DEATH TO ROBBERS

FIVE MEN LYNCHED BY INFURIATED INDIANANS.

Mob of Four Hundred Men Break Into the Jail at Versailles and Drag Out a Quintette of Suspects, of Whom They Make Short Work—Men Accused of Not Only Robbing But Torturing Their Victims—Governor Mount Orders Proceedings Against the Lynchers to Be Begun at Once—Other Crime News.

Versailles, Ind., Sept. 15.—A mob of 400 infuriated men last night lynched Lyle Levi, Bert Anlrews, Clifford Gordon, William Jenkins and Hiney Shuler.

They were taken from the authorities. The men had been arrested for burglary.

Frequent robberies had enraged the citizens of the county and the mob was composed of citizens from Milan, Sunman an dother towns.

The mob, on horseback, entered the town an hour after midnight and called out Jailer Kennan, who, upon refusing to give up the keys was overpowered. The mob soon pushed their way into the cell rooms and in their impatience first fired on the five prisoners and then dragged them to a tree a square from the jail door anl hung them up.

Andrews and Gordon had already been wounded, having been shot several times while attemptnig to rob a store at Correct last Saturday night.

Shuler was in jail for attempted burglary and Levi and Jenkins had just been indicted by the grand jury for roberry. They had failed to give bond and were put in jail last evening.

It is thought that Levi and Shuler were both dead from the shots fired by the mob when taken out of the jail.

The bandages that were on the wounded men were found later his morning along the street, where they had been torn off as the men were dragged along.

Lyle Levi was an old soldier and bore on his face wounds received during the civil war while fighting for the Union.

None of the lynchers are known. They all came from a distance, presumably from the neighborhood of Correct, where the two men were arrested Saturday night.

THE STORY MORE FULLY.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 15.—A special to the Evening Post from Osgood, Ind., says:

Incensed by numerous depredations, repeated burglaries and daylight robberies, the people of Ripley county, Indiana, have taken the law into their own hands and meted out to the perpetrators a punishment greater than provided by the law. Five men, who have long been a terror to the citizens of this county, met their death at the hands of an enraged populace and when the citizens of Versailles, the county seat, arose this morning, it was to find the bodies of five men dangling from as many limbs of an elm tree in the center of the public square. Stout ropes not over six feet in lenght had served to send each to his eternity, and their feet were but a few inches from the ground, while their hands and feet had been securely pinned with strong ropes.

Versailles is a town of some 800 people. It is one of the oldest in the state, and although it is five miles from a railroad station and has no telegraph communication with the outside world, as have more pretentious towns of the county, it is still the county seat.

Four or five years, and even longer, the farmers of the county have been the victims of a lawless gang, who, apparently lacking in fear, have plied their vocation to the terror of the people, for they seemingly have had no visible means of earning a living. Farmers would come into town with a bunch of cattle or load of farm products and the next morning they would be found along the roadside suffering from a wound and minus the proceeds of their sale. Old German farmers have been visited and both men and women have been subjected to all the tortures that a hardened mind could apply. Aged German women have been forced to stand upon a redhot stove in an effort to compel them to disclose the hiding place of some treasure in the house. These depredations have continued unceasingly. Arrests have been made but the guilty parties had covered up their lawlessness and it was seldom that conviction followed.

During the past week robberies had increased alarmingly. On last Saturday word was received by the sheriff that the store of Wooley Bros., at Correct, Ind., ten miles from here, was to be entered. The information was given by one the gangs confederates who had been under suspicion. Sheriff Henry Bushing arranged that his informant should accompany them and, securing five deputies, they went to the place. Sheriff Bashing concealed himself in the cellar, while his deputies were stationed at a convenient distance outside. Shortly after midnight the gang reached Wooley Bros.' store. Clifford Gordon and the sheriff's informant were designated to break into the building. Gordon himself effected an entrance and grabbed him. THH mb mb mbmb b just as he stepped inside the sheriff grabbed him. Both pulled pistols at the same time and began firing. Bert Andrews was with the robbers and he too joined in the fusilade while the deputies came to the assistance of the sheriff. Some thirty shots were fired. The sheriff was shot through the hand and Gordon was shot several times. Three pistol balls entered his body and he was also shot in the leg. Gordon and Andrews succeeded in escaping and came to Osgood, where they were arrested. The robbers had driven out to the place in a buggy belonging to Lyle Levi and from information subsequently gathered it was learned that the robbery had been planned at the home of William Jenkins.

