CHOCTAW TRAIN PLUNGES OVER HIGH TRESTLE

Killing Four Men and Wounding Many Others.

CARS FELL THIRTY FEET

Piling Up One Upon Another, Several Feet High.

OFFICIALS ARE PUZZLED

Cannot Assign Any Reason for Wreck.

Ardmore, I. T., May 20.—A construction train on the Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf railway plunged through a high trestle twelve miles east of Ardmore this morning. Four men were killed and twenty-one injured, seven of the latter fatally. Among those believed to be fatally injured is A. M. Oliphant, a prominent attorney in Tishomingo, who was riding home on the work train. The other dead and injured are all members of the construction gang or train crew. All are white:

The dead:
CHARLES A. BLACK, Tishomingo, I. T.
JAMES DOLAN, Fort Smith, Ark.
J. H. GAINES, residence unknown.
JIM HOPECHOA, Tishomingo, I. T.

Fatally hurt:
A. M. Oliphant, Tishomingo, I. T.
James Wear, residence unknown.
E. D. Clark, Arkansas.
Hope Joy, Texas.
A. L. Farney, Missouri, internal injuries.
William Shipp, Missouri, internal injuries.
Unknown man, picked up unconscious, internal injuries.

Seriously hurt:
Condonor Roberts.
Ed Benner, Arkansas, head crushed.
Joseph Pratt, internal injuries.
H. L. Shider, head hurt.
L. Sullivan, Tennessee, badly bruised.
J. M. Hopkins, Texas, leg hurt.
Elmer Lanier, Little Rock, Ark., badly bruised about body.

Railroad officials are unable to assign a reason for the wreck. The train was running at the rate of eight miles an hour when the forward car jumped the track, followed by the rest of the train, a dozen cars piling up in a heap thirty feet below. The engine remained on the track. The dead and injured were brought to this city and placed in the hospital, where they are attended by local physicians and others who were sent here on a special train from South McAlester.

J. H. Gaines died shortly after reaching the hospital. The relatives of the dead and those of most of the injured have been notified.

HOLDS UP A CONGRESSMAN.

"At the end of the campaign," writes Champ Clark, Missouri's brilliant congressman, "from overwork, nervous tension, loss of sleep and constant speaking I had about utterly collapsed. It seemed that all the organs in my body were out of order, but three bottles of Electric Bitters made me all right. It's the best all-around medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter." Over worked, run-down men and weak, sickly women gain splendid health and vitality from Electric Bitters. Try them. Only 50c. Guaranteed by Gehring's Pharmacy.

MEMORIAL FOR CONGRESS

Democrats Petition for Giving Representation to New Country.

Oklahoma City, O. T., May 20.—At the meeting of the territorial central committee in this city Saturday, it was decided to petition congress in the interest of reapportionment of the territory. A provision of this kind has passed the house and it is now in the hands of a senate committee with a view to urging this action the following memorial was prepared by a special committee appointed for the purpose:

"To the Honorable Members of the Congress of the United States of America:

"Your petitioner, the Democratic Territorial Committee of Oklahoma, would respectfully represent that the territory of Oklahoma is, under the organic act of congress, entitled to thirteen members of the legislative council thereof and twenty-six members of the house of representatives, to be apportioned to the territory as nearly as may be accorded to the population of the districts, and that the apportionment for legislative purposes has not been made since the year 1895. Since that time large scopes of the wilderness territory have become populous, cities have been built and under the present apportionment probably twenty-five per cent of our present population will be without proper representation in the next legislative assembly. We therefore pray your honorable body for the passage of house bill No. —, providing for a reapportionment of the territory of Oklahoma and providing an appropriation therefor to the end that all sections may be properly represented in the legislature. For which your petitioners will ever pray. "J. O. BLAKENEY,
"R. A. NEFF,
"LON WHARTON."

CUT HIS THROAT

Geo. W. Griswold Commits Suicide Near Ivanhoe.

Beaver, O. T., May 20.—George W. Griswold, a new settlers, who recently located near Ivanhoe, committed suicide, by cutting his throat with a pocket knife.

