Daily Eagle

Members of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association.

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The only paper in Southwestern Kansas or Oklahoma receiving the complete Associated Press report.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY BY CARRIER, 10c. PER WEEK.

(In advance, postage prepaid.)

Daily, one copy six months	2.00
Daily, one copy three months	1.00
Daily, one copy one month	.35
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WEEKLY EAGLE.

One copy one year	$1.50

Business office, "The Rookery," Chicago; The S. C. Beckwith Special Agency, sole Agents for Foreign Advertising.

Readers of the Eagle when in New York City or Chicago, can see copies of the paper at the office of our agent at the address given above.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Rates of advertising made known upon application.

The proprietors reserve the right to reject and discontinue any advertisements contracted for either by themselves or their agents.

Entered in the postoffice at Wichita as second-class matter, and entered for transmission through the mails as such.

Eastern Business office, "The Tribune" Building, New York City; Western Business office, Rookery Building, Chicago.

Exchange Stables.

Exchange stables at Orlando and Stillwater. Make a specialty of carrying passengers between these points. Also do a general livery business. Traveling men's patronage solicited.

SHIVELY, VAN WYKE & SHIVELY.

Free Health Lecture.

A rare treat is in store for the ladies of Wichita who attend the course of lectures on the Physical Development of Women, also advancement of their sex. The lectures will be illustrated with life-sized charts, and will be given by Francis William Von, M. D., of San Francisco, under the auspices of Kansas Viavi company, in the Sedgwick Music hall, Tuesday, May 16, and Wednesday, May 17, at 2:30 o'clock. Subject Tuesday: "The Temple Not Built With Hands." Subject Wednesday: "The Woman of Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow." Ladies only are cordially invited. 154-2t*

Order to Clean Up.

Per resolution of city council of May 8th, 1899, property owners and occupants are hereby ordered to clean, or cause to be cleaned, streets and alleys abutting their property by May 20th, 1899. Any violation of this order will be subject to arrest without further notice.

C. M. JONES, Chief of Police.
By O. P. MASSEY, Assistant Chief.
156-6t

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Curb and Gutter Proposals.

City Clerk's Office,
Wichita, Kan., May 15, 1899.

Proposals will be received at this office until 4 o'clock p. m., May 22, 1899, for the construction of curb and gutter on the west side of Topeka avenue, from Douglas avenue to the south side of lot Six, in Mead's addition to the city of Wichita, Kan.; also a permanent walk on east side of Emporia avenue, between English and William streets.

The curb and guttering and permanent walks to be constructed according to specifications on file in the office of the city engineer.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check of $10, payable to the city of Wichita, as a guarantee of good faith.

A maintenance bond for a period of five years will be required of the contractor.

The mayor and council reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

155-3t H. T. KRAMER, City Clerk.

SPECIAL LOW RATE EXCURSIONS
Via The Santa Fe to Points Named Below.

Buffalo, N. Y., Imperial Council Mystic Shrine. Dates of sale June 12 and 13.

Denver, Colo., Cumberland Presbyterian Church assembly. Dates of sale May 15 and 16.

Detroit, Mich., Society of Christian Endeavor. Dates of sale July 3, 4 and 5.

Hutchinson, Kan., Musical Jubilee. Dates of sale May 15 to 19.

Hutchinson, Kan., Kansas State Sunday School convention. Dates of sale May 8 to 10.

Louisville, Ky., Travelers' Protective association. Dates of sale May 14 and 15.

Louisville, Ky., Southern Baptist convention. Dates of sale May 8 and 9.

Minneapolis, Minn., General Assembly of Presbyterian church. Dates of sale May 16, 17 and 18.

Roanoke, Va., German Baptists (Dunkards). Dates of sale May 17 and 18.

San Francisco, Cal., National Baptist societies. Dates of sale May 15, 16, 17 and 18.

St. Louis, Mo., meeting of Elks. Dates of sale June 19 and 20.

Richmond, Va., Baptist Young People's union.

