Judicious Advertising
Creates many a new business.
Enlarges many an old business.
Revives many a dull business.
Rescues many a failing business.

The Wichita Daily Eagle.

Judicious Advertising
He who in the world would rise
must advertise.
Your advertisement is your representative.
Advertising is an elegant and effective salesman.

VOL. XV, NO. 134. WICHITA KANSAS, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 22. 1891. WHOLE NO. 2324.

Kans. Historical Society

BITTING BROS.

You can't set anything like a pace if you hav'nt the material to do it with. We happen to have the material. It is quite true that we are not running a race with the earth, but it is also quite true that our $15.00 cassimere suits are going at the stiffest kind of a gait, for they have tumbled headlong into popular favor. Just come and take a look at them—you cannot like without looking and you cannot look without liking. They have made a hit, a most decided hit, and that is just what is made by every purchaser. We are also offering bargains in Boys' and Children's Clothing. New goods every day.

BITTING BROS,
One-Price Clothiers, Hatters, Furnishers.
126 & 128 - Douglas Ave.

NEW MUSIC HOUSE
407 E. DOUGLAS AVE.
PIANOS AND ORGANS.
Old Reliable Bradbury and Celebrated Henning Pianos.
Goods All New. Factory Prices
—Easy Terms.—
BARNES & NEWCOMB.
RICHLAND BLOCK.

REAL ESTATE
75 feet on Topeka Ave, between 9th and 10th Sts, very cheap if sold at once. Call.
BLACKWELL DEPTS. BROOK

Medical and Surgical Institute.

DR. B. Y. BOYD.
Innovation in the treatment of Disease
$5.00 PER MONTH.
Catarrh and Throat, Eye and Ear diseases positively cured.
PRIVATE DISEASES.
Debility or Startling Weakness in young or middle aged men. We guarantee a cure. Some symptoms are nervousness, confusion of ideas, defective memory, Etc.
Kidney and Urinary Troubles are rapidly cured by a treatment that has Never Failed.
DISEASES OF WOMEN.
Treatment mild. Electricity used as an adjunct remedy. Positive cures. Our treatment is the best. Our prices the lowest.
DR. B. Y. BOYD'S
Medical and Surgical Institute,
155 North Main St.
WICHITA, - - - KANSAS

Globe

GOING
Like Hot Cakes,
Everybody in town getting one of our Henrietta dresses

8 yards 88 inch Henrietta, any color
5 yards skirt lining.
1 1-2 yards waist lining.
1 1-2 dozen buttons
Or
1 card hooks and eyes.
1 skirt braid.
1 spool silk,
2 spools twist.
1 spool cotton.
1 set steels.
1 yard stiffening.
—ALL FOR—
$3.73.
Big 19c Hat Sale going on.

GLOBE, 150 N. MAIN ST
M. B. COHN,

Reunion Visitors
and candidates as they travel East on Douglas Avenue. should not fail to take notice of the
—CONSISTORY—
RINGS AND CHARMS
In the window of
W. W. PEARCE,
403 E. Douglas Ave.

FROM
SUNDAY
MORNING'S
EAGLE.

95 pairs Ladies odds and ends, Common Sense and Opera toes, Dongola Button Shoes, worth $2, $2.25, $2.50 and $3.00, this week to clean them out at
$1.43
Just To Keep Things Moving.
The H. L. SHOBER CO.
512 East Douglas Ave.
A. E. SHOBER, Manager

J. R. HOLLIDAY,
WICHITA GROCERY
Bulk Seeds a Specialty.
All Goods Warranted
Tel. 295. 217East Douglas

STOVES.
Cook Stoves, Gasoline Stoves, Base Burner Heating Stoves. also a large line of small heating stoves.
Tinners Tools for sale.
Mail orders promptly attended to.
TRIMBLE BROS. & CO.
412 East Douglas Avenue.

