# CALLED UP HIGHER

## BRIGADIER GENERAL M'COOK MADE A MAJOR GENERAL.

**Appointed to Succeed General Howard Recently Retired—One of the Famous Fighting McCooks—Forty seven Years of an Unblemished Military Career—His Successor.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Brigadier General McCook, who becomes a major general, is at present commanding the department of Colorado. He has been forty-seven years in the military service and is one of the famous family of warriors, the "fighting McCooks." He is a graduate of West Point military academy, which he entered as a cadet in 1847. He was a captain in the regular army at the outbreak of the war, from which he emered as lieutenant colonel. But in addition to this he had at the beginning a volunteer commission as colonel of the First Ohio infantry and one year later received his volunteer commission as a major general.

For gallant service during the war he was breveted a major general in the regular army in 1865, thus anticipating by twenty-nine years, the good fortune which has fallen to him by the appointment of today. The race for the place vacated by Major General Howard's retirement was between Generals McCook and Ruger, the latter commanding the department of California and the former was peculiarly fortunate in receiving the appointment over General Ruger, who stands at the head of the list of brigadier generals, because he would otherwise retire in a few months with the rank of brigadier general. As it is, General Ruger's promotion will probably only be delayed for a short time. Colonel James Forsyth, who will become a brigadier general, is one of the most distinguished cavalry officers in the army, and has behind him a notable record of service in the Indian campaigns. At present he is colonel of the Seventh cavalry and in command of the artillery school at Fort Riley, Kansas. He also is a graduate of West Point, from which he graduated in 1861, and is a veteran of the late war. He entered as a first lieutenant and emerged a major in the regular army, but in the volunteer service he received his commission as a brigadier general. He also was breveted a brigadier general in 1865.

Major General Miles will transfer his command to New York, succeeding Major General Howard as commander of the department of the east.

In the natural order, General Forsyth would take his place as commander of the department of the Missouri, but as the junior brigadier general he may yield this command to General Ruger should the latter, as is expected, prefer to change from the department of California.

### FILLED WITH HONORS.

**Admiral Gherardi Placed on the Retired List of the Navy.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Tomorrow at noon there will be placed on the retired list the commandant of the New York navy yard, Admiral Bancroft Gherardi, one of the few old war commanders now in the naval service, and known in naval parlance as the "sea-going admiral." He leaves behind him a career of distinction, full of hard fighting and severe service, and without a blemish. His total active service amounts to forty-eight years and five months and twenty-five years and eight months of that service were spent at sea. Even during the seven years he has held the rank of rear admiral, in a time when few admirals make more than one cruise under their own pennant, he has been at sea about four and a half years.

Admiral Gherardi was born in Louisiana sixty-two years ago and was appointed to the navel service from Massachusetts, June 29, 1846, as a midshipman. He became a passed midshipman in 1852, a master in 1855 and was a lieutenant on the Lancaster, attached to the Pacific squadron, when the war broke out. The year 1862 saw him a lieutenant commander, blockading South Atlantic ports, notwithstanding his southern birth. From that time to the end of the war he was in the tickest of the fighting. He was in the engagement at Fort Morgan, on the Mobican; commanded the Chocura on the west gulf blockade; the Port Royal in the same service in the battle of Mobile and finally commanded the Pequot on the North Atlantic blockade at the close of hostilities. He was commissioned as commander in 1866, and captain in 1874, meanwhile seeing service in commands on the Pacific and North Atlantic. One particularly gallant action recorded of him is pursuing in a small tug and securing the destruction of a Confederate ram which had succeeded in running a blockade on the Mississippi. Admiral Gherdari became a commodore in 1884 and an admiral in 1887. Two years later he took command of the North Atlantic station. In 1892 he cruised from San Francisco around to Hampton Roads to take part in the great naval review in 1893, which was conducted under his command. This was his last sea service, for in May, 1893, he was placed in command at the New York navy yard, where he retires.

As a result of his retirement, Admiral Greer, at present president of the light house board, becomes senior admiral for the navy; Commodore Sicard becomes commandant at New York and the following promotions will follow: Commodore C. Carpenter to be admiral; Captain Rush R. Wallace to be commodore; Commander W. C. Wise to be captain; Lieutenant Commander R. M. Berry to be commander; Lieutenant W. H. Everett to be lieutenant commander; Lieutenant, junior grade, J. E. Craven to be lieutenant, and Ensign John M. Elliott to be lieutenant junior grade.

Americans grow more athletic by using food made. Dr. Price's Baking Powder makes the best.

### OPERATED AT ONCE.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—In several of the departments a question has arisen as to when the recent order of the president regarding the civil service rules went into effect and it has been definitely decided that the day it was signed it operated is law.

