Daily Eagle

M. M. MURDOCK, Editor. | R. P. MURDOCK, Business Manager.
Publishers and Proprietors.
Members of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association and Associated Press.

DAILY, BY CARRIER, 10c PER WEEK.

(In advance, postage prepaid.)

Daily, one copy, one year	$4.00
Daily, one copy, six months	2.00
Daily, one copy, three months	1.00
Daily, one copy, one month	.35
Three times a week, any day desired, per year	2.50
Three times a week, any day desired, six months	1.50
Two times a week, any day desired, per year	2.00
Sunday, per year	2.00

WEEKLY EAGLE.

One copy, one year	.50

Eastern Business office, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, "The Tribune" Building, New York City; Western Business office, 510-512, The Tribune Building, Chicago; The S. C. Beckwith Special Agency, sole agents.

CRAWFORD THEATER
E. L. MARTLING, Manager

Saturday, May 23rd
George H. Brennan Presents
MARY SHAW
—IN—
HENRIK IBSEN'S
Powerful Domestic Tragedy
'Ghosts'
Prices, 25, $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. Seat sale Thursday at Howe's jewelry store.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For Congressman 7th District
VICTOR MURDOCK

NOTE: Don't forget that the election is on May 26th

Note—Owing to the fact that the congressional election on May 26 will be a special election, the active, loyal Republican workers of the district are requested to be vigilant and see to it that Mr. Murdock does not suffer through the dangerous, general overconfidence that his election is assured. History has no more noticeable facts than those which prove that special elections, especially where candidates are thought to have a "cinch," are always dangerous. Too many of his friends default in their duty, believing that they are not needed. This is a mistake that has cost many a good man dearly. Mr. Murdock is entitled to a large vote. It will help him in congress; it will make for him a place in the estimation of the influential men of the nation, who watch the action and influences of constituencies closely, and hence will make him a more useful representative of the people of the Seventh Congressional district. It was never more important that every friend of Victor Murdock should vote. Fight for him as you would do if his election was numerically close.

CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

Wichita Mutual Burial Ass'n
Assessment No. 6 is Called
I. W. GILL, Secretary.

Peck Corset Parlors, 110 West Second Street.
We make everything in this line, from corsets for the stoutest ladies to waists for the most delicate. Abdominal supporters a specialty. 156-3t-su-we-su

Get in line and have your bicycle nickelplated like new. Price Fixture Manufacturing Co., office, 207 Winne building. tf

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Notice.
Office of City Clerk,
Wichita, Kan., May 28, 1903.

Property owners are hereby notified that the city council has ordered constructed the following permanent sidewalks:

A 4-foot walk on the east side of Handley from Douglas to Maple.

A 5-foot walk on the east side Market from Kellogg to Zimmerly.

A 4-foot walk on the east side Tremont from Harry to Douglas.

A 4-foot walk on the east side Milwood from Douglas to Glenn.

A 4-foot walk on the east side Chautauqua from Douglas to First.

A 4-foot walk on the west side Elizabeth from Douglas to Anderson.

A 4-foot walk on the west side Hydraulic from Douglas to Second.

A 5-foot walk on the west side of Lawrence from Missouri Pacific railway to Eighteenth street.

A 4-foot walk on the south side First, from Chautauqua to Hillside avenue.

A 8-foot cinder walk on the north side of Eighteenth street from Lawrence to Santa Fe track.

Property owners will be required to make all fills.

Unless sidewalks are constructed within thirty days from May 28, 1903, the city of Wichita will proceed to construct said walks and the cost, together with a penalty of 25 per cent, will be charged up against lots abutting on said streets.

1-2t J. L. LELAND, City Clerk.

Notice.
Office of City Clerk,
Wichita, Kan., May 28, 1903.

The mayor and councilmen of the city of Wichita, Kansas, have passed the following resolution: That it is hereby declared a public necessity to construct a permanent curb on west side of Wabash avenue from Douglas to Central, and the west side of Wabash from Douglas to Third street.

1-2t J. L. LELAND, City Clerk.

