

The Excursionist

who does not visit our store, inspect our new fall stock and buy a suit of the H. & H. good clothes will have made a profitless trip.

But

if he wants to double the day's pleasures and save something for that "Rainy Day" he'll let us fit him out in the newest, noblest, most stylish and durable clothing in the state.

Come in and get acquainted and leave your wraps and bundles you'll not be urged to buy.

Herman & Hess

406 E. Douglas ave.



CITY ROLLER MILLS "IMPERIAL" OLIVER & IMBODEN CO



TUESDAY Aug 28 '94 TO-DAY the grand Circuit meet of the Charter Oak Trotting Association opens at Hartford, Conn.

Upwards of \$30,000 has been offered in purses, of which liberal amount \$10,000 will be given to the 2.18 class. The meeting will close on the 31st, and some great races are looked for. The list of flyers with records of 2.14 or better is rapidly gaining in length.

There are but few from Wichita who can attend these meetings; but that does not prevent you from seeing some fast time made. Watch the races today for our great \$15 and \$18 suits. Horse racing isn't "in it".

T. B. GLOSSER, Tailor and Furnisher, 145 MAIN STREET

"YOU MAN'S" GRAND OPENING

"YOU MAN'S" Celebrated New York Hat, AND THE POPULAR "HARRINGTON" HAT OF BOSTON

Also Private Blocks in the "ROELOF" Hat "JOE" The Hatter. SOLE AGENT.

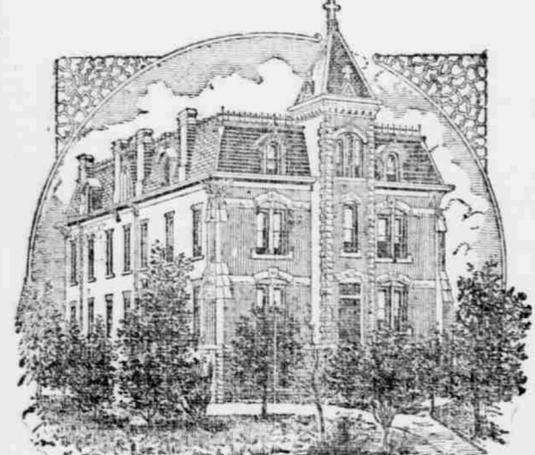
140 North Main Street. Wichita, Kan.

YOUR LAST CHANCE.

Twenty-five dozen more of those Black and Blue Yachting Caps, for men and boys; just the thing for this season. Worth 50 and 75c anywhere. Choice, Today and Tomorrow.

18c. GOLDEN EAGLE, ONE PRICE CLOTHERS. 226-228 East Douglas. Corner Lawrence.

ALL HALLOWS ACADEMY FOR SCHOOL YEAR OF 1894-95.



WICHITA, KANSAS. This Academy established in 1887, possesses every advantage that parents can desire for the general improvement of their children.

The site is attractive and, as experience has proven, most advantageous for the promotion of good health. The grounds are spacious, affording means for the enjoyment of invigorating exercise.

The course of study includes everything necessary for a complete and systematic training in all the branches of a refined and practical education. The Academy Conservatory affords every facility for attaining the highest proficiency in Music and Art.

For particulars, address SISTER SUPERIOR, All Hallows Academy, Wichita, Kansas.

A. N. KELLOGG Newspaper Co. READY PRINTS, STEREOTYPE PLATES. GERALD VOLK, Mgr. WICHITA, KANSAS.

PIANOS.

MASON & HAMLIN. BRADBURY. HENNING. ROGER BROS. MATHUSHEK & SON.

Sold at Rock Bottom Prices.

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE, SHEET MUSIC.

Mr. J. L. Sheldon the piano tuner, is here. Leave orders at our store for tuning.

Barnes & Newcomb

Popular Music Dealers, 407 E. DOUGLAS.

Madison Avenue HOTEL,

Madison Ave. and 58th St., NEW YORK.

\$3 per day and up. American Plan.

Fireproof and first-class in every particular.

Two blocks from the Third and Sixth Avenue Elevated railroads. The Madison and 4th Ave. and Bell Line cars pass the door.

H. M. CLARK, Prop. Passenger Elevator runs all night.

HERE IS SOMETHING YOU WANT.

