Kans. Historical Society

The Wichita Daily Eagle.

VOL. XIV. NO 1. WICHITA KANSAS, TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 18, 1890. WHOLE NO. 2034.

GENERAL NEWS.

CONFIDENCE RESTORED IN THE NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

A Steady Improvement in Values Now Looked for on a Good Basis.

Settlers in the Northwest Becoming Alarmed Over the Threatening Aspect Assumed by the Messiah Lunacy.

Charles Stewart Parnell the Irish Leader Convicted of Adultery—A Demand for His Withdrawal from the Leadership of His Party—The Knights of Labor.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The stock market today, after having time to recover from the scare of Saturday, was much less active than for any day for the past two weeks; and the evident return of confidence caused a slow but material advance in values all along the line, notwithstanding the fact that there were great variations and a feverish feeling throughout the entire day. There were two more failures announced, both due to the shrinkage in values. But they had but slight effect, the failure of Gregory & Ballou serving to keep Missouri Pacific down behind the rest of the list, as it was understood that the firm was heavily long of the stock. The sales under the rule at one time were about all the business done; but they were all cleared away before noon, and later, when it became evident that no more failures were to be announced, the buying assumed a more confident front, and the upward movement in values was accelerated. Today's developments show conclusively that the market has for a long time been largely oversold, and that bids and ostensible purchases were made by the bears when the number of stocks called for could not be obtained in the market. The general opinion seems to be that it is now only a question with investors of getting stocks at present prices, as the feeling of insecurity has almost subsided, and that a steady improvement may now be looked for on a good basis.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—High London quotations, and the buying of stocks by London houses, caused a partial return of confidence in the stock market this morning, and this was increased by an understanding that Jay Gould, D. O. Mills, the Vanderbilts, and other important interests, would join hands in giving support to prices. It was also stated that a large pool, in which Gould was interested, had been a heavy buyer of Northern Pacific.

A special dispatch from London says that the Barings declare their financial position to be sound now, as the banks have guaranteed the three years' support. The firm will realize £4,000,000 surplus. They now hold £8,000,000 of the best commercial paper in the world, and their total liability is £21,000,000. It is conceded that while they were embarrassed by the steady depression in Argentines to a considerable extent, the principal and precipitating cause of their trouble was Russia's withdrawal of £5,000,000 in all from the first accounts.

The North River bank has been unable to raise the sum necessary to continue business. Two of the Wall street banks refuse to allow the bank to clear through the clearing house until it shall cover into its treasury enough actual cash to meet all deposits. There is a deficiency, caused by shrinkage in securities of $10,000.

THE INDIAN MESSIAH.

Settlers Becoming Alarmed at the New Phase of the Religious Craze.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov 17.—The Journal's Mandan, N. D., special says: Superintendent Green at the Riverside ranch, whose range is between Mandan and the Sioux reservation, came in this morning, having become alarmed at the behavior and sullenness of the Indians, who are coming north well armed with two guns each and plenty of ammunition, and have passed through this town, presumably en route to stir up the Indians on the reservations north. Citizens are coming in from the south, and begging the citizens to stir up the authorities at Washington. Enough Indians are now traveling about this section to run off all the cattle and kill half the settlers in the country.

A friendly Indian brings a warning from the Sioux reservation. He says there is the greatest danger here; that the Indians propose to attack Fort Abraham Lincoln, knowing that there are but fifty soldiers there. Then they propose to capture Mandan, and massacre the citizens and burn the town. The greatest alarm prevails among the people here. It is reported that the Indian police at Standing Rock have torn off their badges and revolted.

GENERAL MILES' VIEWS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—A telegram from General Miles was received this morning by Major General Schofield saying that there seems to be no danger with the Sioux Indians at the Rosebud and other agencies. The Indians remain restless, however, and are exciting themselves by frequent war dances, and are still looking for the coming of the Messiah who is to exterminate the white man. The Indian prophets are doing everything to stimulate the excitement. The failure of the Messiah, however, to appear on specified dates, has had a somewhat depressing effect upon their efforts. Now it is predicted that he will appear in December, the date not being definitely fixed, in view of past failures at accurate prediction. General Miles believes that when the next failure is recorded the influence of the prophets upon the Indians—already badly shaken—will be substantially destroyed. He is certain that there is no danger of trouble this winter, but if the present spirit of restlessness and the agitation is continued, next spring may witness an outbreak. Every precaution has been taken by the military authorities to promptly suppress an outbreak, if it should occur. Troops in adequate numbers have been stationed at points of threatened trouble, and General Rugers' visit has had a salutary effect upon the Indians.

