

EXCHANGE PAPERS.—We continue to receive by every mail newspapers containing our little card "To the Public," and asking an exchange. Our offer in that has long since expired.

"The Mistress of the Seas."—The old prophecy, or Sybilline Oracle, of "Merlin," ran—

"When Neptune's back with stripes is red, The sickly lion shall hide its head." The interpretation given to this was, that when the navy of America should cover the seas with its red stripes, Britain's pride would be humbled: We have no desire to humble the just pride of Britain, nor to assume for our nation the title of "Mistress of the Seas." It will be sufficient for us to feel that we are her equal upon the ocean, and it will be no source of regret to perceive that we have many equals.

A late number of the London Shipping Gazette has the following paragraph, in an article upon the future of America: "We have no desire, at present, to enter upon any question of disputed policy; but we wish to record our opinion that the empire of the seas must, before long, be ceded to America; its persevering enterprise, its great and accruing wealth, are certain to secure this prize; nor will England be in a situation to dispute it with her. Without this crowning capital to its power, the onward march of the United States to what we believe will be so speedily accomplished, might not be so speedily accomplished; but America, as mistress of the ocean, must override the civilized world."

May it never be the ambition of the United States to "override the civilized world," nor any part of it; but may we always recognize the right of man to self-government, and may our warfare never tend to other objects than the preservation of this right to ourselves, and the procurement of it for others who desire to possess it. We need no more extended territory than we possess. The Union as it is will adhere together, and in extending its limits we may but "fly to evils that we know not of."

Touching the navy, however: we entertain a lively hope that the power of steam will prove the means of dignifying the office of this vast arm of the national power, and that the ships in the service of our government will ere long prove messengers of peace to the people of every clime. We believe the day is not far distant in which the cruise of a naval ship will be in a direct line from port to port, in the performance of duties useful to the great family of man, in disseminating the light of knowledge and good-will wherever man has his abiding place.

The glory of American mariners is even now in the merchant service. It is the men who impart this glory to the nation. The men and vessels of our navy have never been wanting in efficiency in the hour of trial; but it is to our merchant ships we have looked for the elements of superior skill and invincible power. There has been the mariner's best school, and the source of our navy's greatest pride! But what will not our navy prove, when (the drum and the lash unknown!) every ship upon the ocean shall be commanded by educated and accomplished officers, and manned by men who would disdain to brook other authority than the laws of their country in their just administration!

It is declared by many, and even by a distinguished officer of the American navy, that rough fare, the chastisement of the lash, and the drum, are essential to a proper economy, good discipline, and a wholesome state of feeling. We do not believe a word of it. There is no other very strict economy used in the service, and we object to any such niggardness in wages as shall keep Americans from serving on board our ships as seamen; we object, also, to any mode of discipline that can tend to degrade an American; and we object to even the faintest sanction of the use of a stimulant that is certainly unnecessary, and that has ever proved the greatest bane of the uncareful sailor.

If we are told that these things are all necessary to "the class of men" who ship on board our vessels, we reply that the doing away with them will certainly effect the desired object, and bring in the proper class of men—men from the great class of freemen, who recognize the existence of no classes, save such as distinguish the honest, the industrious, and the worthy from the base and the degraded. As surely as effect follows cause, so surely will good men be found in every ship upon the ocean, when good wages and good treatment are guaranteed; and this effect in time becoming a cause, we shall possess a navy that will prove the pride of our country and a blessing to the world.

Our Naval School is a new auxiliary in the service, and its influence will prove beneficent in the highest degree. In past times the American Navy has derived honor from the high character and attainments of its officers; but for it there is truly "a better day coming," when every man who shall boast the proud title of an American Naval Officer will be found in all respects worthy his high position.

