

MAILS
From San Francisco: Shinyo Maru, April 9
For San Francisco: Sierra, April 10
From Vancouver: Nazara, April 21
For Vancouver: Makura, April 30.

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YUAN TAKES FATAL STEP, HE SAYS

Noted Revolutionary Leader of China, Col.-Gen. Wudan, Here on Mission ASSERTS PRESIDENT OF REPUBLIC TO BE DEPOSED Friend of Dr. Sun Yat Sen Declares Every Province of China Being Organized

YUAN STRIVING TO GET BEST TERMS POSSIBLE?

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PEKING, China, April 8.—The brunt of the negotiations with Japan over the Japanese demands have fallen upon President Yuan Shih-Kai alone, and he is obtaining the best terms possible. This course evidently is intended to afford China protection during the continued negotiations over concessions. Consequently China is now discussing certain demands which the government formerly declined. Interest centers in what concessions China will make to the demands concerning Japan's right to name Japanese advisers, concerning land ownership, Japanese police in the Chinese provinces, purchase of millions of war, railroads and mining concessions, and Buddhism. Foreign newspapers warn the republic there will be a "future reckoning."

A new revolution threatens China as the result of Yuan Shih-Kai's apparent yielding to the demands of Japan.
Such is the statement of D. J. Wudan, colonel-general in the Chinese army and a man who has played important roles in the emergence of the republic from the Manchu monarchy. He is in Honolulu now with the declaration that the men who fought sincerely for constitutional liberty before are ready to do so again.
From statements made by Wudan to the Star-Bulletin, he appears to be in such strong sympathy with Dr. Sun Yat Sen that he may be here as the agent of the "new freedom" for the Celestials. Speaking fluently in English, he has no hesitation in talking of the revolution which he expects to overthrow Yuan.
China, still struggling in chaotic helplessness with the affairs of her new government and threatened with the industrial domination veiled in the recent demands of Japan, is about to be plunged into another revolt which will remove the traitor Yuan Shih-Kai and his selfish regime and give birth to the popular republic as planned in 1911, he says in effect.
Wudan says he was president of the board of electors which elected Dr. Sun Yat Sen temporary president in 1911. He arrived in Honolulu on the Siberia Monday.
Wudan is a graduate of the law department of Meiji University, Japan, and has come to Hawaii to investigate Chinese conditions prior to a continuation of study on the mainland.
Wudan resigned the diplomatic position as minister of foreign affairs for the provincial government at Kiang Si, southern China, to study international law and diplomacy with a view of holding such an office under the new republic.
"Yuan Shih-Kai is doomed," says the revolutionary leader. "His betrayal of China to Japan for his selfish interests and the possibility of becoming emperor of China is on the lips of the Chinese nation from eager school boys to old sagacious men."
"Revolution this time will not be an impassioned attempt merely to gain control. The people are ready. What prestige Yuan Shih-Kai has maintained is fast being shattered by his disregard of public opinion. Every province has been secretly organized so that when Dr. Sun Yat Sen gives the signal his leaders the blow will be struck from a united China."
When questioned regarding the possibility of Japan siding Yuan Shih-Kai in quelling the revolution he replied with the fervor of intense patriotism:
"I have received reliable information from Peking that Yuan Shih-Kai incorporated the condition of Japanese support of his policy for concession to the demands. Let them negotiate if they like. Japan will deal with a different China when the demands are settled."
Wudan declares President Yuan had subsidized all the Shanghai Chinese

(Continued on page four)
FOR RENT OR LEASE APRIL 30
Second story of building, Merchant and Alakea; offices, single or en suite; large hall, store on Alakea street.
H. B. HENDRICK,
Merchant and Alakea Sts.

