

TORAL ASKED MADRID

Gaining Time By Baffling Shafter's Agents.

FINALLY FORCED TO SIGN

His Commissioners Yielded With Bad Grace.

(Copyright, 1938, by the Associated Press.) At General Wheeler's Headquarters, before Santiago de Cuba, July 15, (10 a. m.)...

At the very outset a hitch occurred owing to a misunderstanding of what was said at the personal interview between General Shafter and General Tolar...

When the commissioners met, shortly after 2 o'clock in the afternoon, those in behalf of General Tolar (General Escario, Lieutenant Colonel Fortan and Robert Mason, the British vice consul)...

All this was extremely unsatisfactory to our commissioners, who clung tenaciously to the understanding General Shafter had received earlier in the day.

Finally, with the question of whether or not the Spanish forces had actually surrendered still open, the commissioners proceeded to the consideration of the preliminaries.

Captain Miles had drawn up thirteen articles of a general nature and these were submitted to General Tolar personally. He made a strong appeal that the word "capitulation" be used instead of the harsher term "surrender"...

At 4 o'clock General Tolar returned to the city to consult with General Linares. General Tolar and the Spanish commissioners returned at 6 o'clock saying they desired a still further change in the phraseology in the articles...

Shortly after midnight General Wheeler suggested that the good faith of the Spaniards be tested. All the articles were re-read and each commissioner in turn was asked if they were satisfactory.

General Shafter's headquarters are to be moved, probably today, to the high ground north of the city, where the whole of our army will be encamped after Santiago is evacuated...

SHORT AND DECISIVE

Is the Promise For the Porto Rico Campaign.

NONE BUT GENERAL MILES

Will Command, With General Brooke as Second.

(Copyright, 1938, by the Associated Press.) Washington, July 16.—It is said that General Miles himself will command the Porto Rico expedition, aided by General Brooke...

Washington, July 16.—It is said that General Miles himself will command the Porto Rico expedition, aided by General Brooke. The latter probably will make all the arrangements necessary at Washington and at Chickamauga...

(Copyright, 1938, by the Associated Press.) Playa del Este, Province of Santiago de Cuba, July 15.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The commissioners appointed by General Shafter and General Tolar to arrange the details of the surrender of the Spanish forces in eastern Cuba are still hard at work...

Through the understanding was that no concessions were to be granted, with the exception of allowing the officers to retain their side arms, the Spanish commissioners have been disputing and raising many objections to the proposed arrangements.

The total number of Spanish troops involved in the surrender, it is said, run close to 25,000, of which about 12,000 are behind the entrenchments of Santiago. The rest of the Spanish troops are stationed at Sagua de Tanamo, Guaniamon, Baracoa and other seaports and fortified cities.

(Signed) "WILLIAM M'KINLEY." To Major General Shafter, Front, Near Santiago, Playa-I cannot express in words my gratitude to you and your heroic men. Your work has been well done. God bless you all.

(Signed) "R. A. ALGER." Secretary of War. Washington, July 16 (10:35 p. m.)—The following message has just been received at the White House: "Camp Near Santiago, Playa del Este, July 15, via Hayti.—To the President—I thank you, and my army thank you, for your congratulatory telegram of today. I am proud to say everyone in it performed his duty gallantly. Your message will be read to every regiment in the army at noon tomorrow."

(Signed) "SHAFTER, Major General." CABINET MEETING. Washington, July 15.—The war board, including Secretaries Long and Alger, and Admiral Seward and Captain Mahan and Captain Crownsfield, had a conference with the president about 11 o'clock this morning. Secretary Day was also present.

(Signed) "SHAFTER, Major General." NICE THINGS SAID TO ALGER. Washington, July 15.—Secretary Alger has been receiving a number of congratulatory letters and telegrams called forth by the capture of Santiago. One of these is from a man who billed one of the leading commands in the Federal army during the war of the rebellion, and who has since never lost interest in or failed to keep in touch with military affairs.

THIS TALK OF PEACE

Is Spain's Way of Preparing Her People

FOR FINAL PEACE TERMS

McKinley May Not Be of the Keep 'em Kind.

(Copyright, 1938, by the Associated Press.) Madrid, July 16, 9 a. m.—Several of the newspapers of this city say the Spanish government opened negotiations today through the French ambassador at Washington, Mr. Cambon, with the government of the United States.

It is said in connection with the Spanish suggestion of leaving the question of the future government of Cuba to be decided by a plebiscite of its inhabitants, that Spain would unreservedly accept the decision given in such a case.

