

**Continental**

A word that means much to Americans—

It stands for **OUR BEST MEN AND OUR BEST 10c CIGARS.**

**DR. COWDRICK'S CASE RECIDED**

Governor Ferguson Discusses the Facts in the Affair.

**CONFESSES ONE LETTER**

Replied in Kind to an Epistle Charging Wrong Doing.

Guthrie, May 9.—A recent dispatch from Guthrie to an Oklahoma City paper stated that charges had been preferred against Dr. E. E. Cowdrick, secretary of the Board of Health, by the Oklahoma Medical society, and that the governor had refused to countenance the charges. That he had retained Cowdrick in office against the wishes of said medical society. The governor has seen this morning by the representative of this paper and interrogated as to the facts in the case.

He stated that the charges were first preferred by Dr. Barker, of this city, who had a personal controversy with Dr. Cowdrick. Dr. Barker has for years been a candidate for the position Dr. Cowdrick now occupies, and has incessantly fought him. The governor further stated that Dr. Barker had carried his grievances against Cowdrick to the Medical association and a committee of three physicians were appointed by the association to investigate the charges. These physicians called at the governor's residence one evening, accompanied by Dr. Barker, and filed their charges. Governor Ferguson states that he informed the physicians that their charges were not sufficiently supported by evidence, and that they were allegations unsubstantiated by proof. The charges alleged that Dr. Cowdrick had registered physicians holding diplomas from bogus medical colleges. That he had written unprofessional letters to doctors residing in Oklahoma and that he had registered physicians who had offered to bribe his predecessor in office. These accusations were submitted without a single scintilla of truth to support them. The governor called attention of the committee to this fact and requested them to furnish proof of their allegations, but their reply was that Dr. Cowdrick would not deny any of the charges. The governor insisted that they defer filing their report until they could secure competent evidence or place him in possession of evidence or means that would enable him to ascertain the facts in the case. This they did not do, stating that Cowdrick would not deny the charges. When the accusations were submitted to Dr. Cowdrick, for answer he stated that he might have registered some physicians who did not hold diplomas from reputable schools, but that if he did so he was not aware of it at the time. He stated that a certain institution that had no been considered reputable in one state had been sustained by the courts of another. He also stated that he had not registered any undergraduates, as his records would show, and that he had never even received an application from any undergraduates for registration. When the committee of doctors reported to the governor and he requested them for proof, asking them for the address and addresses of these undergraduates who had been registered, those doctors stated that Cowdrick would not deny it. However, they did not furnish the names of the undergraduates who were alleged to have been unlawfully registered. The governor simply asked for the names, but they failed to furnish them, stating that Cowdrick would not deny the charges.

Dr. Cowdrick stated in his reply that if anyone had attempted to bribe his predecessor in office he did not know it. He said that no one had attempted to bribe him, and that he did not understand what relation that incident had to do with the case in question.

In regard to Dr. Cowdrick writing unprofessional letters, the governor stated that he had heard of this before and had written Cowdrick a letter reproving him for such a breach of official courtesy. Dr. Cowdrick replied that he had written a letter to a certain doctor while angry, informing him that it would afford him (Cowdrick) much pleasure to toss that doctor out bodily of his upper-story window. He said that he regretted having written the letter, but that it was written in answer to a letter from the same doctor in which he called Cowdrick in substance, a thief, a villain, and everything else that was detestable because the Board of Health had not acceded to some of his demands.

In conclusion the governor said that he had expected the committee of doctors to furnish reasonable proof upon which to base an investigation of this matter, but that their report simply contained some unsupported allegations. He stated that he is not disposed to remove men from office on the statement of a few men who fail to support their allegations with evidence, especially when it is known that the affair started over a controversy between Cowdrick and Barker, Cowdrick having removed Barker from office. Barker served under Cowdrick as superintendent of health of Logan county. Cowdrick removed him from that office and Barker then went to the governor's office and asked that Cowdrick be removed.

**HOURS ARE CHANGED.**

Reception to Newspaper Men May 19 Will Be in Evening.

