IOWA.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 3.—Telegrams received by the Republican and Democratic committees show that an unusually large vote was being cast. This is true of the country districts, as well as of the cities. Both committees are claiming gains in the cities. The People's party vote in Polk county is lighter than anticipated and the reports from outside counties indicate the same to be true in the state generally. The Prohibition vote will be lighter than ever known since the organization of the party. The polls will not close in Iowa until 8 o'clock. A heavy vote has been cast throughout the state.

DES MOINES, Nov. 3.—The most exciting state election in the history of Iowa closed tonight. The result is only a matter of conjecting. It is now conceded that the election will be close. The most remarkable thing is an increase in the vote cast over last year and two years ago.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Nov. 3.—The total vote in the city of Dubuque is 5,313, a gain of 1,079 over the vote of two years ago, which indicates an increased Democratic majority.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Nov. 3.—The vote of this city is the largest ever cast. The count will be late owing to the large vote and scratching.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Nov. 3.—It is stated here that Benton county will poll 200 more Democratic votes than in 1889.

WATERLOO, Ia., Nov. 3.—Complete returns from Waterloo City, (Boies' home) give Wheeler 1,157, Boies 887. The same precincts in 1889 gave Hutchinson 850, Boies 742.

DES MOINES, Nov. 3.—Out of a total of 1,927 precincts, 112 precincts give Wheeler 15,454, Boies 14,285, a net Republican gain of 266.

CHARLES CITY, Ia., Nov. 3.—Floyd county gives 250 Republican majority for Wheeler, against 467 in 1889.

DES MOINES, Nov. 3.—999 precincts give Wheeler 29,410, Boies 29,706, a net Republican gain of 225.

ALGONIA, Ia., Nov. 3.—On the state ticket in Algonia county Wheeler has 330 and Boies 193, a net Republican gain over last year of 24.

DESMOINES, Ia., Nov. 3.—Reports of the election have been slow, owing to the heavy vote polled and the late hour of closing the polls. Up to 11 o'clock only 100 precincts had reported, giving Wheeler, Republican, 13,485 and Boies, Democrat, 12,081. The same precincts two years ago gave Hutchinson, Republican, 17,835 and Boies, Democrat 19,851, a Republican gain of 1,045, making a net gain of 2,000 for the Republican ticket. With the exception of governor the rest of the Republican ticket is believed to be elected. Wheeler is running behind his ticket in almost every precinct.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 3.—Both committees claim the election. The chairman of the Republican committee said that the returns were still incomplete, but careful estimates place Wheeler's plurality from 2,500 to 3,000. The chairman of the Democratic committee claims the state for Boies by the same plurality as two years ago, 5,500.

Later—The Republican committee have gone home. At the Democratic headquarters it is indicated that Boies' majority may reach 10,000.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—The vote of Pennsylvania will be compared with the state treasurer's vote in 1889, which gave a Republican plurality in Philadelphia county of 39,744, and a Republican majority in the state outside of Philadelphia county of 21,166 votes. Comparisons in county estimates are made with the vote for state treasurer in 1889, when Boyer, Republican, had a plurality of 60,026 over Bigler, Democrat.

Fulton county gives Wright, Democrat, for auditor, 2,754 plurality, a Democratic gain of 133. Tilden, Democrat, for state treasurer, has 175 plurality.

Pike county gives Wright, Democrat, for auditor, 550 plurality, a Democratic gain of 128. Tilden, Democrat, for state treasurer, has 600 plurality.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—Chester county returns indicate the defeat of Smith Talbot, Republican, for the senate and the election of Muen, Democrat, by a 1,000 majority. The Democratic chairman estimates the Democratic majority at 500. On the vote for state treasurer and auditor general the Republican gain is 479. In Berks county returns from seventeen districts indicate a Democratic majority of 5,000. The same districts gave 5,047 in 1889. Delaware county Republican leaders estimate the Republican majority for Morrison for state treasurer at 2,400, a Republican loss of 558. Chester county's estimated Republican majority is 2,600. In 1889 it gave 3,012.

In Columbia county the estimated Democratic majority is 1,750. It gave 1,239 in 1889. In Lackawanna county the estimated Democratic majority is 500. It gave 200 in 1889. In Northumberland county the Democratic county commissioner estimates the Democratic majority at 1,000 for Wright for auditor general and the same for Tilden for state treasurer, a Democratic gain of 864.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—1:15 a. m.—Philadelphia, complete, gives Gregg, Republican, for auditor general 102,139 and Wright, Democrat, 73,625, a Republican majority of 21,550. McCreary, Republican, for city treasurer has 20,995 majority.

Pike county gives Tilden, Democrat, for state treasurer a majority of 600. It gave a Democratic majority in 1889 of 4234.

