

"Eat Your Peach

and have it." Attend the Fair and be at home—by making our home your home. Directories, time tables and general information at your service.

Herman & Hess

One-Price Clothiers,
406 E. Douglas ave.

OFFICE SUPPLIES

Same comparative prices as Main, Douglas Avenue and Market Street rents. EVERYTHING FOR THE OFFICE.

D. G. Millison & Sons,
154 N. Market St.

JOHN BRAITSCHE



Leader in Fine Shoes

For Fall and Winter wear. If need anything in the shoe line, don't fail to see his Mammoth Shoe Stock. The nameless varieties of ladies' fine congress boots in all styles, sizes and widths. White stitched, pearl and black. Large buttons of all descriptions. Prices from \$2.50 to \$5.00 per pair. Also light and heavy-soled shoes in all styles: lace and button laced. In choice shoes our stock is unsurpassed. We can please all in price and quality. No goods sold on credit after October 1st. Strictly cash system.

JOHN BRAITSCHE,
120 EAST DOUGLAS,
Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.

JENKINS RUPTURE CO.

Rupture cured in 3 to 5 weeks without pain. No knife used; no blood drawn. No detention from business. No PAIN UNTIL CURED and cure tested without truss. Correspondence invited. Examination and consultation free.

J. H. FRANKLIN, M. D., Man. Surg.,
130 South Topeka Avenue.



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125 E. Doug.

SUITS THAT SUIT

In every respect, viz.: Fit, Style and Workmanship, are the suits we are making. We cannot make SUITS THAT SUIT for \$12 or \$13 because ; but we guarantee you good work and good fit, therefore charge you fair prices.

We have an elegant line of goods. Every piece is of the latest style. We want your business and propose to get it if honest prices and good work will do it. Call and see us.

H. McCabe & Co.

MERCHANT TAILORS,
235 MAIN STREET, WICHITA, KAN.

A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO.

READY PRINTS,
STEREOTYPE PLATES,
GERALD VOLK, Mgr.,
WICHITA, KANSAS.



Ladies' Hand-Turned Congress Shoes,
Ladies' Machine-Sewed Congress Shoes,
Ladies' Welt Congress Shoes,

In Square and Opera Toe, White and Black Stit-ih, Creased and Plain Vamp

OUR LINE OF SCHOOL - SHOES WAS NEVER SO COMPLETE

And we feel confident that the Styles and Prices will please you. Please examine our Fall Stock before purchasing.

BRADFORD'S.



TO-DAY the inter-collegiate football season opens at New Haven, Conn., with a game between Yale University and Trinity College.

The season will be the greatest ever known in this country and the games will continue throughout October and November. All the larger institutions in different parts of the United States will participate in the struggle for honors with teams which have been carefully trained for the campaign.

Football has become firmly attached to the lovers of athletic sports in this country, and bids fair to become a contestant of baseball as the national game. The game is one in which we delight if only high prices are used instead of the ball. The manner in which we kick and cuff high prices is a source of enjoyment and remuneration to our patrons and fear and humiliation to competitors. If you should have occasion to walk up Main street take a look at the samples of goods in the windows, which we make up for \$18 in the latest styles. You will surely order one.

T. B. GLOSSER,
Tailor and Furnisher,
147 MAIN STREET.



HOTEL CAREY.
\$2 TO \$3 PER DAY
JNO. B. CAREY Prop.
G. W. CAREY, Mgr.

Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.

SPECIAL TODAY

20 dozen J. B. Stetson Soft Hats, in black, blue and light colors, worth \$5.00. Your choice TODAY \$3.50.

50 dozen Men's Half Hose in black brown and tan, worth 25c a pair. Your choice today 2 pairs for 25c.

SPECIAL SALE TODAY

IN OUR Men's Boys' and Children's Clothing Department.

Golden Eagle

Cor. Douglas and Lawrence.
Largest Clothing Store in Town

NOTICE!

We, the undersigned, shoe dealers of Wichita, do hereby give notice to the public and the trade in general—

First: That on and after October 1, 1894, we will do a strictly cash business with one and all—positively no deviations.

