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The Wichita Daily Eagle.

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VOL. XVII. NO. 125. WICHITA, KANSAS, TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 11, 1892. WHOLE NO. 2629.

Kans. Historical Society

BITTING BROS.

is the one in which we live, and it is time to observe the course and direction of its autumn current. To march in the procession of good dressers and be noted for elegance and correctness of apparel instead of conspicuous as an echo of modes visably passed, you must see the new garments we are now showing. Our suits are the most finished specimens of the sartorial art ever seen in this city. New things in children's reefers and overcoats. Don't forget the Jaros underwear will cure your rheumatism.

BITTING BROS,

One-Price Clothiers, Hatters, Furnishers

126 & 128 - Douglas Ave.

WICHITA MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE. —AND— EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

DRS. PURDY & JORDAN SPECIALISTS.

Chartered by the state of Kansas for the treatment of all Chronic and Surgical Diseases, and Permanently located in Wichita, where, by honorable methods and the employment of only the most scientific specialists in the several departments, the Institute has gained the confidence of both the profession and the laity throughout the Southwest.

EYE AND EAR DEPARTMENT.—In charge of a skilled Oculist. Cataract removed and sight restored. Cross eyes straightened (in the young without operation.) We cure granulated lids, closure of tear ducts, diseases of retina and nerve, pterygium, all chronic inflamations, warts on lids, &c. Glasses Scientifically adjusted.

CATARRH ABSOLUTELY CURED in from 30 to 60 days. New home treatment furnished. Roaring or ringing in the ears, chronic discharges, closure of eustachian tubes, and all forms of defective hearing scientifically treated.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.—In this department our facilities are the best, we cure where others fail, as hundreds of testimonials in our office will show. The wonderful curative effects of ELECTRICITY are demonstrated daily in our institute, curing permanently, tumors, enlargements, displacements, LACERATIONS, painful, irregular, suppressed or profuse menstruation, chronic discharges &c.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND URINARY ORGANS.—All opinions given after careful chemical and microscopical examinations enabling us to cure inflammation, gravel, diabetes, gleet, vital losses, spermatorrhoea &c.

SYPHILIS can be cured no matter how long standing. Written guarantee given if desired.

DEFORMITIES such as club foot, curvature of the spine, hip joint disease, hare lip, &c., treated successfully, every case undertaken cured.

ON STRICTURE cured by electricity, no pain, cutting, or stretching, PILES, FISSURE, FISTULA, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE &c, absolutely cured without detention from business. NO KNIFE, NO CUTTING, NO PAIN. Cures guaranteed.

WE CURE RUPTURE by a new process, NO TRUSS, no cutting operation or pain. Cure in one week.

Examination and Opinion Free. Send for question blank.

DRS. PURDY AND JORDAN, 135 N. Market St. Wichita, Kanas.

NOVELTIES —FOR— FALL and WINTER

In Fine Form Tailor Made Clothing, equal to the best custom made work designed and cut by one of the most eminent artistic Cutters in the country, are now ready for inspection at the

CLOTHING HOUSE.

ROBT. JACKS, One-Price Clothier. Hatter and Furnisher, 128 N. MAIN ST.

DR. BOYD, Noted Specialist.

CURES

Diseases of Men.

Wasting Weakness, Nervous Debility, Lack of Confidence, Lost Energy, Startling Errors, Physical Decay,

The effects of excess or youthful indescretions, undeveloped and weak men, hope and strength restored, some symtoms sexual weakness, dizziness, nervousness, poor memory, restless sleep, despondency, unfittedness to marry, gloomy forebodings, vital losses, confused ideas, your very misgiving is the disease Come to us with confidence for you can be cured. Send for question circular No 10.

Diseases of Women.

Dysmenorrhoea, Leucorrhoea, Prolapsus, Ulceration, Displacements, Tumors, etc.

The remarkable success of this Institute in treating Diseases of Women has compelled us to add this line of Specialists to our work. Finest Electrical Appliances and Batteries in the State.

Throat, Chest and Lung

Catarrh, Ulcers, Swollen Glands, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, Consumption, (in first stages) Question List No. 1.

Diseases cured by office or home treatment, Inhalations of hot medicated air, Improved Oxygen Compound, Norwegian Inhaler, Chlorine Inhaler, Sprays and Vapors,

Bladder, Urinary and Rectal

Inflammation, Incontinence, Painful, Difficult, Stricture, Discharges Sores, Piles, Fistula, Ulcers.

