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LEADER IS SUSTAINED

John Mitchell Carries the Day at Indianapolis.

STANDS FOR CONTRACTS

Makes a Powerful Talk Before Miners' Convention.

NO SYMPATHETIC STRIKE

Bituminous Will Contribute to Anthracite Strikers.

Indianapolis, July 17.—If the vote and influence of President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers' organization, there will be no general strike of the organization. The chances of such a step being taken now are very remote. In his speech at the convention this afternoon Mr. Mitchell advised strongly against a strike and urged that the bituminous miners continue to work and that a system of assessment upon the members of the order, which he outlined, be carried into effect as the best means of affording aid and support of the striking anthracite men in the east.

His recommendations if adopted by the convention this afternoon would have settled the entire question for which the convention was called and an immediate adjournment would have followed.

A motion to adopt the suggestions of President Mitchell provoked a long debate in which the general sentiment was against the striking of the anthracite men. The men from the anthracite regions finally made a request that they be allowed to hold a caucus to determine upon an expression of opinion as to what they thought the convention should do and asked an adjournment of the convention for this purpose.

The request was granted and the adjournment taken. The men who were in favor of a strike were in a decided minority in the convention.

When the convention met in the afternoon a motion was made and carried that the convention go on into executive session.

John P. Reese of Iowa moved a reconsideration of the vote by which this action was taken. He declared secret sessions undesirable.

The speech of Mr. Reese in support of his motion carried the day, the vote was reconsidered and it was decided that the meetings of the convention would be open to the public.

President Mitchell then made his address, in part as follows:

"Gentlemen: In opening this convention I deem it my duty to make a few preliminary remarks and to suggest in a series of recommendations the policy which would in my judgment best protect the interests of the striking anthracite mine workers and preserve unimpaired the integrity of our entire organization.

so levied to be collected at the earliest possible moment and forwarded to the national secretary-treasurer.

"4. That an assessment of 25 per cent be levied on all national, district and sub-district officers whose salaries now amount to \$50 per month or more.

"5. That an appeal be made to all the American trade unions and to the general public for financial assistance to carry the strike through to a successful issue.

"6. That a committee be selected from this convention to draft an address to the American people, setting forth in proper form the policy of the miners' organization and appealing to the people to bring all possible pressure to bear upon the owners and stockholders of the anthracite coal carrying railroads to compel them to treat considerately the appeals of their employees for arbitration."

On a motion to adopt the recommendations of President Mitchell many motions were made, those in favor of the recommendation being in the ratio of 2 to 1 compared with those against. An adjournment was then taken until 10 o'clock Friday morning, to enable the anthracite men to hold a caucus. At a caucus of the Illinois delegation held tonight it was determined to oppose any general strike. It was also decided to stand by the recommendations of President Mitchell with the exception of the one desiring in favor of one dollar per week assessments of the members of the order. This assessment should, the Illinois men declare, be made on a per capita basis.

One tonight took action similar to that of Illinois.

The Iowa miners held a caucus in the evening and decided to uphold the action of President Mitchell. The action of the other caucuses was practically a general strike out of the question. The meeting of the anthracite miners held after the adjournment of the convention resulted in nothing but the conclusion that there was no way in which a strike could be forced and that those members of the anthracite districts who were anxious for a strike would be disappointed.

Some minor changes may be made, but the policy as a whole will be followed by the convention, I am certain."

CONATY EXPLAINS IT

Rector of Catholic University Satifies the Hibernians.

Denver, Colo., July 17.—Bishop Thomas J. Conaty, rector of the Catholic university at Washington, made a statement before the convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians today which would in my judgment best protect the interests of the striking anthracite mine workers and preserve unimpaired the integrity of our entire organization.

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CARD HANDED TO BARBOUX

Mme. De Gast Starts Up a Nice Row in Paris.

SHE ADDRESSED COURT

Calling the Noted Maitre Barboux a Coward.

THEN PRINCE DE SAGAN

Whips Him and Hands Him His Card.