World's Fair Grounds, St. Louis, Mo., May 9.—Ed Marchant announces that the reception to newspaper men at the Oklahoma building, world's fair, announced for Thursday, May 19, at from 4 until 6 o'clock p. m., has been changed to the hours from 8 until 11 o'clock in the evening of the same day. The change is made for the reason that the National Federation of Women's clubs have bulletined a reception at the Oklahoma building for the hours first named.

**PROGRAM ABOUT COMPLETE.**

Chautauqua at Kingfisher Promises to Excel Last Year's.

Kingfisher, O. T., May 9.—The Kingfisher Chautauqua has its program about complete, and the management confidently claim an advance upon last year. The C. L. S. C. round table will be conducted daily by Prof. G. W. E. Hill, of Stillwater, Minn., who is an extensive traveler, a noted lecturer and a popular Bay West worker. He will give several lectures.

Prof. N. L. Baker, leader of the famous Quaker Quartette, will have charge of the music, including a daily chorale.

**PLANS FOR THE FUTURE STATE**

Indian Territory Can Be Controlled by Republicans.

**ORGANIZATION TO DO IT**

Would Have Officers of Counties Named by Governor.

Guthrie, O. T., May 9.—A Muskogee dispatch says the Republicans of Indian Territory have a new scheme in connection with the statehood bill. As a result of informal conferences held during the last week they have outlined a plan which if it can be carried through will assure complete organization of the party in what is now Indian Territory long before statehood is finally acquired.

The new plan is to have the bill so modified that immediately upon its passage and approval the two territories will be united as the territory of Oklahoma. This would of course necessitate the appointment of county officers for the new part of the territory. Oklahoma has a Republican governor and under the existing laws the governor has the appointment of officials for all new counties. The political complexion of Indian Territory is doubtful, to say the least. The city elections last April indicated that the Democrats have slightly the best of it. It is to overcome this apparent majority in the ranks of the enemy that the Republican leaders have suggested the proposed plan.

The Hamilton bill, as it passed the house, describes the boundaries of the twenty-eight counties for Indian Territory, and it is quite probable that the final bill will also provide for a certain number of counties. The counties would at first have practically no organization of their party, but should the governor be permitted to name officials for their government formidable organizations of the party in power would soon be perfected.

If this condition can be brought about the Republicans believe the party would not only control the constitutional convention, but would also elect a large majority of the members of the first state legislature, which would eventually mean the election of two Republican United States senators. They realize that organization will mean much to begin with and it is believed the first part of the party's program will be to elect a number of your representatives.

By being assured of a majority of the constitutional convention it would be a matter of little difficulty to augment the strength gained in organization by being cautious in describing the congressional districts for the new state. All of the bills so far introduced in congress have provided that the constitutional convention describe the boundaries of these districts, and if the plans outlined are given consideration, of course the bill which becomes a law will contain a similar provision, thus affording an opportunity for the party in control of the convention to gerrymander the territory as it pleases.

This proposition has already been submitted to Delgado, McInnis and Dennis Flynn of Oklahoma, and their opinion of the matter is expected in a few days. Of course the acquiescence of Oklahoma Republicans would be required to make a success of the enterprise. If the Oklahoma delegates agree with the Indian Territory leaders it is figured that the conference committee will willingly accept the recommendations of the Republicans.

This would place the statehood bill on party lines in congress. The Democrats here have already gotten wind of the proposition and are considerably excited. The Republicans are using for argument in justification of their plans that to be equal in the constitutional convention the delegation from both territories should be elected under the same law. The only method by which this could be done would be the one proposed.

It would be no infringement upon the rights of the Indians to unite the two territories at once. In fact, it would afford an opportunity to better their condition as well as that of the non-citizens. A public school system might be started sooner by this means, and much of the work which would otherwise have to be done during the first year of statehood would thus be dispensed with immediately after the territories are united.

**HALF A CROP.**

Payne County Will Not Raise Usual Amount of Wheat.

Guthrie, O. T., May 9.—Captain W. A. Kniepe of Perkins was in the city today. He has had experience in the raising of wheat and thinks Payne county will not raise more than half crop of wheat this year. Captain Kniepe says the first crop of wheat he ever raised in Payne county was harvested from a farm that he had harvested 1800 bushels, which was a little over thirty bushels to the acre. He says wheat will only make about fifteen bushels to the acre this year.