Notice.
To All Whom It May or Doth Concern:

You are hereby notified that on the 18th day of May, A. D., 1903, in an action in the district court of Sedgwick county, Kansas, wherein the state of Kansas on the relation of C. C. Coleman, attorney general, and O. G. Eckstein, county attorney of Sedgwick county, Kansas, is plaintiff, and the National Home Building company, a corporation under the laws of Oklahoma, is defendant, the undersigned was appointed receiver of all and singular the property of said defendant company of every kind, character and description whatsoever.

All persons will take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

1-4t KOS HARRIS, Receiver.

COMMITTEE MEETING

Seventh District Congressional Committe at Hutchinson

THANKS MR. WILSON

Last Meeting of Committee---Discussed Getting Out Vote

Hutchinson, Kan., May 19.—The next congressman from the Seventh district was in Hutchinson today. C. F. Clyne, the Democratic nominee, arrived at 5 o'clock and spoke at the old opera house this evening, but this is not the man who will succeed Senator Long. The next congressman came in earlier and met with his committee at the Midland hotel. Mr. Murdock is on the last week of his handshaking itinerary and came to Hutchinson this morning to meet with his committee.

Mr. Murdock drove in from Burrton. He was in Stafford county yesterday and spent the forenoon in the Harvey county town. His chairman, Judge T. C. Wilson of Wichita, met him there this morning and accompanied him here.

Mr. Murdock is looking well in spite of his hard campaign. He said:

"I am now approaching the critical moment. This campaign has not been a long one, but still a hard one. It has kept me on the jump in the six weeks since the Great Bend convention. I have been in every county in the district except the four off the railroad in the southwest. I have shaken hands with every man I could find—and there have been plenty of them. I have received warm welcomes and pleasant comment upon myself and my candidacy. This has been exceedingly gratifying to me, and has contrived to rub the campaign of some of its hardships and rougher edges. I have enjoyed it all immensely. It was all new to me, and there are persons who have been kind enough to say that I have done fairly well in spite of that fact. I have made many warm friends and whatever the result of the election, I shall be proud of those who have assisted in making my contest a pleasant one."

The young Wichita editor believes he is certain of election. Like everyone else interested, however, he says it is a problem involving getting out the vote. If this is done, or if the proportion of Republican vote is as great as that of the opposition, there is no reason why Mr. Murdock's majority should not be as great as Senator Long's last fall.

The Seventh district congressional committee was called to order by Chairman Wilson shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon. The attendance was a very fair one. It was the last meeting of the committee, and gave opportunity for members to meet and give and receive suggestions regarding the all-important matter of getting out the vote one week hence. In fact, this was the one question discussed. Various suggestions were made. Reports from committeemen indicating methods in use to secure the desired result in their respective counties occupied most of the time of the meeting. County committees in the several counties without exception have met, and in many of the counties Mr. Murdock has been in attendance at such times. Party workers have been drawn together and have aroused the voters everywhere. Sundry methods of advertising the election next Tuesday, and a multitudinous correspondence with individual workers have been the principal features of the past few weeks.

The committeemen made reports from their counties, and several of them made good short speeches. Mr. Murdock addressed the committee, and at the close general satisfaction was expressed at the conduct of the brief but hard campaign, and at the service rendered by the efficient chairman and J. H. McPherson, respectively, of Wichita. The committee has served the candidate well and he has been a candidate worthy to be served.

Among the committeemen and those holding proxies, who were present at the meeting, were: Chairman Wilson and Secretary McPherson, Wichita; R. H. Foxon, Barber; Ira H. Clark, Barton; George W. Watson, Edwards; S. R. Peters, Harvey; Frank Harlow, Kingman; J. I. Parrel, Kiowa; George W. Stewart, Pratt; Y. C. McMurray, McPherson; J. Q. Patton, Reno; H. J. Cornwell, Stafford; M. L. Grimes, Rice; and Herbert Porter, Pawnee.

