

HOW COMES THE TUG

TEXAS LEGISLATURE GETS RIGHT DOWN TO LAWMAKING.

MESSAGE IS RED HOT

VIGOROUS EPITHETS APPLIED TO PATRONS OF THE KING.

TWO BILLS AT ONCE INTRODUCED

PRIZE FIGHTING MADE FELONY ON A GOOD STIFF PENALTY.

Both Sides Find it Convenient to Delay Matters While—Corbett Starts for Texas to Train—Fight News.

Austin, Texas, Oct. 1.—In compliance with the proclamation of Governor Culberson convening the legislature in this city October 1, to take action on the prize fight question, which has been agitated by the Corbett-Fitzsimmons bill at Dallas, October 31, a quorum of both the house and senate met today at high noon and were in working shape within thirty minutes, and at 12:30 promptly received a message from Governor Culberson. The governor confined himself solely to the prize fight question, and reviewed at length the situation which has made the call necessary. He said that he regretted that he had to call the solons together, but as the question was being wrangled over in the courts he deemed it advisable to convene the legislature by having the legislature enact a law that would be clear and specific on this subject, and he desired it to go into immediate effect.

HE SAYS IN CONCLUSION.

His message concludes as follows, after a careful review of the condition of the laws of other states: "So in this instance if no law exists, the state does not give any assurance or come under any obligation, that its legislation upon the subject will remain unchanged. But these principles need not here be invoked. By proclamation all persons have been given notice that this exhibition would not be permitted and whatever has been done by the promoters was with full responsibility for the consequences. The public interests require that this exhibition, especially, should be suppressed. Discontented by Mexico and the territories, outraged by the people of every state, it is proposed to assemble a horde of ruffians and gamblers and offer her this commanding insult to public decency, against which the instincts and pride of the people revolt, and with prompt and resolute action will spare the ignominy and the shame. It will do nothing to the credit of the great city of Dallas, which has so many and so generous and enlightened people, the wholesome and assuring truth, now obscured by anger and misconception, and for which it will hereafter thank you, that no part of its material prosperity, no part of its social and intellectual and industrial progress, no part of its splendid destiny is bound up in this exhibition, and within its limits one of the most disgraceful orgies that ever promised to discredit and dishonor Texas. "Impelled by a sense of duty to exert every executive power in my hands, you have been called to this special session and the responsibility for the consequences is now divided with you. That you will be true to the representatives of the whole people, anxious and ready to protect the fair name of the state is not doubted."

BILLS ARE INTRODUCED.

As soon as the message was read, in compliance with its command, two bills were introduced in both houses. The respective bills in the two houses are identical. The bill introduced in the senate by Senator Lewis of Baxter, and the one in the house by Representative Ward of Travis, are generally conceded to be the measures of the administration. They declare that any person who in prize fighting or any pugilistic encounter shall be deemed guilty of felony and shall be punished by an imprisonment of not less than one nor more than two years. This bill, of course, has the emergency clause. The other bill, introduced in the senate by Senator Simpson provides a penalty of not less than five nor more than ten years and further provides that any one who in any manner aids or abets a fight will be considered a participant. The emergency clause is also in this bill. The bills were referred to the judiciary committee in either house and they were to take up their report at a later session. The Dallas attorneys appeared before them, however, to ask for further time, claiming that they could show that the proposed law was unconstitutional and in violation of the constitution as confiscatory. In compliance with their requests, both committees adjourned until morning at 9 o'clock and nothing further was done by either house in the matter.

DELAY AND LOBBYING.

As the matter now stands it is a political row between the friends of Governor Culberson and his personal opponents, of which he has quite a number in the legislature. There are ninety-four members of the house present and twenty-four senators. In the house it is necessary to get six votes to make a law go into immediate effect and 21 votes is necessary in the senate. In the house at the present writing there are fifteen out-and-out men against putting any emergency clause in the bill, while there are four who are doubtful. This puts the two-thirds vote out of the question. In the house, with its roster. In the senate there are three against the emergency clause, and two doubtful, which places it all in serious danger, there also. If a vote was taken now with only the present number present, there is little doubt that the emergency clause would be defeated. The administration forces do not propose to come to a vote on the matter, however, until more of their men arrive and their absences are expected by tomorrow afternoon at the latest. The Dallas people also want to delay to either additional forces, so everybody is pleased to delay the game at present. Tonight lobbying is being indulged in right and left, and a strong effort is being made to pull the twenty-two Populists in the house over to the fight side.

