

DENVER DANCED

The President Drives Through Shouting Thousands.

ASILK FLAG PRESENTED

"I Deeply Appreciate This Priceless Gift."

SEEMED TO ENJOY SCENE

Address to Pupils of the Public Schools.

Denver, Colo., May 4.—This is president, day in Colorado and at every stopping place on President Roosevelt's itinerary it has been observed in Fourth of July fashion. The nation's chief executive was the guest of the city of Denver for two and one-half hours and the people, regardless of political affiliations, greeted him with a warmth and heartiness of welcome not exceeded on his transcontinental tour.

The mayor had proclaimed a holiday. Schools were closed, business houses were closed and beautiful decorations were displayed on the capitol and many business buildings and residences in the streets traversed by the procession. The president made but one speech in the city and that was delivered in the open air on the capitol grounds where no less than 25,000 people were assembled.

As the president stepped upon the speakers stand Mrs. Helen M. Casper stepped forward and presented President Roosevelt on behalf of the Daughters of America a silk flag beautifully wrought. "I deeply appreciate this priceless gift," responded the president, exhibiting considerable feeling.

Then Col. Chas. L. Cooper, of the Fifth cavalry, who is mustering officer of the Rough Riders, handed the president a photograph of his command taken at San Antonio, Texas. Mr. Roosevelt, who was prominent in the picture, the only one of the scene in existence, laughed aloud and exclaimed: "That certainly is all right, Colonel!"

Mr. Roosevelt seemed to enjoy the scene and spoke with hearty enthusiasm. The last portion of the address was especially earnest, expressing his trust in the ability of the people of this republic to overcome the difficulties and problems that arise, not by genius or brilliant tactics, but by the exercise of plain and practical common sense and an assistance upon genuine liberty and fair play for each individual.

After the speaking was concluded a reception was held by the president in Governor Peabody's office in the capitol. By the president's side was Mrs. Peabody and the Misses Peabody. The military officers of the state and the national army stationed at Fort Logan were introduced.

He was presented with a handsome gold pin by John K. T. Kendall in the name of the cowboys of America. To the tune of "Dixie" the president's party withdrew from the speaker's stand and re-entering the carriage, drove to city park. The route lay through the capitol hill residence section and during the entire drive the president was busily engaged in acknowledging the kind greetings given him. After entering the park the carriage passed between long rows of school children who waved flags and loudly voiced the enthusiasm evoked by the privilege of seeing the first citizen of this republic. A beautiful bouquet was handed to the president by Miss Kathleen Carroll, the eleven-year-old daughter of John F. Carroll, a well-known newspaper editor.

JUSTICE BREWER

Delivered a Decision Sustaining U. S. District Court.

DOSEN'T QUESTION POWER

Points Made That Persons Bribed Were Colored.

INVOLVED THE VALIDITY

Revised Statutes Respecting Bribery of Persons.

Washington, May 4.—The supreme court of the United States in an opinion delivered by Justice Brewer today delivered a decision in the case of the United States Marshal James of Kentucky vs. Henry Bowman, involving the validity of section 5367 of the revised statutes respecting the bribery of persons protected by the fifth amendment. The decision affirmed the decision of the United States district court for the western district of Kentucky, declaring that statute unconstitutional. Bowman was indicted for bribing negro voters in connection with the congressional election in the Fifth congressional district of Kentucky in the election of 1900.

In announcing the opinion of the court Justice Brewer said that no point had been made of the fact that the persons who were bribed were of color. Speaking of the statute, he said: "On its face it is clearly an attempt to exercise power supposed to be conferred by the fifteenth amendment in respect to all elections and not in pursuance of the general control by congress over particular elections."

Justice Brewer said that if the constitutionality of the section in question could not be sustained the indictment must follow and referring to the statute, he said: "On its face the section purports to be an exercise of the power granted to congress by the fifteenth amendment, for it declares a punishment upon anyone who by means of bribery prevents another to whom the right of suffrage is granted by such amendment from exercising that right. But the amendment relates solely to action by the United States or by any state, and does not contemplate 'wrongful individual acts.'"

He quoted authorities to show that a statute which purports to punish purely individual action cannot be sustained as an appropriate exercise of the power conferred by the fifteenth amendment on congress to prevent action by the state through some of its officers. But the amendment relates to an indictment which charges no discrimination on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude is likewise destitute of support by such amendment.