Monroe county gives Wright, Democratic, for auditor general, 1800 plurality, a Democratic gain of 779. Tilden, Democratic, for state treasurer has 1900 plurality.

Snyder county gives an estimated Republican majority of 700, a gain over 1889 of 52.

Huntingdon county gives Gregg, Republican, for auditor general, 700 plurality, a Democratic gain of 170. Morrison, Republican, for state treasurer has 650 plurality. The majority against a constitutional convention is 4,500.

Lackawanna county gives Wright, Democratic, for auditor general, 500 plurality, a Democratic gain of 700. Tilden, Democratic, for state treasurer, has 500 plurality. The majority in favor of constitutional convention is about 1000.

Allegheny county gives a plurality of about 9,000 for the Republican state ticket a Republican gain of 4,260.

Berkshire county gives Wright, Democrat, for auditor general, 5,100 plurality, a Democratic gain of 38. Tilden, Democrat, for state treasurer, has 5,030 plurality. The majority against the constitutional convention is 12,000.

Chester county gives Gregg, Republican, for auditor general, 2,000 plurality, a Democratic gain of 1,011. Morris, Republican, for state treasurer, has 2,000 plurality. There is an overwhelming majority against the constitutional convention. Talbot, Republican, is probably defeated for state senator by 500.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—At midnight returns from twenty-one counties, including Alleghany, but excluding Philadelphia, show a net Republican gain of 1,648 for Gregg, Republican, for auditor general, and about the same for Morrison, Republican, for state treasurer. It is thought that the Republicans will carry this city by 20,000 and that the Republican majority in the entire state will be not less than 40,000. The Republicans also elect their city ticket, McCreary for city treasurer, having already 12,787 majority with 11 wards yet to hear from.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3, 1 a. m.—The city of Philadelphia, with one ward to hear from, gives Gregg, Republican, for auditor general, 28,180 plurality. Forty-two counties out of sixty-six in the state, exclusive of Philadelphia, give Gregg 24,693 plurality. Morrison, Republican, for state treasurer, is about even with Gregg. Mr. Gregg has 23,873 plurality which will be materially increased. McCreary, for city treasurer, has 20,000 majority.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 3.—The election today was in many respects the most remarkable held in Alleghany county in many years. There was a hot contest on the judiciary and county ticket, and this entirely overshadowed the state ticket. In fact, everybody was working for the local ticket and giving no attention whatever to the candidates for state treasurer and auditor general. The fight in the county was between the Republicans and Democrats on one side and the "Straight-outs," an infant movement, on the other. It was a remarkable scene—the members of the two great parties, old time antagonists—working hand in hand. Returns will be very late coming in.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 3.—Midnight—"The straightout" judiciary and county ticket was badly defeated by the fusion tickets of Republicans and Democrats. It is estimated that the latter have at least 15,000 plurality. There has been very little excitement on the streets tonight. Crowds thronged the principal thoroughfares, but they were unusually quiet, owing no doubt to the lack of news from Ohio, in which the citizens of this state are particularly interested.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—50 towns give Allen, Republican, 7,841, Russell, Democrat, 5,665, a Republican net gain of 424.

60 towns give Allen 9,292, Russell 6640.

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—The returns are coming in unprecedently slow. Twenty-one towns give an average Republican gain of 16½%. This indicates a total Republican gain in 345 towns in the state of 5,824. Russell's plurality last year was 9,053.

40 towns give Allen 4,585, Russell 3,068.

60 towns outside of Boston gave Allen, Republican, 9,292, Russell, Democrat, 6,640. Net Republican gain 6,642. 90 towns outside of Boston show a net Republican gain of 954. 100 towns outside of Boston gave Allen 15,820, Russell 11,943, a net Republican gain of 1,193.

171 of 355 precincts give Allen 18,817, Russell 30,795. Russell's plurality 17,981.

195 precincts out of 355 in Boston gave Russell 4,855, Allen 13,092.

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—On account of the new law the vote will be counted by two different officers, in order to secure correctness. Returns are coming more slowly from all sections of the state than ever before. The returns from 50 towns show a net Republican gain of 708 or 14 per town over last year. On this basis the Republican gain in the towns in the state would be 4,942. Last year Gov. Russell's plurality was 9,053 in the state. Indications so far from the large cities are that he has held his pluralities of last year and that he is elected by about 4,000 plurality.

The balance of the Republican state ticket is undoubtedly elected. As the returns from only 50 towns are now in it is utterly impossible to give any idea of the complexing of the legislature.

