

SWEET, ORR & CO.'S Overalls, Pants and Shirts.

BITTING BROS., One-Price Clothiers, Hatters, & Furnishers 126 and 128 Douglas Ave.

A RARE CHANCE. A choice fruit farm one and one-half miles from...

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repairing and engraving. We give special attention and are provided with all the equipment...

BUY NOW. A word with you. If you're new or credit, use it to buy everything you need or may need during the next year.

Barnes & Newcomb Popular Music Dealers. 407 E. DOUGLAS.

Electricity Free! Our Sexual Vitalizers Free for One Week's Trial.

THE BOYD MEDICAL CO. (Western Office) Wichita, Kan.

LADIES' FINE SHOES. In Narrow Width—A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK. The only first-class hotel in the city with all modern improvements.

PATCHEN WILKES, 3550. Favors, 2-12; Lissa, 2-16; Moneta, 2-19; Henrico, 2-15; Divan, 2-15; Joe Patchen, 2-12; and seven others in 250 list. Service fee, \$100.00.

BONNIE BOY, 6401. Bonnie Belle, 2-17; Jarenta, (2 yr), 2-27; Jettie, 2-18; Ninescah, (1 yr) 2-22. Service fee, \$75.00.

Ninescah, 18176. 1 yr., record 2:42; \$25.00. Mares bred to the above stallions, proving not in-fail, will have usual return privilege in 1895.

Jewett Stock Farm, Cheney, Ks. Luther Percheron, (weight 1650). Service fee to insure, \$5.00. FOR CATALOGUE AND PARTICULARS, ADDRESS

BRADFORD'S WEAR THE BURT & PACKARD CORRECT SHAPE.

Money-raising sale will be continued this month at 126 North Main Street

ISSUE IS FORMED

HOUSE OF COMMONS VOTES TO ABOLISH THE LORDS.

Labouchere, the Radical Leader, Throws a Bomb Which Shatters Foundations of Upper House.

Hereditary Peers, Who Block the Way of the Liberals and Retard Advancement, Considered a Needless Incubus.

Majority for Labouchere's Motion Small, but Sufficient to Warn the Inharmonious Lords—Proceedings Leading Up to the Denouement—Hon. John Morley Gives Resolved Assurances of Friendship for Home Rule.

Interesting Information. That helps you to buy and to sell; That saves a lot of money for you, And makes a little for us.

How about those yard-wide woolen dress goods at 19c per yard? They wear well and look equal to 50-cent goods. They are being sold rapidly, and if you are to need a dress of moderate cost, take a look at this lot before they are all gone.

Great Hosiery Sale For Thursday. Two Lines: One for men, The other for women. They are both made of the finest Mao yarn, and have not been sold before for nearly as little money.

Thursday's price will be: The Men's, 4 pair for \$1. The Women's, 3 pair for \$1. This is positively one pair too many for the dollar.

If you want a good thing come after these promptly. Slow comers will be late.

We are Now Preparing for your early inspection of the largest and choicest collection of Millinery it has ever been our pleasure to show you.

McNamara

McNamara

McNamara

McNamara

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McNamara

is evident that it would be a waste of time to introduce such a bill. Mr. Harrington here interposed and quoted Mr. Morley's speech in which the secretary said that the first duty of the Liberalists coming into power would be to repeal that bill. [Loud Parnell cheers.] Mr. Morley continued, remarking that the government had to choose between a bill repealing the coercion act and an evicted tenant bill, and added: "It is impossible to trace a hard and fast line regarding the date when home rule will be introduced. We frankly admit the existence of a bill of such constitutional magnitude, we are bound to prosecute them with all dispatch which the circumstances allow, having regard for the time of the session. It is premature to expect the government to give a cut and dried statement as to whether the home rule bill will be re-introduced, amended or not amended, or whether a dissolution will first be brought about without another home rule bill being passed. The government, however, is composed of men of honor who will never flinch from or cease to adhere to the home rule policy which Mr. Gladstone proclaimed in 1886. The government, however, is composed of men of honor who will never flinch from or cease to adhere to the home rule policy which Mr. Gladstone proclaimed in 1886. The government, however, is composed of men of honor who will never flinch from or cease to adhere to the home rule policy which Mr. Gladstone proclaimed in 1886.

