MOBBED THE CHIEF

CREEKS LAY VIOLENT HANDS ON THEIR EXECUTIVE.

According to the Latest Tidings From the Seat of War, Chief Perryman and Treasurer Greason are Seized and Held to Account for Certain Public Funds, of the Misappropriation of Which They Have for Some Time Stood Accused by the Public Opinion of the Tribe--Private Ownership of Indian Land.

Redfork, I. T., May 27.—Late news just received from Okmulgee, the capital of the Creek nation, states that Principal Chief L. C. Perryman and Treasurer Sam Greason were seized by a mob at Okmulgee and carried by force to the council house and held to account for some money which they are accused of paying out without authority. It is feared that much trouble will arise as it is reported that armed men from various parts of the country are gathering at the capital.

The uprising of the Creeks has a special significance just now, in view of the fact that the Dawes allotment negotiations have only recently been reopened with the five civilized tribes of the Indian Territory. The probable reason for this internal rebellion contains a moral worth the discovery. Why should the Creeks make war upon their own government, which they have proudly proclaimed in their own constitution as a nation equal to and coordinate with that of the United States. The Creek nation has been flourishing after a fashion, it occupies a tract estimated at about 3,040,495 acres, or 4,751 square miles, in area, between the Canadian and Arkansas rivers. According to actual count during the last census year there were found to be 3,583 dwelling houses in the confines of the nation.

CLAIMED FOR COLORED FOLKS

On the other hand, however, this progress has been credited by Census Agent Donaldson to "the colored element of the nation, which fairly controls it." In the Creek government sixty-one persons (according to Senator Orville H. Platt) have appropriated and hold 1,237,000 acres, practically all the valuable arable and grazing land belonging to the nation. This glaring example of land monopoly—which may be found, however, among all the five tribes—is in direct violation of the aim and treaties by which the federal government endowed the Indians with the Indian Territory as a region to be held for communal use and benefit.

If an honest vote of the Indians of the territory could be obtained their voice would undoubtedly be raised in favor of the severalty plan. Of the entire territory Senator Platt asserts that "less than 500 Indian citizens, a large proportion of whom have not a drop of Indian blood in their veins, have secured and occupy nine-tenths of the agricultural and grazing land of the territory. Sometimes occupancy is secured by fencing; sometimes simply by plowing a furrow around the tract. Some of the holdings thus secured by white 'Indian' citizens exceed 100,000 acres in extent."

WOODS COUNTY IN THE SWIM.

Rain Adjourns From Day to Day Untill it Gets Through.

Alva, O. T., May 27.—(Special.)—It commenced raining here yesterday at 5 o'clock in the morning and kept it up till 3 o'clock in the afternoon. This morning it started in again at 8:20 o'clock and rained almost steadily till 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Something over an inch fell and the rain extended over the entire county. The ground is soaked fully. It is still asserted that hundreds of acres of wheat will make twenty-five bushels an acre, and in some places as high as forty bushels. There are hundreds of acres of potatoes in this county large enough to use. Crops of every kind look well, and if it is seasonable from now on Woods county will raise the largest crop of corn ever seen in a new county in the west.

OKLAHOMA CITY BRACES UP.

Estimate of the Latest Rainfall, by a Conservative Observer.

Oklahoma City, O. T., May 27.—(Special)—A general rain has fallen in Oklahoma and while it cannot be said that this assures a full corn, cotton, millet, kaffir, potato, melon and garden truck crop, and abundant pasture," it is believed that there will be plenty, and to spare. The dry spell is believed to be over.

This city is again wearing its usual active, bustling, wide awake aspect. The Kickapoo land seekers and fun seekers are mostly back again from the run, and each seeker has an individual, mostly lugubrious, tale to tell.

A single trial will prove that Price's Cream Baking Powder it without a peer.

LOTS OF CORN AND SOME WHEAT.

El Renoite Conclude They Have a Pretty Fair Country, After All.

El Reno, O. T., May 27.—(Special)—The copious rains of Friday and Saturday assures Canadian county a half wheat crop and an abundant corn crop—some of the corn in Blaine and G counties is five feet high. The business men of El Reno look like a new lot of men. There has been a change from a dry country with expectation at the lowest ebb, to one of glittering anticipation of full granaries. The cloud of gloom and despair that overshadowed the country has disappeared. The business sky is as clear as a free silver dollar. Bank deposits increased $10,000 Saturday with good prospects for keeping up the increase. Land buyers from the north and east, who have been waiting to secure valuable tracts of land at one-half its intrinsic value are disappointed. Today every one is on the double quick. Representatives of loan companies are authorizing the agents to get all the loans possible. The British-American Loan company telegraphed their agent to put out $70,000 at 6 and 7 per cent in Canadian county.