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—The Journal and Advertiser, both Republican, concede Russell's election, placing his plurality at 3,000. At Republican headquarters no one seemed disposed to make an estimate of Allen's possible plurality.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, Nov. 3.—In spite of the fact of a light vote, the election today was hotly contested. The light vote was due partially to the weather and partially to the Australian system of voting. The Democrats having no ticket in the field was also the cause of a light vote. The total vote in the state last year was 214,000, but the indications are now that not over 190,000 votes were cast today. A large part of this shrinkage comes from the fact that the Farmer Alliance element polled a heavy vote last year. Last year there was a shortage in crops in the western part of the state and the disatisfaction of the agriculturalists resulted in an independent party, in the hope of bettering their condition. This year the crops are immense and the farmers have had no time to organize. Many of them have returned to their old party affiliations, but the withdrawal of the Democratic ticket and the virtual endorsement of the independent nominees gave the latter great strength and made the outcome problematic. Complicated tickets and the novelty of the Australian system has made the count slow. At 9 o'clock tonight not a single precinct in the city or state had been completed, and the probabilities are that of the 88 voting precincts in Omaha, not ever twenty will finish the count before 3 o'clock tomorrow morning.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 3.—The returns from Nebraska up to 1 o'clock are very meagre. Rough estimates indicate that Judge Post, Republican, has carried the state by at least 5,000 majority. The Alliance has lost heavily in Adams, Gage and Lancaster counties, where they expected big majorities. In many places a falling off of 20 per cent. of the independent vote was reported. It may be several days before the exact vote will be known.

COLORADO.

DENVER, Nov. 3.—The weather today was warm and cloudy and the election beyond all question the most peaceable one ever held in Denver. Considering the fact that this is an off year and that the Australian system, which went into effect today, had disfranchised colonies and two dollar men, the vote cast was a surprisingly heavy one. When the polls closed tonight no arrests were reported for illegal voting. There were five tickets in the field—the Democratic, Republican, Prohibition, People's party and the people's non-partisan—the first two polling a vote, and the other three making but little showing. Reports received from various parts of the state indicate that the election passed off quietly. In many places a mixed ticket was chosen. Counting the ballot will be very slow, and, on account of the great distance between precincts, it will be very late before returns of a definite character can be had. There is, however, no doubt, of the election of Judge Helm, Republican, to the chief justiceship, and that the proposition to issue new bond-ed indebtedness of $500,000 to complete the state building will be carried.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Returns from 125 precincts (about a quarter of the state) would indicate a Democratic victory in the local election, the figures thus far showing the Republican candidates from 1,000 to 1,700 behind their opponents. The outlying precincts, which are Republican, are yet to be heard from.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—A drawn battle was the result of the local election so far as can be determined at midnight. About half of each ticket has been chosen, according to returns from 447 precincts heard from out of a total of 555. The Democrats had a lead of about 4,000 on Babcock, their candidate for superintendent of schools, over Bright, Republican. On the other hand the Republicans had nearly as great a plurality for president of the county board, their candidate, Green, being that much ahead of Cooper, Democrat.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Nov. 3.—President Green of the state league had reports from 63 precincts in the state, as follows: Jolley, 1,338; Woods, 635; Smith, 610. Sioux Falls, complete gives Jolley, Republican 487, Woods, Democrat, 387, Smith, Independent, 113. This is large increase, proportionately for Democrats.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Nov. 3.—89 precincts give Jolly 4,126, Smith 2,566, Woods 1,513.

HIGHMORE, S. D., Nov. 3.—Hyde county give Jolley 150 majority.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Nov. 3.—The estimated vote of Jolley, Republican is 600; Smith, Independent, 350; Woods, Democrat, 200. This is a Republican loss.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 3.—At midnight the election of Jolley, Republican, to congress in South Dakota was conceded. 106 precincts gave Jolley 3,882, Wood 1,733, and Smith 1,711.

MICHIGAN.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 3.—Estimates, based on returns thus far received, give the Republicans a sweeping victory here. Belknap, Republican candidate in the Fifth congressional district, will be returned by 1,500 majority.

DETROIT, Nov. 3.—Returns are slow, but present indications are that the Republicans elect their city ticket by a large majority.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 4.—Returns indicate a gain of three members in the lower house for the Democrats.

NEW JERSEY.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 3.—The Democrats have a majority in both branches of the legislature.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 3.—The regular Democracy claim to have elected their entire city ticket by 5,000 majority.

GRATIFYING TO ALL.

The high position attained and the universal acceptance and approval of the pleasant liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, as the most excellent laxative known illustrate the value of the qualities on which its success is based, and are abundantly gratifying to the California Fig Syrup company.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

WEATHER BUREAU,
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
WICHITA, Kan., Nov. 3, 1891.

Forecast for Wichita and vicinity—Fair and slightly warmer.

The highest temperature was 64°, the lowest 45° and the mean 54°, with warmer, cloudy weather, followed by clearing in the afternoon; slowly falling barometer, light variable winds.

