AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

WASHINGTON:

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 2.

☞ We receive a great many communications from persons whose names are withheld, or unknown to us, and of course we can pay no attention to them.

The Republican and the Monarchical Principle.

In the year 1827 a distinguished divine predicted, in an elaborate discourse, that *the despotic governments of the earth* would combine for resistance to the truth, "as the march of intellect, and piety, and civil liberty, shall minister alarm;" but, he added, "all the governments who yield to the intimations of that Providence which sends out religion and civil liberty upon the earth will be safe and happy," and "all who make resistance will be agitated by revolutions and destroyed by heavy judgments."

What was prediction then has since been in the process of fulfilment, and on a grand scale. The government of Charles the Tenth, of France, made such resistance, and it was destroyed. The government of Louis Philippe, unmindful of its origin and its obligations, made such resistance, and it was destroyed. And the present government of France, really a despotism under the forms of a republic, is making such resistance, and it too will be destroyed, whatever temporary success may attend the plans of that miserable criminal, Louis Napoleon, and his wily and unprincipled coadjutors.

Other governments of Europe—monarchies, of course—have been shaken by revolutions, and their kings spared by the unwise lenity of the people; and the most cruel proscriptions, the most wholesale demolition of human rights, have been witnessed; such "fantastic tricks before high heaven" have been played "as make the very angels weep!" But there comes a day, now not far distant, of just retribution, in which the kings of the earth who make resistance to civil and religious liberty will be dealt with summarily, never again to escape by a lenity they have so often abused!

The art of printing and the various improvements of modern times have made such changes in the state of nations, that the suppression of liberty has become far more difficult than it was before the invention of that most useful art and the existence of these improvements. All the arts and passions of tyrants have in vain essayed to subjugate the press, or to turn it to their uses. Partial suppression they have effected; but, crushed in one place by their devices, the truth rises in another, puts on its panoply, and is as formidable as ever.

Even the invention of fire-arms, and the successive improvements in them—down to Colt's revolvers, that latest of the very important accessions to their force—have been on the whole a security against brute force, whether directed by untutored savages or controlled by despotic governments.

The increase of skill in the manufacture of such arms, increasing their quantity and efficiency, has also been favorable on the whole to human liberty and security. It has enabled men with greatly inferior means to those of the great monarchies and aristocracies of the world, to supply themselves with the means of resistance to their tyranny, and to conquer in despite of the superior wealth of their adversaries.

In vain for ages did the despotisms of Europe drain America of her gold and silver, and monopolize her trade and her offices. The permanent settlers from the mother countries found means to organize resistance to the measures of those countries, founded in the parliamentary declaration that the Parliament of Great Britain "had power to bind the colonies in all cases whatsoever;" and in the similar principle of the Spanish government, that the will of the King is supreme. The principle of the French monarchy was at that period the same, but it had colonies of no primary importance on which to operate. The edicts of the French Kings concluded with the words—*Car tel est notre plaisir*, (for such is our pleasure!)

The wealth drawn from America by all kinds of oppression, from the Spanish hunting and slavery of the Indians, and monopoly of the commerce of these colonies, was in vain lavished to continue their subjection. The richest of these European nations—Great Britain—failed to continue the subjugation of her colonies, although throughout the whole war the aristocracy of England lavished their wealth to support her fleets and armies, both in the payment of heavy taxes and the contributions of enormous loans. In the year 1780, England borrowed twenty millions of pounds sterling to prosecute the American war, besides employing the vast revenues from customs and excises to the same end. The banker Thellason subscribed 250,000 pounds sterling, Hoare & Co. 500,000, and other aristocrats in proportion. The next year saw her army in America captured at Yorktown, which, as Mr. Burke remarked, might be considered the closing scene of the war.

Thus the sovereigns of the European governments, armed to the teeth with munitions of war, navies, and almost dictatorial authority in their own dominions, and endowed with immense wealth, were defeated in their efforts against liberty in America; and thus, in the events here recited, we find a verification of the remark, that the invention of fire-arms and that of printing, with the various improvements in the arts, have been favorable to the establishment of liberty.

MINERAL SPRING NEAR NORFOLK, VA.—The *Argus* says that a spring has recently been discovered at Zion Meeting-house, a few miles from that city, strongly impregnated with alum and slightly chalybeate. Persons who have frequently visited the Bath Alum Springs have tasted the water, and pronounce it better and stronger than that furnished at that famous watering-place. It has also been analyzed by one of the first chemists in that community.

