share Ploughs.

Spain's Improved Barrel Churn, constructed in such a manner that the dasher may be removed from the inside of the Churn by simply unscrewing the handle from the dasher.

Hay, Straw, and Corn Stalk Cutters in great variety, among which may be found Harvey's superior Premium Straw Cutter, of every size.

Also, Horse Powers, Threshing Machines, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Cheese Presses, Seed Planters, Dirt Scrapers, Sugar Mills, Ox Yokes and Bows, Turnip Drills, Horse Rakes, Grain Cradles, Expanding and Extra Cultivators, Harrows, Snathe, Scythes, Concaved Hoes, Spring tempered Cast Steel Oval and Square tined Manure and Hay Forks, Pruning Shears and Chisels, Beach and Bar Shear Repairing Pecles and Castings, Peruvian, Patagonia and Prepared Guano, together with a complete assortment of Grass, Garden, and Field Seed, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices, at 194½ Market street, Phila.
mar 24—tf PROUTY & BARRETT.

French and German Looking-Glass Depot,
No. 75 Baltimore Street.

BARRATT & DEBBET, Carvers and Gilders, manufacturers of every variety of Plain and Ornamental Looking-Glass and Picture Frames, Window Cornices, Brackets, Bracket Tables, Ceiling Mouldings, &c., &c. Also constantly on hand, a full assortment of Gilt and Mahogany Framed Looking Glasses. Old work regilt, glasses inserted in old Frames, &c. Prices low and work unsurpassed in beauty of finish and durability by any other establishment. The public is respectfully invited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

SCHNIEWIND & CO.,

IMPORTERS, No. 88 Market street, Philadelphia; No. 102 Broadway, New York, are now receiving and offer for sale, at Market prices, an excellent assortment of the following goods:

Cloths and Doeskins, of Gevers & Schmidt, Schnabel's, Rockschurmann & Schroeder, and others, consigned to them direct from the manufacturers.

French, Swiss, and German Silks, Fancy and Staple Goods, of the best makes and styles, suitable for the spring season.

Also, sole agency for the United States of J. M. Caron & Co.'s Fancy Gilt and Silk Buttons, and other fabrics.
mar 24—

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

A Loud Call to Great Britain for Sympathy at home.

The disposition to pull the mote out of our brother's eye is stronger than that to pull the beam out of our own. The philanthropy which roams much abroad for objects to relieve, while there are objects equally demanding relief at home, but not properly regarded, is suspicious. There is well-grounded cause for rebuke to such humanity as this. It is not the genuine disinterestedness of the Gospel; it is not in character with "the wisdom that is from above," two of whose fundamental characteristics are, that it is "without partiality and without hypocrisy."

Hence we have often thought that if Great Britain would employ herself more exclusively and efficiently in removing the misery and oppression within the British Isles, her philanthropy would wear an aspect more genuine—would of course appear more lovely, and tend more powerfully than it now does to lead others by its examples. "Behold how we relieve the pains and evils at our own door," she might exclaim; "Go thou and do likewise!" He who reforms himself truly and effectually, does much to reform the world. In this sense charity, or in more circuitous phrase, a genuine and disinterested love of God and man, begins at home.

Many persons in this country are so ignorant of the actual state of the world, that they are not aware of the social evils of Great Britain. We do not mean to exaggerate them; we do not mean to close our eyes to the much of real good that there is in the character and, of course, in the conduct of the British nation. No one can be more desirous to see the two great families of the Anglo-Saxon race united in the most friendly manner, and in every good word and work, than ourselves. But with this desire there is nothing inconsistent in our occasionally reminding them, in a friendly manner, of their errors, and calling upon them with earnestness to reform them. So shall their light effectively shine. So shall the vast and boasted wealth of Great Britain be applied to remove many afflictions under which her own people now labor, and to diffuse through the world a spirit of true benevolence.

Some years since Louis Philippe visited Queen Victoria. On that occasion there were great displays of wealth—great pomp and circumstance of entertainment. A writer, whose attention was drawn to the state of Great Britain at that juncture, penned an article which was published extensively at the time, and which we purpose now to republish, with some brief comments.

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EXTREMES OF SPLENDOR AND OF MISERY.

"Take physic, pomp;
Expose thyself to feel what wretches feel;
That thou mayst shake the superflux to them,
And show the heavens more just."