MILLER & HULL,
—LEADING—
TAILORS AND DRAPERS.
Largest Stock of Fine Woolens in the City.
Finest Tailoring Establishment in the State.
Sedgwick Block, - Cor. 1st. and Market.

SOMETHING NEW:
Quadruple Ruled Ledgers. Extra Debtit Ruled Ledgers. Six Column Journals. And all the latest things in Blank Books. Come and see them.
WICHITA BOOK CO. W. H. H. TROUPE, Manager.
118 East Douglas avenue.

POLITICAL POINTS.

THE SALINA CONVENTION OF THE KANSAS ALLIANCE.

The Whole of the First Session Consumed in the Disposal of Routine Work.

A Strong Opposition Developing to the Re-election of President McGrath. The Burton-Peffer Debate.

President Harrison Writes of Those Who Belittle the Effort to Establish the Tin-Plate Industry—The Illinois Farmers Declare War Against The Liquor License System—Florida Alliance Democrats Notes.

SALINA, Kan., Oct. 21.—The State Farmers' Alliance convention was called to order this morning amid considerable confusion and uncertainty. With the arrival of delegates late last night and this morning, a strong and determined fight against the re-election of President Frank McGrath has developed. The greatest secrecy has been maintained by the antis. Not a word of opposition had reached the newspapers, and up to a late hour last night the friends of President McGrath considered his re-election assured. The strong front presented by the opposition has spread consternation among McGrath's friends and it is the engrossing theme of discussion among the delegates this morning. The Sixth congressional district, where McGrath resides, is opposed to him, and in the big Seventh Editor Kies of the Wichita Commoner has taken charge of the anti-McGrath forces. The strongest opposition is made by delegates who were representatives in the last legislature. Jerry Simpson, who arrived this morning, is said to be arrayed with the opposition.

The fight is based upon the scandal created by the Turner letter last winter. McGrath's friends claim that the fight is an effort on the part of the old Union-Labor and Greenback party men to gain control of the Alliance. They say that if McGrath is defeated it means the taking of the organization out of the hands of the farmers and placing it in the control of professional politicians. It is generally conceded that if McGrath is defeated, it will have a great effect upon the elections in Kansas this fall. McGrath's friends say that it will result in the disorganization of the Alliance.

The address of welcome was delivered by Professor Gains of the Salina normal school, and the response was made by W. H. Utley. The convention then went into secret session. The various co-operative schemes and the establishment of a daily paper at Topeka will take a prominent part in the deliberations of the convention.

The whole of today's session was consumed in disposing of the usual preliminary routine business. Nothing whatever of general interest was done. The work of the convention will begin tomorrow morning, but will be suspended at noon until Friday.

Tomorrow afternoon and evening there will be a great political meeting. Jerry Simpson will make a speech in the afternoon, and in the evening there will be a joint debate between Senator Peffer, representing the Alliance and J. Ralph Burton, a prominent Republican.

Mrs. Vickery, vice president of the state Alliance is here. She is not up for re-election, but she does want to be secretary, which position has a salary attached to it. Secretary French has held the position for two terms and many think it time that he stepped down. Mrs. F. J. Furbeck of Shawnee county is also here. She wants to succeed Mrs. Vickery and will probably do so.

AMERICAN TIN PLATE.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 21.—Last week W. C. Cronemeyer, of the United States Iron and Steel Plate works, at Demmler, Pa., sent President Harrison a box of tin plate manufactured at the Demmler works. This morning Mr. Cronemeyer received the following letter from President Harrison:

"EXECUTIVE MANSION,
"WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 19, 1891.

"W. C. Cronemeyer, Demmler, Pa.:

"MY DEAR SIR—I have received your letter of Oct. 15 and also a box of bright tin plate, which you send as a specimen of the product being turned out by the United States Iron and Steel Plate company. I have no skill in determining the character of this work, but to the eye it seems to be eminently satisfactory, and I thank you for this evidence that a new industry has been established in the United States.