L. R. DELANEY, Agent.
Douglas Avenue Union Station.

REDUCED RATES
Via
THE GREAT ROCK ISLAND.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 17-19.
Roanoke, Va., May 17-18.
Detroit, Mich., July 3-5.
Richmond, Va., July 19-21.
St. Louis, Mo., June 19-20.
Denver, Colo., May 17-18.
Buffalo, N. Y., June 11-13.
Topeka, Kan., May 15-18.
San Francisco, Cal., May 15-18.
Los Angeles, Cal., July 11.
Topeka, Kan., April 26.

For rates and other information call on or address E. DRAKE, D. P. A.

ONLY $1.41. ONLY $1.41. ONLY $1.41.

Kansas Musical Jubilee, Kansas State Sunday School Association, Hutchinson, Kan. For these events the Santa Fe will sell tickets to Hutchinson and return for one fare, $1.41, for the round trip. Tickets on sale May 8-10, and May 15-19. Good to return until May 21 and May 26 1899.

L. R. DELANEY, Agent.

NOTE IMPORTANT CHANGE IN TIME on the Frisco line. Afternoon train leaves at 1:01 p. m. Evening train leaves at 9:50 p. m.

$19.00 DENVER AND RETURN. $19.00
VIA SANTA FE ROUTE.

Tickets on sale May 16 and 17. Good for return until June 15, 1899. Pullman sleepers and free chairs through. Berths reserved, baggage checked and tickets sold by L. R. Delaney, Agent, Wichita.

ON INFAMY'S BRINK

Inside History of the Fight for Cuban Recognition.

CONGRESS WAS FLOODED

With Worthless Cuban Bonds --How the Game Was Beaten

Chicago, May 15.—The paper said to be closer to McKinley than any other in the United States, the Times-Herald, has the following sensational editorial: Thomas Estrada Palma, for many years "the delegate plenipotentiary and general agent abroad" of the so-called Republic of Cuba, has been making some confessions to the New York Evening Post which shed a blindlight on the gravest peril and blackest scandal which the United States escaped in its relations and war with Spain. Mr. Palma, about whose position there has never been any doubt, now says there was no junta or body of men representing the Cuban republic in the United States. He personally was "the sole representative of the revolutionists." Benjamin J. Guerro, a tobacco merchant of New York, was his treasurer, and Señor Gonzalo de Quesada was the charge d'affaires of the same mythical republic at Washington.

Having disposed of the Cuban junta thus summarily, and no doubt truthfully, Mr. Palma proceeds to efface all records of its notorious bond jobbing operations in the name of Cuban liberty, which came within a breath of committing the United States to a recognition of the elusive Republic of Cuba. Mr. Palma says there was less than $1,000,000 collected by him and expended for the Cuban fund, but he says nothing of those other paper millions in bonds which Tomas Estrada Palma had paper authority to issue in the name of the Republic of Cuba.

It was the latter fund, distributed with lavish irresponsibility among newspapers, politicians, senators and representatives, that on Sunday, April 17, 1898, brought the United States to the verge of recognizing the mythical Republic of Cuba, whose bonds were being hawked about Washington in return for votes for the Turpie resolutions. The inner history of those fateful days, April 16, 17 and 18, 1898, has never been written, and it can never be told in all its secret plottings and ramifications without blasting the names of some men who stand high in public life. But it was only the exposure of the trap that the Cuban junta had baited with millions of bonds of a paper republic that saved the American congress from a catastrophe to which the blowing up of the Maine would have seemed a national benefaction.

Let us briefly recall the situation. April 13 the house of representatives by a vote of 190 to 147, refused to recognize the Cuban republic and passed a joint resolution directing the president to intervene and stop the war in Cuba with the purpose of securing peace and establishing a stable and independent government of Cuba by Cubans.

The resolution went to the senate, where it was actually torn to shreds during the three days of debate and passion and scandal that ensued. The trail of Cuban bonds ran backward and forward between the senate and the house. John J. McCook was ubiquitous as the representative of the men who were distributing bonds to be redeemed at 40 cents on the dollar if the Cuban republic was recognized. The waves of that slimy sea of speculation and corruption washed up to the very steps of the White House, which, to the honor of President McKinley and the glory of the republic, they were not permitted to pollute.

