The Wichita Daily Eagle.

VOL. XXV. WICHITA, KANSAS, THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 30, 1896. NO. 63

MORTON IS THEIR MAN

NEBRASKA GOLD DEMOCRATS WILL LAUNCH HIM.

WILL AID M'KINLEY

BITTER DOSE FOR THEM BUT BRYAN IS A BITTERER.

ANYTHING FOR THE GOLD CAUSE

BOLTERS MUST STILL CALL THEMSELVES DEMOCRATS.

If They Can't do That, They are Likely to Come Back to Bryan—J. Sterling Morton "Perniciously Active."

Omaha, Neb., July 29.—Hon. J. Sterling Morton will be in Omaha tomorrow. It is generally understood among Nebraska Democrats that his presence is for the purpose of a conference relative to his presidential candidacy on the gold standard ticket. A call for the gold standard Democrats of Nebraska to confer as to the advisability of endorsing the plan of putting a hard money Democratic national ticket into the field will be issue within a very few days. This was learned from an old-line Democrat, who is high in the councils of the administration Democrats in this state.

"There is no question," said he, "that the prevalling sentiment among the honest money Democrats of Nebraska is strongly in favor of putting up a national ticket with an out-and-out gold Democrat as a candidate for president. This feeling is born solely of a destre to do everything possible to aid in the election of McKinley and not with the expectation that the ticket will be successful in the end. The aim and purpose of the honest money Democrats is to down this Bryan craze. There is no division of sentiment on that point."

The latter sentence was spoken with an emphasis that carried with it the conviction that the speaker spoke with authority. He is a man who has been in close touch with the leaders of Democracy in this state for many years and is a closeo bserver of men and a shrewd judge of political cause and effect.

"The only difference of opinion existing among the gold Democrats," he continued, "is with reference to the best method for contributing to the election of the Republican ticket and saving the country from the calamity which would surely follow the election of the Chicago candidate. The large majority of the leading Democrats are of the opinion that a gold Democratic ticket will draw away from Bryan a large number of straight-laced Democrats, who would sooner die than vote the Republican ticket, while there are others who hold to the opinion that such a procedure would draw votes from McKinley. These latter are in the minority, however, and I do not think there is any question about Nebraska supporting the idea of putting a ticket into the field.

"Conferences are being held almost daily among the leading Democrats of the state and it has been practically decided to call a convention for the purpose of considering the matter. At this convention resolutions will undoubtedly be adopted endorsing the plan of putting up a ticket and a delegation will probably be appointed to attend a national convention to be called for the purpose of nominating candidates for president and vice president. The only question now that remains to be determined is whose signature shall be attached to the call. This will be determined within a very short time and the call will then be issued. I am not informed as to wheret his meeting will be held, but I believe it will be at Lincoln."

PLAYING TO THEIR OWN HAND

Southern Pops Demand Fair Elections as Long as It's Their Own Ox in Danger.

Birmingham, Ala., July 29.—General James B. Weaver of Iowa, who reached here last evening, was in conference much of the day with the Populist leaders with reference to the state elections to be held next Monday. It was agreed that if a fair election is had, the Populist-Republican fusion state ticket will win and it was decided to give the Democratic managers to understand that unless an absolutely fair election is had that the Populists in this state will not support Bryan in November, but will fuse with the Republicans and cast their ballots for McKinley in order to rebuke, as they say, dishonest election methods. General Weaver telegraphed National Chairman Jones of the Democratic committee to come here at once and use his efforts to secure fair play for the Goodwin ticket in order to hold the Alabama Populists in line for Bryan. Populist leaders confidently expect that Senator Jones will come. They assert that while the success of silver is gratefy to be desired, honest elections must first be had. In the event that the Populists are satisfied with the results Monday they will demand the removal from the state Democratic electoral ticket of the seven gold standard electors, as the further price of Populistic support of that ticket. Meanwhile, General Weaver says he will also direct his efforts to helping the election of silver men, in order to insure the choice of a silver senator.