HOKE SMITH'S SAY.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Secretary Smith was asked today if he would take any steps to prevent the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight taking place in the Indian territory, and replied that if an attempt was made to have the fight take place upon any reservation which is directly under the control and not set apart as a separate government, he most certainly will prevent it. He knew of no reservation, he said, that would give the depart-

ment authority to prevent the fight on lands controlled by the five civilized tribes, if the Indians of the five civilized tribes, or any nation of them, should call upon the department to prevent the fight, saying that the Indians as a nation objected to it, then the department would prevent it.

HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW THERE WAS ANY DISPOSITION TO HAVE THE FIGHT IN THE INDIAN COUNTRY, BUT HE HAD SEEN SOMETHING TO THAT EFFECT IN THE PAPERS.

CORBETT OFF FOR TEXAS.

New York, Oct. 1.—The Corbett party started for Texas at 1 o'clock this morning. Corbett was accompanied by his manager, William A. Brady, Steve O'Donnell, Jim McVey, Billy Delaney and Jim Daly. Corbett will stop at Washington and Atlanta en route. He expects to reach San Antonio, Tex., about Oct. 8. It is not known whether John L. Sullivan will accompany him.

Washington, Oct. 1.—James Corbett and party arrived in this city at 3:30 today and the champion went at once to National park where he and his brother Steve fought in a game of ball. Corbett did not take any chance of being hit while at bat. He injured one of his fingers slightly in catching a thrown ball. The party left at 10:30 over the Southern railroad for Atlanta, where Corbett appears in a sparring match tomorrow night. From there he goes to New Orleans where another sparring exhibition will be given Friday night, and from there to San Antonio, Tex., to go into training.

Corbett said in regard to the calling of the Texas legislature, that while he believed the government to do right he was misinformed as to the brutality of prize fighting.

Laredo, Texas, Oct. 1.—It appears that the Florida Athletic club have doubts as to their ability to pull the great fight in Dallas and are morning about by telegraphing an option on the amphitheatre and arena used for bull fighting in New Laredo, Mexico. This would seem to indicate that the fight will be held in Laredo, Mexico, for one month, but further particulars could not be obtained.

PROFESSOR DYCHE IN NEW YORK.

He Returns from the Arctic Regions Laden with Riches.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 1.—Professor L. D. Dyche, of Kansas university, who represented the Museum of Natural History in the Greenland expedition, arrived in New York today. He has secured a number of rich Arctic specimens and trophies including a number of dogs which will be taken to the Central Academy of Sciences. Professor Dyche secured two meteorites, one weighing 2,000 and the other 800 pounds. He says he left behind one weighing 40 tons. In addition he has secured a number of fur-bearing animals, twenty walrus hides, a monster whale and several thousand birds and eggs.

The specimens will be divided between the Museum of Natural History, Central Park and the Kansas university.

The professor declared that the last expedition was a failure but he says he would like to take part in another, and believes that it is possible to reach the pole. He said that he had been instructed by Lieutenant Peary not to talk for publication.

PORTLAND, ME., OCT. 1.—Lieutenant and Mrs. Peary arrived in the city this evening from Herby, Me., where their home is on Cape Elizabeth. The explorer's mother had gone to the city to meet him, so he came back to town and found her. The meeting was an affecting one.

ROBERT CROZIER IS DEAD.

At One Time He Represented Kansas in the United States Senate.

Leavenworth, Kan., Oct. 1.—Hon. Robert Crozier, ex-United States senator from Kansas and for sixteen years past judge of the state district court for Leavenworth county, died at his home here Saturday afternoon. Deceased was the father of Captain William Crozier of the ordinance department of the United States army and of the late congressman Reburn of Pennsylvania.

NINE MORE BALLOTS TAKEN.

Deadline for the Ninth District Judicial Election is Tomorrow.

Hutchinson, Kan., Oct. 1.—(Special)—The Ninth district judicial election convention resumed balloting today—beginning with the two hundred and thirty-fifth ballot and proceeding to the two hundred and thirty-seventh ballot. There was no change in the vote, the three delegations from Reno, Harvey and McPherson counties standing solidly for the candidates, respectively Martin, Greene and Simpson. The utmost good humor prevails, but the prospects of an early settlement are not bright when the convention adjourns.