In a country calling itself free, and England pretends to be a free country, wealth should not be possessed in such excesses and disparities. Contrast the enormous splendors of a *fete* at Windsor with some official reports respecting the state of the poor. Here is the description of the Queen's dinner to the King of the French:

"The long table on which the dinner was served was covered with magnificent candelabra, epergnes, placed alternately—several of the former of a circular form, being filled with artificial flowers. A row of candelabra with wax lights were placed on each side, and beyond those, at both sides of the table, were numerous vases, wine-coolers, and dishes of the most elegant forms and designs. At each end of the hall were elevated sideboards of equal dimensions, containing a choice selection from the numerous and valuable articles of plate in the Royal treasury, remarkable for their excellence of workmanship, antiquity, or historical interest. Flaxman's celebrated 'Shield of Achilles,' 'The Armada Urn,' and some ancient sconces were displayed on the west sideboard; and a large shield sculptured in rich relief with the representation of a battle, and the 'Neptune Epergne' richly embellished with marine emblems, and surmounted with a statue of the marine deity, were on the east sideboard. Numerous tankards, vases, shields, and bulb cups, richly chased, were tastefully arranged on a background of crimson, and were very brilliantly illuminated with candelabra and sconces of silver and gilt, bearing wax-lights. The Princess of Wales's epergne, crowned with his Royal Highness's plume, was placed at this part of the table, between two other epergnes of great beauty, sculptured in gold at the base, with 'dancing fauns;' these epergnes had on either side the 'Hesperides' candelabra."

There is something ridiculous in the extreme in exposing the baby Prince of Wales's feather in an epergne, on a dinner table; and having looked at the one case, let us advert to some others. In the sanatory report made by the Secretary of the Poor Law Commissioners, one of the investigators into the condition of the poor says that, in the counties of England, 24,577 persons have died in one year, in houses that wanted draining and roofing. Those who died from other causes make the whole obituary amount to 216,399 persons in one year. One would suppose that this alone would be sufficient to thin the population.

A nation which undertakes the task of reforming materially the institutions of others should be able, with truth, to point to its own as exhibiting practical results favorable to human happiness. That is, in general, the true intention of good government. The material felicity of the few is not the question—but what are the effects on the many? If in her institutions, or the administration of them as organized—*the results pictured below*—Great Britain finds the true results of her system, or of its mal-administration, she should reform the one or the other before pouring forth her torrents of invective eloquence against the United States. "Thou that teachest another, dost thou not teach thyself?" It is vain for England to talk about the evils of slavery in the United States, when such practical slavery as that felt and described below takes place under her government—not in India, the Cape of Good Hope, or Australia, but at home, where they boast, vainly boast, while such scenes as these occur, that no slave can exist.

"In England and Wales the deaths in 1833 were 282,940, excluding deaths by violence, by suicide, or other causes, which the Parliamentary and parish papers do not specify. In 1833 the deaths amounted to twenty-one per thousand. Most of them had taken place in swampy and unwholesome localities. Mr. Gilbert, one of the Poor Law inquirers, stated that he found the open drains and sewers had been the cause of malaria, and consequently of death. In this rich and beautiful country the poor often live in mud cottages, with little or no roof, and with floors of absolute mud.

"A Mr. Fox, a medical officer, says that the poor were badly fed, badly clothed, and consequently dirty. 'I have,' he remarks, 'often seen the springs bursting through the mud floors of some of the cottages, and little channels cut from the centres, under the doorways, to carry off the water whilst the door has been removed from its hinges for the children to put their feet on in making buttons.' The local gentry and parochial authorities ought to interfere in these cases, which very sensibly and quickly take so many of the poor off our hands. In one cottage, consisting of only one room measuring eighteen feet by ten and a half feet high, one-third was partitioned off by rough boards, and in this small space were three beds, and six persons sleeping in them, and the consequence was that typhus fever did its work, relieving the parish of all further expense than that of paying for their funerals. In a family of six persons, taken with the fatal disease of typhus, the doctor found the mud floor of this cottage was at least one foot below the lane. It consisted of but one room, the ladder in the middle leading to a platform where the patient slept, and from this platform a boy, in a fit of delirium, threw himself on the ground and was killed.

"The report says, that the cottages in which the typhus fever broke out in Flitwick, and to which the dreadful disease was exclusively confined, were of the most wretched description. Of course neither the Queen nor her husband, or their children, run any risk of catching typus fever in the spacious, well-ventilated rooms of Windsor Castle, but the villages do not escape this terrible malady. In such towns as Stafford, for instance, the poverty and filth of the cottages are described almost beyond credibility, and diseases ensue from these causes. The very splendid entertainments given to the King of the French cost more than would be required for benefiting a vast number of small towns, which are every year the *foci* of fever. In one case five sisters were attacked with fever, from malaria arising from an uncovered drain, and they all died. In Liverpool, from thirty-five to forty thousand persons live in cellars, always damp and low, generally unpaved, and devoid of sewers or drainage. Throughout Northumberland the case is the same. The cottages are most wretched, and it does not seem that the local gentry have done much, or any thing, to remedy the evil. In one town the people were discovered to be in such wretchedness that thirty-five thousand persons were supplied with beds and bedding by voluntary subscription. The sufferings of the unfed, and almost unclothed poor in winter nights, for want of bedding, must be excessive.

