The Wichita Daily Eagle.

VOL. XX. NO. 145. WICHITA, KANSAS, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 4, 1894. WHOLE NO. 2755.

Kan Historical Society

Don't wait to turn about until it is too late.

The result may be disastrous to your peace of mind and pocketbook. Get into line with our customers and land in Our Safe Harbor of fair and just representation. You'll find it a haven of satisfaction where mens outfittings of all kinds can be procured at the lowest of low prices. And among them are suits for boys from 14 to 18 years of age at less than first cost of material. To see them gladdens the mothers' heart and the boy who wears one always looks like a "perfect little gentleman," because they last, hold their shape and color and are cut right.

There's nothing so cheap as good advice and next to that, the clothing sold by

Herman & Hess

406 E. Douglas ave.

MORTGAGE SALE.

The best Suitings in the city to select from at prices that CANNOT be duplicated in this or any other city.

Harmening, Cutter,

Which insures perfect fit.

Viele

111 E. First St.

Howard Douglas, Mortgagee

Anyone Wishing a Complete list of Names With P. O. Address, of

All Male Citizens in Sedgwick Co., Ks

Consisting of 9,000 names, locating them by township and P. O. The collector and business men will find the manuscript correct and convenient, locating every citizen in said county. Can be had at a reasonable price. I have been twelve months getting this work in shape and have it as correct as could be made. N. Main st. H. F. Goode.

NOVELTIES IN

Suitings, Trouserings Overcoatings.

MILLER & HULL

LEADING

Tailors and Drapers.

Cor. Market and First Sts.

WICHITA ICE CO.

CRYSTAL LAKE ICE.

Telephone 161.

CHAS. HOFF, Prop.

Wholesale and retail ice delivered to any part of the city, in any quantity, at lowest prices.

You should see the late style shoes at Bradford's before purchasing. Please remember our new number,

126 N. Main.

BRADFORD'S

126 N. MAIN.

S. E. NOYES & CO.

120 NORTH MAIN STREET.

SPECIAL BARGAIN SALE TO CLOSE OUT CAPES AND JACKETS

We will sell them at half price

We will sell them at less than the cost of the cloth.

We Offer

A large assortment from $1.25 up to $8.00 with intermediate prices.

Jackets

Very fine cloth, Moire Silk sleeves, silk binding, latest cut, reduced to $3.95, formerly sold at $10.00.

New Wrappers

Just opened, at very moderate prices, in all fabrics—Lawn, Percales and Challies.

Parasols

A consignment from an Eastern Manufacturer with instructions to close them out from 79c upwards; they are Paragon frames, heavy silk, attractive handles, the best value ever offered.

Bargains

In every department throughout the house.

S. E. NOYES & Co.

LEADERS IN LOW PRICES.

Bargains Bargains

OUR GREAT

MAY SALE

Continues to Attract Large Crowds to All Departments.

This is the most successful sale ever attempted and the ever-appreciating public are availing themselves of this Grand Opportunity.

SATURDAY : MAY : SALE

BARGAINS:

India Linens, short lengths, Saturday	3c
India Linens, short l'ngths, w'th 12c, Saturday	4½c
White Nainsook Checks, worth 10c, Saturday	3c
Apron Check Ginghams, worth 8c, Saturday	3¾c
25c Oilcloth, Saturday	9c
15c Black Hose, Saturday	6c
20c Wash Goods, Saturday	9c
10c Embroidery, Saturday	4c
$1.25 Ladies Dongola Oxfords, Saturday	75c
20c Celluloid Collars, Saturday	9c
15c Gents Linen Collars, Saturday	9c
15c Balbriggan Sox, Saturday	7c

TOMORROW! TOMORROW!

SATURDAY, MAY 5.

Is to be a GALA DAY in our Millinery Department. We propose to make it the Banner Day of our Experience. We know but one way to do this and here it is:

Just in the heat of the season we will sell new, desirable goods at prices usuallly asked when the season is over.

If you want a hat avail yourself of this opportunity.