THE CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Gen. Miles has received from the post adjutant at Fort Custer, Mont., the following report of Lieut. F. C. Robertson, relative to the new religious belief at the Cheyenne agency:

"On my arrival at the agency," says Lieut. Robertson, "I put myself in immediate communication with Porcupine, the apostle of the new religion among the Cheyennes, and with Big Beaver, who accompanied him on his visit to the new Christ at Walker lake, Nev., last year. I held a lengthy talk with Porcupine and Big Beaver. The former was almost entirely the spokesman, Big Beaver merely corroborating his statements

"Porcupine, when questioned as to the identity of the sixteen or eighteen tribes who were at the Walker lake meeting last year, said that they included Cheyennes, Sioux, Arapahoes, Crows, Gros Ventres, Navajoes, Sheep Eaters, Bannocks and some other tribes whose names he did not know. He said all of the Utah Indians had been there, and had left before his arrival. He is sure there were no tribes from the Indian territory present, and thinks the Sioux were the most eastern Indians present.

"He says that he first heard of the new Christ at the Arapahoe (Shoshone) agency, where he and twelve other Cheyennes went on a visit last fall. An Arapahoe Indian, named Sage, who had been to the southwestern country, in 1888, told them that there was a new Christ arisen for the Indians; where he would be found, and explained his doctrine to them. Sage's story related, Porcupine says, to the man he himself afterwards saw near Walker lake. Porcupine goes on to say that he and the other Cheyennes were much interested, and determined to see this Messiah; but as all could not go so far, nine of the Cheyennes were sent back to the Tongue river reservation to tell the people what they had heard. Porcupine and the other Cheyennes went on. When they got to Utah they received large accessions to their caravan, Indians joining them in groups at different points on the route; so that when the final meeting took place at Walker lake, to hear the Christ speak, there was as near as he could estimate several hundred Indians present, including women and children.

"He especially insists that the teachings of the new Christ were in the interest of peace, good order and industry on the part of the Indians. I asked him if he could explain how it was then, that certain Indian tribes had made this new doctrine a basis for neglecting their crops, indulging in demoralizing dances, and even in disorder, as had been the case on certain reservations. His answer is so shrewd, and touches so nearly the probable explanation of the facts, that I recorded it. He said that the Indians who had gone to hear this new Christ with him had gone hoping to hear him preach some incendiary doctrine, and that they were disappointed at hearing that the new creed required them to do simple work and behave themselves; so that being known by their people to have visited this new Messiah, they concluded on their return home not to relate strictly what this man had told them, but to put into his mouth doctrines more agreeable to the Indians. 'These men, said Porcupine, are all liars, and they are responsible for any trouble that occurs, not the new Messiah.'

"The above comprises all the additional information gathered from Porcupine himself. It may be added that he claims the ability, in case of trouble on account of this belief on any reservation, to put a stop to it, if called on to do so."

PARNELL FOUND GUILTY.

The Leader of the Irish Home Rule Party Convicted of Adultery.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The trial of the O'Shea divorce case continued in the divorce court this morning before Justice Butt and the special jury. The petitioner presented further evidence to prove the charges he makes against his wife and Mr. Parnell.

The first witness called was a servant who had worked at the O'Shea home at the time Captain O'Shea charges that Mr. Parnell was paying clandestine visits to his wife. She testified that Mrs. O'Shea and Parnell were on one occasion locked in the drawing room. Mrs. O'Shea afterwards explained that the locking of the door was essential to the safety of Mr. Parnell, as a number of members of secret societies were prowling about the vicinity. She also told the witness to deny that Parnell visited the house.

Another servant testified that Mrs. O'Shea and Parnell were locked together in a room until after midnight.

This closed the evidence, and as neither the respondent nor the co-respondent made any defense, the case was given to the jury, who returned a verdict that adultery had been committed by Mrs. O'Shea and Parnell, and that there had been no connivance on the part of Captain O'Shea.

The court granted a decree of divorce, without costs to the petitioner, and also awarded him the custody of the minor children.

WILL PARNELL RETIRE?

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The daily Telegraph publishes Parnell's political obituary. It says he must cease, for the present at least, to lead the Nationalist party.

It is reported that the followers of Mr. Parnell do not desire him to retire unless by his own volition, in which event the leadership of the Irish party will be vested in a commission, of which Mr. Justin McCarthy will be president.