Speaking of the political outlook in his county, Captain Kniepe said he hoped Bird S. McGuire would select Farmer chairman and that the farmer would accept. He says they will give McGuire a larger vote than he got two years ago in Payne county and that the Republicans are going to elect every man on the ticket next fall.

People outside of Guthrie county of the blood are expelled by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

**CLEAR OF TICKS.**

Many Custer County Farmers Would Pasture North of the Line.

Guthrie, O. T., May 9.—R. H. Hawn, live stock inspector, has just returned from a business trip to Custer county. Many of the farmers in that county want to send their cattle north of the Custer county line to pasture, and to do this they must have a certificate from the inspector that the cattle are healthy and clear of ticks.

People outside of Custer county may think that it is a frontier county, but Mr. Hawn says he found it very easy to inspect the cattle in that section. The farmers have telephones pretty much all over the county, and he says when he would ride up to a ranch to inspect the cattle he would find them already in the corral. The owners would say: "We got word over the telephone that you were at such a place, at a certain hour, and we knew about when you would reach us."

The inspector thought that was very remarkable for a new county, and he gave it as his honest conviction that Oklahoma is the greatest place on earth.

**CASTORIA.**

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

**ALL WANT CONNECTION.**

**GOING TO THE FRONT IN 1861.**

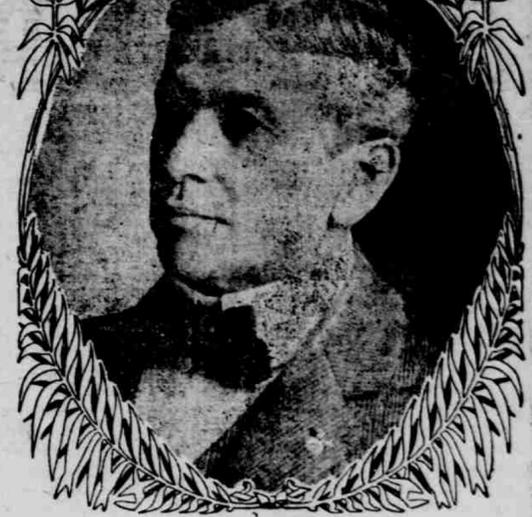
Then one day in '61 they formed in the town a "soldier company" to go to the "front." No one knew much about it—nor where the front was. No one doubted that it was to be a great frolic—no long but Betsy. And there, in the front ranks, together, as brothers should be, stood Betsy's five boys. And, as if this was not enough, there was John, too! With yellow chevrons on his sleeves—and a sword at his side—brave as a lion and proud as a major-general. Company corporal! Alas, perhaps the privates, too, might have carried swords had there been enough to go round. John stood it as long as he could. For more than a week he swore that he would stay at home and take care of Betsy. He was too old to frolic. But he went to the drill ground every day. Once or twice he drilled with them when some one was absent. He devoted such a genius for military affairs that the captain went to Betsy and voiced John's yearnings—it was for his country to fight—it was a privilege to fight—it was a wife's duty—and so on.

She let John go, too. For, after all, it was only a great frolic!

So they march away to the tune of "The Old 1 Left Behind me," and the little mother went home to weep. It was very lonely from the first hour, and she willingly took up her work again. They scolded her when she wept, so she tried not to. They told her she ought not to be willing to let them go, but he glad. But in her heart she rebelled daily. "We are coming, Father Abraham!" had been the cry—and her boys, too, had said, with a new light in their faces, which she, a woman, did not, could not, would not, understand, that they were going to fight for their country. Go and fight for their country when they might work for her when they might have those teats every Sunday—when she could darn their stockings—mend their clothes—have her arms about them—their about her—give them warm beds and plenty of food—and the country would give them poor food—poor clothes—the ground in sleep—and no Sundays at home! She could not understand it. No woman who is a mother can. She thought of possible wounds on

**A MICHIGAN MAYOR SAYS:**

"I Know Pe-ru-na is a Fine Tonic for a Worn Out System."



