

BAWARD WONT HELP

MRS. MAYBRICK SUFFERS FROM "DIPLOMATIC USAGE."

HER FRIENDS ACTIVE

AGITATION MAY WORK TO THE PRISONER'S ADVANTAGE.

NEW IRISH LAND BILL READY

PROPOSED TO ABOLISH THE IRISH LORD LIEUTENANCY.

Com Paul Orders a Smart Brougham, But Stays Home Himself—Princess Maud's Capers—Improvement in Trade

(Copyrighted 1896 by the Associated Press.) London, Eng., April 11.—The resolution introduced by Mr. Call in the United States senate in the case of Mrs. Florence Maybrick, the American woman who is undergoing a sentence of imprisonment for life, after having been convicted of causing the death of her husband by poison, has attracted many sarcastic comments in the press. Some of the newspapers here intimate that the senate interferes with everybody's business.

But the friends of Mrs. Maybrick and a portion of the press think that the senate's action will be beneficial to the unfortunate prisoner. The Echo, for instance, says: "While the senate's action will, for the present, harden the so-called judicial mind of England, yet it will compel a partial re-investigation of the case by the press of this country, which will ultimately move the home office, and it is probable that we shall see a similar result with Venezuela. The home office will be compelled by the commotion on both sides of the Atlantic to alter its policy, and when additional light has been thrown on the case, we may expect a reprieve after a sleepily delay."

The friends of Mrs. Maybrick are severe in their criticisms of United States Ambassador Hayward. They even go so far as to say that Mrs. Maybrick would have been free by this time had any other man occupied the post of ambassador of the United States here. They claim that Mr. Bayard is now so afraid of transgressing what he termed "diplomatic usage" that he hesitates to take any action in the matter. The Washington position with weighty signatures was transmitted through Mr. Bayard by the state department, neither the foreign office nor the home office informed the United States embassy of its recent decision in the Maybrick case.

NEW IRISH LAND BILL. Mr. Gerald Balfour, the chief secretary for Ireland, on Monday next will introduce an Irish land bill of far larger scope than that brought forward by John Morley when he was chief secretary for Ireland in the Liberal administration. It proceeds on the principle that purchase by the occupying tenant is the ultimate solution of the land question in Ireland.

Balfour's task has been easier by the increasing prosperity of Ireland, where agitation is becoming decidedly a discount. The savings banks deposits in Ireland now amount to near \$30,000,000, the highest figure ever recorded. Besides, the bulk of the evicted tenants have returned to their holdings and Smith-Barry, as an example, has just come to terms with all his agricultural tenants in Tipperary, another important settlement in progress.

The question of abolishing the office of lord lieutenant of Ireland and appointing a member of the royal family, possibly the duke of York, their heir presumptive, to the post, is again being agitated. The question will be raised shortly in the house of commons. It is said that the scheme finds favor with Irishmen of all parties and that it is not an extravagant estimate.

KILLED INFANTS FOR A LIVING

London Woman and Her Nephew Arrested for Six Murders. London, April 11.—A sensational arrest has been made in the case of a woman named Dyer, and her son-in-law, Palmer, charged with murdering a number of infants. The bodies of six children who had apparently been strangled to death have been recovered from the Thames into which they were thrown weighted down with rocks. It is added that letters were found at the woman's house showing that many of the parents which whom she and her supposed accomplice had dealings were aware of the fate intended for their infants. These letters, it appears, were from persons in all classes of society.

The coroners have been puzzled at the recovery of so many bodies from the Thames from Wapping and Battersea, and have concluded that the bodies were wrapped in brown paper or old linen. But up to the present the authors of those many murders could not be traced. Seventeen children are known to have been committed to the river since Christmas of last year, and it is believed that of these seventeen children at the present time the whereabouts of only four can be ascertained by authorities.

Long Sitting of Parliament.

Ottawa, Ont., April 11.—It was 11:45 tonight when the house adjourned. Sir Charles Tupper, when the hour of adjournment came, said that the remedial bill would not be taken up on Monday. The house was in continuous session 129 hours.

Patriarcha Disobey the Sultan.