The general belief is that Parnell will retire from active public life for a time, at least, and that Mr. Dillon will take the leadership of the Irish parliamentary party. Mr. Gladstone, it is alleged, would prefer to deal with some one as leader of the home rulers whose private character is not a subject of unfavorable gossip, and it is also declared that the Irish Catholic priests will demand that the leader of their people shall be a morally clean man. There will probably be no occasion for any controversy over this point, as Mr. Parnell has himself taken the initiative, according to the trustworthy sources, toward accepting the suggestive changes of leadership.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 17.—It is learned tonight from very good authority that the trouble in the Knights of Labor assembly, which has existed since Saturday morning, was caused by the discovery of an attempt to use the order for political purposes. It is claimed that some of the executive officers, during the last campaign, caused circulars to be issued and scattered over the state of Pennsylvania, requesting the Knights to vote for Pattison for governor, and that in other states the same means were used. Those delegates opposed to the organization knowing any party politics as a body demand a satisfactory explanation of the matter, while those favoring the course alleged to have been pursued came to its support. The debate became very heated, but tonight it is stated that satisfactory explanations have been given, and the matter is settled.

At this evening's session Mr. Powderly was unanimously elected grand master workman; Hugh Cavenaugh, of Cincinnati, general worthy foreman, and J. Lowry secretary and treasurer. The assembly passed a resolution continuing Mr. Powderly's salary of $5,000 per annum, but upon a motion of Mr. Powderly the resolution was reconsidered and the amount reduced to $3,500. Adjourned until tomorrow.

THE LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—A representative of the Associated Press today visited the house of Baring Bros. & Co. Everything was quiet about their place of business and there were no internal or external signs of disturbance. The members of the firm stated that all their acceptances and other liabilities will be met as they fall due.

They also said that the position of the firm with the bank of England at its back, is stronger now than ever before.

The troubles of the banking house of Baring Bros. & Co. caused less anxiety in Paris than in Berlin, where anxious fears were entertained regarding the outcome of the certification.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—After the official close, business on the stock exchange had a decidedly better tendency, prices rallying from the worst points, but still leaving a general decline for the day. Speculative dealings were scarce, few venturing to operate, in view of the uncertain and critical condition of the market. The banks supporting the Barings now propose to guarantee the whole £15,000,000 of acceptances. The management of Baring Brothers is expected to go into commission. Lord Revelstoke, the head of the firm and a director of the Bank of England, withdraws as chief, although he will continue to advise the other members of the firm.

A MISSING STEAMER.

BOSTON, Nov. 17.—The Warren line steamer, Kansas, which sailed from Liverpool for Boston, November 1, has not been sighted and it is feared she has met with some mishap. She carried 120 steerage passengers.

A BROKEN BRIDGE.

A STOCK TRAIN GOES THROUGH A ROTTEN BRIDGE.

An Unknown Number of Men at the Muddy Bottom of the Kaw River.

A Boiler Explosion in a Stove Factory Kills Three Men and Frightfully Mangles Others.

A Boat Load of Harvest Hands Capsizes With Terrible Loss of Life—An Engineer Killed in a Freight Wreck—Other Accidents and Mishaps.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 17.—At 6:30 o'clock this morning, a freight train of six cars and an engine on the Kansas City, Wyandotte and Northwestern railway, just entering the city from Beatrice, Neb., plunged through a bridge and into the muddy depths of the Kaw river, near its mouth in Kansas City, Kan. No one knows how many persons were on board, but there may have been anywhere from twelve to thirty, so far as the names are known of those who were rescued. The list of saved comprises only four members of the train crew, and one or two colored men who were riding across the bridge. The list of killed and wounded so far as known is as follows:

Killed—Fred Allen, fireman, Lawrence, Kan.; Henry Coleman (colored), Kansas City, Kan.; Will Crawford (colored), Kansas City, Kan.; Henry Williams, Kansas City Kan.

The latter three were employed at Armour's packing house, and were riding to their work.

Injured—Christian Patch, Kansas City, Kan., engineer, badly cut and bruised; Thomas Milligan, Kansas City, Kan., badly bruised; S. V. Smith, Latham, Kan., stockman, badly bruised; L. Latimore (colored), Kansas City, Kan., three ribs broken; Pinckney Harrod, conductor, Kansas City, Kan., slightly bruised; T. W. Watchliff, brakeman, Kansas City, Kan., slightly bruised.

The following list of the missing is furnished by Armour's. All these were seen to get aboard the train, and as they did not put in an appearance at their places of work, or at their homes, it is feared they were lost:

Missing—Ralph Fay, elevator man at Armour's; Fred Bell, pipe-fitter at Armour's; Ed Burke, pipe-fitter at Armour's; Frank W. Wall, packer at Armour's; Dave Brown, beef killer at Armour's. Three tramps who boarded the train some distance up the road are also missing. All the missing are supposed to have been killed and their bodies are now probably confined in the wreckage.

The accident occurred on the middle of the Kansas City, Wyandotte and Northwestern bridge spanning the Kaw north of the cable and water works bridge. Just before reaching the bridge nine colored men were seen to board the train, while two were seen riding on the pilot. The train had crossed the first span to the south, and was half way across the second, when, without an instant's warning, and with a sudden plunge, the engine went downward and disappeared beneath the surface of the water. One after another the six cars of the train dashed down upon the engine, each striking with a deafening crash and sinking at once beneath the water. The caboose was the only car that did not disappear below the water, and coal from the stove within it set fire to it and it was soon consumed.