The deceased had been an inmate of an insane asylum but was released about seven months before their removal to this country. He was formerly of Illinois but removed to this country about a yea rago in the hope of regaining his health. About two weeks before the awful event occurred his family noticed that he acted strangely and they watched him carefully, but on the day of his death appeared no worse. About noon that day the deceased went out to his barn and led a mule out to water. Upon his return to the barn he stayed so long that his wife became alarmed and went in search of him. She found him lying dead in one of the stalls.

Dr. Miller, of Custer, examined the dead man and found that the left main artery had been cut half off. There appeared to be two strokes on the right side of the neck. The throat was cut from the left artery to the neck bone, through the right artery and the trachea.

An inquest was held and it was decided that the deceased "voluntarily and by his own free will committed suicide, by cutting his throat with a pocket knife."

IT WILL DO BUSINESS

Topeka Democrats Not in Favor of Convention Adjournment.

Topeka, Kan., May 20.—The question of whether the state convention shall be postponed to meet in Topeka on June 24 with the Populists was the subject of a conference yesterday at the Throop hotel between David Overmyer, who is a candidate for the nomination for governor, Congressman A. M. Jackson, J. N. Like, Eugene Hagan, John Curran, secretary of the Populist state committee, and J. M. Griggs, chairman of the Democratic congressional committee and member of congress from the Third Georgia district.

What the outcome of the conference was is not known, as those who participated if it were not inclined to discuss the subject, but it is evident that Mr. Overmyer has either changed his mind about the matter or is unable to control the Shawnee county delegation. It has always been understood that Overmyer, together with Congressman Jackson and J. G. Johnson favored the postponement of the Democratic convention. That this was Overmyer's attitude was evidenced by his suggesting the project to the Democratic state committee at its last meeting in this city. However, it was given out yesterday that the Shawnee county delegation to the Democratic convention at Wichita this week would oppose the adjournment proposition, and Frank Thomas, one of the members of the delegation and candidate for chairman of the state committee, in speaking about the matter said:

"Our people cannot afford two conventions. I should have been glad to have had a later convention, but now that it is called and the time is so near at hand, I think there is little doubt that it will proceed to business and there will be no postponement. The effect would be the same anyhow. The Populists are going to come into the Democratic party."

It is claimed the reason that the Shawnee delegation will oppose adjournment is that it is thought that if the convention is held in conjunction with the Populist convention that Overmyer will be sidetracked and J. D. Botkin, one of the Populist leaders, named for governor. The Populists are raising a fund to pay Botkin's campaign expenses and Overmyer's friends fear that he would be able to control things in a joint convention.

Congressman Griggs, it is understood, was here yesterday for the purpose of patching up a peace between the Orr-Like and Johnson-Overmyer crowds. Congressman Jackson has been putting up the most active fight for the postponement of the convention and it was he who brought Griggs here. Neither Griggs or Jackson would submit to an interview.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

LOOMIS AND ANTHONY

They are the Leaders for Department Commander at Ft. Scott.

Fort Scott, Kan., May 20.—The annual encampment of the department of Kansas, G. A. R., assembled in this city today and will continue for several days. There is a movement on foot to make this the last encampment of the department on account of the rapidly increasing diminution of the ranks of the old soldiers. There is an interesting fight on for department commander. The leaders are D. R. Anthony, the Leavenworth editor, and H. C. Loomis.

GENERAL VON WAHL

Attempt Made to Assassinate a Russian Governor.

St. Petersburg, May 20.—An unsuccessful attempt was made yesterday evening to assassinate the governor of Vilna. According to record books available, Lieut. General Von Wahl is the governor of Vilna, European Russia. General Von Wahl was formerly chief of police of St. Petersburg and several years ago had a great deal of trouble with the students there. The governor Lieut. Gen. Von Wahl was leaving the circus at Vilna at about midnight when a man stepped up from behind and fired twice with a revolver, wounding the governor in the left hand and right foot. The would-be assassin was pounced upon by the police and bystanders and was thrown to the ground, but he succeeded in firing a third shot harmlessly. He gave the name of Hirschel Dert.