NORTH DAKOTA POPLLISTS

Agreement With the Democrats on Division of the State Ticket.

Fargo, N. D., July 29.—The platform adopted by the Populist state convention today endorses the nominees of the national Populist party, declares for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, and favors prohibition, union labor and woman suffrage. The main plank in the platform is that relating to railroad assessments. It criticises the Republican board of equalization for reducing the assessment to $2,500 per mile, where the railroads had agreed to accept an assessment of $4,800 per mile. Aside from the question of free silver, the railroad assessment quetion will be the leading one in the campaign. The fusion committee precipitated a three hours' fight by the statement that they could not agree with the Democrats over who should head the ticket. Both sides wanted governor. After nearly every delegate had expressed himself on this subject, the committee was sent back for another conference and asked for Gamble for first place. At the night session they reported to the convention and stated that they had chosen the offices of governor, secretary of state, auditor, commissioner of agriculture, judge of the supreme court, three presidential electors and two of the railroad commissioners. The Democrats were allotted congressman, lieutenant governor, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction and one railroad commissioner.

POPULISTS OF MISSOURI

State Convention Today Will Have the Question of Fusion Before It.

Sedalia, Mo., July 29.—All the hotels are filled tonight with delegates to the Populist state convention, which convenes here tomorrow morning. Several prominent Democrats are also conspicuous and the principal topic of conversation is the proposed fusion with the Democrats for presidential electors. Governor Stone, who is here, seems to be spokesman for the Democrats, and it is now asserted that the conference at Jefferson City on Monday last between Governor Stone and Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, had to deal with this proposed fusion. It is conceded tonight that tomorrow's convention will not name presidential electors but will give the state central committee full power to act with the Democratic state central committee, which meets at Jefferson City next week.

It is also understood that the Populists will demand a division of the congressional districts with the Democrats.

But three candidates for governor are in the field. These are Frank Ritchie of St. Louis, Judge John B. Stone of Kansas City, a strong A. P. A. man, and John S. Crosby of Kansas City, a pronounced advocate of the single tax. It is anybody's fight at the present stage.

ON THE TWELFTH OF AUGUST

Bryan Announces That He Will be in New York, Ready to be Notified.

Lincoln, Neb., July 29.—Upon receipt of the intelligence from New York today that the hall at Madison Square Garden could be secured for that date, Mr. Bryan announced that he would receive the notification committee of the Democratic national convention there August 12. It is known that Mr. Bryan is now preparing his speech of acceptance of the nomination. He expects to lay, in his New York speech, the ground work for the campaign, and it is believed that up to the date of its delivery no man will learn from his lips just what he may be expected to do in relation to the opulist convention. Possibly he may not even then declare himself, but it is believed that he will then give some intimation of his plans in relation to the Populist nomination. Further than the above announcement there was nothing given out from the Bryan home today for publication. There was an apparent lull in the tide of visitors. There has also been something of a decrease in the magnitude of Mr. Bryan's correspondence. Ever since his return from Chicago, the greater portion of each day he has spent at his desk, dictating responses to letters and telegrams. A corps of stenographers was added, and it was only today that they began to see their way clear to the bottom of the great mass of mail before them.

SO THERE NOW, MR. SEWALL

If There's Any Withdrawing Done You'll Have to Do It Yourself.

Atlanta, Ga., July 29.—Hon. Thomas Watson, si out in a strong editorial in his paper stating his grounds for accepting the nomination for vice president from the Populists. He refers to Mr. Sewall as an individual of standing, and as a free silver Democrat, but argues elaborately that the nomination of a Populist for second place was necessary to preserve the autonomy of the Populist organization, especially in the south. The editorial is accepted not only as a letter of acceptance, but as an official ultimatum that propositions for withdrawal will not be considered by Mr. Watson or the Populists and that the case now rests with Mr. Sewall.