The work of rescue began immediately by those who had witnessed the disaster, and those who had been attracted to the spot by the crash and the glare of the burning caboose. Several of the colored men who were riding to their work, and all of the train's crew, excepting the fireman, were taken from the wreckage, to which they were found clinging. The task of regaining the dead bodies was then begun, and those mentioned above as dead were recovered. The search for the others, supposed to have been drowned, will be continued tomorrow.

No cause can be assigned for the disaster beyond inherent weakness of the structure.

A TERRIBLE EXPLOSION.

READING, Pa., Nov. 17.—A terrible accident took place at Mertztown, this county, at 7 o'clock this morning, which resulted in the death of three men and the serious injury of five others. While the employes of Edward Trexler's stove factory were preparing to start work for the day, and the engineer was getting up steam in the boiler, one of the large boilers exploded. The building was completely wrecked, and Henry Epler, aged 21; Sasswan Hilbert, aged 25; and Charles Oswald, aged 45, were killed. Among the most seriously injured are; Samuel Epler, Samuel Delorg and Charles Albert. All were terribly scalded, and Epler, Delong and Albert had limbs broken. The exact cause of the explosion is not known. The force of the concussion was felt for a distance of five miles. The bodies of the killed were horribly mangled. All seven of the injured were standing in the boiler house when the explosion occurred.

WHOLESALE DROWNING.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—A ship having on board a party of laborers and a large number of animals, en route to the Island of Brazza, where they were to be employed in the olive harvests, was capsized off the Dalmatian coast by a sudden heavy gust of wind. All on board were thrown into the sea and the capsized vessel was soon surrounded by a struggling mass of men and animals. A number of boats put out from the shore and succeded in rescuing several human beings and twenty-four animals. Thirty-eight persons and one hundred animals perished.

AN ENGINEER KILLED.

PRINCETON, Ill., Nov. 17.—As two freight trains were passing each other several miles east of Princeton, a car left its forward truck and jumped out toward the other train, resulting in the destruction of one locomotive and fourteen cars and the killing of Engineer Kelly and the scalding of the fireman. It took two wrecking squads of about one hundred men seventeen hours to clear the track. The damage is estimated at $10,000.

RAILROAD ELECTION.

PITTSBURG, Kan., Nov. 17.—The annual election of the Pittsburg, Columbus & Fort Smith railroad was held in this city today, which resulted in the election of the following board of directors: Col. Alexander Warner, Connecticut; D. C. Finn and S. H. Smith, Baxter Springs; J. Vail and E. Kelly, Ft. Smith; O. J. Nichols, Cherokee; E. C. Scammon, Columbus; James Palmer, O. S. Beadle and J. W. Bremer, Pittsburg. The board organized by electing as officers Col. Alexander Warner, president; D. C. Finn, vice president James Palmer, treasurer; O. G. Nichols, secretary.

AGAINST WOMEN.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 17.—The Independence avenue M. E. church voted tonight on the proposition to admit women to the conferences as lay delegates. Out of a membership of 359, only 63 voted on the question as follows: 43 against, 20 for.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

CANTON, Ills., Nov. 17.—The most horible tragedy in the annals of Fulton county was enacted at Utica, a village ten miles southeast of Canton. Philip L. Smith, a farmer 60 years of age, had for some time been jealous of his wife, aged 50 years. Mrs. Smith had been absent from home attending a sick daughter-in-law. On her return this morning Mr. Smith at once began a quarrel and throwing her to the floor severely choked her. Mrs. Smith got away from him and ran into the yard.

Smith seized a Winchester rifle and followed her, firing four shots into hbr body. When she fell Smith went back into the house, exchanged the gun for a revolver and returned to the side of his wife. Ascertaining that she was dead, he laid down by her side, placed the muzzle of the revolver in his mouth and blew out his brains. Smith was a most desperate character. No less than four persons have been killed by him.

WHOLESALE SHOOTING.

A Crowd in a Florida Town Engage in an Indiscriminate Shooting Affray.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 17.—At Reddick, a small town on the Florida Southern railroad, fifteen miles north of Ocala, George Sanders, a white man, went into L. P. Thaggard's store, and after flourishing a revolver around very carelessly, fired a shot at Ned Roux, one of the clerks. The shot did not take effect. E. R. Williams and John Friday, who were standing near, succeeded in flooring Sanders.