RE-INTERMENT OF GIRARD.—To-day Philadelphia beholds an imposing spectacle. Quite a generation has elapsed, the Bulletin says, since that city has beheld a Masonic parade, so that, to the great mass of spectators, the procession will be an entire novelty. "The Masonic fraternity deserve credit, we would add, for the spirited display which they inter-d to make, not less than for the honor which they pay to the memory of their departed brother. The orator of the day, the Hon. Joseph R. Chandler, late Grand Master, is known to the community as one of the most finished speakers which our country affords, for occasions like the present; and there is no doubt that, inspired by the event, the scene, and the presence of so many distinguished fellow-citizens, he will equal, if not surpass his best efforts hitherto."

The Bulletin also admonishes clergymen not to forget the following injunction of Girard, which it quotes from his will: "I enjoin and require that no ecclesiastical, missionary, or minister of any sect whatsoever, shall ever hold or exercise any station or duty whatever in said College; nor shall any such person ever be admitted for any purpose, or as a visitor, within the premises appropriated to the purposes of said College."

THE CARROLLS FAMILY.—This is their last night but one. Remember this, all ye lovers of music, dancing and mirth.

Freedom for Germany!

In view of the disapprobation to be encountered, perhaps we ought not to say anything in approval of any effort to encourage the progress of republicanism in another country; but, after some reflection, we have determined to risk the continued ire of the great conservative influence.

We learn from the Philadelphia Ledger, that the Chinese Museum, in that city, was crowded to overflowing, on Saturday evening last, to hear Dr. Kinkel on the condition of Germany, and the means of republicanism in the German Fatherland. Dr. Kinkel was called to the chair, assisted by some twenty or thirty vice-presidents. It was resolved to raise a German national loan, after the example of that raised by Mazzini, the Italian patriot-statesman. Dr. Kinkel spoke with great effect on the wrongs suffered by the German people, and the necessity of the people working out their own salvation. He assured the meeting that the armies of Germany could no longer be relied upon by the princes, and that nothing was wanting but money to strike an effective blow for liberty.

He was followed by Messrs. Remak and Grund, in German, and by Messrs. Tyler and Elder, in the English language. A committee was appointed to receive donations and periodical subscriptions, which at once entered upon its functions, when, in a few minutes, a very handsome amount was collected and subscribed. His honor the Mayor of the city, being perceived in the crowd, was invited to the stand, and Dr. Kinkel presented to him. Mr. Gilpin shook hands with him and the president of the meeting, and then retired. Soon after, the meeting adjourned. This (the Ledger remarks) is a very good beginning; and if the Germans of other cities imitate the example, a respectable fund will, no doubt, be raised for patriotic purposes.

How compactly, how surely, the monarchies are working together for the suppression of republicanism, and the "guarantying" of territories to perpetual bondage; and how readily they can press into their service as policemen the republics of the world! But only let Italy rebel, or Hungary resist Imperial power, and neither national nor municipal laws, nor treaties, will ever be found in the way of the strong arm of tyranny.

A Loud Call to Great Britain for Sympathy at Home.

Under this head we have already adduced evidence which, we think, must satisfy reasonable people that, if guided by a spirit of pure benevolence in the extension of her sympathy, Great Britain would find ample employment for her energies in relieving misery at home, instead of sending her agents, stump-orators, and publications to the United States. But we will clinch the evidence by proof from one of her own magazines, which cannot be suspected, in a general review of the state of British society, of depreciating the social compact of Great Britain. Blackwood is ever ready to maintain the superiority of monarchies over republics in social advantages, and especially the practical. It is a Tory journal, never lowering its aristocratic and monarchial tone, and often representing republican institutions for their manifold evils; yet the following is a picture in the August number. It is true that its remarks are put into the mouth of Voltaire, by a piece of fictitious machinery, extremely awkward, but designed to furnish the reader with an imitation in style of the wit and humor of that author, while the sentiments of the resurrected Frenchman are widely different, in some essential particulars, from those of Voltaire. In truth, the statement and opinions are those of the reviewer himself, aiming to imitate, and in style successively imitating, the point, epigrammatic liveliness, and vigor of Voltaire; but many of the opinions expressed are superior, in general truthfulness, to those of the French poet and historian.