Each and every untrimmed hat in our Millinery Department (except Leghorns), no matter what the former price whether 75c, 1.00, 1.50 or 2.00 will be sold

SATURDAY MORNING AT 49c

200 Childs' Leghorn Hats trimmed with beautiful wreath and ribbon worth double the price asked

SATURDAY $1.39

48 Ladies Black Silk Lace Hate the very latest design, made in the most artistic manner, never sold for less than $5.00.

SATURDAY $2.69.

Choice of 100 Trimmed Hats from 98c to $1.98 Others ask as much as $4.00 for similar goods.

Last, but by no means least, choice of any French pattern in our Mammouth Department some of which sold as high as $12.00

FOR SATURDAY ONLY $3.98.

If you don't get one of these bargains you surely don't want a hat this season.

Bargains Bargains

TWO DAYS MORE

Munson and McNamara

123 & 127 Main Street.

The great linen sale going on here will terminate SATURDAY.

A special feature Saturday will be the sale of fine, high priced linens away below anything you might ezpect.

For Example

All our fine Irish Satin Damasks sold up to this week for $1.35, 1.40, 1.50, 165 and 1.75 will be all on the counter Saturday at

98 cents a yard for your choice.

Saturday Two

Our entire line of fine hemstitched dinner cloths from the famous Irish looms

2 Yards	2 1-2 Yards	3 Yards
2.25	3.00	3.50

Less than they cost to make.

Fine napkins, fine lunch cloths, fine towels, fine scarfs and high grade fancy linens will be cut down today and tomorrow.

MILLINERY CUT

It is a little early you will say; so it is, but you are to be the beneficiary.

All our fine pattern hats and imported bonnets will be sold Saturday ONE-THIRD off the regular price.

Our millinery department is a big success this season. Exclusive styles, moderate prices, artistic work has made it so.

Sale Today

"Oh, hand me down my cough drops, and umbrella right away,
For I'm going to be queen of the May, mother."

We can't make the weather but we can make the prices.

Its a towel sale today—an all linen towel at 7c.

Tomorrow

Will be the last day of the linen sale, besides three special sales—Dairy made Buttermilk soap 19c box, our celebrated boys and girls hose 11 1-2c, and another lot just received at 7c a pair.

Munson and McNamara

A CUT IN PICTURES

Best Cabinets, Bust style, $1.00 per dozen.
Best Cabinets, full lengths, $1.00 per dozen.

This cut is for 10 days, and we will give $25 to a one not receiving our very best work.

BALDWIN, Photo., 118 E. Douglas

Opera House Block, Kingman, Kansas.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK.

The only first-class hotel in the city. With all modern improvements. Cuisine unsurpassed. Free hack from al trains. Fine sample rooms. Rates $2 per day, J. J. BLACKWELL, Prop. eod

A Quarter Sectional Map OF THE

FORT SILL COUNTRY

Comprising the Wichitas, Kiowas, Comanches and Apache Reservations, soon to be opened to settlement. The very best undeveloped country in North America. 10,000 homesteads for settlement. 300,000 acres of the richest land. Gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc and coal found in the Wichita mountains. A delightful climate and ample rainfall. Among the mountains are numerous lovely little valleys watered by swift streams of pure, sparkling water, in which most delightful homes may be found.

Send 50 cents to

SOUTHWESTERN MAP COMPANY,

Wichita, Kansas, for a map. Special rates to wholesalers.

CITY ROLLER MILLS

"IMPERIAL."

Has been Wichita's favorite brand of flour for 18 years. Ask your grocer for it if you want the best.

OLIVER & IMBODEN CO

Wichita, Kansas.

WHIPPED INTO LINE

DEMOCRATIC SENATORS GIVE NIGGARDLY ASSENT TO TARIFF BILL.

