Tuesday cooler; possibly showers. Wednesday fair.

EIGHT PAGES.

The Wichita Daily Eagle.

TEMPERATURE. Maximum, 86. Minimum, 63.

EIGHT PAGES.

VOLUME XXXVII | TUESDAY MORNING. | WICHITA, KANSAS: JUNE 9, 1903. | TUESDAY MORNING. | NUMBER 19

CITY ENGULFED BY A WALL OF WATER

Madison Is Striken by Breaking of Levees

TWENTY LIVES ARE LOST

Everbody in St. Louis at Work on Levees

BUSINESS IS SUSPENDED

Mark Twain Goes to Rescue of Imprisoned People

St. Louis, June 7.—The flood has probably reached the zenith of its devastating power and the situation is appalling. The climax came last night, when by the breaking of a levee near Granite City, a wall of water six feet high rushed down on Madison and engulfed the already stricken city, sweeping houses from their foundations and drowning fifteen refugees who were vainly fleeing for their lives. The report was current that 15 workmen in the St. Louis foundry were drowned, but later it was found that while seven employes had lost their lives, thirteen others, men, women and children had perished. Hundreds of persons were forced to the roofs of their floating houses and an appeal was sent to St. Louis for assistance. Every effort was made to force steamers against the heavy current four miles to the stricken town but it was noon before the steamers Mark Twain and Annie Russell, lashed together and their engines working under every cunce of steam, after five hours of battle with the current, were able to reach Madison.

For the remainder of the day and into the night the work of rescuing refugees from floating or flooded houses, tree tops and various high places proceeded and there being no place to take them nearer than St. Louis they are pouring into the city by hundreds. It is more than possible that the estimate of 20 lives lost is below the actual number. On all sides people are found who tell of having seen men struggling in the water, too far from land to receive assistance, or of women, apparently drowned under various circumstances.

River thieves are looting the vacant houses.

Mayor Cook went about seeing that signs were posted offering 31 cents an hour to build the levee but offers were ignored by most of the throngs of unemployed. But citizens have started the work of saving the city and tonight the city is still dry, but still menaced by the flood.

St. Louis, June 8.—So great an extent of territory is covered by the flood, so constantly changing are the conditions, the water creeping higher and rendering the situation more chaotic and so unreliable are the rumors of various devastation that a substantiated statement of the loss of life and property can not be obtained, but tonight information from apparently reliable sources showed the situation to be as follows:

River stage, 37.5 feet, stationary.

Twenty lives known to have been lost.

Over 200,000 acres of rich farming land under water.

All of Venice and the greater part of Madison and of Granite City under water.

Twenty-five thousand people homeless.

Freight traffic paralyzed and passenger traffic crippled.

The shipping and manufacturing district of East St. Louis for three miles along the river front under from two to eight feet of water.

Hundreds of head of stock drowned.

East St. Louis threatened with inundation.

St. Louis flooded only along the water front.

THREE MILLIONS LOSS.

Entire property loss estimated at three million dollars.

The entire group of east side cities lying just north of East St. Louis and including Venice, Madison, West Madison, Newport, Brooklyn, Granite City, are under from ten to eighteen feet of water and deaths from drowning are variously estimated at from five to twenty.

Very little confirmatory reports of drownings can be had, as these places are all cut off from railroad service and telephone communication is uncertain at best.

MARK TWAIN TO RESCUE.

The harbor boost Mark Twain and private yacht Annie Russell, with several tugs, have gone to Madison and Granite City, where the floods have caused a number of deaths and where scores of families are cut off from escape and are at the mercy of the water.

Dummy trains of the terminal association connecting with skiffs, commenced today the work of bringing across the river more than a hundred people who spent Sunday afternoon and night on the tops of houses and at other points of elevation above the flood in Madison, Venice and Newport. Four drownings were reported by the refugees, but none knew the names of the victims. One said that a father, mother and child had been drowned while trying to reach a point of safety, and another told of the death of a man under like circumstances.

EVERYBODY AT WORK.