Troubles caused by contagion, over indulgences or acute inflamation, Brights disease of kidneys, diabetes, Milky urine, painful swelling, blood diseases, gonorrhea poisonous discharges, varicocele, hydrocele, constipation, catarrh of bowels, chronic diarrhea, enlarged veins, old sores quickly and permanently cured by mild harmless treatment, success in every case undertaken. Send for question list No 5.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED—A reduction of fifteen to twenty pounds a month attained by Dr. Snyder's Treatment.
RUPTURE CURED without operation or danger.
New Cure for Rheumatism.
DEAFNESS treated by the new Phonograph Method.

We pledge you honest and just treatment. Why suffer longer? A cure is certain. No testimonials asked or published—strictly secret. Send stamps for question list. Medicines sent to all points.

CHICAGO MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE.
Western Office: No. 155 North Main Street, Wichita, Kansas.

DR. BOYD, Superintendent.

Fig. 135-A.

TRUSSES,

Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps

Supporters of Every Description.

We especially call your attention to our Trnss Department. Fit guaranteed.

HETTINGER BROS., DRUGGISTS, —DEALERS IN— Surgical Instruments and Physicians Supplies

216 E. Douglas, - - Wichita.

OUITA ANTHRACITE COAL

is prepared sizes Chestnut, No. 4, Egg and Grate. Warranted a pure Anthracite, perfectly clean, easier to regulate and making a more lasting fire than Pensylvania coal. New breakers and screens having been put in the mine since last winter, we can guarantee this season's shipment to give complete satisfaction.

SEPTEMBER PRICE—Egg Grate $8.50, Chestnut and No. 4 at $9.00 per ton delivered, car load delivered at 50c per ton less.

Also in stock, Pensylvania Anthracite, Canon City, McAlester, Weir City, Walnut, Osage, Black Diamond, Pelkmont Smithing, Jenny Lind Slack &c.

Will meet any and all competition in price.

SCHWARTZ BROS.

PRICE 541 WEST DOUGLAS AVE. TELEPHONE NO. 19

WATCHES.

We have the largest stock of WATCHES ever carried in Wichita. All grades from the best factories, cased either in gold, gold filled, silver or nickle cases, also horse timing watches We are making very low prices on watches. See our line. We can suit you both in style and price.

Edward Vail & Co JEWELERS. 106 East Douglas Avenue.

C. A. WRIGHT GEO. STARK MILLER

RAILROAD RATES

Will determine volume of Wichitas' prosperity. But in any event, Wichita realestate is a good investment, at present prices. See

WRIGHT & MILLER, Phone 226. 133 N Market St.

CHRONOGRAPHS

Split seconds and fly-back horse timers of various desings and prices in Gold, Silver and Nickle cases, of American and Foreign Manufacture.

Difficult and complicated repairs promptly attended to, and guaranteed.

W. W. PEARCE, JEWELER, 403 E. Douglas Ave

POPULAR MUSIC HOUSE

Barnes & Newcomb

Just received a new lot of Pianos and Organs, latest patterns. Factory prices, easy terms. Musical merchandise, Bicycles, Standard Sewing Machines.

407 East Douglas Ave.

GREAT Bankrupt Stock —OF— CLOAKS

Now on Sale.
Come before all is gone.
Big Bargains this week.
1000 Velvet top sailors at 49 cents.

M. B. COHN, GLOBE, 150-152 N Main St.

TWO COLLEGE BOYS SHOT.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Oct. 10.—This evening Fred Bassett, a student at the university law school, living with his father on the latter's farm near here, shot and seriously wounded E. Higgins of this place and Jack Craycroft of Hiawatha. The wounded men are students of Kansas university and members of the university football eleven. They had been playing a practice game on the athletic field and were returning to their rooms through Bassett's field, upon which they had been warned not to trespass. As they passed Bassett's house Fred Bassett appeared in the door with a shotgun, both barrels of which he discharged at the college men. Higgins' wounds are probably fatal. His left arm was torn away, and some of the bullets entered his side and stomach. Craycroft is not so badly hurt, although he is wounded in the arm and side. There is much excitement at the college. Bassett has been arrested. He was principal of a public school at Topeka two years ago, but abandoned the position in order to study law at the Kansas university here this fall.