INFLUENCE OF THE SLAVE STATES.—This, it appears, has been gradually diminishing from 1790 to 1850, as is shown by the following table, which gives the measure of it as represented in Congress under each census:

In 1790	10.5 per cent.	1830	9.3 per cent.
1800	10.1 "	1840	8.7 "
1810	9.8 "	1850	7.9 "
1820	9.5 "		

A HANDSOME TESTIMONIAL.—John Wilson, esq., received on Tuesday last a handsome tribute from his late co-laborers in the Land Office, presented on the occasion of his being transferred from that office to the post of Chief Clerk of the Pension Office, consisting of a large silver pitcher, beautifully manufactured and most tastefully ornamented, and bearing the following inscription:

"*Qui palmam merut ferat.*

To JOHN WILSON, esq., late Chief Clerk of the General Land Office,

From his former Associates in Office,

As a testimony of their appreciation of the talent, the industry, and peculiar fitness for official duty which have characterized his career in every situation he has held in the office, from the lowest to the highest."

At two o'clock on Tuesday afternoon the gentlemen of the Land Office assembled at Dr. Frailey's room, when Dr. F., in most beautiful and touching language, addressed Mr. Wilson on behalf of himself and his compeers, and tendered their appropriate gift. Mr. Wilson, though evidently affected, replied in the happiest manner, receiving the gift with thankfulness and pleasure, but attributing to his faithful and esteemed associates in office the success that had attended his labors.

EXTRAORDINARY DESPATCH.—The Philadelphia *North American*, of yesterday, says: "The packet-ship 'Mary Pleasants,' Robert R. Decan master, entered at our custom-house on Wednesday last, and cleared again for Liverpool yesterday, having discharged an assorted cargo and taken in an outward one in the extraordinary short space of four and one-half working days. The 'Mary Pleasants' also shipped a new foremast in the same interval."

MAJOR TOCHMAN AND CAPTAIN DE AHNA.—We learn from the *Republic* of this morning, that yesterday evening, after argument by Messrs. Key and Morgan for Captain de Ahna, and by Mr. Davidge for Major Tochman, before Justices Morsell and Goddard, with reference to bail to compel the attendance of Captain de Ahna at the next term of the criminal court to answer for an alleged libel on Mr. and Mrs. Tochman, said to be contained in a pamphlet, the question was adjourned until next Monday, the justices holding the accused to bail, meanwhile, in the increased sum of one thousand dollars, and Dr. Wm. B. Magruder becoming security.

The city of Norfolk has, by a popular vote of 400 to 22, decided on authorizing the City Councils to subscribe $200,000 to railroads connecting with the Seaboard and Roanoke railroad. The *Herald* remarks, that the one great and important connexion, upon which their minds should be steadfastly fixed, is that of the twelve miles of railroad necessary to connect the Seaboard with the Raleigh and Gaston railroad. The Raleigh and Gaston road will be in operation in less than twelve months.

WASHINGTON MARKET THIS MORNING.—Best cuts of beef, 10 cents per pound; veal, 8c.; lamb, 8c.; pork, 10c.; hams, 12½c.; lard, 10c.; sausages, 10c.; chickens, $1.50@$3 per dozen; butter, 16@31c. per pound; eggs, 20c. per dozen; honey, 20c. per pound; tomatoes, 37½c. per peck; sweet potatoes, 20@25c. per peck; Irish potatoes, 12½@25c. per peck; egg plants, 2@6c.; Lima beans, 10c. per quart; cabbages, 3@10c. per head; carrots, 3c. per bunch; onions, 37½c. per peck; cucumbers, 37c. per hundred; peaches, (a few) 25@62c. per peck; quinces, 50c. per peck; apples, 12½@37c. per peck.

THE NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, OR GOSPORT NAVY YARD.—(Which is it?) Our readers, no doubt, remember the excitement produced here, a few months ago, by the suspicion that some of the men at work in the yard had been guilty of stealing copper and other things of value. A man named Spalding was found to have purchased the stolen goods. He gave bail for his appearance at court; but upon reflection has found it best to forfeit the amount of his security and vamose. He was a locksmith and shopkeeper in the town of Portsmouth.

Mr. SHILLINGTON has sent us *Harper's New Monthly Magazine* for October, with a table of contents too ample to be quoted.

HEALTH OF MR. CLAY.—In a letter of recent date from Mr. Clay to a friend in Richmond, he writes that his health has been feeble during the summer, but he believes it is improving, and he expects to go to Washington once more.

Money Matters.

The New York *Star*, of yesterday, says: "The world of finance is recovering from its trepidation; but money continues to be very tight, and is likely enough to be more so, as there will be some eighty-five millions required to meet the obligations falling due in this city during the present month. The banks are drawing in their circulation, in order to be prepared for anything that may happen; but this course, which is prudent in them, is anything but pleasant to houses doing a big business on a small cash capital. It would have been all the better, if the prudent fit of some of the banking institutions had come on a little sooner. A sudden pull up, after giving the discount department a loose rein for a long time, must necessarily be disastrous to business men who depend mainly upon bank accommodations for the means of meeting their own notes at maturity."

[Communicated.]