For the past three years the average temperature for the month of November has been 42°, and for the 3rd day 45°.

FRED L. JOHNSON, Observer.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Forecast until 9 p. m., Wednesday:

For Kansas—Fair weather, southerly winds, warmer in the eastern portion of the state.

For Missouri—Generally warmer, southerly winds, warmer Thursday.

For Indian Territory—Warmer, southerly winds; fair weather Wednesday and Thursday.

THE CHEROKEE STRIP.

The Latest Scheme to Raise the Wind at the Expense of the Ignorant.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle.

PONCA, I. T., Nov. 4.—For several months past numerous attempts have been made to effect a settlement of the Cherokee strip by parties who had certain pet schemes of their own to execute, as to the matter of locating townsite, settlement of colonies, etc. The troops operating in the strip have prevented the accomplishment of such designs so far.

But certain of these parties have succeeded in entrapping the unwary into the investment of money in wildcat schemes for acquiring town lots, homesteade, etc. The latest development in this line is the "Cherokee Colony and Townsite company," which has flooded the country with its circulars, urging people who contemplate entering the country to be opened to settlement to buy lots in Cherokee City at $2 per lot, and using the most glowing descriptions of the benefits to accrue to the purchaser of such lots should be be sufficiently verdant to invest his money in such a scheme.

Many thousands of these circulars have been sent out through the mails, and the number of innocent people who have been inveigled into such speculations is to be counted by the thousands. On the 2nd instant, at the Ponca Indian agency, a most important arrest was made by Captain A. E. Woodson, of the Fifth cavalry, commanding United States troops now guarding the Cherokee strip against invasion by intruding settlers.

R. E. Dowell, president, and L. H. Osborne, secretary, of the Cherokee Land and Townsite company, visited places in the Cherokee strip for the purpose of soliciting a townsite for the future great city of Cherokee, and among the places visited by them was Redrock and Ponca. At the latter place they ran into the lions jaws; for there they encountered the country's guardians in the shape of the troops of the Fifth United States cavalry.

Captain Woodson, commanding, had received information of these parties and their schemes and was on the quivive, and early the next morning after their arrival President Dowdell and Secretary Osborne were in durance vile and are now lamenting the sudden outcome of their attempt to view the site of the future capital of Cherokee and the too sad ending of all their schemes to rob the innocent puiblic. A deaf ear was given to all their entreaties to be permitted to take the next train north, and the pleading of important business in Chicago demanding the presence of the president, who hails from La Salle street, and the secretary, Osborne, who claims to be a respected resident of Garnett, Kan., were of no avail.

Acting well within his authority Capt. Woodson proposes to hold these speculativ gentlemen until the arrival of the United States Marshal, to whom they will be delivered, to be dealt with as the law may direct. Below is given a true copy of the certificate of ownership of one town lot.

The arrest of these men should be a warning to all persons who, in violation of the law and the president's proclamation, undertake to enter this country illegally until it shall be duly declared open to settlement. This is furnished by Captain A. E. Woodson, Fifth cavalry, camped at Ponca agency, I. T.

LOT CERTIFICATE NO. 586.

"GARNET, Kan., Nov. 3, 1891.

"This is to certify that R. L. Halley has paid $2.00 in full for one lot in the proposed city of Cherokee, Indian Territory, when said city is located, as per circulars issued. The holder of this certificate has an equal chance with any and all holders of like certificates, as the location of lots will be determined by lot.

"This certificate is transferable only on the books of the company at the general office in Garnett, Kan., until Cherokee City is established, and thereafter at the company's office in Cherokee City. The Cherokee Colony and Townsite company.

[Signed] R. E. DOWELL, Pres.
"L. H. OSBORNE, Sec'y.

"Certificates not valid unless signed by the president and secretary."

TIM HEALY HORSEWHIPPED.

DUBLIN, Nov. 3.—Mr. McDermott, nephew of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, today publicly horsewhipped Mr. Timothy Healy, M. P., the most bitter of the anti-Parnell leaders. The horsewhipping received by Mr. Healy was the indirect outcome of the language used by Mr. Healy at Longford on Sunday last, when the anti-Parnell leader referred to Miss Parnell and the widow of the late Charles Stewart Parnell. The details of the assault are as follows: Mr. McDermott caught Mr. Healy by the throat today the moment he met him today at the Four Courts in this city, and then, in the presence of a number of persons, he threshed Mr. Healy about the shoulders and body until the latter was rescued by the police.