Paris, July 17.—The action brought by Mme. De Gast, a wealthy widow and a well known automobile driver, for procuring in court a photograph of a picture called "The Masked Woman" and declaring that Mme. De Gast had served as the model, has been dismissed, owing to the omission of a legal formality.

During the hearing of the case Mme. Gast was allowed to address the court. Turning to Maitre Barboux, she asked him if he had retracted his assertion, and as he made no reply she continued: "He keeps silent because he knows I am a widow, cowardly coward!" The scene caused great excitement.

Prince De Sagan, who had accompanied Mme. De Gast to court, meeting Maitre Barboux on the street afterward, struck him saying: "You are an insulter of women!" at the same time handing his card to Maitre Barboux, who replied: "Very well, you shall hear from me."

Maitre Barboux is quoted as saying subsequently: "I shall not fight Prince De Sagan, but shall prosecute him for assault."

WITH CEREMONIOUS POMP

Remains of Archbishop Feehan Are Laid in the Grave.

Chicago, July 17.—With much pomp and imposing ceremony and in the presence of the cardinal of the church and a great gathering of ecclesiastical dignitaries, the last rites of the Roman Catholic service of the dead were performed for Archbishop Patrick A. Feehan today at the Cathedral of the Holy Name.

Early in the day a series of masses were begun by the numerous visiting priests, ending in the great pontifical requiem mass.

During the funeral services crowds thronged the streets in the vicinity of the cathedral, which was filled to overflowing by members of the clergy and a favored few of the laity. Cardinal Gibbons with his deacons, officiated at the solemn pontifical requiem, which was conducted by Archbishop John Lancaster Spalding of Peoria. Arch Bishop Ryan of Philadelphia, delivered the funeral sermon. After the mass Cardinal Gibbons pronounced eulogies. The body of the dead churchman was then borne to a vault in Calvary cemetery, whence it will be removed later to its last resting place in the new cemetery of Mount Carmel.

The funeral cortege was probably one of the grandest and most imposing that ever passed through the streets of this city. Catholic dignitaries from many societies of the country were present and did honor to their late co-laborer. Military, civic and church bodies accompanied the funeral car. Among the principal churchmen present were Archbishop Ireland, Bishop Jensen of Belleville, Bishop Ryan of Albany, Bishop Dineen, Dallas, Texas, Bishop McElroy, Chicago, Bishop O'Donnoghue, Indianapolis, Bishop Scannell, Omaha, Bishop Foley, Detroit, Bishop Glennon, Kansas City, Bishop Aldinger, Fort Wayne, Bishop Burke, Albany, Bishop Schwabach, LaCrosse, Wis., Bishop Byrne, Nashville, Bishop Trobe, St. Cloud, Minn., Bishop Els, Barquette, Mich., Bishop Muldoon and Chancellor Harry, both of Chicago.

IS TUTHILL A MURDERER?

Sensational Developments in the Latimer Case.

WIDOW IS QUESTIONED

Dr. Meagher Tells of Ravings of Dying Man.

SUSPICION IS AROUSED

Other Witnesses Give Very Damaging Evidence.

DETAILS OF LYCHING

Job of Neighbors Quietly Surrounded Jail and Home of Anderson.

Owensboro, Ky., July 17.—John Anderson, a farmer, who was in jail here charged with the murder of his wife on the night of the 12th, was taken from prison by a masked mob of about forty men and hanged to a beam over the city scales on one of the principal streets of Owensboro at about 2:30 o'clock this morning. The lynchers, who are supposed to have come from the scene of Anderson's alleged crime, about three miles west of Owensboro made their entrance into the city quietly and going to the jail demanded admittance which was refused. Then they battered down the prison door and while some went to the prisoner's cell to lead him out, others of the mob surrounded the jailer, and his family to prevent them from giving the alarm. Anderson was soon secured and in a few minutes was led across the street from the prison, where a rope was placed about his neck and he was hanged to a beam over a pair of scales. The mob then dispersed quietly. No arrests have been made.

Anderson was the first white man ever lynched in Davison county. At the time the murder with which he was charged was committed, Anderson and his wife had been separated for about seven weeks and Mrs. Anderson was living at her father's house, whither Anderson went for the alleged purpose of effecting a reconciliation. The woman's father, it is said, entered some objections, and he was struck down and his wife was taken to the jail and shot to death. He was arrested shortly after the crime and was in the Owensboro jail when he was lynched.