### TRANSIT OF MERCURY.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The transit of mercury will be observed by some distinguished persons at the naval observatory here tomorrow at 10:45 a. m. and 4:12 p. m. Secretary Herbert has invited President Cleveland, Mrs. Cleveland and all the members of the cabinet, with the ladies and their families, to visit the observatory to view the phenomena through the great telescope.

### REPORTS NOT CREDITED.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The dispatch from Central America stating that the United States has given assurances to Guatemala to assist in withstanding the encroachments of Mexico are not credited in official or diplomatic circles.

### IN HONOR OF BAYARD.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Ambassador and Mrs. Bayard who are in Washington visiting Mrs. Shubrick Clymar, mother of Mrs. Bayard, were the guests of honor at a dinner given tonight by Secretary of State and Mrs. Gresham.

### TREASURY CASH BALANCE.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The cash balance in the treasury today was $105,160,895; gold reserve $61,904,846.

### SUMMONS HIS COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Chairman Sayres of the house committee on appropriations, has issued a call for the members of the committee to meet in Washington the third week of November.

### BEHIND HIS TICKET.

DALLAS, Tex., Nov. 9.—Not more than one-third of the vote of the state has been reported so far, but enough is known to predict the success of Culberson, Democrat, for governor, by about 40,000 plurality. He runs ten to fifteen thousand behind the balance of the state ticket. The Democrats certainly elect congressmen in eight of the thirteen districts, namely: First, Hutchinson; Second, Cooper; Third, Yoakum; Fourth, Culberson; Fifth, Bailey; Ninth, Sayers; Tenth, Crowley; Eleventh, Cowin. In the Twelfth Noonan, Republican has from 1,500 to 2,000 plurality. In the Thirteenth, Gilliland, Populist, is probably elected. He is leading by nearly 1,000.

The Democratic strongholds have been most heard from. In the Sixth the official count will be necessary to determine between Abbott, Democrat, and Kearby, Populist. The same is true of Pendleton, Democrat, and Barber, Populist, in the Seventh, and Bell, Democrat, and Jenkins, Populist in the eighth. The chances are slightly in favor of the Democrats in all three districts.

### CULBERSON FOR GOVERNOR.

AUSTIN, Tex., Nov. 9.—Returns from the state show large Populist gains, but Culberson, Democrat, for governor, will have a plurality of about 40,000. In the Twelfth congressional district Noonan, Republican, is elected by 500 majority. The result in the Thirteenth district is close between Cockrell, Democrat, and Gilliland, Populist, with the chances favoring Cockrell. Eleven districts are Democratic.

### JUDGE NOONAN, REPUBLICAN.

GALVESTON, Texas, Nov. 9.—Judge Noonan, Republican, is elected to congress in the Twelfth district over Houston, Democrat, by 12,000 plurality. The Democrats concede Noonan's election. The remainder of the congressional ticket is Democratic.

### BUDD GETS A SETBACK.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 9.—The election of Budd, Democratic candidate for governor, is not so certain as at first seemed. His lead over Estee, Republican, has been steadily decreasing as returns come in and he is now only 1,094 ahead of the Republican candidate. There are still 323 precincts to hear from and if Estee's gains continue in the same ratio as they have during the day he may yet beat Budd. The Republican state committee claims Estee's election by several hundred plurality.

### NEBRASKA'S STANDING.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 9.—Complete returns for governor have been received from all counties but five in this state. They show a plurality for Holcomb, fusionist, over Majors, Republican, of 2,600. The five counties to hear from will increase Holcomb's plurality by about 200.

### PARKHURST TESTIMONIAL.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—It has been suggested and may be carried out as a testimonial to Rev. Dr. Parkhurst for the work he has performed in bringing about the purification of politics in New York, that a chair be endowed in Columbia college in his honor. It is proposed to call it "The Parkhurst Chair of Municipal Reform," and to install Dr. Parkhurst as its first professor.

### WITHOUT RECOMMENDATION.

**Train Wrecker Worden Found Guilty of Murder in the First Degree.**

WOODLAND, Cal., Nov. 9.—Salem G. Worden, one of the several American Railway union men charged with having wrecked a Southern Pacific train during the strike in July last, causing the death of Engineer Clark and four United States soldiers, was today convicted of murder in the first degree. The jury offered no recommendation. The penalty is death or life imprisonment. The other accused train wreckers will be promptly tried.

### INSANE PRIEST.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 9.—Father Frank Schreffler, a well known Omaha priest, became violently insane in his room at the Millard hotel today. He has a revolver and declares he is the emperor of Germany, and will kill any one who approaches him unless of equal rank. The police are unable to solve the question of securing the maniac.