Judge S. Peters, of Newton, postmaster of his city, and editor of the Newton Kansan-Republican, himself a former representative in congress and an old-timer, is lavish of praise for Victor Murdock in the campaign he is just completing. He said today:

Murdock sore at it like an old-timer. He has surprised us old fellows. He has made a wonderful campaign, and has accomplished the difficult task of arousing enthusiasm in an off-year and special campaign. He met a week ago with our county committee and workers at Newton, and made an excellent impression. It is only a question of getting votes out and we in Harvey will do that. We intend to have that flag."

George Stewart, of Pratt, who is clerk of the district court and an old Republican leader in his county, says his county is in better condition from a Republican standpoint than at any time in its history. He is most enthusastic over the brand of harmony which prevails there. He says there is not a bit of discord; no lack of harmony—and that Murdock will be taken care of in a manner that will reflect credit on Pratt county.

Homer Cornwell, the Stafford committeeman, tells a story on Murdock. He says the candidate was in St. John yesterday and made a great hit. But before he left town he said to Cornwell: "Do you know this was the first place in the Seventh district I visited when I began my preliminary campaign, the one for the nomination? Well, it was, and I was a much crestfallen man when I got through that first visit. I had some of the confidence and elatio ntaken out of me. I didn't seem to hit it off right, and I wondered if all the districts would impress me that way. But today I feel brighter about it." Cornwell says that his county will show Murdock he has no grudge to hold against it, after next Tuesday.

There is much interest over the flag which W. C. Edwards has offered for the county showing the largest percentage of gain over the vote for Long last year. Many counties are striving for it. Harvey the little county which rolls up tremenduous majorities usually, is making the loudest noise about it, however.

The fololwing resolution was unanimously adopted by the comimttee:

"Resolved, That the thanks of the Seventh District Congressional committee are hereby tendered to the chairman, Thomas C. Wilson, and the secretary, J. H. McPherson, for their efficient work in the campaign about to close."

Curse of DRINK
CURED BY
WHITE RIBBON REMEDY

No taste. No odor. Can be given in glass of water, tea or coffee, without patient's knowledge.

White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for alcoholic stimulants, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for anyone to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy.

Indorsed by Members of W. C. T. U.

Mrs. Moore, press superintendent of Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Ventura, California, writes: "I have tested White Ribbon Remedy on very obstinate drunkards, and the cures have been many. In many cases the Remedy was given secretly. I cheerfully recommend and indorse White Ribbon Remedy. Members of our Union are delighted to find an economical treatment to aid us in our temperance work."

Druggists or by mail, $1. Trial package free by writing

Mrs. A. M. Townsend (for years secretary of a Woman's Christian Temperance Union), 218 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

Sold in Wichita, Kan., by the Moore Drug Co., 216 East Douglas.

THE OLD RELIABLE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

NO OPPOSITION.

Morrissey Will Likely Be Elected Grand Master of Trainman.

Denver, May 19.—No opposition has developed to the reelection of P. H. Morrissey as grand master of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, now holding its biennial convention in this city.

It is expected that the other grand officers wil laiso be chosen without a contest, Mr. Morrissey has been grand master of the order for eight years.

At today's session of the convention a communication from the conductors and trainmen of the Manhattan elevated railroad in New York, asking that they might become affiliated with the order, was presented.

VANITY OF MAN.

"Why does a man always run his hand through his hair when he takes his hat off?" asked an observant man. "Did you ever notice that man will invariably do this very thing? It is just a nervous habit? Is it vanity? It is an old habit. I have never known a man who did not indulge this habit. Even men who have no hair to run their fingers through, men whose heads are as bald as billiard balls, will brush their hands over their heads when they lift their hats. If the men simply wanted to smooth their tousled hair, of course, this would afford ample explanation of the habit. But why should a man who has no hair on his head do the same thing? It is not sufficient answer to say that such a man may have had a full suit of hair at one time, and that it is simply a matter of habit contracted under different conditions. As a rule, men are unconscious of the fact. They do not know why, how or when they run their hands over their heads. But they do it just the same. Go into a courtroom, or at any place where men congregate, and where it is necessary for them to remove their hats, and watch them. You will observe that every man will go through the same performance and it seems to be a perfectly natural thing for them to do. My own conclusion is that it is an evidence of vanity. A man wants his hair to be just so. Originally, probably it was simply a matter of tidiness. But it has grown into an act of vanity. The lawyer, for instance, if he has enough hair for the purpose, will want his head to have a tousled appearance. It gives him a studious appearance, and leaves the impression that he has been struggling with the books. Whatever the reason the habit is a curious one, and one which seems to be a deep-rooted one in the masculine nature."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

CASTORIA.
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

HORRIBLE DEATH.