London, April 11.—A Constantinople special says that the Armenian Catholic patriarch has refused to resign as the sultan's representative. The Catholic patriarch declares that it will be impossible for him to disobey the pope's injunction to remain at his post.

New Italian Loan Syndicate.

Rome, Italy, April 11.—The representatives of a group of Italian banks met here today and formed a syndicate to float a loan of 4,000,000 lire in 4 1/2 per cent rentes. The loan was taken at 97.

Mediation Story a Fake.

Washington, D. C. April 11.—The story that Secretary Olney had addressed a note to United States Minister Taylor in Madrid suggesting mediation, as reported in a fabrication.

Wilhelmshaven, Germany, April 11.—A collision occurred today between two torpedo boats which were being tried by the government officials on the river of the vicinity of the naval station. One of the torpedo boats sank, and five persons were drowned.

KAISER MEETS KING

THERE IS A REGULAR STORY-BOOK TIME OF IT AT VENICE.

Emperor William and the Empress Arrive on the Hohenzollern Accompanied by a Small Fleet of German Vessels, With Banners Flying and Bands Playing, and are Met With No End of Cheering and More Flying Banners and Playing Bands—Royalties of United Germany and United Italy Wax Affectionate.

Venice, April 11.—The city has been the scene of festivity all day long. Public interest is stimulated by royal proclamation announcing the arrival of the expected guests. Decorations are to be found everywhere, many of the designs expressing sentiments of good will toward the royal visitors. The Hohenzollern arrived off the Piazzetta at 3:20 this afternoon, followed by the Kaiserin, Augusta, the cruiser Vesuvio, two torpedo boats and a number of steamers with senators and deputies, civil and military officials and representatives of the press on board. This flotilla was met by a fleet of eight municipal barges gorgeously ornamented. A swarm of gondolas surrounded the larger boats. The gondolas were filled with sightseers, the entire assemblage having all the appearance of a public festival. The scene witnessed on the occasion of the arrival of the fleet from Naples, the emperor and empress being flung from the waste of all vessels, and flags flying from the windows of all houses facing the quay, which was densely crowded. Upon the approach of the German flotilla, the Hohenzollerns replied by hoisting the Italian flag. The bands on the various steamers then struck up a German anthem. The people cheered and sang, and the interchanging of greetings and acknowledgments of the presence of the ruler of Germany.

At 3:25 King Humbert, Queen Margareta, minister of foreign affairs, and General Pontecorvo and senator, proceeded on board the royal barge amid the wild cheers of the assembled multitude.

SOVEREIGNS MEET.

The meeting between the sovereigns was of the warmest nature, the emperor of Germany and the king of Italy and Empress Augusta and Queen Margareta embracing twice. Emperor William then kissed the crown prince, Victor Emmanuel, and the king of Italy and then followed. King Humbert and Queen Margareta were on board the German steamer, and the king and queen of Italy were on the Italian steamer. The emperor and queen were constantly cheering, the enthusiasm being particularly pronounced on the occasion of the arrival and departure of the representatives of royalty from the various states. The Hohenzollern band played the Italian royal march and the municipal bands responded by playing the German anthem. When King Humbert and Queen Margareta and the prince of Naples returned to the royal palace they were greeted with every mark of popular devotion.

Emperor William and Empress Augusta were in attendance at the dinner given by King Humbert and Queen Margareta. Among those present were members of the ministry. A large crowd gathered around the palace and cheered. The emperor and empress and king and queen were constantly cheering and bowed acknowledgments in response to the applause.

THE BAND PLAYED ON.

The basin of St. Mark's cathedral was brilliantly illuminated tonight. A number of bands gave a grand serenade to the emperor and empress, and the king and queen. The music was heard with gongs. Everywhere were heard the strains of the Italian and German anthems. When the "Song of Aegir," written by Emperor William, was played, the applause was especially notable.

After the dinner Emperor William received Premier Rudini on board the Hohenzollern. The German emperor welcomed warmly the prime minister of Italy and expressed satisfaction at the affection so manifested and apparent in the greeting which he and the empress received. Emperor William also received the duke of Salaparuta, minister of foreign affairs, and the Italian minister of marine. The weather throughout the day has been superb and the event was one which will be long remembered in Venice. King Humbert and Queen Margareta, and their deputies and senators, who are desirous of being presented to Emperor William.