In an address at Longford Sunday Timothy Healy accused the Parnellites of cowardice. The Parnellites, he said, talked of English dictation and resorted to dynamite. Healy imputed to the Parnellites the dynamite explosion which took place in Glasgow some time ago, creating great excitement. He condemned what he called the "alliance of the Parnellites with Mrs. O'Shea, who had written to Paris, locking up the fund raised for the evicted tenants." He said he was astonished that they should unite with an English prostitute, whose honor Harrison, a member of parliament, had attempted to vindicate. Healy said he did not refer to the unhappy woman (meaning Parnell's sister) whom the Dublin wire pullers had induced to write to Paris. Healy advised unity in combating the landlords. At present, he said, the Parnellites tried to make up for brains with blackthorns.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—John L. Sullivan has not drank a drop since he landed here from Australia. It is amusing to see him taking Apollinaris or ginger ale and to hear him express his opinion of the bloody, dum country of Australia. John talked today about his plans. He said he did not propose to shave off his mutton chops or to drink a drop of liquor until he had slugged the head off of Slavin.

When he talks about Slavin his mind evidently reverts to the guying he received from Melbourne and Sydney audiences and he looks savage. He is in the pink of condition, although too fat, weighing 245 pounds, but if he keeps away from liquor he will be down to 220 pounds in a few weeks. His skin is clean and healthy, and his movements show he has regained all his old-time quickness. Sullivan's friends say John will go east and challenge Slavin the minute the Australian reaches American soil. As to the forfeit, his backers say they will advance $10,000 as readily as $1,000.

MONSIGNOR PRESTON.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—There is no doubt that Monsignor Preston is rapidly sinking. A decided change for the worse has set in and the reverend gentleman's death is looked for before morning.

CABINET GOSSIP.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Very positive assertions have been made that Stephen B. Elkins is to be secretary of war. They have had the effect of prompting some inquiry into Mr. Elkins' career during the war, especially on the part of those who think that a secretary of war should have a war record. When Richard D. Thompson of Indiana was appointed secretary of the navy his much respected wife is said to have remarked in a tone of surprise: "Why, Mr. Thompson can not swim." From the inquiries made it appears that something of that kind of surprise might follow the appointment of Mr. Elkins to be secretary of war. Mr. Elkins graduated from the Missouri State University at Columbia, in 1859, the year before the great civil war began. He took up the study of law instead of the science of war; went to New Mexico and became an attorney. In 1864 and 1865 he was a member of the territorial legislature of New Mexico. A little later he came to congress two terms as the territorial delegate from New Mexico. Mr. Elkins was one of the few young men living in Missouri during the earlier period of hostilities who did not join one army or the other. Some of his friends explain it on the ground that he is of Quaker descent. A Quaker at the head of the war department would be interesting. However, the latest story is that the president, after his usual deliberation, has about decided not to request Mr. Elkins to take the cabinet vacancy. There seems to be no room for doubt that the president at one time thought quite favorable of the idea of inviting Mr. Elkins, and asked several intimate friends what they thought of it.

The president intends to save Attorney General Miller for the supreme bench. Until quite recently it was considered as good as settled that Mr. Miller would be one of the new circuit judges, but to a gentleman who conversed with him on the subject of the circuit judgeships a couple of days ago the president intimated his intention to put Mr. Miller on the supreme bench before the expiration of his term. The vacancy for Mr. Miller, it is understood, will be made by Mr. Justice Field taking advantage of the retiring law. As far back as the time when Mr. Justice Brewer was appointed Mr. Justice Field, according to the story, gave the president to understand that he would make way for another before the president left the white house. Mr. Justice Field is a Democrat, but Judge Brewer is his nephew, and he was deeply interested in seeing him appointed to the bench. Just when Mr. Justice Field will retire in favor of Mr. Miller is not known, but it is thought that he is now serving his last winter of court.

RAILWAY NOTES.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—At a meeting of the Western Passenger association today much time was consumed in the discussion of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul's appeal from Chairman Finley's decision in relation to the dispute between that company and the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City, over excursion rates to Iowa last April. On account of the chairman's first ruling the Maple Leaf has put in a claim for $2,500 damages for lost of revenue by that ruling. When the question came to a vote, it was found that the St. Paul's appeal was sustained and that the Maple Leaf had received a blackeye.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3.—Samuel B. Knight, general freight agent, and Milson Knight, freight and traffic manager, of the Wabash, were arraigned in the United States district court before Judge Thayer today. Their appearance was in answer to an indictment charging them with a violation of the inter-state commerce law. They plead not guilty and gave a bond of $1,000 each.