ITALY THREATENS WAR UNLESS AUSTRIA YIELDS TERRITORY

Wife of Man On F-4 Declares Submarine Was In Bad Shape

Mrs. Elsie Nelson, Widow of Engineer, Quoted By Coast Newspaper on Arrival From Honolulu as Saying Craft Went on Fatal Cruise Despite Husband's Notification to Officers That Motors Were In Bad Condition, Due to an Accident

[Associated Press Service by Federal Wireless.]
LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 8.—A newspaper quotes Mrs. Elsie Nelson, wife of the engineer of the F-4, as saying that the motors on the submarine were known to be bad for some time before the disaster and that the vessel went on its fatal cruise in spite of her husband's notification to the officers that the craft was in bad shape. She declares that Nelson dreamed of the loss of the vessel on the night before leaving for his last cruise.
Mrs. Nelson says her husband informed her that the motors were disabled in a blowout, and that he informed the flotilla commander they would never be the same again. She is quoted as asserting that her husband said the tanks contained only four days' supply of air despite regulations requiring a two weeks' supply.

MRS. NELSON HURRIED TO COAST SOON AFTER SUBMARINE DISASTER

Five days after the submarine accident Mrs. Nelson left Honolulu for the coast. Though she talked freely to newspapermen here, she did not make any of the assertions which she is quoted as saying to the Los Angeles newspaper. Nelson was the chief machinist's mate of the F-4. Mrs. Nelson said that she was leaving for the coast because she was convinced her husband was dead and she could not stand the strain of waiting here.
After the submarine was lost, Admiral Moore was asked about the rumor that an accident had happened a week or two before. He said he had heard something of it but it was not considered serious enough for an official report.



William S. Nelson, F-4 man whose widow is quoted as declaring he warned flotilla officers submarine was in bad shape.

AD CLUB'S FUND FOR F-4 RELIEF NOW OVER \$100

Many Lists Still to Be Heard From—Club Asks That Giving Continue

Subscription list of the Honolulu Ad Club F-4 Relief Committee will close Tuesday, April 13. All firms and individuals who have not yet made any contributions in town or on the other islands are cordially urged to have the returns reach the Ad Club Committee not later than Tuesday, April 13.
JAMES D. LEVENSON,
Treasurer, Ad Club F-4 Relief Committee.

The Ad Club's F-4 relief fund now stands at more than \$1100, according to the statement approved by J. D. Levenson, treasurer of the fund, and made public today.
The statement follows:
"In publishing the following list of contributions to the submarine F-4 subscription and relief committee of the Honolulu Ad Club, the committee wants to express its hearty thanks for the co-operation and generosity of the citizens of Honolulu.
"Only about one-third of the lists distributed among the stores, offices and business houses have been collected, and not a tenth of the personal letters sent out have been answered, yet the total amount of money already received by J. D. Levenson, treasurer of the committee, aggregates more than eleven hundred dollars.
"There has been some misapprehension on part of many who have not yet subscribed as to the manner of distributing the funds. The committee wants to make it clear and emphatic that every cent of money subscribed through this committee will go to the immediate relief and permanent benefit of the widows and children and other dependent relatives both here and on the mainland. Therefore, there is no further occasion for hesitancy in subscribing as liberally as possible to this fund.
"Lieut. C. E. Smith and Paymaster R. E. Corcoran, U. S. N., commander and pay officer respectively of the submarine flotilla, were present at the Ad Club luncheon Wednesday and together with remarks made by Admiral and Mrs. Moore, made it plain that the plans adopted by the committee would result in every bona fide dependent relative of the unfortunate victims of the submarine disaster being benefited by the money being raised in Honolulu, and also that every cent so collected would be used for that exclusive purpose.
"It is definitely known that in addition to the seven widows, most of whom have children, residing in Honolulu, there are six other families on the mainland formerly supported by members of the F-4's crew. It is manifestly impracticable for the local relief committee or the Honolulu branch of the Navy Relief Society to follow up the permanent needs of these mainland families and those

(Continued on page four)