Freight Received at Choctaw.

Choctaw City, O. T., May 27.—(Special.)—The Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf railroad is now here. They will receive freight at Oklahoma City Monday and expect to put their passenger train on at once.

"How run you get along with your new chief of department?" "Oh, only so so. He causes us many sleepless—office hours." —La Tribuna.

Tom—"You look awful blue. I suppose it is because of Miss Maybelle's having rejected you." Cholly—"Yes, I can't help feeling sorry for the poor girl."

Young policemen stood around the fallen man. "I think we ought to get an ambulance for him," said one. "All right," said another. "Let's club together." And it was done.—Harlem Life.

OH, THEY ARE SLICK

(Continued From First Page.)

the present distress and inaugurate a new era of prosperity.

"We therefore invite the friends of the free coinage of silver in the different counties in Oklahoma, without distinction of party, to assemble in mass convention at Oklahoma City on the 25th day of June, 1895, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of organizing a territorial free silver league and to take such action as may be necessary to cooperate with silver organizations in other sections of the country.

Hon. W. J. Bryan of Lincoln, Neb., has accepted an invitation to address the convention.

"Senator Henry M. Teller of Colorado and Senator William M. Stewart of Nevada have been invited and are expected to be present and make addresses."

OKLAHOMA CITY.

D. C. Lewis,	R. G. Hays,
J. M. VanWinkle,	E. E. Brown,
Sidney Clarke,	C. G. Jones,
Amos Green,	J. W. Evarts,

EL RENO.

Frank W. White,	M. M. Kerfoot,
H. W. Sawyer,	E. F. Mitchell,
T. B. Winningham,	J. J. Carney,
J. B. May,	Frank Milner,

CLEVELAND COUNTY.

H. M. Hardwick,	W. H. Blackwell,
J. M. Stovall,	E. M. Abernathy,
W. M. Isom,	H. L. Forehand,
Sam T. Leavey,	George Smith,
V. E. Rey,	Mort L. Bixler,
W. S. Upp,	A. C. Maher,
R. F. Grow,	E. J. Keller,
W. B. Sprowls,	W. H. Snow,
J. W. Hocker,	J. S. Little,
A. T. Ross,	W. S. Mayfield,
J. H. Timlon,	L. B. Durkee,
A. J. King,	Frank P. Cense,
W. J. Hess,	J. H. Trimble,
W. D. Mills,	J. M. Daniel.

Food prepared by aid of Price's Cream Baking Powder is Nature's antidote for the much advertised "tired feeling."

THEY DEAL IN STAMPS.

Detectives Harry Sutton and Bedford Wood Make an Important Arrest.

Two men, one giving the name of Murphy and the other Williams, sat sullenly behind the bars in the city prison last night and refused to talk.

They are men past middle life but none of the police know them and they are too smart to give any information in regard to themselves. They have shut up like clams and not a sound eminates from their mouths.

Yesterday Chief Massey called up Harry Sutton and Bedford Wood and told them that some dealers in postage stamps were in the city. That was enough. In five minutes the detectives were dodging in and out of hotels where it is supposed that liquor is sometimes sold or given away. They even visited places of questionable resort but in no place could they see the face of a man that they had reason to believe made a business of calling at postoffices when the postmaster and his clerks were absent.

Bedford and Harry come pretty near knowing every crook who operates in the west and the particular line they operate in. In their rounds they found men who play the shell game clear up to the fellow who is supposed to be an expert safe cracker but who always fails to get caught, but the stamp thief could not be found.

Finally they found two suspicious characters down on East Douglas avenue whom they could not locate. They were confident that they were crooks, and like the man who said his dog was good for coons because he did not know of anything else he was good for and everything was made for some good the two detectives run these men in for selling postage stamps because they could not figure out any other crooked business they were good for.

This was after 4 o'clock in the afternoon when the men were locked up and the two detectives took the back track from the point where they arrested the two men and they circled around like fox hounds who had lost a trail and presently they struck it and at 10 o'clock last night they had recovered $173 worth of stamps disposed of and left on deposit by the two men.