CHAMBERLAIN THREATENS KRUGER

Cecil Rhodes is Reported on the Way to Recovery. New York, April 11.—A world special from London says: "Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, it is reported in well-informed circles, has called to President Kruger of the Transvaal calling his attention to the long delay in answering the invitation to visit England. Mr. Chamberlain intimated that unless a definite reply is given by the Transvaal, a personal conference may be had in London over the Uitlander grievances, other measures will be taken to secure a remedy for those grievances. 'All things being a long contemplated plan to ultimately annex the Transvaal. On the other hand the Matabele rising may hasten, or perhaps complicate the matter that the settlers will be in great peril unless British forces are sent to their assistance. Dutch feeling in Natal and Cape Colony is still so excited on account of the Jameson raid that the British governors of both Natal and Cape Colony have warned the home government that the landing of a large British force in either colony would be accepted by the Dutchmen as a great menace to the integrity of the Transvaal and even of the Orange Free State.'

Salisbury, Matabeleland, April 11.—Cecil Rhodes, formerly premier of Cape Colony, is recovering and will get well.

SHOULD BE MADE TO BEHAVE

Scheme to Stamp Out Latin-American Revolutionizing. City of Mexico, April 11.—The Mexican Herald advocates that the large and more stable states of Latin-America, such as Brazil, Argentina, Chile, and Mexico undertake to assure international peace to the smaller or more backward countries, thus avoiding any pretext for European interference, and says that Mexico is now becoming a manufacturing nation and rapidly expanding her agricultural interests and has a keen interest in Central America affairs, and it is her duty to prevent Central American politicians from jeopardizing their own future, and the interests of Mexico as well, by futile revolutions and an unprogressive internal policy. Latin-America must maintain order within itself if it is to avoid American interference. The present

BETER STOP SOON

DINGLEY FAVORS THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE ADJOURNMENT.

Just as Soon as the Appropriation Bills can be Got Through Both Houses—Occasion of This Recommendation is the Republican Caucus on Immigration, to Consider the Party Policy on That Question—McCall and Stone Hills Up for Discussion—Job Not Tackled With the Greatest Relish.

Washington, D. C., April 11.—Republican members of the house gathered at the capitol tonight in the second caucus of this congress, to determine the party policy on the immigration question, but because of the failure to secure a quorum, no definite action was taken. The meeting was chiefly interesting for a speech made by Mr. Dingley of Maine, the leader of the party on the floor of the house. Speaker Reed was not present, but Mr. Dingley spoke outlining the views upon general legislation held by the leaders of the house. So far as legislation relating to immigration was concerned, Mr. Dingley's speech did not inspire his friends with much hope. The general tenor of his address was that the Republicans should use every endeavor to bring about an early adjournment of congress, to adjourn if possible within a month, as the most appropriate thing would be passed by both houses. There was considerable legislation before congress, Mr. Dingley explained, but much of it would have to be left undone and perhaps the immigration question would be among those which could not be taken up. While he expressed his personal interest in the immigration bill, he deprecated a caucus rule of the house and recommended that the order of business be left to the judgment of the committee on rules.

THE PROGRAM.

The program of the committee, as Mr. Dingley outlined it, is to take up the fortifications bill next week and follow that with a general discussion of the bankruptcy bill. For the failure of general legislation, Mr. Dingley blamed the senate.

When Mr. Grosvenor called the caucus to order there were 27 members present, about 25 less than a quorum. Nearly an hour was consumed in a discussion of the advisability of any action by so small a number, with the opinion prevailing that the caucus which would hold the house could not be taken by the meeting. There was also debate led by Mr. Payne of New York, upon the point whether party policy did not dictate that the immigration question be passed by. It was argued by Mr. Payne that the party platform did not justify so radical a step as the bill before congress proposed; that platform committing the party to the exclusion of all criminals and insane persons. Other members discouraged action on the ground that the senate could not be depended upon to endorse any policy inaugurated by the house.

Two bills were finally made the basis of discussion, the McCall bill for imposing an education test, and the Stone bill for consular examination of immigrants; both of which have been reported from the immigration committee.