CITY IS IN POSSESSION.

Conflict at Wellington on Account of the Waterworks.

Wellington, Kan., Oct. 1.—The Wellington waterworks at an early hour this morning shut down their pumping plant according to previous notice, the city having failed to pay any more hydrant rentals. The city authorities immediately took possession of the plant and will open it unless disposed of by the courts. The works are owned by parties in Rhode Island and valued at \$150,000.

Martin's Papers are Filed.

Topeka, Kan., Oct. 1.—Secretary Bristow of the Republican state committee today filed the nomination papers of Judge David Martin as the Republican candidate for chief justice with the secretary of state.

Busied Himself with the Jail.

Perry, O. T., Oct. 1.—James Davenport was locked up in jail at Cleveland, Wash. while drunk. Last night to escape he attempted to burn a hole in the floor of the jail. The building was burned and Davenport's charred remains were taken from the ashes an hour afterwards. He is a farmer 59 years old and the father of ten children.

May be the Work of Indians.

Independence, Kan., Oct. 1.—Terrible prairie fires are raging in Oklahoma Territory south of here and the atmosphere presents a hazy appearance, evidently caused by the smoke. The grass is very high and very dry. It is thought that the fires were started by Indians.

Senator Mahone's Condition Critical.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Ex-Senator Mahone's condition was unchanged at midnight. He was very low and his physicians could not hope, although it was thought the dissolution might occur tonight. His family is with him.

BUILDING AN ALIBI

DURRANT DEFENSE BEGINS AT THE DAY AFTER THE MURDER

Pawnbroker Oppenheim's Testimony the Point of Initial Attack—Attempts Made to Impach His Memory—Mention of the Roll Call Operates as a Call to Arms—Evidence to Show the Practice of Classes Answering for One Another is Rejected—Court Rules Out its Own Question—Crime News.

San Francisco, Oct. 1.—After gathering up a few ragged ends of testimony left over from last week the defense in the Durrant case today began by building the building of an alibi for the young medical student from April 4 to April 12 inclusive. The purpose of the alibi is to impeach the testimony of Pawnbroker Oppenheim and W. J. Phillips, who testified that on April 12 Durrant tried to pawn Blanche Lamont's ring at Oppenheim's store. During the course of the testimony which covered Durrant's movements April 4 and 5, a struggle was precipitated by District Attorney Barnes who again challenged the reliability of the roll call book at Cooper college. The argument ended in a victory for the defense so far as the question before the court was concerned, as Judge Murphy sustained an objection to a question propounded by him self to the witness and cut off discussion.

The trial began this morning with a session which was quite as connected to the prosecution as to the defense. Juror I. T. Truman informed the court that last Thursday during the noon recess of the court he was approached by H. J. Murphy, court secretary, and the Young Men's Christian association who endeavored to engage him in conversation on the subject of the trial.

"If you don't hang Durrant," said McCoy to the juror, "we will hang you."

The court said the offense bordered strongly on a crime and cited McCoy to appear in court at noon on Oct 3 and show cause why he should not be punished for contempt.

R. W. Maltland, the electrician who testified last week with regard to the construction of the sun burners in Emanuel church, was the first witness called. The testimony was to the effect that he was on duty last week and was intended to show the liability of the escape of gas under certain conditions.

BEGINNING ON OPPENHEIM.

The assault on Pawnbroker Oppenheim's testimony then began. The defense called to the stand four witnesses by whom it was proposed to test the accuracy of the pawnbroker's memory. Marvin Curtis, William Cathcart, P. J. Neumann and Leonard Everest, members of the National Guard and the signal corps to which Durrant belonged, testified that they had taken various articles of jewelry to Oppenheim's store and attempted to pawn them. They declared that they were in the store when they were dressed at the time. The descriptions in many instances did not correspond with the descriptions given by Oppenheim when he was asked to tell how the money was obtained. Each of the four witnesses said he had subscribed money to assist in the defense of Durrant.

The next step was to impeach the testimony of Attorney Quint to the effect that he had seen Durrant at the date upon which he saw Durrant and Blanche Lamont walking toward Emanuel church. John Patten, Patrick Mulvaney and H. L. Murphy, who testified that they were in the store when the money was had. On cross-examination Mulvaney and Murphy said they were prejudiced against Clark from the fact that they had business difficulties with his father.