The jail was in chage of William Kennan, Sheriff Bushing's brother-in-law, the former being at home on account of his injury. In front of the jail proper is the residence and in that were Acting Jailer Kennan, and Robert Barrett, William Block and Wensett, deputies.

Shortly before 2 o'clock there was a knock at the door and when Kennan and the others opened the door they were confronted with pistols in the hands of three maskel men and asked to turn over the keys. This they did and then the mob filed into the jail. Three of the prisoners, Levi, Jenkins and Shuler, were on the lower floor, while Gordon and Andrews were in the upper tier. Levi and Jenkins and Shuler showed fight and the former was shot through the breast, while the skulls of the two latter were crushed with a stool. Ropes were in readiness and adjusteing a noose around the neck of each, their feet and hands were pinioned and then the march began.

They were not carried, but with several men at the end of each rope, the five prisoners were dragged a distance of 200 feet to a tree, where their bodies were suspended. It is said that Levi, Jenkins and Shulter were dead before they reached the place. Death resulted from hanging in the case of Andrews and Gordon. Justice of the Peace Charles Loswell held an inquest over the five bodies this morning.

None of the citizens seem to deplore the action of the mob, but, on the contrary, the hanging of three or four more members of the gang is being talked of. No troops have been asked for and the citizens say that they are not wanted.

GOVERNOR MOUNT ENRAGED.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 15.—Governor Mount has sent the following to Sheriff of Ripley county:

"Wire me at once the particulars of lynching that has occurred in your county. I further direct that you proceed immediately with all the power that you can command to bring to justice all parties guilty of participating in the murder of the five men alleged to have been lynched. Such lawlessness is intolerable and all the power of the state, if necessary, will be vigorously employed for the arrest and punishment of all parties implicated.

(Signed) "JAMES A. MOUNT,
"Governor."

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 15.—Concerning the lynching at Versailles, Ind., last night, Governor Mount said:

"The place where the lynching took place being remote from railroad or telegraph station, I have been unable to secure particulars of the lamentable occurrence beyond thel nformation conveyed by press dispatches. The outbreak was wholly unexpected and I had not the slightest intimation of the impending lawlessness. As soon as I learned of the occurrence, I immediately wired the authorities of Ripley county to proceed at once and vigorously to bring the offenders to justice. I intend to reinforce this demand by every means possible, and with all the power at the command of the executive officer of the state. I have sent a representative to the scene of the tragedy and intend to employ every proper effort to the end that no guilty man may escape. The people of Indiana are law-abiding, and I am confident that I shall be cordially sustained in my earnest purpose to make an example of the evil doers in this instance that will long remain as a warning to other would-be transgressors."

It is made well and it makes people well—Hood's Sarsaparilla, the one true blood purifier.

THOUGHT FLANAGAN WAS GONE

Noted Georgia Murderer Gives the Sheriff a Good Scare

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 15.—Information reached here this morning from Decatur that Edward Flanagan, the alleged paranoiac, recently convicted of murder after a sensational trial and now under sentence of death, escaped from the jail at that place last night.

The announcement created a tremendous sensation in both Decatur and Atlanta. Posses were organized to search for the murderer. The governor and the sheriff offered $700 reward for his capture. Judge Candler adjourned court to confer with the governor. Rumors spread abroad that Flanagan had really been lynched.

In the midst of the excitement the supposed missing prisoner was discovered secreted in an unused apartment of the jail. Charles Smith, a lawyer, who was searching the jail, happened to enter this room, when he was attacked with a stick in the hands of the murderer and severely beaten.

When Sheriff Austin went to Flanagan's cell at 7 o'clock this morning it was deserted. On the table was a note addressed to the sheriff, saying:

"I will be gone all night. You will not come in till late to bring my breakfast. My friends are all good friends. I thank you for taking off the inside lock. My friends got a key that happened to fit the outside lock. I am going to the country, where I will be free.

(Signed) "E. C. FLANAGAN."

The sheriff jumped to the conclusion that his famous prisoner had escaped and spread the alarm.

