

GOING TO SEE ALLEN

PRIVATE DETECTIVE WORK DONE IN THE HOLMES CASE

IT PROMISES WELL

BONDS IN GREAT ABUNDANCE FOUND IN THE CASTLE

MYSTERIOUS TANK IS EXPLORED

MANY WITNESSES APPEAR WHOM HOLMES LABORED WITH

How He Once Lost a Cinch on Pictel-story of Mrs. Conner's Disappearance Vividly Told

Chicago, July 30.—Peter Cigrand, father of Emeline Cigrand, who is said to have been murdered by H. H. Holmes, arrived in Chicago today with a sister of the missing woman. They were escorted by Chief of Police Badenoch and Inspector Fitzpatrick for several hours. The acid vats in which Holmes was supposed to have reduced his victims to either could not be found, but the police unearthed more bones—two thigh bones and a piece of skull.

Tomorrow an officer from the Central station will start for Little Rock, Ark., commissioned by Chief Badenoch to interview the convict, Allen, who claims he can relate the secret chapters of H. H. Holmes' career in the murder and fraudulent dealings.

Attorney William Capps of Fort Worth, Tex., who has been in Chicago for nearly three weeks endeavoring to obtain proof that Minnie and Annie Williams were murdered, and who has pursued lines of investigation separate and distinct from the police, has made a partial investigation of convict Allen's stories and is so well convinced that the man was really a witness of, if not an actual participant in, the crimes of Holmes, Pictel and others that he can reveal the whole story if he wants to do so.

The Texas lawyer spent nearly the whole evening in Inspector Fitzpatrick's private office relating the results of his detective work and trying to convince the inspector that the crimes of which Convict Allen ought to be seen and the authority of his information submitted to a test.

The police are inclined to regard the convict's assertion hopefully, especially as they happen to know that Holmes spent some time in Arkansas conducting land swindling operations that had ramifications in half a dozen distant cities. He could have met and used Allen at that occasion and brought him to Chicago, as was done by the Quinlan, who has not been disturbed in his solitude since Monday night will be conducted to the "sweet box" in Central station tomorrow, and he will have another chance to explain some of the accusations that are made against him.

Joe Owen, the Ohio farmer who is also a prisoner at the cell, has been given in the assertion that Quinlan was Holmes' accomplice in every crime the swindler planned and executed.

BONES, BUT LITTLE ELSE. Digging in the cell of the Holmes building today and tonight was less fruitful than any day spent in investigating the underground scheme of the Philadelphia murderer. In the cell, a dozen were found but nothing of tangible evidence can be found.

The laborers confined their work primarily to the cell and the basement where was located the mysterious box. An investigation of the tank revealed nothing, even as circumstantial evidence against Holmes. The tank was easily accessible and nothing was found therein but a small quantity of petroleum in its raw state. Nowhere were there traces of carbolic acid or other fluids which might have been used by Holmes in putting away his victims.

Rather a scientific bit of information came to the police today when Mrs. Strowers of Sixty-first street and Morgan avenue informed the police that Holmes had once persisted in her taking out \$1000 life insurance policy. Not only did Holmes beg her to take out the policy, she said, but he also offered her \$5000 for it. Her friends, she said, immediately took the policy from her and she never saw him afterwards.

Clinton Sherman, formerly living at the Sixty-ninth street and now at Dalton, Ill., came to the Holmes castle today and said he had been employed by the mysterious Richardson, now missing, to remove the bodies of the children and deliver them to Chappell, the articulator at the medical college.

Sherman's name was found several times ago among the names of the names of Holmes. Detective Fitzpatrick discovered that he had been an inmate of the castle. Sherman is a colored man. He heard that he was wanted and he fled the produce farm on which he was employed and came to the city at once. He told of several mysterious happenings in connection with the removal of the bodies which he was told were "stiffs" procured from cemeteries and hospitals to be sold to medical students.

ABOUT MRS. CONNERS. Information fixing the disappearance of Julia Conner and her daughter was found by the police yesterday. The appearance had been fixed at any time between December, 1891, and June, 1892, and the exact date from the new and important evidence.