Other officials indicted were: Eugene Field, freight agent of the Lackawanna; S. P. Riggs, freight agent of the New York, Chicago and St. Louis; Mr. Fell, general western manager of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western; W. H. Weycoff, freight agent of the Central Railroad of New Jersey; Mr. Fowkes, freight agent of the Philadelphia and Reading, and Mr. Crane, freight agent of the Fitchburg railroad.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 3.—The United States attorney today filed a petition in the United States court against the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee Railroad company as the commencement of an imporant suit. The complainant in the petition is the interstate commerce commission, and the object of the suit is to obtain an injunction restraining the defendant from furnishing free cartage of freight from the defendant's depot in this city to the business places of its patrons. Stone & Carter of Ionia complained against the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee company in 1888 for this discrimination and May 12, 1890, the commission formulated an order requiring the company to cease the practice within thirty days. The railroad disregarded the order and the petition now filed by the commission is for a summary hearing and injunction restraining the company.

TURF WINNERS.

STOCKTON, Calif., Nov. 3.—Palo Alto lowered his record a half second today, trotting a mile in 2:09¼, coming within a quarter of a second of the world's stallion record, held by Allerton. He made two breaks or he would have broken the record. Everybody says that he will yet beat Allerton's time.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Benning's winners: G. W. Cook, White Rose, George A., St. Mark and Tattler.

GUTTENBURG, Nov. 3.—Winners: Toano, St. Felix, Nellie Bly, Master Tod, Mohican and Torchlight winners today.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 3.—Winners today: Cathine B, Minnie Kosko, Melanie, Rally, Annie House and John G.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Garfield park winners: Lucinda, Big Casino, Lord Lonsdale, Santa Ana, The Deacon and Rudolph.

THE AUGUSTA EXPOSITION.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 3.—The Augusta exposition recently sent President Harrison a copy of a set of resolutions adopted at a mass meeting on the return of the exposition delegation from the east and Washington. An invitation was extended to the president to attend the exposition. His letter acknowledging the receipt of the resolutions shows an interest in the prosperity of the entire south.

No one should suffer with boils or humors when Hood's Sarsaparilla cures so quickly and well.

THE OMAHA PINE LANDS.

ASHLAND, Wis., Nov. 3.—Every acre of the $2,000,000 worth of pine lands in the Omaha indemnity limits, which was thrown open to settlement at the United States land office yesterday, has been filed upon, and, in a great many instances, filed upon several times. The land officials will not have an opportunity of telling how many duplicate filings have been made for several days.

A STRANDED STEAMER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The revenue steamer McLane, at Key West, has been ordered to go to the assistance of the British steamship Main, reported aground near Stirrup Keys, Florida. The vessel is totally disabled. She has a valuable cargo.

GENERAL GRUBB'S MARRIAGE.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—General E. Burd Grubb, United States minister to Spain, was married this afternoon at St. Stephen's church, South Kensington, this city, to Miss Violet Sopwith, eldest daughter of Thomas Sopwith of Loudon and of the Isle of Linsmore, Scotland.

THE ITATA CASE.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 3.—The Itata case came to an end today. Judge Ross of the United States court rendered a decision granting the motion to dismiss the case against the defendants.

FOUND DEAD.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 3.—J. W. Smith, owner of a farm for breeding fine Norman horses, three miles from Leavenworth, was found dead in his room at the Phillips house in this city this afternoon. Death was probably the result of heart disease.

TYPHUS FEVER.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 3.—Typhus fever is spreading among the famine-stricken inhabitants of several provinces in the government of Kazan. Stringent measures have been adopted to cope with the disease.

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

ROME, Nov. 3.—The international peace congress opened its session here today.

FEMININE FANCIES.

Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins is Senator Gorman's cousin.

Mrs. Mackay is the fortunate possessor of a string of flawless diamonds two yards in length.

Mrs. Bob Ingersoll is a tall brunette, with hair of ebony blackness, fine features and a pretty mouth.

Lady Tennyson preserves with religious care every pipe her husband smokes and every oaken stick he carries.

The wife of Lieutenant H. D. Borup, of the United States legation in Paris, is one of the very few ladies who can claim to have made the ascent of Mont Blanc.

Nellie Arthur, daughter of the ex-president, has a well rounded figure, sparkling brown eyes, dark, sleek hair rolled back from a low brow, a sweet smile and a pretty, girlish manner.

One of the richest young women in Philadelphia is Miss Estelle Pardee, who is engaged to be married to a minister. She is one of the four daughters of Mr. Calvin C. Pardee, a coal dealer, who is worth about $14,000,000.

Ethel Chase Sprague is a daring equestrian, and visits the stable of her horse frequently to direct how he shall be cared for. She learned to ride on a Shetland pony when only five years old, and has ever since been familiar with horses.

In 1884, while suffering from brain fever, Miss Asenath Philpott, of Gainesville, Tex., had her head shaved. On her recovery a new and generous growth of hair commenced, and now she is the proud owner of tresses which are ten feet seven inches long.