Concerts of the Carncross Family.

MESSRS. EDITORS: This musical family, who have in so good a degree contributed to the enjoyment of our community for a time past, closed a very successful visit last evening, and will commence a series of Concerts at Baltimore this evening. We doubt not the family will meet with as favorable a reception at the Monumental city as they have in this; and so beneficial are the influences arising from good singing, that we can but wish them abundant success. We learn the family will pay us another short visit on their return, and fulfil a promise to sing for the Female Union Benevolent Society, which they were compelled to forego during their present stay. Our best wishes attend all singers. *

HARDWARE STORE.—Mr. F. C. IARDELLA, Seventh street near I, has goods of every description in his line, and is prepared to accommodate the many customers of the late firm of N. M. Iardella & Brother, and the public in general.

TAYLOR & MAURY have sent us the International for October—a most acceptable gift.

The Expedition in Search of Sir John Franklin.

The "Advance," Captain De Haven, has arrived, in the order her name bespeaks, from a voyage undertaken in philanthropy, full of peril, full of incident, and successful in everything but the great object of her search. The first grand cause for triumph is, that all her hardship, enterprise and danger have not cost the sacrifice of a single life. How eminently this blessing is owing to a protecting and ever-watchful Providence will be apparent from a simple narrative of the incidents that befel the expedition, and the peculiar trials by which the Advance was tested, in those hitherto unknown and untraveled seas. Truly God was on the waters shaping the destiny of this great mission of charity, even though fated not to discover the long-lost wanderer. But let us begin our narrative:

The American Expedition entered Wellington's Sound on the 26th of August, 1850, where they met Captain Perry with the Lady Franklin and Sophia, and were afterwards joined by Sir John Ross and Commodore Austin. On the 27th Captain Perry discovered unmistakable evidence of Franklin's first winter-quarters—three graves with inscriptions on wooden headboards, dating as late as April, 1846. Their inmates, according to these inscriptions, were of his crew—two from the Erebus and one from the Terror. There were, beside fragments of torn canvas, articles of clothing, wood, and cordage, undoubted evidence of a large and long encampment: but affording no indications which would serve as guides to the searchers or give assurance to hope.

On the 8th of September the expedition forced through the ice to Barlow's Inlet, the ultimate limit of their western progress. From this they set sail on the 13th, with the intention of returning to the United States, but were locked in near the mouth of Wellington's Channel.

Here commenced those perilous adventures, any thing comparable to which were never encountered and survived. By force of the northern icedrift they were helplessly drifted to 75° 25′ north latitude, and thence drifted again into Lancaster Sound, somewhat, we should say, in a southeasterly direction. The agitation of the ice elevated the "Advance" nearly seven feet by the stern, and keeled her two feet eight inches starboard. In this position she remained, with some slight changes, for five consecutive months. And while in it, the depth of winter closed its frozen terrors around the expedition. The polar night fell upon them, and for eighty days no ray of solar light broke upon them. The thermometer (Fahrenheit) ranged 40 degrees below zero, and sometimes sank to 46. Early in this awful night, (November 5th,) the Rescue was abandoned, for the purpose of economizing the fuel, and the crews of both vessels determined to brave their fate together. They every moment expected the embracing ice would crush the vessel to atoms, and consequently stood prepared, sleeping in their clothes with knapsacks on their backs, to try chances on the ice, mid storm, and terror, and night. For this terrible trial they had made every preparation—had provision sledged, and every thing in readiness which might be useful for such a journey. They were then 90 miles from land, and so certainly did they expect that they should make this alarming trial, that on two occasions (8th December and 23d January) the boats were actually lowered, and the crews assembled on the ice to await the catastrophe.

During this period the scurvy became epidemic, and assumed an alarming character. Its progress defied all the usual remedies, and only three men escaped the attack. Capt. De Haven was himself the greatest sufferer. The constant use of fresh water obtained from melted ice, active mental and physical exertion, and the care of Divine Providence, arrested any fatal result; and the disease yielded to a beverage composed of a sort of apple tea and lemon juice. After entering Baffin's bay, (Jan. 13,) the ice became fixed, and the little expedition became stationary and fast in the midst of a vast plain of ice, ninety miles from any land. The stores, materials and cordage were stowed away in snow-houses erected on the ice, and a sort of encampment was formed, with all the appearance, if not the solidity, of terra firma. The table of ice varied from three to eight feet in thickness.

Nor was this situation of peril and awe without its attractions. Auroras Parhelia (mock suns) and mock moons of the most vivid lustre succeeded one another without intermission, and as day approached, the twilights, streaking the northern horizon, were vividly beautiful. At length the god of day showed his golden face, (18th Feb.,) and was hailed with three hearty American cheers. Gradually his influence was felt, and the waxen-like color of the complexion, which the long night had superinduced, gave place to freckles and tan. The disease, too, quickly disappeared.