"I cannot quite understand how any American can doubt that we have the mechanical skill and the business sagacity to establish successfully here the manufacture of tin plate. No other country surpasses the United States in the inventive genius of its citizens or in the business sagacity of its capitalists. It is surprising to me that any patriotic American should approach this question with a desire to see this great and interesting experiment fail, or with an unwillingness to accept the evidence of its success. It will be a great step in the direction of commercial independence when we produce our own tin plate. It seems to me that nothing, unless it be a lack of faith in the maintenance of the present law, can thwart this desirable achievement. I can understand how our success should be doubted and our failure accepted with satisfaction in Wales, but I cannot understand how any American can take that view of the question or why he should always approach every evidence of the successful establishment of this industry in this country with a dispostion to discredit and avert it. If the great experiment is to fail, our people should not have added to the mortification of failure the crime of rejoicing in it. Very truly yours,

"BENJAMIN HARRISON."

ILLINOIS FARMERS.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Oct. 21.—At today's session of the state assembly of the Farmer's Mutual Benefit association resolutions were adopted, in substance, as follows:

Favoring the equal assessment of all classes of property and a graduated income tax; an increase in the circulating medium to a point that will admit of the business of the country being done on a cash basis; the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and declaring the present system of storing silver a fraud; demanding that all stocks and bonds of corporations be issued on such a basis that when they call for one dollar they shall represent 100 cents in legitimate outlay and that all watered stock be retired; favoring co-operation and the federation of the farmers' and laborers' organizations; denouncing dealing in futures; favoring the enactment of laws to prevent the adulteration of food products; favoring the election of president, vice president, United States senators and postmasters by direct vote of the people; advocating the patronizing of manufacturers who use home grown fabrics in the manufacture of binding twine, rope, bagging, etc.; favoring the extension of the free postal delivery system to the people outside of towns, and the election of men of agricultural callings to the halls of the legislature.

The following resolution caused a protracted debate, but was finally adopted by a large majority:

"Resolved, That we are opposed to all monopolies, and want it distinctly understood that the organized liquor traffic is included. We are opposed to the unholy alliance of the government with said business, and, as a remedy, we propose that all revenue and license laws, high or low, be repealed, both state and national."

THE FLORIDA ALLIANCE.

DADE CITY, Fla., Oct. 21.—At the second day's session of the State Alliance President Rogers delivered his annual address. The sub-treasury scheme was warmly endorsed. The president closed his address as follows:

"It is a fact that a partisan press has distorted the truth with reference to the Ocala platform and the subtreasury plan, and our state Democratic press is wont to read every man out of the party who advocates the Ocala platform and the subtreasury plan. The result of such onslaughts upon the Alliance is to cause many of our members to advocate a third party. This condition of affairs is to be deplored. My judgment is that the Ocala platform contains not a syllable which cannot be readily endorsed by every true Democrat throughout the country."

United States Senator Pasco is a delegate from the Jefferson county Alliance and there is strong opposition to seating him, based on the theory that he is a lawyer.

KINGMAN POLITICS.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle.

KINGMAN, Kan., Oct. 21.—Politics is warming up in this county and judicial district, with four candidates for judge in the field—two Republican, one Democrat and one Alliance man. A heavy vote will be polled, and as there is such a falling away of Alliance enthusiasm, and such a growing feeling of dissatisfaction and distrust in many of the Alliance tenets and leaders, few, if any, of their candidates can hope to be elected, thus throwing the contest between the Democrats and Republicans, with the outlook altogether in favor of the latter.

PLUMB AT ELLSWORTH.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle.

ELLSWORTH, Kan., Oct. 21.—The Republican central committee received word today that Senator Plumb will address the people of this section at this place on Oct. 28. J. R. Burton is also posted for the same day and a big demonstration and rally is expected.

THE INTERSTATE ALLIANCE.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 21.—The Interstate Farmers' Alliance, composed of sub-alliances in the eastern counties of Kansas and the western counties of Missouri, met here today in secret session. The Alliance has decided to build a grain elevator and a flouring mill at this place.