PEACE IS PROBABLE.

Lord Milner Submits Knotty Questions to Home Government.

London, May 20.—The Exchange Telegraph company is authority for the statement that Lord Milner, the British high commissioner in South Africa, has referred some doubtful points concerning the peace negotiations in South Africa to the home government, and that the belief is current that a favorable outcome to the negotiations will be announced in a few days.

Tackett Released from Jail.

Guthrie, O. T., May 19.—Ed. Lockett, arrested for selling liquor at Greenwood without government license, was released from the federal jail on bond today.

Curse -OF- DRINK
CURED BY
White Ribbon Remedy
Can be Given in Glass of Water, Tea or Coffee, Without Patient's Knowledge.
White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for alcoholic stimulants, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a tippler, social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for anyone to have any appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy.
Endorsed by Members of W. C. T. U.
Mrs. Moore, Press Superintendent of Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Ventura, California, writes: "I have tested White Ribbon Remedy on very obstinate drunkards, and the cures have been many. In many cases the Remedy was given secretly. I cheerfully recommend and believe White Ribbon Remedy. Members of our Union are delighted to find a practical and scientific treatment to aid us in our temperance work."
Mrs. M. A. Cowan, of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, states: "I know of so many people reformed from the curse of drink by the White Ribbon Remedy that I earnestly extend you to give it a trial."
Druggists or by mail, $1. Trial package free by writing or calling on MRS. A. M. TOWNSEND (for years Secretary of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union), 218 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS. Sold in Wichita by Hocking-Moore Drug Co., 216 E. Douglas avenue.

GUTHRIE CUT FROM OUTSIDE BY BAD STORM

Operator There Left Wire to Escape Cyclone.

TELEPHONE WIRES DOWN

Arkansas City Reported Bad Storm But Not Serious.

Shortly after 10 o'clock last night a dispatch came in over the Eagle's wire from Guthrie in which the telegraph operator said:

"A cyclone is upon Guthrie. I cannot stay here any longer."

After that the wire lay dead between the Eagle office and Guthrie. At the same moment the long distance telephone wire to Guthrie died.

For four hours the Eagle tried in vain to "get" Guthrie by either telephone or telegraph wire in vain and nothing definite has been learned of the result of the storm there.

The Associated Press also made every possible effort to reach its office at Guthrie, but failed.

Late this morning the Eagle was able to get Arkansas City by telephone wire, and there a wire was found to be working into Guthrie. It was learned from there that the storm was, at that time, still raging at the territorial capital, but so far as heard from it was not a cyclone, but a very severe wind, rain and electric storm.

Guthrie was effectually cut off from the north, except for the single wire from Arkansas City. It is probable that a destructive storm covered that part of Oklahoma, and that some lives have been lost.

STAND LIKE A STONE WALL.

Between your children and the tortures of itching and burning eczema, scaldhead or other skin diseases.—How? why, by using Bucklen's Arnica Salve, earth's greatest healer. Quickest cure for Ulcers, Fever Sores, Salt Rheum, Cuts, Burns or Bruises. Infallible for Piles. 25c at Gehring's Pharmacy.

COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 20.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 1-16c higher; middling uplands, 9 7-16c; middling gulf, 9 11-16c. Sales 90 bales. Futures opened steady, May 9.04c; July, 8.81c; August, 8.53c; September, 8.07c; October 7.95c; November 7.88c; January, 7.87c; February, 7.93c;

Galveston, May 20.—Cotton—Nominal, 9 5 16c.

Liverpool, May 20.—Cotton—Spot quiet; prices 1-32d lower; American middling 5d.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CUBA LIBRE FLAG HOISTED AT LAST

(Continued From First Page.)

the wharf, where they immediately embarked on the Moro Castle.

General Wood and his adjutant general, Colonel Scott, with two aides, after a last exchange of good wishes, were driven to the pier, where the entered a launch and were flicked away to the Brooklyn. Both ships got up under way as soon as possible and steamed out of the harbor. The taffrail of the Brooklyn was kept busy dipping the flag in answer to the salutes of the thousands upon the water front who watched her departure.