This announcement is made in a signed editorial. It virtually demands the withdrawal o fthe Democratic candidate for vice president. Throughout the editorial, insinuations are made which develp the fact that Mr. Watson is making a strong demand for his immediate recognition as Bryan's running mate. In part he says:

"With such a large number of experienced workers, organized and well equipped, striving for the endorsement of both Bryan and Sewall, the fate of the party was in the highest degree critical. The middle of the road men were the more numerous, but less united. They could not agree upon leaders. In the vice presidential nomination they were divided between several different candidates, while the Sewall men were a compact body which thratened to become a majority by the mere failure of the opposition to concentrate.

"It was this chaotic condition which I witnessed with anxiety. Upon that express condition I consented and the object was obtained. Sewall was defeated, the Populist factions harmonized and the Democratic program checkmated. This condition of things was not of my seeking. If now the Democratic managers should refuse to make any concession at all it would show that our efforts toward unity have all been thrown away. If they continue to demand that the Populists shall go out of existence as a party, they will prove to all the world that the idea in adopting our platform was not much to get free silver as it was to bury the Populist party.

"A correspondent of the Atlanta Journal attempts to make it appear that there has been a collision between Senator Butler, chairman of the Populist national executive committee, and myself. This is all wrong. That correspondent, in company with several other gentlemen, called on me at my residence and we had a private conversation. Something was said about the planning of the campaign and it was asked if I had heard from Butler. In reply I staed that I had a telegram from Butler suggesting that I go at once to Alabama and stating that a letter explaining matters would follow. I remarked that it seemed to me we had better wait a while and see what the situation was going to be. Mr. Bryan would have to respond to our nomination in a few days or the executive committee will meet on August 5 and take some action concerning his silence. It is by no means certain that the party will do so. There are mutterings of discontent all along the line and if Mr. Sewall declines to retire for harmony's sake, the rank and file of our party may break away from the leaders and refuse to vote for Mr. Bryan at all. Therefore, my own opinion is that we had better go slow until the atmosphere clears itself a little.

(Signed) "THOMAS E. WATSON."

Historian Ridpath for Congress.

Brazil, Ind., July 29.—John Clark Ridpath of Greencastle, the historian, was today nominated for congress by acclamation by the Democrats of the Fifth Indiana district.

Cameron, Mo., July 29.—The Third congressional district Republican convention, which met here today, nominated H. G. Orton of Mercer county for congress and adopted resolutions endorsing the St. Louis platform.

TRUE TO M'KINLEY

COLORADO REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE ACTS.

Resolution Passed by a Majority of Ten That the Interests of the Nation and of the State of Colorado Demand the Election of McKinley and Hobart—Minority, Composed of Bryan and Sewall Silver Men, Raise an Awful Row at This and Charge Bribery, in Actual Pop Style—Wolcott Looms Up for Governor.

Denver, Colo., July 29.—By a vote of 48 to 38 the Republican state central committee today adopteid the following resolution:

"Believing that the best interests of the United States, as well as the state of Colorado, demand the election of William McKinley as president and Garrett A. Hobart as vice president of the United States, as nominated at the St. Louis convention, therefore be it

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that this committee shall take such steps as are necessary to place before the people of the state of Colorado for their suffrage in November a straight Republican ticket, headed by Republican electors who will cast their vote, if opportunity offers, for McKinley and Hobart."

The meeting of the committee was in many respects the most exciting that body has ever held. The minority, or Bryan and Swall faction, was led by A. M. Stevenson, an ex-state senator, and one of the bolting Colorado delegates at St. Louis. J. L. Hodges spoke for the McKinley and Hobart Republicans."

BITTER WORDS USED.

When the resolution was offered a bitter debate ensued in which personalities were exchanged b ythe warring factions, the minority making the open statement that money had been used by eastern McKinley managers to influence the state committee. It was asserted that the proxies had been bought. Th minority also attributed much of the McKinley sentiment to Senator Wolcott and National Committeeman Sanders. The majority warmly resented these statements and one it was believed that a personal ncounter would ensue when Mr. Stvenson arose and asserted that Mr. Hodges was "an old rascal." Amidst much disorder the resolution was put to a vote and carried by ten majority.