A negro who entered just as the scuffle began and had no idea of the cause of it rushed across the street to Sanders' store and told his brother Bob that two white men were trying to kill George. Bob seized his gun and rushed into Thaggard's store and began firing right and left. Two shots hit Williams and he fell mortally wounded; another struck a negro and he fell dead; still another hit John Friday, but did not make a serious wound, and the last shot struck a negro woman who came in the door and had no intimation of what was going on inside. She is not believed to be badly hurt.

George Sanders escaped during the firing and rushed out of the front door when a charge of bird-shot from an unknown assailant was lodged in his face, making only slight flesh wounds. A minute later Bob Sanders having exhausted his ammunition, turned to go out of the store, but some one in the rear—nobody knows who—fired a charge of buckshot at him. It was lodged in his side, abdomen and loins.

By this time the whole population, about 250, was on the street and witnessed the excitement prevailing. Somebody got the telegraph operator to wire to Ocala for help but George Sanders heard of it and threatened the life of the operator if he sent any message. The young man left his instrument and went home, consequently there was no news until htis morning.

Just after dark Deputy Sheriff Sellers arrived from Ocala with a posse of twenty-two men. He arrested George Sanders and subsequently lodged him in jail at Ocala. Bob was sent there in charge of a physician with the sheriff's guard. He will probably die within twenty-four hours. Quiet was at last restored and the sheriff and posse returned to Ocala early this morning.

Williams, the first man shot by Bob Saunders, lingered until 1 o'clock today, when he died in great agony. He was a very prominent citizen of the county. Of these two Saunders brothers, George is a merchant and Bob a railroad contractor.

There was the wildest excitement in Ocala from 9 o'clock yesterday until midnight and a report was circulated that a race difficulty was taking place in Reddick and the local reserves were called out to proceed there if needed. All is quiet today.

THE CLEARINGS.

The Story of the Country's Business as Told by the Banks.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 17.—The following table compiled from dispatches from the managers of the leading clearing houses of the United States shows the gross exchanges for the week ending Nov. 17, 1890, with rates per cent of increase or decrease, as compared with the corresponding week in 1889:

Cities.	Amount.	Inc.	Dec.
New York	$ 978,456,658	21.7	.....
Boston	110,556,600	13.0	.....
Chicago	97,475,000	24.5	.....
Philadelphia	82,598,418	17.1	.....
St. Louis	23,004,002	25.7	.....
San Francisco	21,566,981	18.9	.....
Pittsburg	16,847,128	7.5	.....
Baltimore	14,305,125	61.9	.....
Cincinnati	13,107,500	8.0	.....
New Orleans	13,148,300	1.8	.....
Kansas City	10,112,717	15.6	.....
Milwaukee	9,955,000	68.1	.....
Buffalo	9,091,958	159.5	.....
Galveston	8,062,427	308.7	.....
Minneapolis	8,051,179	17.8	.....
Louisville	8,203,975	1.6	.....
Detroit	6,462,144	17.9	.....
Cleveland	5,822,936	26.1	.....
Providence	7,000,004	8.5	.....
Omaha	5,962,630	14.3	.....
Denver	5,158,402	29.3	.....
St. Paul	3,022,596	.....	0.5
Columbus	3,381,500	16.3	.....
Memphis	3,600,183	.....	19.7
Dallas	3,282,521	51.0	.....
Duluth	2,623,284	115.1	.....
Portland	3,357,865	9.0	.....
Indianapolis	4,964,802	127.3	.....
Hartford	2,960,279	15.7	.....
Washington	1,639,644	18.6	.....
Peoria	1,851,034	20.5	.....
St. Joseph	1,657,879	27.1	.....
Portland, Me	1,474,158	8.6	.....
Norfolk	1,384,299	39.1	.....
Worcester	1,421,566	7.2	.....
New Haven	1,613,333	17.1	.....
Springfield	1,428,142	23.9	.....
Tacoma	1,216,240	84.1	.....
Sioux City	1,256,973	47.1	.....
Seattle	1,226,845	15.4	.....
Wichita	764,418	39.2	.....
Lowell	815,098	5.5	.....
Wilmington, Del	843,319	.....	2.7
Birmingham	855,559	0.2	.....
Grand Rapids	757,905	1.9	.....
Los Angeles	716,251	2.7	.....
Chattanooga	598,336	47.3	.....
New Bedford	534,865	34.8	.....
Topeka	441,491	4.7	.....
Lexington, Ky	417,348	8.2	.....
Montreal	12,656,797	11.9	.....
Total	$ 1,502,934,479	20.2	.....
Outside New York	544,857,821	19.6	.....