On April 16 the senate, by a vote of 67 to 21, passed the famous recognition resolutions. After reciting the abhorrent conditions in Cuba that had shocked the world, the destruction of the Maine and the futile efforts made by the president to secure peace, these resolutions declared "That the people of the island of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent, and that the government of the United States hereby recognizes the Republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island."

All this resolution then needed was the acceptance of the house and the approval of the president to saddle more than $100,000,000 of bonds—some issued at one cent on the dollar, but the greater part as premiums on corruption—upon the people of Cuba. It would have been fruitful of complications between the United States and the Cuban insurgents. It would have placed our armies in Cuba under the command of Cuban generals as auxiliaries. And it would have placed us at the mercy of any negotiations for peace which the so-called Republic of Cuba might have entered into with Spain.

All day Sunday, April 17, there was consternation throughout every responsible branch of the government in Washington. Honest, clear-visioned men saw the rock of shame and disaster on which Cuban bonds were rushing congress. The same influences that had stamped the senate had undermined the good sense and probity of some Republican representatives. It was known that 20 of the Republican majority had been inoculated with the recognition fever. If they went over in a body to the Democratic minority of 167 it meant a majority of 17 for the calamity of Cuban recognition.

President McKinley and Speaker Reed worked together to save their country and their party from the gulf of shame into which the Democrats and a body of Republicans, called at the time "reconcentrados," were bent on precipitating them. Governor Tanner lent his aid to the vicious cause in that day of peril by a telegram in which he urged upon Illinois congressmen the necessity for the immediate adoption of the senate resolutions of recognition.

But the president and he Republican leaders in the house proved equal to the emergency. The true character of the Republic of Cuba was set before senators and congressmen. The secret history of the corrupt use of Cuban bonds was placed in the hands of Senator Burrows and Congressman Grosvenor, who were prepared to make it public on Monday before the vote was taken if it should be deemed that nothing short of a national scandal would save congress from committing a national crime.

It was not, however, until the intimation came straight from the White House that President McKinley would assume the desperate responsibility of vetoing any recognition of the Cuban republic that the leaders of the house were certain tha the senate resolution could be defeated.

Republicans who did not hesitate at the thought of precipitating this country into a war for the establishment of a paper republic to vitalize $100,000,000 of worthless bonds shrank from a vote in the face of a veto that would be backed by the exposure of all the hypocrisy, fraud and corruption that lurked behind Senator Turpie's recognition resolution. They realized that the veto that killed recognition would expose the folly of the turpitude of those who favored it.

What followed is briefly told. On Monday, April 18, congress was the scene of the fiercest political struggle it has known since the war. Cuba, with all its wrongs and sufferings, lay in the balance while reckless and designing politicians and speculators sought to commit America to a policy of infamy. The roll call in the house came on the motion of Congressman Dingley to strike the words "and that the government of the United States hereby recognizes he Republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island" out of the senate resolution and—with one other omission of two words—to concur in the action of the senate. Fourteen Republicans—three from Illinois—voted with the Democrats and Populists for recognition, and only one Populist—Howard of Alabama, to his everlasting honor—voted with the Republicans to save his country from shame. When the roll call began the Democrats cheered every Republican that voted in favor of the Cuban bonds. But as it progressed it was seen that the missionary work of Sunday had had its effect and the honor of the United State was safe. The final vote was 178 to 156 against recognition.

If twelve other Republicans had continued in the company of the recalcitrant fourteen there is no knowing where the fatuity and worse, of the recognitionists might have landed this nation.

It was saved fro mthe peril of that day by the firmness of the president, who had been fully informed of the efforts to prostitute the American congress with the bonds of the so-called Republic of Cuba.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

AN OBSTINATE SORE CURED.

James G. Ambertof, Delia, O., writes: I had an obstinate sore on my face which everything else failed to heal. After one application of Banner Salve it began to heal and after three applications it was entirely healed, leaving no scar. Hocking Drug Co., G. Gehring, and Wells Miller, druggists.

GOLD RUSH THAT FAILED

Two Ex-Stampeders Return Empty-Handed From Kotzebue Sound.