Another spirited discussion followed when Irving W. Howbert of Colorado Springs, who has bene chairman of the committee for two years, tendered resignation. Mr. Howbert staifd tnat he did not take the step in view of the present difficulties but because he would be absent in Europe during the campaign. The friends of Hodges immediately placed his name in nomination for the chairmanship, the minority presenting John W. Lowell of Routt county. Mr. Hodges was elected by a vote of 48 to 37, some dissatisfied members declining to vote.

DEMOCRATS BETTER GO.

On taking the chair Mr. Hodges created a sensation by announcing that Republican members of the committee who were in sympathy with the national Democratic ticket and pho proposed to work for it, would better resign and that his rulings would be against them. The Bryan and Sewall men refused to leave and the committee adjourned in great confusion.

The committee at a night session decided to hold the state convention at Colorado Springs on September 30.

After the meeting of the committee the Bryan faction circulated a petition for a call for another meeting. They claim that a majority of the actual members of the state central committee is with them and that the meeting today was packed, alleging that of the 88 delegates represented, 46 were by proxy in the hands of Denver and Colorado Springs politicians. The Bryan men further allege that it is the plan of the McKinley men to nominate Senator Wolcott for governor.

LEADERS MEET WITH HANNA

Little Business Done and Mighty Little Said About That Little.

New York, July 29.—The gentlemen invited to meet Mr. Hanna met at his hotel and found his quarters toocramped and adjourned to the new national headquarters. Those present were national Committeeman Mark Hanna of Ohio, Fred S. Gibbs of New York, Matthew S. Quay of Pennsylvania, N. B. Scott of West Virginia, Redfield Proctor of Vermont, G. H. Lyman of Massachusetts, S. R. Boynton of Rhode Island, J. S. Wilson of Delaware, George T. Wellington of Maryland, P. C. Cheney of New Hampshire, Samuel Fessenden of Connecticut, George E. Bowden of Virginia and these persons, not on the national committee: John Wanamaker of Philadelphia, Frank S. Witherbee of New York, J. A. Gay of Maryland, J. G. Long of Florida, Garrett A. Hobart of New Jersey and W. B. Plunkitt of Massachusetts.

They went into session at 2 o'clock and for over three hours talked over the ways and means and the prospects of the campaign.

When the meeting adjourned the members of the executive committee went into session. They were Mark Hanna, Matthew S. Quay, N. B. Scott and Redfield Proctor—just a quorum. They talked over matters for a half hour and then adjourned. In response to inquiries Mr. Hanna tonight said: "We selected a Mr. Rogers to represent Utah and made Mr. Bliss treasurer. After the roll call of states that was all that was done."

To all other inquiries his reply was: "I have nothing to say."

Mr. Hanna's information about the meeting of the afternoon being so meagre, a delegation of newspaper men, through Secretary Prkins, later asked to see Mr. Hanna. The latter declined to be seen and sent out General Osborne, but he had no additional information to give out.

PARTY UNITED IN NEBRASKA

Ex-Governor Thayer Predicts That McKinley Will Carry the State.

Canton, Ohio, July 29.—Ex-Governor J. M. Thayer of Nebraska called to pay his respects to Governor McKinley today. When asked as to the political situation in Nebraska, he said:

"There was considerable anxiety in our state at first after the nomination of Mr. Bryan as to the result of the election in our state, but that has largely passed away and is rapidly dying out. We no longer feel doubtful as to where Nebraska will be found at the November election. I have been in Nebraska since 1854 and am familiar with its politics. We realize that we have a hard fight but we are like General Grant in this, that when we have something difficult to do we are the most determined to succeed. The Republican leaders are united. There is not a faction, and they will do good work for McKinley. We will get at it early and keep at it until victory is won. You may put it down as a thing beyond doubt that we will carry Nebraska.

FUSION THAT FAILED TO FUSE

How the Pops and Democrats Didn't Get Together in Noble County.