On the 13th of May the Rescue was re-occupied.

The disruption of the ice was sudden and appalling. *In twenty minutes from its first moving, the vast field, as far as the eye could reach,* became one mass of moving floes, and the expedition once more drifted southward. By a continued providential assistance it passed the perils of Lancaster Sound and Baffin's Bay, and on the 10th of June emerged into open water, latitude 65 deg. 30 m. north, a little south of the arctic circle, being thus released from an imprisonment of nearly nine months, during which they helplessly drifted 1,060 miles. While in Lancaster Sound the roar of the rolling water and tumbling ice exceeded all earthly tumult, and was sometimes so loud and stunning as to render both voice and hearing useless.

Capt. De Haven's first care on his escape was to repair damages and restore the health and vigor of the crews. With that object he visited Greenland, where he refitted. After a short delay, with unabating courage and unflinching purpose, he once more bore northward. On the 7th of July the expedition spoke some whalers, and on the 8th passed the whaling fleet by the Dutch islands, there arrested by the ice. By the 11th the expedition reached Baffin's island, and entered through vast masses of loose ice. Here the Prince Albert joined. They continued in company till August 3d, warping through the ice, when the Prince determined to try the southern passage. De Haven persevered in his course until the 8th, when he became completely entangled in floes and bergs. Here again the expedition encountered perils of the most alarming kind. The floating ice broke in the bulwarks, and covered the deck in broken masses like rocks tumbled pell-mell by a mountain torrent. The more than iron endurance of the gallant ships was severely tested by the closing ice, but they rose to the pressure as if defying the elemental strife, baffled its fury, and somewhat disabled, but still without a plank yielding in any vital part, rode safely in an open road on the 19th day of August.

Here, finding the north and west already closed against them, the American expedition set their sails and bore homeward, after having dared, and suffered, and overcome difficulties and dangers such as scarcely if ever beset the path of the mariner.

It is supposed the English expedition wintered at or near Fort Martyr, and thence prosecuted their voyage westward. The American expedition, therefore, was in a position more favorable to the search. It was in a far higher latitude, and the so-called *polyna* (open sea) could not have been far distant; but the inevitable drift into the waters of Lancaster Sound was fatal to its spring progress, and fatal to the chances which its enterprise had won.

The officers and crew of the other vessels of the expedition were all in good health and spirits up to the 13th September, 1850.

The Advance parted with her consort in a heavy gale off the Banks. The latter is expected momentarily. The Advance brings several fragments from the encampment of Sir John Franklin, a pair of fine Esquimaux dogs, and some articles of curiosity.

Thus ends this noble expedition, without discovering any satisfactory index to the fate of Sir John Franklin, but at the same time without any evidence to conclude further hope. Sir John might have won the point which the Advance was baulked of by the fatal drift into Lancaster Sound. If so, (and it is not impossible,) there is no reason to doubt the possibility of himself and crew surviving in those regions where nature has adapted the resources of life to the rigors of the climate.

The gratification of officers and crew on once more reaching their native land is in no small degree enhanced by the recollection that in no scene, no matter how trying, was their trust in and mutual love for each other interrupted; and Capt. De Haven retains the most lively recollection of the gallant, unflinching conduct of officers and crew.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

POSTSCRIPT!

[*Despatched to the American Telegraph.*]

BALTIMORE, Oct. 2—2 p. m.

Sales of six hundred barrels of Howard street flour at $3.93. Grain steady.

Maryland Elections.

BALTIMORE, October 2—1 p. m.

First District.—We hear from Rockville that Thomas F. Bowie received 14 votes, and R. J. Bowie, 261. At Berry's, Thomas F. Bowie received 20; R. J. Bowie, 173. The Democratic vote was therefore not given for the independent candidate. At Bladensburg the vote was more favorable to him.

Later.—Two districts in Anne Arundel county give Bowie, (reg. Whig) 64 majority over Bowie, (ind. Whig.) Vansville and Spalding's, in Prince George county, give Bowie, (ind. Whig) 113 majority.

Second District.—Reported majority of Roman, Whig, in Frederick county, 125; Hamilton, Democrat, majority in Allegany, 50; Washington to hear from. Result doubtful.

Third District.—Two districts in Baltimore county give Lynch, Independent Whig, 96 majority over Hammond, Democrat, being a Whig gain of 463.

Fourth District.—T. Yeates Walsh is elected by a vote of 6,683 to 6,453 for Whyte, Dem.

Fifth District.—Kent county gives Evans, Whig, 150 majority; Cecil gives McCullough, Democrat, 61, and Hartford 61 for McCullough. Evans is probably elected.

Resignation of a Philadelphia Judge.

PHILADELPHIA, October 1.—Hon. Anson V. Parson, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, resigned this morning.