The judge said he believed the testimony he had struck out but the motion was denied by the court.

COURT ASKS A QUESTION.

The building of Durrant's alibi on contradiction of the charges made by Pawnbroker Oppenheim was begun with the testimony of Dr. A. H. Halhalt, a lecturer at Cooper Medical college. Asked if Durrant was present at the lecture given on the morning of April 12, the doctor testified that he recalled the names of a great many of the students in the class who attended the lecture on the morning in question. The doctor recalled the names of a great many of the students in the class who attended the lecture on the morning in question. The doctor recalled the names of a great many of the students in the class who attended the lecture on the morning in question.

The prosecution next attacked the reliability of the roll call before the charge was made by the witness. The attorney had hardly reached this point of the subject, however, Judge Murphy took a hand in the examination. He asked the witness if in his experience as an instructor in the college he had ever known a student where students had answered at roll call for other students who were not present. The defense at once interposed an objection and the court was placed in the predicament of ruling on its own question. The judge said that while he might permit the question to be answered if it should come from a proper source, he would sustain the objection if the answer was not from the roll call.

STAYS ON THE SAFE SIDE.

The District Attorney Barnes asked the same question and the defense interposed an objection. Attorney Dykeinson argued that while it was possible to call into court every student who attended the lecture and ask each one if he answered the roll call for Durrant, it would be unfair to cast suspicion on the particular roll call in question by the practice custom that might have occurred at another. The court said it believed the question proper and the evidence sought competent, but for the sake of safety sustained the objection. With Durrant's whereabouts on the morning of April 4 accounted for, the defense attempted to show where the defendant was the next day. George A. Merrill, an instructor at the school of mechanical arts, said that Durrant called upon him at 11 o'clock on the forenoon of April 5. Asked if Durrant made known the object of his call, the witness replied in the affirmative, but he was not permitted to tell what Durrant said.

Before court adjourned Attorney Dickinson called the attention of the court to the large number of threatening letters that were being received by himself and Attorney Deuprey and asked that the jurors be instructed to turn such letters over to the court should they receive any.

The judge said he received a great many letters of the same kind.

WOULD RATHER HANG.

Rev. John G. Gibson, pastor of Emanuel church, who is virtually accused by Attorney Deuprey of committing the murders that have made his church notorious, was interviewed today for the first time. The accusation, he said, was in harmony with all the actions of

the defense from the beginning. "I would rather be hanged," concluded the reverend, "than be saved by any means, as Durrant and Oppenheim, (the other defense lawyer) are employing."

SHOT AND THEN LINGERED.

Cowboys Execute Vengeance Upon Accused Murderer in California.

Ukiah, Cal., Oct. 1.—As a result of a feud between rival nations in the Ukiah valley, a man named Vincent was shot and dangerously wounded on Saturday. He accused John Littlefield of shooting him from a tree. Vincent is living and may recover. Littlefield was arrested in his cabin after a hard fight with the officers. While on the way to the jail the posse was met by a mob of masked cowboys, disarmed and with their heads covered with grain sacks. When Littlefield discovered the mob he sprang from his horse and attempted to escape. He was fired at by the fleeing mob, was thrown and captured. He was then lynched, the officers obeying the command to move on. The body was left hanging for two days.

MEETING OF THE HOMEOPATHISTS.

Missouri Valley Association in a Three Day's Session in Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 1.—The convention of the Missouri Valley Homeopathic association was in session in Casino hall today. The convention was opened with an address of welcome by Mayor Davis, followed by responses by Dr. H. C. Brady of this city and President D. A. Foote of Omaha. The afternoon session was devoted to reading reports of minutes and reports of the committees. The afternoon session was devoted to papers by President Foote and others, and general discussions. A session was held tonight and other sessions will be held tomorrow and Thursday. Tomorrow afternoon the annual election of officers will be held and the place of holding the next convention will be determined. The convention will be held at Omaha, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri are present and others are expected.

LATE NEWS BY WIRE.

Items of General Interest From All Over the Universe.

San Francisco, Oct. 1.—President Collis P. Huntington of the Southern Pacific railway today announced that he would soon be a general shake-up of officers on the Atlantic system.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 1.—James Corbett was shot from a distance by a member of San Mateo, was shot from a distance and killed yesterday by a band of renegade Apache Indians.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—The suit by the Whitcomb Electric Manufacturing company of Ohio against the Craver and Steele Manufacturing company was dismissed today by Judge Shonberger.