In East St. Louis, on proclamation of Mayor Cook, business is suspended, the saloons are closed and everybody is at work on the levees in a desperate effort to save the city, which is from one to four feet below the level of the water that presses up against the embankments. A hastily constructed levee of sand bags and mud is all that stands between theh city and almost complete sumersion. If the levee gives way all the main part of the city will be quickly flooded. The relay station is now surrounded by water. Train service in every direction is laid out by the high water and no freight business is being done at all on the east side. Two roads, the Missouri Pacific and Frisco, are thhe only ones running trains between here and Kansas City. Passenger traffic and the most urgent freight business is all that the railroads will handle west. It is too early to estimate the damage, which will run into the millions, and the loss due to the interference with business.

ALONG THE RIVER.

Five hundred persons, driven from their homes in Calhoun, Ill., and Missoouri points, have taken refuge in Alton, Ill. The business houses and factories on the lower streets of West Alton are submerged. Alton is at present the southern terminus of the Chicago and Alton. The St. Louis offices have been removed to Alton and the general passenger agent of the road is in Alton making plans for passenger service. Passengers from Chicago are being taken to St. Louis by boat. The damage caused by the flood in the vicinity of Alton is calculated to be $150,000. This includes loss of stock. Information obtained from the territory cities is to the effect that Granite City is the least injured of the three cities which were affected by yesterday's break in the levee. Both Madison and Venice are reported entirely under water, while Granite City for a space of a mile square, containing the postoffice, American Steel works and St. Louis Stamping works, were still uncovered.

TWENTY DROWNINGS.

Twenty drownings are reported from several sources. Several lives were lost among the employes of the American Car and Foundry company at Madison. The work of rescue was carried on today in Madison by skiffs. In addition to the terminal association, the New York, the only railroad having its tracks free, assisted i ntaking a number of refugees to places of safety in Edwardsville and elsewhere.

DEATH ROLE 58.

Complete List of Pacolet Valley, South Carolina, Drowned.

Spartanburg, S. C., June 8.—The interruption of all means of communication caused by the high water in the Pacolet valley, made it impossible until tonight to secure anything like an accurate death roll of the flood victims. The following purports to be a complete list of the drowned:

Jos. Hall, his mother, wife and six children.
Bud Emory.
Oliver Johnson.
E. Robbs, wife and two children.
Julius Biggerstaff.
August Calvert, wife and two children.
Mrs. Hinson and child.
Mrs. Williams.
Eleven members of Lowing family.
Mrs. Massey and four children.
Grenoble Sims.
Robert Finley and wife.
Mrs. Owen and two children.
Dock Williams.
Roscoe Johnson.
Maggie Kirby.
Garland Long and wife.
John Swearigeh and wife.
Miss Fletia Goss.
Mrs. Wm. Kirby.

The bodies of the above have been recovered and identified. Three unidentified bodies have also been taken from the river, making the aggregate of the death roll fifty-eight.

KANSAS CITY RECOVERING.

Rapidly Repairing Damages Done To Railroads and Packing Houses.

Kansas City, June 8.—All the laborers obtainable were at work on the region recently submerged. The railroads have reclaimed only a small part of their yards. Water was shut off the city owing to accident to the pumps, but the viaduct bridge across the Kansas river will be completed tomorrow, when there will be an abundant supply of pure water. The Western Union Telegraph company stretched a cable across the Kansas river tonight. The Missouri Pacific today began to repair its Kansas river bridge. Trains will across late this week.

CONCERN FELT AT MEMPHIS.

Large Forces of Men Are Repairing Breaks Made by Recent Floods.

Memphis, Tenn., June 8.—Some concern is felt here over the flood of the Mississippi to the north. A stage of 34 feet is thought to be probable at Memphis and large forces of men are engaged in repairing the breaks left in the Ark levee and north of the city made by the late flood. Repair work on two breaks has given away, and water is passing to the country behind the levees. A pile driver and 10,000 sacks have been dispatched to these points.

SANTA FE LINES OPEN.

Topeka Railroads Are Repairing Damage to Their Tracks.