CHOLERA'S RAVAGES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Reports received at Marine hospital bureau headquarters through the state department of the progress of cholera abroad, show that at Aleppo cases are becoming daily more numerous. Thirty-eight cases and nineteen deaths were reported on October 7, the latest date noted. At Gofa new cases are continually occurring, while all the villages around Aleppo and Orfa are infected. The most serious fact noted in the latest report received from Constantinople is that cholera has made its appearance at Alexandria, the seaport of Aleppo. At Hedjaz 4,171 deaths have occurred since the epidemic broke out. The latest advices from Hiogo, Japan, reports 239 cases and sixty-nine deaths there for the week ending September 27. At Nagasaki-Ken the United States consul reports 883 cases and 841 deaths for the week ending September 29.

LYNCHED.

CORINTHIANA, Miss., Nov. 17.—News has just reached this place from Savannah, Tenn., of the hanging by a mob of Ned Stevens, the negro who killed Sheriff Fraley several months ago. He was tried last Friday but the jury failed to agree upon a verdict and he was sent back to jail. At night a mob of several hundred quietly surrounded the jail and compelled the jailer to give up his prisoner. They took him out of town and swung him to a limb of a tree and riddled his body with bullets.

ANOTHER ONE.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 17.—Some weeks ago a negro outraged a lady named Mrs. Calhoun near Wood's station, on the dummy line near Bessemer. Yesterday a negro named Henry Smith was taken to her, and she instantly pronounced him the man. He was taken off by the citizens who had him in charge, and this morning his dead body was found dangling to a tree near by.

OKLAHOMA.

A GOSSIPY BUDGET FROM SOUTH OF THE KANSAS LINE.

A Gang of Horse-Thieves Arrested by Deputy United States Marshals.

Complaint at the Failure of the Legislature to Empower the Commissioners to Pay County Indebtedness.

The Official Result of the Late Election for Delegate to Congress — Proceedings of the Legislature for the Day — Guthrie Society Gossip — Notes.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle.

GUTHRIE, Ok., Nov. 17.—Charles Grant, Sid Priggen, Robert Mayes and William Skggs have been arrested on the charge of horse stealing. They were found with nineteen head of horses in their possession eight miles south of Arkansas City. They were arrested by T. C. Taylor, deputy United States marshal, Jessie Graham and O. S. Severans. They claim that they purchased the stock, but the brands correspond with those of the horses stolen.

Bill Balls was also arrested on the same charge in Arkansas City, by L. T. Shockley, deputy United States marshal.

The grand jury of Logan county sits again this morning. Up to date about one hundred indictments have been found, and more counties to hear from.

The district court of the First judicial district of the territory of Oklahoma, convenes this morning at Guthrie, Chief Justice Green presiding.

Two hundred and eleven cases are docketed in the territorial court, nineteen cases are docketed in the United States court, and W. P. Meadows, United States commissioner, has sixteen cases docketed.

The county commissioners throughout Oklahoma are complaining bitterly of the dilatory action of the legislature in not passing a bill permitting them to issue warrants in payment of debts contracted for the respective counties. As the matter now stands no one will sell the counties goods or perform work unless allowed to put in exorbitant bills. The bills that are accumulating are enormous, notwithstanding the fact that the county commissioners are doing all in their power to keep them down.

The judges and clerks of election of Oklahoma county were paid today by the secretary.

The secretary of the territory states that advices from the department are to the effect that the expenses of the election of the delegate to congress will not be paid by the United States but by the territory.

The deputy United States marshals complain that the government is very slow in paying them. This has ever been the case with Oklahoma deputy marshals, and their duties are a thousand times more perilous than those of the older states. They certainly have not been treated fairly.

Wm. Greiffeinstein, of Wichita, is expected on the first train, to identify his horses. There is no doubt he will find them in the herd recovered.

D. E. White dropped dead Sunday near Cottonwood bridge. The verdict of the coroner's jury was congestion of the lungs and heart failure.

The canvass of the votes for delegate to congress resulted as follows: Harvey, 4,398; McCoy, 2,446; Harvey, short term, 4,478; Matthews, 2,543. Crocker, long term, 1,539; Deihl, short term, 1,464; total vote cast for long term, 8,478; total vote cast for short time, 8,444; Harvey's plurality, 2,032. Harvey carried all but Cleveland county. The vote was convassed by Governor Steele, Chief Justice Green and Secretary Martin.

The first town lot decisions were rencered by the board today. Four decisions were rendered, and in each case the original and first settler was favored by the board. Certificates issued by the Dyer city government did not amount to anything more than occupancy. The decisions seem to give general satisfaction.

James W. Walters has been commissioned a notary public at Edmond. W. S. Southers has been commissioned justice of the peace at Benton. Daniel S. Marion has been commissioned notary public at Fort Supply.

Judge Warren G. Sayres, a member of the Cherokee commission, spent Sunday with the governor.

Chief Justice Green and family have arrived.