Skaguay, Alaska, May 5, via Seattle, Wash., May 12.—F. A. H. Fysh and W. Williams reached Dawson April 15 on foot from Kotzebue Sound. Fysh and Williams formed two of a party of eighteen who left Iowa last summer and joined the big rush which landed 2,000 men on the various rivers of the Kotzebue Sound. The party established winter quarters 300 miles up the Kowak river. After untold hardships and labor they decided that there was no gold in the country. On February 19 Fysh and Williams struck out over the divide to the Koyukuk, thence to Dawson, a distance of 1,500 miles. Mr. Fysh reports that Kotzebue Sound is thickly peopled wih an intelligent race of Indians closely resembling the Japanese in habits and physique. The principal diet heretofore had been dried salmon, but the abundance of white man's food last summer was the cause of laying away less than half a crop of salmon. The result this winter was that the ill-nourished natives have been dying off like sheep. He says the opening of the Bering sea will see the exodus of the last white man, and only a scattering of cabins will mark the scene of one of the most disastrous gold-hunting expeditions since Cortez landed on the coast of Florida.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup, and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—John E. Clifford, proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by druggists.

SWEEPS CROSSINGS IN LONDON

But Arthur Fitzhardinge Wanklynse Claims an Earldom.

London, May 12.—A crippled crossing-sweeper named Arthur Fitzhardinge Wanklynsch has entered a claim to the earldom of Berkeley, based upon the fact that his grandfather, Thomas Morton Fitzhardinge, the legally acknowledged heir, refused to accept the title for family reasons. The claimant is 40 years of age Wales in his youth, later making a precarious livelihood in London. The crux of the case depends on finding a solicitor who holds family records.

Anglo-Oom Paul Conference.

Pretoria, Transvaal, May 12.—The Volksraad has given its approval of the meeting of President Kruger and Sir Alfred Milner, governor of the Cape Colony and high commissioner of South Africa, on neutral ground at Bloemfontein. The points of discussion are now being decided and the general opinion is that the meeting will clear the air of most of the existing political troubles.

The Sphar has arrived at Berber after a camel ride of 800 miles through the Eastern Soudan. In a dispatch to Cairo Lord Kitchener wires that he found the people most grateful for their release from Dervish rule, which had ruined the country. He gives as an instance of its dire influence that a tribe which used to possess 50,000 camels now has only 1,000.

Cuticura SOAP

For Sanative Uses.

Its remarkable, excellent, cleansing, and purifying properties, derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, warrant the use of CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, for too free or offensive perspiration, and also in the form of internal washes and solutions for innumerable weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially to mothers. The use of CUTICURA Ointment with CUTICURA SOAP will suggest itself in the severer cases.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. CUTICURA SOAP BOOK, free to Women.

NEW FAST LINE
Between
WICHITA, LINCOLN, OMAHA AND DES MOINES.

No change of cars between Wichita, Lincoln, Omaha and Des Moines via The Great Rock Island.

Train leaves Wichita 9 p. m., arrives Lincoln 7:10 a. m., Omaha 9 a. m., Des Moines 4:30 p. m.

Returning, leaves Des Moines 1:40 p. m., Omaha 6:40 p. m., Lincoln 8:35 p. m., arrives Wichita 7 a. m.

No change of cars.

E. DRAKE, D. P. A.
E. W. THOMPSON,
A. G. P. & T. A., Topeka.

ANNUAL CONVENTION TRAVELERS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION

Louisville, Ky., May 16th to 18th. For the above occasion the Frisco line will sell round trip tickets, Wichita to Louisville, and return for $22.10. Tickets on sale May 14th and 15th, final return limit leaving Louisville, May 19th.

$60.00 SAN FRANCISCO AND RETURN.

Tickets on sale May 15 to 18, inclusive. Final limit, July 15, 1899. Stop-over privileges in each direction. You may go one way and return another. L. R. Delaney, Agent, Santa Fe Route, Wichita, will cheerfully respond to all inquiries for information.

FOR ST. LOUIS.
TAKE THE MISSOURI PACIFIC,
"KANSAS AND NEBRASKA LIMITED."

Leaves Wichita at 2:10 p. m., arriving at St. Louis next morning at 7:20, making direct connections with all lines east. No change of cars. Elegant service. City ticket office, 114 North Main street.

List of
SPECIAL LOW RATE EXCURSIONS
Via Missouri Pacific Railway to Points Named Below.