Measure Will be the One Reported by Senate Finance Committee, Which is a Material Change From the House Bill and From That First Proposed by the Senate Committee. Many Concessions Made to Local Protectionists.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—By a vote of 37 to 1, six of the forty-four Democrats being absent, the Democratic senators in caucus today adopted a resolution agreeing to support the tariff bill of the finance committee, including the compromise amendments that have been agreed upon at the many conferences of Democratic senators during the past two weeks. The resolution was presented by Senator Gorman of Maryland, the chairman of the caucus, and was discussed at some length, as the session lasted from a few minutes after 4 o'clock until nearly 7 o'clock. The six absentees were Mills, Murphy, Lindsay, Irby, Butler and Gibson. It was claimed they were all accounted for and assurances were given that they would support the tariff bill. The only persons in whose absence there might be any significance are Senators Murphy and Mills, the understanding being that all the others were in accord with any bill supported by the majority of the Democratic senators.

Senator Mills was not in the senate during the day, and the call for the caucus was sent to his house. It is believed he has some objections to the concessions that have been made, but he had previously announced that he would support any bill that provided for reductions in the present law. Senator Murphy's caucus notice was also sent to his residence, as he was absent from the capitol. His position has all along been one of doubt, but several Democratic senators assert he will support the bill, and he is counted in the forty-five who are claimed as certain to vote in favor of the bill. The other absentees are either out of the city, or failed to secure notice in time. None of them have been counted as against the bill. It is said they will indorse the action of the caucus.

In presenting the resolution and stating the object of the caucus Senator Gorman made a conciliatory speech. He said it was necessary to make concessions in order to secure the united support of the party, and he further asserted that it would need a Democratic majority to pass the bill. He stated that proper concessions had been made on all sides and it was believed the measure with the proposed amendments would now meet the support which was absolutely neccessary to pass a Democratic tariff bill.

Senator Jones (Ark.), the member of the finance committee who has taken the most active part in the preparation of the amendments known as the compromise bill, made a speech in which he explained at length the proposed amendments and told why they were necessary. He did not discuss or read all of them, but selected the most important, those affecting the greatest interests.

Senator McPherson spoke in support of the resolution and dwelt at some length upon the concessions which northern and eastern democrats had been obliged to make and what they had to give up in order to meet the demands of the south and west. He claimed that the concessions talked of by the other senators were not wholly on one side.

Senators Palmer and Vilas made long and vigorous speeches urging party harmony and the necessity of early action. Great interest centered in the speech of Senator Smith of New Jersey, and his remarks were received with a great deal of satisfaction, for while he said he was not satisfied with the bill, and was unalterably opposed to the income tax, he was ready to support the measure with the amendments which had been agreed upon, although he claimed that what were called concessions by the southern and western men were but small compared with the concessions which eastern senators made in supporting the bill with the income tax provision.

Senator Hill was not placated. He spoke only a short time, but it was long enough for him to convince the caucus that his vote would not be for the bill if the income tax remained in it. He said his position was well known; he had made his statement before the country and there was nothing to add to what he had said. Whatever the so-called concessions might be, they could not compensate for a rider in the bill, which neither the needs of the country nor the party demanded. Without saying so in direct terms, there was none who listened to him who believed he would support the bill.

The vote showed what those who had called the caucus expected. The conferences that have been going on among the Democratic senators for the last two weeks have given the leaders the information as to how the different senators stood, but they wanted official caucus action upon what had been agreed to in the conference room. The roll was called in order to place all on record and thirty-seven senators voted in favor of the resolution, and one senator (Hill) against it. The vote was received with genuine gratification, as many of the senators believed it signified that the tariff bill would pass.

The senators present were: Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Bankhead, Brice, Cafferv, Call, Camden, Cockrell, Coke, Daniel, Faulkner, George, Gordon, Gorman, Gray, Harris, Hill, Hunter, Jarvis, Jones, (Ark.); McLourin, McPherson, Martin, Mitchell, (Wis.); Morgan, Palmer, Pasco, Pugh, Ransom, Roach, Smith, Turpie, Vest, Vilar, Voornees, Wals, White, (Cal).