A large flotilla of various water craft escorted the Brooklyn to sea.

While this was occurring at Havana, a similar scene was being enacted at Santiago, where General Whiteside at noon turned over the authority to his Cuban successor and sailed away with two troops of the Eighth cavalry. Only eight batteries of American artillery remained in Cuban soil. A chapter of American history was ended, and the first chapter of the history of the Cuban republic was begun.

Before the Brooklyn was hull down on the horizon the Cubans resumed their festivities. This afternoon there was a yacht regatta in the harbor and ashore there was a review of 11,000 school children by President Palma.

At noon a solemn high mass in honor of the new peruble had been celebrated in all the churches of the island, and at 4 o'clock a Te Deum was sung at the cathedral. At the same hour the Cuban congress proclaimed the constitution.

Tonight the whole city is illuminated, and a great pyrotechnic display was made from the walls of Moro Castle and Cabanas Fortress.

Mrs. Wood and the children sailed for Spain on the steamer Alfonso XII. this afternoon. They will spend the summer there and in France.

Havana, May 20.—The reply made by President Palma to Governor General Wood closed as follows:

"I take advantage of this solemn occasion, when there is fulfilled the honest promise of the government of the people of the United States in regard to the island of Cuba and when the personality of our country is established as a sovereign nation, to express to you as a worthy representative of that great nation the immense gratitude that the people of Cuba feel for the American nation, for its illustrious president, Theodore Roosevelt, and to you, personally, for the effort which you have made for the attainment of that cherished ideal."

President Palma has received congratulations ffom President Loubet of France, the presidents of Guatemala and Santo Domingo, and from the Mexican house of representatives.

Washington, May 20.—The following dispatch was received at the White House today from General Wood at Havana:

"To the President of the United States, Washington:

"I have the honor to report to you that, in compliance with instructions received, I have this day at 12 o'clock sharp transferred to the president and congress of the republic of Cuba the government and control of the island, to be held and exercised by them under the provisions of the constitution of the republic of Cuba. Documents sent to us were read and Mr. Palma, in accepting the responsibilities on behalf of the island, expressed himself in kind and endearing words and thanks and thanked the republic of the United States and its officials for all that has been done for Cuba and for the fulfillment of the promises made. The ceremony was most impressive, and I embark on the Brooklyn with my staff for the United States.

"WOOD."

ADDITIONAL CITY NEWS

BUY IN CHEAPEST MARKET

Millers Will Patronize Farmers' Associations if They Choose.

The millers of southern Kansas will continue to buy their grain where they can buy it the cheapest, even if to do so they have to patronize the Farmers' Co-operative associations, which are being formed over the state to turn the middlemen's profit into the pockets of the farmers.

The queston was brought before a joint meeting of the grain dealers and the millers of southern Kansas yesterday afternoon in the Carey hotel.

The grain dealers wanted the millers to agree to buy only from them. A committee of six, three from the millers and three from the grain dealers, was appointed to make a report on the matter, but the committee returned no report, which means that the millers will feel free to do as they please.

A motion was then made to invite the Farmers' Cooperative association into the Grain Dealers' association, but the motion was laid on the table after a hot debate.

The Farmers' Cooperative associations are organized for the purpose of preventing the grain dealers from making a profit on the sale of grain to the millers. The Cooperative association wants to sell the grain to the millers and save the farmers the middleman's profit.

The idea of some of the millers in favoring the motion to invite the Farmers' association into the Grain Dealers' association, was to hasten the death of the former. They thought that if the grain dealers fought the farmers' organization that the farmers would think that they had a good thing and would hold onto it.

WINNERS IN TOWNSHIPS

Students Getting Prizes in Examination for County Diplomas Announced.

Superintendent Sence has announced the prize-winners in the examination for county diplomas.