Chairman Bartholdt of that committee spoke in support of the main features of the McCall bill but strongly opposed the Stone bill, presenting many protests from German-American organizations and many of the anti-silver members. The two bills were explained by their respective sponsors, Messrs McCall of Massachusetts, and W. A. Stone of Pennsylvania. Mr. Stone suggested amendments to Mr. Terry's Arkansas bill, which would reduce the tax on woolens to 10 per cent, and other provisions. Mr. Bartholdt, under its operations many young Germans of military age, the most desirable immigrants, would be excluded. A vote was taken on the McCall bill. The consensus of opinion seemed to be for that bill, with amendments to prevent the separation of families, imposing the educational tests on the heads of families alone.

FILLED CHEESE BILL PASSED

Grosnor and Cannon Finally Get the Measure Fixed to Suit. Washington, D. C., April 11.—In the house today when the filled cheese bill was taken up for amendment, Mr. Cannon of Illinois, offered an amendment to reduce the license to be paid by the manufacturers of filled cheese from \$400 to \$100. Mr. Grosvenor, in charge of the measure, refused to accept the amendment. Mr. Terry of Arkansas offered a substitute for the whole measure providing that every manufacturer of articles intended for interstate commerce who shall sell or ship less than goods produced by the brand to be higher grade, shall be guilty of fraud and liable to a fine of \$1,000. Mr. Terry said the substance of the pending bill was to prevent fraudulent practices.

The Cannon amendment was voted down—38-18. Mr. Cannon then moved to reduce the tax of wholesalers from \$200 to \$50. This was also lost.

Mr. Grosvenor offered an amendment to reduce the tax on retail dealers from \$40 to \$20. Mr. Cannon moved to reduce the tax to 10. He maintained that every purpose sought would be subserved by a \$10 tax. Mr. Grosvenor finally agreed to a compromise of \$11, which was adopted.

Mr. Cannon offered an amendment to reduce the tax on filled cheese from 1 cent to 1/2 cent per pound. He argued that a tax on filled cheese was a tax on the farmers, who furnished the skimmed milk and natural hog fat which went into the product and could not be justified on the ground that filled cheese came into competition with another farm product.

"Hope revenue due you expect to raise from a tax of 1 cent per pound?" asked Mr. Oney (Dem. Va.).

"Enough," replied Mr. Grosvenor, "to pay the expenses of the government." (Laughter and applause.)

Mr. Cannon's amendment was defeated. Mr. Haines (Rep. Neb.) offered an amendment providing that no laws authorizing compromises in internal revenue shall apply to wholers and retailers, after the first offense. The amendment was adopted.

The Terry substitute for the whole was defeated—31-109.

Mr. Owens (Dem. Ky.) moved to recommit the bill, with instructions to the ways and means committee to report back a bill providing for marking and branding packages of filled cheese, under appropriate penalties, but omitting the tax compromise features of the bill. His motion was lost—41-128.

The vote on the final passage of the bill was taken by yeas and nays. The bill was passed—369-10. The Republicans were 191 yeas, and the Democrats solidly against the measure. The following Republicans, eleven in number, voted against the bill: Aldrich, Illinois; Becksp, Illinois; Brannan, Pennsylvania; Cannon, Illinois; Connolly, Illinois; Evans, Kentucky; Corliss, Vermont.

ALABAMA SILVER DEMOCRATS

Indications from the Primaries are That They Will Oppose the Measure.

Montgomery, Ala., April 11.—A hot campaign for the Democratic nomination for governor of Alabama ended today in the primaries for the election of delegates to the state convention here April 15. The candidates were explained by J. H. Johnston, an advocate of the free coinage of silver, and Congressman Clark, who opposes that doctrine. The latest returns indicate that Johnston has 296 votes certain, and Clark 151 certain, with sixty-seven doubtful. Necessary to a choice 255.

DEMOCRATS OF JACKSON COUNTY

Two Chairmen Undertake to Preside at One of the Same.

Kansas City, Mo., April 11.—Democratic county convention to send delegates to the Sedalia convention met here today. Considerable trouble was experienced by certain delegates in getting entrance to the hall and it was charged that this was the plan of the silver men to keep out their gold opponents. There had been rumors of a riot and Chief of Police Irwin had a squad of police on hand. With the exception of a brief passage between a couple of delegates, no trouble occurred, however. There were several contests, and Major Woodson and H. S. Julian, representing the gold cause, were elected as chairman. Back was backed by howling partisans.