Marshal Grimes has gone to Nebraska.

Mr. J. C. Robb and wife Sundayed in Oklahoma City.

COUNCIL.

The council met at 3 o'clock.

The liquor bills were considered in committee of the whole, with Oklahoma Brown's moderate license bill as a basis.

Mr. Linn moved to make the county commissioners the licensing power, instead of the district judge.

Mr. Brown of Oklahoma—It will throw it right into politics.

Mr. Bixler—There will be no division and it can cut no figure in politics.

Mr. Brown—They must decide who shall receive license. I apply to the friend of liquor.

The amendment was adopted.

HOUSE.

Speaker Pro Tem Jones was in the chair and fourteen present.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

The reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Mr. Daniels introduced a bill providing for the issuance of bonds.

Referred to a special committee.

The house considered house bill No. 61 in a committee of the whole.

Section 1, making section lines, with roads sixty-six feet wide, was amended by permitting the planting of shade trees twenty-five feet from the center of the road.

The section was adopted as amended.

Sec. 2. The territory is divided into road townships, and road townships are divided into four districts, each district to elect its own overseer at the general election of township officers.

Sec. 3. To lay out a road, twelve freeholders must apply.

Adopted.

Sec. 4. The petition must state beginning and termination of said road.

There was a stormy debate over the manner of establishing road districts.

Adjourned.

GUTHRIE SOCIETY NOTES.

GUTHRIE, Ok., Nov. 17—[Special]—Mr. Robb, chief clerk in Marshal Grimes' office, and bride, are at the Palace hotel.

Mrs. A. D. Hendricks has returned to Winfield, after spending a week with her daughter, Mrs. Will Meeker.

The ladies of the South M. E. church gave a pleasant social, Thursday evening, at the assembly hall.

The W. S. C. C. club will meet at the home of Miss Allie Schnell, Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Greene and Miss Greene, wife and daughter of our chief justice, have arrived from Mt. Carmel, Ill., and will make Guthrie their home for the present.

The wife and children of Maj. E. J. Simpson, chief clerk of the council, are in the city and at home at the Hotel Noble.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cotteral will be at home to their friends after this week in their new cottage on Cleveland avenue.

The Heim Hose company will give a dance in Assembly hall Dec. 3.

Miss Binnie Galloway has been appointed an additional clerk of the council.

Mrs. Rock's history of Oklahoma is completed and ready for sale at $2.50 a volume, cloth bound.

Miss Myrtle Meadows left for a visit to her old home in Abbington, Ill.

The Ladies' Guild will give a Hat party this week. It will be the last entertainment until after advent.

The G. A. Rs. will give a calico ball the 30th of this month. They will be assisted by the leading people of Guthrie, and it is hoped a nice little sum will be realized, as they are in need of funds.

A MANIAC'S WORK.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Nov. 17.—Marcena Stone, a wealthy farmer living four miles south-west of here, had a hired man, F. L. Pelbeam. Yesterday morning after the chores were done, the farmer and his hired man sat down to read while awaiting breakfast. Suddenly without provocation or warning Pelbeam grasped a small blunt hatchet, which he held secreted under his coat, leaped to his feet and struck Stone a violent blow on the top of his head. The latter fell to the floor stunned and bleeding. The assailant repeated his attack, dealing six more blows on the head of his victim.

At this juncture Mrs. Stone appeared from another room, and Pelbeam turned upon her, struck her five times with the hatchet and would doubtless have killed but for the fact that her husband rallied and seized him by the throat, keeping him under subjection until neighbors who had been aroused by the screams of the woman and the two small children arrived upon the scene.

Pelbeam fled, but a number of neighbors pursued him half a mile and captured him, but found he had cut his own throat with a pocket knife, but did not inflict a necessarily fatal wound. He was brought to town and jailed. He is evidently insane.

The doctors say that Stone's wife is dangerously injured, but both will probably recover.

DISTRESS IN NEBRASKA.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 17.—It is useless to longer attempt to conceal the fact that in several western counties many of the settlers are in a starving condition. Some time since Governor Thayer appointed several well known gentlemen to investigate the situation. They visited several counties and report much destitution. Their estimate is that there are in each of these counties 5,000 people who are nearly or quite destitute. The crop failure was nearly complete. They have little clothing and only shorts and corn meal for food. Fuel is very scarce add without money it is difficult to get enough to keep comfortable. They have no corn cobs even. After mature deliberation the railroads have agreed to furnish coal at the cost at the mines. They will haul all the way free and the mines are from 200 to 500 miles distant.

Several meetings have been held in Lincoln and presided over by Governor Thayer. Active steps have been taken and relief committees appointed. A systematic arrangement has been perfected and funds and supplies will be collected and forwarded as rapidly as possible. A severe early storm would doubtless result in the death by starvation and famine and from cold of many unfortunate people. The people in eastern Nebraska will come promptly to the rescue.