INSISTS ON PAYING OUT. Union National Bank of Denver Says It Will Pay Dollar for Dollar.

Denver, July 30.—Joseph T. Talbert, national bank examiner for the District of Colorado, arrived in Denver today and took charge of the affairs of the Union National bank.

It is thought that the examiner will be in a position to pay a considerable dividend to depositors at the end of about ninety days. There was upward of \$100,000 cash in the vaults when the doors were closed yesterday, and in addition a considerable amount is due from other banks which will, of course be speedily received.

Schooner Sunk on Lake Erie. Loraine, Ohio, July 30.—During a heavy gale this morning the schooner Republic became waterlogged and sank with loss of life. The loss is heavy.

Rome, July 30.—The chamber today voted in confidence in the cabinet almost unanimously.

THEY WEAR PAINT

INDIANS IN WYOMING STILL SPOILING FOR A FIGHT.

From Several Points at Once Bands of Braves are Reported with Their Fighting Gear on and No Squaws and Paposes to Hinder Their Movements—Troops Moving Slowly and Sending the Indian Police on Ahead for a Last Peaceful Effort—Rev. Coolidge Pleads for His Red Brethren.

Chicago, July 30.—A special from Salt Lake, Utah, says: Information received here is to the effect that several collisions between the Indians have occurred, not, however, in Jackson's Hole, but nearer the Teton country.

Washington, July 30.—General Schofield today received the following telegram from General Coppinger's headquarters:

"Courier arrived at Market Lake this morning. Reports when he left General Coppinger's troops last night were that information had just been brought in by runner from Marysville that all is quiet there."

Army officials regard this as an indication of a peaceful termination of the Jackson's Hole disturbance.

A telegram received from Major Bisbee in command of the detachment of infantry sent to support the cavalry on its way to the scene of the Indian disturbance, reports that his force reached Market Lake at noon today. He will proceed at once towards the scene of the disturbance.

Denver, July 30.—A News special from Cheyenne, Wyo., says: A private dispatch received from Market Lake, Wyo., states that the Ninth cavalry is now encamped in Teton basin, forty miles from Marysville. The troops will be moved into Jackson's Hole as soon as the return of the Indian police which were sent ahead to try to induce the hostiles to return to their reservations.

The reports from Marysville show that the excitement is dying out and many of the settlers are returning to their homes. The news of the near approach of the troops has created a better feeling among the Indians. The dispatch states that the settlers had arranged to make an attack on the Indians in force with the intention of driving them out of the country.

Government of New Zealand Proposes Communication with Van Couven. Wellington, N. Z., July 30.—In the house of representatives today the colonial treasurer stated that the government had decided to subsidize a line of communication between Van Couven, B. C. The amount of the subsidy proposed is \$20,000.

Denver, July 30.—A News special from Cheyenne, Wyoming, says: The Indian scare is spreading far and wide, and east of the mountains. Settlers in Fremont county are becoming alarmed. Governor Richards, tonight received the following telegram from W. W. Lovelock of South Pass, in the Miners Delight mining district.

South Pass, July 30.—Governor W. A. Richards: There is a band of about 100 to 200 Indians within a half day's ride of this place. They are all bucks and things look shady here. We have plenty of ammunition and we need guns. Can you send a few stands of arms?

Shortly after the receipt of the above the following telegram was received from Lewiston, in the same district.

Lewiston, July 30.—Governor W. A. Richards: Can you send us guns? Indians are near here.

The governor says these Indians no doubt are Utes from Duchesne, who are hanging around the mountains and there will be a big fight with the Banocks which will give them an opportunity to make an attack upon these settlements. The Indians are in cooperation with them. These settlements are about thirty-five miles south of Lander and the government will be obliged to believe that they are in any danger unless there should be a fight in Hoback valley.

He referred the dispatches to R. D. Woodruff, of Rock Springs, inspector general of the state militia, with instructions to use his discretion in the matter.