Hon. Nelson Rice of St. Joseph, Mich., knows of a large number of grateful patients in his county who have been cured by Peruna.

Hon. Nelson Rice, Mayor of St. Joseph, Michigan, writes: "The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O. Gentlemen: I wish to congratulate you on the success of your efforts to win the confidence of the public in need of a reliable medicine. I know Peruna is a fine tonic for a worn out system and a specific in case of catarrhal difficulties. You have a large number of grateful patients in this county who have used Peruna and have been cured by it, and who praise it above all other medicines. Peruna has my heartiest good wishes."—Nelson Rice.

**MARCH, APRIL, MAY.**

**Weak Nerves, Poor Digestion Impure Blood, Depressed, Spirits.**

The sun has just crossed the equator on its yearly trip north. The real equator is shifted toward the north nearly eighteen miles every day. With the return of the sun comes the bodily ill peculiar to spring. With one person, the nerves are weak; another person, digestion poor; and still others have depressed spirits and tired feeling.

All these things are especially true of those who have been suffering with catarrh in any form or a gripe. A course of Peruna is sure to correct all these conditions. It is an ideal spring medicine. Peruna does not irritate—it invigorates. It does not temporarily stimulate—it strengthens. It equalizes the circulation of the blood, tranquilizes the nervous system and regulates the bodily functions. Peruna, unlike so many spring medicines, is not simply a physic or stimulant or purgative. It is a natural tonic and invigorator.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

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Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

The English post office authorities have just decided to inaugurate a system of selling stamps in books, as they are now sold at the postoffices in the United States. Only one size of book is adopted for the present, this containing twenty-four penny stamps and selling for 2s. 6d. That would be making a charge of a half-penny equivalent to one cent for the books, the same amount that is charged by our postoffice. Small as is this charge our Postoffice Department has made a nice little profit out of the sale of stamp books, and there is no reason to suppose that the British office will not be fully as well satisfied with the venture. These books furnish a convenient cover in which to carry stamps in the pocket, and their popularity is amply attested by the enormous increase in the number sold from year to year.—Boston Herald.

**ENGLISH STAMP BOOKS.**

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery."

It seemed cruel—it was cruel—that her prayer should be so utterly denied her—that they should all be killed. But so it fell out.—Metropolitan Magazine.

It would be no infringement upon the rights of the Indians to unite the two territories at once. In fact, it would afford an opportunity to better their condition as well as that of the non-citizens. A public school system might be started sooner by this means, and much of the work which would otherwise have to be done during the first year of statehood would thus be dispensed with immediately after the territories are united.

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**BORAXOLOGY**

The first step in the solution of the servant girl problem is a solution of Borax. Human nature is pretty much alike—we want to make work as easy and agreeable as possible.

The easiest way to wash things is to use BORAX. It softens hard city water and doubles its cleansing power.

When you lighten labor you lighten the heart. BORAX lightens labor.

Every good thing is imitated—even as Borax. Be mulish—kick if you don't get 20-MULE-TEAM BRAND—it's pure. Sold by Druggists and Grocers, 1/4, 1/2 and 1-lb. packages.

The famous "AMERICAN GIRL" PICTURES FREE to purchasers of "20-Mule-Team Borax." At stores or sent for BOX TOP and 5c. in stamps. Pacific Coast Borax Co., New York, Chicago, San Francisco.



**TO APPRAISE SCHOOL LANDS**

Work Will Begin Earlier Than Usual This Year

FORCE MET YESTERDAY

Instructions Have Been Given Agents in the Field

Guthrie, O. T., May 9.—The work of appraising territorial school lands will begin several months earlier this year than heretofore. The plan of the department for the present year is to use the special agents in the regular employ of the department, with four or five of the old appraisers who have been appraising lands for years, in making the appraisements.

The appraising force for the year assembled today in the office of Secretary Weimer to receive their instructions and to continue in session planning and discussing the work and holding a school of instruction for four or five days. Next week they will start out to take up the active work of appraisement. The appraising this year will be more carefully done and a fuller and more complete description of the land taken than in any previous years. Every house will be notified in week in advance when the appraiser will visit his land and have a chance to be there and go over the land with him.

