

HIGHER EFFICIENCY DESIRED POSTMASTER YOUNG AFTER ADDITIONAL HELP

Two Additional Clerks, One for San Francisco, and Two Additional Carriers for Honolulu Needed, He Says

As one of the results of a preliminary inspection of the local office, commenced the day on which he assumed his new duties, Postmaster William F. Young announced this morning that, as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made, he will request the postoffice department in Washington to grant one additional clerk and two additional carriers for Honolulu.

Although less than a week at the head of the local department, Mr. Young has taken the first step toward carrying out his intended policy of increasing the efficiency of the Honolulu postoffice. At present there is but one clerk in San Francisco in charge of the mail which passes through that city destined for Hawaii, and, as Mr. Young stated this morning, he believes the services of an additional clerk are needed and is urgently in favor of the department in Washington granting the services of one. It will mean quicker and better service, he says, and will be of material assistance to the Honolulu office. During his stay in San Francisco, prior to sailing for Honolulu, Mr. Young investigated the methods of handling Hawaii-bound mail in the coast city, and became convinced at that time that an additional clerk was necessary. His investigation of the Honolulu end has brought to light the fact that an additional clerk and two additional carriers are needed locally, and his request for one more San Francisco clerk will be accompanied by requests for intended additions to the local force, he says.

Another matter which Mr. Young intends to take up at an early date in the securing of uniformity in the number of days designated on "return" or "request" envelopes; that is, the envelopes used by local firms bearing on the outside the inscription "Return in 5 days, etc." The law requires that such letters, if not delivered, must be returned to the sender by the postoffice within the time designated, the minimum being three and the maximum 30 days. On account of the fact that in many cases, persons are found to be out of town and letters for them are returned to the senders after three or five days, Mr. Young says that he will endeavor to establish a custom whereby all such letters will bear the inscription "Return in 30 days, etc." Local firms at the postoffice department both would be benefited should such a project be carried out, he says.

TREASURER AND AUDITOR UPHELD BY SUPREME COURT

"The appellant's claims not having been verified or approved by the treasurer, the auditor did his duty when he refused to draw warrants for payment of them. The ruling of the auditor is sustained."

The chief justice handed down the above decision this morning and it means that the appeal from a ruling made by the auditor of the territory, brought by Goo Wan Tay, has been dismissed. In part, the decision reads:

"The case turns upon the construction of the statute. Act 143 of the laws of 1911 made an appropriation of money for the purpose of repaying to certain licensees amounts wrongfully collected from them under sections 764 to 768 of the penal laws of 1897. The evident intention of the legislature was that in order that any claim could be honored under the act it must have been verified by oath and presented to the treasurer on or before June 30, 1911, and by that officer found correct.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS OF DEPARTMENT OFFICES IS NOT DECIDED UPON

Some definite decision as to the future location of army headquarters will probably be reached in a few days, as several possibilities are now being considered by General Carter, the department commander.

It is known that army authorities have made inquiries regarding the old Spreckels' home, on Punahou district and for a time it was thought that the house might be remodeled to accommodate all departments of the local military establishment, but it is now said that a more central location is desired, and that if any change is made, it will be to some building nearer the business district. There is, of course, the chance that no change will be made, and that more room will be obtained on the second floor of the Young Hotel building.

MONUMENTS

At Lowest Prices. H. E. HENDERICK, LTD. Phone 2648, Merchant and Alakea Sts.



William F. Young, postmaster of Honolulu, at his desk in the local office.—Kodagraph Print.

PACHEGO STANDS PAT REGARDING ENGINEER'S JOB

Says No Democrat Available for Position Who is Competent —Is a Bourbon Forever

"I wish to repeat," said Supervisor M. C. Pacheco this morning, "the statement that I made at the meeting of the board of supervisors last Tuesday night—which was reported correctly in the Star-Bulletin yesterday—that none of the efficient men in the Democratic ranks is available for the position of city and county engineer."

"I made it my business to find out just who was available for this very important position. I worked from a standpoint of efficiency and canvassed thoroughly the Democratic possibilities before I made up my mind that it would be necessary to name a Republican. I would like to again state that there is no competent Democrat available for the position. No member of the Democratic party, with the requisite ability in the field for the position. They are all engaged in more lucrative positions or else are tied up with private contracts that make it impossible for them to accept the city and county office."

"Efficiency is what I stand for and efficiency is what I shall fight for just so long as I am a member of the board of supervisors. No amount of knocking will deter me from my attitude on this matter as I intend to make a clean fight for the best possible results from the expenditure of the taxpayers' money. Especially in the engineer's department it is necessary that we should have a man who knows his business, realizes his responsibilities and is willing to give the best that is in him for the benefit of the people, whose servant he is."