WE SELL IT.



THE EDISON-MIMEOGRAPH TYPEWRITER.

A Practical Writing Machine for \$22.00.

It lacks the HIGHEST Speed, but is fast enough.

It has steel type. It keeps its alignment. It prints from a ribbon. It is a heavy manifold. It is strong and durable. It is light and portable. It does Perfect Mimeograph work.

It does as good work as the \$100 machine.

No 1-78 characters, caps and small letters, \$22.00

No 2-86 characters, caps and small letters, wide carriage, \$25.00

No 3-English, French and German, 90 characters, caps and small letters, \$26.00

Address the EAGLE for full descriptive catalogue of typewriters.

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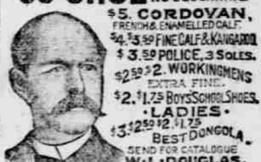
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W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE



IS THE BEST. NO SOLE MAKING. \$5. CORDOVAN. FRENCH ENAMELLED OALF. \$4.35 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. \$3.99 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.99 2 WORKING MEN'S EXTRA FINE. \$2.12 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. \$1.25 BEST DUNGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas shoes.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold every where at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitutes. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by

S. G. NEFF, 144 N. Main St.



Transient Hotel. DAILY RATES \$1 and \$1.25 PER DAY.

SING. MEALS 25 CENTS. ROOM AND BOARD \$4 PER WEEK. TABLE BOARD \$3.50 PER WEEK. LODGING 25 and 50c. Table Unsurpassed.

Corner Main and Second Streets. A. JOHNSTON, Proprietor.

Wichita - - - - - Kansas

Copper Plate Engraving.

The EAGLE is prepared to Furnish Estimates on Fine Copper Work of all Kinds.

Wedding Invitations, Monograms of Every Description.

Cards including Plate, \$1.50 per 100.

Call and see our Fine Line of Samples. The only Complete Line in the city.

Orders Filled in from One to Three Days.

RECOGNIZED POWER.

What Dun's Traveling Agent Says.

"I want to state," said Mr. Walsh, "and I want to state it with all sincerity, and with no purpose of flattery, that the EAGLE is doing more to attract business to Wichita than any other agency. I find in my travels everywhere merchants reading the EAGLE. The business advertising page is doing a world of good, as it shows merchants everywhere the names of the business institutions and what they keep. I never, in all my life, recognized the power of a good newspaper, in the good it can do for its city, so fully and clearly as I have done since I became acquainted with the commercial trade of southern Kansas and Oklahoma."

"I love the principles of true Democracy, because they are founded on patriotism and upon justice and fairness toward all interests. I am proud of my party organization, because it is conservatively sturdy and persistent in the enforcement of its principles. Therefore, I do not despair of the efforts of the house of representatives to supplement the bill already passed by further legislation and to have engrained upon it such modifications as will more nearly meet Democratic hopes and aspirations.

"I cannot be mistaken as to the necessity of free raw materials as the foundation of logical and sensible tariff reform. The extent to which this is recognized in the legislation already secured is one of its encouraging and redeeming features, but it is vexatious to recall that, while free coal and iron ore have been denied, a center of the treasury side has been made free by the annual surrender of only about \$700,000 of unnecessary revenues.

"I am sure there is a common habit of under-estimating the importance of free raw materials in tariff legislation, and of regarding them as only related to considerations to be made to our manufacturers. Their influence is so far-reaching that it is disregarded a complete and beneficent scheme of tariff reform cannot be successfully inaugurated.

"When we give to our manufacturers free raw materials, we subsidize American enterprise and integrity, and thereby open the doors of foreign investment and the opportunity for the continuous and remunerative employment of American labor.

"SPEAKS OF THE EAGLE IN CAMP. "With materials cheapened by their freedom from tariff charges, the cost of their product must be correspondingly

TAKES THE PILL

IT IS BITTER BUT GROVER CLEVELAND GULPS IT DOWN.

Declares That He Cannot Sign the Bill, and Cannot See How He Can Veto It.

It Contains Crudities and Inconsistencies, and is the Work of Treachery, and Should Not Become a Law.