Flanagan was a boarder in the home of George Allen, near Decatur. He had a mania for falling in love with very young girls and conceived a mad infatuation for little Leida Allen, the 13-year-old daughter of George Allen. When he asked her hand in marriage and was refused, he set out to exterminate the whole family. He succeeded in killing Mrs. Allen, George Allen's mother, and Mrs. Ruth Slack, a visitor. The crime was committed on the night of the 31st of last December. Flanagan was tried, convicted and sentenced to be hanged, and his execution has only been deferred pending an appeal. The defns offered a plea of insanity and Flanagan himself declared that he was trying to save Leida Allen from ruin at the hands of her father when he killed the two women.

The man who has been struck by a locomotive and is picked up alive and carried on by the cow-catcher has had a miraculous escape. The man who through neglect has sacrificed his health and wrecked his body, and through the merits of a medicine is picked up alive and restored to health has had an almost equally wonderful experience. There are thousands of men, who have for years overworked themselves to the neglect of their health, and then when utterly wrecked in body and shattered in nerve have been picked up and restored to health by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It is a marvelous remedy that corrects all disorders of the digestion, invigorates the liver, and fills the blood with the life-giving elements that build new flesh and muscle. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. It cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption and is a specific for diseases due to disorders of the digestion or imperfect nutrition. Druggists sell it.

"Myself and wife," writes Mr. H. G. Adams, of Turners Station, Henry Co., Ky., "have taken five bottles of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription.' The medicines are curing both of us. We can't say too much for them or for you. My wife persuaded me to quit the doctor here and try one bottle of your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I did so, and I thank God for it. I have recommended it highly to many of my neighbors. I told them that if it did not do them one dollar's worth of good that I would pay for it.

"I will give you a little statement of my own case. I was enervated, could hardly get up in the morning, never got a whole night's sleep, was short of breath, had a tight feeling in the stomach, and was restless. I would throw up my food, and had numerous other ailments which I have not time to write about now. I now feel better and look better than ever before in my life."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the surest, safest, quickest cure for constipation. They never gripe. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. Substitutes are sometimes dangerous, and always cause discomfort.

BRINGS BACK GOLD

STEAMER EXCELSIOR RETURNS FROM ST. MICHAELS.

Million Dollars' Worth of Dust Brought Down Between the Alaska Commercial Company and the Sixty-Three Passengers, Fifteen of Whom Have Ten Thousand Dollars and Up to Sixty-Thousand—Previous Stories of Scarcity of Provisions Confirmed—All the Good Claims About Dawson City Gone.

San Francisco, Sept. 15.—The Alaska Commercial companys' steamer Excelsior whic sailed from St. Michaels, Alaska, on August 14 last, but was compelled to put into Unalaska for repairs on account of an accident to her propellor while at sea, arrived in port today, with sixty-three passengers and about $1,000,000 worth of treasure. It was at first reported that she brought down two and a half millions of dollars' worth of gold dust, but this proved upon investigation to have been greatly exaggerated.

The Alaska Commercial company alone had on board about $300,000 worth of gold dust and nuggets.

THE LUCKY LIST.

While the passengers, as a rule, were very reticent as to their wealth, the following is a list of those who brought down $10,000 or more: Ben Wold, $60,000; A. H. Harper, $60,000; Mike Klatzen, $50,000; A. Andrews, $50,000; H. Summers $5,000; Hank Peterson, $35,000; Will Hays, $35,000; F. Densmore, $30,000; J. McQuesten, $30,000; Charles Raimson, $30,000; John Hori, $25,000; O. Rapp, $25,000; W. A. Sherman, $15,000; E. P. Leggett, $12,000 H. Shafer, $10,000.

At least twenty-five more brought from $2,000 to $10,000 each.

The miners assigned as the reason for their reticence that in their opinion too much had already been said about the country and too many were going into it unprepared, on that account.

Frank Dinsmore and A. Andrews are reported to have made at least $100,000 each during their residence in the Klondike region, but both decline to affirm or deny this report.

ELEVEN YEARS ON THE YUKON.

Dinsmore, who has spent sixteen years in the Yukon country, says this is his first return to civilization in eleven years He and his companions are unanimously of the opinion that the rush is unprecedented and, none of the trading companies being prepared to meet it, they predict great hardships for all who stay there during the coming winter. They confirm the stories already published of the scarcity of provisions and add their notes of warning to intending prospectors to stay away until summer.

Of those who came down from Alaska all but two are known to have money; but few were communicative enough to admit how much they had. E. Hayes of Portland was conceded to have the largest individual amount, but upon being interviewed he would only admit having $35,000.