"I walk," he continued, "through the spacious streets and squares of London. I see the residences of your wealthy men; the exterior is not pleasing; but if I enter, I find in each what deserves to be called a domestic palace. In these palatial residences, many a merchant is living amongst luxuries which no Roman emperor could have commanded. I lose my way amidst the dark, noisome, narrow streets and interminable courts and alleys of this same London. Each house, each sty, swarms with life. And oh, heaven! what life it is! They are heaped like vermin. They prey upon each other. How they suffer! how they hate! Full of corroding anxieties, they endure a wretchedness and torture which no Roman emperor could have inflicted upon his slaves."

"But, sir—" "I tell you I have seen the beggar at Naples. He is a prince. He lies in the sun on the earth—it is his home—and the open sky above him, it is his. He rises to beg, or to work, or to steal—he does either with a savage energy—then lies down again, no leopard in the forest more carelessly dispersed. But poverty in England is steeped to the lip in bitterness, in care, in hatred, in anxiety. When bread comes, it is eaten with fear and trembling for the future. Tears are still flowing upon it. Yes, you have indubitably progressed thus far; you have made hunger reflective."

"Pro Bono Publico" strikes hard, but shall be heard, if he will call and convince us of the facts he alleges. We have no motive for injuring or offending the high functionaries involved in his narrative; but if it is true, we shall not suppress it.

WASHINGTON MARKETS.—There was a fair market this morning. Prices were as follows: Beef, 10 cents per pound; veal, 8c.; lamb, 8c.; pork, 10c.; lard, 10c.; sausages, 10c.; hams, 12c.; chickens, \$2.00 per dozen; ducks, \$3.00; butter, 16c. per pound; eggs, 18c. per dozen; honey, 20c. per pound; tomatoes, 20c. per peck; potatoes, 25c. per peck; onions, 20c. per peck; peas, 25c. per peck; cabbages, 2c. @ 10c.; egg plants, 6c.; winter squashes, 3c. per; corn, 10c. per doz.; apples, 20c. @ 40c. per peck; pears, 50c. per peck; peaches, 60c. per peck; wild grapes, 18c. per peck.

What a neat and pretty store McLAIN & HARRY have fitted up on Pennsylvania avenue, between 8th and 9th streets! They very properly announce "to the ladies" that they have every thing new and beautiful in their extensive line of business, all to be sold "very low for cash." The ladies, we are pleased to hear, have already found them out, and are promptly responding to their invitation.

MAGIC.—We learn that SIGNOR BLITZ, the greatest magician in the world, will commence a series of exhibitions at Odd-Fellows Hall on Monday evening, next.

The Libel Case.

We yesterday gave the proceedings in the case of the Libel of Henri de Ahna upon Mrs. Tochan, formerly Mademoiselle Apollonia Jagiello. Subsequently, as we stated, another warrant was issued, by Justice John L. Smith, for the arrest of said De Ahna, for another libel upon Major and Mrs. Tochan, jointly. This last case the prisoner brought before Justice Morsell, who held him to bail in the sum of five hundred dollars for his appearance to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon, at half-past four o'clock. It is a case of an important character, and based upon a pamphlet recently issued and circulated by De Ahna, containing most serious matter, derogatory alike to Major Tochan and his lady, and the almost entire corps of Hungarian exiles who have come to this country, together with the venerable Governor Ujhazi, and even Kossuth himself. It was desired by De Ahna to enter bail in this case, as in the previous one, without any investigation, and to the same amount; but the nature of the case, to the mind of the intelligent magistrate, seemed to merit a more minute investigation, in order to arrive at a just conclusion as to what amount of bail should be required. The defence offered bail in the sum of five hundred dollars for his appearance at the approaching term of the criminal court, as in the first case; but that amount being considered too slight by the complainants, the hearing was postponed, and will be had before Justice Morsell to-morrow, at the time above named.