Topeka Boy Falls Beneath Santa Fe Train—Badly Mangled.

Topeka, Kan., May 19.—Michael Malloy, a young man 20 years of age, employed in the Santa Fe warehouse, was killed and horribly mangled by being run over by a train near the Sixth street viaduct about 9 o'clock Sunday evening. Just how the accident occurred is not known as his body was not found until it had been run over by a switch engine. It is supposed the boy came in on No. 6, which was three hours late, and in getting off, fell under the train. The body was left in a terribly mangled condition. The right arm and leg were severed, the trunk crushed and the head almost cut from the body.

The boys' parents live at Osage City. He was just returning from there where he had been visiting over Sunday. While in Topeka he stayed with a brother-in-law on East Tenth street. He was probably getting off before he arrived at the depot so as to have a shorter walk home.

At the inquest at Barkley's undertaking establishment yesterday afternoon the verdict was brought in that he had come to his death through an accident due to his own carelessness and negligence. The body will be taken to Osage City for burial.

REFUSED INJUNCTION.

Judge Rees Turns Law and Order League Down.

Salina, Kan., May 19.—The Law and Order league again failed to secure an injunction against a jointist here today in the district court, Judge Rees deciding that the evidence was not sufficient to warrant it. After the arguments by the attorneys in the case Dr. C. H. St. John, a member of the league, gave a talk referring to the condition of the city, but this did not seem to influence the judge in his decision.

There are three more cases to be heard next week. This was the second case in which the judge has refused an injunction.

COMMISSION IN SESSION.

Is Considering Best Method of Combatting Texas Itch.

Topeka, Kan., May 19.—The State Live-stock Sanitary Commission is in session here to consider the best method of combating the Texas itch, which is prevalent to a nalarming degree among the cattle of the state. As a result of the meeting, Governor Bailey will issue a proclamation making a more rigid quarantine, and an order will likely be made to provide for the "dipping" of all cattle coming into this state.

JURY STILL OUT.

Verdict Had Not Been Rendered at Late Hour Last Evening.

Wellington, May 19.—At 4 o'clock this afternoon the jury in the Cummins case has not returned a verdict. This is taken by many as meaning that there will be a hung jury. No inkling as to how the jury stands has leaked out.

In less than an hour after the jury retired last night, persons living north of the court house, where a fairly good view of the jury room is obtainable, saw some of the jurpors standing before a window and gesticulating rather excitedly. When a jury gets to "arguing" the chances of agreement diminish as the argument progresses.

Judge McBride concluded the arguments Tuesday afternoon, and the case was given to the jury at 7:30 last night. They returned at 10:30 and recumed their deliberations yesterday morning.

NO OPPOSITION.

Morrissey Will Likely Be Elected Grand Master of Trainman.

Denver, May 19.—No opposition has developed to the reelection of P. H. Morrissey as grand master of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, now holding its biennial convention in this city.

It is expected that the other grand officers wil laiso be chosen without a contest, Mr. Morrissey has been grand master of the order for eight years.

At today's session of the convention a communication from the conductors and trainmen of the Manhattan elevated railroad in New York, asking that they might become affiliated with the order, was presented.

VANITY OF MAN.