The two detectives and Chief Massey were elated last night for they think they have made an important capture. The postoffice inspector was notified and he answered back that he will be here today and help to locate the two sullen gentlemen who refuse to talk.

OLD PEOPLE.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at the drug stores of Charles Lawrence and G. Gehring.

PERISHED IN THE ATTEMPT.

Ambitious Young American Journalist Falls in Battle in China.

New York, May 27.—A World special from Havana, Cuba, announces the death at the hands of the Spaniards of of young man named Woodbury, or Woodward, at Boca De Dos Rios, where Martin is said to have fallen. Woodward is claimed to be from St. Louis, and it is said that he was to furnish letters to New York and western newspapers. He was determined to make a reputation or die in the attempt.

Fruits of a College Education.

Three Williams college graduates met at the athletic club the other day. One had taken a course with a view to becoming a minister. He is now a doctor. The second had taken a law course. He is now a newspaper writer. The third had taken a course to fit him for medicine. He is now a minister.—Chicago Tribune.

What of the Future?

Once upon a time women were divided into those who played the piano and those who didn't. Next the grand division was those who wanted to vote and those who didn't. Now the two sections are those who ride the bicycle and those who don't. —New York Sun.

He Wants the Earth.

If acetylene succeeds, costing 15 cents per 1,000 feet, we shall need to revise, as conceding too much, our petitions and appeals for $1 gas.—Washington Star.

Dean of American Artists.

John La Farge, whom France has signally honored in inviting him to fill an entire room with his art work at the Champ de Mars salon, is 60 years old, though he looks younger. Since the death of Inness he has been the dean of American artists.

THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH AND SUN PASTE

'IN CAKES FOR GENERAL BLACKING APPLIED AND POLISHED WITH A BRUSH'

SUN PASTE "FOR A QUICK AFTER-DINNER SHINE APPLIED AND POLISHED WITH A CLOTH"

Morse Bros, Props. Canton, Mass. U.S.A.

NEVER WAS CRAZIER

WHEAT MARKET HAS AT LEAST ONE FIT PER MINUTE.

Bulls Appear to Have All the Wheat in the Country, Actual or Prospective, and the Bears Have a Climb for It--Quick Transitions From Buying to Selling--Starts Eighty and a Half, Reaches Eighty-One and Three-Quarters and Closes at Seventy-Eight and One-Eighth--Everything Else Lower.

Chicago, May 27.—Wheat was feverish, with sudden and wide fluctuations, covering a range of from 2¼ cents above to 1⅝ cents below the closing figures of Saturday and closing ⅜ cent lower. Corn was weak throughout and closed 1⅛ cents lower. Pork was bulled by country buying at the start but eased off and closed at 2 cents gain.

The session commenced with the now daily repeated extravagant exclement in the wheat pit. The bulls already held the whole of the grain in the visible supply and had bought for future delivery all that will be harvested from the growing crop, and were still clamorous for more. The bears shouted for some of it. It come high, but they had to have it. July wheat, which barely could be sold for 79½ cents at noon on Saturday, readily brought from 80½ cents up to 81¾ cents at the opening this morning. The most generally current price at the start was 80¾ cents. From that point it rose in a few minutes to 81½ cents and dropped back again to 80½ cents. It started up again and for the second time it touched 81¾ cents. The heavy orders ceased coming after that and within the slacking up of the volume of business, the price declined to 79¾ cents. The price continued to rush up and down in the most nervous manner. One minute sellers were everywhere and buyers seemed to have dropped out of the market. In the next there would be no sellers, while the crowd of buyers competed with each other in the rapidity with which they advanced their bids. At times stop orders could not be filled within from ⅝@½ cent per bushel of the limit. That was good of stops on both sides of the market. The changing aspect of the visible supply had much to do with the feverish changes in the price of wheat. When New York stocks were given at 995,000 bushels more than they amounted to a week ago, the price had its tumble to 79¼ cents and when a total decrease at all points of about 2,000,000 bushels seemed likely, the price took an upward shoot to 80¾ cents, climbing to that from 79¾ cents in about ten minutes. Inside of the next twenty minutes, 79¾ cents became again the trading price. The realization of a 2,000,000 decrease in the visible supply appeared for a time as if it had been discounted by the advance to 80¾ cents, because, although it was found when the figures were all in that the actual falling off for the week was 2,240,000 bushels, the market did not rally for some time more than about ⅜ cent, although a little later it was up to 80¼ cents. The Liverpool market was quoted from 1½ to 2 pence per cental higher for futures, with a heavy speculative demand reported by the private cables. The great feature of the news, however, was that which had reference to the domestic crop situation and the visible supply. The latter did not permanently influence the market and neither did the news of damaging frosts in some parts of the northwest and crop damage reports from Indiana of the most distressing discription. The feeling began to spread that the buying enthusiasm was about over and was corroborated by the fact that country orders today were principally for fives and tens instead of fifty and hundred thousand lots, as for some time back. The foreign shipments for the week were heavy and that, together with rumors of Oregon wheat on the way to Kansas City and St. Louis, added to the bearish feeling which prevailed all afternoon. The price in the last half hour kept dropping to near 78 cents and rushing up again to about 79 cents every few minutes. The lowest touched was 78⅛ cents and it closed at 78¾ cents.