The two principal speeches made during the caucus were those of Senator Jones, explaining the reasons for the origin of the compromise and giving some of the details of the amendments, and by Senator Hill in opposition to the bill as it was proposed to amend it. Senator Jones said that the sugar schedule had been changed so as to provide for an ad valorem duty of 40 per cent, and an additional duty of one-eighth of a cent on refined sugar, with a penalty of one-tenth of a cent on sugar imported from countries paying a bounty on sugar under the present law, with the bounty to stand until the 1st of January next. He said that the ad valorem tax was not materially different from the sugar provision in the pending time. He also stated a large number of other amendments had been made, but did not mention them in detail or make any explanation of them except to say that in no case the rates of duty were fixed as high as in the McKinley law. He said in conclusion that an earnest effort had been made to harmonize all interests; that many concessions had been made to the eastern and northern Democrats by changes from ad valorem to specific duties, and that it was hoped that when the new bill should be presented it would command the solid Democratic vote in the senate.

TALK TARIFF.

Impatient New Yorkers Meet and Discuss the Wilson Bill.

NEW YORK, May 3.—A mass meeting was held in Cooper Union tonight to protest against the dilatoriness of the senate in passing upon the Wilson bill. All was not harmony at the meeting and the income tax was what marked the dividing of the ways. The storm broke when Frederick R. Coudert took issue with James Carter and roundly denounced the income tax measure as bad, dishonest and un-Democratic. One-half of the large crowd hissed and interrupted this expression of opinion; the others cheered and applauded and hurled back the epithets applied to Mr. Coudert by his opponents from the body of the hall. An old man jumped up, shook his fist at Mr. Coudert on the platform and shouted: "We were paying the taxes while you people were robbing us."

At this point there was tumult. A chorus of "put him out" burst out and every one jumped up. Half a dozen policemen reached up and seized the old man, carrying him to the rear of the hall. Confusion reigned for some minutes. Finally Mr. Coudert put every one in good humor by saying that bad as the income tax was, he was willing to swallow it for the sake of the tariff reduction.

The meeting had been called by representatives of forty-two business houses of this city. Ex-Secretary of the Treasury Charles S. Fairchild called the meeting to order and denounced senators responsible for the delay. He thought the income tax unwise, but there were many things worse than it, one of which was to have no income at all, which was what the present delay would lead to.

James Carter delivered the principal speech of the evening. He defended the income tax as the most just and equitable form of taxation. There were manifestations of approval and disapproval when he said this was a foreboding of the tumult that broke forth later when Mr. Coudert took the opposite stand to Mr. Carter. Mr. Carter also denounced Senators Hill and Murphy for their attitude toward the Wilson bill. This seemed to please the large audience immensely. Resolutions in substance as follows were passed:

"That we should prefer a more consistent and courageous measure of tariff reform than the one now pending, but we urge that it be passed to a final vote so we may be relieved from the extortions and oppressions of the McKinley tariff.

"That while we are opposed to the income tax provisions, we are more opposed to the existing system of tariff taxation, which casts on the working classes nine-tenths of the burdens of taxation and an enormous tribute for the benefit of the few.

"That we desire the income tax clause to be stricken out. We deem its retention no excuse for the vote of any democrat against the bill as a whole, and demand that every Democratic senator and representative vote for the repeal of the McKinley law.

"That the defeat of the bill by Democratic votes will be disaster to the nation and treason to the Democratic party."

The meeting then adjourned.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The Republicans continued their obstructive tactics this morning, and Mr. Morgan moved to go into executive session in conformity with the special order, to consider the Chinese treaty. The doors were reopened at 12 o'clock, and on motion of Harris the tariff bill was taken up.

Mr. Quay who was entitled to the floor, then yielded to Mr. Chandler.

Mr. Chandler gave his idea of what the tariff bill should have been had the Democrats been true to the Chicago platform, and criticized the bill in its present form as a long way removed from that declaration of principles. In concluding, Mr. Chandler read with sarcastic comment the letter of President Cleveland addressed to President Chauncey F. Black of the League of Democratic clubs, inclosing a contribution. Mr. Cleveland, he said, was willing to pay for the dissemination of his noble and lofty sentiments, and he hoped that the Democrats of the senate, taking counsel of their eminent leader, would finally put aside their scramble for protection to local, or perhaps personal, interests and make their bill conform to the Democratic platform.

When Mr. Chandler took his seat, Mr. Quay (Rep., Pa.) resumed the speech which he has been delivering in serial form for the last two weeks. At 3:30 p. m. Mr. Quay asked the clerk to read a portion of his speech.

