

SCHOOL LAND MONEY To be Had for the Collecting, in Beaver County. SPECIAL AGENT CROCKER Reaps an Elegant Harvest Among the Cattlemen.

Guthrie, O. T., Sept. 4.—Charles M. Crocker, special agent for the school land department, is just returned from an extensive tour of Beaver county in the interest of the department. This extensive county, strange to say, is entirely devoid of railroads, and the special agent's journey was made entirely by backboard and occupied a duration of two and a half months. From a financial standpoint the importance of his inspection may be judged from the fact that when the present administration assumed control of affairs only seven out of the 400 sections of school land embraced within Beaver county were paying rents into the schools. Nevertheless Special Agent Crocker found that practically all of the remaining sections were fenced off into extensive pastures, the benefit of which the cattlemen were receiving without one cent of income to the school land fund. This condition of affairs was not due to any desire on the part of the cattlemen to avoid contributing to the educational fund of the territory; they simply didn't know anything about the school land lease regulations, and seeing the lands lying vacant and benefitting no one, the cattlemen accordingly utilized them for grazing purposes. The purpose of the special agent's tour was to interview the cattlemen and secure their signatures to leases for the land occupied, and the success of his efforts may be judged from the fact that about \$3,000 in year will be added to the school land fund. The special agent is enthusiastic in his descriptions of the wonderful richness of Beaver county as a grazing country and the remarkable prosperity of its people.

SOLDIERS NOT ANTIS

George Waguek, Wanderer Has Any One Can Stand For Bryanism. Guthrie, O. T., Sept. 4.—It remains for an Oklahoma boy, a volunteer soldier who was desperately wounded on the firing line in the Philippines, to give the direct to the anti-expansionists who are spreading reports of alleged disaffection among the soldier boys. The story is told in the Ponca City Courier, which says: "Adam Waguek returned last night from Omaha, where he had been to take part in Nebraska's welcome to their gallant regiment. Mr. Waguek says the boys received a royal welcome and it really seemed that the people could not do enough for the returning heroes. At Omaha, he said, it was estimated that 10,000 people greeted the soldiers, and as far as he could see or hear, there were people still waiting to do honor to them. Mr. Waguek says that one of the first questions he asked George was, 'What shall we do with the Philippines?' George was much surprised to think there should be any question as to our keeping these islands. He says there is nothing else to do. He further says that it is the predominant sentiment of his regiment, the boys, the stories of American butchery, the yellow journals have circulated about the boys. This information coming from one of the boys who has been on the firing line during four months of active service, is most refreshing. It is an expression of the same true Americanism that prompts him to offer his life, if need be, for his country. We are proud of George and the record he has made as a soldier, and are pleased to state that his heart is good, and his wound practically healed. He will be at home in a few days."

ROASTS AN EVANGELIST

Tom Ferguson Tames Himself Loose on the Rev. John Lane. Guthrie, O. T., Sept. 4.—Tom Ferguson, of the Watonga, Republican, sounds a warning against an alleged wolf in sheep's clothing who has been imposing upon the religiously inclined people of his community. He says: "Some time ago Brother Ingram brought to Watonga an evangelist who called himself Rev. John Lane. Mr. Ingram was not to blame for this. The evangelist had letters of recommendation from prominent men, high up in the councils of the Baptist church."

"I have long thought it my duty to write you a few lines to let you know what Dr. Merc's Favorite Prescription has done for me."

Over 25,000 women have endorsed "Favorite Prescription." They say there is nothing "just as good" and they know would you rather have the say-so of one doctor who makes an extra profit on the substitute, than the genuine words of 25,000 women who only object in recommending the "Favorite Prescription" is their desire to help their suffering sisters?



ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS. CLEANS THE SYSTEM. DISPELS EFFECTUALLY OF COLDS, HEADACHES, OVERCOMES CONSTIPATION. HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS. BUY THE GENUINE—MADE BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

men who are known to be men of high standing and integrity. The Rev. John was no common one-horse evangelist; but a regular John R. Gentry sprifer. He spoke on stringed instruments, to the delight of the audience. He sang like a lark, and the people said "good." After "Rev. John" had inspired the people to turn from the error of their ways and flee from the wrath to come, he concluded to give the folks a touch of high life in the way of a lecture and some magic lantern scenes on the "Slums of New York." It was reported that for several days before the Rev. John left at night, he indulged in the intoxicating either and at times was under the influence of the spirit. It was reported from here to Geary and it is said that he entered the fight arena, had a prize fight, was knocked silly, and had to be coaxed back from dreamland by an application of ice water thrown on his groggled face. It would be well for people throughout Oklahoma to keep a weather eye open for Rev. John, as he is liable at any moment to swoop down upon them with his stringed instruments and his "Slums of New York."