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J. Miller has arrived from the mines and reports a camp of 200 Indians near Oregon Buttes not far from South Pass city. He says they are under command by squaws or paposes and it is probably a war party, but whether they intend to attack the sweetwater mines or go around to the New York country is not yet apparent.

The men of long experience in that locality, Miller says, are of the opinion that these Indians mean trouble. They are in the mountains tonight in small squads to scour the country, not only to look after Indians, but to warn settlers as well.

These Indians are assembling there for the past three days. A party of forty-seven Sioux were seen on the Dad Water by Deputy Sheriff Baldwin and his posse yesterday. These Indians were undoubtedly on their way to Sweetwater and are probably a part of those reported camped on Oregon Buttes. The warriors were in paint and feathers and one of the chiefs was decorated with a war bonnet.

PLEADS FOR HIS BRETHREN. Rev. Sherman Coolidge, who labors among Shoshones and Arapahoes, arrived in this city today. He is a full-blooded Arapahoe and an ordained minister of the Episcopal church and a highly educated and polished gentleman.

"Let me tell you," he said, "the Indians are without a knowledge of the game laws of the state, everything come to the red man by tradition. The game laws are handed down from generation to generation. They are taught that the great father at Washington has granted certain privileges and that these are to be held during good behavior. They cannot and do not understand that when Idaho and Wyoming entered the Union of states that the United States no longer controlled the game of this country. The best efforts of the Indian agents will fall very short of making him understand this subject. The general government will be obliged to appoint council meetings of these tribes at which time the opportunity be given for a full discussion of the subject. Then, and not until then, is there hope for a new order of things brought about by the annexation of the new commonwealths."

Mr. Coolidge then went on to say that the Indians could not possibly learn by any other method than that which comes from their own lips and he should not be blamed for this as it is his natural condition.

ALL IN BUT THE ORKNEYS.

Returns so Far Give the Government One Hundred and Fifty-Two Majority.

London, July 30.—With the exception of polling in Orkney and Shetland which was formerly represented by Sir James Fergusson, the result of the election of which will not be known until the end of the week, the new parliament is complete. The division of the parties is as follows: Conservatives 131; Liberal-Unionists 70; government 201; Liberals 174; McCarthys 70; Farnellites 13; Labor 2; total opposition 255. Government majority 135. Conservative majority over all 12. Thus the Conservatives and Liberal-Unionists with a net gain of ninety seats will have a majority of 135, the largest in the memory of the present generation.

Conservatives are made independent of coalition of all Liberal-Unionist parties including Liberal-Unionists were to take place. The aggregate vote in the contested elections in Great Britain was as follows: Conservatives and Liberal-Unionists, 1,725,455; Liberals, 1,628,247; Labor, 50,965; total 3,404,667.

But as 114 of the Unionist candidates for parliament were returned unopposed no reliable estimate can be formed of the electoral strength of the parties. The Liberal and Radical press are disappointed and regret that the result was so little purpose. The broad fact of the situation is that the Conservatives are not likely to be displaced and it is not probable that any serious divisions should arise in the cabinet between the sections led respectively by Mr. Balfour, Conservative, and Mr. Chamberlain, Liberal-Unionist.

The ministers will prepare a brief and colorful royal speech. They will then dispose of the estimates and adjourn parliament until February.

MAKING IT HOT FOR DEBILITATED. Mexican Government will Present All Concerned in the Romero Affair. City of Mexico, July 30.—The 25th of August has been fixed upon as the date for the beginning of the trial of Colonel Romero, principal in the duel in which General Romero was killed a year ago. The public prosecutor also named as implicated, General Division Rocha, who was judge of the field, and all persons who were present at the scene of the duel. The public prosecutor also named as implicated, General Division Rocha, who was judge of the field, and all persons who were present at the scene of the duel.

AND THAT'S WORSE YET. Mexican Newspaper Calls the Supreme Judge Despot and Ignoramus. City of Mexico, July 30.—Universal, a newspaper, attacks the supreme court, calling it a council of seventeen despots, alleging that the court is debating on bringing that journal before its tribunals for having called the court a collection of despots. Universal today renewed the attack, charging the court with seventeen great ignoramuses.