CITY SANITATION.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 21.—The second day's proceedings of the American Public Health association were opened at 10 o'clock this morning. Prayer was offered by Dr. Taggart. The attendance this morning was considerably larger than yesterday and great interest was manifested in the papers read before the body. Papers were read this morning on "Vaccination," by Dr. Paul Paquin, director of the laboratory of hygiene at Battle Creek, Mich., and "The Drainage of the City of Mexico," by Robert Galio, engineer of the national board of health of Mexico.

A recess was then taken until 2 o'clock.

At the afternoon session Professor De-Fostall of Albion, Mich., read a paper on "The Disposal of Waste and Garbage." Dr. Edward Clark of Buffalo, N. Y., made a report on the collection and transportation of garbage and refuse in cities. Superintendent Greenwood of the Kansas City schools read a paper on "Height and Weight of Children."

At the evening session papers were read by J. J. Kenyon, passed assistant surgeon in the United States marine hospital service; P. Romondino of San Diego, E. L. Dinders, United States veterinary inspector; Dr. Domingo Orvananos of Mexico and George Homore of St. Louis.

SUICIDE.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 21.—Dr. Charles A. Stein, a veteranary surgeon of Custer's famous regiment, the Seventh cavalry, was found dead in his house at 391 Hoffman street today. A partly empty vial of prussic acid showed that he had taken his life. Dr. Stein was a man of rare intelligence and professional acumen. He was 38 years of age.

Barber, Baker's, Grocer's,
And washerwoman's itch, and every species of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply diseases of the skin scalp and blood with loss of hair, are instantly relieved, and speedily, permanently, and economically, cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES, when all other methods and the best physicians fail. These are strong words but true.

Jack and Gill went up the hill to fetch a pail of water, Jack fell down and broke a One Dollar bill, and with the change bought a Red Necktie at
DAVIS & FOUTS
146 N. MAIN STREET.

Wall Paper.
We have just received an advance shipment of new Wall paper. This week we will offer special inducements.
Old papers at greatly reduced rates.
Hyde & Humble Sta Co.
114 North Main.

PREPARE
For Cold Weather by stopping the cracks around your doors and windows with
WEATHER STRIP.
Keeps out the cold wind, snow and dust. You will find the best at
PAGE'S Hardware Store
518 East Douglas Avenue
Opposite Carey Hotel.

GENERAL NEWS.

ANNUAL REPORT OF MAJOR GENERAL SCHOFIELD.

The Usual Plea for an Increase in the Effective Strength of the Army.

The Reorganization of the Weather Bureau—The Increase in the Number of Stations and Observers.

Signor Crispi Discusses the Question of the Temporal Power of the Pope—The Possession of Rome Declared to be Necessary for the Pacification and Unification of Italy.

Governor Steele's Reasons for Resigning.

Notes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Major General Schofield, commanding the army, has made his annual report upon the operations of the army to the secretary of war. He reviews the Indian disturbance of last winter, and recalls the fact that nearly one-half of the infantry and cavalry of the army was concentrated at the scene of the disturbance. He then says that this campaign teaches the lesson that the entire military force of the United States would be wholly inadequate to prevent great loss of life and damage to property if a general Indian outbreak should occur.

However, he believes that, by constant discretion in the management of the Indians, there need be no serious apprehension of an uprising of the Sioux, and probably not of any other Indian tribe. It is also well worthy of the most serious consideration that by the addition of a few thousand men to the enlisted strength of the army, whereby a sufficient force might at all times be stationed in the vicinity of the great reservations, the danger of an uprising, and the resulting destruction of frontier settlements, would be entirely removed, and the great expense of the transportation of troops from distant parts of the country avoided.