CHIEF JUSTICE FIGHT EXTENDS TO LEGISLATURE

Senate Bill Giving Appointment of District Judges to Governor Is Result

ROBERTSON'S SUCCESSOR TO SWEEP BENCH, FEAR

Quarles Threatens to Fire All Present Magistrates If He Wins, Is Report

The rivalry alleged to be in progress now between Judge R. P. Quarles, T. B. Stuart and C. W. Ashford for the chief justiceship of the territorial supreme court, succeeding A. G. Robertson, whose term expires May 15, may precipitate a warm fight in the halls of the legislature.
It has been common gossip for some time that these three were in a quiet but nonetheless bitter struggle for the office which the Democrats confidently expect will fall into their camp on May 15. The real issue, it is said, is between Judge Quarles, now an associate justice of the supreme court, and Judge Ashford of the first division of the first circuit court; with Judge Stuart on the side of Quarles in anticipation of elevation to the place which Judge Quarles' promotion would leave vacant.
Senator Charles A. Rice injected a new feature into the affair yesterday when he introduced a measure, senate bill 130, proposing to give the governor the power to appoint district magistrates. At present this is one of the prerogatives of the chief justice, though it originally was vested in the territorial executive.
Rice made clear the purpose of his bill today when he said: "I intend to have the measure read so that it shall go into effect May 15, or whatever day the term of Chief Justice Robertson expires."
One attorney said yesterday it was generally reported among the members of the bar that Judge Quarles had made the declaration that if he became chief justice there would be a "clean sweep" among the district magistrates. Other lawyers apparently are taking the report at its face value, and it is surmised the Rice bill is a direct result.
In all there are about 25 district magistrates in the territory—a considerable item viewed from the standpoint of party patronage, and it is declared that this has been urged strongly at Washington against Chief Justice Robertson by those who have been opposing his reappointment.

GERMANY AGREES TO PAY DAMAGES FOR FRYE'S CARGO

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 8.—Germany will assume the liability for the cargo of the William P. Frye, which was sunk by the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel to the state department was informed today. Secretary Daniels has ordered Admiral Beatty to take the Prinz Eitel to Norfolk, Va., from Newport News, Va., and demant't it.

SENATE REPRESENTATIVES NAMED ON COMMITTEE FOR CONGRESS PARTY

Charles A. Rice of Kauai, James L. Cooke of Oahu, Harry Baldwin of Maui and the Rev. Stephen L. Desha of Hawaii have been appointed as the senate's representatives on the committee to have charge of the entertainment of the congressional party due here the first of next month. This announcement was made late yesterday afternoon by President Chillingworth.
This completes the entertainment committee's personnel, and a meeting of that body likely will be called within the next few days to review the tentative program outlined by Territorial Secretary Thayer. President Chillingworth took care to see that each large island was represented on the senate delegation.

SUGAR

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 8.—Sugar: 96 degrees test, 4.625 cents Previous quotation, 4.71 cents.

GERMANS DENY FRENCH SUCCEED IN MAKING GAIN

The following cablegram was received today from official German sources:
"WASHINGTON, D. C., April 8.—German headquarters report, April 8: "Fighting between the Meuse and the Moselle continues. All French attacks have failed in Woerwe plain, on Combes Height, near Selosse forest, north of St. Mihiel, in Ailly forest, near the forest on the west of Apremont, north of Flirey, west and in the Priest forest."
"The French losses on the whole front were again enormous without obtaining the slightest success."
"An aviator coming from Paris who was forced to land said that nothing was known in Paris about the French losses in the Champagne battle."
"On the east front nothing important is happening, bad weather making the roads impracticable for military movement."

LIGHTHOUSE WORKER INJURED OFF MOLOKAI

Henry Howard, employed by the United States lighthouse department in the installation and repair of lights on the several islands, met with a serious accident at Kaunakakai, Molokai, when he was thrown from an open boat on a reef in a boiling surf.
Howard had been sent to Molokai with material for a lighting station. Some of it had been safely transferred from the inter-island steamer Mikahala to shore. In attempting to

RUSSIA IS ADVANCING

SLAV ARMIES SAID TO HAVE FOUND WAY THROUGH CARPATHIANS DOWN INTO PLAINS OF HUNGARY—STRUGGLE ALONG THE MEUSE AND MOSELLE IS BITTER—BERLIN DECLARES ALLIES' ATTACKS REPULSED

LONDON, England, April 8.—Italy is holding over Austria the threat of war while proceeding with negotiations for an adjustment of their difficulties over territory. Although the army is concentrated on the Austrian border and the navy is within striking distance of the Adriatic sea, Italy perseveres in her attempts to secure a peaceful settlement through which she will gain territorial concessions from Austria.
An Austrian despatch supports the rumor that Austria is seeking peace with the Entente powers (Allies), the better to deal with Italy.