Still it is the Result of an Effort on the Part of Democracy and With a Step Towards Tariff Reform, for Which the War Has Just Opened and for Which all Democrats Must Henceforth Fight in Earnest.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The president today sent the following letter to Representative Cullinan of Mississippi, who consented to its publication in view of its public character and importance:

"EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, Aug. 27, 1894.

"Hon. T. C. Cullinan:—Since the conversation I had with you and Mr. Clark of Alabama a few days ago, in regard to my action upon the tariff bill before me, I have given the subject full and most serious consideration. The result is, I am more settled than ever in the determination to allow the bill to become a law without my signature.

"When the formulation of legislation on which it was hoped, would embody Democratic principles of tariff reform was lately entered upon by congress, nothing was further from my anticipation than a result which I could not promptly and enthusiastically endorse.

"DOESN'T FEEL BETTER THAN HIS PARTY. "It is, therefore, with a feeling of the utmost disappointment that I submit to a denial of this privilege. I do not claim to be better than the masses of my party nor do I wish to avoid any responsibility which, on account of the passage of the law, I ought to bear as a member of the Democratic organization, neither will I permit myself to be separated from my party to such an extent as might be implied by my vote of tariff legislation which, though disappointing, is still chargeable to Democratic effort. But there are provisions in this bill which are not in line with honest tariff reform and it contains inconsistencies and crudities which ought not to appear in tariff laws or laws of any kind. Besides, there were, as you and I well know, incidents accompanying the passage of the bill through congress which made every sincere reformer unhappy, while influences surrounded it in its later stages and interfered with its final construction which ought not to be recognized or tolerated in Democratic tariff reform councils.

"WHERE HE PLAYS HOT AND COLD. "And yet, notwithstanding all its vicissitudes, and all the bad treatment it received at the hands of pretended friends, it presents a vast improvement to existing conditions. It will certainly lighten many tariff burdens that now rest heavily upon the people. It is not only a barrier against the return of mail protection, but it furnishes a vantage ground from which must be waged further aggressive operations against protected monopoly and government favoritism.

"I take my place with the rank and file of the Democratic party who believe in tariff reform, and who know what it is; who refuse to accept the results embodied in this bill as the close of the war; who are not blinded to the fact that the livery of the Democratic tariff reform has been stolen and worn in the service of Republican protection, and who have marked the places where the deadly blight of treason has blasted the councils of the brave in their hour of need.

"SPITS FIRE AT RAVENHAY. "The trusts and combinations, the communism of self—whose machinations have prevented us from reaching the success we deserve should not be forgotten or forgiven. We shall recover from our astonishment at their exhibition of power, and, if then, the question is forced upon us whether they shall submit to the free legislative will of the people's representatives, or shall dictate the laws which the people must obey, we will accept and settle that issue as one involving the integrity and safety of the American institutions.

"WEETS THAT COAL IS NOT FREE. "I love the principles of true Democracy, because they are founded on patriotism and upon justice and fairness toward all interests. I am proud of my party organization, because it is conservatively sturdy and persistent in the enforcement of its principles. Therefore, I do not despair of the efforts of the house of representatives to supplement the bill already passed by further legislation and to have engrained upon it such modifications as will more nearly meet Democratic hopes and aspirations.

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BULLETIN OF The Daily Eagle

Wichita, Tuesday, August 28, 1894.

Weather for Wichita Today: Fair, Southerly Winds.

INDEX OF TODAY'S IMPORTANT NEWS

- 1. President Cleveland on New Tariff Law. Senator Stewart in a Scandal. 2. Pullman is Questioned Sharply. Reciprocity is New Dead. 3. Referee Robs Young Griffl. Bullish Features Get a Grain of Good. Distilling Stocks Get a Setback. 4. Tax Levy on Wichita is Made. Miss Wallenstein Will Recover. 5. Society Against Lynching Formed. Attire Which Captivates Men. George Gould is Spreading Fortune. Wonderful Vigor of Pope Leo. 6. Gold Has Been Found in Georgia. 7. Chinese Army is Dangerous.

cheapened. Thereupon justice and fairness to the consumer would demand that the manufacturers be obliged to submit to such a readjustment and modification of their tariff schedule as would secure to the people the benefit of reduced cost of their manufacture and shield the consumer against the exactions of inordinate profits.