Mr. Harris, who had been alertly watching, raised a point of order against the clerk reading a senator's speech.

Mr. Quay said he was somewhat fatigued and thought a short respite would relieve him. He had no desire to violate the rules.

Mr. Harris replied rather sharply that he was glad to afford Mr. Quay any relief in his power, but when the senator from Pennsylvania insisted upon working a speech by day and by week he would have to insist that he make it himself.

"Oh, very well," retorted Mr. Quay good humoredly. "I will proceed."

But there are more ways than one of obtaining a breathing spell in the senate. Mr. Mitchell (Ore.) blandly suggested the absence of a quorum. The bells rang. The senators came into the chamber from the cloak rooms, and the roll was called. Forty-six senators responded. The senators were getting ready to return to the place from which they had come when Senator Quay moved to go into executive session. Most of them halted at the doors and answered to their names, and Mr. Pugh (Ala.) stretched himself out on one of the sofas against the wall. When the roll was called he answered without rising from his comfortable position there.

"That won't do," said Senator Hunton of Virginia, in a voice loud enough to be heard in the press gallery opposite.

"Every senator who answers to his name in a recumbent position is subject to a fine of a basket of champagne."

The senators smiled and nodded approval.

Mr. Quay's motion was lost, 32 to 12.

The hour of four o'clock, the hour set for the Democratic caucus, having arrived, the senate at 4:03, on motion of Mr. Harris, adjourned until tomorrow at 11 a. m.

In the House.

WASHINGTON May 3.—No business was transacted in the morning hour in the house. The regular order being demanded when it was sought to obtain consideration of a bill, the time of the house from 12:01 until 4 o'clock was taken up in the consideration of the river and harbor bill. Speeches were made by Messrs. Cannon (Rep. Ill.), Weadock (Dem. Mich.), Ellis (Dem. Ky.), Hepburn (Rep. Ia.), and Ray (Rep. N. Y.) At 4 o'clock Mr. Catchings sought to have general debate close at 5 o'clock. Some opposition was developed among the Republicans when Mr. Catchings moved to close debate in twenty minutes, and on this demand the previous question, which was ordered, and his motion was agreed to. Discussion was resumed and Mr. Boatner (Dem. La.) opposed the method of improving the Red river in Louisiana, according to the present plans. At 5:30 p. m. the house adjourned.

INDIAN SOLDIERS DISCHARGED.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—By direction of the assistant secretary of war the few remaining Indians composing Company I, Second infantry, at Fort Omaha, Nebraska, and Company I, Sixteenth infantry, at Fort Douglas, Utah, have been discharged, thereby practically wiping out the ornamentations and marking another step toward the total abandonment of the scheme of separate Indian companies.

TO PROTECT SEALS.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Secretary Carlisle has transmitted to the house a request for an appropriation of $8,500 for better guarding the seal islands against poachers and for internal improvements to the islands. The amount includes $1,000 for fifty Winchester rifles and ammunition and $2,000 for nine telephones to connect the agency with the guards at the various seal rookeries.

PROTEST AGAINST TREATY.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Samuel Gompers and James Duncan, president and secretary of the National Federation of Labor, and A. Furnseite of the legislative committee of the National Seamen's union, called at the capital today and met a number of senators, to whom they made protests against the ratification of the Chinese treaty. The delegates expressed the opinion that they had made considerable progress.

MILITARY SURGEONS.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The fourth annual meeting of the Association of Military Surgeons was continued today. Papers were read by General Burrill of Massachusetts; Lieutenant Colonel E. J. Forster of Boston; Lieutenant Colonel C. Woodward of Tecumseh, Mich.; Dr. C. H. Alden, assistant surgeon general U. S. A.; Surgeon H. C. Beir, U. S. A.; Captain A. Bushnell, assistant surgeon, U. S. A.; A. Powell, assistant surgeon, U. S. A.; Major W. H. Eagle, assistant surgeon, U. S. A., of Harrisburg, Pa. Major Vallery Harvard, U. S. A., gave an object lesson in the equipment of a sanitary soldier.