Fire at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, September 30.—This evening a destructive fire occurred in this city, which destroyed the Institute for the Blind, at the corner of First street and Broadway, with several small buildings adjacent. The loss is about $10,000, on which there is but a partial insurance.

Fugitive remanded.

BUFFALO, Oct. 1st.—Harrison, the fugitive slave, was, after a brief examination, remanded back to his master, N. D. Payson, of Virginia.

Sailing of the Europa.

BOSTON, Oct. 1st.—The Europa sailed to-day with thirty-seven passengers for Liverpool, and fifteen for Halifax. She takes out $800 in American gold, and £10,000.

The barque Lewis, from Zanzibar, has arrived at Salem, having Mr. C. Glenn, the second mate, in irons, for the murder of Johnson, the first mate.

Rome, the broker, still survives, but is insensible.

Troublesome Fugitive Case.

SYRACUSE, Oct. 1st.—Henry, a fugitive slave, was arrested to-day, and whilst undergoing an examination escaped.

SECOND DESPATCH.—9, p. m.—The fugitive has been arrested. The military have been ordered out, and the greatest excitement prevails.

Suspected Banks.

NEW YORK, October 1.—The Metropolitan Bank refuses to receive on deposite notes of the James Bank, Farmers' Bank at New Rochelle, Phœnix Bank at Bainbridge, Western Bank at White Creek, and Merchants' Bank at Ellery.

Trains on the Hudson River Railroad are through to Albany to-day, for the first time.

BOARDING.—MRS. M. E. FOWLER can accommodate four or five more permanent or transient Boarders on the most accommodating terms. Also, one furnished front Parlor for rent. Residence on 11th street, near Pennsylvania avenue, south side. [oct 2—3t

NOTICE.

THE members of the "Amateur Dramatic Association of Washington" are requested to attend a special meeting of the Society at the room over the office of the Colonization Society, (on Pennsylvania avenue, between 3d and 4½ streets,) on Monday evening, October 6th, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested, as business of the utmost importance will be laid before the Society.

All persons wishing to become members of an Association of the kind, are respectfully requested to attend.

By order of the President.

oct 2—Th&S&M* J. EWETT, Sec.

NEW AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, late of the firm of J. T. Radcliff & Co., having taken the new Warehouse No. 2, 9th street, opposite the west-end of the Centre Market, will open and be prepared to exhibit, in a few days, an extensive and well-selected stock of Agricultural Implements, including all the most improved and approved patterns from the best manufactories of the country.

He will also be able to furnish the best Peruvian and other Guanos; the various chemical preparations, Field and Garden Seed, and everything pertaining to the business in their proper season. To which he respectfully solicits the attention of farmers and market gardeners generally. S. J. RADCLIFF,

oct 2—3t Warehouse No. 2, 9th street.

HARPERS' MAGAZINE for October.

International Magazine for October.

Cuba in 1851, a Survey of the Island, its Resources, Statistics, &c., by Alexander Jones.

Self-Deception, or the History of a Human Heart, part 2d, by Mrs. Ellis.

Mysteries of the Heath, a romance, by Eugene Sue.

The London Medical Student, by Punch.

The London Lancet for September.

Don Quixotte; 1 vol., 8vo.; price 50 cents.

TAYLOR & MAURY,

oct 2— Booksellers, near 9th street.

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of N. M. Iardella & Brother was on the 25th ultimo dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm are requested to make payment to N. M. Iardella. N. M. IARDELLA,

F. C. IARDELLA.

F. C. IARDELLA having purchased the entire stock of Hardware of the late firm of Iardella & Brother, will continue the Hardware business at his New Store Room on 7th street, one door north of Washington Adams's grocery store, where he is now receiving, in addition to his former stock, a large quantity of New Goods, just purchased from the best Northern houses, principally for cash. F. C. I. hopes by strict attention to business and a constant endeavor to please, to receive a large share of public patronage. oct 2—2w

JOHN C. CALHOUN'S great Work on the Constitution and Government of the United States.—A Disquisition on the Constitution and Government of the United States; by John C. Calhoun, edited by Richard K. Crallé; published under the direction of the General Assembly of South Carolina, and for sale in Washington city by TAYLOR & MAURY,

oct 2— Booksellers, near 9th st.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 2.

Sun rises - - - 5h. 57m. | Sun sets - - - 5h. 42m.

☞ Mr. E. W. CARR, newspaper agent, is the only authorized agent for this paper in Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. Office at the northwest corner of Third and Walnut streets.

☞ The privileges of yearly advertisers will be confined rigidly to their regular business, and all other advertisements, not pertaining to their regular business as agreed for, to be paid extra.