HOLDING UP A SHERIFF

Joe and John Stiles Give Lots of Trouble Before Court. Guthrie, O. T., Sept. 4.—An instance of a tough holding up a sheriff is given in the Watonga Republican, which says: "On Tuesday of last week Joe and John Stiles came over to Watonga from Omega. In the evening some of the citizens suggested that they be watched as they had been suspected of 'making things' before when they came here. Jim Baker was detailed to watch them. When they started home at night, Jim went to Sheriff Phillips and told him that the Stiles boys were leaving town and had gone down to the old cotton gin. The sheriff and Jim hastened to the gin building, which is now occupied as a stable, and say that they arrived just in time to see the Stiles fellows load some harness into their spring wagon. Phillips told them that they were under arrest and to turn their hands around and go back to town. After some parleying the boys jumped out of the spring wagon, seized an old gun and started for Jim Baker. Jim covered him with his revolver and told him he would kill him if he came another step. Stiles put the gun back into the wagon, but they refused to come back to town. Jim Baker came down to get help and Phillips remained with the prisoners. After Jim left Stiles again seized the gun, threw down on Phillips and told him he was a dog man if he moved. Phillips says the other (Stiles) told the one with the gun to shoot if the sheriff moved. Under cover of the gun Phillips stood still. Stiles backed off from him, sprang into the wagon and they drove off. By this time quite a crowd had collected and started in pursuit. Jim Baker having given the alarm up town, Phillips and Jim rode fast than the wind, and in about two miles east of town they threw down on them and they surrendered. During the chase Baker had emptied his Winchester and revolver at them. The next day search warrants were issued and the premises of young Stiles were searched. They are being held on a charge of robbing an officer, on a charge of stealing a set of harness from one of the Baker boys at the cotton gin, on a complaint made by Seth Darrow, charging them with stealing a set of harness from him, and on a complaint by Eli Jones, charging them with stealing a spool. Phillips claims that he found a portion of the harness in the possession of the Stiles boys when he went to their place with a search warrant, and that Jones claims he found his missing spool at their place. They have been held in jail this week for preliminary hearings which have been in progress."

FLOUR MILL AT OKARCHE

Is Expected to Start Grinding Wheat by November 1. Guthrie, O. T., Sept. 4.—The Okarche Times says: "It is now settled beyond reasonable doubt that Okarche will soon have a flouring mill. Mr. Swink has ordered the necessary machinery, which will arrive about September 15, and has already begun work on the building. The present food mill building will be remodelled to meet the requirements. It will be made higher, the present machinery will be moved to the east end of the mill, pits excavated and everything done to make a first-class flouring mill. He has already built a four room and office and expects to have everything running by November 1."

DEADLY CANCER

J. N. Murdock, 278 Street, Dallas, Texas, says: "My son had a terrible cancer on his jaw for which the doctors performed a painful operation, cutting down to the bone and scraping it. The cancer soon returned, however, and was more violent than before. We were advised to try S. S. S. The ointment bottle made an improvement, after twenty bottles had been taken the cancer disappeared entirely, and he was cured permanently."

S. S. S. The Blood

Swift's Specific is the only remedy that cures Cancer, the most deadly of all diseases. It cures Cancer and Blood Diseases, such as Eczema, Scabies, etc. S. S. S. Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

ful building of the Alva Normal school, was in charge today on personal business. Speaking of his project, the Normal school, Captain Stem remarked his gratification that the virulent opposition that marked the inception of the building had practically died out, of which opposition only lingering traces remained in one or two counties in the territory where the sentiment was kept alive more through a feeling that Governor Barnes would be injured thereby. With these exceptions, he said, there is a growing friendly feeling toward the school and the Strip counties are especially proud of the magnificent building which has been erected as a monument to the progress and culture of the territory. The Normal school will probably be opened to the reception of pupils about the 15th of the present month, he said, and so heavy is the promised attendance that the citizens of Alva are already at their wits' end to provide accommodations for the pupils. To partially relieve the pressure a private company, of which Captain Stem is at the head, has undertaken the erection of a dormitory building, 25 by 100 feet in dimensions. In the basement will be located a kitchen and dining room and two upper stories will be utilized for rooms. Progress on the building is delayed, however, on account of the lack of labor, the same complaint that exists in nearly every community in Oklahoma.