Justice Brewer added that the court is fully sensible of the great wrong which results from bribery at elections, and said that it does not question the power of congress to punish such offenses when committed in respect to the election of federal officers. At the same time it is all important that the criminal statute should define clearly the offense which it purports to punish, and that when so defined it should be within the limits of the power of the legislative body enacting it.

Congress has now power to punish bribery at all elections.

UNION MAY ARBITRATE.

Laundry Workers and Others of Chicago May Settle.

Chicago, May 4.—Only five out of the 160 laundries in Chicago were open for business today.

Thirty-five hundred laundry workers are idle and when the deliveries, engineers and firemen are added the total number of persons thrown out of employment will number 5,000. President T. C. Wilson of the Laundry Workers' union, says the lockout has strengthened their cause and that hundreds of applications from non-union workers are being received at headquarters.

The rumor was persistent tonight that the executive board of the Laundry Workers' union had decided to submit their case to arbitration. Neither President Wilson nor Business Agent Lemmon of the union, would admit that this decision had been reached, but among the union the rumor was given general credence.

BLOWING THINGS UP.

Sola Nica in Darkness and Bomb Throwing Picnic On.

London, May 4.—Except as to the number killed, which is now said not to exceed 100, the latest telegrams and mail advices from Salonica, fully confirm the previous reports of the serious nature of the outbreak here.

Advantage seems to have been taken of the fact that the Turks had relaxed their precautions and that the garrison was seriously depleted, amounting to only 500 soldiers. The first mine that was exploded cut the principal gas main and plunged the city in darkness. Then the Ottoman bank and other buildings were attacked with bombs, as already has been described. Soldiers were hurried up to the scenes of disorder. They fired wild volleys, but many of the attackers were killed or wounded by the explosion of their own bombs.

All attempts at throwing bombs are now being dealt with summarily. At noon last Sunday a man disguised as a Turkish priest tried to throw a bomb into the telegraph office at Salonica. He was apprehended and executed on the spot.

The authorities continue to make arrests, and many Bulgarians disguised as Turkish officers are being seized. Among those arrested are professors in a Bulgarian school, who are alleged to have been the head of the revolutionary movement.

Edad Pasha, who arrived at Salonica last Saturday to carry out the decree of martial law, has issued a proclamation stating that the sultan has ordered him to deal severely with all persons guilty of outrages.

At Eskos European Turkey, the police have seized stores of dynamite at Bulgarian residences. The news that Germany has ordered a warship to Salonica has led the Austrian newspapers to discuss the probability of European intervention. In both Berlin and Vienna, however, semi-official statements have been issued explaining that the object is solely for the protection of foreign subjects, and that the vessels will be withdrawn as soon as the danger is over.

NATIONAL GUARD. Secretary Root Is Enthusiastically Received at Sparks.

Columbus, O., May 4.—The Interstate National Guard association of the United States opened here today with twenty-five states and territories represented. Secretary Root and Assistant Secretary Sanger, with a staff of regular officers, are present. Among the speakers at the afternoon session were Secretary of War Root, Assistant Secretary of War Sanger, and Judge Advocate General Davis, U. S. A.

MARCUM KILLED

Kentucky Attorney Assassinated at Lexington.

CASES IMPERILED HIS LIFE

Seventy-Two Days a Prisoner at His Home.

WAS A MARKED MAN

Had Allways Avoided Feuds—Got Into One.

Lexington, Ky., May 4.—Just after he had finished filing papers re-opening the contested election case of Breathitt county, James B. Marcum was shot and killed by an unknown assassin. He fell in his tracks in the front entrance of the court house of Jackson county and never spoke, death being almost instantaneous.

He fell within a few yards of where Town Marshal James Cockrell was shot down in July, the assassin being stationed north in each instance. Marcum was counsel for the fusillade, who are contesting for the offices of county judge, sheriff and other places now held by the Democrats. As a result of his efforts and his sympathy in the Hargis-Cockrell feud he had been for years generally regarded as a "marked man."