Buffalo, N. Y., Imperial Council Mystic Shrine. Dates of sale June 12 and 13.

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St. Louis, Mo., meeting of Elks. Dates of sale June 19 and 20.

Richmond, Va., Baptist Young People's union. E. E. BLECKLEY, P. & T. A., 114 North Main St.

NATIONAL BAPTIST ANNIVERSARIES

Will be held in San Francisco this year. For the first time in the history of this organization these meetings will be held on the Pacific Coast. The Santa Fe will sell round-trip tickets May 15 to 18, inclusive, with limit of July 15, for $60.00. Liberal stop-overs permitted. Pullman palace and tourist sleepers and free chair cars to California daily. Call on L. R. Delaney, Agent, Wichita, for literature and details.

CHEAP RATES TO PACIFIC COAST
VIA SANTA FE.

The Santa Fe are selling tickets to San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego and other California points at very cheap rate of $32.50.

To Portland and points in Idaho and Oregon, $38.85. For particulars call on or address L. R. DELANEY,
Phone 139. Agent, Wichita.

CALIFORNIA AND BACK

At reduced rate. Tickets limited to July 15; on sale May 15 and 16, inclusive, for $60.00. Good going via Los Angeles and returning via Ogden, or vice versa, if desired. Or one may go and return via same route for same charge. See L. R. Delaney, Agent, Santa Fe Route, Wichita, for details.

LOW RATES FOR BAPTISTS

And others. Santa Fe will sell tickets to San Francisco and return for $60.00. Limited for return to July 15, 1899. Pullman sleepers—palace and tourist—and free chair cars to California daily. L. R. Delaney, Agent, Wichita, has illustrated descriptive literature of points of interest en route.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS
via
THE SANTA FE ROUTE.

On April 4 and 18, May 2 and 16, June 6 and 20, the Santa Fe will sell round trip tickets at the very cheap rate of one fare for the round trip plus $2.00 to all points in Arkansas, Arizona, Indian Territory and New Mexico. These tickets will bear going limit with stop-over privileges of fifteen days; final return limit twenty-one days from date of sale. Before purchasing tickets you will do well to call on some representative of the road that reaches all points of importance, the Great Santa Fe.

L. R. DELANEY, Agent.
Douglas Avenue Station.

Daily Eagle, by carrier, 10 cents a week

STATE ENCAMPMENT

G. A. R., Sons of Veterans, Woman's Relief Corps, Ladies of the G. A. R. and Ladies' Aid Societies.

Hutchinson, Kan., April 24 to 30, 1899. The Missouri Pacific railway will sell tickets at rate of one fare, $1.41, for the round trip, for this occasion. Tickets on sale April 24 to 27 inclusive, limited for return to May 1, 1899.

The Missouri Pacific railway has three trains each way per day, leaving Wichita for Hutchinson at 7:25 a. m., 9:40 a. m., 5:20 p. m. E. E. BLECKLEY, P. T. A., 114 North Main Street.

COLORADO SPRINGS AND RETURN.
$17.95 VIA SANTA FE. $17.95

A low rate for an early vacation. Tickets on sale May 16 and 17, bearing limit of June 15. Particulars may be had on application to L. R. Delaney, Agent, Wichita.

REDUCED RATES
to
California and Northwest Points.

The GREAT ROCK ISLAND is now selling tickets to Helena, Butte, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and other northwest points at rate of $25.35.

To San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego, Cal., at rate of $32.50.

E. DRAKE, D. P. A.

$24.65
PUEBLO AND RETURN.
VIA SANTA FE ROUTE.

Tickets on sale May 16 and 17, with return limit of June 15. No change of cars. Harvey dining rooms. L. R. Delaney, Agent, Wichita.

X-RAY FROM HEAVEN

Bishop Gaines, Colored, Says if He Owned Such a Thing

HE'D TORN IT ON RAPISTS

To Make Sure of Guilt, and the Mob Might Do the Rest.