The following were elected honorary members: Hiram P. Mills of Port Huron, Mich.; James B. Book of Detroit, Mich.; Z. Love of Taney Hill, Baltimore; George Babish of Washington, D. C.; John H. Brinton of Philadelphia, and H. P. Zeeb of Stamford, Conn.

The association went on an excursion down the Potomac tonight, and tomorrow will witness the cavalry drill at Fort Monroe.

LIEUTENANT MANEY'S CASE.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The charge upon which Lieutenant James H. Maney, Fifteenth infantry, will be courtmartialed has not been disclosed at the war department. Of course it is based upon the killing of Captain Hedburg, but as the lieutenant has been acquitted of manslaughter by the civil courts he will not be tried upon that charge, as it would amount to placing his life twice in jeopardy. Therefore it is probable the charge will be conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline in fatally assaulting Captain Hedburg.

RESIGNED BY REQUEST.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Professor C. V. Hellly, for many years chief entomologist of the department of agricultural, has resigned by request of Secretary Morton, the resignation to take effect June 1.

ROBBED OF GOLD NUGGETS.

DENVER, Colo., May 3.—Word has been received here that W. D. Vallandingham and Tom Winn, miners, were held up in the La Sol mountains, near Montrose, a week ago and robbed of gold nuggets valued at $25,000. A posse is in pursuit of the robbers.

LOOK HERE!

WHAT CASH WILL DO ON SEWING MACHINES THIS WEEK.

Domestic—	Old Price	$65 00;	Now	$37 50
"	" "	60 00;	"	35 00
"	" "	55 00;	"	32 50
White—	Old Price	60 00;	Now	35 00
"	" "	55 00;	"	33 00
"	" "	50 00;	"	31 00
Household	" "	55 00;	"	33 00
Standard	" "	55 00;	"	28 00
W & Wils.	" "	60 00;	"	35 00

These are all new goods and these prices will only last until this lot is sold. A lot of second-hand ones $3 to $10.

A lot of second hand organs and pianos at $10 to $100.

I want some money and will give you twice the value for it.

New pianos and organs at equally low prices.

THOS. SHAW.

PILES, Fistula and all Rectal Diseases cured or NO PAY. Why be in misery when you can secure a Positive and Unfailing cure without an hour's delay from work or business?

CATARRH. Send Five Dollars ($5.00) for one (1) month's treatment, Inhaler, constitutional and local treatment included, with full directions. SUCCESS AFTER OTHERS HAVE FAILED. Send for one week's free treatment of Sexual Diseases.

Successful specialists in chronic diseases and diseases of men; blood and skin diseases, sore throat and mouth, blotches and eruptions, kidney and bladder diseases, irritations, swellings, inflammation, ulcers, painful swellings, &c. Treatment a positive cure for nervous debility, weakness, impaired memory, mental anxiety, absence of will power, dizziness, imperfectly developed organs, &c. For speedy relief and sure cure of all chronic diseases of men and women, consult

THE BOYD MEDICAL CO.

(Western Office.)

155 N. Main St. Wichita, Kansas

BULLETIN OF The Daily Eagle

Wichita, Friday, May 4, 1894.

Weather for Wichita Today:
Clearing, Warmer Tonight.

INDEX OF TODAY'S IMPORTANT NEWS

Pages.

1. Local Protection Bill Agreed Upon.
2. Silver Conference Full of Promise.
   Coxeyites Start in a Balloon.
   Cleveland Leads for the Pennant.
   Bomb Explosion in France's Capital.
3. Wheat Bulls Get an Inning.
   Speculation is Depressed in Tone.
5. Chester I. Long Unanimously Chosen.
   Missouri Pacific Gives Wichita a Rate.
6. What a Staircase May Cost.
   Persuasive Power of a Revolver.
7. Metropolis of the Bahama Islands.

ITCHING HUMORS

Torturing, disfiguring eczemas, and every species of itching, burning, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp diseases, with dry, thin, and falling hair, relieved by a single application, and speedily and economically cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES, when the best physicians fail.