"It will thus be seen that free raw materials, and a just and fearless regulation and revision of the tariff, to meet the changed conditions would carry to every humble home in the land the blessings of increased comfort and cheaper living.

"The millions of our countrymen who have fought bravely and well for tariff reform should be exhorted to continue the struggle, boldly challenging to open warfare, and constantly guarding against treachery and hair brained schemes in their camp.

"Tariff reform will not be settled until it is honestly and fairly settled in the interests, and to the benefit of a patient and long suffering people."

Yours Very Truly, GROVER CLEVELAND.

HARD ON THE DRUGGISTS.

Another Blunder in the Tariff Bill Causes Trouble.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—There seem to be serious doubts entertained as to whether or not treasury officials will be able to carry into effect the section of the new tariff bill which goes into effect at midnight, making alcohol used in the arts, free of internal revenue tax. Section 61 of the act provides that any manufacturer finding it necessary to use alcohol in the arts or in any medicinal or like compound may use the same under regulations to be prescribed by the secretary of the treasury, and on satisfying the internal revenue collector of the district wherein he resides or carries on business, that he has complied with such regulations and has used such alcohol therein and exhibiting and delivering up the stamps which show a tax has been placed thereon, shall be entitled to receive from the treasury a rebate of the tax so paid. There are approximately 200,000 druggists in the United States who are allowed to some extent in the manufacture of medicinal compounds of various kinds and this number, it is believed would be increased from 50 to 100 percent under a liberal application of this provision of the act.

While the law provides that manufacturers may use alcohol free of tax under regulations prescribed by the secretary, the appropriation is made to every other provision into effect and it is argued that it would require a small army of revenue agents to prevent frauds upon the government in the manufacture of medicinal compounds from the operations of unscrupulous persons. Under these circumstances, it is believed the secretary will find it practically impossible to enforce the law, and will therefore refrain from issuing any regulations on the subject, at least until congress, which convenes in December, shall make such amendments as are necessary for the purpose. The suggestion that the secretary might so frame his regulations as to limit the benefits of the act in a very few manufacturing districts where the demand has been set aside as unfair to the thousands of small dealers, and in violation of the spirit of the act.

ADMITTED TO CIVILIZATION.

Japan Can Now Trade With the Best Nations.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Japan has at last succeeded in an object very dear to her people and for which the government has striven with all the arts of diplomacy for many years. News has been received here by the diplomatic corps that a new treaty has just been negotiated between Japan and Great Britain by the terms of which the claim of extra territorial jurisdiction by the latter is abandoned. Negotiations looking to the ratification of similar treaties are going on between Japan and the United States and other European nations that Great Britain, and it is assumed they will soon speedily follow the example set by the latter, and fully recognize the right of Japan to administer justice in her own territory.

The importance of Great Britain's interest, which, by the way, rather tends to discredit the stories which state that she is looking to Spain in her present war, lies in the fact that it is really the recognition of Japan as a fully civilized power. The assertion of extra territorial jurisdiction has always been confined to barbarous and semi-civilized countries, whose ignorance of the first principles of justice and law seemed to render imperative the protection by the civilized nations the power to administer justice where their own citizens were concerned, even as against natives of semi-civilized nations that they Great Britain, and many other countries.

CONDITION OF THE TREASURY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The cash balance of the treasury today, the last previous to the opening of the new fiscal year, set \$28,698,130, of which \$24,969,130 was gold reserve. So far the 1894-95 receipts aggregate \$27,381,007, of which \$28,120,112 was from internal revenue, and \$9,260,895 from customs. The internal revenue receipts for the ten days in which the president has had the tariff bill in his possession amounted to \$12,625,729. The expenses for the same period amount to \$2,700,000, leaving a balance of about \$20,000,000 for the month to date.

ARE FIXED FOR WHISKEY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Internal Revenue Collector Miller today sent the following telegram to all collectors of internal revenue: "After today, collectors will receive whiskey at a fixed price of 10 cents per gallon, and proportional rate on all fractions of the quart or more. Notify stamp collectors."

BRECK MUST LAUGH

SENATOR STEWART, THE POPULIST NAMED AS CO-RESPONDENT.