### TROUBLE OVER LEWIS.

ANTLERS, I. T., Nov. 9.—Governor Gardner has received a lengthy telegram from District Attorney Alford McClure of Atoka, telling him that 400 armed Choctaws are near Wilburton and that his immediate attention was needed as serious trouble was expected hourly. This is the result of the execution of Silon Lewis near Wilburton on last Monday.

### A DISASTROUS FAILURE.

Not a financial one, but a failure of physical energy—of vital stamina. How can this be repaired? By a persistent course of the blood fertilizer and invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which insures perfect digestion and assimilation, and a consequent gain in strength and flesh. It also remedies liver and malarial disorder, rheumatism, nervousness and constipation.

### NEW BOND ISSUE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The Press will say: After the close business yesterday it was announced that the government will ask the bankers for another loan of $50,000,000. Gold bonds for that amount, bearing 5 per cent interest, will be issued within a few days at a price which will net investors about 3 per cent annually.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Curtis has been in here for several days and has had conferences with the presidents of national banks and trust companies. One of these bank presidents said today:

"Yes, there will be an issue of bonds shortly. Probably within the next week or two Secretary Carlisle will call for investors. President Cleveland and the secretary have determined that the gold reserve shall not be further depleted.

If the people do not take all the bonds as it is probable they will not, the bankers who floated the last issue will subscribe. As far as it is known in this city the exact amount of the issue has not been determined. The issue will undoubtedly reach $50,000,000. I has not yet been decided whether a syndicate will be formed to take these bonds or not. That also will depend upon the action of the authorities at Washington.

### ANTI-JAPANESE FEELING.

CHEMULPO, Corea, Nov. 9.—Further bodies of Japanese troops have been landed on the coast to the southward of Seoul. Their object is the subjection of the Tonghaks, who are very troublesome.

Kil Saikik, vice president of the council of the state, who are appointed by Japanese influence, was assassinated on October 30. The Japanese feeling is intense. Five hundred Japanese troops have returned to Seoul in consequence.

# WILL STAND CLEAR

## ROSEBERY'S POSITION ON THE CHINA-JAPANESE MATTER.

**Declares the Government Idea of a Peace is Honor to Japan and Safety to China—Acting in Accord With Russia—Better Understanding With That Power.**

LONDON, Nov. 9.—In accordance with custom, the new lord mayor of London, Sir Joseph Renalas, gave a banquet at the Guild hall tonight. The principal speaker was Lord Rosebery, he said:

"We are determined to maintain a strict neutrality, but on the other hand, we cannot forget that we have shown a striking and tangible proof of friendship with Japan by our recent treaty, while we have shown friendship to China in attempting to secure peace. We acted thoroughly in accord with Russia. We would still be glad to join in any pacific means to secure a peace honorable to Japan and not disastrous to China. The newspapers have been advising the government to secure the opportunity now offered to enter into a cordial entente with Russia. That advice the government has already anticipated. [Cheers.] Ever since the government's relations with Russia have been more cordial than I ever remember. The frontier difficulties in Asia, which I hope are almost the last of a dangerous question between us, are now nearly terminated. The removal of this cause of Anglo-Russian distrust will be a great step toward universal peace."

There were at present three elements endangering the world's peace—enormous armaments, the press and armed explorations. He did not believe that the newspapers in their fierce competition sufficiently weighed the effect of their intelligence. It had been twice announced in the newspapers that New Zealand desired or intended to administer the government of Samoa. The British government did not think it necessary to contradict such absurd rumors though they could not fail to prejudicially affect the powers with which Great Britain was co-operating in Samoa.

"Our foreign policy," he concluded, "is distinctly conservative. We covet nothing abroad and only want to maintain the status quo."

### INDIAN REVOLT.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 9.—A revolt broke out against Rajah Sigt El Otspeuht, the ruler of the tributary state of Nyaghur, in the province of Orissa. A company of infantry and a large force of police have been dispatched to the scene of the disturbance. Serious trouble is feared.

### OFF FOR LIBERIA.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 9.—A committee of thirteen negro ministers appointed by 4,000 members of the International Migration society to Africa to arrange for the colonization of the negroes to the south of that country, left here today for Liberia. The president of Liberia has promised the colonists land and farming implements and the advance guard goes to make final arrangements for the coming of 4,000 more of their race, who will sail in special steamers chartered by the society, from New Orleans, Mobile, Savannah and Charleston during the coming winter. The first cargo of 500 leaves early in December. The Liberian congress will welcome them and the president of that country has written letters to promoters of this important scheme here urging the negroes to come.