Washington, July 16.—In view of the renewed reports that the French ambassador at Washington, Mr. Cambon, had opened peace negotiations or inquiries relative to possible terms of peace, it can be stated authoritatively, after inquiry at the French embassy, that no negotiations or inquiries of any character relative to peace have been made as yet, officially or unofficially, direct or indirect, by the French ambassador. The reports grew out of Mr. Cambon's call at the White House on July 11.

Notwithstanding the well established character of this contention between the president and the French ambassador, it is served as a text that Mr. Cambon was sounding the president on terms of peace. This has been sounded so forcibly that even some officials have accepted it as accurate and as a result that some peace movements had at last assumed tangible form.

The appearance of every representative of the European powers at the state department is set on by many watchers as evidence that they are bawlers of peace overtures. Thus when the German secretary of Embassy, Baron Speck von Sternburg, came to the department this week immediately after his rise to the story that he had come charged with such a mission, this, however, met with very prompt denial from everybody concerned, and it was added, as well, that the visit had no reference to the Philippines.

The statement attributed to Premier Sagasta that Spain had been making extra-official inquiries to learn what terms the United States might accept as a basis for peace, failed of confirmation to this extent, that up to this moment the state department had not been approached on the subject directly or indirectly.

Perhaps the Spanish premier may have some means of obtaining the information he desires that is not known to our officials here, but however that may be, the statement still remains good that the United States government has not even unofficially indicated the terms it would accept as a basis for peace negotiations.

Of course these matters have been discussed between government officials without relation to any Spanish inquiries and it is also true that the president would like very well to accurately gauge the majority of the Republican power in this matter. Without assuming to speak for him in a matter of this importance it is gathered from high members of the administration that the president himself is disposed to be moderate in his demands and while securing all that the United States fairly entitled to exact from a nation in Spain's distressed condition, he is not disposed to embark in a world-wide quest for territory that would be unobtainable to us. In other words, unless there is an overwhelming desire on the part of the American people for the adoption of such a course it is not believed that the president as a finally would insist that Spain abandon all of her colonial possessions.

While the proposition is tentative, it is felt that as a minimum demand he will be content with the acquisition of Porto Rico, an admission of the independence of Cuba, a ceding station in the Philippines with provision for some kind of a protectorate over the island, and a moderate indemnity. It is judged that the Spanish government has pretty fairly imbibed some such idea as this and that the utterances of Premier Sagasta and the cautious declarations in the pro-Spanish newspapers are simply intended to gradually bring the Spanish people into a state of mind where they will be willing to submit quietly to the imposition of some such terms of peace. It is realized that at present the conditions in Spain are not ripe and that some time—how much cannot be estimated now—will be required to cultivate public sentiment in Spain to the proper point.

DEATH OF EBEN BREWER

Washington, July 15.—Eben Brewer, who had charge of all postal arrangements of the United States in Cuba, died near Santiago today, according to advices received at the postoffice department. He came from Pittsburg. It had been reported that he was sick with malarial fever.

ERIE, Pa., July 15.—Eben Brewer, who died Thursday near Santiago de Cuba from malarial fever, lived for many years in this city. He was a newspaper man, having been editor of the Erie Dispatch. Afterward he went to Pittsburg, where he was connected with one of the papers in that city.

SICK AND WOUNDED. New York, July 15.—The hospital ship Olivette is expected to arrive in New York by tomorrow. The following is a list of the sick and wounded on board: Officers—Major James M. Bell, First Lt. Second Massachusetts Infantry; All privates and non-commissioned officers—Albertson, company F, First U. S. volunteer cavalry; Alger, company D, Sixth Infantry; Aust, company C, Fourth Infantry; Ashley, company B, Second Massachusetts Infantry; Anderson, company B, Tenth Cavalry; Alexander, company F, Seventeenth Infantry; Alexander, company B, Tenth Cavalry; Ariel, company B, Second Massachusetts Infantry; All privates and non-commissioned officers—Albertson, company F, First U. S. volunteer cavalry; Alger, company D, Sixth Infantry; Aust, company C, Fourth Infantry; Ashley, company B, Second Massachusetts Infantry; Anderson, company B, Tenth Cavalry; Alexander, company F, Seventeenth Infantry; Alexander, company B, Tenth Cavalry; Ariel, company B, Second Massachusetts Infantry.