Corn suffered from the inspection into store of 1,324 car loads since Saturday and estimated receipts for tomorrow of 1,120 cars. The cash demand was slack and only elevator people seemed to want the offerings. Argentine shipped 152,000 bushels last week. New York reported four loads sold there for export today. The visible supply increased 1,411,000 bushels for the week, compared with a decrease of 626,000 bushels on the corresponding week last year. The opening price for July was from 53⅝ cents to 53¾ cents and the highest prices of the day were made at that time. The lowest point, however, made near the end of the session, was 52½ cents and it closed at 52⅝ cents bid.

Oats were heavy with a heavy business transacted. Prices at the close were from ⅜ to ½ cent under Saturday last quotations.

The provision market opened weak and lower on account of the days run of hogs numbering 44,000 head. Those heavy receipts appeared to have been calculated by the bears to make a heavy market, heavy enough to permit tehm to cover their shorts without causing the price to recover while they did so. In that they were mistaken for it took very little buying in the decline by the bulls to cause a lively reaction and convert a bearish into a bullish market. Pork, from an early break of 7½ cents, rose 42½ cents and closed with a net gain of 17½ cents. Lard at the close was barely 2½ cents higher than on Saturday and ribs only secured from 2½ to 5 cents of an early gain of from 10 to 12½ cents. Much of the early buying was on country orders.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 75 cars; corn, 1,120 cars, oats, 530 cars; hogs, 28,000 head.

Freights were firmer at 1¾ cents for wheat, 1¾ for corn and 1¼ cents for oats to Buffalo and 1½ cents for wheat to Toledo.

Chicago Market.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos.
Wheat—				
May	80¾	80¾	77¾	77¾
July	81¼	81¾	78⅛	78⅝
Sept	81¾	82½	79⅛	79⅝
Corn—				
May	52¾	52¾	51½	51⅝
July	53⅛	53⅝	52½	52⅝
Sept	53¼	53¼	52⅝	52¾
Oats, No. 2—				
May	29¾	29¾	29¼	29⅜
June	29½	29½	29⅛	29⅛
July	29¼	29¼	28¾	28⅞
Sept	29	29	28¾	29
Mess Pork—				
July	12 37½	12 70	12 37½	12 57½
Sept	12 37½	12 97½	12 37½	12 80
Lard—				
July	6 62½	6 67½	6 62½	6 65
Sept	6 77½	6 87½	6 77½	6 85
Short Ribs—				
July	6 25	6 37½	6 25	6 30
Sept	6 40	6 50	6 40	6 47½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Firm and unchanged.

No. 2 spring wheat, 80@81¼c; No. 3, 75@81c; No. 2 red, 77¾@77⅞c. No. 2 corn, 51⅝@51¾c. No. 2 oats, 28¾c; No. 2 white, 32@32½c; No. 3, 31¼@32½c. No. 2 rye, 60@60½c. No. 2 barley, 51c; No. 3, 48@51c; No. 4, nominal. No. 1 flaxseed, $1.49. Prime timothy seed, $3.00. Mess pork, per bbl., $12.30@12.82½. Lard, per 100 lbs., $6.50@6.57½. Short ribs sides, (loose) $6.20@6.37½. Shoulders, (boxed), 5¾@6¼. Short clear sides, (boxed), 6½@6⅝. Whiskey, distillers' finished goods, per gal., $1.26½. Sugars—Unchanged.