FORTY-EIGHT HOURS GIVEN

By the Alarmists for the Boers to Begin the War. London, Sept. 4.—Amid the crowd of conflicting dispatches from South Africa regarding the Transvaal situation, it is still impossible to say exactly what has happened. It seems evident, however, that President Kruger has withdrawn the first treaty franchise which was dependent upon Great Britain's acceptance of impossible conditions regarding suzerainty and has made some sort of temporary counter-suggestions regarding a conference. The Standard and Digesters News gives what purports to be a report of the secret session of the Volksraad on Saturday. According to this report, the Volksraad not only determined to reject the five year proposal, but also stoutly opposed Kruger's retention of Cape Town and resolved to make a stand for the abrogation of England's claim of suzerainty. The Boer organ then asserts: "The government, both reads and the burghers, feels that they had offered all they intend to offer and are now resolved to stand or fall by this decision." Boer statements of this kind, coupled with the arrests at Johannesburg, speak loudly for the chief of the Boer state of Pretoria about arriving at an understanding. Certainly, Mr. Moneybags and the other refugees will not be in a hurry to return to Johannesburg on account of the assurance of the state attorney. The Johannesburg correspondent of the Standard says: "I learn from an official who has been earnestly striving for peace that the matter is now hopeless. The Boers probably will be at forty-eight hours before the British troops arrive. I believe the Orange Free State will join the Transvaal, but that the Boers in Natal and the Cape Colony will remain quiet at the outset unless irritated by the dismissal of the Cape Colony cabinet. The Boers have the fullest confidence in their magazine rifles and their skill in marksmanship. State Attorney Smith is the chief of the Boer war party. Thirty thousand men in the Transvaal and 20,000 in the Orange Free State will take the field."

TEST OF THE SHAMROCK

There is no Doubt About It That She's a Swift One. New York, Sept. 4.—The Shamrock spread her wings for her first practice in American waters today, and everyone who saw her move said she was very fast. It was about 11 o'clock when the trial was started, and between 3 and 4, when it was over. Sir Thomas Linton, Mr. Eric, the designer of the Shamrock, and Mr. Raiser, were aboard the Shamrock. Captain Archie Horath and his assistant, Captain Bob Wright, steered the yacht alternatively. She sailed over the regular cup course, starting from the Long Island lightship, making for the Long Island shore, then back to the New Jersey shore, and then back to the starting point. Aside from the Shamrock and her escort there was no boat down there except the press boat. After the trial the Shamrock, with her tender anchored in the Horse Shoe, where they will remain until after the races are over. The Erin, with Sir Thomas Linton aboard, will probably stay at Sandy Hook until Wednesday, when she will bring her owner to Tompkinsville. There will be another trial tomorrow, with the Shamrock carrying the same spars, but another set of sails. The only unusual incident of the trip was the passing of the Shamrock and the ocean liner City of Rome, which was incoming. This occurred when the Shamrock had started on her trial and was about four miles off Sandy Hook. The City of Rome, which was carrying the Shamrock's tender, was passing with the Shamrock, and the passengers were all crowded to the side and gave the Shamrock a hearty cheer.

Don't Step on a Rat

To kill him. Don't feed roaches and bed-bugs on the so-called exterminating powders, which do even make the rats sick. When you want to rid your home of all kinds of household vermin, why not try the electric Paste? It's easily applied in cracks and crevices or spread on a piece of cheese, and no bad odors can arise from its use, as an entirely harmless animal matter. Rats eat it, and die outside the house; if they cannot get outside of two days the Paste consists of Stearns' Electric Paste has been made for over 30 years. Thousands and thousands of homes have been freed of rats at that time, and we have never had one single complaint. Instead, we have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers, and the Paste, and calling it the best vermin killer known. If your dealer does not keep it, send stamps and we will send you a box.