Perry, O. T., July 29.—(Special.)—The Populist county convention met Saturday last and placed a ticket in the eld with the exception of candidates for county attorney, probate judge and coroner. They then appointed a committee of sixtene to fill these offices if they deemed it advisable. Aiken was nominated for sheriff, George T. Godsey for treasurer, — Daniels for clerk, Mrs. Books for county superintendent and A. W. Tucker for register of deeds.

On Monday the Democrats met in convention and a committee of Democrats was appointed to confer with the Populist committee, with a view to fusion. While this committee was conferring together, Buffalo Jones, — Shrader, Colonel H. T. Sumner and other speakers entertained the crowd. The proposition as made by the Populists was reported and the convention voted it down, so the prospect of fusion was ended. The Democrats then placed the following thicket in the field: Ethan Allen for probate judge; W. M. Bowles for county attorney; James Taylor for sheriff; Dr. Dillard for coroner; Thomas Bryan for treasurer and Charles Parker for county clerk.

This thre- cornered fight makes the work of the Republicans comparatively easy in the coming campaign.

The Republican county convention will convene August 29.

The joint discussion on the money question between Captain Samuel Murphy and J. W. Johnson, both of Oklahoma City, was had before a splendid audience in the court house last night and the audience was well entertained.

NOT MONEY AGAINST MONEY

Put Organization Against Money is the Silver Party's Plan.

Denver, Col., July 29.—I. N. Stevens, who will have charge of the campaign of the Silver party, with headquarters at Washington, D. C., returned to Denver today.

Mr. Stevens declined for professional reasons to accept the chairmanship, but was made vice chairman, with the understanding that he would attend to the active work.

"We will conduct a vigorous campaign from the word 'go.'" said Mr. Stevens. "Speakers will be sent out and silver literature distributed everywhere. We will have the finest orators in the country, and as a rule they will be men who formerly allied themselves with the Republican party. We propose to swamp New York and the New England states with speakers. The gold men will find they will have business enough to attend to at home. We can't meet money with money, but we can meet money with organization. The committees of the Silver party and the Democracy will work in perfect harmony."

DEATH OF COLONEL BURNES

Noted Missouri Financier and a Kinsman to Congressmen.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 29.—Colonel Calvin Fletcher Burnes, president of the National Bank of St. Joseph, and noted all over the state as one of the leading financiers, died at his home this afternoon after an illness of two weeks. He was a brother of Hon. James N. Burnes, five times congressman from this district, and an uncle of Daniel D. Burnes, who was in congress from 1892 to 1894. He leaves a wife and one daughter and an estate valued at four million dollars.

DARE NOT PROTEST

CRIPPLE CREEKERS SAID TO BE AT THE MERCY OF THUGS.

It is Stated that the Town Marshal and the Police Magistrate are a Majority of That Mild and Peaceful Community, Which, From all Accounts, Has Forgotten the Use of Firearms and the Common Hempen Rope of Commerce, as Remedial Agents in Such Case Made and Provided—Citizens in Terror.

Denver, ol., July 29.—An evening paper publishes as a special from Cripple Creek, a lengthy article to the effect that a reign of terror exists in the town and a violent attack on Town Marshal Jim Marshall and Police Magistrate Robert Mullen is made. It is asserted that the marshal makes regular assessments on the gambling fraternity and that respectable law-abiding citizens are thrown into jail, tortured and fined without even a pretense of warrant or authority. For several months, it is alleged, outrageous acts on the part of several of the city officials have been growing more frequent and bold, but so completely have the police terrorized the people that they have not even dared to criticize the acts of the officials. Among those who have been persecuted are the "Boy Preacher," Rice, and his wife.

STRIKER WARREN MUST HANG

Supreme Court Decides That Train Wrecking is Criminal, Even in a Strike.

San Francisco, Cal., July 29.—S. D. Worden, the railroad striker, charged with wrecking the railway bridge near Sacramento two years ago and thereby causing the deaths of Engineer Clark and three United States soldiers, must hang. The supreme court today handed down a decision in which it affirmed the judgment of the superior court, where worden was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to hang.