Mr. John H. Redmond the Parnellite leader, said that he sympathized with Mr. Morley's humiliating position in explaining Lord Rosebery's utterances, and added that he must express dissatisfaction at the recent declarations of the ministers. His friends recognized that a general election was necessary before the home rule bill could be passed, and were afraid that a dissolution would be indefinitely postponed and that home rule would be quieted.

The leadership of the home rule party, according to Mr. Redmond, had passed from Mr. Gladstone to men in whom they had no confidence, and to whom whose declarations were halting and ambiguous.

Continuing, Mr. Redmond said that it was clear that Lord Rosebery's statement that the home rule bill would not be re-introduced in this parliament and that a dissolution would not occur until the new Conservative government had been sent up to the house of lords.

What the Parnellites asked, continued Mr. Redmond, was that the government should not be allowed to get out of its present position was absolutely intolerable. It was not merely that home rule had been shelved and dissolution indefinitely postponed, but that the government had not yet got home rule until a majority of the English members are in favor. Lord Rosebery's speech, he said, entirely changed the position of the government, and the Parnellite argument was right then the house of lords was justified in rejecting home rule [prolonged opposition cheers] and all the while the government had been in the house of lords must be insincere. The spirit of Lord Rosebery's declaration was insulting and humiliating to Ireland.

The result of the division on Mr. Labouchere's amendment patook of the nature of a surprise, not only to the government, but to many others who had looked in favor of the amendment. Several of the latter avowed this evening that their object in supporting the amendment was merely to give a good division against the house of lords.

They declared that they had no idea that there was any prospect of the amendment being carried. It was in fact a jump in the dark, and the bringing up at a place they did not expect to arrive at.

The prospect of the resignation of the cabinet was a general topic in the lobby of the house of commons this evening. It is expected that the cabinet will meet tomorrow to discuss the matter.

In the house of commons today the chief secretary for Ireland, the Right Hon. John Morley, said that the reference to the right hon. A. J. Balfour, the Conservative leader in the house, to the evicted tenants favored of vindictiveness and reminded the house that Liberal unionists had declared in favor of the repeal of the act of union, and the imperial majority of the English and commons were opposed to home rule, but it was an impossible proposition to distinguish between the English and the imperial majority, ending: "I, however, do not wonder at the vigilance, suspicion and jealousy exhibited by the Irish members in spite of their confidence in our good faith, when cordially rumors in regard to dissensions in the cabinet are circulated as they were yesterday. The honorable member for the harbor division of Dublin (Mr. Timothy Harrington), yesterday found fault with our not instantly repealing the coercion act, but it

is not surprising that the government would be in a position to announce that intention tomorrow. Mr. Labouchere said he hoped that the government would not allow themselves to be bullied by the leaders of the opposition.

Sir William Harcourt agreed to the motion to adjourn.

RYAN'S RANTING. Nebraska's Congressman Talks Bimetallism and Tariff Reform.

DENVER, Col., March 13.—Congressman Bryan of Nebraska, was given a reception in the Broadway theatre this evening as a preliminary to the fourth annual banquet of the Grangers (Democratic) club. Gov. error Wait, Mayor V. Horn, the state and federal judiciary, state, city and county officers and 2,000 citizens attended. Mr. Bryan spoke of "Bimetallism and Tariff reform—Not one but both." These two reforms, he said, had long been urged and brought to a successful issue by the same people and against the same opposition.

Colorado must not think that she has a superior interest in the success of bimetallism," he said. "We need silver as much as you do, and we need it for commerce. By the equal treatment of both metals at a fixed ratio, any change would work a great hardship on the debtor class."

The banquet at the Windsor hotel was attended by over 300 prominent citizens. Mr. Bryan in reply to a toast, said: "It is not surprising that principles long taught by the Democratic party be adhered to with the greatest tenacity by the western Democracy. Tariff reform, and the raising cry of west and south when it was denounced as a betrayal in the east. The income tax was supported by the western Democracy and the concentration of wealth in the west has possibly made this west more steadfast to Democratic traditions."