EDWARD BROWN IN TOWN

Philadelphia, Sept. 4.—With the arrival from Cincinnati today of Acting Commander-in-Chief Johnson, the thirty-third national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic was formally inaugurated. Colonel Johnson was accompanied by the posts of Cincinnati and several bands of music. A large reception committee, headed by General Louis Wagner, chairman of the local executive committee, met the commander at the railway station and escorted him to the headquarters. Camp James A. Sexton, in Fairmount Park, was formally opened at 6 a. m. today, with the firing of the national salute and unfurling of the Stars and Stripes over the headquarters of Colonel Magrims, who is in charge of the camp. The parade of the National association of Naval Veterans this afternoon aroused the greatest enthusiasm. The first division was composed of the United States naval brigade, Captain T. J. Jewell, brigade commander, including marines and seamen of the United States ships New York, Indiana, Texas, Brooklyn, Massachusetts, Nashville and Detroit, and the marines and seamen of the League Island navy yard. In the second division were the officers and men of the United States revenue cutter service. The third division was composed of carriages containing the officers of the warships anchored in the Delaware river. Rear Admiral Sampson and Captain Chadwick, chief of staff, were in the first carriage. The fourth division was composed of the National Association of Naval Veterans, United States of America, J. F. R. Post, R. A. commander; Captain William E. Larselester, chief of staff. In the fifth division were the independent organizations of naval veterans. The campaign for commander-in-chief is waxing warm. It is one of the fiercest contests that the G. A. R. has been engaged in for some time. Tonight there are three candidates in the field—Acting Commander-in-Chief W. C. Johnson of Cincinnati, Comrade Leo Rasseur of St. Louis and Colonel Albert D. Shaw of Watertown, N. Y. A careful canvass among the different departments indicates that Colonel Shaw tonight has a headstart in full operation and is distributing badges and hanging out banners. While the delegations from Ohio, Missouri and New York are battling for supremacy, the delegation from Illinois is putting up a great fight for the privilege of entertaining the Grand Army at Chicago next year. Every department of Illinois now in the city is decorated with a large yellow ribbon on which is inscribed in big black letters: "Chicago, 1900." The leaders of the Chicago boom say they will win hands down. At present they have no opponent of any consequence. It was reported that Denver, San Francisco and St. Louis and one or two other cities are in the field, but those cities are, they are "lying low," as there is no evidence on the surface that they are in the fight. President McKinley and his party arrived here at 9 o'clock tonight after a four hours' run from Washington. The presidential party was met at the railroad station by Mayor Geddes, General Louis Wagner, chairman of the local executive committee and a number of other city officials. The station was thronged and a cordon of policemen was necessary to keep the crowds back as the distinguished visitors made their way from the train to the carriages in waiting. President McKinley walked with uncorrupted head from the train to the stand and was cheered by the multitude. He acknowledged the ovation with many smiles and bows. The party was driven to the Hotel Walton, and the president immediately retired to his private sitting room. At 10 o'clock members of the United German Singing societies, accompanied by a band, arrived at the hotel, and serenaded the president. They sang three German selections, and finished with "Star Spangled Banner," in which the multitude joined. During the rendition of the song President McKinley sat on the window ledge and at the conclusion of each left and the applause there were loud cries for a speech but the president merely bowed and waved his white fedora hat. Rear Admiral Sampson, who occupied the suite of rooms directly over those of the president, enjoyed the serenade equally as well as Mr. McKinley. It was some time before the throng in the street observed him, but when his presence became known he was loudly cheered. The president retired at 11 o'clock. Tomorrow morning at 8:45 o'clock he will receive the members of the commission and the other members of the executive committee.

Old Veterans Fast Rallying in the Quaker City.

M'KINLEY TO BE PRESENT Contests for Commander and Place of Meeting.

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The chances are nine in ten that the office boy will bring a cake of Ivory Soap if sent for "a cake of good soap." But be sure of it. Each cake of Ivory Soap is stamped "Ivory." IT FLOATS.

DOLLARS AND CENTS

To be the Test Finally Applied in the Philippines SENATOR CARTER THINKS Commercialism Outranks Sentiment and Religion.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Senator Carter of Montana, in an interview with a Post reporter today, said that in his opinion the war in the Philippines would be ended by January 1. Then, he said, would come the question of the future disposition of the islands. The Republican party, he believed, would settle this question by insisting upon the retention of the Philippines as a matter of business profit. "This," added the senator, "is a practical case. We are going to deal with this question on the basis of dollars and cents. If the American people believe that the Philippines are going to help us they will never let the islands go. If, on the other hand, they find that the Philippines mean a constant drain and small returns, you will find the verdict of the people to be against permanent retention. Neither retention nor sentiment will have much influence in determining the verdict. The great question would be, will it pay. If we can show the country that it will, as I think we can, the American flag will never come down from the Philippines. "What sort of government should be devised? Three suggestions will undoubtedly be made. The first will be to abandon the islands entirely to the natives. I do not believe this will meet the approval of the American people. The second will be to set the islands in a firm grip, asserting the people that we mean to give them a better government than they could enjoy under any other flag or create for themselves, but that we are the masters and propose to remain so. The third proposition will be to throw a loose rein around the people, holding their reports and custom houses with our navy, but allowing them absolute freedom in their internal affairs. This freedom, in my judgment, would soon become anarchy, and we would have to rule anyway, so I should say that the second proposition is the one that ought to be adopted. The former we are in our administration, the more respect with those people have for laws. "As to the form of government," continued Senator Carter, "I should say that a governor ought to be appointed by the president, with a council also selected by him. There might be a Filipino legislative commission, composed of prominent men from each of the islands to discuss questions and advise the governor. I do not approve of a commission. I think the authority ought to be vested in a responsible head, not spread through several commissioners."