Questioned regarding the report that he was seriously considering bolting the Democratic party and throwing in his lot with the Progressives, Pacheco grew wrathful and flatly denied the rumor.

"I am a Democrat," he said, "and will remain a Democrat irrespective of the activity of the many knockers who are opposed to my fight for the best results. It would be a very foolish move for me even to think about, especially after the responsibilities I have shouldered for the Democratic party during the past two years."

"No, I have no idea of switching my politics; I am willing to stand or fall with the Democrats."

QUEEN LILIUOKALANI REVIEWS CADETS FROM HONOLULU BOYS' SCHOOL

Queen Liliuokalani this morning reviewed the cadet battalion of the Honolulu School for Boys, the territory's newest military institution. Under the command of Captain Gordon Norrie, the battalion arrived at Washington Place shortly after 9:30 o'clock and, after passing in review before her majesty, who was seated on the lanai with Col. Curtis P. Iaukea and a few friends, went through squad and company movements and the manual of arms.

The queen, through Colonel Iaukea, expressed herself as being much pleased with the showing made by the cadets, and Captain Norrie is to be complimented on the excellent manner in which he handled the battalion. Prior to the departure of the cadets, the commissioned officers were presented to and thanked by Queen Liliuokalani.

M'CARN-M'BRIDE INCIDENT IN THE DEEPEST MYSTERY

Message Reported to Have Been Received from Washington—Nothing for Public

Developments of a mysterious nature are believed to have taken place in connection with the McCarn-McBride case. It was reported this morning that a cablegram had been received at the federal court, from Attorney-general McKeen and that the cablegram had particular bearing on the case. Shortly after the receipt of the cable, it is stated, Judges Dole and Clemons, Attorney Alex Lindsay and Jeff McCarn went into executive session and discussed at some length the contents of the message. The results of this conference are held a deep secret.

When questioned regarding the matter Judge Dole said: "There is nothing to make public."

Judge Clemons said: "There is nothing to make public."

Jeff McCarn said: "There is nothing to make public."

According to well authenticated reports there has been a lengthy exchange of communications between the federal jurists and the attorney-general's department, with the result that the head of the department in Washington has decided upon the selection of a local man to make a complete investigation of the affair and report to headquarters before any positive action is taken.

Just who the man is who has been, or will be, decided upon by the attorney-general and his local advisers is as much a mystery as the contents of the various messages; however, either Harry Irwin of Hilo or M. F. Prosser of this city is most generally favored for this appointment, according to the guessing of local dependers.

The introduction of Judge Lindsay into the case makes it of more absorbing interest and will tend to whet the appetite of the public for full and detailed information. It is now definitely known that the conference with Lindsay this morning was on the case, but that is the surmise.

GOVERNOR AWAITS OFFICIAL NOTICE IN KEALOHA MATTER

John Kealoaha's resignation has at last been placed with the Hilo board of supervisors and the way is now open for the appointment of a successor to the convicted man. As soon as the governor is informed officially of the vacancy on the Hilo board he will set about appointing a supervisor to act until the electors decide in November who is to be their representative.

The resignation of Kealoaha was accepted without any comment on the part of the supervisors. A motion to the effect that a vacancy now existed on the board was made, and was unanimously carried. An official communication will be forwarded from Hilo to Governor Pinkham tomorrow and he should receive the letter Saturday morning.

The governor, when asked this morning about the situation regarding Kealoaha's successor, said: "I am still officially unaware of the vacancy on the Hilo board."

SUGAR.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—Sugar: 96 degrees test, 3.33 cents. Previous quotation, 3.38 cents. Beets: 88 analysis, 9s. 6 1/2d. Parity, 3.59 cents. Previous quotation, 9s. 6 1/2d.

EPISCOPALIAN CONVOCATION CALLS OUT LARGE ATTENDANCE, LAYMEN AND CLERGY

Many Matters of Great Importance Brought Before the Twelfth Annual Session

By Rt. Rev. Henry Bond Restarick, Bishop of Honolulu.

The 12th annual convocation of the Episcopal church in the Hawaiian Islands, which closed its session last night, has shown how deep the interest of the laity is in all that concerns the work which this church has before it in the extension of the Kingdom of God in the Hawaiian Islands. The bishop and clergy are supposed to be deeply interested, but it was remarked by three clergymen who have lately come to Hawaii that they had never in any convention seen such a large proportion of laymen who took such prominent and intelligent part in all the proceedings. The interest of laymen has been shown during the entire time I have been here and the development of the laity in the knowledge of American Church Canon Law and Procedure has placed them in the front rank in all matters connected with the conduct and growth of the church here and its relation to the great church on the mainland.