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For a time it looked as if the affair would break up with violence. Warms and the trick of the anti-silver people was roundly denounced. Two sets of delegates were finally selected, each claiming to be the legal one.

Democratic Sergeant at Arms.

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Warrenburg, Mo., April 11.—Lewis Cobb, aged 56, received a stroke of paralysis yesterday from which he died last night. He was well known.

CONGRUOUS SHOW UP

Consul General Williams Not Killed, Nor Five Hundred Cubans, Either.

Washington, D. C., April 11.—A dispatch under today's date was received at the state department this morning from United States Consul General Williams in Havana, in which he stated that the rumor that he had been assassinated and his body dragged through the streets of Havana.

Reports of a great battle in which 500 of Maceo's men fell are similarly dismissed.

Havana, Cuba, April 11.—Insurgents have burned the machinery houses of the Central plantation of Diana and Barber, near Morozillo, the approximate loss being \$1,200,000.

ONE EYE ON BIMETALLISM

Hungarian Minister Declares Bimetallic Resolutions Superfluous.

Puda Post, Hungary, April 11.—In the lower house today M. D. Ignatov, General Secretary of the cabinet, in a pro-tem, declared that resolutions supporting the bimetallic movement were superfluous. He said the government was carefully watching the movement in favor of the bimetallic movement, and announced that the government would adhere to its policy of regulating the gold currency of Hungary.

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REMARKABLE CASE OF A RESCUER IN THE HOPE MINE.

OVERCOME WITH GAS

SURVIVES FOURTEEN HOURS OF THE POISON ATMOSEPHERE.

HOPE FOR THE ENTOMBED REVIVES

DYNAMITE EXPLOSION OCCURS IN THE LAWRENCE MINE.

Six Men Killed Outright or Suffocated by Gas—Work of Rescue Carried On Under Great Difficulties.

Denver, April 11.—A special to the Republican from Helena, Mont., says: A party of rescuers succeeded this morning in descending to the 100-foot level of the Hope mine at Basin. The body of Albert Boulware, who went down yesterday and, being overcome with gas, was unable to climb the ladder so the top and was left for dead, was found and hoisted to the surface. He was still alive, in spite of the fact that he had been in the mine over fourteen hours. Many now have hopes for the entombed seven men. It is rapidly having the mine and by tomorrow it will be possible to reach the bottom of the shaft, 300 feet. The party descended this afternoon midway between the 200-foot and 300-foot levels but failed to find a trace of the miners.

BLOWN UP BY DYNAMITE

Six Men Lose Their Lives in a Mine Near Butte, Montana.

Butte, Mont., April 11.—By the explosion of 200 pounds of powder in a magazine on the 1,000-foot level of the St. Lawrence mine this morning six men lost their lives. They were: JOHN C. LOWMEYER; has a wife and child in Michigan. JOHN QUINLAN. ED SHEPHERD. JAMES BRYANT. JOHN MYRHEIM; has a wife and four children in England. PATRICK O'BURKE. Lowmyer and Quinlan were working in the shaft and had finished putting down a set of holes and gone to the magazine for powder. The other four men were working in the level beyond the magazine. Just how the explosion occurred is not known, as none are left to tell their lives. The miners were undoubtedly killed instantly by foul air. Logging, timbers and carts were piled in masses a distance of 100 feet from the explosion. The wreckage was to tunnel and timber through the wreckage before the bodies can be reached.

CHILD DEAD AND WIFE DYING

State of Affairs Which Confronts a Rancher in Jackson, Kansas.

Denver, April 11.—When Manager Al-tender Miller of the Warren ranch arrived home from the city this morning, he found his son Stephen, aged 12, dead and his wife unconscious and bleeding to death. The boy was stabbed through the heart and the woman had numerous wounds. The house was not robbed and the motive of the crime is a mystery. The woman, Mrs. Miller, a second wife, first having obtained a divorce on account of his intimacy with the murdered woman.

OLD SHAD