Major General Schofield then makes a strong plea for the reorganization of the army. Complimentary reference is made to the high state of efficiency of the artillery, infantry and cavalry schools and of the new system of examination for promotion. The report says that it will, in the end, undoubtedly improve largely the general state of military education. Reference is made to the number of military posts abandoned during the past year, as serving to mark the advance of settlement and the subjugation of the roaming Indians, and liberal allowances are recommended for the larger and permanent posts, as being in the interest of true economy.

The report suggests a reorganization of the infantry and artillery and an increase in the pay of noncommissioned officers. Touching the discipline of the army, the report says that all reports show that the general state of discipline in the army is excellent, with one lamentable exception, being that of the Fourth cavalry at Fort Walla Walla. The measures which have been adopted for the improvement of the condition of enlisted men and for the exclusion of undesirable characters for enlistment have worked together to elevate the character and increase the contentment of the soldiers, without in any measure, it is believed, impairing their efficiency.

THE WEATHER BUREAU.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Secretary Rusk has received from Professor Mark W. Harrington, chief of the weather bureau, a special report of the operations of the bureau since its transfer to the department of agriculture on July 1, last. Professor Harrington says that the service has been reorganized with the view of carrying out the expressed intention of congress to especially develop and extend its work in the interests of agriculture. Attention has been specially directed, not only to the improvement of the weather forecasts, but to their wider distribution, particularly in the agricultural districts.

More attention has been given to the issue of forecasts for a longer period in advance, which accompany the general synopsis of weather conditions and which, when practicable, are added to the predictions for the several states. The most practicable and most highly complimented portion of the exclusive work of the state services is the issue of weekly weather crop bulletins.

On Sept. 30 there were over 1200 weather signal display stations in operation, an increase of about 100 per cent in less than three months. There are now probably 2,300 voluntary observers in the United States reporting in the weather bureau, an increase of 400 in the past three months.

ITALY AND THE POPE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The North American Review for November prints the first of a series of articles by ex-Premier Crispi, of Italy, entitled "Italy and the Pope." After tracing the causes and the events which led to the unification of Italy and the various conflicts between the civil authority and the temporal power of the pope in the last hundred years, Signor Crispi says:

"Rome, under the pope, was a gangrened spot which must have poisoned the whole body of the nation. From 1859 onward it had become, as after all fallen dynasties, the cave of the brigands who infested the southern provinces of the peninsula. This being stated, the redemption of the Eternal City was not only a logical consequence of the restoration of Italian rights, but it was necessary to the pacification of the country. For a people's right to exist in freedom and independence long antedates any rights of princes or international treaty. Conquest, usurpation or the insidious good luck of a despot, may suspend the exercise of this right, but they do not diminish it, much less can they slay the eternal and the imprescriptible. Within its natural limits, a nation reassumes its own autonomy almost as soon as it has freed itself from the grasp of sacerdotal and civil tyranny.

"The question of the temporal power of the pope has troubled for many years the minds of all Italian statesmen. Certainly it has been for us most difficult to deal with, in consequence of the character of universality which the head of the church possesses in virtue of his mission. When Cavour had determined that the temporal power must come to an end, though by pacific means and by agreement with the Catholic world, that illustrious minister was the first in our time to undertake the serious study of the means to achieve this end. He died too soon to witness the failure of his policy. Garibaldi was prevented from cutting the Gordian knot, but without cannon the Porta Pia would never have been opened to the nation to take possession of its capital."

GOVERNOR STEELE.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Governor George W. Steele of Oklahoma arrived here this morning and confirmed the report that he had resigned. His resignation was tendered to the president on October 3, to take effect on the 15th, but at the urgent request of the secretary of the interior the governor consented to remain in office until his successor has been appointed. The governor declared that he had not been tendered the office of pension commissioner. "I resigned because I have decided that my interests in the gun works at Marion, Ind., need my attention," said Governor Steele, "and because it was not my intention to settle down as a resident of Oklahoma, and believing that the office should be held by an officer who does. Candidates for the place are numerous and they are making things hum."

A RAILWAY HORROR.