Second: All goods taken out on approval must be paid for in full before leaving the store.

Third: Money will be refunded for all goods taken out on approval and returned in as good condition as when taken out.

John Braitsch,
John C. McNaughten,
Neff's Shoe Store,
Manhattan Shoe Store,
Hays Bros.,
T. B. Bradford & Co.

In These Days

Of progress, the BEST is just good enough for a buyer who pays his honest dollars. Among Pianos the BEST is the

Mason & Hamlin.

"We sell 'em."
Barnes & Newcomb,
409 E. Douglas.

Madison Avenue HOTEL,

Madison Ave. and 5th St.,
NEW YORK.

\$3 per day and up. American Plan.

Fireproof and first-class in every particular. Two blocks from the Third and Sixth Avenue Elevated railroads.

The Madison and 5th Ave. and Belt Line cars pass the door.

H. M. CLARK, Prop.,
Kassenger Elevator runs all night.

Copper Plate Engraving.

The EAGLE is prepared to furnish Estimates on Fine Copper Work of all Kinds.

Wedding Invitations, Monograms of Every Description.

Cards including Plate, \$1.50 per 100.

Call and see our Fine Line of Samples. The only Complete Line in the city.

Orders Filled in from One to Three Days.

Address the EAGLE for full descriptive catalogue of typewriter.

IT FREEZES BLOOD

TERRIBLE STORY TOLD BY MISS MATTHEWS OF KINGMAN.

Warden Chase of the Kansas Penitentiary Accused of a Dastardly Act and Governor Lewelling Charged With Upholding Him—Letter of a Woman Who is a Member of the Party Which Wants to Have Women Vote

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle. KINGMAN, Kan., Sept. 28.—Beginning early this morning, Kingman and its citizens have been laboring under the greatest excitement. A terrible political expose has been made and it strikes every citizen in Kingman county regardless of politics, as a woman who has always borne the reputation of a pure good woman is the chief character in the matter.

The story was published in the Kingman Leader-Courier, and as it consists largely of documents in the shape of personal correspondence, is very lengthy. In brief the exposure is as follows: Miss Abbie Matthews was appointed matron of the woman's department in the state penitentiary at Lansing by Governor Lewelling last year in recognition of Kingman county's work for the Populist ticket. Everybody was satisfied and Miss Matthews went to Lansing. Shortly afterward Warden Chase, according to the Populist county officers at Kingman and Miss Matthews, as will be seen later, placed a prostitute in the institution as assistant matron. Miss Matthews rebelled. She declared that either she or the woman must go. The board of directors met and Miss Matthews went. The woman remained. Miss Matthews and the Populist county officers of Kingman appealed to Governor Lewelling but he upheld the directors, Chase and the woman to whom Miss Matthews objected.

THEY QUIETLY TRANSFERRED HER. Miss Matthews was placed in a position in the Beloit Industrial schools for girls where she now is. She is still a Populist employee and declares she is still steadfast to reform doctrines. But she declares that she was abused, her position taken from her, and her character besmirched, and these letters and documents are given out.

The news here in Kingman fell like a thunderbolt. All day nothing else was talked about. Nearly all the people know Miss Matthews and believe her. The Populists kept off the streets for the most part, and those who did venture out asked if this was a thing that should take place in a party that was making a fight for women suffrage; if officers who would turn out a good woman because she refused to associate with a prostitute were the proper officers for a party which was talking of elevating woman and placing her on a higher plane. The Populists here have nothing to say, as will be seen from the documents which will follow.

POPULISTS THREATEN THE GOVERNOR. Since Miss Matthews' removal to the Beloit school her plans for the county. Her character was accused by Chase and Chase's accusation was upheld by Governor Lewelling and in one of her letters to a friend she asks him to keep everything secret until the campaign rolled around. Miss Matthews is now vindicting herself.

The minute Miss Matthews found herself trouble she appealed to the county officers of Kingman, all Populists. They came to her aid in this letter written to the governor on Sept. 22, 1893. This letter, signed by all the county officers, is as follows:

To the Hon. L. D. Lewelling, governor of Kansas: Pardon us, governor, addressing you on this matter, but this is a matter that our people of this county wish justice in. It appears that a scheme is being worked for the dismissal of Miss Abbie Matthews, now matron of the penitentiary, and not on account of her incompetency, but to cover up a scandal which she is innocent of.