CLARA BARTON REPORTS. New York, July 15.—A telegram was received today by the executive department of the Red Cross society from Miss Clara Barton, dated Playa del Este, July 15. The message follows: "Santiago has surrendered. Came from the front yesterday in a pouring rain. Fever is supposed here. Siboney burned. Dr. Lesser and Mrs. Lesser and all their nurses are in the fever hospital two miles distant. I saw them today, and all are doing well. Four army surgeons of the St. Paul are with us, there being no other provision for them. We are feeding the refugees of Siboney. Many thousands at Surimiza by rail. Elwell is feeding 5,000 at Camp by army wagons and 20,000 by pack mules."

WAR APPOINTMENTS. Washington, July 15.—The president today nominated the following: To a captain of infantry—Wilds E. Richardson, William F. Blauvelt, William H. Alaire, Lorenzo B. Davison, William C. Hill, Marvin B. Saffold, Joseph R. Batschauer, Jr., Henry C. Holger, Jr., James T. Kerr, Robert L. Hirst, William N. Hughes.

TO GOVERN ARIZONA. Washington, July 15.—The president has appointed N. O. Murphy to be governor of Arizona, to succeed Myron W. McCord, who resigned to accept the coloncy of an army regiment. Mr. Murphy has represented the territory in many official capacities.

MISSOURI VOLUNTEERS. St. Louis, Mo., July 15.—The entire regiment of Missouri volunteers is now in camp at Jefferson Barracks and will be mustered into the service in a few days. The camp has been officially designated "Camp M. F. Bell" after the adjutant general of Missouri.

LEWIS AND CLARK. San Francisco, July 15.—Advices from Honolulu indicate that the coast defenses vessel Monterey will take possession of the Caroline Islands before reaching Manila. While in Honolulu harbor, Commander Lewis of the Monterey, borrowed Bray of the missionary bark Mission Star, and also consulted with that navigator regarding the harbors of the islands. Commander Lewis promised to return the charts when he reached the Philippines.

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FULTON LEADS—OTHERS TRY TO FOLLOW.

Dewey-Schley Admiral....

....Suits?

Reckon we do! Have already sold more Men and Boys' Admiral Suits, Caps, and fixings than any other concern in the state. The citizens of Kansas and Oklahoma are patriotic and want 'em and as we have the largest stock, best quality and lowest prices, we supply them.

Admiral Suits.... The proper style and excellent quality, made well, look swell, \$2 and up. Admiral Caps large stock, splendid assortment, and only proper thing, 25c and 50c. Boys and Children's Dewey Suits, made of Duck, Coat, Pants and Cap to match, with Dewey or Maine on the band; Pants have a White stripe on the outside seam. Makes a boy feel like a real officer, \$1.50. Children's White Duck Tom O'Shaners 15c.

Crash Caps.... Suitable for Men, Boys, Girls or Cyclists. See them in our East window, 5c. Better ones at 10c and 15c. Straw Hats.... Our Straw Hat Sale this season has broken all previous records. Smaller dealers smiled when they saw the immense stock we bought, evidently thinking we would have to carry over a lot of them to next season, but as we had the variety of styles, shapes and quality and sold them at less prices than others could, we've done the Straw Hat business of Wichita this season and won't carry one over. Our regular prices were below other special prices, and we have now cut the prices to close out every Straw Hat in our stock. Hats that sold early in the season for \$3 now \$2.50. Hats that sold at \$2.50 now \$2; regular \$2 hat now \$1.50; \$1.50 Hats now \$1; \$1 hats now 75c; and 75 cent Hats now 50c; 50 cent Hats now 35c. Also the same reduction applies to Duck Covered Helmets, in all colors; Buff, White, Straw, Drab, Brown, etc., and Basket shaped or Japanese Hats.

Neglige Shirts.... This department can't be done justice; limited space; in fact our line is the finest and largest in the state and must be seen to be fully appreciated. Good ones, latest styles, all new patterns at 50c, 75c, \$1, and still finer ones if you want them. Work Shirts.... Big Stock, fine assortment, excellent qualities at 25c, 40c, 50c. Neckwear.... Take your choice of any of the wash ties in our West window. One dozen for 25c. All the colors of the rainbow and they are fast colors and fast sellers, too. Every thing you buy here has our guarantee back of it, satisfaction or your money back.

Sweaters. Our Mr. Fulton, who is now in New York City, has just purchased a big lot of Sweaters of a concern that needed money badly and he bought their entire lot at heretofore unheard of prices. They are excellent qualities—the kind sold everywhere regularly at from \$3 to \$5 each. We will sell them while they last, your choice, \$1.00. We expect to make competition sweat while these last. Come in and look at them.

C. R. Fulton, Wichita's Greatest Clothing Store. Phone 221. ZIMMERLY BLOCK.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN SAPOLIO IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

The Daily Eagle Delivered 10c a Week