MEETING OF THE CABINET

At Which Philippines Matters are Under Discussion. Washington, Sept. 4.—The cabinet today was in session for more than two hours and a variety of matters which have accumulated during the president's absence were discussed. It was Secretary Root's first attendance, the other members present being Secretary Hay, Gage, Hitchcock and Whelan. President Sherman, of the Philippines commission, was also present. By invitation of the secretary, a comprehensive statement of the situation in the islands. It is understood that within the next two or three days he will make a statement to the press which will cover his observations on the islands and later will make a formal report to the president covering the subject in detail. This report, however, will not be made until the other members of the commission arrive in Washington and not until after Admiral Dewey's return. It is understood that Mr. Sherman takes a hopeful view of the situation in the Philippines and has no doubt that with our increased efforts we will be able to make comparative short work of Aguinaldo and the insurgents. He stated that although Aguinaldo is the leader of a very strong movement of the natives he does not by any means fairly represent the entire population, a considerable number appearing to be more or less indifferent as to the outcome of the insurrection. Although the work of the insurrectionist league has no considerable influence among the natives in our army, Mr. Sherman said it certainly had given great encouragement to Aguinaldo and his followers.

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Manila, Sept. 4.—The Washington volunteer treatment has been embarked and will sail for home tomorrow. Washington, Sept. 4.—The number of enlistments Saturday was 35, making a total of 3,007 for the last ten recruitments called out. Manila, Sept. 5.—A. M.—The United States transport Ohio will leave Manila today for Nagasaki, Japan, to bring the troops that were on board the United States transport Morgan City when she went around there. Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 4.—The transport Fort Albert sailed at midnight last night for Manila with 500 miles, 11 horses, 11 blacksmith forges, 1,000 miles of brass, 1,200 sacks of oats, 4,800 lbs of hay, 8 kegs of mauls and 90 boxes of surplus gear aboard. Washington, Sept. 4.—Assistant Secretary Miesbach, TRAO, OETAPO, U. S. N. Navy Department will leave here tomorrow for Nebraska, where he will deliver a speech on the 14th, to the first Nebraska volunteers, recently returned from Manila. Washington, Sept. 4.—Secretary Root today authorized the quartermaster's department to charter the Olympia, the Victoria and the City of Rio, to transport troops to the Philippines. These ships are now on the Pacific, and will be ready for use within ten days. Manila, Sept. 4.—A. M.—Five men of Colonel Bell's regiment yesterday encountered a rebel outpost near Pora, and in the fighting which ensued one American was killed and another wounded. The remainder drove the rebels from their position and captured a bull cart in which to remove the injured.

Ladies Approve Them

Commodious dressing rooms, with state glass mirrors and elegant dresser are features of new sleeping cars running from St. Louis over Vandeventer-Pennsylvania Short Lines to Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Detroit for the sailing. Address A. B. R. H. Co., P. O. Box 1, Wichita, Kansas, or J. M. Cunningham, A. G. P. Agent, St. Louis, Mo. See the new time table of the Hutchinson Southern Railway company. Note—Shortland Train No. 1 runs from Wichita to Omaha, and Train No. 2 connects with No. 1 at Nebraska for all stations west of Omaha. Note—Northland Train No. 1 runs through Chicago, St. Paul, and Minneapolis. Note—Southland Train No. 1 runs through Chicago, St. Paul, and Minneapolis. Note—Northland Train No. 1 runs through Chicago, St. Paul, and Minneapolis. Note—Southland Train No. 1 runs through Chicago, St. Paul, and Minneapolis.

CASTORIA

The Best Kidney and Bladder Remedy. Castoria is a safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of the kidneys and bladder. It is a natural and healthful preparation, and is suitable for all ages. It is sold by all druggists and is a household necessity. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of the kidneys and bladder. It is a natural and healthful preparation, and is suitable for all ages. It is sold by all druggists and is a household necessity.