GALESBURG, Ill., Oct. 21.—The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy fast passenger train, No. 5, which left here at 10:30 o'clock last night, met with a terrible accident at Pottery switch, near Monmouth, sixteen miles west of here twenty five minutes later. The train was running at high rate of speed. It seems that a switch was left partly open, and the engine left the main track and started on the side track, some of the cars behind jumping the track. As a result the whole train except the sleepers was turned over on its side. Engineer A. A. Emery and George Courtney, an engineer who went on the trip to see how the new engine worked, were killed, and Fireman Anderson was blown from the cab by steam. A young man named A. L. Johnson of Avon was standing on the steps of the smoking car and attempted to jump, but was killed. The saddest accident happened in the first chair car, just back of the smoking car. In one seat in the middle of the car sat George Allen and his wife and baby. The mother was next to the window, and as the car tipped over she was thrown against the side of the window and killed. The baby was hurled across the car, but, save a cut on the head, was uninjured. Mr. Allen received ugly bruises. Following is a list of the killed and injured:

Killed—Mrs. George Allen, Lamoni, Ills.; A. L. Johnson, Avon, Ills.; George Courtney, Galesburg, Ills.; A. A. Emery, Galesburg, Ills.

Injured—Elizabeth J. McDonald, South Melford, Ia., arm broken; T. J. Kirby, Lenox, Ia., left arm mashed; John Burner, Forreston, Ills., left arm torn off; Gus Wiggers, Rock Island, Ills., hip hurt; Fireman Nels Anderson, Galesburg, Ills., scalded, may recover; Frank Aitershall, Chicago, cut about head; S. W. Cooper, Corning, Ia., scalp wound and hand injured; Agnes Miller, Brookfield, O., cut over the left eye; James Miller, Brookfield, O., arm bruised; Catherine Miller, Brookfield, O., arm bruised; Mrs. Catherine Corns, Murray, Ia., left eye and face bruised; E. S. McDonald, South Milford, Ind., clavicle fractured; E. Rowe, Shenandoah, Ia., hand cut and leg hurt; Forest Rowe (his son), head hurt; Jeremiah Canty, Glenline, Pa., shoulder and head cut; Nate Peters, Chicago, shoulder bruised; O. Zimmermann, Monmouth, Ills., hand cut; L. S. Bricher, High Creek, Iowa, scalp wound; Mrs. A. C. Sweepe, Harrisburg, Pa., leg bruised; A. G. Sweepe, Harrisburg, Pa., bruised; George Allen, Lamoni, Ia., slight bruise; E. D. Evans, Genesee, Wis., shoulder injured; James Farrell, New London, Ia., slight cut in head; James Scarborough, Monmouth, Ills., slight cut.

Mr. Courtney was one of the oldest engineers on the road, having been with the company before the war. The coroner visited the scene of the wreck and will hold an inquest tomorrow. F. C. Rice, superintendent of the Illinois lines of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, expressed the opinion that the switch had been tampered with. A switch engine had been working on the sidetrack during the afternoon, but subsequently seven trains passed over the switch in safety. Just a year ago the fast mail ran off the same switch and several were injured. It is a standard split switch and was regarded as perfectly safe.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 21.—A frightful wreck occurred near St. Johns, forty miles east of Cumberland, Md., this afternoon, on the Baltimore and Ohio road, by which Engineer Knuckles and Fireman Richards were killed and seven others badly injured, three of whom will die. Spreading rails caused the accident.

HAL POINTER VANQUISHED.

NASHVILLE, Oct. 21.—Thousands of broken Tennessee hearts and thousands of empty pocketbooks were carried away from Cumberland park this evening. Hal Pointer, their pride, the horse that carried all their money, had suffered defeat in three straight heats, the matchless California pacer, Direct, showing him his heels with comparative ease. The time of the second heat was the best ever made in a race in harness, lowering Pointer's record half a second. Neither of the flying steeds broke in either heat and worked like clockwork all the way around.