All unite in confirming the stories already told of the impending danger of famine at Dawson City during the coming winter; they say that there are at least 7,000 people now at Dawson City, and that more are swarming in every day but that the provisions are already running short and the prospects of getting more in are remote.

The Excelsior's passengers are unanimous in the opinion that the Klondike region is richer than at first supposed, but are also of the opinion that unless the immigration to that country is stopped temporarily there will be terrible suffering.

ALL GOOD CLAIMS GONE.

Louis Sloss, Jr., of the Alaska Commercial company, was one of the passengers on the Excelsior. He went to Dawson City for the company and reports that all good claims are taken up. There is no chance for the newcomers unless a rich strike is made in some other section. Mr. Sloss says that his company's store at Dawson was closed for but one day, to receive freight from a river steamer. He thinks provisions will be scarce, but hesitates to say that there will be actual starvation. There are about 300 impatient miners at St. Michaels, most of whom will have to stay until spring unless they have already secured passage on the river boats. There are plenty of provisions at St. Michaels and every effort is being made to get supplies up the river to Dawson.

THE HUMBOLDT'S CROWD.

When the vessel left St. Michaels, the steamship Humboldt's crowd was camped on the flat. They were a very disappointed lot, for none of them will get through. The story that the passengers held an indignation meeting and were going to lynch ex-Mayor Woods of Seattle is denied. They had made up their minds to make the best of the situation and "hold down" the flats until next spring, when water is high in the Yukon.

River pilots reported water very low in the river some time before the Weare sailed from Dawson, but some weeks after that the water raised a little and the early rains swelled the torrents considerably. However, the water was still at what is called "the low stage," which means that the Hamilton, Belle and other steamers will be delayed on their trip up stream because of the necessity of going ahead slowly, picking a way over the bars and making new channels.

POPULATION OF DAWSON.

Passengers brought word that there were from 6,000 to 7,000 people in Dawson and near there, but the Alaska Commercial company's agents estimated that there are only about 5,000 people at the mines, about 2,000 of whom have arrived at the town since last April from all parts of Alaska and about 500 from Juneau, Puget Sound and other places.

ROBBERS AT ST. MICHAELS.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 15.Prior to the departure of the steamer Cleveland from St. Michaels, an attempt was made to rob the safe of the North American Trading and Transportation company. The robbers were interrupted while at work and eluded capture. It was thought that they came to Seattle on the steamer South Coast, but the Seattle police have been unable to locate them. The information was given to the Seattle police by R. S. Churchill, formerly a member of the Northwest mounted police, and was also confirmed by letters received at the local office of the trading company.

THE QUESTION O FRELIEF.

Washington, Sept. 15.—In response to his telegram of yesterday to Senator Perkins asking whether he could take a carge of food supplies to St. Michaels for the relief of the miners in the Klondike section threatened with starvation, Secretary Alger today received a response from the senator saying that there was already many thousands of tons of freight unprotected at St. Michaels which cannot be moved up the Yukon rive to the Klondike on account of the formation of ice in the river, wherefore it would be needless to send further supplies at present. Secretary Alger has communicated this information to the citizens committee at Tacoma, Wash., whence the application for relief was made. He added that there are already two army officers on their way to Circle City, for which place they started August 5 to report the actual state of affairs, and they will undoubtedly inform the war department wheher or not supplies are required and how they can be got intothe country. As soon as it is known positively that an emergency exists, Secretary Alger will take under consideration the possibility of getting supplies in across the mountain ranges.

It Saves the Croupy Children.

Seaview, Va.—We have a splendid sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and our customers coming from far and near, speak of it in the highest terms. Many have said that their children would have died of croup if Chamberlain's Cough Remedy had not been given. —Kellam & Ourren. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by druggists.

SILVER CAMP MEETING

Opens at Springfield, Ill., to Continue a Week.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 15.—The silver camp meeting arranged to continue here a week began today with a somewhat smaller assemblage than was expected. It is called a national free silver camp meeting. A number of silver speekers of note are engaged for each day. A great tent has been erected in the fair grounds for speaking which will seat 6,000 and give accommodations for twenty thousand.

Get What You Want.

If you want something you want it, and don't let any one palm off another article on you made by a different firm. If you go to a drug store to get soda water you would walk out in disgust if the druggist were to try and sell you a glass of cod liver oil, but you think nothing of itif you ask for a certain brand of sarsaparilla, celery compound or somebody's liver pills and the druggist sells you another brand, saying its just as good. That's substitution. And that is what every legitimate tradesman in the United States is objecting to.—Evening Telegraph, Bucyrus, Ohio.