THE DEAD POET.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The body of Lord Tennyson will be conveyed from Haselmere to London tomorrow. The transfer will be made without display of any kind, and as privately as possible. Henry White, secretary of the American legation, will act as one of the pall bearers in place of Minister Lincoln, who has sailed for the United States. All the members of the Tennyson family assembled at Oldworth today to take their last look at the dead before the coffin lid was screwed down.

TOMORROW

100 Dress Patterns, all the latest and newest Storm serges, Wales Serges and Camels Hair Serges will be placed on sale at the extreme low price of $4 Don't fail to see these goods they are bargains that you can not pick up from other houses We study to please and give cash value; ask to see them

P. S. We are making a specialty of English Top Coats, fur trimmed, all tailor made, for the extreme low price of $10.

"ARCADE" W. J. WILSON. President.

JOE THE HATTER, Is showing a full line of FISK, CLARK & FLAG'S NECKWEAR, Including The new Puff Four-in-Hand, The new Ascot, (once over.) The new Rutland Scarf FISK, CLARK & FLAG'S Kid Gloves and Suspenders.

See "Youman's" Fall Derby

"JOE" Hatter and Haberdasher 140 N. Main St.

We are collectors and will bore your debtors until they pay

Burnham Investment & Collection Co., R. 35, Zimmerly B'ld'g. Wichita, Kan.

YOUNG AMERICA.

HE TAKES PART IN THE NEW YORK COLUMBIAN CELEBRATION.

Thirty Thousand Schoolboys and Collegians in Line in the Initial Parade of the Week.

The Structures Along the Route of the Great Procession Almost Completely Hidden by Masses of Bunting.

The March of the Youngsters Witnessed by an Immense Crowd—An Englishman Excites a Party of Boys by Flying the British Flag—The Objectionable Emblem Torn to Pieces—The Spanish Celebration—General Notes.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—With the bright flash, puff of thick, white smoke and heavy boom of cannon old Fort Columbus, on Governor's island, at 6 o'clock this morning, opened the secular part of the celebration of the 400th anniversary of its namesake's greatest deed. The cannon shot was merely the sunrise gun, but it was singularly appropriate that it should come on this day of all others from the fort named after Christopher Columbus.

New York is in gala dress today. Its streets, its public buildings, its stores and warehouses and its homes are gay with

CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS AS A YOUNG MAN.

flags and bunting. Even the trucks and wagons passing through its streets, the cars that roll up and down its avenues, the trains that puff along the elevated roads, the very horses—are decked with flags in honor of Christopher Columbus. Today began the series of imposing pageants with which the city for the coming three days will honor the memory of Columbus. To the children, to the youth of Gotham, was given the honor of beginning the civic and military displays. From public school, from private school and from parochial school, from institutions and asylums, the children were marshaled in thousands, and their older brothers from the colleges marched with them.

The day opened with an unclouded sky, with a smiling sun, with crisp, invigorating air. On every side throughout the city, alike in the section filled with brown stone or marble mansion and in those where thronged tenements are crowded together, was there lavish display of flags and streamers, but especial attention was given by the city officials and private citizens to the decoration of the streets and houses along the route selected for the parades. Fifth avenue from the plaza at the entrance to Central park and to the centennial arch at Washington square was a blaze of color. The churches and clubs, hotels and hospitals, business houses and private mansions, vied with each other in the display of flags, in festoons of bunting, in wealth of bright-hued shields and streamers. Columbia arch at Fifty-ninth street, and Fifth avenue with its statues, its flags, its shields and bannerettes, was complete in all its bravery. From Thirty-third street to the Worth monument on either side of the avenue stood poles painted and surmounted by golden balls from which hung flags, streamers and gonfalons. At Twenty-second street and Fifth avenue was another archway a hundred feet in length and covered with flags and wreathed with evergreens, smilax and palms.

On every block fences were upraised before the stoops and areas to keep back the invasion of the expected crowds. Along the avenue, within the street line, were carpenters at work erecting stands on which were placed chairs or plain board seats from which the spectators could view the parade. At many of these places placards announced that seats would be let. To all the stands along the route there early flocked hundreds, determined to take time by the forelock and willing to pay the penalty of hours of waiting to insure favorable positions from which to view the parade, others still took up places on the few stoops from which the public were not barred out. Meanwhile the avenue became more and more densely crowded. From every side street east and west there poured in a constantly surging stream of men, women and children. The police arrangements were most admirable Along the entire route of the parade patrolmen were stationed about twenty-five feet apart, while at street crossings and at particular points where the crowds were larger bluecoats were posted.