"Why does a man always run his hand through his hair when he takes his hat off?" asked an observant man. "Did you ever notice that man will invariably do this very thing? It is just a nervous habit? Is it vanity? It is an old habit. I have never known a man who did not indulge this habit. Even men who have no hair to run their fingers through, men whose heads are as bald as billiard balls, will brush their hands over their heads when they lift their hats. If the men simply wanted to smooth their tousled hair, of course, this would afford ample explanation of the habit. But why should a man who has no hair on his head do the same thing? It is not sufficient answer to say that such a man may have had a full suit of hair at one time, and that it is simply a matter of habit contracted under different conditions. As a rule, men are unconscious of the fact. They do not know why, how or when they run their hands over their heads. But they do it just the same. Go into a courtroom, or at any place where men congregate, and where it is necessary for them to remove their hats, and watch them. You will observe that every man will go through the same performance and it seems to be a perfectly natural thing for them to do. My own conclusion is that it is an evidence of vanity. A man wants his hair to be just so. Originally, probably it was simply a matter of tidiness. But it has grown into an act of vanity. The lawyer, for instance, if he has enough hair for the purpose, will want his head to have a tousled appearance. It gives him a studious appearance, and leaves the impression that he has been struggling with the books. Whatever the reason the habit is a curious one, and one which seems to be a deep-rooted one in the masculine nature."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

CASTORIA.
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SIMPLIFYING AUTO POWER.

Peter Cooper Hewitt has without doubt inherited much inventive ability from his famous grandfather, Peter Cooper. He has not only invented a remarkable electric light, but also an apparatus for converting alternating currents of electricity into direct currents and an interrupter of high-tension currents of particular value to the application of long-distance wireless telegraphy. The light was found to be eight times as efficient as the ordinary incandescent light, the converter makes possible the production of electric power at half the usual cost, and the interrupter is one of the most important discoveries in physics made in a decade. It is the converter, the most important invention—the invention which leading authorities aver will rank Hewitt with the greatest electrical scientists of the world, which inspired Lord Kelvin to say that, of all the wonderful things he had seen during his recent visit to America, the work of Peter Hewitt had attracted him most. The light is merely sensational; the converter is revolutionary.

One does not need to question much to discover the value of this invention. An alternating current is produced at about half the cost of a direct current, but the direct current does the best and most efficient work. Indeed, in many operations currents are used for most street lighting plants and the light given is an uneven, sputtering illumination. The advantage of having a convenient and inexpensive converter in this field is apparent. Indeed, the uses to which the Hewitt converter is likely to be put are many; electric traction, storage batteries, and power transmission are among the most important. Take, for example, the electric automobile. The automobilist of the future can carry a three-pound converter along with him and recharge his batteries at any alternating electric current plant, and most electric plants are of this kind. The expense of power will practically be cut in two. So it will be in many other applications of electric power. The capacity of a Hewitt converter depends only on the size of the globe, and, no matter what the work of conversion they have to do, the loss is always the same, something less than fourteen volts, an extremely small percentage as compared with that of the huge rotary converters now in use in other electric systems.—Herbert Wallace in June "Success."

Boston Store
103, 105, 107, 109 E. DOUGLAS AVE.
WALLENSTEIN & COHN
WICHITA, ATCHISON, KAN., LAWRENCE, KAN., OTTAWA, KAN., EMPORIA, KAN., PARSONS, KAN.
"Wichita's Matchless Price Makers"

Our May Sale of Muslin Underwear
Starts Today---Lasts All Week

This morning, at nine o'clock, we open this "May Sale of Muslin Underwear." Swift, active selling will be the order of the day, and for several days to come. Thousands of fresh, new garments, original in design, attractive in workmanship, await your selection. The economy, the daintiness and style of these Ready-to-Wear Undermuslins, make them more popular every year. In the weeks that have passed since our January sale we have been planning this sale for your benefit. The front half of our corner room on the first floor is given over to this vast display of dainty Undermuslins. Price cards on every lot will make it convenient to choose from this extensive showing. Every garment is specially priced in this "May Sale of Undermuslins." Quality, style, material and workmanship considered—

"THERE'S LOWER PRICES AT THE BOSTON STORE"

Eagle Table and Kitchen

Suggestions What to Eat And How to Prepare Food.

These articles on the necessarily absorbing topic of food are carefully prepared and based on knowledge of chemistry as applied to cooking and practical information derived from actual experience.

First Volume—Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

All rights reserved by Banning Co., Chicago.

Boiled Salad Dressings.