Topeka, Kan., June 8.—The recession of the flood waters of the Kansas and tributaries is giving the railroads the long-desired opportunity to take stock, ascertain damages done and resume operation of trains.

The first line here to avail itself of the opportunity presented to break through the barriers to direct communication with the east, was the Santa Fe.

Flood Districts Protected.

Springfield, Ill., June 8.—Acting Governor Northcott today ordered the Alton division of the Illinois naval reserve to patrol the Mississipp river in the flood districts in the vicinity of East St. Louis and to protect life and property wherever in danger.

Five Are Drowned.

Fraser, Ia., June 8.—Five miners lost their lives today in the Des Moines river by the capsizing of a rowboat. The victims were:

Thomas Coleman, Andrew Marchonaz, Steve Carmadine, Carris Megiht and Nicholas Grometioe.

Rockefeller Aids Sufferers.

New York, June 8.—Mayor Low received a check for $5,000 from John D. Rockefeller for the fund for the relief of sufferers of the floods in the west.

Harriman Sails to Europe.

New York, June 8.—Passage has been engaged for E. H. Harriman and family on the Kron Prinz Wilhelm, which will sail for Europe tomorrow.

FIGIUG IS BESEIGED

French Open Fire on the Rebellious Tribesmen

THEY COMMAND THE HILLS

Incessant Bombardment Lasts for Two Hours

POWERS ARE NOTIFIED

French Only Wish to Avenge Attack on Jonnart

Beniounif, Algeria, June 8.—The French artillery opened a preliminary fire at 5:30 this morning on the rebellious Figuig tribesmen. Gen. O'Connor commands the punitive expedition, consisting of 4,000 men of the foreign legion and a strong force of artillery armed with firing mellinitechnells. Details of the engagement have not yet been received. It was Gen. O'Connor's plan to advance upon Figuig in three columns and post his artillery on commanding hills, surrounding the rebel stronghold. The actual bombardment began at 7:30 and lasted until 9:30 a. m., when the troops occupied two strateketic hills, gaining these positions by surprise. It is believed the native loss wa sheavy, but no definite details of the casualties will be obtainable until the French enter Figuig. There was no loss on the French side.

The bulk of the population of Figuig is expected to be friendly to the French as neighboring tribes are assisting in the operation of the punitive expedition.

France formally notified the powers that she has no intention of taking Moroccan territory and will only punish the Arab brigands who were responsible for the recent attack on the escort of Governor General Jonnart.

General O'Connor was instructed to give the women and children of Figuig an opportunity to leave the town before the bombardment. A friendly Arab courier, bearing a notification to this effect to the women and children, was killed while carrying the message.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S AMENDMENT

To Finance Bill Will Be Hotly Contested in Parliament.

London, June 8.—The interest in the proceedings of parliament tonight was entirely secondary to that showed in the lobby decisions regarding the discussion of the finance debate which will take place tomorrow. The appropriation for the postal service was passed only with a small attendance in the house, interest centering on Mr. Chamberlain's amendment to the finance bill, opposing the bill for the permission of tax on wheat, which would be discussed tomorrow. The debate is expected to last two days on account of members on both sides who wish to speak.

Rumor was busy in the lobbies as usual on the eve of an important crisis, though there was little tangible information as to the attitude of numerous silent members of the cabinet.

Mr. Chamberlain certainly has succeeded in arousing opposition among the ranks of the working men.

JEW TELLS OF KISHINEFF.

Solomon Honderman, Penniless, Escapes to America from Massacre.

New York, June 8.—Solomon Handerman, a young Jew, who was in Kishineff during the massacre, is being detained at the Ellis island immigrant station until relatives living in St. Joseph, Mo., can be heard from. The young man is without money. Solomon repeats in detail the horrifying story of the massacrees and tells of the stoning to death of an uncle in his yard. His grandmother was also killed. Solomon and his aunt escaped to the house of a Christian, who sheltered them for several days before Solomon started for America.

WORK AT STANDSTILL.

Striking Laborers Tie up Mines and Smelters in Arizona.