"In Manchester, with all its wealth, nine thousand one hundred and seventy-nine *families* are living in cellars, and some of these of the worst description possible—worse than the dust holes and coal cellars of London houses. These people are not only the sufferers from all the evils of cellars undrained, without floors, and nearly dark, but they are built below the level of the river; and the wretched inhabitants, on an extraordinarily high tide, are aroused from their sleep, and are obliged to fly for their lives. Such is the state of this rich and happy kingdom. The Queen, in showing her guest the magnificence of Windsor Castle and Buckingham Palace, and of the adjacent neighborhood, should have let him see the other side of the picture, so that he might go back to France with a fair impression of the general condition of all classes; but he must otherwise think that England is the El Dorado of the world, surpassing in splendor even what is described in fairy tales, where all is composed of gold, diamonds, pearls, and precious stones, worked in the most fanciful forms. Manchester and Salford, with their immediate vicinities, are superintended by bodies of missionaries. One of these missionaries reports that he had met with many who had not a meal in two days. Another missionary states the case of an exhausted man who, getting a day's labor, was so overworked that, on reaching his wife and family, he fell, apparently dead. How the poor can go so long without food or firing must astonish all persons. The contrast between families living in wet cellars, always without fuel, and often without food, must be incredible to those who enjoy only the gorgeous splendors of such a palace as Windsor Castle. There must always be a sad discrepancy between the rich and the poor, but the difference ought not to be increased artificially, as it is in the case of the Queen. Now that every newspaper makes a great boast of the wonderful wealth displayed before the French visiters, they might as well look on the other side, and as winter approaches, and its commencement is rather severe, benevolence might avoid splendors, and give all that it can spare to the relief of the poor."

THE LAW TRIUMPHANT IN CALIFORNIA.—Nothing is more pleasing, in the late news from California, than the announcement that the Committee of Vigilance has abandoned its usurped powers, and that the law is once more triumphant. Instead of acting, as heretofore, independently of the courts, the members of the Committee now act in unison with them. This was the line of conduct that the more influential journals in the Atlantic states recommended, and we have no doubt that their advice has had more or less influence in producing this change. The Californians naturally regard, with considerable deference, the opinions of the older sections of the United States, from which the bulk of them have emigrated; and the very decided reprehension with which the San Francisco lynchings were received here, must have staggered the original convictions of the Committee, that those outrages were justified by necessity. [*Phil. Eve. Bulletin.*

GOSSIP.—The Maysville *Post Boy* insinuates that Gov. Powell, of Kentucky, will soon lead to the hymenial altar the widow of the late Major P. N. Barbour, of Henderson, who fell at the storming of Monterey. She is a lady of many accomplishments.

For the American Telegraph.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROGRESS.

A Patriotic Poem.

BY PLUTARCH PUFFER.

PART 3D.—*Herein the Poet first discourses of himself, then pursues the "Progress;" sings about newspapers, and other interesting and sublime matters; concluding the Part with a Grand Ball at Shannondale.*

XVI.

"To you!" the Loco Banker said,
"When Jackson ruled, the people fed;
Yes, even when neutral Tyler came,
The people, sir, they did the same!"

XVII.

"I grant it," was the shrewd reply,
"But, Banker, you as well as I
Perceive the people *now* are glad—
Before, they ate in silence sad,

XVIII.

More as necessity than pleasure,
While now their joy 's beyond all measure;
There are two different ways to eat,
The one is sour, the other sweet."

XIX.

To which said Banker: "Tut! tut! tut!"
And both his hands in pockets put;
While Sandy, with approving look,
Wrote down the speeches in a book.

XX.

At last the voices, finding vent,
Three times did cheer our President,
And afterward did also come
Three cheers for Sandy, three for Drum!

XXI.

Whereat His Excellency gave,
At Banker first, then lady-brave,
A look which seemed to signify,
"You see how popular am I!"

XXII.

Then turned his happy mind to *think*—
Not having bandy pen and ink—
A grand Inaugural, that would
On Fourth of March be passing good!

XXIII.

In these emotions of his mind
No sympathy did Banker find,
Nor lady-brave; for, strange to tell,
The crowd received not *them* so well.

XXIV.

As consolation, Banker rang
His silver, and in loud tone sang
Part of an opera: while she,
The damsel famed for chivalry,

XXV.

Remembered mountains far away—
Battle's magnificent array—
The fearless march—the fiery charge—
And every incident at large.

XXVI.

These varied dreams of glory soon
Were short cut; for the afternoon
Did wane apace; and carriages
Drove up, with offered services.

XXVII.

And "soberly" (the papers' tale)
They traveled on to Shannondale:
Yet this may truthfully be said—
The party was high-*spirit*-ed.

XXVIII.

The human mind is wonderful!
It takes astounding force to pull
Its vigor down, when fairly fired,
By some dear fancy once inspired!

XXIX.

The poet, with his eyes on Fame,
What cold can chill? What strength can tame?
His brain, his heart, volcanic burn,
And burst: and who shall say "return!"

XXX.

No prison cell could ere control,
No torture daunt, his freeborn soul!
And goad him to the last, he dies
In music that ascends the skies!

XXXI.

Everywhere, and everywhere—
On the green earth—up the blue air—
In the lone ship upon the sea—
Shall his joyous spirit be!

For the American Telegraph.

THE WITCH OF GOLDING GORGE.

A TALE OF THE POTOMAC.

IN SIX CHAPTERS.

BY JOEL AUS