TO VERY SLOW MUSIC. EVIDENCE IN THE POLLARD CASE COMES WITH MEASURED STEP.

Tedious Depositions Occupy Much of the Court's Time—Sisters of Mercy Take the Stand in Miss Pollard's Behalf—Judge Bradley Objects to Newspapers Mapping Out His Course and Admonishes Fighting Attorneys.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Brotherly love and almost deferential politeness was the spirit which prevailed in the intercourse of the attorneys in the Pollard-Bradley case all day. Like a flash of lightning the blow from the hand of Colonel Shelby of Kentucky the night before had cleared the surcharged atmosphere of its anger. While there was discussion among the lawyers upon the point whether Attorney W. G. Johnson's words furnished provocation for the physical resentment which Colonel Shelby offered, every one seems glad to have the trouble smoothed over as it was by Judge Bartley's course in dismissing it with an expression of regret.

Another aspect of the affair which the judge referred to had caused much talk in the city over night, that was the probability of a continuation of hostilities with weapons other than those of the law. The chief of police before the hour of trial, the officers were Judge Bradley, Marshal Wilson, but two members of the regular detective force in citizen clothes sat in court close behind the lawyers all day, while the forces of uniformed bulliffs were increased, and a policeman stood outside the door by which the judge, jury and attorneys entered. In fact, the chief of police had called their attention to the local law against carrying concealed weapons there was an unusual court room scene, each lawyer arising to formulate and announce to the court a suspicious wily popular humor attacks to Kentucky gentlemen.

Apart from these accessories of the case, which drew a large audience of members of the bar interested to know the punishment which they thought Judge Bradley would impose for the tilt of the previous morning, the case was a long and tedious one. Most of the day was consumed in reading a long deposition, after which Sister Cecilia of the Sisters of Mercy was called to identify the mysterious volumes of Irving by which it is expected to prove that Miss Pollard gave birth to a child in the Norwood convent near Cincinnati in 1884 or 1885.

The reading of the deposition of the physician of the Cincinnati hospital was the first thing on the program. The suggestion of Dr. D. W. Johnson, the surgeon for her confinement to the Catholic sisters on the Reading road, three or four miles from Cincinnati. There the physician had been taken to the house of Doctors Berry and Buchanan, where she passed under another name, which she would not identify her certainly, saying: "She has changed greatly if it is she. It has three years since I saw her. This lady's figure is thinner; her hair is different and she has changed in many ways. It is an positive that the young woman were not Cecilia." The physician is this and does not wear glasses.

The cross-examination was read by Mr. Butterworth. The witness was certain that the young woman had not passed under the name of Louise Wilson. The reading of the deposition was very tedious, taking more than two hours, and served to empty the court of a majority of the spectators, and was not concluded until after the noon recess.

BULLETIN OF BIG SWAG TAKEN

DARE-DEVIL ROBBERY IS COMMITTED AT WOODWARD. Agent Bourke of the Wells-Fargo Company Forced to Quit His Bed by Bandits and Open the Safe, From Which Seven Thousand Dollars are Secured. Poses are in Pursuit. Particulars of the Deed Secured by Eagle.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle. WOODWARD, O. T., March 13.—The Wells-Fargo Express Company's office at this point was robbed last night by two masked men supposed to be Bill Dalton and Bill Deolin of the Dalton gang. The amount obtained by the robbers cannot be ascertained as the officials are reticent, but a conservative estimate places the amount secured at \$7,000. Agent Bourke, in relating the incident, says: "I was awakened about 1 o'clock this morning by a command to arise from two men who had entered the room, at points of pistols, and was compelled to deliver the iron box containing the money. They immediately took the contents and mounting their horses rode rapidly to the southwest."