The laity realize fully that the church which they represent is a constitutional one, that its constitution set forth first in 1785 preceded in point of time the constitution of the nation. It is said by one writer that "the two constitutions were the handiwork of the same men and the result of the same set of circumstances." The church's constitution contemplated from the first a national organization in which the states were to be component units and that its laws were to be made by two houses in a general convention. Later the diocese as a unit not the state was adopted.

Of course, in making these laws certain inherent rights of the Episcopate and of the priesthood were recognized without question. But the exercise of those powers were defined and regulated by laws which protected both clergy and laity as well as assisting the bishops by providing constitutional provisions of procedure.

The chief business of the late convocation after the attention to routine business was the consideration of new statutes for the cathedral. The matter had come before the convocation for several years, so that there was some knowledge among the clergy and laity of the subject which they were to discuss. The committee which presented the report containing the proposed cathedral statutes was composed of the Rev. Leopold Kroll, Judge E. Anderson, a former member of the committee, T. Olive Davies, who had given the matter a great deal of study met in consultation with the committee several times since he returned to the islands. Before its adjournment, convocation showed its appreciation of the way in which Mr. Anderson presented the subject as it was read section by section for the consideration of the convocation when sitting as a committee of the whole. The presiding officer of the convocation when sitting as a committee of the whole was Arthur G. Smith, who performed the functions of the office to the eminent satisfaction of all.

The debates which occurred on many sections showed the real and often intense earnestness of those present to adopt statutes which would so define rights, privileges and duties that there should be no question on the part of any as to what should be done.

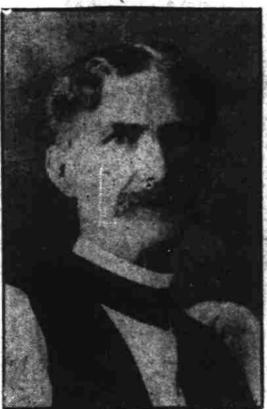
In all American cathedrals there is provision for lay representation upon the chapter. In all councils of the Episcopal church the voice and vote of lay delegates at all those who were present. The debates in the general convocation show that many of the laity have made the deepest study of everything connected with church history and its present life and work. Many of the most eminent judges and lawyers in the United States are members of the general convocation and the debates in that body are an education to all who are present.

In a small way the debates which occurred at the late convocation were an education to all those who were present. The cathedral statutes which were adopted in 1902 when the American church took possession here were adapted from statutes of an English cathedral. They were full of archaic expressions and provided no

(Continued on page eight)

DOCTOR HOBBY ILL, WILL NOT LECTURE AT Y. M. C. A. TONIGHT

Doctor Hobby's temporary illness today makes it necessary to postpone the lecture on Sex Education which he was to have delivered at the Y. M. C. A. tonight. The committee of the Health League in charge regrets very much that this postponement is necessary and advises the men who attend the course through the columns of the Star-Bulletin that all the lectures will be deferred one week.



Rt. Rev. Bishop Henry Bond Restarick.

ENGINEER HAS SUGGESTION FOR FRONTAGE TAX

James T. Taylor Urges Careful Study of Varied Lines of Data on Improvements

James T. Taylor, strongly favored by some of the supervisors as city and county engineer to succeed L. M. Whitehouse, has some interesting ideas on the much-discussed subject of the frontage tax for street improvement. His ideas are set forth as follows:

From the engineer's point of view, the application of Act 87, an act providing for payment by special assessment of the entire or partial cost of the opening or widening of streets in the city and county of Honolulu, and of Act 131, an act empowering the city and county of Honolulu to provide for certain improvements on and upon the streets, alleys and other highways in the district of Honolulu, and for such purposes to levy and assess the cost thereon and to collect the same from the property benefited by such improvements, and to issue and sell bonds with such assessments as security, requires a careful study of the entire situation as to roads and highways, especially the following subjects—all of which are important.

1. The special area or district to be improved.
2. Drainage—including sewers as well as storm drains.
3. Alignment—Fixing width of streets and sidewalks.
4. Grades—Present and future grades for the proper plans of drainage and sewerage.
5. Maps of alignment and profiles of grades.
6. Plans and specifications and maps, showing character of improvements and quality of materials.
7. Estimates of cost.
8. Maintenance (after completion).

In order to arrive at wise and safe conclusions from an engineering standpoint a comprehensive plan must be outlined, based upon a topographical or contour map of the special areas or districts to be improved.