The line was formed at Fifth avenue and Fifty-seventh street, and here the grand marshal and his aides assembled at 10 o'clock. The different regiments of the division marched from the school districts along Lexington and Sixth avenues principally, and rested upon the streets fixed upon as most convenient for them to fall into the line of parade.

THE PARADE.

At 11 o'clock the grand marshal of the school and college parade, gave the order to march and nearly 30,000 pairs of legs were soon executing the command. The immense parade started at Fifty-seventh street and Fifth avenue, and marched to Seventeenth street, then across to Fourth avenue, and through Fourteenth street to Fifth avenue. As the long line of march turned into Seventeenth street loud cheers went up from the Union square free stand and the dense crowd on the ground and in the buildings. After passing under Washington arch to University place the procession went on to Fourth street, where it disbanded. Winfield Scott was marshal. Colonel David S. Brown was chief of staff and adjutant general. Major George M. Barry was assistant adjutant general and George Lawrence Meyer chief aide. The Public school division was under Marshal John D. Robinson, president of the board of education.

In the public school division there were twenty regiments, 202 companies, making 10,000 pupils in line. Besides these were 1,000 students from the Long Island City public schools. General James R. O'Beirne was marshal of the Catholic school and college division. The Roman Catholic schools and colleges of New York were represented by 5,500 pupils, the college division being under Marshal Major Franklin Bartlett and aides. Then came uniformed schools and institutions under Marshal Major Max Reece, 4,000 strong. Twenty-eight bands were distributed among the different regiments of the school and college divisions.

The west side of Fifth avenue at Madison square was occupied by an immense stand with 3,200 seats. Opposite was a stand that seated 6,000 people. Among those seated there were Vice President Levi P. Morton, Secretary of the Treasury Foster, Governor R. P. Flower and his staff, Governor Tillman of South Carolina, and many local officials. As the procession reached the square itself Vice President Morton, Governor Flower and the other officials present arose and stood uncovered until the 30,000 boys and youths in the procession had passed the stand. On one stand were 2,000 school girls dressed in red, white and blue, who sang patriotic songs as the procession passed by.

Ex-President and Mrs. Cleveland with a party of friends witnessed the parade.

A FLAG INCIDENT.

The great parade of schoolboys today demonstrated the patriotism of the rising generation. Twenty five Harlem schoolboys gave evidence in a more effective way, by tearing down and trampling under foot an English flag displayed alone in front of a Harlem store. The boys, ranging from 12 to 17 years of age, were coming down Columbus avenue to join the big parade. Near the corner of Eighty-third street they saw a large English flag floating in front of a cigar store, kept by an Englishman. No other flag was displayed, and the boys thinking it un-American to display a foreign flag without the United States flag with it, demanded that the storekeeper either raise the American flag or lower the English flag. This the storekeeper refused to do. After considerable angry discussion and severe threats, one little fellow climbed upon the shoulders of one of his larger companions to tear down the flag. As soon as the others could get hands on the objectionable flag they tore it into hundreds of pieces and scattered the fragments about the streets, trampling them under foot, and cheering loudly. The storekeeper was indignant, but the sympathy of the crowd was with the boys.

AT BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

Brooklyn bridge was the place of attraction this evening. A gorgeous display of fireworks had been promised. At an early hour great crowds began to gather at the points of vantage on the river front in both cities, while hundreds of crafts loaded with passengers anchored at favorable points in the river and harbor. The display fully met the expectations of the people. Among the set pieces was a statue of Columbus and a representation tation of the ship in which the discoverer set sail from Palos. Two tons of powder were used in the fire of fifteen illuminations, which were accompanied with salvos and flights of screaming rockets, bombs, Roman candles and gas balloons. One of the most striking displays was the representation of Niagara falls in silver fire.

At the conclusion of the display an accident occurred on the pier at the foot of Beekman street that was attended with loss of life. On the southern side the ship Reaper was tied up and the captain availed himself of the opportunity to make money by selling seats on the vessel. The vessel was unloaded and stood high out of the water, necessitating a gangway fully thirty feet long. This gangway was crowded, when suddenly a plank broke in the middle. Some of the people were thrown in a heap on the pier, many sustaining painful hurts and bruises. At least one man fell into the river and was drowned.