Dallas, June 8.—A special to the News from El Paso says: As a result of the strike of Mexican and Italian laborers at Clifton mines and smelters of the Arizona Copper company, Detroit Copper company and Sapannon Copper company are tightly closed and all work in the Clifton and Morenci district is at a standstill. Both sides seem firm. Sheriff Parks and a number of deputies are on the ground to preserve order.

PROVES AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP.

Viceroy Teschi Expresses Gratitude For Donation to Starving Chinese.

Washington, June 8.—The following cablegram has been received at the state department from Consul General McWade at Canton, date of yesterday:

"Viceroy Teschi asks me to transmit through you to the Christian Herald his profound and heartfelt gratitude for the donation of $10,100 for the starving of Kwangsi. Urgently needed. It is indeed proof of American friendship for China. Am vigorously preparing second relief expedition.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Constance Gracie, Relative of President Roosevelt, Killed in Paris.

Paris, June 8.—Constance, the young daughter of Archibald Gracie, of New York, was crushed to death in an elevator accident at the hotel De la Tremerlle. Mr. Gracie is a relative of President Roosevelt.

RATE DISCOUNT RAISED.

In This Way German Banks Hope to Regain Money from U. S.

Berlin, June 8.—The rate of discount of the Imperial Bank of Germany, was raised today from 3½ to 4 per cent. President Koch gave the reasons for raising the discount rate. He said the last return showed $50,500,000 higher liabilities than a year ago. The metal stock was $46,500,000 less. The relation of the liabilities to the assets May 31 was never so unfavorable before. At that date the note circulation particularly uncovered notes, was unusually large, private deposits were below last year's minimum, money was scarce in the opening market, the private rate of discount was rising and Germany's gold balance with foreign countries was much worse than in previouse years. The chief reason for raising the rate of discount was to attract foreign gold. The bank greatly needed to strengthen its tatus for the end of the quarter, as the money abroad, especially in the United States, was not reassuring. The newspapers express the hope that the higher rate of discount will cause a return of money from the United States, since the loans might cause a disturbance in the German market.

PLEASURE SEEKERS DRENCHED.

Great Water Spout Strikes Train but Seriously Injures No One.

New York, June 8.—Rushing in from the sea, a water spout traveling at great speed has struck a train on the Brooklyn elevated road, bound cityward from Rockaway Beach. The motrman saw the spout just as the train reached a trestle over Broad channel, Jamaica bay. He threw on full power in an effort to get past, but the flood of water struck between the third and fourth cars. The flood rushed down the alsles and caused a wild scramble. Hundreds of pleasure seekers were drenched to the skin. No one was seriously injured, however, and despite the fact that the water struck the cars they did not leave the rails.

GROFF BROTHERS INDICTED.

Grand Jury Will Now Take UP the Cases Against Jas. N. Tyner.

Washington, June 8.—The federal grand jury has found true bills against the Groff Brothers in connection with the alleged offering of bribes to A. W. Machen, former superintendent of the free delivery service. This action is taken, it is learned, on the same day that Mr. Machen was indicted. The delay in presenting the indictment has been due to the fact that they could not be prepared for presentation before next Tuesday. The Groff Brothers will be tried under section 5451 of the revised statutes, which makes it an offense to promise money to any government officer with a view to influencing his action or decision on any question or matter which may be before him.

RUMOR IS CONFIRMED.

Judge Caldwell's Resignation Was a True Matter.

Denver, Colo., June 8.—Relatives of United States Judge Henry C. Caldwell confirm the report of his resignation telegraphed from Little Rock. They say that the resignation became effective June 5. Judge Caldwell is at his mountain home, Aloha Lodge. Chief Justice John C. Campbell of the supreme court of Colorado is mentioned here as the probable successor of Judge Caldwell.

WARSHIP DISPATCHED TO CHILI.

Recent Social Disturbances Produce Unsatisfactory Situation at

Washington, June 8.—Upon the receipt of a report from American agents in Chile to the effect that the situation at Valparaiso is unsatisfactory, owing to the recent social disturbances there, the state department today dispatched a ship to that point in order that American interests may be fully protected in the event of an emergency. The request will be carried out.