Hal Pointer had the pole in the first heat and held it until the quarter pole was reached, when Direct made a magnificent spurt, and after that it was easy sailing, Ed Gerse pulling up Pointer before reaching the wire. In the second heat it was generally believed that the champion could have gone in 2:08 had Pointer pressed him more closely, he winning easily in 2:09¾. The last heat was a repetition of the others, Direct leading nearly all the way.

Summaries: Match race, pacing—Direct won. Time, by quarters: First heat, :32¾, 1:05¼, 1:38¾, 2:10; second, :32¾, 1:04¼, 1:36¾, 2:09¾; third, :32½, 1:06, 1:38½, 2:11. Trotting, 2:40 class—Nashville won. Re-election second. Best time, 2:27¼. Two-year-olds, pacing—Natalie Wilkes won, Monadele second. Best time, 2:36¼. 2:30 class, trotting, for 4-year-olds—Constantine won, Alabama second. Best time, 2:21½. 2:30 class, trotting, guaranteed stake $2,500—Lord Clifton won, Garnet second. Best time, 2:18¾.

STOCKTON, Cal., Oct. 21.—Two more world records were broken on the Stockton track today. A Palo Alto yearling, Bell Bird, driven by Marvin went against her record of 2:27¼ and made the mile in 2:26¼. Marvin then drove Arion, by Electioneer, against his record of 2:13¾ and he made the mile without a skip, finishing strong, in 2:14¼. At the conclusion of Arion's trial the timers all agreed as to the time and veteran horsemen said that the record would never be beaten. Palo Alto went against his record of 2:12¾ and made the mile in 2:11¾, thus lowering his record.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Garfield park winners: Reserve, Folsom, Duke of Milpitas, Little Billy, Renounce, Bob Thomas.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 21.—The fall meeting of the Belmont Driving Park association began today. 2:40 class (unfinished)—Ben S and Claudius each won two heats and Bravado one. Best time 2:27¼. 2:38 class (unfinished)—Bravo and Maggie B each won two heats and Wallace G one. Best time 2:31.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 21.—Winners today: Clinie C, Ed Eskeley, Marietta, Annie, Clementine.

A FAITHFUL LOVER.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Oct. 21.—A romantic marriage occurred here this afternoon. It was that of Miss Hattie McCague and Fred K. Kellogg, a son of ex-Attorney General Kellogg. They were classmates at the college here and were soon to be married. Recently Miss McCague became afflicted with a serious tumor and not being able to undergo the expense of an operation, she resigned herself to her fate and offered to release Mr. Kellogg from the engagement. When the news became noised abroad, with love-like haste he hastened to her place and arranged for the wedding, which occurred this afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Kellogg went east tonight, where the latter will be given the best surgical and medical attendance to be had.

LOST AT SEA.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—J. W. Deane & Co., importers, today received intelligence that the sailing ship Hesla, which left Japan in the middle of September, is lost. The vessel was bound for San Francisco and had a cargo of general merchandise weighing 2,900,000 pounds, including 1,750,000 pounds of tea.

THE OMAHA CONGRESS.

THE GULF HARBOR THE TOPIC OF THE SESSION.

The Work in Progress at Galveston Commended and its Speedy Completion Urged.

A Demand for Legislation to Protect Western Mining Interests as Against the Land Grant Roads.

More Stringent Naturalization Laws Demanded and a Revision of the Immigration Enactments Thought Necessary—Three Reports on the Silver Question, but Discussion of the Issue Postponed.

OMAHA, Oct. 21.—The debate on the free coinage of silver, which was on the program for the morning session of the Transmissippi congress, was deferred until some later session, and ex-Governor Hubbard of Texas addressed the delegates in favor of a deep water harbor on the gulf.