Secretary Weimer will have personal supervision of the appraisement, will call the appraisers all in at least every thirty days for consultation and a careful revision of the work and will visit them in the field every week or two, so that he will have personal knowledge of the work of every man and of the appraisement in every county in the territory.

The force in session at the secretary's office today is composed of Fred Madden, Logan county; E. A. DeWitt, Oklahoma county; John McHenry, Kay county; J. W. McDaniel, Noble county; D. E. Bunch, Grant county, and Special Agents Crocker, Carter and Thompson, who hail from Logan, Kingfisher and Blaine counties respectively.

**TO Select Delegates.**

Guthrie, O. T., May 9.—Partners in Oklahoma interested in the Farmers' Co-Operative Shipping Association are holding meetings in a number of places to select representatives to attend the meeting of the association at Muskogee, June 8. It is proposed that some change will be made in the by-laws at this meeting.

**Board of Railroad Assessors.**

Guthrie, O. T., May 9.—Governor Ferguson, Secretary Grimes and Auditor Baxter met today as a board of railroad assessors. All of the roads having lines or branches in Oklahoma are represented by assessors. Two days will probably be required to finish the assessment.

**Territorial Charters Issued.**

Guthrie, O. T., May 9.—Charters were issued from the office of the territorial secretary today to the following companies:

Prairie Oil, Gas and Coal company, of DeWitt, O. T., with capital stock of \$20,000. The incorporators are J. M. Barrett of Atkinson and J. O. Meador, J. D. Grimes and George R. Edlin of DeWitt. The Victor Oil and Gas company, of Red Fork, O. T., and Oklahoma City, O. T., with capital stock to the amount of \$100,000. Incorporators are W. E. Hobbs,

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Guthrie, O. T., May 9.—Charters were issued from the office of the territorial secretary today to the following companies:

**Was an Accident.**

Indian Had Fallen Across the Track and Was Killed.

Guthrie, O. T., May 9.—The killing of an Indian, supposed to be Herbert Sperry, by the south-bound Santa Fe, last Saturday morning, about four miles north of this city, on examination was shown to have been an unavoidable accident. The Indian, probably intoxicated, had fallen across the railroad track on a sharp turn, and was not discovered in time to stop the train.

The train's head was cut off close to the shoulders and both legs and arms were severed from the body. The railroad men gathered up the fragments of the body and brought them to this city, where they were buried in Summit View cemetery. Several Indians have been killed on the Santa Fe since it was built into Oklahoma.

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**Blood Troubles**

Bad blood is the source of numerous aches and pains and the cause of nearly all stubborn, long-continued diseases. When the blood gets out of order, disease germs and poisons of various kinds find their way into the circulation and some serious trouble is the result. Rheumatism, Malaria, Old Sores and Ulcers, Scrofula, Anemia, and many pustular or scaly skin eruptions, like Eczema, Salt Rheum and Tetter, have their beginning in bad blood, and only a remedy that enters into the circulation and destroys the germs and poisons can have any permanent good effect upon a disease of this character.

Years ago my blood was bad, as evidenced by skin eruptions and other symptoms on different parts of the body. So I concluded to try S. S. S., knowing it to be highly spoken of. After using a number of bottles my blood was thoroughly purified, and I was relieved of all eruptions and manifestations of impure blood. I believe your S. S. S. to be an excellent blood medicine, and anyone in need of such medicine should do well to use it.

Mrs. C. E. SHOEMAKER,  
510 E. Patterson St., Alliance, O.

You can't check a blood disease by any external treatment; the sores and eruptions that appear upon the surface of the body are only manifestations or symptoms of some internal disorder that cannot be reached from the outside. S. S. S. antitoxins the poisons, humors and acids that are the real cause of disease, cleanses and enriches the blood, and builds up at the same time the general health. S. S. S. invigorates all the organs and parts of the system and stimulates them to greater activity, and strong nerves and renewed health is the result. If you have any blood trouble, write us. No charge for medical advice.

**SSS**

**THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.**



**SAVE YOUR BOOKS FROM RATS AND MICE**

STEAMERS' ELECTRIC RATS AND MICE PASTE.

STEAMERS' ELECTRIC PASTE CO.