THE REVENUES OF CUBA.—The Spanish minister at Paris, in his despatch to his government, says: "The Spanish government have drawn upon the surplus revenues of Cuba to the amount of eighty millions of reals, which, under the most favorable circumstances, will probably take two years or more to pay off; and should this source fail, the bank and other parties who have taken the bills must be indemnified out of other revenues; and it may be judged what chance there would be of the arrangement of the public debt being fulfilled under such circumstances. The prompt putting down of the Aguerro insurrection, and the destruction of the Lopez expedition, will perhaps give a breathing-time to Spain, which, it is to be hoped, will be used to place things in better order in this island and her other colonies."

OF COURSE an island so essential to Spain should not be permitted to go out of her possession, for "what chance would there be of the arrangement of the public debt being fulfilled under such circumstances!" The argument is conclusive!

Florida Claims.

In transferring to our columns the subjoined article from the Union of this morning, we take occasion to say that, as our contemporaries say of themselves, we are not learned in the law, but have frequently heard the merits of the Florida claims explained by gentlemen of legal celebrity, and have been led to the opinion that they are just and should be speedily liquidated by the Secretary of the Treasury, the officer of the Government whose duty it is to decide upon cases of this character. The faithful observance of the terms of the treaty requires the settlement of these claims with as little delay as possible. The people of our country, or their representatives in Congress, never object to the payment of legitimate claims, claims founded in justice, recognised by solemn treaties, and sustained by judicial decisions.

The article is as follows: "A friend in Florida has sent us the decision of Hon. Isaac H. Bronson, Judge of the district court of the United States for the northern district of Florida, in the matter of the claim of Francis P. Feirera, deceased, administrator of Francis Pass, deceased, against the United States, which arose under the 9th article of the Florida treaty.

"This decision affirms the justice and propriety as well as the legality of allowing interest in this and all such claims; that the awards heretofore rendered in the cases which arose under the treaty were judicial decisions, and possess the attributes of judicial judgments, being as such final and conclusive; and that the Secretary of the Treasury is not authorized to alter or modify them at his pleasure. The pamphlet-form of this decision embraces thirty-one pages, and presents the law and the decisions bearing on the case with much ability and force. We do not profess to be lawyers, and undertake, therefore, to be no better qualified to judge of the merits of this case than others. But we feel authorized to state that the facts set forth in the decision of Judge Bronson seem fully to warrant his conclusions, and induce us to believe that there exists an imperative obligation upon the Government to satisfy the claim upon the principles of the decision.

HON. HARRY J. THORNTON, OF ALABAMA.—This gentleman, whose appointment as a Commissioner of Land Claims in California we recently noticed, after being confined to his bed, at Willard's Hotel, in this city, for a couple of weeks, from an inflamed hand, proceeding from an accidental injury, was yesterday called upon to submit to the amputation of his left arm, midway between the wrist and elbow. The operation was performed in an admirable manner by Dr. Frederick May, assisted by Drs. Miller and Stone. The patient was under the influence of chloric ether, and awoke without having experienced any pain. We are gratified to learn that he is now considered in a fair way for speedy restoration to health.

MR. CONRAD, SECRETARY OF WAR.—The Tribune of yesterday says that this gentleman had returned to his quarters at the Irving House, from West Point, on Sunday, and was expected to remain in that city several days.

The Cuban question is to be settled in Europe on the merits of anti-slavery. The liberation of the slaves by the United States, are the themes. Of course this will prove a popular and politic view of the question.

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LOW STAGE OF THE DELAWARE.—The Delaware river, above the Trenton Falls, is said to be at present within two inches of being as low as it has been in the last fifty years. A short distance above Trenton the river is at no part more than eighteen inches in depth even in the channel, and of course can be forded without the slightest difficulty.

POSTSCRIPT!