Atlanta, Ga., May 15.—In a sermon delivered here, Bishop Gaines of the African Methodist Episcopal church, South, voiced his sentiments against lynch law, yet condemning in the severest terms the negroes who commit the crime of rape. "I want to say today," said he, "that he who apologizes for the crime of rape, or has any sympathy for the inhuman monster who commits this crime, be he black or white, is an enemy to od and a traitor to his race. In all the catalogue of crime I can imagine no deed more dastardly no fiend more foul and infernal than the beast who would outrage virtue and take from a good woman the treasure of her honor. Perhaps if a man were charged with rape and I had an X-ray from heaven turned on him so I knew he was guilty, I would be willing to turn him over to the mob."

ALTERNATIVE FOR LYNCHING

Prominent Southerner Wants Summary Courts for Negro Rapists.

Washington, D. C., May 15.—The award in Louisville, of $50,000 damages to a Kentucky negro who had suffered at the hands of a mob looks like a movement in the direction of a new order in the south. The jury which brought in the verdict was composed of white farmers, all men above the average intelligence in their own communities. A hundred such verdicts might not break up mob rule in the south, but every one of the hundred would bring the better time a step nearer. The trouble with this mode of regeneration is that a southern mob with a negro in hand usually makes its job complete, and leaves nobody to sue for damages; and it is hardly to the credit of the superior race that few white men who have suffered mob outrage have had the courage to carry their troubles to the civil side of the courts, where they will always have a better chance for fair treatment than on the criminal side.

One reason which southerners hereabout offer privately in defence of the intemperate acts of mobs where negroes are concerned, but to which they rarely give public utterance, is that the slow methods of the courts, even if they convict and even if the sentence of death is actually carried out, rob the punishment of half its effectiveness by giving the criminals a chance to "get religion" and present to their admiring observers the spectacle of a thoroughly happy end to a life of vice and crime. They say that this sort of thing has a most unwholesome effect upon the criminally-inclined, because it fosters in them the idea that they can do anything they choose, and yet step from the scaffold into an eternity of bliss if time enough is given them to make long prayers and sing soul-stirring hymns.

A few days ago Colonel Archibald Hopkins of this city published a suggestion that in each southern state where lynch law is prevalent it would be a clever idea to establish by legislation a system of drum-head courts for the punishment of assaults upon women. As an outline of such fabric he suggests that the governor be authorized to appoint an officer in every township, whose duty it shall be to summon, on the day the assault becomes known, six citizens living nearest the scene of the crime or of the capture of the accused, and constitute them a special jury; that this officer preside over the jury and hold a summary trial, at which the prisoner may be heard, and may call any witnesses within reach; and that the same functionary who served thus as magistrate be given authority also to execute the sentence pronounced in accordance with the verdict of the jury, or if the case remain sufficiently involved in doubt, to turn the prisoner over to the sheriff till a further investigation can be made.

kins argued that the southern situation is extraordinary, and requires extraordinary measures for its rectification. The plan he proposes, he admits, is not ideal, but it seems to answer the peculiar demands of the southern people that the punishment for the crime to which vicious negroes are most prone shall be not only severe but prompt. "You cannot make over at once the social order of the south," said he, "any more than you can stop your horse when he is running away and he is stronger than you. But a good driver, if he cannot bring his runaway horse to a standstill, at least strives to keep him in the middle of the road and preserve the outward form of control over him. So the philosopher who deals with the lynching question in the south, if popular sentiment there does not support the patient and plodding methods of the law, will seek to devise some means of preserving the forms of law even with radical amendments of its detail. The drum-head trial is used, and very effectively, under martial rule, and it may be that something of that sort would meet the demands of the abnormal situation in the south."

During the last week Colonel Hopkins has received calls from southern men of position who wished to express their belief that he [illegible] on the right track.

IN BAD SHAPE.

I was in bad shape and suffered a great deal with my Kidneys. I was requested to try Foley's Kidney Cure. I did so and in four days I was able to go to work again. Now I am entirely well.

CHARLES REPLOGLE, Atwater, O.

Hocking Drug Co., G. Gehring, and Wells Miller, druggists.

SWINDLING COLORED MEN

By Making Ex-Slaves Believe They are Entitled to Pensions.