RICE FARMS LAID WASTE

Fulf Storm Comes Just at a Time to Do the Most Damage.

Galveston, Texas, Sept. 15.—The farmers along Taylor's Bayou in Jefferson county, are the heaviest losers from the storm of Sunday evening. The rice crop was the largest in years and was ready for harvesting, but hundreds of acres were totally destroyed, the loss being estimated at $150,000. Among the heaviest losers, Bitterbo Bros. had 600 acres and will lose $25,000; H. A. McCayle 1,000 acres, loss $30,000; Shoemaker and Fox, 500 acres, loss $12,000; Will-Gossen, 250 acres, loss $8,000; L. B. Pitkin, 300 acres, loss $10,000; Herbert and Bros. and Brosseard together, 800 acres, $25,000. Had the storm held off one week the rice field losses would have been very much less, as the crop by that time would all have been practically harvested. This money would have been in hand in thirty days.

ARMY ORDERS

Wabsington, Sept. 15.—Captain Casper H. Conrad, Fifteenth infantry, and Captain Charles G. Ayres, Tenth cavalry, have been ordered to Charleston, W. Va., for duty in connection with the camp of instruction of the National guard officers.

These transfers are made:

In the Twenty-third infantry, Captain W. C. Manning, from Company E. to Company K.; Captain E. B. Pratt, from Company K. to Company E.

In the Fourth infantry, Second Lieutenant G. H. Smith, from Company I. to Company A.; Second Lieutenant F. L. Stetson, from Company A. to Company I.

In the Eleventh infantry, Captain A. L. Myer, from Company K. to Company E.; Captain R. W. Hoyt, from Company I. to Company C.; Captain G. I. Brown, from Company E. to Company K.; Captain R. J. Irvine, from company C. to Company I.

Denver, Sept. 15--Deputy United States Marshal Poe arrived in this city today in charge of James Burslem Loverock, who is being taken to Dublin, Ireland, to stand trial on the charge of embezzling several hundred pounds from the British government. Loverock up to last December was in the government postal service at Dublin. It is alleged that he appropriated $1,100 from the Dublin postoffice and departed for America, leaving a wife and seven children. For the past three months Loverock has been working at the Maitland coal mine near here. It is said he has virtually admitted his guilt and expresses his willingness to go back to Ireland.

THE INDIANS

DID NOT USE

POND'S EXTRACT

BUT they knew the worth of its ingredients, and used them in their primitive manner as a

CURE FOR

Wounds, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Insect Bites and PAINS.

POND'S EXTRACT IS ABSOLUTELY PURE AND STANDS WITHOUT A RIVAL.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London.

THREE CHIEFS GONE

KING OF BENIN AND HIS PEOPLE FEEL BRITISH WRATH.

On Trial For the Massacre of a British Expedition Into Their Country—Three Chiefs Condemned and Two Executed, the Third Committing Suicide to Escape Death at the Executioner's Hands—Expedition to Relieve the Hill Forts on the Indian Border is Successful—Prince Henry Adores Emperor Bill.

Lagos, West Coast of Africa, Sept. 15.—The trial of the king of Benin and his chiefs, who surrendered on August 5 to the British authorities and who were charged with being concerned in the massacre of an unarmed expedition under British Consul Phillips, is proceeding at Benin City. Three of the chiefs have already been condemned. Two of them were shot and their bodies were displayed hanging in the streets for twenty-four hours. The third of these chiefs committed suicide.

HILL FORTS RELIEVED.

Simla, Sept. 15.—The operations of the troops under command of General Yeatman-Biggs, undertaken for the purpose of relieving the Samana posts, have been entirely successful. The police post at Saraghari has been recaptured by the British forces, the troops carrying the position by assault. Fort Lockhart was relieved on Tuesday morning, and Fort Gulistan was relieved the same evening. The field guns which upon this occasion were brought into action have a range of 3,000 yards and were so effectively handled that they scattered the enemy investing Fort Gulistan. The tribesmen did not oppose the advance of the troops under General Yeatman-Biggs, whose deadly artillery and Lee-Medford rifle fire sent them in full retreat. Fort Gulistan was hard beset when the reinforcements arrived. A large force of Afridis had advanced to within four hundred yards of the fort. General Yeatman-Biggs left a regiment at Punjab and two guns at Fort Gulistan, when he returned to Fort Lockhart.