The Wichita Commercial College was won by Guy Bloomenshime, of district number 91, with a general average of 94 8-9 per cent. Grace Ball, of district number 6, won the Wichita Business College prize, by making the highest general average of 98 per cent in orthography, grammar and arithmetic. The Wichita Commercial College offered a one month's scholarship to the one making the highest general average in each township. The Lewis Academy offers half-rate tuition for a year under the same condition. Those making the highest general average may select either of the above prizes, and those making the second highest general average are entitled to the othr.

The highest in each township are as follows: Kate Kohl, Lincoln; Laura Devore, Payne; Harry Sloan, Minneha; Wiley Whitted, Rockford; Fred Winderlin, Salem; Edgar Miller, Gypsum; Josephine Hayden, Waco; Clara Appling, Wichita; Lucile Cunningham, Kechi; James Maloney, Valley Center; Albert Eberstein, Park; John Peterson, Delano; Birdie Harding, Ohio; Phebe Hammers, Ninnescah; Alpha Parks, Illinois; Alfred Hertig, Afton; Maurice Glass, Union; Stella Klein, Eagle; Mabel Christensen, Grecly; Lynn Keifner, Garden Plain; Edna Hutchinson, Afton; William Ramsdale, Erie; Aline Whitelaw, Morton; Paris Conner, Grand River.

Those making the second highest from each township are as follows: Rose Evans, Dollie Butler, Albert Solter, Otto Souders, Grace Oakham, Jay Bardshar, Thirza Culter, Elsie Muma, May Winters, Nellie Cobb, Emil Laurant, Chancey Lavender, Erma Young, Bennie Lawrence, Bertha Tjaden, Joseph Ramsdale, Mabel Williamson, Anna Wilson, Simon Swanson, and Belle Caler.

MANY HARVEST HANDS

Will be Used in Pratt County This Year.

D. W. Blain was in the city yesterday and showed a reporter for the Eagle a statement the assessors of Pratt county had made of the number of men and teams used in that county during the past year and the number of teams that would be needed this harvest. This number was for teams brought into the county and outside of the teams the farmers have.

Last year it took 1186 foreign men and 426 teams to harvest the wheat and it is estimated that this year will require 1658 men and 559 teams to take care of the great wheat crop in season.

EVER SOLDIER, ALWAYS ONE

Substitute Mail Carrier Joins Uncle Sam's Army Again.

Today, it is said that Mr. Wirt Adams, of this city, leaves as a soldier for the Philippines. Mr. Adams has been a substitute carrier in the mail service, but had served in the army only a year before and was so infatuated with army life that he could not stay away from it. He expressed it yesterday to a reporter for the Eagle in this way: "Ever a soldier, always a soldier."

Mr. Adams, when he was in the army before, held the position of major-sergeant. He was held in good repute by his commanding officers as his intelligence in any case is very superior to the average.

Hs grand-father is Mr. A. Bracken, of this city.

NEW TRIAL ASKED FOR

Attorney Makes Motion for Another Trial for Lucas.

A motion has been filed in the district court asking for a new trial for John Lucas, the colored fellow found guilty of burglary and larceny for breaking into Dr. Scott's house and carrying away a watch and a pair of spectacles. Wm. E. Keith, attorney for the defendant, declares in his motion for a new trial, three reasons therefor: First, because the court admitted illegal testimony; second, because the verdict is contrary to law; third, because the verdict is contrary to the evidence in the case.

BLOOD POISON
CURED BY BOTANIC BLOOD BALM.
Heals Cancer, Eating Sores, Ulcers, Carbuncles, Offensive Eruptions, Itching Eczema—Stops Bone Pains.
Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) kills or destroys the contracted or inherited poison or virus in the blood. Heals all the results of Blood Poison, such as ulcers, eating, festering sores, pimples, offensive eruptions, copper-colored spots, mucous patches, sore throat, mouth or gums, STOPS all aches in bones, back or joints, falling hair and itching, smarting skin. Makes the blood pure and rich. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM GUARANTEED to cure the worst and most deep-seated cases after all else fails. For 30 years the standard remedy for Blood Poison, cancer and malignant blood troubles like itching, SCABBY ECZEMA, carbuncles, scrofula, rheumatism, eczema and all results of impure, Tainted Blood. Heals every sore, cleansing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition, leaving the skin free from every evidence of bad blood. Blood Balm, composed of pure Botanic ingredients. Druggists $1 per large bottle. Sample of Blood Balm sent free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., 157 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble, and free medical advice sent in sealed letter. Sold in Wichita by C. E. Potts Drug Co., 117-119-121-123 North Santa Fe avenue.