Various plots to assassinate him have been reported and sworn to in affidavits. For seventy-two days last fall he was a prisoner in his own home, daring not even to go out on his own porch. The bitterness of the feud abated somewhat, however, and the election cases were allowed to sleep until Monday. Despite warnings, Marcum felt safe in resuming his interrupted practice some time ago, and felt secure in making a motion to reopen the case which had imperiled his life months before. At 5 o'clock this morning he went to the court house at Jackson and the papers were filed. He walked from the clerk's office to the front door of the court house, and facing the street, engaged in conversation with Benjamin Evans, a friend. The corridor at his back was full of men. Evans was half leaning on Marcum's shoulder. The men had been talking about thirty-five minutes and it was 5:30 when a shot rang out in the corridor. Marcum staggered and as he sank to the floor another shot was fired. The first bullet entered the back to the right of the spinal column and after passing the lungs and body struck the door facing him. The net shot passed through the top of his head and was aimed as he reeled. The shots appeared to come from a doorway or possibly from behind a door in the corridor, but as the passage was quickly cleared and great confusion reigned, no one was able to state accurately where the assassin was located. A telegram from County Judge Harris, received at 5:30 o'clock tonight, states that the assassin is still unknown after a diligent search, and no arrests have yet been made, even on suspicion.

Marcum's body lay for ten minutes untouched. Even his friends feared to approach the place or to touch the body. It was finally picked up by his friends and carried to a drug store opposite and from there was taken home. Some say they saw the assassin run from the rear door, and it seems certain that he made his escape that way during the confusion. It is generally believed that the assassin was recognized by several persons, but no one thus far has had the courage to name him.

Marcum was a trustee of the Kentucky State college, United States commissioner of his district and represented the Lexington and Eastern railroad and other large corporations. He was generally known in Breathitt county for seventeen years. He had avoided feuds, and until he took charge of the election cases, which involved the Hargis faction, had been a friend of members of both factions. For three months, beginning last July, he did not leave his home, and after that for months was always accompanied by his wife and women friends or carried one of his children with him for protection.

TOOK MORE SERIOUS TURN.

Fifty Policemen Were Sent to Keep Order Among Italians.

New York, May 4.—The strike of Italian brick cutters and diggers, took a more serious turn in the Bronx today and fifty policemen were sent to keep order along the excavation for water mains where men are working in the strikers' places. A rumor was circulated among the 1,300 men at work that 1,000 strikers would march out today and try to induce them to quit.

The police were picketed along the excavation and all Italians near it and not working were ordered to move. Bands of Italians, however, marched by and shouted harshly at the men in their places. Agent Landau of the Italian labor union said there were 1,000 men on strike in the city and that all work in the Bronx would be stopped. A big box of explosives, which was in a shop for the excavation work in the Bronx, was ordered buried by the police and two guards were stationed near to watch it. Encouraged by the action of the central Federal union in endorsing their demands the laborers employed on the subway remained on strike today and the tie-up of work was as complete as on Saturday.

EMPEROR IN ROME

Talked to Ambassador About Schooners—And Roosevelt.

Rome, May 4.—Today Emperor William received in private and separate audiences the members of the diplomatic corps in order of seniority. Ambassador Meyer was fourth in the list. The conversation between him and his majesty lasted for some time and was quite confidential, but it can be said that the emperor asked about President Roosevelt and charged the ambassador to send him his respects. His majesty asked regarding Mr. Roosevelt's health and said he

ORDERED ARREST.

Chicago, May 4.—The police, unable to shake the claims of innocence of the three boys suspected of the murder of 6-year-old Paul Paszowski, whose body was found in a shallow grave near the outskirts of the city Saturday, have ordered the arrest of the boy's father and a boy named Vito.

It is stated that one of the boys now under arrest saw the elder Paszowski and the boy Vito in the woods near where a dog later discovered the body. The man said he was going in search of his boy Paul, who was lost.

E. P. Williams Dead.

Cleveland, May 4.—E. P. Williams, vice-president of the Sherwin-Williams company and one of Cleveland's best known business men, died at his home in Glenville last night, aged 51.

Ruhlin Wins.

New York, May 4.—Ous Ruhlin of Akron defeated Gustav Sanders in a wrestling match tonight at Prospect hall, Brooklyn, winning two falls out of three.

Bonds Aggregating \$59,241,750.

Washington, May 4.—The treasury department has received to date three and four per cent bonds aggregating \$53,417,500 for exchange into 5 per cent bonds. The same total gross received is \$59,241,750 and \$9,824,250 more.

PREPARING FOR WAR IN MANCHURIA, SAYS A JAPANESE OFFICIAL.

Russia Making Warlike Preparations—Also in Japan.

Victoria, B. C., May 4.—News were received by steamer Olympia which arrived today from Yokohama, that Chinese are hurrying from Newchwang in alarm as a result of the dispatch of Japanese and British warships in consequence of the non-evacuation of Newchwang by the Russians. Residents of the port are hurrying their valuables to Tientsin, Chee Foo and Shanghai, fearing war. The whole front of warlike preparations, rush movements of war ships, etc. Japan and Russia are seemingly both getting ready for hostilities in the event of the Manchurian embargo resulting in war.