This requires the obtaining and compiling of the necessary data which includes a complete line of levels showing the true elevation above city datum of a system of bench marks.

Thus it will be seen that road improvements mean that the engineer has great responsibility placed upon him in performing the engineering work and upon his ability and advice and supervision largely depends the success of the improvements.

The keeping of detailed cost data is a very important part of the engineer's duty on all public improvements and especially in road work.

Upon the completion of any important construction work, a complete report of the same should be made, and published, and filed for future reference.

The engineer should be given full authority in his department, and a free hand in carrying out his work. Politics must be eliminated to enable the engineer to direct his work in accordance with good engineering practice.

The available materials for the con-

(Continued on page two)

TODAY'S MAJOR LEAGUE RESULTS

AMERICAN LEAGUE. At Cleveland—Chicago 2, Cleveland 0. All other games in both leagues postponed on account of rain.

CONSTITUTIONALISTS ARE SUCCESSFUL IN BLOCKING ACTION OF THE FEDERALS

Prison and Radio Station Near San Blas Is Captured and Huerta's Forces Are Cut from Communication With the West Coast—Colima Reported Captured by General Alamillo—Obregon's Army Isolated at Guadalajara and Efforts to Land Supplies Fail

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.] MAZATLAN, Mex., June 4.—The Constitutionalist forces have captured the federal prison and radio station near San Blas and have severed connections between Huerta's troops and the West coast of Mexico.

The report was received here today, through a Constitutionalist officer of high rank, that Colima has been captured by General Alamillo. The report is made official and is regarded as authentic.

Further reports are to the effect that three wings of General Obregon's army are isolated at Guadalajara and that they are entirely cut off from communication with the capital.

An effort was made this morning to land supplies at Mazatlan by the schooner Leonor. The supplies were intended for General Obregon's batteries, but all efforts at making a landing proved futile.

"Mother" Jones is Refused Passage Over Canadian Line

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

SEATTLE, Wash., June 4.—"Mother" Jones, familiarly known as the "miners' friend," was today denied passage by the Canadian immigration officials on a steamer from this point bound for Vancouver.

Chief Campbell of the Victoria provisional police had decided that "Mother" Jones is a "disturbing element" and it was upon this decision that she was refused permission to make the trip.

The objective point of "Mother" Jones was the strike fields of Vancouver Island, where she had determined to address the strikers. The mine workers are considerably incensed over the action of the Canadian officials and have filed protests with Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

Blockade of Tampico by Huerta Under Discussion

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—The prospects of an attempt upon the part of President Huerta's gunboats to blockade the port of Tampico is the chief topic of discussion in connection with the Mexican situation in Washington today.

Whether Huerta could successfully carry out such a blockade is questioned. However, the fact that the possibility of such a move is being considered is taken to intimate that inside information has been received which tells of the contemplation of such plans.

Carranza Advised that His Troops Make Further Capture

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

DURANGO, Mexico, June 4.—General Carranza has received information to the effect that Tantima and Tantoyuca have been captured by General Agulla, the new governor of Vera Cruz.

General Agulla now occupies a large territory and is believed to be sufficiently strong to enlarge his holdings. General Carranza counts General Agulla as one of his most able lieutenants.

Italian on Trial for Theft Of Great Painting Mona Lisa

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

FLORENCE, Italy, June 4.—The trial of Vincenzo Perugia, accused of stealing the famous painting, Mona Lisa, from the local art gallery, was begun here today.

Dr. Amaldi, an alienist, took the stand and testified that he is convinced that Perugia is the only party responsible for the theft.

Resolute Takes Another Race; Vanitie Suffers Hard Luck

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

NEW YORK, N. Y., June 4.—The third race of the trial series between Herreshoff's Resolute and the Gardner boat Vanitie today went to the former. The Vanitie suffered a hard luck, two men going overboard and the yacht then retiring. The Resolute now has two races to one for the Vanitie.

Legalization of Every Act is Asked by Huerta

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, June 4.—Reports from Mexico City state that President Huerta is willing to abdicate but that the price he demands is that his every act be officially legalized.

White Wolf Again on War Path

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

PEKIN, China, June 4.—The bandit White Wolf is once more on the war path, reports of his looting and burning villages having been received from the province of Kan Su.

Every effort on the part of the government troops to capture the brigand have proved to be failures. The last village he is reported to have burned is Ning Chow, while his followers are accused of having fired the village of Tao Chow.

The monastery of the Tibetan Lamas at Cheni is also reported to have been fed to the flames by White Wolf.

Master Plumbers Are Indicted

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane has named Mark Daniels of California general superintendent of all national parks. Secretary Lane is also from California.