OBJECTIONS TO ADMISSION OF THREE STATES

Senate Is Dominant Power and It Will Oppose.

SUMNER'S WORDS QUOTED

Political Complexion of Senate Would be Threatened.

New York, May 20.—The Washington correspondent of the Post, writing to his paper, quotes the words of Charles Sumner, as follows:

"We are asked to insert a new provision in the constitution fixing the basis of political power at the expense of fellow citizens, counted by millions.

"In expressed terms, there is an admission of the idea of inequality of representation founded on race or color.

"One of its elementary parts and consequences is that it sanctions the acknowledged tyranny of taxation without representation. And lastly, I denounce this proposition as a compromise of human rights, the most immoral, indecent and utterly shameful of any in our history."

Taking the above for a text, he says:

"With southern representation based, as at present, upon the numbers of both races when only one participates in the government, the Republicans will continue to enter every presidential contest with a handicap. As long as they can carry the nearly solid North by substantial majorities, as now, there will be no trouble, for the North is larger than the South, but a divided North and a solid South, such as prevailed ten years ago, would throw the country into the hands of the opposition.

"In the South the Democrats are gradually strengthening their hold. The changes in the last six years have been notable; the solitary Republican from Texas, Mr. Hawley, of Galveston, drops out, and no Republican succeeds him; the solitary negro, Mr. White of North Carolina, drops out, and no colored man now sits in the house of representatives. A few years ago the border states supplied a considerable number of Republican senators, and, since the election in the senate is for six years, a few still survive, but the tide is all against them, and it will not be long before Pritchard, of North Carolina, and McComas, of Maryland, will go out. Deboe, of Kentucky, whose term expires with this congress, has been superseded by a Democrat. Wellington, of Maryland, gives place to Gorman; Marion Butler, Populist, of North Carolina, has been succeeded by Simmons, Democrat; and the probabilities are that Delaware will fall to the Democrats as soon as Mr. Addicks gets tired of trying to capture one of its seats in the senate.

"This raises the question as to the Republican party's outlook in the senate; its membership today is fifty-five, against thirty-three Democrats and two vacancies. Of the class of senators which expires with this congress, generally owing their election to the presidential ballot of 1896, eighteen are Republicans to twelve in the opposition. In the new class soon to take their places, the Republicans will clearly lose three seats—one each in Kentucky, North Carolina and Maryland. On the other hand, they stand a good chance of gaining the three seats held by Harris of Kansas, Rawlins of Utah, and Turner of Washington; these states were carried by Bryan in 1896, but have since become Republican, and unless there is some reaction this fall will displace those Democratic senators. But there is some uncertainty still in the old Populistic belt, and Turner's friends pretend to be confident that he will pull through.

"The discussion over the admission of the three states of the southwest really turns upon their representation in the senate; in every other respect their admission would be reasonably welcome, for the clearing up of the territorial system in this continental part of the republic is desirable. Moreover, they must come in sooner or later any way, and it would always be something of a help to the Republican party, it is maintained, to have the credit of opening the door for them. But the United States senate is the dominant power in national legislation, and the center of the senate's population, were these three states admitted, would be in southern Illinois, not far from St. Louis, while the meridian point of population is many miles east of that.