Miss Aparico, a pretty Cuban girl and the sister of Mme. de Barrios, was one of the belles of Richfield Springs the past summer. She is a daring rider, a good musician, and her beauty is of the regulation Spanish type of attractiveness. She is, in fact, a very apparition of loveliness.

Mrs. Logan still dresses in the most somber black. The only time she has omitted it was at a White House dinner, when she appeared in a lavender faille, a very becoming costume. She still wears her mourning veil and widow's cap, and at her throat is a big, old fashioned brooch containing a picture of General Logan.

THE JEWEL CASKET.

Tiny silver mounted hourglasses are pretty novelties.

Bristles set in silver standards are intended as penwipers.

Champagne bottles, gold seal, in silver are used as perfume bottles.

Rings of repouse silver in which a diamond is sunk are intended for men.

Graduated fleur-de-lis of white enamel make the pendants of a pretty necklace.

A charming necklace is of graded pieces of pale pink coral set between diamonds.

Topaz rings are considered especially becoming to the hand. But to be elegant, topaz requires the accompaniment of fine diamonds.

Queen chains made of 2-inch links of fine gold connected by coral, pearls or onyx seem to imitate the long chains that are now worn in Paris.

Fob chains and chatelaines imitate the woven wire souvenir chains that come from Venice. These consist of squares of platinum and gold alternating.

A bracelet of blue enamel has the shape of a plain band bordered by a straight row of tiny diamonds. The fastening is a button in a gold bound buttonhole.

Seals in onyx, gray, wine colored or in the rich tints of some of the varieties, are cut in faces of different types placed back to back. Another style is an Arab head with hood hanging back.

A spider legged silver crab over three inches broad and over an inch high, with single rows of diamonds on his outer curves, is designed as a brooch for some one of eccentric and independent tastes.

A heart surmounted by a crown is a popular setting for a ring. The heart is always a colored stone, ruby, emerald or sapphire, surrounded by small diamonds defining the required shape. The crown has diamond points.—Jewelers' Circular.

POWDER AND BALL.

Gunpowder was first made by a monk at Cologne in 1330.

Good results of the persistent training of German cavalry horses in swimming have begun to appear.

The largest gun ever made by Krupp is the property of the Russian government. It is made of cast steel and has a barrel 40 feet long, with a bore of 18¾ inches. It costs $1,500 to fire a single shot from the gun.

The Belgian military authorities have discovered that various songs used in the army are not quite proper, and several poets and composers have been applied to to supply the army with some unobjectionable songs in French and Flemish to take their places.

The 12-inch breech loading, steel hooped, steel lined, cast iron mortar was officially tested at Sandy Hook. It was a big success. A steel shell weighing 638½ pounds was sent whizzing through a solid steel armor plate four inches thick, completely demolishing it.

Our army, small as it is, eats 23,000 pounds of meat a day, an equal amount of vegetables and 30,000 pounds of flour. The days of hard tack and salt pork have long since passed away, and an ordinary mess table is spread with very appetizing edibles nowadays.

SNAP SHOTS.

The Chinese do not permit their women to be photographed.

The latest fad is to have yourself and all of your family photographed on your cups and saucers.

The young sons of Senor Don Miguel Suarez Guanes, Spanish minister to the United States, have cameras, of which they make free use.

The photographers of the country want a separate building at the exposition adapted to a magnificent photographic exhibit collected from the whole world.

Dry plate photography is about ten years old, and most of the processes in this delightful art science have therefore been accomplished within the past decade.

The amateur photographer is shown things by the camera which he never dreamed of before, and is led by it into the secret haunts of nature of whose existence even he was previously ignorant.

A complete photographic outfit can be purchased from any reliable dealer for from $10 to $100, and the necessary instruction can be obtained in one lesson when the purchaser obtains his equipment. It is then merely a question of practice and taste.

Crystallized Irony.

"The fat woman was very angry this morning," said the ossified man.

"Why?" asked the human anaconda.

"The skeleton dude offered her his seat on a crowded horse car, and—well, you know."—New York Sun.

They Will Do It.

The course of true love may never run smooth, but that fact doesn't prevent the lovers from striking a gate now and then.—Binghamton Leader.

HERMAN & HESS

Sell men's Fine Shoes.
Shoes that are made by the Hess Bros., of Baltimore
They make them well,
They make them to fit,
Herman & Hess have confidence in the "Hess" Shoe.

So much confidence in them that they guarantee every pair.

Their guarantee is not indefinite and relative but definite and absolute; that if you buy a pair and they don't wear well or give satisfaction in every respect—your money is on call.

To introduce them more thoroughly they are retailing them at the wholesale price, in other words they save you One Dollar on every pair.

All styles and four prices. $3, $4, $5 and $6.