[Dispatched to the American Telegraph.] BALTIMORE, Sept. 30—2 p. m. Sales of two hundred and fifty barrels Howard street flour at \$8 7/8. Grain unchanged.

—St. Louis, Sept. 29. The Santa Fe mail has arrived here, from Independence on the 26th ult. Major Weightman is elected to Congress. Much trouble exists in consequence, owing to the judges differing in construing the laws.

—LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 30. Alvin Finne, contractor on the Michigan and New Albany railroad, has absconded, having overdrawn six thousand dollars, and leaving debts of five thousand dollars.

—New York, Sept. 30—1 1/2 p. m. Markets steady. Stocks improved.

—TORONTO, September 27. The Inspector General, Postmaster General, and the Commissioner of Crown Lands have resigned. It is believed that the whole Cabinet will resign.

We learn from the Portland Argus, that the suit brought in the Circuit Court of the United States, against the city of Portland, for a quantity of spirituous liquors of various kinds, brought into that city by steambot from Boston, and seized by order of the Mayor, was on Wednesday defaulted—no defence whatever being offered in justification.

SUICIDE OF GEN. PRAGAY.—We learn from a narration of the Cuban Expedition, in the Washington Union, that Pragy was left at Los Pozos, in the hospital, badly wounded, when the servicable men of Lopez retired. The Spanish troops soon after entered, and massacred every man of the wounded, except Pragy, who, seeing them enter the hospital, blew his own brains out with a pistol.

A California lioness, caught above Sacramento city, is exhibiting in New York.

Review of the Northern Markets for yesterday.

Office of the American Telegraph, Sept. 30. BALTIMORE, Sept. 29, 5 p. m.—Sales of 200 barrels of Howard street flour was made today at \$4.95 1/2. Also, a sale of 250 barrels City Mills flour at \$3.87 1/2. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29, 6 p. m.—Sales of flour at \$4.12 1/2 for common brands. Rye flour \$3.12 1/2. Corn meal \$3.12 1/2. Red wheat \$0.82 1/2. Sales of yellow corn at 62 1/2 @ 63c. Rye 61 @ 65c. Oats 53 @ 55c.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29, 6 p. m.—Stocks are unsteady. Canton has declined 3/4. Reading has advanced 1/2. Sales of 10,000 barrels of flour at \$3.18 1/2 for State brands, and \$1.12 @ \$1.31 for southern. Rye flour \$3.25. Corn meal \$3.12 1/2. Genesee wheat 95c. Sales of 40,000 bushels mixed corn at 90c. Rye 70c. Oats are unchanged.

FOR RENT—Two pleasant communicating PARLORS, on the first floor, situated near the Avenue, and in the neighborhood of one of the best city hotels. Address G. V., City Post Office. sep 29-2t

MAGRUDER & CALVERT beg leave to announce to the citizens of Washington and its vicinity, to their stock of Fall Dress Goods, which they are now receiving, consisting of rich Brocade, Plaid, Chevre, figured and plain, Furs, Satins, French Melrose, Cashmeres, Mouselines, Alpaca, Scotch Plaids, Plain Ray Silk, Plaid Orientals, together with Chalk Calicoes, &c.; all of which will be sold cheap, they having been purchased at 15 to 20 per cent less than they could have been in the earlier part of the season. sep 29-3t

BERNETHY'S FAMILY PHYSICIAN, price 25 cts., a ready prescriber in cases of Cholera, Typhoid, and all other epidemic diseases. Guide to Health; or what to eat, drink, and avoid; by Dr. Culverwell—price 25 cts. Sale of Happy's extraordinary essay on regimen, expulsiory, and men's government—price 25 cts. Hydrophobia—its origin, cure, and prevention—with important instructions to every person keeping a dog; by Wm. Osborne, M.D.—price 25 cts. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and other diseases of the chest—with remedies—price 25 cts. TAYLOR & MAURY'S sep 30-1t

NEW BLACK SILKS. MAGRUDER & CALVERT have this day received a large assortment of Black Silks, purchased at the New York Auctions, consisting of— 20 pieces black boiled Pout de Sole 15 do do Gro de Suisse 10 do do Alpaca Lustrage 6 do do Rept 10 do do Figured Brocade 8 do do satin Ture All of which will be sold as low as they can be had in this city. Purchasers are requested to call, as we are determined to sell cheap and give satisfaction. sep 30-1t (Republic Nat. Intelligencer.)