MUSIC AND ORATORY.

The audience that listened to Silas G. Pratt's musical cantata "Columbus," which was rendered in Music hall tonight under the auspices of the committee of 100, was not a large one. The chorus was about 400 strong. The chief feature of the evening was the speech of Chauncey M. Depew. It was delivered after a festival march entitled the "Empire State," which was dedicated, by the way, to Mr. Depew himself. After the march had been played Mr. Depew came upon the platform, attired in evening dress, and delivered his oration.

THE SPANISH CELEBRATION.

CADIZ, Oct. 10.—Enormous crowds watched the departure of the gunboat Conde Valderno conveying Queen Regent Christiana and the royal party to Huelva, where they will take part in the Columbus celebration. The gunboat was escorted by a fleet of foreign warships. The balconies along the quay were handsomely decorated with flags and bunting, and the harbor was filled with all kinds of craft gaily decorated. When the warship arrived off Huelva she was met by a transport, on board of which were Senor Canovas del Castello, the municipal authorities the diplomats who are visiting Huelva, and a number of other dignitaries. Twenty-three Spanish and foreign men-of-war were there ranged in line, and as the gunboat with the royal party on board entered the bay the nearest warship fired a royal salute. This was repeated by the next ship in line, and so on until every one of the twenty-three vessels had saluted little King Alfonso, who was with his mother on the Conde Valderno. The boats were lowered and the royal party was taken ashore and to the old monastery where Columbus received his first encouragement in his scheme which led to the discovery of a new world. After inspecting the venerable pile, the royal party returned to the gunboat. The queen regent and King Alfonso will disembark in state tomorrow.

THE ABRAHAMIC RITE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The conclave of Jewish rabbis, which was to have opened in this city yesterday, has been postponed for four weeks in obedience to the wish of Chief Rabbi Joseph, who was besought by the western rabbis to postpone it beyond the Jewish holidays, and the time of the Columbus celebration. The date of the conclave has not yet been decided upon.

The conclave was called by Rev. Dr. Morris Welschler, editor of the Jewish Times, to discuss the trouble caused by the determination of the reform rabbis to dispense with the Abrahamic rite in the case of adults received into the Jewish faith.

The trouble arose several years ago, when the daughter of Dr. Wise of the Hebrew Union college of Cincinnati, married Dr. Maloney, a young physician, and was disowned by her parents. Dr. Maloney was willing to accept his wife's faith, but he objected to submit to the Abramatic rite, and the Central Rabbi conference passed a resolution declaring circumcision optional with adults admitted to the faith. The orthodox Hebrews are still protesting against the innovation, and Dr. Welschler has repeatedly assailed the decision. He said today that the reform rabbis are opposed to the holding of the conclave.

POISONED BY A QUACK.

GARDEN CITY, Kan., Oct. 10.—Mrs. Abigail Gregory, mother of the editor of the Garden City Sentinel and also of Frank Gregory, editor of the Springfield, (Mo.) Democrat, died today from the effects of a dose of medicine administered by a female physician named Mary Cartwright, who was not licensed to practice. The medicine administered contained corrosive sublimate, a deadly poison. A criminal action will be brought against Mary Cartwright. She claims that the medicine was left with her as a sample by a traveling doctor.

MONEY AND CROPS.

THE TRADE OF THE COUNTRY IN A SOUND CONDITION.

The Liabilities Involved in Failures For Twelve Months Show a Decline of Nearly One-Half.

The Decrease Noted in All Quarters of the Country—Railroad Builders Pursuing a Very Conservative Policy.

Secretary Mohler's Monthly Statement of the Condition of Kansas Crops—Winter Wheat Suffering Through Lack of Rain—A Decrease in Acreage Probable—The Government Summary of Conditions For the Month. Notes.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Henry Clews, in his weekly financial circular, among other things, says:

"The publication of the returns of failures has confirmed the feeling, entertained with misgivings in some quarters, that the trade of the country is in an exceptionally sound condition, which also has helped to strengthen confidence. It appears from Bradstreet's returns that, for the past nine months, the amount of liabilities involved in business failures within the United States amounted to $77,000,000, while for the same time of 1891 the total was $138,000,000, showing a decrease, within the twelve months' interval of 44 per cent. In New York city, the liabilities, for the same months, have fallen from $15,700,000 last year to $6,400,000 this year, or at the rate of 59 per cent. In no year since 1882 has the amount of liabilities been so low as at present; and, making allowance for the increase of population, the ratio is even much lower than in that exceptional year. Taking an average of the last ten years, the average amount of failures, within the first nine months of the year, has been $107,000,000; which is $30,000,000 above the experience of the current year, making no allowance for an increase of nearly 30 per cent in population during the interval. The losses of the south incident to two years of excessive crops of cotton had prepared us to expect a very unfavorable showing from that section, and yet there the amount of failures has been only $11,100,000 against $24,900,000 in 1891. In the depressed Pacific states we should have expected an increase of failures, and yet the liabilities there show a slight decrease upon last year's. These are most encouraging facts; the more so because they admit of no gainsaying.

"It is also a gratifying fact that the railroad statisticians estimate the construction of new railroad for the current year at not exceeding 4,000 miles. Considering that, within the past decade, there have been years when the construction has reached three times that mileage, this is a most welcome evidence of the conservatism that at present controls this branch of enterprise. What may be forthcoming in future years it is impossible to say; but it must be allowed that, with this current ratio of new construction, there is the minimum of danger of the older roads suffering from the reckless competition of new line for the next few years."

GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The October statistical returns of the department of agriculture for wheat give state averages of yields per acre ranging from 6 to 23 bushels, and averaging 13 bushels. The averages of the principal wheat growing states are as follows: New York, 14.3; Ohio, 13.2; Indiana, 14; Illinois, 14.7; Iowa, 11.5; Missouri, 12.1; Kansas, 17; Nebraska, 13.5; South Dakota, 12.5; North Dakota, 12.2

The general average of corn is 79.8, against 79.6 last month. The absence of frost has been favorable to ripening for the late and immature areas. The temperature for the last week in September was especially beneficial. During the past ten years there were three years—1886, 1887 and 1890—which reported a worse condition in October, and yet made a yield of 20 to 22 bushels per acre. The range of yield for the ten years has been from 10 to 62 bushels. The present condition indicates a yield below the average. The state averages for the corn belt are as follows: Ohio, 89; Indiana, 77; Illinois, 71; Colorado, 77; Missouri, 82; Kansas, 76; Nebraska, 80. Only the figures of Ohio and Missouri are up to the general average.

The average yield of oats is 64.4. The last report of condition was the lowest in ten years, the average being 64.4 against 78.8 this year. The average for the estimated state yields of rye is 12.7 bushels. The condition of potatoes declined during the past month from 74.8 to 67.7. The condition of buckwheat has declined since the last report from 89 to 86.

MOHLER'S REPORT.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 10.—Secretary Mohler of the state board of agriculture this evening issued his crop report for September. The report places the average yield of winter wheat per acre at 18.36 bushels, and the total yield at 70,035,989 bushels. The yield per acre of spring wheat is 14.55 bushels, and the total crop is 4,596,956 bushels. It is yet too early, says the report, to give a final statement of the corn crop. It is estimated at 25 bushels per acre, which would make the total crop 140,059,959 bushels. The yield of oats per acre is placed at 28.04 bushels, giving a total crop of 43,722,464 bushels. The yield of rye is placed at 4,042,063 bushels, and of barley at 3,542,964 bushels.

Dry weather is reported from all portions of the state, retarding seeding. Much plowing was done in July and August, when the ground was in good condition. The dry weather has retarded the growth of winter wheat, and the plant is suffering in some places. Not half of the wheat to be sown is in the ground. Unless more favorable weather prevails during October, the winter wheat acreage will probably be considerably reduced.

MEXICAN CORN SHIPMENTS.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 10.—The railroads centering here have received notice that the Mexican International line, which has been blocked by reason of the heavy shipments of American corn by shippers who are anxious to escape the corn duties, which will be partially restored on Nov. 30, is now in shape to again receive corn. Notice has been received from the Mexican Central, however, that it will, until further notice, receive no consignments of corn, its facilities for handling that commodity being now exhausted.

A POLITICAL WRECK.

QUEBEC, Oct. 10.—Judge Chauvian rendered judgment today, committing ex-Premier Mercier of Quebec to stand trial on all the charges of malfeasance brought against him by the attorney general.