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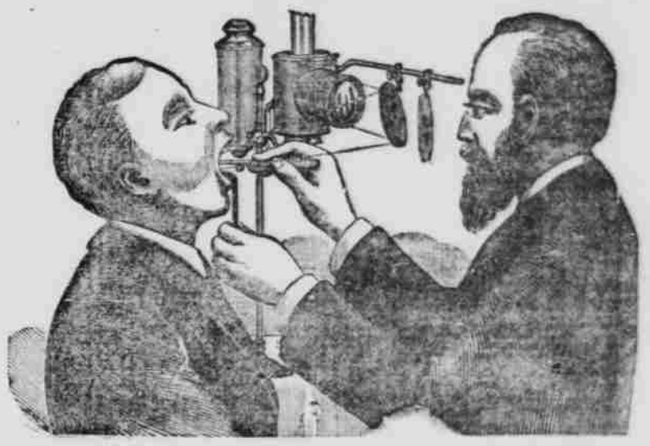
Sole agents for the Hess Men's Fine Shoes.



The above is a cut of the instrument used by DR. TERRILL in the examination for Catarrh and all Nose and Throat diseases. It enables the Doctor to show his patient the condition of the affected parts, and if needing treatment explaining its necessity. The Doctor will guarantee a cure in every case of Catarrh he treats.

Dr. Terrill has just returned from Chicago, where he has been taking a course in the Post Graduate School, and also a special course in Electricity, this being the second course of the kind the doctor has taken within the last two years. The doctor is the only physician in the Southwest who has taken these special courses in Electricity, and is consequently the only one familiar with its latest scientific application.

DISEASES OF WOMEN—Dr. Terrill, has made diseases of Women a specialty for the past twenty years, and wishes to state that he has all the late Instruments, Batteries, Electrodes, and appliances, etc. for their successful treatment, including Fibroid Tumors, Lacerations, Displacements, Enlargements, Prolapsus, Ulcerations, Leucorrhœa, Diseases of the Ovaries, Painful, Irregular or Profuse Menstruation, etc.

NERVOUS DISEASES—Dr. Terrill wishes to call the attention of those suffering from Nervous Diseases, Paralysis, Nervous Prostration, Seminal Weakness, etc. to the wonderful curative effects to be derived from electricity when scientifically applied, and desires to state that he fully restores lost power and vigor in either sex, and positively guarantees a cure in the last mentioned disease.

The Doctor has the four different batteries used in medical treatment, viz: a Twenty-eight Inch Four Plate Static Battery, also a Fifty Cell Cabinet Galvanic and Faradic Battery, also the Anglo-American Cautery Battery and the Caldwell or Anæsthetic Battery with which the Doctor will cure Headache or any pain in five minutes free of charge. These batteries are the very best manufactured.

SKIN DISEASES—All kinds cured where others have failed.
GRANULATED LIDS and all forms of sore eyes quickly cured.
HYDROCELE AND VARICOCELE—A cure in every case. No cutting.
RHEUMATISM—Positively cured by the aid of electricity.
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URETHRAL STRICTURE quickly and permanently cured by Electrolysis. No cutting, no pain, no money until cured.
CHRONIC DISEASES—All Chronic diseases successfully treated.
PRIVATE DISEASES—Treated by the new methods and new remedies. A cure guaranteed or no pay.

Medicine sent to all parts of the country. Consultation free. Send for question blank.
Twenty furnished rooms for the accommodation of patients from a distance, in office building.

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Marguerite Strube, daughter of the Duke Alexis, of Bavaria, and the Countess Elvira, was a singer during the summer in the chorus of a New York spectacle. She has a wonderfully pure soprano voice.

Mrs. John Drew saw her daughter, Mrs. Barrymore, act in New York recently, and some one asked her what the veteran actress said. "She didn't say anything," said Mrs. Barrymore calmly. "I suppose she was afraid that if she did I'd be sending congratulatory telegrams to myself."

Miss Wardell, daughter of Ellen Terry by her second husband, Captain Charles Kelly, will make her debut at the Lyceum theater, London, before long, under the name of Alisa Craig, Wardell being the stage name adopted by her father, and now discarded, as was the young lady's father himself.

The widow of Joseph K. Emmet has made up her mind to pass her remaining days in Albany, and she has gone into comfortable apartments there. Her means are ample and her health is good. Moreover, she takes a lively interest in affairs of the day, and she has even witnessed several theatrical performances of late.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

General Miles is making up a parade of Indians for the World's fair.

It will take a fence six miles long to inclose the World's fair buildings.

There will be a dazzling array of diamonds, opals, emeralds and other gems and of the precious metals at the World's fair.

Alice B. Wiles has been selected to act as president of the Illinois board