Mr. Fishback of Arkansas, chairman of the committee on resolutions, stated that after working until midnight his committee had completed its labors and was ready to report. A lengthy discussion arose as to the manner of disposing of the resolutions. It was finally decided to read them and then adopt them, section by section. This consumed some time. The following were adopted:

"Whereas, The interest of mining creates and adds to the wealth of this country nearly $100,000,000 annually of gold and silver alone, products whose scarcity means a depreciation of the values of farms, homes and all real property of the country, as well as wheat, cotton and corn, the products of our toiling millions, and whose abundance means increased comfort and prosperity to the great mass of our people; and

"Whereas, There are millions of acres of gold and silver-bearing mineral lands in the west on which there are thousands of mining properties, both patented and unpatented, within the limits of the grants to the Pacific railroads, and which are in imminent danger of becoming the property of these railroad companies, now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, (1) That this body earnestly ask congress to enact such legislation as will protect and foster our mining interests and forever prevent our mines and mineral lands, bearing gold, silver, copper or lead, from becoming the property of those corporations under their grants; (2) that this body ask the delegates in this convention from the territories of Arizona, Utah, New Mexico and the states of California, Nevada, Colorado, Wyoming, Oregon, Idaho, South Dakota and Montana, which have common interest in this subject to authorize the president to appoint a committee for the purpose of securing such united and efficient action as will save these mines and mineral lands to the people.

"Resolved, That our naturalization laws should be more stringent, and that United States courts only should exercise the power of naturalization.

"Resolved, That as the necessities of the Mississippi valley demand an ocean outlet on the northwest coast of the Gulf of Mexico, and as a commission of engineers, appointed under authority of congress, has reported that Galveston is the only port at which such deep water as is adequate for the needed purpose can be secured, and as, in accordance with this report, congress has authorized the secretary of war to contract for the building of such harbor at Galveston, we would respectfully urge upon the secretary of war the completion of the jetties now under construction as speedily as possible, and that the western trunk lines of railways be requested to extend their railway facilities at Galveston as rapidly as the work on the jetties proceeds.

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this congress that the immigration laws should be so amended that only immigrants who both desire and are fitted for American citizenship be permitted to land on our shores, and that the laws should be more stringent."

Upon the silver question there were three reports, all of which were laid over for future discussion.

The convention attempted to fix a place for holding the next meeting, but after the names of Helena and Salt Lake City had been presented, the whole matter was laid on the table.

This afternoon Colonel Gresham of Texas took up the discussion of the deep water problem, and asserted that when a deep-water harbor was established on the gulf a profitable traffic would be established and much would be accomplished toward building up the American marine.

T. A. Thomas of Minnesota made an address on the importance of waterways in general and the benefits of Duluth as a great shipping point in particular.

A resolution was then adopted urging congress to provide for the further improvement of Galveston harbor.

Adjourned.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The following is self-explanatory:

"OFFICE NEW YORK ASSOCIATED PRESS,
"NEW YORK, Oct. 21, 1891.

"To the Newspaper Press of the United States:

"The attention of the New York Associated Press has been called to a circular said to have been distributed by telegraph throughout the country and purporting to have been signed 'by W. N. Luff, vice president and general manager of the National Associated Press.' Mr. Luff is also authorized to be the owner of Leffler's News Agency, concerning some statements that require correction.

"There has been no severance of the amicable relations between the Western Union Telegraph company and this association. There was a difference of opinion as to the charge for certain leased wires, which led to the suspension of business for a single night; but that severed, as a conference between the parties, now of some renewed, and no 'disastrous results' attended the difficulty or followed the settlement.

"This association has not received any official notice of the intended withdrawal of any of its members. Only after six months' notice could any such withdrawal become effective. Should any member thus withdraw for any reason, the change will in no way impair the efficiency of our organization or the value of its services to the public.

"This association for a long period of years has been faithful to its trust, and can assure all who are in and may connected with it that they can depend on it in the future, as they have in the past, for the best news service to be found in the world.

"DAVID M. STONE, President."

AN EMBEZZLER.

DENVER, Oct. 21.—W. B. Deich, cashier for the Union Pacific railway at this point, was arrested today, charged with embezzling $2,000. The shortage is covered by a bond.