TRAVIS

DEFEATED BY BYERS OF ALLEGHENY CLUB.

Ex-Amateur Champion Compliments His Opponent.

Glenview Golf Course, July 17.—E. M. Byers, Yale golf champion in 1900 and 1901, now a member of the Allegheny club of Pittsburgh, today defeated Champion W. J. Travis, one up at the last hole of the 18-hole match for the title of the amateur golf championship.

Byers' medal score of 77 and Travis' 78 were six and five under bogey respectively. Byers won the game after apparently being hopelessly beaten. He was three down at the turn, Travis playing perfectly. But he struck gamely and in the last nine holes played in form seldom shown, even by the veteran professionals. His medal score for the last nine holes was 35, or six strokes under bogey. Travis took his defeat like a true sportsman. "That score tells the story better than anything I can say," said Travis, after the game. "The game Byers put up would have won from almost any professional in the country. It was unbeatable."

Byers defeated Chandler Egan of Exeter in a brilliant afternoon game. His medal score was 80. Former Champion Travis had won the contest for the title of the amateur golf championship. The semi-finals at 18 holes will be played tomorrow. Byers will meet Dr. Fredricks and Louis James, who have qualified for the finals. Fredricks and James, who played the first day, will contest with F. O. Reinhart.

WOOD'S VISIT POSTPONED

Will Not Go to Oyster Bay Until Early Next Week.

Washington, July 17.—General Wood has decided to defer his visit to the president at Oyster Bay until early next week, in order to complete certain work assigned him by the secretary of war in connection with the radical changes ordered in the uniforms of the army. He is preparing his report as military governor of Cuba and expects to complete it during the next few months.

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BIG HEAD—IS TUTHILL MURDERER?

New York, July 17.—The official inquiry into the circumstances surrounding the death of Albert C. Latimer, of Brooklyn, who is supposed to have been shot by a burglar early in the morning of July 2, was begun today in Brooklyn and late in the afternoon the hearing went over until next Monday.

District Attorney Clark asked Mrs. Latimer if she had ever been in the company of W. H. Tuthill, a traveling upholstery salesman, outside of her home. She replied that she met Mr. Tuthill on one occasion in New York, that he accompanied her to her home and that he had told her husband about H. H. R. to refer to other questions asked by the district attorney she said she had never entertained a Mr. R. whose home is in the rear of the Latimer house, in the absence of her husband.

C. R. Rich, who lives near the Latimers, said when he went to the house on the night of the shooting Mrs. Latimer introduced him to Mr. Tuthill. Mr. Latimer was placed on the bed, Tuthill helping in the work and then, according to the witness, Tuthill said to Mrs. Latimer: "Don't worry, he is all right."

Dr. Meagher, house surgeon at the hospital where Latimer died, created a sensation when he said on the stand that the dying man exclaimed as he lay in bed, on the third day: "The coward shot me in bed!"

Miss Christine Russell, a nurse testified that Latimer said: "A coward shot me in cold blood!" "Once when Latimer's brother spoke about the search for the burglar the wounded man said: "Who burglar ever shot me?"

Mrs. L. Cashman, another nurse, said she heard Latimer say he knew the man who shot him, and that he would tell his name when he got well.

Miss Fannie Latimer, a sister, swore that on one occasion she had seen Tuthill and Mrs. Latimer meet on a street corner and had telegraphed this fact to Mr. Latimer. She said that when her brother reached the house he found Tuthill there. Three words between the two men and then a lengthy correspondence, which gradually ceased. Police Captain Reynolds testified that after a minute examination of the doors, windows and shutters of the Latimer house he could not find the slightest trace of a forced entrance.

LATEST TRACY STORY

Accounts of His Movements Continue to Look Fishy.