A Japanese military officer, who has just returned from Newchwang is quoted by the Jiji Shimo as saying that according to all appearances Russia is undoubtedly preparing for war in Manchuria and great alarm is felt at Newchwang. The officer also states that Russians detained the Moulken Taotai to prevent his appearance at Newchwang in order to seize that port on the pretext furnished by his non-arrival.

Dispatches are printed by Japanese papers to the effect that a state of siege has been declared by the Russian authorities at Taitien, Chin Chow and thence to the Yalu river. Military manoeuvres are taking place involving much land and field work. The Russians assert that the movement is attributable to strained relations between Russia and Japan. The Japan Herald has a dispatch from Port Arthur that Russian troops have been ordered to evacuate the city and a Japanese vortanuki writer says Japanese warships have gone there.

AFTER MEMBERS OF MOB.

Posse of Citizens Headed by Sheriff Will Hunt Arrests.

St. Louis, May 4.—A posse of the Post-Dispatch from Caruthersville, Mo., says: A posse of citizens, headed by Sheriff Franklin started this morning for Wardell, where Contable W. J. Mooneyhoun and Rev. D. Malone, his prisoner, were killed late Saturday night by a mob. Although the members of the mob were disguised, Sheriff Frank Lindsey has evidence of the identity of some of its members and that they will be arrested if he can find them.

He recognizes the difficulty of reaching them as the country is wild and they may be easily secreted by their friends. Mrs. Mary Frill, for whom Rev. Malone is charged, deserted his wife, and with whom he traveled about the country holding meetings, is in jail here. She has not yet recovered from the fright the mob gave her. Many marvel that she escaped its vengeance.

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REDMOND SAYS LANDLORDS AND TENANTS IN COMPLETE AGREEMENT.

Wyndham Refused Reasonable Amendments Sanctioned by Both Parties.

London, May 4.—The Irish secretary, Mr. Wyndham, today formally formed the second reading of the Irish land bill in the house of commons.

John Redmond, the Irish leader, supporting the motion, says never before since the act of union had an English minister had such a chance as Mr. Wyndham now had. The landlords and tenants were in complete agreement on almost all his essential points. The Irish party had returned to Westminster with a mandate from the people upon this principle and ratified by a vote of confidence. If Mr. Wyndham refused the reasonable amendments sanctioned by both the landlords and tenants, the Irish party washed its hands of all responsibility. If the bill was rejected the Irish people would be driven into the "old hell of warring passions and conflicting hopes."

With all his heart he prayed that such a state of things would not arise. It would be little short of tragic were the government to throw away the golden opportunity, which once lost might not return for a lifetime.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the liberal leader, said the terms of the bill should be closely investigated, as they were not satisfactory as set forth in the bill.

Mr. Russell, Liberal Unionist, supported the second reading, although he disliked some of the complicated arrangements of the bill.

Mr. Dillon impressed upon the government that the amendments drafted by the national convention were the expression of the Irish popular demand. The attorney general for Ireland, John Atkinson, said the government had no reason to be dissatisfied with the debate, and that it was prepared to give fair and candid consideration to all the amendments. The debate was then adjourned.

A PITIFUL ACCIDENT.

Whole Family in Hospital Account of Railroad Disaster.

Detroit, Mich., May 4.—All but three of the excursionists injured last night when the Grand Trunk Pan-American train from Chicago plowed through a crowd of bullet people who were boarding their train at the corner of Dequindre and Canfield street for the return journey to Toledo, are reported today as doing well at the various hospitals. The body of a nine-year-old boy was early today identified as Stanley Orzechowski of Toledo. There are still of the morgue unidentified, the bodies of a young woman, a man and a boy about 12 years old.

One of the most pitiful incidents of the catastrophe was the fate of the Orzechowski family, of Toledo, four members of which are in Red Cross hospital, while the fifth, little Stanley, lies dead at the morgue. Peter Orzechowski, his wife and two children occupy the same room in the hospital.

"I don't know how it happened," Orzechowski said in halting English today. "They told me to go up to the front car to get seats for my family. I started with them and that is all I know. I had my little girl in my arms, and my wife had the baby in her arms and little Stanley by the hand. And they tell me he is dead," moaned the father.