While these cannot be recommended as perfectly wholesome, they find favor with many people who have not acquired a liking for the salad-oil dressings, or who may fancy changes occasionally in salad dressings as well as other culinary preparations. Then, too, there are certain salad combinations that seem to require a dressing that partakes more of the nature of a sauce than the mayonnaise of French dressing, for the name salad is much more comprehensive than formerly.

As the summer salad season advances, when the abundance of fresh fruit and green vegetables makes it possible for the salad lover to revel in this particular class of dishes there are some points in reference to the making of boiled salad dressings that may not be generally known, that will be very acceptable information to the housewife. One item is the fact that a boiled salad dressing may be made that will keep, if tightly covered and in a cold place, for at least two weeks, in the hottest weather, and whe unmoderately seasoned and vinegar added, it may be used for any kind of a salad, by either adding a little more vinegar and higher seasoning, or a little more sugar, if served with a fruit salad.

A few easily made dressings will give an idea of the variations which may be made with dressings of this class.

A Good Home Made Dressing to Keep.

Place in a bowl three eggs, one tablespoonful each of sugar and oil or butter, a teaspoonful of salt, one of mustard and one of celery salt. Beat these all together until perfectly smooth and then pour in gradually, beating constantly, a cup of milk or cream—sour makes the finest dressing. Set this over a basin of boiling water and beat in rapidly half a cup of hot vinegar. Stir and cook until the consistency of boiled custard. Remove from the fire and when cold pour into small jars and cover tightly and place in a cold place. When serving this with a salad you can increase the acidity by adding a little hot vinegar or a few drops of lemon juice to the dressing, or better still, marinate the materials for the salad with a little oil or lemon juice, as this will not this the dressing so much.

Tomato Dressing.

This is a nice boiled dressing that may be made to serve with fresh tomato salad. Beat two eggs light; add to them: fourth of a teaspoonful of salt, a teaspoonful of sugar, half a teaspoonful of prepared mustard, a tablespoonful of sweet cream and three tablespoonfuls of tarragon vinegar. Stand the saucepan over a kettle of boiling water and stir until it reaches the consistency of thick cream.

A Fine Salad Vinegar.

This will be found to be a great addition to your pantry stores, if you are a salad maker. Take three ounces each of shallots, chives, tarragon and sweet savory, two tablespoons of dried mint leaves and the same of balm; pound all together in a mortar and then put them in a gallon jar. Fill up with strong white wine vinegar, cork tightly and let stand a fortnight exposed to the sun each day; then filter through a flannel bag, bottle and cork securely.

Cream Dressing for Meat Salads.

This dressing is nice with corn beef salad. Beat two eggs light, add a pinch of salt, quarter of a teaspoon of mustard, one tablespoon Worcestershire sauce, and a little celery salt, then three tablespoons of vinegar and one of thick cream mixed together. Cook the mixture until it begins to thicken, then serve mixed with chopped meat.

Club Dressing.

Boil two eggs very hard. Rub the yolks through a sieve with the whites chopped very fine; then rub to a paste with six tablespoonfuls of oil or melted butter and two tablespoonfuls of vinegar. Add two pimento peppers, one very small onion, a little garlic, a small bunch of chives and three sprigs of fresh tarragon. Add dealt and paprica to taste and stir together briskly over boiling water until it is quite thick. The success lies in mixing the material together properly.

Bacon Salad Dressing.

Try out two tablespoonfuls of bacon or ham fat and while hot add a tablespoonful of flour and stir until perfectly smooth then stir in gradually half a cup of hot water and let it come to a boil, then place the saucepan over another that contains boiling water. Beat two eggs well, add to them a level teaspoonful of salt, a teaspoonful of mustard, a teaspoonful of sugar, and a tablespoonful of lemon juice. Ad dhalf a cup of good cider vinegar to the hot mixture and when well mixed pour it into the egg mixture and blend thoroughly, then return to the fire and cook and stir until it thickens, then set aside until cold and keep in a cold place. This will keep in good condition for fourteen days.

English Boiled Dressing.