BIG GOLD STRIKE.

Made by Mexican Prospector Sixty Miles from Yuma.

Dallas, Tex., June 8.—A special to the News from El Paso, says: Authentic reports from private sources received here today tell of a big gold strike made by Mexican prospectors four miles north of the King of Arizona gold mine, sixty miles from Yuma. The claim is said to be far more promising than the King of Arizona and has created tremendous excitement.

COMIC PAPER STOPPED.

Police Confiscate Entire Issue of a Paper Which Caricatures Public

Mexico City, June 8.—With an order from the first correctional judge the police today presented themselves at the office of the illustrated comic paper "El Padre Del Ahuisete" and confiscated the entire issue of the last number, which contained articles against and caricatures of the high officials of the government. The establishment was also closed up. The editors have not been imprisoned.

GREAT BRITAIN NOTIFIED.

That Venezuelan Ports Will Remain Open ot American Commerce.

Washington, June 8.—Great Britain has been notified by the United States consuls at the Venezuelan ports recently closed by President Castro of that nation, the state department has given instructions that this decree is to be disregarded where it interferes with American commerce except in places where the government has been actually in possession of the port sought to be closed. The instructions are in line with the department's action in all similar cases

DECLINED A HEARING.

Interstate Commerce Commission Will Continue Investigation of W. R.

New York, June 8.—The Interstate Commerce Commission adjourned to continue the investigation into the complaint of W. R. Hearst that the coal-carrying railroads have violated and are violating the anti-pooling section of the Sherman anti-trust law. The commission declined to the hearing until the United States court had passed the right of the coal roads presidents to refuse to answer questions as to contracts between the coal companies and the railroads.

TEMPERANCE WOMEN AT GENEVA

American Delegation One of the Largest in the Convention.

Geneva, June 8.—The sixth convention of the World's Woman's Christian Temperance union opened here today under the presidency of Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens of Portland, Me., vice president at large, in the absence of Lady Henry Somerset. One of the largest delegations was the American, numbering sixty.

FLYING SQUADRON NO MORE.

This Department of Rural Service Is Abandoned.

Washington, June 8.—As a result of the postoffice investigation, what is known as the flying squadron of special agents of the rural free delivery service has been abolished as useless and the five men engaged in the work transferred to other fields.

BEGS LEAVE TO DIFFER

Gov. Taft Replies to Gen. Miles' Report

OF NATIVE AGRICULTURE

Very Few Filipinos Go Hungry a Day

SITUATION IN ISLANDS

Made Less Dangerous by Purchase of Rice

Washington, June 8.—The war department today made public a report received from Governor Taft, replying to statements made by Lieutenant-General Miles after his visit to the islands last year. The report is dated at Banguest, April 18, and says:

"Am in receipt of references from the chief of the bureau of insular affairs and the adjutant general of the army of an excerpt from the report of the lieutenant-general of the army relating to conditions of agriculture in the archipelago and the means of avoiding a probable famine, and in accordance with the reference I have the honor to make the following comment:

"That there is a shortage in the islands of the usual food supply, is undoubtedly true, but I have been surprised to find thus far how little real famine or hunger there is. I have not received a single call from a single provincial governor for rice or free distribution in the entire archipelago. In the province of Batangas, Captain Boughton, who is managing the so-called war famine, has made a very small gratuitous distribution of rice, not exceeding more than $2,000 worth.

DROUGHT HAD ITS EFFECT.

"The action of the committee in directing a proclamation by the civil governor calling upon people everywhere to plant corn, camotes or sweet potatoes, rice and other quickly-growing food products had a very wide influence in tsirring up the people to provide against the coming of famine. It is true that an unexpected drought in the islands has prevented this planting from being as productive as it otherwise would have been, and that the locusts, too, have interfered with some of the crops, but on the whole, I have been greatly surprised to find the suffering so much less than we expected it to be. It may be that in May, June or July we shall have calls for aid, but I think that we shall be able promptly to respond to them, especially now that millions of dollars have been appropriated for the purpose. The most serious feature of the situation is the loss of cattle from rhinder pest. It is not feasible to bring into the islands without making sure that they will not catch the rhiner pest after coming here and die from the disease, as the fields of the islands are infected. It is not necessary therefore, that all cattle brought here shall be immunized by having a serum injected into their veins which shall render them immune.