☞ Every notice designed to call attention to private enterprises calculated or intended to promote individual interest, can only be inserted with the understanding that the same is to be paid for.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

WALLACE ELIOT respectfully announces to the public, that he has recently refitted his old stand and increased his facilities for business. He has now on hand a fresh supply of the various standard Medicines for the cure of diseases incident to the season. Also, a fresh supply of Drugs and Medicines.

Cor. of F & 12th sts., sign of the Golden Mortar.

oct 1—3t

BOYS' CLOTHING.

JUST RECEIVED a large and elegant assortment of Boys' Fall and Winter Clothing, consisting of Overcoats, Jackets, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Undershirts, &c., &c.; all of which are really fine and desirable, and worthy the attention of purchasers. Also, a choice and elegant assortment of Shirts, of all qualities and colors, Undershirts and Drawers, Stocks, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Socks, &c.; to which the attention of Gentlemen is particularly invited. WM. WALL,

oct 1—tf Pa. av., 10 doors west of 9th st.

MAGRUDER & CALVERT beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of Washington and its vicinity, to their stock of Fall Dress Goods, which they are now receiving, consisting of rich Brocade, Plaid, Chene, figured and plain Silks, Turc Satins, French Merinoes, Cashmeres, Mousselaines, Alpacas, Scotch Plaids, Plaid Raw Silk, Plaid Orientals, together with Chintz Calicoes, &c.; all of which will be sold cheap, they having been purchased 15 to 20 per cent. less than they could have been in the earlier part of the season.

sep 30—3taw2w [Intelligencer.]

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

WE would most respectfully inform the ladies of Washington and the public generally, that we have just received from the Northern Market an entire new and splendid stock of Dry Goods, suitable for the Fall and Winter trade. To those of our friends and customers who have heretofore patronized us so liberally, we desire to return our grateful thanks, and hope by politeness and strict attention to business that we shall still merit a continuance of their favors, and also the favor of the whole purchasing community. We deem it useless to enumerate goods, but would merely say that our stock consists of a general assortment of all kinds of fashionable and desirable Dry Goods, which will be sold very low for cash. We invite everybody to give us an early call, and we promise to sell bargains.

McLAIN & HARRY,

bet. 8th and 9th sts., next door to C. W. Boteler's

sep 30—d2w House-furnishing Store.

[Nat.Intel.&Republic.]

NEW BLACK SILKS.

MAGRUDER & CALVERT have this day received a large assortment of Black Silks, purchased at the New York Auctions, consisting of—

20 pieces black boiled Poult de Soie
15 do do Gro de Swiss
31 do do Mateone Lustring
6 do do Rept
10 do do Figured Brocade
8 do do Satin Turc.

All of which will be sold as low as they can be had in this city. Purchasers are requested to call, as we are determined to sell cheap and give satisfaction.

sep 30—d1w [Republic & Nat.Int.]

GUITARS AND VIOLINS.

THE UNDERSIGNED having recently visited the Northern Cities for the purpose of procuring the best Instruments, takes pleasure in offering the finest assortment ever before presented to a Washington public. Consisting of fine French, Spanish and German Guitars—finely inlaid with pearl; fine Italian Violins, French imitations from different masters, &c. Also—a very superior lot of fine French Flutes; together with a general assortment of all kinds of Instruments.

☞ Best Violin and Guitar Strings and Trimmings for all Instruments. GEO. HILBUS,

Musical Depot, Pa. av., one door from 10th st.

sep 29—tr

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

WILLIAM TUCKER, late of the firm of Lane & Tucker, Pennsylvania avenue, between 4½ and 6th streets, is now prepared to receive calls from his numerous friends and the public generally, having just opened a very large and extensive assortment of French and English Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, selected by himself with great care from the most extensive importing houses of New York and Philadelphia, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash price; and the reputation of his Establishment is a sufficient guaranty to all who may honor him with their patronage, of the style in which his garments will be executed.

N. B.—I shall be ready in ten days to show some of the handsomest styles of Overcoats that have ever been offered in this city. sep 20—3taw3w

LADIES' DRESS CAPS AND FANCY GOODS!

JUST OPENED at the new store on Sixth street, near the corner of Louisiana avenue, a large and select assortment of Ladies' Dress Caps, from 75 cents to $3.

Head-dresses, French worked Collars, Embroidered Handkerchiefs.

Fall and Winter Ribbons, Edgings, Silk Braids.

Dress Trimmings, Fringes, Velvet-dotted Flowers, Bugles.

Velvet Ribbons, Lace Trimmings, new style.

Extracts, Colognes, Fancy Soaps, Scent Bags, &c., &c.

Also—Gentlemen's Gloves, Hosiery, Shaving Creams, Hair, Tooth and Shaving Brushes, Handkerchiefs, Cravats and Perfumery, and Fancy Articles in general.

MRS. COLLISON'S Fancy & Millinery Store,

Sixth st., rear of National & Brown's Hotels.

sep 26—tr [Nat.Intel.—3t]

NEW STORE!