TEXAS LAND FOR SALE.

I HAVE FOR SALE a large tract of first-rate Texas Land, situated nineteen miles from Austin, the seat of government. Any one wishing to purchase will please call at my office on 4th street. sep 30-1t W. N. LATHAM.

GRAND EXCURSION TO AQUA CREEK!

The superb, swift, and comfortable Steamer WILLIAM SELDEN, Captain GUY, will make an Excursion Trip to the above place on THURSDAY, October 2d. The services of Captain GUY and the Steamer having been tendered by Captain George Page to Omega Tribe No. 6 of Improved Order of Red Men of the City of Washington, for the purpose of giving an Excursion, and a Committee of Arrangements having been appointed in accordance with the above by the Tribe, it is hoped that the friends of the Order and the Boat will patronize this Excursion, as many of the citizens have expressed a desire to have a trip on the new boat, she having been built in this place by our enterprising citizen, Capt. George Page. The opportunity is here offered to our citizens to have the desired trip by day-light. Tickets one dollar, admitting a gentleman and two ladies. Number of tickets limited. The tickets to be had at Stone, Clark & Co., Pennsylvania avenue, at Mr. D. B. Clark's drug store, on the Island; at Mr. W. J. Jaf ferly, Navy Yard; Mr. Stephen Shinn's, Alexandria; and at the office, foot of 4th street. There will be a dinner served up on board. Refreshments of all kinds and in abundance to be had on board. The very best Band and Cordion Music has been engaged to furnish music on board, and a quartet, 100 appointed to preserve order on the Boat; in fact, the committee beg leave to state that there shall be nothing left undone that can be done to render this one of the most enjoyable Excursions given this season. They will positively be no boat-racing upon this occasion. sep 30-1t

COMMITTEE OF RECEPTION.

George Trice, No. 6. W. W. Tucker, J. Kerrey, George Page, H. Cravort, Charles H. Church, George Evans, J. Deacons, Wm. Haines, J. B. Greenhill, C. G. Mills, J. F. Dullin, J. F. Bradley. sep 30-1t

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A CARD TO THE LADIES.

WE would most respectfully inform the ladies of Washington and the public generally, that we have just received from the West Indies, a cargo of new and splendid stock of Dry Goods, suitable for the Fall and Winter trade. To those of our friends and customers who have heretofore patronized us, we desire to return our grateful thanks, and hope by politeness and strict attention to business that we shall merit a continuance of their favors, and also the favor of the whole purchasing community. We have a large and extensive stock of goods, but would merely say that our stock consists of a general assortment of all kinds of fashionable and desirable Dry Goods, which will be sold very low for cash. We invite everybody to give us an early call, and we promise to sell bargains. McLAIN & HARRY, bet. 8th and 9th sts., next door to C. W. Becker's House-furnishing Store. sep 30-12w (Nat. Intell. & Republic.)

WANTS.