10,000 CARABO ORDERED.

"We have made a contract for the delivery of 10,000 carabo in the islands with the permanent immunization.

"These are to be brought from the Yank Tse valley, in China. Our insular purchasing agent, together with a cattle expert of the agricultural bureau, is now visiting the various ports of the Orient with a view no making further contracts. I am unable to see that the government transports could be useful to us, either in the transportation of rice or transportation of cattle. We can charter steamers adapted to whatever purpose at perhaps one-fourth of the cost of operating the transports as proposed by the lieutenant general of the ramy. We can purchase rice in the Orient at a much cheaper price than we can bring wheat and corn in from the United States. The rice which we can thus bring to save the people from starvation is the food which they are used to eating, whereas they would have to be taught to eat wheat. It is exceedingly important that we shall not pauperize the people of these islands by unnecessary gratuitous distribution of rice.

BREAKS RICE CORNER.

"In anticipation of a corner on the rice we made a purchase of rice involving the expenditure of about $800,000 in gold. We succeeded in breaking the corner and keeping down the price, and should the price advance again we may have to do the same thing. We have sold the rice in various parts of the archipelago nearly at cost whenever the merchants in that neighborhood insisted on forcing the price beyond what was reasonable. We have on hand some fifty-thousand piouls (1¾ pounds to the piouls), of Bangkok rice, which is the best in the market, and we have recently disposed of 130,000 piouls of what is called Calcutta superior famine rice, to be sold throughout the archipelago at a moderate price. If we are able to sell the caribo in the provinces at go Mexican, it will be a great boon to the people, especially if we do not require a deposit of more than 50 per cent of the cost price and allow a credit of six months for the payment.

CONCURS IN ALL ELSE.

"I think generally the statement of facts in the report of the lieutenant general is correct, so far at least, as the dreadful depression in agriculture by reason of the loss of cattle is concerned. The remedy he suggests by the use of the government transport, however, I do not concur in.

"In any event, in view of the funds supplied by the congress, I feel confident that the Philippine government is now prepared to meet any emergency of this kind which may arise.

SPECIAL SESSION CERTAIN.

Bailey Says to Rebuild Bridges, Not to Make Indiscriminate Appropriations.

Topeka, Kan., June 8.—It is regarded as practically certain that there will be a special session of the Kansas legislature within two weeks to appropriate money to relieve some of the damage caused by the flood of a week ago. Telegrams are being sent to all the members asking them to serve without pay. Up to this time, twenty replies have been received from members who are favorable to the arrangement.

It is understood that the governor is not favorable to a special session for the purpose of appropriating money for the indiscriminate use of relieving flood sufferers. If a special session is called, it will be for the purpose of appropriating money to rebuild the bridges which have been washed out by the flood.

Kansas City is therefore especially interested in the session, because there were thirteen Kansas river bridges washed out in that city. Three bridges were washed out in Shawnee county, besides the approaches to the Melan bridge and the street railway bridge.

SAMUEL PARKS ARRESTED.

Business Agent of Union is Charged With Accepting Bribes.

New Yoork, June 8.—Samuel Parks, business agent of the Housesmith and Bridgemens' union, was arrested today and held in bonds for a hearing tomorrow on a charge of extortion provided by President Pooulzon of the Hecla Iron works and R. A. McCord, son of the president of the American Bridge company.

It is alleged that Parks was given a check for $2,000 to settle a strike in the Hecla Iron works in May, 1902.

District Attorney Jerome appeared personally at the hearing and asked for a heavy bail. He said:

"I have received notice that this defendant has collected large sums of money. I hear that he received $800 from a certain club where $400 had been collected previously. In the recent subway strike I am given to understand that he got $5,000."