### ACTING WITH ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—A Berlin dispatch says the German admiralty has wired the admiral commanding the German squadron on the Chinese station to obey the orders of the British admiral in certain possible eventualities.

### KILLING BY CONTRACT.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—A dispatch to the Times, from Yokohama says that the two Americans who were arrested at Kobe, on the French steamer Sydney, are torpedo experts, who had contracted with China to employ their own inventions to destroy the Japanese fleet. China promised them one million dollars for each warship they destroyed and a proportionate sum for each merchantman they succeeded in blowing up.

"When a lovely woman stoops to folly" she always uses some baking powder other than Dr. Price.

### MISSIONARY CONFERENCE.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Bishop Bowman of St. Louis, presided at the third's session of the Methodist missionary conference today. Dr. A. B. Leonard read the report of the South American missions. He said that the committee had agreed to increase the appropriation by $22,000.

Bishop E. C. Andrews of New York presided at the meeting held tonight in the interest of foreign missions. Addresses were made by Dr. A. B. Leonard, Bishop Thoburn and Bishop Newman.

### NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 9.—A number of delegates to the national Knights of Labor convention, which meets in this city next Tuesday, have already arrived, including Grand Master Workman Sovereign; Secretary Hayes, and T. B. McGurie. An executive meeting is now being held. In response to questions Mr. Sovereign said there was nothing of importance to tell at this time as he hardly knew what matters are likely to come up before the convention.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headachps and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.


### REFUSE TO INDICT.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 9.—The federal grand jury by a vote of more than two to one refused to indict the governor, treasurer and auditor in the matter of the printing of the Mississippi state warrants, it being alleged by Chief Hazen, supported by Secretary Carlisle and Attorney General Olney, that they violated the laws.

### LAUNCHING OF THE ST. LOUIS.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—All arrangements have been completed at Cramp's shipyard for the launching of the American line steamer St. Louis on Monday next.

Mrs. Cleveland is to christen the ship and she will be accompanied from Washington by a distinguished party, including the members of the cabinet and their wives.

### WILL SCATTER IT.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 8.—The vigorous letter from Attorney General Olney, read in Judge Dallas' court yesterday, caused more of a stir in labor circles today than any other event since the Chicago strike.

Labor leaders openly boasted that the letter carried with it the support and sympathy of the entire Cleveland administration, and they will use it for all it is worth. One of their first steps is to have half a million copies of it printed for distribution all over the country.

To cure scrofula, salt rheum, dyspepsia, catarrh, and rheumatism, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

### DESTRUCTIVE FOREST FIRES.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 9.—Forest fires are raging in west Tennessee and eastern Arkansas. In Mississippi county, Ark., several plantations have been devasted and the tenants left homeless. Nothing but a heavy rain will check the fires. The towns of Brownsville and Tobian on the Tennessee side of the river were saved by the prompt work of the citizens.

### TORE OUT HIS TONGUE.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 9.—While crazed from the effects of a protracted spree Peter Pepper, a barber, an inmate of of the city hospital, last night grasped his tongue in both hands and tore it partially from his mouth. All efforts of the hospital surgeons to save the man's life were unavailing and he died shortly after in intense agony.

### BURIED BY THE ELKS.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Michael J. Kelley will be buried on Sunday at 1 p. m. by Boston lodge of Elks of which he was a member. The body will lie in state in Elks headquarters from 9 to 12 o'clock Sunday morning. Interment will be in the Elks mount at Mount Hope cemetery.

### STOOD IN THE STORM.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Oswell Herring, 18 years old, a student at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, stood all last night during the storm on the bank of the Charles river clad in a full dress suit and blindfolded.

He finally fell from sheer exhaustion, and is now under a doctor's care. The ordeal was part of an initiation into a school society. The young man's parents threaten to prosecute the perpetrators of the affair.

### RECEIVER WANTED FOR IRWIN.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 9.—Attorney Goehring filed his bill in equity against George M. Irwin & Co., discretionary pool operators, asking for a receiver today. Judge Ewing thought the court had not jurisdiction, as Irwin had left. He took the papers, however, and promised to lend his aid in the solution of the prolem.

### MAJOR GENERAL M'COOK.

DENVER, Nov. 9.—General McCook was seen tonight in regard to his appointment as major general of the United States army. He seemed greatly pleased with the appointment. He recommended very highly his successor, Colonel James W. Forsyth of the Seventh cavalry, Fort Riley, Kan.