CONCUSSION OF THE BRAIN

Pugilist Carter Shares the Fate of Fitzsimmons' Sparring Partner.

Salt Lake, Utah, July 29.—About 300 spectators were present at the prizefight last night between Thompson and Carter, and when Carter's head struck the floor, as the result of Thompson's terrific blow, not half-a-dozen persons suspected he was seriously hurt. Doctors Dalby and Harrison were called in and remained with the patient until morning, when he was removed to the hospital, where he died at 9 o'clock. Dr. Dalby says death was caused by concussion of the brain, produced by the fall.

An information was filed today charging Thompson with murder. A second information has been filed against the management of the club and against James Dixon, referee; Roy Condie and "Kid" Smith, seconds for Carter, and Frank Foreman and Bob Houston, seconds for Thompson.

OUTRAGED AND MURDERED

Coroner's Jury Hold Jones Smith, Colored for a Most Atrocious Crime.

Washington, D. C., July 29.—A coroner's jury today found James Smith, the negro waiter, guilty of the murder last night of Marguerite Drown, at Seat Pleasant, a large country boarding house about eight miles from Washington, in Prince George county, and late developments in the case have added so much horror to the crime that there are numerous threats of another Maryland lynching as soon as a convenient opportunity occurs. Smith was arrested by the Washington police today in the northern part of the city, and in view of the excited condition of the people of Prince George county, probably will be held until formal requisition is made, in order to permit the excitement to be partly allayed.

The negro made two confessions, partly contradictory, but each admitting the murder. In his first confession, he murdered girl, for whose foster mother he had worked several years, that Mrs. Drown discovered the fact and had discharged him but had re-employed him on his and the girl's promise to cease such relations, and that he cut Miss Drown's throat with a knife yesterday because she rejected advances he had made to her again.

In his second confession, he declared that he had not told the truth when he asserted that he had had relations with the girl, and denied that he had outraged as well as murdered her yesterday, but also stated that he had gone to her room for the purpose of making advances to her, had been repulsed, had choked her into unconsciousness and then procured a knife from the kitchen and killed her.

The developments at the coroner's inquest tended to discredit the most revolting part of the negro's first confession. Mrs. Drown, the foster mother of the dead gril, testified that Marguerite had complained to her last Thursday that Smith had attempted to kiss her. Several of the servants also swore that the girl had called them and made complaint that Smith was attempting to kiss her. Mrs. Drown, in explanation of Smith's continued employment after this occurrance, said that Smith immediately after it left the house, and came back the next day, professed to be exceedingly penitent and begged to be re-employed. He had been a good servant for years and she had finally agreed to let him come back On the day of the murder she and Dr. Miller, a boarder had driven into town leaving the girl at home with the servants. The latter swore that they heard a noise up stairs in the girl's room, loud enough to attract attention, but said they could not tell whether it was a laugh or a cry. A little later Smith came down and in answer to questions said the noise they heard was Miss Marguerite laughing at a story he had told her. He had a small basket on his arm and left the house at once, saying he was going to a neighbor's for some eggs.

The doctor who performed the autopsy said that his examination of the body showed that the girl had been first knocked down and rendered unconscious by a blow on the forehead, that she had been outraged, and later killed by the severing of the windpipe and jugular vein.

The jury promptly returned its verdict in accordance with the evidence. The negro servants about the place are held in custody on suspicion that they know more of the affair than they had disclosed in their testimony.

TOO CONSPICUOUS FOR COMFORT.
(From the Chicago Inter Ocean.)

WILL NEVER KNOW ANYTHING

Unknown Man Found Slugged and Robbed in a Freight Car in Illinois.

Decatur, Ill., July 29.—A man believed to be W. G. Carlisle of Pueblo, Col., was found unconscious in an empty grain car tonight. His skull was crushed and blood on his face was dry and hard. Doctors say he has been without food several days and will never regain consciousness. He had letters from Lida Bell, Pueblo, Col., and C. R. Bell, 2025 Olive street, St. Louis, from whom he seemed to be expecting money at Alton. It is thought he was robbed and left in the car, which came here. He is apparently a newspaper man.