NEW PENSIONS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The following pensions were granted today:

KANSAS.

Original—George Chapin, Constant; Martin G. Monroe, Sterling; Jesse G. Niles Beloit; Samuel Hubbard, Springhill; John Mayer, Great Bend; Royal Lafferty, Emporia; John F. Bull, Centralia; Henry E. Ryer, Bazaccord; John H. Hatchett, Mulvane; George W. Murdock, Garnett; Geo. W. Barton, Pawnee Station.

Increase—James P. Hines, Haddam; Thomas Searles, alias Gray, Burlington; Heber Sims, Rantoul; Michael W. Reval, Council Grove.

Reissue—Thomas M. Crawford, Fredonia; Cornelius Cain, Winfield.

Original widows, etc.—Ursula Lucretia, widow of William E. Haight, Leavenworth; Amanda J., widow of William H. Wicks, Emporia; Annie, widow of William Orleson, Junction City; minors of Sylvester Summers, East Leavenworth and Platte City.

OKLAHOMA.

Original—James McKnight.

A CHILD'S PRESERVATION.

HILLSBORO, Tenn., Nov. 17—Last Sunday morning about 8 o'clock Bud Futts, and wife, living on top of the Cumberland mountains, near the Grundy and Coffee county line, went to Sunday school, leaving their four small children at home. While they were absent their little girl, who is between 8 and 9 years old, and who is deaf, dumb and an idiot, strayed away. Search was made but without result. The whole country became aroused and search was prosecuted with vigor until Thursday when the little one was found alive several miles from home. She had been in the woods four days and nights in a section of country where bears, panthers and other wild beasts abound, and yet she was unharmed. The child was found on top of a precipice and tracks along the top showed the child had narrowly escaped death several times.

BAD BURGLARS.

MERRILTON, Wis., Nov. 17.—About midnight Friday night, as Jay Trumbull, who keeps a drug store here, entered his bedroom in the rear of his store after closing up, he faced a brace of revolvers in the hands of two determined men. They greeted him with a demand to throw up his hands and keep still. He was then compelled to open his safe, after which he was bound and gagged and thrown on the bed. Mr. Trumbull lay in this condition for about an hour, when Dr. McMillan, who also rooms in the store, came in and released him. The burglars in the meantime had taken everything out of the safe and departed. The robbers were masked and no clew has so far been discovered as to their identity.

AMERICAN CRUISERS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The wreck of the British cruiser, Serpent, has caused considerable comment among the officers of the navy, reflecting credit to some extent upon the new ships of this government. The accident is taken as a further proof that the smaller ships of the British navy are too light in their construction, a fact that has been suspected for some time. The plans of certain of our vessels have been based on English designs, but in every case the frames have been strengthened so that the calamity need cause no fear of a repetition on this side of the water.

GENERAL M'KEE'S DEATH.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 17.—Gen. George C. McKee, receiver of public money of the United States government, died at his residence here this morning, after an illness of several weeks. The immediate cause of his death was a complicated heart trouble. Gen. McKee was practicing law in central Illinois previous to the late civil war, and entered the federal service at the opening of the fight. He rose to the position of general, and as a brave soldier and excellent commanding officer, enjoyed the fullest confidence of Generals Grant and Sherman. Subsequent to the war, Gen. McKee removed to Mississippi, entered politics, and represented the Grant administration. He has since held several federal offices of prominence.

KANSAS MATTERS.

NEWS OF INTEREST TO THE PEOPLE OF THE SUNFLOWER STATE.

Senator Ingalls Confident of His Re-Election to the United States Senate.

Governor Humphrey's Annual Thanksgiving Proclamation — Another Alliance Man Gets a Seat in the House.

A Gang of Horse-Thieves Arrested at Arkansas City—Annual Visit of the National Board to the Soldiers' Home at Leavenworth—Other News and Notes.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 17.—Senator Ingalls arrived here from Atchison this morning. He came here to consult with leading Republicans about his reelection. He declined to talk about politics, farther than to say that he would be reelected without a doubt. This opinion is shared by all the leading Republicans of the state.

THANKGIVING.

Governor Humphrey Issues his Annual Proclamation.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 17.—Governor Humphrey has issued the following proclamation:

"The people of Kansas have abundant reason to feel thankful to Almighty God for His continued kindness during the year fast drawing to a close.

"Our beloved commonwealth has enjoyed immunity from war, pestilence, and famine. Peace, health and fair measure of prosperity in all departments of labor have blessed us as a people, by the grace and favor of him whose power we recognize in all things.

"Now, therefore, I, Lyman U. Humphrey, govern