"The ninety-eighth meridian, which passes through eastern Kansas and Nebraska, divides the country into nearly equal parts territorially; yet the eastern half contains 90 per cent of the population to 10 per cent in the western half. That this western half is greatly overrepresented today in the senate is evident; with these three new states added, the states west of the Mississippi, north and south, would number twenty-two, against only twenty-six east of the river. Thus the old northeast, between the over-representation of the South in the house, and the over-representation of the Rocky mountain region in the senate, is far from having that voice in government concerns which it deserves. Should the three territories be admitted and become Democratic states, they would give the Democrats, with Delaware and Maryland, eighteen votes, or thirty-six senators out of ninety-six; to control the senate they would need only six more votes, which on some issue appealing to the Rocky mountain region might be secured with comparative ease. The senate possibilities involved in the proposed admission of these territories are therefore those which contain the most explosive material politically."

GROSSCUP GRANTS THE INJUNCTION

(Continued From First Page.)

differences between themselves concerning the operation of their business and also to consider the prices which they should place for the ensuing week on the meat products which should be sold in that territory, and for the purpose of considering the quantity of meats which each concern had obtained and, when the necessities of the trade would require they would agree to curtail their shipments of meat from Chicago, their design and purpose being to limit the quantity of meats in sight at New York and adjacent points and raise the prices.

William C. Rider swore that he was formerly with the Fairbank Canning company, a corporation owned or controlled by Nelson Morris & Co. In 1897, he transcribed, he declared in his affidavit, a signed agreement between Morris & Co., Armour & Co., and Swift & Co. This agreement, he declared, provided that representatives of the signers were to meet at specified time or upon call of an appointed arbitrator, that prices should be maintained; that a list of discharged employes should be kept and a fine of $1,000 imposed for violation of the agreement. He deposed that he had actual knowledge of the carrying out of the agreement which he had described.

L. Lemon Hoover, engaged in the meat business at Washington, D. C., for 27 years, says he has personal knowledge that every week the local managers in that city for the principal Chicago packing concerns held meetings to compare notes; that the number of loads of meat received was divided among the wholesale houses on agreed basis and that none of the packing houses was allowed to ship into that market more that its allotted share. He also knew of the existence of a credit or blacklist agreement.

Arthur E. Adams of Baltimore, once local manager there for Nelson Morris & Co., swore that he knew of the existence of a combination for the purpose of fixing prices and controlling the supply of fresh meats.

John H. Durbin, a wholesale meat dealer of Denver, also tells about a combination among the packers' representatives for fixing prices.

Henry Gellhard of Denver says there is no longer any independence in the Denver market and that prices for products of the packing concerns are fixed by Chicago.

William H. Hoover, inspector of meats and food for the government in the District of Columbia, swears that there is absolute uniformity of prices among the packers' agents and there is no sign of competition.

Washington, May 20.—The supreme court today dismissed for want of jurisdiction the case of Lee Long vs. J. L. Patterson, United States collector of customs at Portland, Oregon. Lee Long is a Chinese merchant who after a short residence in the United States returned to China and brought back with him one of his wives, of which he had more than one, and a daughter by another wife. The party were denied admission under the ruling of the treasury department and sued out a writ of habeas corpus in the district court for the district of Oregon. The court refused to entertain the writ on the ground that it could not review the order of the executive department. Today's opinion affirms that decision. Justices Brewer and Peckham dissented.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

As a cleaner, soap doesn't begin to compare with
GOLD DUST.
GOLD DUST does more work, better work and does it cheaper. It saves backs as well as pocketbooks.
Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY.
Chicago. New York. Boston. St. Louis.—Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP

R·I·PANS

A gentleman next door was suffering very bad with the dyspepsia. Sometimes he would have to come home from work and go to bed for an hour or so to get relief. I recommended Ripans Tabules to him and he found great help. Now he always carries a box in his pocket and when he feels the pain coming he takes one and it relieves him at once.

AT DRUGGISTS.
The Five-Cent Package is enough for an ordinary occasion.
The Family Bottle, sixty cents, contains a supply for a year.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

CANDY CATHARTIC
BOOK FOR MOTHERS
PURELY VEGETABLE
PLEASE THE CHILDREN
ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE
CURE GUARANTEED
LIVER STIMULANT
HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a ten-cent box today, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address
STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, MONTREAL, CAN., NEW YORK.
CCC The only genuine. Beware of Imitations!