Boil ltwo eggs very hard, also boil two medium-sized mealy potatoes. Mash the yolks of the eggs to a fine powder with the back of a silver spoon or wooden paddle. Add a level spoonful of salt, two of dry mustard, then the potatoes mashed fine and rubbed through a sieve. Mix well together and then add a little at a time, two scant tablespoonfuls of oil and two of thick sweet cream. When smooth, add enough vinegar to thin it to desired consistency. The whites of the eggs may be used to garnish the salad, either cut in rings or the petals of water lilies with a little of the dressings for the yellow centers. This makes a very suitable dressing and garnish for a fish salad.

Cheese Salad Dressing.

Put two tablespoonfuls of soft grated cheese in a mortar and pound it until perfectly smooth. Season with a teaspoonful of salt and a little cayenne. Add a tablespoonful of vinegar and rub perfectly smooth. Then ad enough oil to moisten. This is not a boiled dressing but it is added to the list because it is rather out of the ordinary and makes a nice dressing for potato salad.

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

Miss E. P. writes: Will you please explain what you mean by patent canners, or canneries. I do not quite understand you.

Patent Canners.

This is an apparatus for canning and cooking fruits and vegetables on much the same principle as the old-fashioned method of using a large boiler, with water, but a vast improvement on the same and a great saver of time.

Green Pea Timbale for Soup.

Mash half a cup of cooked green peas and rub them through a colander or sieve. Mix with a spoonful of soup stock and the beaten whites of three eggs. Season to taste with salt, pepper and a little powdered mint. Beat until well mixed, then press into a shallow square tin and steam in the oven over a pan of water until the white of egg is set; then cut into small cubes and drop them into the soup just before serving.

Board of Equalization.
First Publication May 13, 1903.

Notice of the Board of Equalization of Sedgwick County.

Notice is hereby given that the board of county commissioners of Sedgwick county, Kansas, will meet as a board of equalization on Monday, June 1, 1903, and will continue in session and equalize the assessment for the year of 1903 in the following order:

Monday, June 1, Afton, Ellis, Grand River, Illinois, Minneapolis, Ohio, Salem, Viola, Ware.

Tuesday, June 2, Attica, Eagle, Grant, Garden Plain, Greeley, Lincoln, Morton, Sherman, Union.

Wednesday, June 3, Delano, Gypsum, Kechi, Minneha, Payne, Park, Rockford, Valley Center, Wichita.

Wichita city on Thursday and Friday, June 4 and 5.

The county commissioners request all parties who have complaint to make regarding assessment of property to appear before the board on the date above named for their township or city and state their claims.

J. M. CHAIN, County Clerk.
252-2t-Weds.

Notice of Permanent Survey.

To T. O. Tanton and Samuel W. Sweppe:

You are hereby notified that at one o'clock p. m. on the 8th day of June, 1903, I shall, beginning at the southwest corner of section seven (7), township twenty-nine (29) south, range one (1) west of the sixth principal meridian, permanently establish all the corners to the southwest quarter of section seven (7), township twenty-nine (29) south, range one (1) west of the sixth principal meridian. You will take due notice, as this will affect your lines and corners.

W. H. KOHLER, County Surveyor.
252-2t-wed

Bridge Notice.
Office of County Clerk,
Wichita, Kan., May 20, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that bids will be received at the office of the county clerk of Sedgwick county, until 12 o'clock noon, June 6, 1903, for the building of bridges in said county as follows:

First—For one 312-foot pile bridge over Little Arkansas river between sections 13 and 18, Kechi township.

Second—For four iron spans, seventy-seven feet and one inch each, over Arkansas river at Derby.

Third—For one thirty-two iron span in Sherman township, between sections 17 and 20.

Fourth—For one fifty-three-foot iron bridge in Attica township between sections 2 and 11.

Fifth—For two eighty-five foot iron spans over Little Arkansas river between Kechi and Park townships.

Sixth—For one seventy-foot iron bridge in Salem township between sections 18 and 19.

Seventh—For one fifty-foot bridge between sections 8 and 17, Salem township.

All bridges to be built according to plans and specifications now on file in county clerk's office. A deposit of $50 will be required of each bidder. The board of county commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

J. M. CHAIN County Clerk.
By Order of the Board of County Commissioners. 1-2t-wed.

Split and Toast
SHREDDED WHOLE WHEAT BISCUIT