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Grocery Store to the corner of 6th street and New York avenue, where he intends keeping constantly on hand a choice supply of Teas, Coffee, Sugars, and all other articles (except liquor) usually kept in a Family Grocery Store; all of which he intends selling at the lowest cash prices. W. J. REDSTRAKE.

sep 29—d1w*

ARRIVAL OF JENNY LIND.

RECEIVED BY EXPRESS a small lot of that superior Chewing Tobacco, "JENNY LIND TWIST." Call while it is on hand, and supply yourselves at

BUTT'S Drug Store,

sep 29—6td cor. Penn. av. & 12th st.

MORE NEW GOODS!

At the Cheap Cash Store!

JUST RECEIVED another large lot of splendid Ribbons—among them some beautiful plaids and other styles. Bonnets, Bonnet Silk, Dress Trimmings, &c.

Also—Bleached Cottons, over a yard wide, 6 cts.; 5000 yards Sheeting Cottons, a yard and a quarter, 10 cents only! 10,000 yards heavy brown Cotton, a yard wide, 6 cents; all-wool Flannels, nearly a yard wide, 25 cents! Beautiful Prints, Cashmeres, Mousselains, &c. Ticking as low as 6 cents, very good. Brown Cotton as low as 3 cents. And a thousand articles bought at auction, which are great bargains. All to be had at

BROWN'S Cheap Cash Store,

sep 26—tr Pa. av., opp. Brown's Hotel.

OPENED, THIS DAY, AT MRS. E. MOFFETT'S,

7th Street, opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall,

AN ASSORTMENT of rich Fall styles of Ribbon, varying in price from 12½ to 75 cents per yard, and to which the attention of the ladies is respectfully solicited. Also, rich Belt Ribbons, Flowers, and various other Millinery goods. Also, a lot of well-selected Straw and other Bonnets. The ladies will also find a few beautiful patterns of Gold Cuff Pins, imitation do., with a general assortment of ladies' toilet and other articles.

The attention of gentlemen is requested to a fresh selection of Silk Cravats and Pocket Handkerchiefs, all of which will be sold low for cash. sep 12—tr

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

A PIANO FORTE ASSOCIATION has been formed, which guaranties to each subscriber a superior new seven-octave Piano, worth four hundred dollars, upon the payment of three hundred dollars in monthly instalments of from five to ten dollars. Persons desirous of becoming subscribers will please call at the Stationery store of William F. Bayly, on Pennsylvania avenue, between 11th and 12th streets, where they can obtain a copy of the "articles of agreement," and all necessary information relating thereto. E. N. STRATTON,

J. B. WOODRUFF,

sep 9—eotf Managers.

NEW GOODS NOW OPENING.

THE SUBSCRIBER has the pleasure of informing his friends and customers that he has just returned from the northern cities, where he has been for some time past selecting his stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

He is now prepared to show such a stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Dress Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Gloves, Stocks, Hosiery, Umbrellas, &c., as he has never before had the pleasure to exhibit, in style, variety, and cheapness; which, together with the comparatively LOW RENT he is under at present, enables him to offer unusual inducements to those in want of any article of Clothing in our line, of a quality and style that may be relied on.

F. J. STEER, Merchant Tailor,

sep 20—tf 8th st., 3d door from Penna. av.

LAMPS, OILS, AND PAINTS.

THE Undersigned would respectfully call the attention of his friends and the public generally to his stock of the above articles, which he has selected with care to suit the Metropolitan market. He has on hand and is in daily receipt of the following OILS, which he will warrant superior to any now for sale in this city: Etherial, Camphine, Lard, Solar, and Winter Strained Sperm; with a great variety of LAMPS of all descriptions.

A. HATCH, Jr.,

two doors west of Todd's new marble building, Penn. av., and C st. nearly opp. the Bank of Washington.

sep 17—tf

WANTS.

WANTED TO RENT—A small house in the vicinity of the Patent Office. Any one having such a house to let may hear of a punctual tenant by addressing "A. B.," office of the Telegraph. oct 1—2t

WANTED—A smart, active BOY, between the ages of 12 and 16, to attend in an office. One who can write a good hand and come well recommended will find a situation by applying at the National Era office, 7th street. oct 1—

WANTED—A good COOK—for a small family. Apply at the "Telegraph Office." [sep 22—tf

WANTED—An APPRENTICE, 16 or 17 years of age. A stout boy, well recommended, will hear of a good opportunity by applying at this office.

sep 1—tf

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS—A new article—for coughs, colds, asthma, consumption, and all other diseases of the lungs.

For sale at ELIOT'S Drug Store,

oct 1— cor. of F & 12th streets.