EMPEROR-WORSHIP.

Wilhelm's Haven, Sept. 15.—At the launching here yesterday of the new German ironclad Kaiser Wilhelm Der Zwette, Prince Henry of Russia made a speech, in the course of which, apostrophizing the ship, he said:

"The emperor, looking forward with a clear eye into the future, labors indefatigably to secure for Germany and her people honor on the high seas. And, verily, it is a high and noble aim. The emperor's wish to see the empire stand before the world in independent firmness, of unexcelled strength on land and capable of self-defense at sea, through the German navy, of her rights and honor. The name which you will henceforth bear is a name which is our battle cry and our dying cry."

At the dinner which followed the launching of the battleship, Prince Henry of Prussia toasted Emperor William as the godfather of the ship, and also toasted Admiral von Knorr, whose silver wedding was celebrated yesterday.

MORE TROOPS FOR CUBA.

Madrid, Sept. 15.—The war department is concentrating 6,000 troops with the intention of immediately dispatching them as reinforcements to the Spanish army in Cuba.

LIKE THE EASTERN ASIATICS

Are the Indians Who Inhabit the West Coast of British America.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 15.—Dr. Franz Boaz, who for ten years has been making a study of British Columbia Indians for the British association, and who also heads the expedition which the American Museum and Natural History sent out last spring, is again in the city, with Dr. Farrand, who is also engaged in the work of collecting information about the Indians. He came down from the north on the steamer Tees. Since last year the two scientists have covered an immense territory, first going to the interior of the province and then coming out to the northern coast. The work in the north was largely devoted to physicial types of the aborigine, and measurements, casts and photographs were taken which will be the subject of later investigation. Dr. Farrand made a study of the customs and traditions of the Chilkoot Indians at Port Essington. Dr. Boaz paid particular attention to the art, paintings and carvings of the Indians, endeavoring to fathom their meaning. Incidentally a number of specimens were secured, but information was what was principally sought for. The work done in the interior was a continuation of the work of the British association, which they have been carrying on since 1887, when Dr. Boaz made his first visit, while that on the coast was prosecuted for the American Museum of Natural History at New York, Morris K. Jessup, president of the museum, bearing the cost.

The idea is to ascertain the origin of the coast Indians and whether any relationship exists between them and the natives of the Asiatic coast. Study will be made of the Indians from Columbia river to Bering straits and down along the Atlantic coast to lower Siberia. From what is known of the traditions and customs of natives of the two coasts, Dr. Boaz is convinced that they are related and that the first Indians of this side of the Pacific came from Siberia.

Scientists will be here again next summer and probably for many summers more before the vast field is covered.

Mere Bundles of Nerves.

Some peevish, querulous people seem mere bundles of nerves. The least sound agitates their sensoriums and ruffles their tempers. No doubt they are born so. But may not their nervousness be ameliorated, if not entirely relieved? Unquestionably, and with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. By cultivating their digestion, and insuring more complete assimilation of the food with this admirable corrective, they will experience a speedy and very perceptible gain in nerve quietude. Dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation and rheumatism yield to the Bitters.

CALLERS AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Cuba and the Union Pacific Railroad Are Matters Discussed.

Washington, Sept. 15.—The White House was thronged with official visitors today, and the president was kept busy from an early hour with the steady stream of callers.

The first was Judge Day, assistant secretary of state, who came at 8:15 o'clock. He and the president were together for some time, presumably in relation to Cuban affairs and General Lee's visit, although no information as to the nature of the call was obtainable. Senator Thurston of Nebraska arrived later in the morning and had a talk with the president. The senator said it did not relate to the sale of the Union Pacific railroad, but to several pending appointments, including two consulships. As to the Pacific railroads, he said that the people of his section were satisfied to have the subject taken out of politics and given to the impartial care of the courts.

The French ambassador, M. Pienotre, was with the president for about fifteen minutes for the purpose, it was understood, of arranging to take up the negotiations for a reciprocity arrangement and a treaty between the United Stses and France.

HEAT KILLS IN CHICAGO

Two Men Succumb to a Temperature of Ninety Degrees.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Two deaths and several prostrations were recorded today as the result of the excessive heat.

The dead:

SOLOMON ANDERSON, laborer, found dead in bed at his home, 198 Cornell street.