GRAIN MOVEMENT.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	8,000	15,000
Wheat, bushels	17,000	187,000
Corn, bushels	314,000	260,000
Oats, bushels	484,000	85,000
Rye, bushels	5,000	1,000
Barley, bushels	17,000	1,000

On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was steady; creamery, 13@17½c; dairy, 9@16c. Eggs steady, 11½@12c. Cheese—Quiet, 6¾@10¾c.

St. Louis Grain.

St. Louis, May 27.—Receipts—Flour, 4,000; wheat, 31,000; corn, 54,000; oats, 75,000. Shipments—Flour, 19,000; wheat, 57,000; corn, 18,000; oats, 29,000. Flour—Dull and lower at the decline. Patent, $4.15@4.25; extra fancy, $3.90@4.00; fancy, $3.50@3.60; choice, $3.15@3.25; rye flour, $3.50@3.75. Wheat—On heavy buying at the opening, advanced 2 cents above Saturday's close, but there being an increase in the selling offers at this advance and considerable realizing, a relapse of 2¼ cents followed. Then came a reaction but the market had lost its bullish sentiment and there was more pressure to sell than to buy. This was shown late, in a decline that carired the market 3⅝ cents below the top, though the close was firm at ⅝ cent reaction and ½@⅝ cent below Saturday's. No. 2 red, cash, 82c; May, 82c; July, 80⅝c bid; August, 78⅝c; September, 79c bid. Corn—Failed to respond to the early advance in wheat, owing to reports of heavy receipts and increase in visible supply. Closing was weak, 1 cent below Saturday. No. 2 mixed, cash, 51¼@51½c; May, 51c bid; July, 52⅝c asked; eSptember, 53⅝c asked. Oats—Dull, weak, closing ½@⅝ cent below Saturday for futures; spot lower. No. 2 cash, 29c; May, 29½c asked; June, 29½c asked; July, 29c asked; September, 29c bid. Rye and barley nominal. Corn meal, $2.45@2.55. Bran—No eastern buyers above 66½c. Flaxseed—Nominal, $1.49. Grass seeds—Quiet; steady; clover, $6.50@7.50; timothy, $3.00@4.00. Hay—Unchanged.

Kansas City Grain.

Kansas City, May 27.—Wheat—Irregular; higher? No. 2 hard, 81½c; No. 2 red, 85@86½c; rejected, 77@78c. Corn—Nominally ½ cent lower; No. 2 mixed, 49½c; No. 2 white, 51½@52c. Oats—Easier; No. 2 mixed, 29½c; No. 2 white, 31½c. Rye—Firm; No. 2, 60c. Bran—Firm, 71@73c. Hay—Steady; timothy, $8.25@9.00; prairie, $7.00@8.50. Butter—Firmer; creamery, 12@15c; dairy, 8@12c. Eggs—¼ cent higher, 9½c.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

Butter and Eggs.

New York, May 27.—Butter—Steady; unchanged. Eggs—Weaker; state and Pennsylvania, 13¼@13½c; western fresh, 12@13c; southern, 11½@12c. Receipts, 16,888 packages.

Coffee.

New York, May 27.—Coffee—Options opened barely steady at 10@20 points decline; ruled generally weak with small and few changes. Cables disappointing and no outside speculation. Closed quiet at 10@20 points net decline. Sales, 9,000 bags, including May, $14.45; June, $14.40@14.45; September, $14.50@14.85; October, $14.50; December, $14.60@14.90; March, $14.70. Spot coffee—Rio quiet; No. 7, 16c. Mild, quiet and steady; Cordova, 18¼@19c. Sales, 250 bags unwashed Caracas; 250 bags Maracaibo.

Sugar.

New York, May 27.—Sugar—Quiet; raw, 728 bags centrifugal, 96 test, at 3⅜c ex-ship; 3,000 bags molasses sugar, 96 test, at 2 11-16c ex-ship. Refined quiet.

St. Louis Produce.

St. Louis, May 27.—Butter and eggs unchanged. Whiskey, $1.24 for distillers' finished goods. Cotton ties and bagging unchanged. Pork—Standard mess, $12.70. Lard—Prime steam, $6.40; choice, $6.52½. Dry salt meats (boxed)—Shoulders, $5.25; longs, $6.31½c; ribs, $6.50; shorts, $6.62½. Bacon (boxed)—Shoulders, $6.25; longs, $6.37½; ribs, $6.50; shorts, $6.62½.