### MOTION TO REOPEN DENIED.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 9.—Nathan Bijur, of New York, representing Isaac L. Rice, appeared before Judge Dallas, in the United States court today, to make a motion to reopen the decree in the matter of the receiver's application concerning the Olcott-Earle plan of reorganization of the Reading railroad. The motion was practically for a rehearing in the reorganization matter, but Judge Dallas refused to grant it.

### AGAINST THE COMPANY.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 9.—Appelate Judge Reinhard today, in the suit of the Indianapolis Union Railway company against the treasurer of Marion county for the state, decided in favor of the state. The suit was to enjoin the collection of $192,000 taxes fixed by the state tax board. The company maintained that the board had no jurisdiction, and if it did it acted fraudulently in making the assessment. The company will appeal to the supreme court. The case has been pending since 1882.

### THE SALOON SPOTTER.

**How Proprietors Keep Track of Free Drinks and Knockdowns.**

"Tell you what it is," exclaimed Louis, "if that bartender of mine doesn't quit giving out so many free drinks, I'll give him his walking papers. And, then, too," he added, "he sold three drinks yesterday and didn't ring them up."

Louis is an amiable dispenser of drinks, soft and otherwise, at a little saloon in East Twelfth street which he calls a "buffet." As he spoke he held in his hand a sheet of paper, on which were several entries, written in ink, as follows: "At half past 6 a. m., barkeeper opened up. Milkman called at 7. George, the barkeeper, treated him to a cocktail. At quarter past 7 iceman called. He got a drink and a cigar and didn't pay for them. Baker came in right afterward and got a free drink of whisky. A man whom barkeeper called Tom came in at half past 7. George and Tom had three drinks together. Tom didn't pay. Stranger paid 25 cents for a milk punch at 8 o'clock. Barkeeper didn't ring up the price."

"There now," said Louis, "that's what you may expect from these barkeepers! They're always trying to do you. I came in at 8 o'clock and"—

"But," I interrupted, "what is that report you have in your hand?"

"Oh, this," replied Louis, again looking over the document referred to. "Why, this is a report from a barkeepers' detective. It's a new scheme and a great one. There's an association in this city that supplies men to keep 'tab' on barkeepers when the proprietor is away.

"I pay so much a month and get a report every day. The detective comes in at odd times, like any other stranger, watches how things are going and takes notes. Of course I expect my barkeeper to give out a free drink once in awhile. I don't suppose I ought to kick if he fails to ring up an occasional quarter, but this boy, George, of mine is going it altogether too strong. I'll just read over this report to him when trade becomes slack."

I noticed a strange barkeeper in the place next day.

"What's up?" I asked of Louis. "Did you let George go?"

"Yes," he replied, "he was getting to be too high priced for me. Come around tomorrow, and I'll show you how the new man is working."—New York Herald.

A custom that has existed for several centuries is still maintained in some towns on the lower Rhine. On Easter Monday—auction day—the town crier or clerk calls all the young people together and to the highest bidder sells the privileges of dancing with the chosen girl, and her only, during the entire year. The fees flow into the public poor box.

# OPENS HER DOORS

## DENMARK INAUGURATES A NEW COMMERCIAL POLICY.

**Copenhagen a Free Port of Entry Open to the World—That City Assumes New Prominence as the Possible Commerial Center of the Baltic.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The opening of the port of Copenhagen as a free port of entry marks the inauguration of an aggressive commercial policy for Denmark by which the government expects to greatly increase its commercial importance.

Count de Reventlow, the Danish minister, says all tonnage dues upon vessels entering the harbor, which have amounted to a considerable tax upon them, are removed and a nominal pierage charge imposed as a substitute. Extensive warehouse accommodations are provided which enable shippers to store goods at small cost for re-shipment and distribution among the other ports of the Baltic without paying duty. The system is relied upon to make Copenhagen the commercial center of the Baltic and to increase its incidental business by making it the central depot for the commerce of Russia, Germany, England, the United States and other powers which pass through the Baltic, and the station for trans-Atlantic shippers to leave their cargoes for distribution to other points. Improved machinery for loading and unloading cargoes is provided and the works of the harbor, which is one of the finest in the world because of the absence of tides, have been extensively improved.

The system is designed to offset in a measure the advantageous that Germany expects to realize from the ship canal now building across the peninsula from the Baltic to the North sea, and to give to Denmark a share of the business from the canal. The United States minister at Copenhagen has declared in interviews given to the press of Denmark that the new arrangement will increase the commerce between that country and America.

### SPANISH VESSEL SUNK.

HAVANA, Nov. 9.—The Spanish coast steamship Fernando foundered Tuesday morning twenty miles north of Bahai. Ten of her passengers and crew were drowned.