PRESS-BOYS WANTED.—To whom good wages will be given. Inquire at the office of the American Telegraph. sep 29-1t

WANTED.—A good COOK.—For a small family. Apply at the office of the American Telegraph. sep 29-1t

WANTED.—AN APPRENTICE, 16 or 17 years of age. A stout boy, well recommended, will hear of a good opportunity by applying at this office. sep 1-1t

ATTENTION LOTS OF CARPETS.—50 pieces Ingrain medium and low priced Auction Carpets. Will be sold a very great bargain. YERBY & MILLER. sep 29-1m

SILK MITTS. 35 dozen Silk Mitts, suitable for house and street—of all grades, long and short, with and without buttons. YERBY & MILLER. sep 29-1m

SHEETINGS.—130 pieces Sheetings, all grades—cotton and linen. YERBY & MILLER. sep 29-1m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

THE copartnership existing between the undersigned partners in the late firm of J. T. RADCLIFF & CO. is dissolved from the 1st instant by mutual consent. J. T. RADCLIFF, S. J. RADCLIFF. sep 29-3t

J. T. RADCLIFF has associated with him GEORGE T. MASSEY, late of the house of W. M. Shuster & Co. The firm will hereafter be conducted under the name of RADCLIFF & CO. sep 29-3t

RADCLIFF & CO. have just received a prime lot of Family Groceries. In part we name— 200 superior white Hams 100 bright dry Shoulders 200 lbs. crushed and powdered Sugar 125 lbs. superior new wheat Family Flour 75 lbs. fine and superfine Raisins 15 lbs. superior clarified Old Vinegar 5 lbs. New Orleans and Porto Rico Sugar 1 do. Lovings's superior table Sirup Fresh, crude, and ground Butter Fancy and family Soaps, Pearl Barley Oatmeal, Corn, Starch, fresh Pickles Sausages. Also—A large lot of Brooms and Buckets, Baskets, Tubs, Koyler's Brushes, &c., and Demijohns of all sizes. sep 29-3t

FINE LIQUORS.—We have in store Oatd, Dupuy & Co.'s Superior and American Whiskeys, Pure Rye and Corn Whiskeys, and Cognac, Holland and American Gin. Madeira, Sherry, Malaga, and Port Wine, of superior quality, which will sell at the lowest prices. sep 29-3t RADCLIFF & CO.

G. T. MASSEY, in leaving the house of Messrs. W. M. Shuster & Co., respectfully returns his thanks to his numerous friends for their appreciation of his efforts to please them, and asks their patronage for a new firm, promising to be untiring to serve them as ever. sep 29-3t

OPERA, DRESS, AND MOURNING CAPS!

THE NEW STORE on Sixth street will be found the richest assortment of the above articles in the city, and at prices correspondingly low—selected from the importers and manufacturers. Ladies are invited to call and examine them. MRS. E. COLLISON'S Fancy & Millinery Store, 6th st., near corner of Louisiana ave. sep 29-1t

"BLOOMER" RIBBONS, assorted colors, at 12 1/2 cts. MRS. COLLISON'S Fancy & Millinery Store, Sixth st., near corner of Louisiana ave. sep 29-1t

BLANKETS.—We have in store 250 pairs of bed Blankets, all grades, and prices from \$2.00 to \$18. 2 bales, 150 pairs Servants' Blankets, which will be sold very cheap. YERBY & MILLER. sep 29-1m

NEW STORE!

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Grocery Store to the corner of 6th street and New York avenue, where he intends to keep on hand a full assortment of Tea, Coffee, Sugar, and all other articles (except liquor) usually kept in a Family Grocery Store; all of which he intends selling at the lowest cash prices. sep 29-11w W. J. REISTRAKER.

ARRIVAL OF JENNY LIND.

RECEIVED BY EXPRESS a small lot of that superior Chewed Tobacco, "JENNY LIND TWIST." Call while it is on hand, and supply yourselves at the BUTTS Drug Store, cor. Penn. ave. & 12th st. sep 29-6td

EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS.