New York, May 15.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Thousands of colored men in this country are being induced to believe that they are to be pensioned by the United States government upon being able to show that they were formerly slaves. The promoters of this scheme have been at work for several years and it is estimated that more than $150,000 in small sums has been collected by those having the project in hand. According to a circular sent out, a copy of which is now in the hands of a certain United States senator, one of the offices is in Nashville, Tenn. I. H. Dickerson is general manager. The circular is headed "Onward to Victory." It also contains what purports to be a picture of General Manager Dickerson. W. C. Lawson of Washington is mentioled as attorney. Another circular bears a picture of Senator W. F. Mason of Illinois.

Charles R. Wessmar, 2501 Ashland street, Evanston, Ill., writes: My boy, 2½ years old, had a severe cold, which refused to yield to any treatment until we tried Foley's Honey and Tar, which gave immediate relief, and he was completely cured before using one bottle. Guaranteed. 25 and 50 cents. Hocking Drug Co., G. Gehring, and Wells Miller, druggists.

KICK ON THE CHICAGO DITCH

St. Louis Hopes to Lay a Protest Before Congress.

Chicago, Ill., May 15.—It was announced here today that St. Louis citizens will protest to congress against Secretary Alger's permission to open the drainage canal, if an extra session should eb called before the time set for opening the big ditch. It was also discovered that the big channel cannot be finished this year so that it will carry 300,000 cubic feet of water per minute, as required by law. This may delay the opening for another year, for if Governor Tanner wishes to assert his prerogative he can refuse to grant permission to the sanitary board to turn the water into the canal.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Anyone who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demoniac enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by druggists.

SPAIN'S LAST CHECK PAID

And Not a Dollar of It, Actual Money, Has Left the Country.

New York, May 15.—The fourth and last of the $5,000,000 treasury warrants paid to Spain for the Filippine islands was presented at the National City bank today by a representative of the French embassy. The draft will pass through the clearing house in tomorrow's exchanges. Not one dollar of the $15,000,000 already paid to Spain has really gone out of this country the entire transaction having been conducted on the basis of foreign exchange, and as there has been a large tade balance in favor of this country in about everyone of the continental money markets, the indemnity money has been charged against these balances.

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of this remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease.—J. W. Lynch, Dorr, W. Va. This remedy is sold by druggists.

NO SPECIAL SESSION PROBABLE

In the Opinion of a High Official Who Ought to Know.

Washington, D. C., May 15.—A member of the administration, who is in a position to know the views of the president on the subject, said today that the probabilities were against an extra session of congress being called. He thought that the president had given the subject consideration, but he was reasonably sure no call would be issued except in some unlooked for contingency which would make it necessary.

A Follower of Measles—In many instances a persistent cough follows an attack of measles. In speaking of this, Mr. Walter B. Reed, editor of the Elon (N. C.) Times, says: "Three weeks ago I had an attack of measles, which left me with a bad cough. I took several doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the cough has entirely disappeared. I consider Chamberlain's medicine the best on the market." For sale by druggists.

Methodists Ask a Reconsideration

Atlanta, Ga., May 15.—The Methodist ministers of Atlanta today passed resolutions calling for the appointment of a committee to urge upon the forthcoming annual conference the movement for an extra general conference which shall reconsider the publishing house matter. The preamble states that there is great dissatisfaction with the way in which this matter has been disposed of or "hushed up," as one of the ministers present said.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Baptists to Petition the Czar.

Louisville, Ky., May 15.—Resolutions were adopted by te Southern Baptist convention today naming Hon. Robert C. Davison, ex-mayor of Baltimore to represent the southern convention in the delegation of English-speaking Baptists which will personally petition the czar to put a stop to the persecution of Russian Baptists, or Stundists.

Some persons say they are never influenced by an advertisement.

It is not expected that any one will buy Ivory Soap solely because it is suggested by an advertisement, but if you have never used Ivory Soap, you may be induced to ask some friend about it; should you find—as you probably will—that *she* is enthusiastic in its praise, then *you* may try it.

Millions of people use Ivory Soap; they use it because they like it. You too will like it. There is a difference in soaps.

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CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TAKE THE FRISCO LINE

afternoon train to St. Louis and all points east. Train leaves union station at 1:01 p. m.

CHEAP RATE TO EMPORIA
VIA SANTA FE ROUTE.