LINE OF STEAMERS SUBSIDIZED. Government of New Zealand Proposes Communication with Van Couven. Wellington, N. Z., July 30.—In the house of representatives today the colonial treasurer stated that the government had decided to subsidize a line of communication between Van Couven, B. C. The amount of the subsidy proposed is \$20,000.

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WHY THEY RAN OFF

GEORGE TAYLOR TAKES THE STAND IN HIS OWN BEHALF.

He Says a Boy Told Him of the Finding of the Murdered Meekes and He Was Afraid of a Plot of His Brother's Enemies, and So They at Once Skipped—Witnesses Testify to Prove an Alibi—Father of the Accused Gets his Story Mixed—Case of the State Much Strengthened—William Taylor's Testimony.

Carrollton, Mo., July 30.—In the Taylor trial this morning, the first witness was William McClannahan, whose testimony was more favorable to the state than the evidence given by the state witnesses as to Taylor's harrowing over the wagon tracks made by the Taylors on their return from their alleged murderous expedition.

James C. Taylor, father of the prisoners, was the next witness. He deposed that there was blood on the wagon the morning following the murder. He had examined the wagon carefully for blood and found none. When asked how the wagon had been burned he said it had probably caught fire from sparks from a fire used in the yard for boiling soap. On cross examination he admitted that he had not the morning following the murder. He had examined the wagon carefully for blood and found none. When asked how the wagon had been burned he said it had probably caught fire from sparks from a fire used in the yard for boiling soap.

The usual dispute between lawyers occurred today with apologies from both sides. Taylor was severely rebuked by the court.

Mrs. Mattie VanWye and her daughter Alpha, formerly neighbors of the Taylors, were called to the stand. Mrs. VanWye testified that she was at the bank of Brownings on the night the murder was committed. Mrs. VanWye could not remember many circumstances of the night, but she was certain question made, except that she was "short of breath."

George Taylor was put on the stand and testified that he was with his brother the day preceding and the day of the murder. He was at home the night of the murder and the next morning, after doing his chores, went out in the cornfield and did some harrowing until a boy accosted him and told of the finding of the bodies of the murdered family. He then rode to Brownings where he met his brother and both fled. His reason for flight was that his brother had enemies in the vicinity and he feared it was a plot to mob himself and brother and he wanted to get away from the mob.

In cross examination the witness testified that he had seen the body of Meeks in the hay stack and of pushing the straw from the dead man's face, was asked: "Did you cover up his face?" "I think probably the straw fell back over it."

"Was there much straw about him?" "Not much, just enough to cover him." It was the testimony of at least half a dozen witnesses who helped uncover Meeks that there was at least two feet of straw about the body of the man who was killed when they dug him out.

William P. Taylor succeeded his brother on the stand and detailed his actions on the night of the murder and next day but nothing of importance was elicited.

THEY BELIEVE IN DAN. Governor Culberson's Proclamation Does Not Seem to Have Much Effect on the Sports. New York, July 30.—Governor Culberson's edict adverse to pugilistic encounters in the state of Texas does not seem to have much effect on the sports. The names of the sportsmen at San Antonio, Texas, were shot in the back and killed by Juan Barroso at Rosario. Policarpo Espinosa, justice of the peace, was shot in the back and killed by Barroso. Espinosa is under arrest.

TELLS HIS STORY CALMLY. Revolving Confessions of the Colored Fled Emmett Divers. St. Louis, July 30.—Emmett Divers, colored, who was brought here several days ago from Hannibal to escape the hanging for the murder of Mrs. J. W. Cain near Fulton last Tuesday, has confessed. He said he outraged her and cut her throat eight times. The murder was committed in a bloody detail without an emotion other than to smile at times.

SHE CARRIED HER JEWELRY. Christian Endeavor Delegate from the West Missing Since the Convention. Boston, Mass., July 30.—Mrs. E. T. Gardner of Arcadia, Neb., who came here as a delegate to the Christian Endeavor convention, is missing and her husband has received a letter saying she was killed during the convention and her remains were found in a cornfield. It is feared Mrs. Gardner was spirited away by thieves who were attracted by the large sum of money and valuable jewelry she carried.