New York, Oct. 1.—A dispatch from New Haven, Conn., announces the death at Hampton, Conn., today of Professor E. W. Washburn, president of the American Physical Association at the Brown university.

Danville, Oct. 1.—Shultz Liberg & Co., large tobacco manufacturers of this city, who do business in Danville, Va., were assigned today. Liabilities 75,000; assets nearly that amount.

St. Louis, Oct. 1.—Arthur J. Goodwin, members of the Continental Oil company of this city today on the charge of receiving stolen goods. He will return without a requisition.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Miss Lucile Blackburn, daughter of Senator Joe Blackburn of this state, was married today at St. Matthew's cathedral to Thomas F. Lane, chief of division of the register's office in the treasury department.

Woodville, Miss., Oct. 1.—The Edward McGee college for girls, one of the finest institutions in the south, was destroyed by fire today. The building, valued at \$100,000, was burned to the ground. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. The cause of the fire is not known.

San Francisco, Oct. 1.—The Bank of Monett and the Bank of Purdy, both Berkeley county institutions, have been closed today by the state receiver upon notification by the state receiver of their insolvent condition, and are in the hands of receivers.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—Delegates to the third annual convention of the National Press association arrived this morning for a two days session. Colonel J. W. McPherson, president of the association, arrived today from Chicago, where he will remain until tomorrow, when the session will settle down to business.

Washburn, Mo., Oct. 1.—The water works of the town of Circleville and Johnston, having a combined population of 1,000, are without water for ordinary purposes. The cause of the trouble is not known.

Lansing, Mich., Oct. 1.—The barge, which broke loose from her mooring during the recent storm on Lake Superior, April 1, and drifted to Grand Island, was found today. The crew of six men, a woman and a child, were not found and are undoubtedly dead.

Atlantic City, N. J., Oct. 1.—A bulletin was posted tonight by Dr. Bennett, who is attending Harry Wright, the veteran ball player, at a critical point. He was taken with a sinking illness and died at 10 o'clock today. He was 65 years old.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—Rev. Anthony Kostlow, priest of the Roman Catholic church in this city, was arrested today on the charge of receiving stolen goods. He was found in possession of a large quantity of stolen goods.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Secretary Smith today announced that he had received a letter from the Hawaiian government offering to purchase the Hawaiian Islands for \$5,000,000.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 1.—The grand jury today finished the consideration of the charge against William Henry, known as "Boss" Tweed, who was charged with the murder of his father, Charles W. Henry. It is understood that the jury decided not to bring an indictment although no formal report has been made.

New York, Oct. 1.—Mrs. Clara Easka, 35-year-old, and her eleven-year-old daughter, Miss Grace, were arrested today on the charge of killing a man on the Pennsylvania railroad near Manhattan Junction by a fast train bound for Philadelphia today. The women were driving across the tracks on the anti-tammy forces.

Salt Lake, Utah, Oct. 1.—A special to the Tribune from Cheyenne, Wyo., says: Arrived here today from the north on the day for the California, Idaho and Montana Railroad company, which proposes to build a line from Cheyenne to Salt Lake to San Francisco. The capital stock is \$3,000,000. The incorporators are Morris and Nathaniel S. D. Dwyer, Chicago, and Deaver and Boise city parties.

New London, Conn., Oct. 1.—E. C. Beaman, a member of the Connecticut legislature, was arrested today on the charge of receiving stolen goods. He was found in possession of a large quantity of stolen goods.

San Francisco, Oct. 1.—A movement is on foot to revive the committee of seventy or to create a similar body to take the steps necessary to bring about a union of all the anti-tammy forces. The movement is inspired by the action taken by the good government club's convention last night in nominating a ticket against the advice of a majority of the executive committee. Dr. C. H. Parkhurst is among the leaders of the new movement.

Paris, Oct. 1.—It is announced that China has accorded full satisfaction to France for the recent attack upon the French missions in China.

TITLES COME HIGH

BUT THE AMERICAN MAMMA AND HER DAUGHTER CRAVE THEM.