After his arraignment Parks said that he took the check in question, but said it was to be used for the "waiting time" of the men on strike.

AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC AGENT.

John M. Jackson Replaces Consul General Dickinson in Bulgaria.

Washington, June 8.—John M. Jackson, at present minister to Greece, Rodesia and Servia, has also been appointed American diplomatic agent to Bulgaria. He replaces in that capacity Consul General Dickinson, of Constantinople, and the change is made as an outcome of the case of Miss Stone when the Bulgarian government declined to receive a diplomatic agent who was also minister to Turkey. Sanford Newell, at present American minister to the Netherlands, has also been made minister to Luxemburg.

JUDGE CALDWELL RESIGNS.

Judge of the Eighth Circuit Retires Under Act of Congress.

Washington, June 8.—Attorney General Knox yesterday received the resignation of Judge Henry C. Caldwell of the United States circuit court of the Eighth circuit. His home is in Little Rock, Ark. Judge Caldwell retires under the act of congress, which authorizes the retirement of United States judges when they have attained the age of 70 years, or have served ten years or more on the bench.

NOTED DEMOCRAT DIES.

Judge George H. Durmond Succumbs to Stroke of Apoplexy.

Clinton, Mich., June 8.—Judge George H. Durmond, Democratic candidate for governor at the last election, died suddenly today from a stroke of apoplexy.

JOHN INGERSOLL DEAD.

United States Consul Is Dead at Colon.

Washington, June 8.—John C. Ingersoll, United States consul at Catagena, Colombia, is dead at Colon.

Accepts Merriman's Resignation.

Washington, June 8.—The president has accepted the resignation of Director of the Census Merriman to take effect today. Director North will assume charge of the office tomorrow.

Rev. J. J. Hardy Is Advanced.

Rome, June 8.—The vatican today officially announced that the Rev. J. J. Hardy, pastor of St. Leo's church, at St. Louis, had been appointed archbishop of Manila.

Yacht Race Postponed.

Highlands, N. J., June 8.—The trial race between the Reliance, Constitution and Columbia, today was postponed on account of a heavy fog.

THE WEATHER.

THERMOMETER IN WICHITA.

June 8, 1903.

7 a. m.	66	12 m.	81
7 p. m.	79		

	1902	1903		1902	1903
Maximum	72	86	Minimum	54	63

BAROMETER.

7 a. m.	29.62	12 m.	29.62
7 p. m.	29.52		

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

(From Noon, June 9.)

P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Sun sets 7:36	Moon rises 7:36	Sun rises 4:22

LOCAL FORECAST.

United States Weather Bureau, Wichita, June 8.—Tuesday cooler; possibly showers.

WASHINGTON BULLETIN.

Washington, June 8.—Forecast:

Kansas—Showers Tuesday; cooler in east portion; Wednesday fair.

Oklahoma and Indian Territory—Showers and cooler; fair Wednesday.

BULLETIN OF

The Wichita Daily Eagle.

Wichita, Tuesday, June 9, 1903

IMPORTANT NEWS OF TODAY

1. Flood Danger at St. Louis Passed. French Beseiged Figuig. Taft's Reply to Miles. Cattlemen Trouble in North Kansas
2. After Commutation for Queenan. Railroad from Ft. Smith to Wichita. Quarantine Proclamation Issued.
3. Wichita Livestock Market. Grain Markets Still Weaker. Continued Liquidation in Stocks. Chicago and Detroit Races.
4. Eagle's Editorial Page.
5. Two Men Break Jail. Farmer's House Robbed.
6. Girl Was Asphyxiated. District Conference in Session.
8. Fifteen Million for Irrigation. To Relieve Topekans of Taxation. Additional Local News.