LAWYER SHOOTS A PREACHER

Arkansas Colonel Blames the Minister for Loss of His Wife's Affections.

Texarkana, Ark., July 29.—At the Cotton Belt Depot this morning Colonel John Hallam, a well known Arkansas attorney and author of "The Diary of the Old Lawyer," shot and fatally wounded Rev. W. A. Forbes, one of the most prominent Baptist ministers in the state and who is at present pastor of a church at New Lewisville. Mrs. Hallam recently obtained a divorce from her husband. Hallam charges Forbes with alienating his wife's affections and bringing discord into his home.

SO THE CASE MUST GO ON

Supreme Court of South Dakota Refuses to Interfere With Resubmission.

Pierre, S. D., July 29.—The supreme court today handed down an opinion in the case of the state of South Dakota, ex rel, Cranner vs. Thomas Thorson secretary of state. This is the case involving the validity of the act resubmitting the prohibition clause of the constitution. The court refused the application to restrain the secretary of state from providing that the question should be placed upon the ballots, on the ground that at the present time the court had no jurisdiction to review the case and pass upon the questions involved. Until the people had voted upon it and it had reached a stage where action could be taken under its provisions, the court could not properly decide upon its validity.

SHUT-DOWN ON THE PENNSYLVANIA

Business Depression Induces a Postponement of Improvement Works.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 29.—Because of the general depression in business the Pennsylvania Railroad company today decided to stop all work on its line wherever possible, in order to reduce expenses. It was ordered that all contemplated improvements should be laid aside for the present.

One of the vice presidents of the company said that the reason for the stoppage of the work was the fact that financial troubles and business depression exist all over the country. He said that the experience of other corporations leads to the belief that if the company decided to float bonds in order to continue the improvements, it would be difficult to do so except at a sacrifice.

NOT A BIT OF USE TO KICK

Young Mr. Vanderbilt and Miss Wilson are Determined to Marry.

New York, July 29.—A special to the World from Newpjort, R. I., says: There is unusual activity at the villa of R. T. Wilson on Narragansett road. Mrs. R. T. Wilson will leave for New York either tomorrow or Friday.

The World says: The marriage of Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., to Miss Grace Wilson is expected t otake place on Saturday next. Both yesterday and today Miss Wilson and Mr. Vanderbilt have been busy shopping. None of the family would either deny or affirm the rumor that the wedding was to take place on Saturday. Young Mr. Vanderbilt left his father's house Tuesday and took rooms at the Hotel Savoy where he will remain until after the wedding.

In Place of Winslow, Declined.

Augusta, Me., July 29.—The Democratic state central committee at an executive meeting today decided to hold another meeting at Waterville to choose a candidate for governor in the place of Mr. Winslow, deceased.

BULLETIN OF
The Wichita Daily Eagle.
Wichita, Thursday, July 30, 1896.

Weather for Wichita today:
Fair; continued warm; south winds

Sun—Rises, 4:56; sets, 7:13.
Moon—Waning; rises, 9:33.

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SINGING OLD SONGS

"PERNICIOUS ACTIVITY" IS SET TO NEW MUSIC.

WILSON SO ORDAINS

RAILWAY MAIL EMPLOYES MUST BE KEPT UNSPOTTED.

IF THEY AIN'T, HE'LL SPOT 'EM

THEY CAN BET ON THEIR JOBS IF THEY DO AS HE SAYS.

But They'd Better Not Make Any Campaign Speeches, Nor Attend Too Many Conventions—Order to be Extended.

Washington, July 29.—An order which is in line with the famous "pernicious activity" order of President Cleveland in 1886, was issued today by General White of the railway mail service by order of the postmaster general.

The attention of all railway postal clerks, regardless of the character of the duty to which they may be assigned, is directed to section 435, page 182 of the postal laws and regulations of 1893.