Whereupon London Truth Guys the Yankee Fondness for Such Titles and Advise the Congress of the United States to Create a System of Titles and Put Them on Sale, Thereby, at the Same Time, Making Revenue—Back Slap at the Impoverished of England's Nobility—Foreign News in General.

London, Oct. 1.—Truth says today commenting upon the engagement between the duke of Marlborough and Miss Vanderbilt: "British matrons and their daughters will soon be clamoring for protection if all the prizes in the marriage market are to fall to the American damsels. The thirst for titles inherent in the Anglo-Saxon, it is vain to contend against. But the matter is somewhat to the United States. That country must be a great power through the accumulation of its wealth crossing the ocean and the United States will do well to manufacture the coveted title at home for it is a wooden nutmeg that is easily bought. The existence of titles, it is true, is not in accordance with the dignity of republican institutions, but in view of the heavy drain, this might be overlooked and the parents of any girl might be allowed to buy her title, say for 200,000 pounds (\$1,000,000) The public treasury would thus be filled with dollars and the girl would remain at home. There would still be the difficulty of finding husbands in the home market for the Americans are so strongly opposed to becoming rich through their ladies as the British noblemen are in favor of this mode of enrichment."

ANOTHER WARSHIP SUNK.

Havana, Oct. 1.—Another Spanish warship has been lost. Following close upon the loss of the cruiser Barcestone which was sunk in collision Sept. 20, comes the loss of the cruiser Cristobal Colon, a second class cruiser of about 1,200 tons displacement and 1,600 horsepower, which was sunk in the Bay of Cienfuegos on September 24. It was maintained at that time in official circles in Germany that the cruiser was destroyed by a mine. The loss of the cruiser was a serious blow to the Spanish navy. The Spanish commander, it is said, not only refused to release the prisoners, but confirmed the sentences and today sent them to the military prison.

ARMS FROM CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—Arms and ammunition for the Cuban revolution were being collected in Chicago. State Senator E. T. Noonan is authority for this statement. He says the Cubans through their fellow countrymen and sympathizers have already received the promise of more than 100 Winchester rifles of 44 calibre to be delivered at any time and that they are only waiting for an opportunity to ship them before they depart for their native land. The arms are being collected in Chicago and today sent them to the military prison.

CUBA'S VITAL POINT.

London, Oct. 1.—In the course of a long letter from Havana, published in the Times the correspondent says that the longer he stays in Cuba, and the more he sees of the Cubans, the stronger has become his conviction that a large measure of autonomy is necessary if Spain wishes to preserve Cuba in a peaceful state.

PREPARING TO TEST MATTERS.

Holders of the Venezuelan Concession Reported to Mean Business. St. Paul, Oct. 1.—The Pioneer Press says that Moses E. Clapp left for New York late tonight to attend, Thursday evening, a hastily arranged meeting of the Manoa company, limited, to consider immediate steps to take possession of the territory embraced in the concession from Venezuela. The outcome of the meeting may possibly be fraught with serious results. It is no secret that Clapp has long been in the territory in dispute between Venezuela and Great Britain and that the present government of the former country would not be both to avail itself of the concession and to maintain physical good offices of the United States to prevent the encroachment of the latter.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

London, Oct. 1.—A dispatch to the Globe published this afternoon from Madrid confirms the exclusive dispatch published by the afternoon papers of the Associated Press yesterday, from Havana, telling of the defeat of the insurgents at Portero Las Virgas, near San Spiritus, province of Santa Clara. The Globe dispatch says that a Spanish army commanded by Colonel Ruben Met 2,000 insurgents under the command of Sanchez, Serafina and Castillo, and that the government troops dislodged the enemy, killed forty of the insurgents and captured the remainder, including Serafina and Sanchez. The government troops, it is added, only sustained the loss of eleven, including Colonel Ruben. It is further stated that thirteen of the slain were of Sanchez's followers who surrendered.

SPANISH VOLUNTEERS.

Madrid, Oct. 1.—Volunteers to the number of 2,200 men presented themselves today for service in the island of Cuba. The chief of the Cuban reform party had an audience today with Senor Castellano, the minister of the colonies, to whom he renewed, on behalf of the reformists, his assurances of loyalty, patriotism and assistance in settling the insurrection in Cuba.

CHOLERA NOT ABATING.