AT WORK ON THE HEARNE CASE. Grand Jury at Hannibal, Mo., Has Two Weeks of It Yet. Hannibal, Mo., July 30.—The grand jury reconvened today and immediately issued subpoenas for John E. Stillwell of Joplin, Mo.; Hon. J. H. Davidson of St. Louis, Mo.; and Arab Briggs of St. Louis, Mo. In connection with the grand jury every day and imparts all the information to them in his power. It is possible that the grand jury will remain in session off and on until August 15. Dr. Hearne and his wife are still in the city but Mrs. Hearne is never seen on the streets.

PICKED UP THE SHERIFFS. Two Young Desperados Give the Officers a Hot Fight in Wyoming. Denver, July 30.—A special to the News from Evanston, Wyo., says: Two young desperados who have been seeking refuge in this vicinity, were located last night by sheriff's posse. An engagement took place resulting in Deputy Sheriff Dawes of Evanston and Deputy Sheriff Tagg of Cheyenne being wounded in the shoulder. The thieves took refuge in a log cabin near Wamsatch and are now surrounded.

TOUGH ON POOR JACK. Decision of the Court is Against the Alleged Muttineers of the Arago. San Francisco, Cal., July 30.—United States District Judge Morrow has rendered a decision in the case of the Arago sailors who demanded that they be granted their liberty in habeas corpus. The opinion was merely a formal one. The court held that the sailors had no right to demand their liberty and that their decision would be against the petitioners. In its ruling today the court held that the sailors had been lawfully arrested and placed on board the Arago at Astoria. It was decided that they should be held for trial on the mutiny charge.

PLAYERS UP FOR CONTEMPT. Company Arrested for Going on with "The Crime of a Century." San Francisco, July 30.—Judge Murphy's court room looked as if the Duran trial was in progress today, but it was not. Instead the actors and managers of the Alcazar theater held the boards in an endeavor to show why they should not be punished for contempt for playing "The Crime of a Century" in defiance of an order of the court.

THE CASE OF W. R. ELLY. The manager of the company was first called by his attorneys endeavoring to show that the play had no reference to the Duran trial.

PULLETTIN OF THE WICHITA DAILY EAGLE.

Wichita, Wednesday, July 31, 1895

Weather for Wichita today: Fair; cooler; variable winds. Sun—Rises, 5:02; sets, 7:10. Moon—Waxing; sets 11:53.

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tant case, but Judge Murphy said it made no difference if the play were "Hamlet." The play itself cut no figures. It was the violation of the injunction of the court instead of taking legal means to have the injunction set aside, that constituted the contempt. The case was not finished and was postponed until Saturday. In the meanwhile Daily will rest in jail unless he can procure bond.

Last night when the play was stopped Daily announced on the stage that the performance would go on as usual to-night, but Judge Murphy made the actors promise that they would make no further attempt to produce the play and they were allowed to go.

Crack Barretts is Released. Santa Cruz, Cal., July 30.—W. F. Barrett, who accused himself of the Emancipator church murders, was released from jail today, having recovered from his hallucinations.

Shot by a Magistrate. San Diego, Cal., July 30.—Antonio Bennett, leader of the Sports Men at San Quentin, was shot in the back and killed by Juan Barroso at Rosario. Policarpo Espinosa, justice of the peace, was shot in the back and killed by Barroso. Espinosa is under arrest.

Fifteen-Year-Old Freebooter. Chelsea, Mass., July 30.—Henry G. Clark, 15 years old, and a regular incendiary, was arrested today. Investigation shows he has been the cause of a score of fires. His parents are well known and prominent in society.

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LIBERIAN COLONISTS WHO HAD A HARD TIME OF IT.

LIVED IN ARKANSAS

ALLURED BY FORTY ACRES OF LAND AND A MULE TALK.