COTTON MARKET.

New York.

New York, May 27.—Cotton—Quiet; middling, 7 5-16c. Net receipts, none; gross, 841 bales; forwarded none. Sales, 737 bales; spinners, 237 bales; stock, 217,469 bales.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, May 27.—Cotton—Steady; middling, 7⅞c; low middling, 6½c; good ordinary, 6⅝c; net and gross receipts, 2,624 bales. Sales, 800 bales; stock, 186,720 bales.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, May 27.—Hogs—Receipts, 45,000. Market for heavy, active and strong; light, weak; light, $4.15@4.45; mixed, $4.25@4.55; heavy, $4.15@4.60; rough, $4.15@4.30.

Cattle—Receipts, 13,000. Market quiet and barely steady.

Sheep—Receipts, 14,000. Market for best steady; others weak and 10 cents lower.

Kansas City, May 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,700; shipments, 1,100. Market weak and 10 cents lower; Texas steers, $3.20@4.15; beef steers, $3.40@5.75; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.35.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,200; shipments, 1,000. Market weak to 5 cents lower; bulk of sales, $4.15@4.30; heavies, $4.25@4.40; packers, $4.15@4.40; mixed, $3.90@4.20; lights, $3.70@4.20; yorkers, $4.10@4.20; pigs, $3.90@4.05.

Sheep—Receipts, 11,600; shipments, 2,300. Market steady for best; all others weak to 10 cents lower.

St. Louis, May 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,300; shipments, 600. Market easier; beef steers, $4.25@5.60; lights, $3.50@4.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.00.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,200; shipments, 1,100. Market 5@10 cents lower; heavies, $4.35@4.50; mixed, $4.25@4.40; light, $4.20@4.40.

Sheep—Receipts, 4,300; shipments, 100. Market easier.

A teaspoonful does the same perfect work today that it did yesterday, or last month, or last year, Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

New York Wheat Market.

New York, May 27.—The country got another grip on wheat this morning and during the first hour, after a preliminary skirmish with professional operators during which prices gyrated considerably, it rushed values up to a point 2⅝ cents above Saturday's closing. First sales of July were made at different prices from 82 to 82½ cents, then the market dropped to 81⅞ cents and almost immediately went up to 83⅝ cents with outsiders furnishing the steam. At midday, however, attempts to bull the market any further were discontinued in view of the bullish character of the news and then the bears went at it hammer and tongs and soon reduced the early rise until at the close prices only showed a net advance of ⅛ cent. Reports that a big line of long wheat in Chicago was being sold out added to the afternoon depressions. Total transactions today were 13,100,000 bushels.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York.

New York, May 27.—Printing cloths are firm at 2 13-16 cents bid and declined and only small sales of spot reported.

TWO LIVES SAVED

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at the Drug Stores of Charles Lawrence and G. Gehring. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

ONE LUNG.

There are many persons alive and well to-day with only one useful lung. The consumptive should not despair. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda strengthens the vital organs and supplies healthy tissue to take the place of tissue that is diseased.

Give the consumptive good care and Scott's Emulsion. You will be surprised to find how quickly this treatment brings relief.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50c. and $1.

MARKET PICKS UP

STOCKS STRONG THROUGHOUT, EXCEPT ONE WEAK SPOT.

Foreigners Coming Back Into the Market Again--London Reports a Good Market for American Securities--Crop Reports Favorable and Traffic Statements Encouraging--Bears Follow Up Realizing Sales Before Midday but the Depression is but Temporary--Bonds Active and Well Distributed.