Russians Cut Through Carpathians Into Hungary, Declares Petrograd

LONDON, England, April 8.—The Russians are rapidly advancing through the Carpathians, according to despatches today, having overwhelmed the stiff Austro-German defense after days of heavy fighting.
Petrograd asserts that the road from the mountains down into the plains of Hungary is now open and that Smolnik has been captured.
The Russian despatches indicate that the Czar's armies have driven a wedge between the western and eastern wings of the Austrians in Beskids.

French and German Bulletins Agree Fighting on West is Very Severe

LONDON, England, April 8.—The French and German official communiques today agree that the struggle along the Meuse-Moselle battle-line is of particular severity, the French continuing their offensive movements.
Paris claims that gains have been made and maintained in the face of fierce counter attacks.
Berlin disputes this, charging that the French have sustained heavy losses without material gain.

Women and Children Bomb-victims

ROME, Italy, April 8.—Austrian aviators have bombarded the town of Pedoritz, Montenegro, killing 12 women and children and wounding 48 others.

Casualty Lists Continue to Grow

LONDON, England, April 8.—An additional casualty list of the Neufchapelle battling contains 1108 names, including 346 killed.

Britain Guards Against Submarines

LONDON, England, April 8.—The river Dee and Port Chester have been closed to navigation at night on account of the submarine war.

High Cost of Six Months' War

ROME, Italy, April 8.—Military experts estimate the total cost of the first six months of war at \$8,400,000,000.

CARRANZA SEEKING JAPAN AID?

Gen. Carranza is seeking aid from Japan to establish his government in Mexico, and is sending Manuel Lomelo, brother to President Madero, who was assassinated by the order of Gen. Huerta, as confidential agent to Emperor Yoshihito. This is the text of a letter received by Y. Soga, editor of the Nippo Jiji, from T. Onodera, formerly of the immigration service in Honolulu and now in business in Vera Cruz.
Although the information was not publicly known, the correspondent assures the Nippo Jiji that his information came from headquarters of the Mexican leader. Lomelo will pass through Honolulu on one of the T. K. K. boats some time this month, thinks the writer.

DARING SUBMARINE COMMANDER BELIEVED LOST IN GERMAN U-29

Lieut. Otto von Weddigen, former commander of U-9, believed to have perished when U-29 was sunk.

The official admission by Germany that the U-29 has been lost marks the end of a spectacular career undersea for this little submarine as the Emden or the Karlsruhe had on the surface.
England is freed of the most dangerous of all the German undersea terrors which have been preying on her shipping. March 11 and 12, within 36 hours, the U-29 sunk six ships off the Scilly islands and in the English channel.
According to a letter from the captain of the steamer Headlands, one of the ships sunk, published by the London Daily Mail, March 13, the U-29 was commanded by Capt. Otto Weddigen, who won fame and the iron cross on the U-9, earlier in the war, by sinking the British cruisers Hogue, Aboukir and Cressy and Hawke. Assuming this statement to be true, the loss of the U-29, "with all hands," means that Germany's most famous undersea hero has paid the penalty for his daring.
Weddigen was described by the crews of all the ships sunk as a model of courtesy. In every case, except one, the crews were given an opportunity to leave the ships before they were torpedoed.
According to the captain of the Andalusian, which was torpedoed by the U-29 March 12, Capt. Weddigen expressed regret at having to sink merchant ships, adding "it is our duty. At the same time we don't want to take civilian lives. It is the ships we want to kill, not the men."
The U-29 was one of the largest, newest and best equipped of all the German submarines. She was said even to have a wireless outfit. She differed from most of the others in having a high bow, which enabled her to run at great speed on the surface.
Sixth Submarine Reported Sunk.
The U-29 makes the sixth German submarine the British admiralty has reported sunk, five of them by British warships, since the outbreak of the war, and in only one case has the British report been denied by the Germans. Besides these a French warship recently sank a submarine off the French coast, and three British merchant captains have put in claims for the rewards offered for merchantmen rammed; German underwater craft.

ARMY ON BORDER, NAVY IN STRIKING DISTANCE WHILE NEGOTIATIONS ARE PRESSED

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