WE have just opened a large and well-selected lot of EMBROIDERIES, LACES, and FANCY GOODS, which we invite our customers and the public generally to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. We feel confident that they cannot find a better assortment in the city, and that the prices will please all who may favor us. In Embroideries— Chemisette Worked Collars and Cuffs Worked Sleeves and Neckties of the Worked Muslin and Cambric Bands Muslin Inserting and Edging Cambric Inserting and Edging Embroidered Habits, which will be made to match Embroidered Frames for Evening Caps Lace Caps and Collars sep 29-11w

Valance Lace and Edging Regency and Brussels Thread Lace Point de Laine and Valenciennes Lace Gimp Wireground, and Plain Laces Thread, Lisle, Plait, and Saxony Edgings. Also, a variety of goods, which will give us pleasure to show to all who will call. J. B. & A. TATE. sep 29-3t

YOUNG AND OREM.

RESPECTFULLY announce to their friends and the public, that they have just received a very pretty assortment of New Goods, suitable for the present and approaching seasons. We have fine Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, in variety, which we are prepared to make up in superior style. Of Ready-Made Clothing our supply is now good, and we are adding to it every day. It is our determination to have none but the best. Also a good stock of Furnishing Goods, Fine Shirts and Collars. YOUNG & OREM, sep 29-3t C street, bet. 6th & 7th streets.

MORE NEW GOODS!

At the Cheap Cash Store! JUST RECEIVED from some beautiful plaid and other styles. Bonnets, Bonnet Silk, Dress Trimmings, &c. Also—Bleached Cottons, over a yard wide, 5 to 500 yards Sheeting Cottons, a yard and a quarter, 1000 yards 10,000 yards heavy brown Cotton, a yard wide, 5 cents all-wool Flannels, nearly a yard wide, 25 cents! Beautiful Prints, Cambric, Mouselines, &c. Tickings, as low as 6 cents, very good. Brown Cotton as low as 3 cents. And a thousand articles brought at auction, which are great bargains. All to be had at the CHEAP CASH STORE, sep 29-1t BROWN'S Cheap Cash Store, Pa. av., opp. Brown's Hotel.

OPENED, THIS DAY, AT MRS. E. MOFFETT'S.

7th Street, opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall, AN ASSORTMENT of rich Fall styles of Ribbon, varying in price from 12 1/2 to 75 cents per yard, and to which the attention of the ladies is respectfully solicited. Also, rich Belt Ribbons, Flowers, and various other Millinery goods. Also, a lot of well-selected Straw and other Bonnets. The ladies will also find a few beautiful patterns of Gold and Silver, imitation do., with a general assortment of ladies' toilet and other articles. The attention of gentlemen is requested to a fresh selection of Silk Cravats and Pocket Handkerchiefs, all of which will be sold low for cash. sep 12-1t

NEW GOODS NOW OPENING.

THE SUBSCRIBER has the pleasure of informing his friends and customers that he has just returned from the northern cities, where he has been for some time past selecting his stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS. He is now prepared to show such a stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Dress Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Gloves, Socks, Hosiery, &c., as he has never before had the pleasure to exhibit, in style, variety, and cheapness; which, together with the comparatively low price he is under at present, enables him to offer unusual inducements to those in want of any article of Clothing in our line, of a quality and style that may be relied on. sep 30-1t F. J. STEKER, Merchant Tailor, 5th st., 3d door from Penna. av.

LAMPS, OILS, AND PAINTS.

THE undersigned would respectfully call the attention of his friends and the public generally to his stock of the above articles, which he has selected with the most care in the Metropolitan market, and which will warrant superior to any now for sale in this city. Ethereal, Camphine, Lard, Solar, and other refined Sperms; with a great variety of LAMPS of all descriptions. Two doors west of Todd's new store, at HATCH, Jk., and 8th and C st., nearly opp. the Bank of Washington. sep 17-1t

AMUSEMENTS.

ODD-FELLOWS' HALL!!! Tuesday night—last night but one. THE CELEBRATED GARRUSCH FAMILY re-appear at the above Hall, consisting of George, Maria, Trice, Quarrington, Italian Opera House, New and Popular Dances, making together a full Grand Variety and excellent. Tickets 25c. A change of programme nightly. Doors open at 7 1/2, Concert commences at 8 o'clock. sep 29-1t