Black Diamond, Wash., July 17.—Tracy has again escaped. He has succeeded in eluding the sheriff of King county and many picket men who advanced on his hiding place, three miles from here, last night, under the best program that has been formulated at any time during the chase. The posse arrived at Tracy's hiding place six or eight hours after he had reached the house he found Tuthill there. Three words between the two men and then a lengthy correspondence, which gradually ceased. Police Captain Reynolds testified that after a minute examination of the doors, windows and shutters of the Latimer house he could not find the slightest trace of a forced entrance.

SUPPRESSION OF COMBINES

Russian Minister Proposes an International Conference

TO FIGHT THE TRUSTS

Baron De Tael Presents the Scheme to British Officials

DEWITTE AT HEAD OF IT

Outlined His Plans in the Financial Messenger.

London, July 17.—Details of an important move by Russia which have evidently been suppressed hitherto by the censor, have transpired in London. This move is no less than a proposal by the imperial government for an international conference to deal with trusts.

Baron De Tael, Russian ambassador in London, about ten days ago presented to the British government a note from M. De Witte, the Russian minister of finance, which note was sent also to all the powers that signed the Brussels sugar convention, proposing that these powers should consider in common means to protect international commerce against artificial depression of prices not only by government measures such as export bounties or the control of production, but also by the much more dangerous processes adopted by trusts, private undertakings or cartels which tend artificially to influence the international market.

The explicit but mysterious reference made in the Financial Messenger of St. Petersburg early this week, to a recent note of M. De Witte, which the paper said "is an application, to the economic domain, of the principles of The Hague conference."

St. Petersburg, July 17.—The Financial Messenger says: M. De Witte's note protests against Russia being placed on the same footing as those states which grant export premiums to the sugar industry and also controls the right of such states to impose special taxes on sugar of Russian origin, as being contrary to the most favored nation clause.

Commenting on the note, the Financial Messenger says: "Failing an international agreement, there is only one remedy, namely, increased custom duties. In proposing common international action, Russia proposes that she would prefer not isolated legislation in her own particular interest, but a joint agreement based upon the principle of reciprocity and solidarity of all states."

MAY HAS A CALLER

Brazilian Minister Would Interest Him in South American Dispute.

Washington, July 17.—The Brazilian minister, the Brazilian minister, is in Washington on a flying trip from his summer home at Narragansett and called at the state department today to talk with Secretary Hay on the subject of the much disputed question of the Azores territory, which lies at the junction of Brazil, Peru and Chile and long has been a bone of contention among those republics. The state department, while hesitating to give effect to this matter, has made no clear purpose but to interfere as between the governments, and the most that it can do with regard to the Americans who have part of the Azores territory, is to seek all reasonable concessions in their behalf.

WILL VISIT INCOGNITO

Prince Boris of Russia Will Sail Today for America.

Washington, July 17.—The state department has been informed by Minister Witte that Prince Boris, who went to represent the Chinese government at the exposition, will visit in incognito on the station on July 18 for New York. The party will remain in the United States for ten days or two weeks and it will be in Washington about the first of August. Minister Witte has advised the state department that Prince Boris of Russia, will visit Japan for San Francisco on the 18th inst. The Prince will remain some time in the United States, but as he comes incognito, the government will take no steps to receive him formally.

CLEANING UP MANILA

Forty Thousand Slums to Be Placed in Suburban Camps.

Manila, July 17.—The municipal health board of Manila has decided to remove 40,000 slums from the city. The slums have been placed in suburban camps in an effort to check the spread of infectious diseases. The slums will be destroyed and the people will be sent to the camps and the disease will be checked.

TO ACCEPT TERMS

Ministers Will Be Notified That China Yield to Conditions.

Peking, July 17.—General Yuan Shih K'ai has notified the Chinese ministers that the Chinese have yielded to the terms proposed for the withdrawal of the Japanese troops from Tsin and will accept the conditions. The withdrawal will be a surprise to the ministers, who expected the Chinese would endeavor to obtain better terms.

St. Petersburg, July 17.—Official dispatches announce the withdrawal of Chinese troops from Manchuria, announced by great quantities. An agreement of great importance. At an interview of 100 days on July 17 at Khabarovsk, there had been 25,000 and 100,000 troops, up to July 17. As a result of other news are affected by similar stations, have been established and sanitary offices organized.

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