San Francisco, Oct. 1.—The steamer City of Japan arrived today from Chicago and Japan and went immediately into quarantine. The Peking is twenty days out from Yokohama. When she left that port cholera was raging there. It is feared that the disease will linger until late in the winter. In northern Japan there has been little change in the status of the disease. About the same number of deaths occur daily and there are no signs of the plague abating.

PERFECT CALM PREVAILS.

Washington, Oct. 1.—The Turkish legation has received the following telegram from the minister for foreign affairs of Turkey: "I beg to inform you that acting under the instigation of certain American agitators, hostile gatherings were formed opposite and in the Armenian patriarchal. Thanks to the measures taken by the city, perfect calm prevails."

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Paris, Oct. 1.—M. A. Aronson, the French minister of commerce announced today in the chamber of commerce of Paris that a contract had been entered for laying a cable from Brest to New York which will connect the French telegraph system with the Antilles.

Rio De Janeiro, Oct. 1.—The German steamship Uruguay, 1,460 tons, had been wrecked off Cape Rio. The crew and passengers were saved but the ship and cargo will be a total loss.

London, Oct. 1.—It is reported that the European sugar crop will be 1,200,000 tons short of the average.

RUSSO-GERMAN ENTENTE.

London, Oct. 1.—It is reported in the Daily News from Berlin says: "The Russo-German entente is becoming more and more definite. The Russian government has decided to support the German government in its policy of maintaining the status quo in the Balkans. The German government has decided to support the Russian government in its policy of maintaining the status quo in the Balkans. The Russo-German entente is becoming more and more definite."

PULLETON OF The Wichita Daily Eagle.

Wichita, Wednesday, October 2, 1895

Weather for Wichita today: Fair; warm; south winds. Sun—Elev. 5,525; sets. 5:42. Moon—Waxing; sets. 5:28.

INDEX OF TODAY'S IMPORTANT NEWS

- 1. Texas Legislature Gets to Business
Durrant Defense Works on an Alibi
London Truth Gives Advice on Titles
Irrigation Convention at Garden City
2. Second Day's Trotting at Terre Haute
Scheme to Disfranchise Colored Voters
Tricks of European Traders in Mexico
3. Father Wagner and the Trouble Re-In
Diminishing Volume of Stock Dealings
4. Fair Opened with Successful Start
Receiver Asked for for Topeka Capital
Matter's Sentence Commuted by Governor
5. Photographers in First Annual Session
Croker is in Evidence in Tammany
7. Mutual Benefit Association in Trouble

The emperor's aid-de-camp, Lieutenant Colonel von Moltke handed to the czar yesterday, at St. Petersburg, an autograph letter from Emperor William II. The letter, which is in German, seems to be a sequel to the negotiations opened by Chancellor von Hohenlohe, and has come as a complete surprise to everybody. Although the contents of the letter are unknown, the sending of it is regarded as an act of great political importance.

It will be remembered that dispatches from Associated Press correspondents at the visit of the German chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, in St. Petersburg on September 24. It was maintained at that time in official circles in Germany that the emperor's visit to St. Petersburg was in regard to an estate in Russia held by his wife, which under the Russian law he could not as a German subject hold without special permission of the czar, which it was said was to be the object of his visit to obtain. Upon his return to Berlin it was stated that he had succeeded in this object. This, however, did not quiet persistent rumors that Chancellor von Hohenlohe was entrusted with a mission from the emperor more nearly involving the interests of the czar and the emperor's wife.

This, it was said, was to confer with Prince Lobanoff, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, with regard to the Russo-German entente, and the event of further troubles in the far east and to effect a general understanding on the political situation. Advice to the Associated Press from Berlin has been to the effect that the German Chancellor was measurably successful also in this more important official mission to St. Petersburg. The emperor's visit to St. Petersburg, it is above dispatch, confirms the view that Prince von Hohenlohe's visit was concerned in important matters of state between the two empires.

COMMITTEES.

The committee on resolutions comprises the following: Arizona—Conita Cameron, Charles H. Drake. Arkansas—J. A. Blackburn, A. Bestig. California—Francis J. Henry. Colorado—Charles Thurlow, Mrs. F. P. Ernest. Illinois—A. J. Shaw, Milton Rhodes. Kansas—Howell Jones, W. F. Finney, Louisiana—E. Pendleton. Missouri—C. N. Clark, H. W. Salmon, Montana—J. D. Whelpley. New Mexico—T. R. Mills,