### FATAL CAVE-IN.

MONTREAL, Nov. 9.—This afternoon the top floor of the new passenger office of the city railway caved in, killing two men instantly, injuring one fatally and maiming a dozen others. The accident was caused by frost which made the heavy iron girders leave their sockets.

The dead are Joseph Marquis and Robert Pauze, both French-Canadians. Pierre Mosett had his skull crushed and bones fractured in many places, and is fatally injured.

Often imitated but never equalled—can be said truthfully of Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

# ELECTRIC BRIEFS.

A heavy storm was blowing over Lake Michigan last night.

Frank Bellew the caricaturist was buried at New York yesterday.

Ernest Hurn fell down a 600 foot shaft at Nevada City, Cal., yesterday and was killed.

The cabinet crisis at Buenos Ayres continues. It is rumored that the president may resign.

The whaling bark Mars, built seventy years ago, was dismantled at San Francisco yesterday.

The fire and police departments of Denver were cut down one-half yesterday for want of funds.

Rumors are current here to the effect that the Japanese forces have suffered a reverse at Port Arthur.

At San Francisco yesterday, ex-Pitcher Sweeney was sentenced to eight years for killing "Con" McManes.

Mrs. Rose Miller Avery, a well-known anti-slavery agitator in Ohio before the war, died yesterday at Chicago.

It is rumored at St. Petersburg that Privy Councilor Dr. Hirsch, the late czar's body physician has died suddenly.

A cloudburst near Valencia, Venezuela, killed 150 persons and damaged coffee and other crops to the extent of half a million dollars.

It is stated that Bavaria has prohibited the importation of American cattle to prevent any evasion of the imperial decree.

Sixty-nine of the seventy-six counties of Tennessee give Turney a majority of 2,728 over the Republican candidate for governor.

A Daily News dispatch from Paris says that France seems disposed to entertain the idea of a European conference on the Chinese-Japanese war.

Fifty pounds of dynamite exploded yesterday at Huntington, Ind. John Hartman and Norton Keffer were killed and John Flynn fatally injured.

It is learned that affairs between Mexico and Guatemala are in statu quo, but everything seems to indicate that a peaceful settlement will be reached.

At a meeting yesterday in New York City of the organization of the committee of seventy, it was decided to make the organization permanent.

An earthquake shock was felt at Beaton Harbor, Mich., yesterday. The vibrations were distinctly noticeable for two or three seconds. No damage resulted.

A dispatch from Shanghai states that the Chinese men-of-war remaining outside of Port Arthur have been ordered to attack the Chinese fleet that is blockading that port.

The Lynn Republican club of Lynn, Mass., celebrated Tuesday's election by a grand banquet last night, with Senators Hoar and Lodge and Representative-elect Barrett as guests.

There is intense excitement at Scullaco. The late president of the senate is under surveillance as it is thought he is implicated in riots. Troops are under arms, fearing an outbreak.

It is talked at London that the powers have urged China to negotiate for a peace treaty directly with Japan and that they have secured Japan's promise to meet the overtures in a benevolent spirit.

The final news of the scientific expedition headed by Dr. Donaldson Smith of Philadelphia, which started in June last to explore the unknown region west of Berbera, Africa, has been received here.

Governor Fishback of Arkansas has written a sharp letter to the Anti-Lynching association of England, charging its members with impertinence for interfering with with American morals.

The National bank at Oberlin, O., was robbed Thursday night. The front door was forced, and the safe blown open with dynamite. A large sum of money was stolen. There is no clue to the burglars.

General Dugama of Uruguay says the so-called riots at Rio de Janeiro are part of a plan for a rising among the troops. He asserts a general revolution is imminent. Four warships are expected to go over to the rebels.

Jesse Heller, who killed Frank Carpenter near Cortez, Colo., last spring, met a brother of Carpenter and a man named Dale, and opened fire, killing Carpenter and dangerously wounding Dale. A posse is in pursuit of Heller.

The Schulenberg and Boieckeler Lumber company of St. Louis, made an assignment yesterday. The assets are $600,000, consisting of real estate. Liabilities are unknown as yet, but preferences for $215,000 are recorded.

At Lexington, Mo., yesterday, Robert Johnson shot and almost instantly killed a man named Gray at the Merchants' hotel in that city. They were fooling with a revolver when it was discharged, the ball striking Gray in the heart.

Three masked men yesterday entered E. C. Enderly's store at Thermopolis, Va., and compelled him to give them $1,300 from the safe. Mr. Enderly and others pursued the robbers and shot one who was recognized as Jake Snyder. He will die. The others escaped with most of the plunder.

Herren, Tossendorf and Koch are said to have declined to accept the portfolio of the Prussian ministry of justice, made vacant by the dismissal of Dr. von Schilling. Herr von Hammerstein, director of the province of Hanover, it is believed, will be appointed Prussian minister of agriculture.