"The department does not attempt or desire to control the political opinions of any one connected with the postal service, but insists that all employes of the railway mail service shall not take an active part in politics in the way of attending conventions as delegates or making political speeches. The employes should recognize the fact that their tenure of office depends upon themselves; if they conform to this order and are honest, and courteous to the public, their officers and comrades, and abstain from unseemly and indecent language in discussing candidates or parties, they may reasonably expect to remain in the service. All this will not interfere with their voting according to the dictates of their own conscience or expressing their opinions in an intelligent and courteous way. More than this, however, is detrimental to the best interests of the service and is in violation of the postal laws and regulations referred to above, and also of the order of the president issued July 14, 1886, which is still in force and was made a part of the postal laws and regulations subsequently and re-promulgated by the postmaster general, May 25, 1894."

The formal order was brought out by complaints against some of the clerks. The postmaster general will issue a general order of the same tenor to all classes of employes in the entire postal service later on. It will not be done, however, until complaint is made.

UNCONDITIONALLY RELEASED

Consul General Lee Reports on the Case of Americans in Cuba.

Washington, July 29—The department of state has been advised by Consul General Lee at Havana, under date of July 22, that Mr. George Calvar, an American citizen arrested at Manzilla, district of Cantila, in the month of April of this year, and Manuel Romagosa, also an American citizen, residing in the same province, have been officially notified of their unconditional release from prison.

CARRYING ALL BEFORE THEM

How the Rebellion is Being Suppressed, According to Official Advices.

Havana, July 29.—The columns of Spanish troops commanded by General Bernal and Colonel Chacet, operating in the district between Guanacabives, province of Pinar del Rio, and Cape San Antonio, have had a number of engagements with the insurgents, whom they have dislodged from positions occupied, and dispersed after destroying their camps at Bolo Lazo, Para Canejo and Pepe y Bara. The insurgents left seventy killed and retired with many wounded. The troops lost four killed and had twenty-one wounded.

Major Rafael Giron, aide de camp to General Ahumada, is so seriously ill with yellow fever that extreme unction has been administered to him by the bishop.

The Official Gazette has published a decree offering a reward of $24,000 to any one enabling the Spanish cruisers to effect the seizure of filibustering steamers, and offering a further reward of $3,000 to any person enabling the Spanish cruisers to capture a filibustering sailing vessel of 250 tons.

New York July 29.—Among the passengers that arrived at this port last night by the steamer Caracas from La Guayara was the son of Jose Maceo, who was killed in Cuba recently. The young man, it is said, held the post of chief of police in Port Limon, Costa Rica, and is, together with ten other young Cubans, on his way to the island to join the rebel army. He learned of his father's death on landing.

A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says:

"The police have captured a collection of maps of the island, highly colored, showing the supposed insurgent headquarters in Cuba, the rebel flag and picturing various chiefs of the insurrection. The maps bear the imprint of a Barcelona firm. The Havana stationery, Don Gelaro Fernadez, in whose possession they were found, was arrested.

"Briciseo Rodrigues Torres, court martialed here, will be shot.

"Malanzas advices say that 200 Spanish troops defeated 1,000 insurgents entrenched at Jumuetllo, and captured Aguirres camp, killing 14.

"A correspondent at Cienfuegos reports that the civil trail of the American, Cepero, is closed. The verdict has not yet been announced.

Colonel Rodriguez, commanding a column of all arms, has had a fight with the united bands of Rego, Rodriguez, Arboday, Alvarez and Canizares, at Julia, near Manicaragua. The engagement lasted for three hours, at the end of which the insurgents charged with the machete, but were repulsed and afterward dislodged from tair positions. They left sixteen killed and carried away a large number of killed and wounded. Arboday and Alvarez were among the killed. The troops had three killed and fifteen wounded.

Missouri Gold Democrat Convention.

St. Louis, Mo., July 29.—The executive committee appointed at the meeting of the gold standard Democrats held here recently, of which Lieutenant Governor Broadhead is chairman, tonight decided to call a state convention to meet in this city on August 26.