A posse of deputy sheriffs left this morning in pursuit of the fugitives. They were reinforced about 10 o'clock by a detachment of cavalry from Fort Supply and several Indian agents under the leadership of Amos Chapman, chief. It is thought here that they will be captured, although the details in the capture of the Dalton gang will make it a perilous undertaking. The gang is thought to number about eight, having been reinforced soon after leaving here. The change of the operations of the gang has been attracted here by the large amount of money carried by the express company to be forwarded eastward to pay the soldiers at Camp Supply.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 13.—United States Marshal Nix got the following telegram this morning from Superintendent Rhodes of Woodward: "The Dalton gang country will make it a perilous undertaking. The gang is thought to number about eight, having been reinforced soon after leaving here. The change of the operations of the gang has been attracted here by the large amount of money carried by the express company to be forwarded eastward to pay the soldiers at Camp Supply."

WOODWARD, O. T., March 13.—To United States Marshal Nix, Guthrie, O. T., Station Agent Harkins was taken from his post at about 1 o'clock last night by two robbers and made to go to the depot and open the safe and deliver its contents. There was a package of money from Leavenworth worth \$10,000, one package of money and checks for Wellington and about \$60 of railroad money.

Description: One five feet six inches tall, thirty years old, slim, dark, weight 170 pounds, mustache, closely built; dark brown hair, dark eyes, rather heavy nose; checked handkerchief; dark blue coat, dark suit, sack coat; dark complexion. This man was the leader; neither was masked. They rode red bay horses and rode off from the stock yards in a southeasterly direction. Superintendent Nix has ordered a posse at Woodward to trail the robbers.

FAYMASTER SMITH ON THE ROBBERY. Major Smith, the paymaster, was at the Carey hotel in Wichita last night, and there first learned about the robbery at Woodward. He immediately telegraphed the matter except that the government would not lose the money, as the express company was responsible for it and would be held good for the money. He will leave this morning for Woodward and will advise the war department and ask for a warrant.

Major Smith's chief clerk said that there was not \$10,000 of government money in the package as stated in an associated press dispatch from Guthrie, but that the exact sum was \$6,500. He thought that the robbery was planned on a dispatch that was sent from Leavenworth and published in the Kansas City Times Saturday morning. The dispatch stated the intended movements of the paymaster and how much money was going to each post, and by what means of transmission it was to reach there. This is what gave the tip to the robbers and they made their plans accordingly, and it appears that they acted successfully. The chief clerk was at a loss to know how the information got into the hands of the correspondent of the Times as such matters are supposed to be kept absolutely secret.

OFF FOR GALVESTON. Gulf and Interstate Railway Engineers Begin Active Work.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle. DENVER, Colo., March 13.—C. J. Jones (Buffalo Jones) left here today with engineer corps No. 3 for Galveston, Tex. to take control of the surveying and grading of the Gulf and Interstate railroad. About fifteen expert railway builders and investors accompanied him. The machinery and grading appliances are in transit and parts have already arrived at Port Haver where ground will be broken early Monday and grading will be pushed with vigor at the rate of two miles per day. Steel will be laid within sixty days. Two corps of engineers will be pushed northward, one by way of Sherman or DeWitt, Sillwater, Perry, Colquhoun, Creek, Wellington, Halesburg, McPherson and the other by way of Lawrence, Lawrence, Park, McAllister, Pawnee City, Ponca, Arkansas City and Wichita, the latter being the most direct and preferable way, all things being taken into account. A host of our best citizens escorted Mr. Jones and his company to the train and bids God speed in the greatest undertaking in the Nineteenth century.

DE FRANCE IDENTIFIED. KALAMAZOO, Mich., March 13.—Miss Kate Coughlin today partially identified De France as the man whom she saw in the city god store where she was employed before leaving Kalamazoo. Levermore was a god store clerk, and she was the one which to leave town immediately thereafter.

RHEUMATIC. Sciatic, sharp and shooting pains, strains and weaknesses relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA ANTIPAIN PLASTER. Relieves weak, painful kidneys, back aches, stomach pains and weaknesses, coughs, colds and chest pains. It cures the nervous system, and hence cures nervous pains and muscular weakness when all others fail.

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