### INDIAN JUDGES.

**The Sioux Have Three of Them, and They Have Some Funny Cases.**

Sioux Indians in North Dakota have a court of their own, in which three judges dispense justice. They hold court in a large tepee emblazoned with many colored pictures of horses, owls and eagles. Big Mane, Black Elk and Sam White Bird are the judges. They wear store clothes, and Judge Mane sports a watch and chain. They are at liberty to call court for any hour of the day they see fit. When a session of court is called, the Indian agent sends out Indian policemen to notify witnesses to appear in court at the appointed time. If, when court meets, it is found that some of the witnesses summoned have failed to put in an appearance, Indian police are again sent out, and they never return without bringing in the person or persons they were sent after. The judges themselves examine the witnesses, displaying considerable ingenuity in drawing from the reluctant and bashful witness his or her testimony.

When the examination has been completed, the tent is cleared, and the judges consult until they arrive at a decision. All offenses against common law as well as tribal laws, sun, scalp or war dances and the practicing of medicine men come before them for adjudication. A record of each case is carefully kept after the following fashion: "Chasing Crane was arrested by police for stealing Solomon Yellow Hawk's wife. Was sent up for 30 days at hard labor."

Bull Talker had a row with Mrs. White Deer, and she gave him an unmerciful drubbing. He was exceedingly crestfallen at being whipped by a woman, but his wife was not to be trifled with and was not disposed to see her husband imposed upon and thrashed by Mrs. White Deer, so she had the amazon arrested on the charge of "fighting and beating my husband." The trial was held in due time, the charges were sustained, and Mrs. White Deer was required to serve ten days in the agency jail.—New York Advertiser.

### ON A CHERRY STONE.

**A Talented Convict Carves There His Petition For a Pardon.**

Gesa Berger, the actor and newspaper man, has a picture in calligraphy that has a remarkable history. It is in size 30 by 42 inches and is the work of Joseph Loew, the most noted counterfeiter that the Austrian government ever knew.

When an application is made for a pardon in Austria, the red tape policy of that country compels the applicant to address the emperor with all his titles. Emperor Ferdinand had about 40 titles. Loew engraved all of these names, together with his petition for a pardon, on a cherry stone.

The letters were so fine that it required the aid of a powerful microscope to decipher them. One day, when the emperor visited the prison, Loew in person presented a cherry stone to the emperor and told him what it contained. The emperor made an examination and was so amazed at the work that he gave him an unconditional pardon. Not only did he pardon him, but gave him a position as a detective to trail down counterfeiters. Loew was a well informed man in all the arts and rascalities of counterfeiters, and in less than two years after his pardon he ran to the earth almost every counterfeiter in Austria and died a few years ago covered with detective honors. The picture, although made 50 years ago, is in a remarkable state of preservation.—Chicago Times.

### Egypt's Cotton Crop.

Eight or ten years ago Egypt was insolvent. Today she is bristling with prosperity. The position of the fellaheen is constantly improving. The corvee is abolished, and the people have no more compulsory labor, except to keep the Nile within bounds at high flood, for which they are paid. The land taxes are gradually being reduced, and extortion and corruption seem to have been stamped out. She sells cereals enough to pay for the imported articles necessary to maintain her simple standard of life. I can't help thinking that cotton—or the money it produces—has played a part of no small importance in the work of administration that has brought all these blessings.

A birdseye view of the area of cotton cultivation would give the outline of a half opened fan. From the point of the delta near Cairo it stretches nearly to Port Said on the northeast and beyond Alexandria on the northwest, this simile being helped by the great arc curving into the Mediterranean, the narrow strip devoted to cotton along the Nile from Cairo, 100 miles southward, forming the handle. This area is veined with innumerable canals, branching from the Rosetta and Damietta arms of the Nile, which distribute the vitalizing waters.—North American Review.

### How Samson Would Fight Corbett.

Some one in the crowd asked Strong Man Samson if he had ever had a setto with a boxer.

"I never have," said the athlete, "but I thought one time of challenging Corbett, and for three months I hatched a theory of attack and defense. My family objected to my engaging in any such contest, and I abandoned the idea. My idea of conquering the champion pugilist was to reverse the tactics of all fighters, which is to keep out of reach of their opponent's arm, and to keep so close to him in the battle as to render it impossible for him to strike with his full power at arm's length. At the same time my scheme was to play on his arm and wrist and to disable him with a few well directed blows at those points. I thought of putting myself in training for three months or more under the direction of a competent trainer. I'll guarantee that, if an experienced fighter will adopt my tactics, he can beat Corbett. I don't claim to be a pugilist, and a good boxer could undoubtedly knock me down despite my strength."—Washington Post.