Mr. Glascock Sues for Divorce and Stewart is in the Petition—He Declares it is Blackmail, and Gives the Story of How the Met a Southern Lady Out of Work—Details of the Scandal.

Mrs. Glascock is Pretty.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The statement was published this morning, that Charles L. Glascock had filed a suit for absolute divorce from his wife, and that he had named as respondent a senator whose name was not given and whose identity was not clearly shown. The fact became known that Senator Stewart of Nevada was probably the senator referred to in the article. Tonight an Associated Press reporter asked him whether he had seen the statement to which he replied: "I did not and presume it applies to me. About a year and a half ago, the woman (Glascock) came to me as a 'southern lady' in great distress. She represented that she had five children, that her husband was unable to support them, that they were suffering for food and clothing. She said she was willing to work in any capacity and wanted to get her employment in some of the departments—any kind of work would do.

"I applied to the interior department for help. They had no place. A few lines afterwards she came to my office, always suggesting some way, that through my influence she could get some work and always representing the greatest distress, she and her family were suffering. At one time she came on a cold rainy day, and said she was suffering. I gave her \$5 to buy coal. At another time she said her little girl was with a letter stating that one of her children had typhoid fever and she had no money to buy medicine and unless she could get money, the child would probably die. I sent her a few dollars. On two or three occasions she had returned money from me on divers purposes, and finally she commenced writing letters assuming that improper relations existed between us and that I had gone so low as to blackmail her at the capital one evening and told her those were blackmailing letters, and that I was bound from that time on not to write her a black-mail letter. A few days after this I received a letter from an attorney, Mr. (Glascock), asking if I had any reason to give why Mr. Glascock was not writing to him against me for blackmailing the affection of his wife. I sent Colonel Thompson to him to state to him the fact.

"I wrote Colonel Thompson that his client was a honorable man and was about to bring suit for divorce. I then wrote to Mr. (Glascock), stating the facts for his information, supposing that would end the matter, but the suit was commenced and Mrs. Glascock sent me a subpoena. Some time afterwards I received a letter from James H. Wilson stating that Mrs. Glascock had called on him to great distress, that her husband would be taken from her and that it was a delicate matter to manage. I paid no attention to the matter. Shortly afterward I received another subpoena from Mrs. Glascock stating that she must see me and that she would call the following Monday morning and informing me her husband was in Richmond, Va. By that time I began to suspect a conspiracy and when the time arrived I watched. She came and attempted to get into my office. She had her child with her. Mr. Glascock, her husband, was out in the street near the entrance. The plan evidently was to get into my office and send her little girl for her husband and create a sensation.

"She wrote me one or two other letters insisting that she could protect me if she could only see me and that her husband was absent, and that it was necessary to see me before he returned. One was brought to me by her boy at the capital. The suit for divorce was then filed. They hunted for me in pairs for several days. Her plan, as I learned, was to meet me and he was to come up, accuse me of blackmail, create a scene on the street and get it published.

"I then employed a detective and ascertained that they were living together and have been ever since the divorce was commenced. I obtained proof of the conspiracy and an attorney presented to Judge Bradley and there is an order of the court that the question of conspiracy of collusion shall first be heard. The affidavits are on file.

"I have also learned Mrs. Glascock and her husband have several co-conspirators of a disreputable character who have been wandering around the capital for several years. Every letter she ever wrote me was either a demand for money or a threat to expose me unless she could get money. Both Mr. and Mrs. Glascock have made threats that they must have money or a scandal and their co-conspirators have frequently done the same. I know every movement they and their co-conspirators have made for the last month. I was put under the painful necessity of gaining the facts and getting before the court and publishing them for their blackmailing schemes.

"Mrs. Glascock has the audacity to say that last December her husband left her and since then he has been some 500 miles from her. The falsity of the statements equals the character of the woman. They have been seen together lately and they were seen together and I know they have been living together as husband and wife ever since the suit was commenced and that they are living together today. If she has seen anything on file, she is a brave woman to make such a statement.

APPOINTED IRRIGATION DELEGATES

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Secretary Hoover yesterday appointed J. H. Pomeroy of Kansas, James A. Klapproth of Colorado, and J. H. Craig of North Dakota, as delegates to attend the national irrigation convention to be held in Denver on September 4.