New York, May 27.—With the exception of about three quearters of an hour between 11 and 12 o'clock, the stock market was strong throughout. The foreign houses were small buyers and the London cables reported a good market for Americans except at the close, when a slight reaction took place. Crop reports were favorable and the traffic statement received generally showed increased net earnings. Speculation opened strong and during the first hour prices advanced steadily. Tobacco selling up 3 per cent, Leather preferred 1⅞ per cent, General Electric and Distilling 1¼ per cent; National Linseed 1⅛ per cent, Burlington Mail 1⅛ per cent, Long Island Traction and New England 1¼ per cent, Chicago and Eastern Illinois preferred 1½ per cent, Minneapolis and St. Louis 1 per cent, Minneapolis and St. Louis preferred 1½ per cent, Minneapolis and St. Louis seconds preferred 2 per cent, and Minneapolis and St. Louis preferred receipts 5¼ per cent. At the higher figures there was some realizing and the bears put out a few lines, causing a reaction of 2½ per cent in Tobacco, 1⅛ per cent in Sugar, which had previously gained ¾ per cent, 2½ per cent in Susquehanna and Western preferred, 1¼ per cent in Colorado Fuel, 1¼ per cent in Colorado Coal, 1 per cent in Leather preferred and Missouri Pacific, and a fraction in the rest of the list. Toward noon Tobacco recovered 1¾ per cent, but subsequently lost ¾ per cent. The general market also regained its tone and continued strong and firm to the close, the changes in the active list being slight, while a few of the specialties made material gains and one or two recorded declines. New England rose 1¾ per cent on local buying, reacted 1¼ per cent on selling orders from out of town and rallied ½ per cent. Alton and Terre Haute advanced 3½ per cent, Tennessee Coal preferred and Starch preferred 1¾ per cent, Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City 1½ per cent, and Canadian Pacific 1 per cent. Hocking Valley, after an early recession of ⅞ per cent, recovered the loss and broke 1⅝ per cent and rallied 1¼ per cent. Pullman declined 1½ per cent and in the final dealings the Cordage shares fell off ⅞ per cent for the common and ½ per cent for the guaranteed and prefered. The market was generally firm at the close, but compared woth Saturday's prices, the final sales were irregular, but in the main higher on the day.

The bond trading was active with a very wide distribution of business. During the morning values were generally lower but in the later session the advances and declines were fairly even. The sale were $3,095,000.

American Securities in London.

New York, May 27.—The Evening Post's London cablegram says: "The stock markets were all but idle today. The house closes on Saturday. The tone was good. Americans were strong with a slight reaction at the close. German buying was said to be largely stimulated by improved exports of Germany and America. The French buying of kaffirs is slacking. I have good reason to believe that all the arrangements are practically concluded for the issue of a Newfoundland loan in London. The amount will probably be just over a half million sterling, yielding about 4 per cent interest."

Dr. Price's is the substance of purity and leavening strength. Other baking powders are but weak shadows.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

New U. S. 4s, reg. and coup	122¾
U. S. 5s, reg	116
U. S. 5s, coup	116¼
U. S. 4s, reg	112⅞
U. S. 4s, coup	113⅞
U. S. 2s, reg	97
Atchison 4s	74
Atchison Second A	25½
M. K. T. first 4s	87½
M. K. T. second 4s	59⅝
St. Paul Consols 7s	128
St. Paul C. and P. W. 5s	113
St. L. and S. F. Gen. 6s	119½

CLOSING STOCKS.

Atchison	8⅛
Adams Express	144
Alton, Terre Haute	55
American Express	117
Baltimore and Ohio	64
Canada Pacific	53⅛
Canada Southern	53⅝
Central Pacific	19⅛
Chesepeake and Ohio	22⅞
Chicago Alton	150
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy	81⅞
Chicago Gas	74⅛
Consolidated Gas	144⅛
C. C. C. and St. L.	44⅞
Colorado Coal and Iron	9½
Cotton Oil Certificates	28½
Delaware Hudson	131⅛
Del. Lack. and West.	160
Illinois Central	96
Kansas and Texas pref'd	32⅞
Lake Shore	146
Louisville and Nashville	59¼
Missouri Pacific	28⅝
National Cordage	2⅞
National Cordage pref'd	6⅞
Northern Pacific	5⅞
Northern Pacific pref'd	29½
Northwestern	99
Northwestern pref'd	144⅞
New York Central	102⅞
Pullman Palace	171
Reading	13⅝
Rock Island	70
St. Paul	61⅞
St. Paul pref'd	126½
Southern Pacific	20
Sugar Refinery	117⅞
Union Pacific	15⅞
United States Express	40
Wabash, St. L. and Pac.	6⅞
Wabash, St. L. and Pac. pref'd	20⅞
Wells Fargo Express	108
Western Union	93⅞
General Electric	34⅞
National Linseed	28⅞

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CAMPBELL PRODUCE CO.
Wholesale dealers in
BUTTER, EGGS and POULTRY
GAME, FISH, OYSTERS.
Telephone 155. Corner 1st and 5th
WICHITA, KAN.

We need a large quantity of eggs next week, and must have them even if we have to go to some other market to buy. We are going to raise the price half a cent and see if that will not start them our way. The Poultry market is in fair condition.