On May 1st to 6th the Santa Fe will sell tickets to Emporia and return at rate of $3.00. Final return limit May 8th. Account of Red Men's Jubilee.

L. R. DELANEY, Agent.

A MONSTER MEETING
of the
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.

In the New Convention Hall, Kansas City.

The head camp meeting of the Modern Woodmen of America during the week beginning June 6th at Kansas City, Mo., promises to be one of the largest attended meetings ever held in the west. The Kansas City committee on arrangements have secured the new Convention hall, with a capacity of 20,000 people, for its sessions. One hundred thousand visitors are expected. Thirty-five brass bands and seventy-five forester teams (uniform rank) with 15,000 marching men will be seen in line Thursday morning, June 8, in the great parade. Band and forester team contests will extend through the week. The prizes are the largest ever offered. For forester teams: First prize, $500; second prize, $300; third prize, $200; fourth prize, $75; fifth prize, $50. Local Kansas City teams are excluded. Band prizes: First prize, $150; second prize, $100; third prize, $50. All delegation bands admitted. Special railroad rates to this meeting.

J. H. LYON,
Western Passenger Agent Missouri Pacific Railway, Kansas City, Mo.
E. E. BLECKLEY,

REMEMBER THIS—
THAT THE
SANTA FE ROUTE
RUNS A TRAIN FROM WICHITA TO—

Kansas City in	7 hours 10 minutes
Chicago in	23 hours 2 minutes
St. Louis in	15 hours 20 minutes
Cincinnati in	24 hours 20 minutes
Louisville in	24 hours 10 minutes

Arriving at Cincinnati and Louisville before noon.

Time to all points east and southeast correspondingly quick.

Most popular line to all points.

'Phone 139. L. R. DELANEY, Agent.

EXCURSION TO SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
via
THE GREAT SANTA FE ROUTE.

On May 15, 16, 17 and 18 the Santa Fe will sell tickets to San Francisco and return, account of the National Baptist society's meetings, at the rate of one fare for the round trip, $60.00, limited for return to July 15, 1899. The Santa Fe's California service is unsurpassed, having two trains daily from Wichita, leaving 2:50 p. m. and 7:15 p. m.

L. R. DELANEY, Agent.

KANSAS MUSICAL JUBILEE,
HUTCHINSON, KAN., MAY 16th TO 19th, 1899.

For the above occasion the Missouri Pacific railway will sell tickets at the rate of one fare, $1.41, for the round trip. Tickets on sale May 15 to 19 inclusive, with final limit for return of May 20, 1899.

The Missouri Pacific offers the following advantageous train service of three trains daily each way.

GOING.

Lv Wichita 7:25 am Ar Hutchinson 9:20 am
Lv Wichita 9:40 am Ar Hutchinson 1:15 pm
Lv Wichita 5:20 pm Ar Hutchinson 7:00 pm

RETURNING.

Lv Hutchinson 9:20 am Ar Wichita 11:10 am
Lv Hutchinson 1:20 pm Ar Wichita 4:20 pm
Lv Hutchinson 7:20 pm Ar Wichita 9:20 pm

E. E. BLECKLEY, P. T. A.,
114 North Main Street.
Depot corner Wichita and Second Streets.

ONE FARE FOR ROUND TRIP
$60—0—$60
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

Via the St. Louis and San Francisco (Frisco Line) R. R. account NATIONAL BAPTIST SOCIETIES' ANNIVERSARIES to be held in San Francisco, Calif., May 25th, 1899. Tickets on sale May 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th, with going limit to May 25th, and final return limit July 15th. Stop-overs will be allowed at certain territory, as well as diverse routes. Only one change of cars via the Frisco Line. For further information relative to chair stop overs and diverse routes call on or address H. C. MORTIMORE, City Ticket Agent.

City ticket office corner Main St. and Douglas Ave., Wichita, Kan.

ANNUAL REUNION AND GRAND LODGE MEETING

Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, St. Louis, Mo., June 20th to 23rd. For the above occasion the Frisco line will sell round trip tickets, Wichita to St. Louis, at one regular first class fare plus $2. Tickets on sale June 19th and 20th, with final return limit June 24th.