SETTLERS IN FOR BLOOD

Following Militia, Which Is Guarding Cowboys

WAITING TO GET A SHOT

Officers Afraid of Sharpshooters in Ambush

TELEPHONE WIRES CUT

Dangerous Mile Is Traveled With the Men

Topeka, Kan., June 8.—Reports were received here tonight that large bodies of armed men were assembling at Goodland, St. Francis and at th Berry ranch, in Cheyenne county. The purpose is to kill Chauncey Dewey and his two cowboys, now being escorted to St. Francis by a company of militia. Since the Herrys were murdered last week supposedly by Dewey and his men, there has been great excitmnt among th settlers. Resentment has been kindled against the other ranchmen of the district by the occurrence, and it is now feared by the officers that other fights will break out, no matter what may be the outcome of the move against Dewey. Bitter hatred exists between the two factions and the feud is one of long standing.

Colby, Kan., June 8.—Under guard of a sheriff's posse and a company of state militia, Chauncey Dewey, Claude Wilson and W. J. McBride, alleged murderers of Daniel Berry and two sons, left here this afternoon for a forty mile trip across the country to St. Francis, where the preliminary trial will be held. It is believed that the march will consume three days, and as all telephone wires in the hills have been cut, the guard is not likely to be heard from until St. Francis is reached.

Dewey, who is a son of the Chicago millionaire, and second-cousin to Admiral Dewey, refuses to talk, but seems cheerful and in good spirits.

Officers of the militia and others do not fear an open battle with armed settlers, but are afraid that as the party passes through the hills and wooded places, efforts will be made by sharp shooters to pick off the accused prisoners.

DIPLOMATIC SERVICE CHANGED.

Appointments in It and Consular Are Made.

Washington, June 8.—The following appointments and transfers in the diplomatic and consular service were announced today:

Peter Augustus Jay, Rhode Island, from third secretary of embassy at Paris to be second secretary of legation at Constantinople; Phillip M. Brown, Massachusetts, former second secretary of legation at Constantinople, to be secretary of legation at Guatemala and Honduras; James G. Bailey, Kentucky, from secretary of Guatemala and Honduras, to a similar position for Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Salvador. This transfer was made to remove Mr. Bailey from Guatemala City and all connection with the tragic Fitzgerald-Hunter episode.

Louis E. Reinstein, New York, appointed to be third secretary of embassy at Paris. He is the son of David Reinstein of New York. Martin R. Sackett, New York, appointed consul at Prescott, Canada.

NEGRO SHOOTS WHITE MAN

Young Southerner Dies and Slayer is Lynched.

Macon, Ga., June 8.—W. Cope Winslow, Jr., whose father was one of the leading members of the Georgia bar, was instantly killed by a negro named "Banjo" Peavy, on the former's farm near Fort Valley this afternoon. The negro owed Mr. Winslow a small amount of money and was asked to work out the debt. He refused impudently and shot Mr. Winslow through the forehead. Before Winslow died he fired twice at his fleeing assailant without effect.

When the news was brought to town a posse was organized and the country searched. Peavy was soon captured and turned over to the sheriff. At 8:30 tonight the officers and guard were overpowered and the negro taken to a grove within the corporate limits, where he was hanged and his body riddled with bullets. The dead young man was the main support of his widowed mother and three sisters.

QUACKS MUST GO.

Sec. Interior Promulgates New Series of Rules for Hot Springs.

Washington, June 8.—The secretary of the interior today promulgated a new series of rules of the conduct of the Arkansas Hot Springs. The provision requiring physicians prescribing to the Hot Springs waters to be registered, and a board of physicians was appointed to pass upon the qualifications of persons making applications for license to practice. A large number of "quaks" have made their way to the springs in recent years, causing many complaints to the secretary.

AAPLIES FOR RECEIVER.

Thos. O. McBride Seeks an Accounting for Odell Commission Co.

Cincinnati, June 8.—Thomas O. McBride, of Savannah, Ga., in the United States district court today applied for a receiver for the W. J. Odell Commission company of Cincinnati, an d for a general accounting. He also petitions that the officers and shareholders of the company be enjoined from interfering with the books or the management of the concern.

Zionists Discuss Amendment.

Pittsburg, June 8.—The consideration of the amended constitution of the Federation of American Zionists occupied nearly all of today's first session. Greetings from eminent Jews of the world were received and read.