SET ADRIFT ON THEIR ARRIVAL

NOTHING TO SHOW FOR THE MONEY THEY HAD ADVANCED.

Numbers of the Colonists Starved to Death and the Survivors Driven to Eat Carrion Fish and Snakes.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 30.—At the Wayfaring lodge, Lombard street home sick and destitute are three negroes of Arkansas who have returned from Liberia without having secured a cent since they were sent to the colony some months ago. Of nearly 100 companions some are said to have died of starvation and others are eking out a wretched existence in Africa.

The three men are farmers of Jefferson county, Arkansas. They say the International Emigration society of Birmingham, Ala., offered twenty acres of land to every colonist and used as endorsement the name of Bishop H. M. Turner of Atlanta, Ga.

The subscribers were required to pay \$40 in advance by installments and their passage to Savannah. In return they were to receive a passage, food and the land on arrival.

The ship sailed on March for Monrovia with ninety-seven colonists who were in the care of the society's secretary. The men declare that they were simply dumped ashore and allowed to shift for themselves. A score of their companions died of starvation and others were perished by starvation. Work could not be secured and the flesh of dead animals and snakes was secured upon which they lived for food. Shelton and his two neighbors saw no hope for them in the colony and succeeded in obtaining passage to Liverpool and hence to Philadelphia. They expect help from Arkansas which will enable them to return to their homes.

BACK RIOT IN ALABAMA. Colored Man Starts It by Shooting Two Men Sent to Arrest Him. Birmingham, Ala., July 30.—The mingling town of Brookside, fifteen miles west of here is in a state of panic to-night over a riot which occurred today, resulting in the death of two deputy sheriffs, and a number of negroes. The riot, which lasted over an hour, was between an organized band of white miners headed by Deputy Sheriff A. T. Wood and Joel Baxter who were trying to break up a mob of negroes, and a crowd of the latter's friends. Over 100 shots were fired.

Mine Boss Calverhouse, of the Blog company, who is in charge of the mine, refused to leave and a warrant was sworn out against him. Deputy Sheriff Wood and Joel Baxter went to arrest Biggers. As they approached Biggers fired upon them. A bullet passed through the chest of Wood and another through his heart, killing him instantly. Baxter was mortally wounded but was able to get back to the camp and give the alarm.

The white miners at once organized and went to arrest Biggers. The latter in the meantime had called on a number of negroes and another two parties met, a pitched battle resulted, the negroes fleeing to the woods. It was said that a dozen or more were shot down, but Biggers and another killed outright and the others badly wounded. Whether any of the whites were wounded or not could not be learned. The names of the slain are: McDonald, killed outright and the others badly wounded. Whether any of the whites were wounded or not could not be learned.

The town of Brookside is in a state of great excitement. Every man in town is armed. The riot was kept up at intervals for two hours or more. Late tonight word reached here from the telegraph operator at Brookside that he feared an attack by the negroes is feared.

When the first news of the fight was received here this evening Sheriff Morrow is armed. The riot was kept up at intervals for two hours or more. Late tonight word reached here from the telegraph operator at Brookside that he feared an attack by the negroes is feared.

MRS. WAGNER'S SATCHEL FOUND. Contains Negroes' Stamps to the Amount of Twenty-Eight Thousand Dollars. Buffalo, N. Y., July 30.—Secret service detectives have found a satchel containing \$28,000 worth of bogus stamps which belonged to Mrs. McMillan, alias Mrs. McKay of Hamilton, Ontario, who is now in jail awaiting trial for participation in the scheme. The satchel was found on the terrace near the house of a person whose name is withheld and who may be mentioned in the coming issue of the paper. The satchel was found on the terrace near the house of a person whose name is withheld and who may be mentioned in the coming issue of the paper.

SOLDIERS MUST WAIT FOR PAY. Democratic Financier as Exemplified in Army Appropriations. Washington, July 30.—On February last Congress passed a bill for the pay of soldiers during the first year of their enlistment. It failed, however, to reach the president's desk. The bill was passed by a vote of 100 to 90. The bill was passed by a vote of 100 to 90.