### Poor Tommy.

Belle—Why doesn't Tommy get married?

Nell (contemptuously)—Can't afford it.

Belle—Well, he and his wife could live on "bread and cheese and kisses," couldn't they?

Nell—Yes, they might, but Tommy hasn't been able to find any girl who could provide the necessary bread and cheese as yet.—Somerville Journal.

When the common earthworm is cut in two, to the tail there grows a head and to the head there grows a tail, and two animals are formed. As the wound heals a small white button is formed, which afterward develops into rings and a perfect extremity.

### Conjugal Bliss.

(After six months.) "My dear, you drive me to desperation with your jealousy."

(After a couple of years.) "Charles, you drive me to desperation with your indifference."—Paris National.

# ALL KNOCKED OUT

## CIRCUIT RACES AT ROCHESTER ARE SO ANNOUNCED.

**Provision of New State Constitution Against Pool Selling is What Does It—Jimmy Gorman and Johnny Connors Matched—Robert J. and John R. Gentry Race Off.**

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 9.—George W. Archer, president of the Rochester Driving Park association announced today that under the provision in the new constitution, prohibiting pooling selling at the race tracks, the circuit races in Rochester would have to be abolished.

### Great Race Declared Off.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 9.—The match race between Robert J., and John R. Gentry which was to have been placed today at Belmont was declared off on account of the heavy track caused by last night's rain.

### Three Favorites Win.

OAKLEY, O., Nov. 9.—The track was muddy, the weather cold and the crowd fairly large. Three favorites won today. O'Connell, the second choice, took the first race, and Sir Robe, 6 to 1, the second. Summaries:

First race—Eleven sixteenths of a mile: O'Connell, even, won; Domingo, 9 to 10, second; Cass, 25 to 1, third. Time 1:10¾.

Second—Selling, five furlongs: Sir Robe, 6 to 1, won; Shamroo, 3 to 1, second; The Henrietta, 8 to 5, third. Time 1:07¼.

Third—Seven furlongs: Traverse, even, won; Willard, 6 to 1, second; Miss L, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:34¼.

Fourth—Thirteen-sixteenths of a mile: Oakley, 6 to 5, won; Elise, 8 to 1, second; Crescent, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:27¼.

Fifth—Mile and a sixteenth: Pittsburg, 2 to 5, won; Fred Gardner, 10 to 1, second; Philopena, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:57¼.

### Nashville Races.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 9.—Cumberland park results:

First race—Six furlongs: Manola won; Myrtilarba, second; John Dunn, third. Time, 1:15¾.

Second—Five furlongs: Miss Alice won; Elsno, second; Momus, third. Time, 1:02.

Third—Seven furlongs: Theodore H. won; Ten Spring, second; Lord Willowbrook, third. Time, 1:28.

Fourth—Seven furlongs: Jennie W. won; Rowanne, second; Marie, third. Time, 1:28¾.

Fifth—Four and a half furlongs: Trenton won; Nuna, second; Mercury, third. Time, :56¼.

### About an Even Thing.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19.—Three favorites and two long shots almost evened the dispute between the bookmakers and the talent today. The races were good, with exciting finishes. Captain Rees, the sensation horse, made his first win today. Summaries:

First race—Six furlongs: Red Pat won; Florence Dickey, second; Shirdy, third. Time, 1:15.

Second—Mile: Captain Rees won; Garcia, second; My Luck, third. Time, 1:42.

Third—Six furlongs: Flirtilla won; Major McLaughlin, second; Mollie R, third. Time 1:13.

Fourth—Mile: Happy Day won, Rico, second; Mary S, third. Time 1:42.

Fifth—Seven furlongs: Artist won; Fortuna, second; Wandering Nun, third. Time 1:27¼.

### St. Asaph Races.

ST. ASAPH, Va., Nov. 9.—Results at St. Asaph:

First race—Four and a half furlongs: Tuscan, won; Perthenia, second; Festival, third. Time, :59¾.

Second—Five and a half furlongs: Warenberg won; Longbrook, second; Melody, third. Time, 1:14¼.

Third—Six furlongs: Grampian won; Blackfoot, second; Kilkenny, third. Time, 1:22.

Fourth—Four and a half furlongs: Curious won; Samaritan, second; Ion, third. Time, :56¾.

Fifth—Five and a half furlongs: El Kearney won; Walcott, second; Reynard, third. Time, 1:15¼.

Sixth—Five furlongs: Will Elliott won; Harris, second; Little Billy, third.