Warden Chase placed a prostitute in the institution as assistant matron, which is very well known to our people. The board of directors very promptly had her removed, which appears to be very annoying to the warden. An attempt is being made to dismiss Miss Matthews without a hearing to cover up the scandal. The county officers of this county, as well as a large number of the best citizens of the county, recommended the appointment of this lady, who is a virtuous, respectable woman, and admitted by Mr. Chase to be competent for the position in every respect, and we feel as much interest in her welfare as we do our sisters' or mothers'. We ask that she be given a hearing. That she be given justice in this matter. We are ready to stand by her for justice. We will not see her dismissed by any one until she has been and then make an innocent, defenseless woman suffer.

Governor this is a private letter to you by the county officers of Kingman county. We are interested in our institutions being conducted in a proper and respectable manner. This matter will be a serious affair if gotten before the public, which we do not desire if possible to prevent. But if Mr. Chase continues and is determined to dismiss this lady with the scandal he himself is responsible for, which we have the evidence of, we will protest and be heard. We have all the confidence in our governor whom we know will not see one of the citizens of our state refused justice.

We suggest you have a prompt interview with Miss Matthews at your earliest opportunity. Representatives of our citizens expect to present themselves at the executive chambers for an interview with you about this matter on Saturday next, Sept. 28, 1894.

We remain very truly yours,
SHE "SANG" LORENZO LEWELLING.

After her removal Miss Matthews went to Topeka to see the governor. She was accompanied by her friends. Her interview with Governor Lewelling is detailed. It is written to a friend. It is dated Topeka and reads:

Well, here I am, being interviewed by Tom, Dick and Harry. All say 'this is no news to me, but it must be kept quiet.' I say 'I don't care for any of you, but I care for my friends in the lead. They all say, 'can you prove that or any of it?' I say, 'I can tell you what I saw with my own eyes, and I don't care for anything but facts.' But I found out before I got through he was most slightly anxious to keep it all as quiet as possible. The whole affair is just here and there are their words. 'Dick is such a good politician and such a good sewer, we cannot afford to have this matter exposed.' But I have three of the Kingman boys here who stand right by me without flinching in any way and I should hate to be any party talk to me if I was governor as one of them talked to him yesterday.

They say it is the superintendent of the Beloit school or nothing. That Kingman.

Address the EAGLE for full descriptive catalogue of typewriter.

BULLETIN OF The Daily Eagle

Wichita, Saturday, September 29, 1894.

Weather for Wichita Today: Fair; Cooler; Northwest Wind.

INDEX OF TODAY'S IMPORTANT NEWS

1. Populist Woman Attacks Dick Chase
2. Statehood Gets a Pained Setback
3. Cash Wheat Breaks All Records
4. Distilling and Sugar Stocks Lively
5. Weekly Trade Review Not Encouraging
6. State's Captors Quarrel Over Fees
7. Excessive Politeness of the Chinese
8. How a Great Scheme Fell Through
9. How a Woman Circumvented Him
10. Human Longevity on the Increase

Pratt, Kiowa, Barber and some of the other counties will defeat any damn union of the gang they dare put up for office, no matter what office. They have blood in their eyes. Hurst, the director, is here, and he is for making Chase keep me here. But the governor seems to think that will not do. Between you and I he is very much disgusted with the Chase performance. All the excuse Chase gives for dismissing me is that I had interfered with his private affairs. I was as good as a living woman when he put me here, Chase brought my letter up here with him. The governor asked me if I thought I could drag Chase to the depths of hell and I said 'yes'. He also asked me what good that would do me. I said, 'I shall do all I can, sir, to expose him.' Then he asked how many men in the institution I thought would stand by me. I said, 'as to my friends in the institution I cannot tell their number, but I can tell you they are many and I am proud to say that they are the best men in the institution, and they are men of influence in their own country,' and that made his lordship twist around in his chair.