Have Been Cancelled. Berlin, May 4.—Further inquiries made direct at Solms, Prussia, show that the sentences of the local court imposed on United States Consul Landner in case of P. M. and one day's arrest for disorderly conduct in the court room at that place have been cancelled.

Will Visit St. Petersburg.

London, May 4.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail says that King Edward will visit St. Petersburg in July, leaving the throne days before his return. The correspondent says his majesty will also visit Copenhagen.

THE OTHER.

Washington, May 4.—President Roosevelt and Indian Territory—Shawnee, Tuesday, May 5, 1903. Kansas—Shawnee Tuesday and Wednesday.

BULLETIN OF The Wichita Daily Eagle.

Wichita, Tuesday, May 5, 1903

Weather for Wichita Today: Fair

IMPORTANT NEWS OF TODAY

Pages

1. A Silk Flag Presented

Doesn't Question Power

Attorney Marcum Killed

Inquest Held Today

2. Forgeries at Shawnee

Will Go for Ten Years

3. Wichita Livestock Market

Review of the Grain Markets

Review of New York Stocks

4. Eagle's Editorial Page

5. Monument for Old Soldiers

School Board Meets

6. Jephthah at Mount Carmel

7. Will Issue No Permits

Fairmount Won From Alvah

had heard of his arrival at St. Louis. The emperor recalled having met Mr. Meyer at the Kiel regatta last year, when the schooner yachts all sailed in one class. He explained that this year a regatta will be arranged so that the schooner will sail in different classes, in order to give his American schooner an opportunity of showing what she can do.

At today's sitting of the chamber of chert, said he considered it highly to inform the chamber that he had had the honor to be presented by King Victor Emmanuel to Emperor William, to whom he had conveyed the respectful homages of the chamber. He also expressed the gratitude of the nation upon this, the occasion of the third visit of the emperor to Italy, and the Italian king, which he said was a sincere manifestation of the lively sentiments of friendship uniting the Italian and German nations. Continuing, the president said Emperor William had given him the agreeable mission of thanking the chamber and that he had conveyed to the emperor the chamber's respects.

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LITTLE CHANCE

Of Father Walser Being Convicted of Crime.

HEARING FOLLOW INQUEST

Evidence Not Sufficient to Hold to Grand Jury.

INQUEST BE HELD TODAY

Priest Thinks All Will be Well Soon.

Lorain, O., May 4.—"If Father Walser was to have his preliminary hearing right here now and I had to use the evidence I have now in my possession against the man, in my judgment I think I should let him go," was the remark made by Mayor King today when asked what he thought of the charge of murder against Father Walser, growing out of the slaying of Miss Reichlin.

Coroner French, chief of Police Brennan and Prosecutor Stroup held a like view. Prosecuting Attorney Stroup stated today that in his opinion the evidence at hand was not sufficient to hold Walser to the grand jury. However, said he, the officers are working upon the case along a line which is secret and developments may result before the inquest tomorrow. Mr. Stroup had some criticism to offer to the relatives of the murdered girl for their criticisms of the authorities. "It is well known," he said, "that the law holds the county liable for any harm that may come to a prisoner at the hands of a mob; hence our action in placing Walser under guard was justified, even if the result cannot be proven."

The inquest over the remains of Miss Reichlin will be held in the grand jury room at the city court house at 10 a. m., Tuesday, and it is believed the hearing to be given Father Walser will follow the inquest. Father Walser will be a witness at the inquest. The priest positively refuses to see newspaper men in his cell at the county jail today, but it was stated he was in good spirits, having passed a comfortable day. He also expressed himself that all would be right tomorrow. Father Horst, of Vermilion, who assisted in the mass at Miss Reichlin's funeral, made the statement today that the attorneys had volunteered their services to defend Walser, and that money would be forthcoming to help him in the event his case goes to trial.

AFFIRMED RULING.

Refused Charter to Christian Science Association.

Philadelphia, May 4.—The Pennsylvania supreme court today affirmed a ruling of the late Judge Arnold in which the latter refused to charter a Christian science association. The proposed association was to establish a place for support of public worship and to research the doctrines of Christ Jesus as found in the Bible and the Christian Science text-book, science and health key to the scriptures by Mary Baker Eddy. Judge Arnold refused the application for a charter to a master who after a hearing recommended that the charter be refused on the ground that "it would be injurious to the community to incorporate a group of persons who would preach the doctrine that there is no such thing as a contagious disease or any disease and practice the art of curing what are called contagious diseases by insidious prayer where in the presence of the sick or at a distance."

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