LAND WARRANTS FOR SALE.—GEO. R. HERRICK, at the corner of I and 12th streets, has for sale a few 160-acre Mexican War Land Warrants, which will be guaranteed at fair prices.

oct 1—4t*

"BLOOMER" RIBBONS, assorted colors, at 12½ cents. At

MRS. COLLISON'S Fancy & Millinery Store,

sep 29—tr Sixth st., near cor. Louisiana av.

ABERNETHY'S FAMILY PHYSICIAN, price 25 cts., a ready prescriber in cases of sudden illness and accident.

Guide to Health; or what to eat, drink, and avoid; by Dr. Culverwell—price 25 cents.

How to be Happy: an admonitory essay on regimen, expediency, and mental government—price 25 cents.

Hydrophobia—its origin, cure, and prevention—with important instructions to every person keeping a dog; by Wm Osborne, chemist—price 25 cents.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and other diseases of the chest—with remedies—price 25 cents.

For sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S

sep 30— Bookstore, Pa. avenue, near 9th street.

Attention, Chewers and Smokers!

DOWNER'S popular Cigar and Tobacco stand is well supplied with the best Havanas and Principes. Also a splendid lot of Chewing Tobacco, to which he extends a cordial invitation to his friends and to gentlemen of taste generally. sep 9—tr

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL BOOKS, and all those used in the private academies and institutions in the District of Columbia and adjacent country.

For sale, at New York prices, by

TAYLOR & MAURY,

sep 1— Booksellers, near 9th street.

SCHOOL BOOKS at New York Prices.

A full assortment of all kinds now in use; and the best STATIONERY of every variety, for sale by

AUSTIN GRAY,

au 30— 7th street, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall.

AUCTION LOTS OF CARPETS.—50 pieces ingrain medium and low priced Auction Carpets. Will be sold a very great bargain.

sep 29—1m YERBY & MILLER.

SILK MITTS.

35 dozen Silk Mitts, suitable for house and street—of all grades, long and short, with and without fingers.

sep 29—1m YERBY & MILLER.

SHEETINGS.—130 pieces Sheetings, all grades—cotton and linen. YERBY & MILLER.

sep 29—1m

BLANKETS.—We have in store 200 pairs of bed Blankets, all grades, and prices from $2.50 to $18.

2 bales, 150 pairs Servants' Blankets, which will be sold very cheap. YERBY & MILLER.

sep 29—1m

CANTICA LAUDIS, or American Book of Church Music, by Lowell Mason & G. J. Webb—just out, and universally recommended by the Press as superior to all its predecessors.

For sale by A. GRAY,

sep 17—tr 7th st., opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall.

BARRY'S Tricopherous cures all diseases of the skin and hair, and is for sale at the low price of 25 cents per bottle at the Drug Store, corner of E and 7th streets. J. F. CALLAN.

sep 23—

FANCY PAPER.—Embossed Gold and Silver, Ultramarine, Enamelled, Green, Glazed, Blue, Yellow, Tissue, &c., &c., at moderate prices, for sale by

A. GRAY, 7th street,

sep 17—tr opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall.

TARRANT'S Effervescent Seltzer Aperient.—This highly valuable preparation is the most convenient and efficacious aperient in use, and may be had at $1 per bottle at the Drug Store, corner of E and 7th streets. J. F. CALLAN.

sep 23—

BULL'S Sarsaparilla.

Also, Townsend's do.

Schwartz's do.

For sale by J. F. CALLAN,

sep 23— corner E and 7th streets.

NEW FALL GOODS!

NOW IS THE TIME—JUST OPENED!

30 PIECES rich Black Silk Laces, very cheap
10 do. Black Gro de Rhine Silk
50 do. Mousselaine de Laines, at 12c., very good
25 do. Extra do 25 cents
100 do. Calicoes, from 5 cents up
100 do. Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings
25 do. All-wool White and Colored Flannels
25 do. Bleached and Brown Canton do
25 do. Irish Linens, very low

Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Silk and Satin vestings. Also, white, grey, black, and fancy-colored Yarn. Customers will do well to give me a call, as I have in store a good assortment of fall goods, and will sell at low prices.

WILLIAM R. RILEY,

sep 5—tr. corner 8th st., opposite Centre market.

PARAMETTOES, ENGLISH AND FRENCH MERINOES.

WE HAVE IN STORE the following, in plain colors—300 pieces English Merinoes and Parametteoes. Cloths of all grades and colors.

25 pieces French Merinoes, all colors, and at the very lowest prices.

sep 24—d1m YERBY & MILLER.

KID GLOVES AT 62½ CENTS!

73 DOZEN LADIES' white, colored, and black Kid Gloves, a very good article, at 62½ cents.

Also the following at 87½ cents, of Alexander's make and Stewart's importation:

2 cartons Ladies' white, all numbers
3 do do colored, do
1 do do black, do
4 do Gentlemen's white, black, and assorted colors, all num