JOHN M'BRIDE, found dead in a lodging house, at 89 Des Plaines street.

The thermometer at 2 o'clock was 90. The humidity was very high and a hot southwest wind was blowing.

EXPORTS FOR AUGUST

Largest of Any August of Which the Treasury Department Has Records.

Washington, Sept. 15.—Domestic exports for August were the largest of any August of which the bureau of statistics of the treasury department has any record. They were valued at $79,497,820, as against $66,689,561 in August, 1896, an increase of $12,807,909; for the eight months ended August 31, 1897, they amounted to $629,434,371, an increase of $62,217,387 ove last year.

The excess of exports of merchandise over imports for August last, was $40,953,753, as against an excess of $69,132,816 in August 1896, and during the past eight months $395,229,213 as compared with $109,608,493 during the corresponding months of 1896.

The value of imports during August amounted to $38,576,640. This is the smallest value since June, 1879, when they amounted to $28,890,451.

The increase of exports is made up mainly of breadstuffs, which is accounted for by the heavy foreign demand for American grains.

The amount of gold imported during August amounted to $4,374,175 and the exports to $1,965,588.

The silver imports during August amounted to $1,496,752, and the exports to $5,313,271.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Geo. Van Werden's Pharmacy, 328 N. Main street, and G. Gehring's drug store, northeast corner Topeka and Douglas avenues.

LATE NEWS BY WIRE.

Salt Lake, Utah, Sept. 15.—A private letter from Tokio, Japan, announces the arrival in that city of Senators Cannon and Pettigrew and ex-Senator DuBois. The latter states that arrangements have been made for an interview with the emperor on the silver question—the principal purpose of the senatorial visit to the Orient.

New York, Sept. 15.—A son of John Brisben Walker said today that there had been no trouble between his father and President Andrews of Brown university over the Cosmopolitan university scheme. While he refused to make any statement, Mr. Walker hinted that Professor Andrews desired to retain the position of president of Brown university.

New York, Sept. 15.—Seymour Bros., stock and grain brokers, at No. 120 Broad street, this city, assigned today. The firm had offices in various parts of the country. The firm's standing was good and it is said to have done a large business. The assignees said it would be impossible to give an estimate of the assets and liabilities until an inventory had been taken. It is reported, however, that the liabilities may reach nearly $1,000,000. It is said that the firm's failure was caused by heavy dealings in wheat.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 15.—There is a well authenticated rumor current today to the effect that the Los Angeles Traction company will immediately begin the construction of its extension of its line of railway from its present terminus at Universality to San Pedro, the surveys for which have already been made and the right of way secured. It is also said that the Southern Pacific company has had plans prepared for a depot, warehouse, etc., upon its tract of 60 acres at San Pedro, which would indicate that the Southern Pacific has given up its fight for Santa Monica.

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PUMPING OUT THE SHAFT

No Horrible Corpses Reward the Searchers at Galena Yet.

Galena, Kan., Sept. 15.—Work was continued all day at the abandoned mine shaft, where a force of workmen are searching for the bodies of the two girls and the man supposed to have been murdered by the Stauffebacks and their mother, who was tried at Columbus for another murder. Up to a late hour tonight the objects of the search had not been revealed. All day the workers were hedged in by a crowd ranging in numbers from 200 to 500. The community is greatly excited, and it is openly declared that if the bodies shall be found, the Stauffbacks will be taken from the county jail at Columbus and lynched. Cora Stauffback, wife of one of the accused murderers, was among the crowd gathered at the shaft all day. According to her testimony, she saw the bodies of the victims thrown into the shaft.

International Chess Tournament.

Berlin, Sept. 15.—The third annual round of the international chess tournament, now in progress in this city, was begun this morning. It was announced that Bardeleben had been retired from the tournament. The game left unfinished yesterday between Albin and Metger was drawn.

Today's result follows:

Blackburn won against Bardeleben by default; Cohn beat Schiffers on the second board; Schlechter defeated Charousek on the third board, while Marco and Albin drew their game on the fourth; Metger and Alapin on the next board also drew, and Janowski administered a defeat to Winawer on the sixth.

Hods Caro and Zinkl went down before Teichmann and Tschigorin resepectively, these men occupying the seventh and eighth tables. Walbrodt disposed of Burn on the ninth board, and Suechting and englisch drew on the tenth board.

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