We offer as follows for next week on track at your place:

POULTRY.

	Cents per lb
Hen Turkeys	8
Tom Turkeys	7
Hens	5½
Roosters	3
Ducks	5
Geese	5
Springs (soft meated)	7½
Pigeons, per doz	85
Broilers, 1 lb and over, per doz	$1.50
Eggs, case count, cases returned, per doz	9½
Eggs, cases included	10
Butter	7½

Please note the above prices and see if you cannot afford to start some shipments out way. Kindly let us hear from you by return mail, advising us what you can ship next week. Respectfully,

CAMPBELL PRODUCE CO.

TURNED HIM DOWN

(Continued from Fifth Page.)

council the following communication and recommendations:

To the Hon. Mayor and Council:

Gentlemen—Actions of your honorable body with reference to the fire department has usually been upon recommendations made by the fire marshal.

The urgent demand on the part of your honorable body that strenuous effort be made in the direction of economy and that the heads of departments outline the most practical method of reducing the expenses of their respective departments and at the same time maintain as near as possible its present standard of efficiency, calls for intelligent thought and wise conclusion, such at least as my experience and knowledge will permit.

That this conclusion will be the subject for much comment, argued pro and con, commendation on one side, censure on the other is very evident.

There are but few of the general public who acquaint themselves with the requirements or necessities for efficient fire protection, how many who read this article have informed themselves how to alarm the department should their premises be on fire, and yet, how many unjustly criticise. I believe it to be the general opinion of our citizens that we have an efficient organization.

The per capita statement accompanying this communication will show the relative expenses of departments in cities of like population and it will be seen that we have not been extravagant but on the other hand maintained our department as a cost necessary to insure good services. The clamor for retrenchment in public affairs extend to all sections of our country, and it is well advised that economy to the extent that public service is not impaired should be used, beyond this, it is no economy.

An appropriate estimate of expense to maintain the department as now organized for the present year will be about $18,500, to curtail this expense and retain as nearly as possible its present standard of efficiency, I would recommend that fire stations number 3 and 4 be closed during the months of June, July, August, September and October.

In support of this recommendation, or plan of reduction, I will state that during the summer months the nights are shorter, people are not in doors as much as in winter and more liable to get prompt notice to the department. The streets are better, quicker time is made in responding to an alarm. One of the most numerous causes of fire and one that prove most damaging is from defective flues, but few of the chimneys being used during the summer months greately reduces the number of fires from this cause, and I deem it better judgment if a reduction in expenses of the department be made that it be made that it be done at a time when the fire hazzard is not so great.

During the winter season the nights are longer, people return earlier or remain indoors, windows and doors closed, constant fire in both stoves and furnaces, chimneys in constant use, few people stiring about the liability of fires to be futher advanced. Handling of frozen hose, roads in bad condition, makes it necessary that during the winter season our department should be fully equipped, hence I have thought the above method of reduction the most practical. Those who live in the outlying districts may claim that my recommendation is adverse to their interest, but I assure all that with the means at my disposal every effort will be made in the direction of good service.

Respectfully submitted,
A. G. WALDEN.

	Population.	Expense	Per Cap
Brockton, Mass	27,294	$36,000.00	$1.31
South Bend, Ind	21,766	16,333.00	.75
Macon, Ga	22,698	36,000.00	1.58
Bay City, Mich	27,628	27,000.00	.97
Bloomington, Ill	22,042	17,421.34	.78
Springfield, Ill	24,832	30,000.00	1.20
Sacramento, Cal	26,272	32,532.67	1.24
Chelsea, Mass	27,387	29,000.00	1.06
Joliet, Ill	27,407	20,000.00	.73
Birmingham, Ala	26,241	32,000.00	1.20
Quincy, Ill	31,000	25,000.00	.80
Davenport, Ia	26,500	20,500.00	.77
Taunton, Mass	25,448	20,500.00	.80
Rockford, Ill	23,589	22,000.00	.93
LaFayette, Ind	16,067	20,000.00	1.30
Muskeegan, Mich	22,668	27,000.00	1.18
Wichita, Kan	23,735	18,144.00	.76
Topeka, Kan	31,500	26,000.00	.83

Dr. Minick moved the adoption of the report. Mr. McLain thought it was better to lay it over until the next meeting and made an amendment to that effect, Burton, Francis, Henley, McLain, Shults and Throckmorton voting