"IT IS NOT THE BUTTER, BUTTER." "The trouble is right here, the whole thing is rotten, rotten, rotten. Some of the men who recommended the lady are as deep in the mire as Chase and if this thing is stirred up there will be had on the part of the men here are in for exposing him and some are for covering it up. Just how it will turn I do not know. But if I agree to let me look on this thing as a storm. But there is one thing sure, I have stirred up the whole family racket and I can tell you before long you will see a grand old time that director here is in the whole family will be stepping down and out. I will be home tomorrow evening. There appears to be no doubt but that this expose has beaten the Populist county ticket in Kingman. The third party here as elsewhere has been making a high moral plea for the right, and to have disgraced even the most fervent followers. The candidates on the county ticket are the same county officers who appealed to Governor Lewelling and, because they wouldn't consent to remain a party dominated by a governor who would strike a pure woman down and uphold an impure one, are in disgrace. The excitement is still high tonight.

FOOLED WITH DYNAMITE. ATCHISON, Kan., Sept. 28.—Was Haslett, who lacks Powers and Lunt, killed, colored, were injured here today, the last two fatally, by the explosion of a dynamite cartridge which Powers undertook to drill on a remaining unexploded after a previous discharge.

MADE MATTERS WORSE. AT KANSAS CITY, Kan., Sept. 28.—In the Cowley county district court today Isaac Reed of Wellington was sentenced to hang, which means the penitentiary for life, for killing Isaac Hopper. On a former trial he was found guilty of murder in the second degree and sentenced to serve twelve years in the penitentiary.

DUNKARDS AT OTTAWA. OTTAWA, Kan., Sept. 28.—A two day's meeting of the Dunkards was begun in Forest park this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Several ministers from abroad will be in attendance.

WAR OF THEIR OWN. PACIFIC STEAMER LINE Grow Belligerent Over Canned Goods Rates.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—The war between China and Japan has resulted in a spirited competition between the Canadian line of steamers and the Pacific Mail. With the commencement of hostilities in the orient the big packing companies throughout the country began shipping canned goods to Yokohama in large quantities, as canned goods are an important item in the list of army supplies and always find a ready market. The Canadian line of steamers reduced the rate on canned goods at the outset and has recently been handling heavy shipments from the packing houses in Omaha and Chicago. To give this trade to San Francisco, the Pacific Mail has announced a cut in the tariff on canned meats from \$12 to \$9 per ton. The new rate was already gone into effect and it is expected the next steamer to sail will be the Rio de Janeiro and she will carry one of the largest shipments of canned goods ever taken to Japan on a Pacific mail steamer.

The effect of the cut rate will be felt in San Francisco for some time. Local dealers are making up large orders of canned meats for shipment to Yokohama, and it is believed that canned goods will form the principal part of each outbound steamer's cargo for the next several months. Local dealers who have been expecting to reap a rich harvest out of the war are being disappointed. They say that the steamship company's policy is to give the packers in Omaha and Chicago which permits them to get their goods to Japan as cheaply as the San Francisco dealers. This, however, is denied by the officers of the Pacific Mail.

Snowy crystals, made from armpit, form the basis of the new 'Tartar' brand of Tarter's foundation for the best of baking powders. None so strong or pure as Dr. Price's.

FROM HARLEM TO OAKLEY. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 28.—The Times today publishes a statement to the effect that after Saturday Colonel Lewis Clark will sever his connection with the Harbors race track as presiding judge, he having tendered his resignation, to take effect at that time. The cause of Colonel Clark's retirement is said to be friction with the management.

The incident arose over a race that occurred about two days ago, in which the warden was fouled several times by the plate horse, and Colonel Clark wanted to disqualify the plate horse. But was overruled by the race judge.

Beginning the second week in October, Colonel Clark will preside at the new Oakley track in Cincinnati. Mr. Charles F. Price, secretary of the Louisville Jockey club, will be his associate in the stand.

WILSON WOUND UP

MCKINLEY PERFORMS THE OPERATION AT GALLIAPOLIS.

London Speech of the Apologist for Free Institutions is Turned Upon its Maker With Deadly Effect. Wilson Bitterly Rebuked for His Faint Hearted Utterances Concerning Free Government by the People.

GALLIAPOLIS, O., Sept. 28.—Governor McKinley spoke here tonight to a big audience. Many people came from Near-by, W. Va., to hear him. In the course of his long address Governor McKinley inquired what industries the tariff law of 1894 created and what existing industries it had stimulated, and said:

"I find the answer to my question in a newspaper dispatch of today from London furnishing particulars of a banquet given by the chamber of commerce of London to Mr. Wilson, member of congress from the state of West Virginia, whose rugged hillsides I see just over the river. Sir Albert Kaye, B. Litt., who presided at the banquet said that Mr. Wilson's name had become honored and familiar in England and that London in honoring him honored itself; that the new tariff law, while it might not have resulted in the aspirations of its promoters, had already benefitted England. Purchases have been resumed in Wales and Yorkshire and an Impetus has been given to the textile industries. This will be cheering news to the people of the United States and will bring comfort to the millions who for a year have been waiting for a new tariff reformer to appear. You have not heard of any commercial body in the United States, through its spokesman, declaring that any industries in America were benefited by the tariff law, whatever benefits have gone to other countries. While the London banquet was proceeding, the board of trade at Edinburgh sent congratulations to me on a singular absence of any American dispatches (prolonged applause). Here is a word of encouragement which Mr. Wilson himself gave me. The tariff reformers are breaking down these defenses."

That, continued Governor McKinley, is what we object to. If we do not defend our home markets against the products of the cheaper labor of other countries, who will? Is it any wonder that the gentleman of the chamber of commerce of London applauded Mr. Wilson's remarks as a singular sentiment? Mr. Wilson even despairs of free government, for he said we are being rapidly ruined, although unappealed by the truth for upon that of all human governments a free government is the most complex, and judged from the world's experience, the most uncertain and shortest lived. I bet to assure Mr. Wilson of West Virginia, that the government of the United States is not only a free government, but a free people, safe and secure, quite as secure as the governments that are conducted by the titled few and that a free people like ours, capable of governing themselves and having so demonstrated for more than 100 years, will be alert enough to see to it that no industrial policy will be considered, refined, their duties being transferred to the executive officers and boatwains' mates. Now it has been found this plan has worked badly. In the first place there is much work remaining for a boatwain's mate, and the boatwain's mate is not a man of high intelligence, and the executive officers are already an overworked class of men on our coast. Modern ships and unable to carry other responsibilities than those properly belonging to their offices. In the second place, the change had a most disastrous effect upon the sailors all the way down to the apprentices who were thereby deprived of the inducement held out by a possible promotion. Consequently the policy of the department, and to increase the number of boatwains.

CALL THEM COOKBOOKS. Certain Government Employees Bitterly Rebuked by Former Comrades.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The soldiers and sailors and Coast of Veterans protective association, made up of ex-employees of the government, tonight unanimously adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the designation of the records of the late war as a pension division, to cover the details of a medical officer which he was commissioned, is an insult to be remembered by these Union soldiers and sailors. That it is the sense of this association that the spokesmen of the various departments of the government who deliberately to take their own heads into consideration the sentiment of the ex-Union soldiers at the national encampment, should sever their connection with the U. S. A. during the period they may be in government employ.

Resolved, That we will use our influence with each and every candidate for congress from our respective districts to force the Wagon bill for the repeal of the act which made the adventurer from Vermont, the colonel in the army, and placed him in charge of the records of the late war, of which he knew absolutely nothing, as he only entered the service in a subordinate capacity from civil life, as late as 1874.

That we call indignantly and conscientiously upon each and every fair-minded citizen throughout the United States to assist in our just and righteous effort to get square with those who have dared at this late date to tamper with the rights of the soldiers and sailors of the late war.

TURNED ON THE GAUL. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—Jacob Zand, a well known contractor from Chicago was elected several of the world's fair buildings and who afterwards came to San Francisco through the late war, and was awarded four buildings, committed suicide in a lodging house last night. He turned on the gas and was smothered to death. He is reported to have been despondent because of the financial loss resulting from his building contracts here.