

# Honolulu Star-Bulletin

RILEY H. ALLEN

EDITOR

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1915.

In this, my country's hour of trial, nothing has supported me more than the sympathy and the superb generosity of those who have assisted in materially lessening the same; and I desire to offer my deepest thanks, and at the same time to convey a message of good will for the new year.—Albert, King of Belgians.

## THE PHILIPPINE ADMINISTRATION.

An unusually frank comment upon the chief officials in the Philippines is contained in an editorial of the Manila Times which has just reached Honolulu. It may be taken as expressing the views of a large number of Americans in the Philippines and for that reason is worth republishing.

It was called forth by a severely critical comment in a letter which appeared in the Boston Transcript. After declaring that the Philippine administration is placing more confidence in the sentiments and aims of resident Americans than when Governor-general Harrison first took office, the editorial says:

"The cardinal purpose of the regime is to give the Filipino people what they want. The consultation of Filipino leaders is a natural consequence of this policy. Where in the early days the opinions of the leaders ruled to the exclusion of every other consideration, we like to think today that another element enters into appointments—the feeling that perhaps the American idea of what is best for the Philippines should have some weight.

"There is some truth in the charge that the governor-general has turned a deaf ear to American advice but he has not quite gone to the extent of slavishly following Filipino suggestions. This charge might have been true in the first days of the new administration. It is not true today. We do not pretend the hope that the governor-general has come to the point where he will grant that American opinion is absolutely disinterested but we believe he is more willing to listen to the American side now than he was twelve months ago.

"As to the characterization of the other commissioners, the writer's bias is too evident. Gen. Riggs is damned by the faintest praise while Mr. Martin is called the best of the lot, a tribute which most of us will not be willing to give. Certainly in point of administrative achievement, Mr. Martin has not proved the equal of his companions on the commission. Mr. Denison is described as having alienated all Americans by his ridiculous utterances from time to time. The Times holds no brief for Mr. Denison nor can we see anything very praiseworthy in that notable utterance at the City Club. It was that speech that turned the American community against the secretary of the interior but it should not blind us to the fact that Mr. Denison's administrative work has been of a high character. If it has savored too much of compromise, it has nevertheless brought results that obstinacy could never have won.

"The Transcript to the contrary notwithstanding, there are some bright spots in this administration. We grant that they are few in number but it is only fair to admit their existence. It is also only fair to point out that this administration was apparently pledged to look upon everything connected with the previous administration as vicious. This may be poor statesmanship but it is evidently good Democratic politics. Our chief quarrel is not with the men who put these policies into play locally but with the captain and the team which believe in them."

## ANTI-DRUG LAW.

The operation of the Harrison anti-narcotic law throughout the United States will greatly minimize the unnecessary use of habit-forming drugs. Under this law no one is permitted to sell or give away these drugs except upon order of a physician or dentist, and most of the two million persons who have been using them will have to give up the practise for the reason that they will not be able to obtain them, and though suffering much inconvenience, will in time become free men and women. This law constitutes another step in the direction of preventing the evils which menace the very existence of the race.

The Terre Haute trials have convinced a large part of the incredulous American public that politicians can be sent to jail.

An aviator attempted the vertical dive. The usual result.

## CHILD LABOR AND SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS.

An authority on child labor and its inevitable effects upon the community, in a recent brief article in the Christian Science Monitor declared that it is no solution for the problem to divert the labor of juveniles into any particular channel.

This point bears rather directly on the legislation which has been discussed in the lower house of the territorial legislature, an attempt being made to allow almost without restriction juvenile labor in the pineapple canneries. The writer above quoted goes on to point out the danger of laws that will afford the employer any possibility to exploit child labor, reasoning that under the stress of modern industrial competition some individual employer will be found who will resort to undue driving of the juvenile workers.

He also declares that "those who have at heart the welfare of children and of the state, for the two are inextricably bound together, look with the gravest concern upon the existence of the possibility of employers being able to exploit them for the sake of profit. Children cannot enter the labor market without affecting the weal both of themselves and the adults with whom their labor competes. The dangers in the direction of exploitation, and the difficulty of providing satisfactory safeguards and restrictions against the risks to which children would be exposed by entering generally into the labor market, are too obvious to need labeling."

The question is not merely an economic one. It is the very essence of modern conditions of labor that the labor should be voluntary, and the question is one which can only be dealt with satisfactorily on ethical grounds. It is preeminently one which must be brought to the test of principle.

The public conscience, he comments, apparently is not yet sufficiently educated on the point to demand the extension of the school-leaving age to 16 years and the prohibition of any exemption from school attendance for the purpose of entering the labor market. When the public is ready for such a measure and is willing to defray the cost of it, it will be possible not only to do away with "blind alley" employment, but to give the children that complete protection which is essential to the weal of society.

Gif Pinchot surely does have his troubles. After losing the Pennsylvania senatorship contest, he has sent to the war zone as a special agent or a relief commissioner or something of the sort, and turns out to be persona non grata with the German government. He may have to go into politics again.

Russia is supposed to have warned Italy not to precipitate another war but we shall hardly expect the Czar's government to be permanently offended if the Italians hop on Austria in a couple of places.

General Huerta has landed in New York, without any particular plans—he says. Still, if Mexico needs another candidate for permanent president, it's just as well for Victoriano to be handy.

The Russians are reported to be using gas in their bombs. Astonishing as it may seem, there must be a surplus left over from the official announcements.

Germany's war on commerce above-sea also is quite successful, to judge by the reports of the Prinz Eitel Friederich and the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

Standpat Republicans should have no objection to Wilson's Mexican policy—it's furnishing them a mighty good plank for 1916.

Another traffic law is proposed. We hope—with scant confidence—that it will be better enforced than the others.

Perhaps those Washington bankers are the victims of psychological persecution.

Someone reports that the federal site has been picked. Plucked, more likely.

The rain falls on the just and the unjust—and sometimes in Nuuanu valley.

Santo Domingo is reported as back to its normal state of revolution.

## LETTERS

(The Star-Bulletin invites free and frank discussion in this column on all legitimate subjects of current interest. Communications are constantly received to which no signature is attached. This paper will treat as confidential signatures to letters if the writers so desire, but cannot give space for anonymous communications.)

### CREDIT WHERE CREDIT IS DUE.

Honolulu, H. T.,  
April 13, 1915.  
Editor Honolulu Star-Bulletin.  
Sir: Kindly allow me a space in your paper in regards to a few things about the Ladies' Auxiliary. There appeared an article in yesterday's paper saying that the success of the E. T. L. La Cross Auxiliary, Spanish War Veterans, masquerade ball given for the benefit of the F-4 was due to three members only. It seems that every dance we give there are one or two always giving the credit due the members to themselves. As the old saying is, "self-praise is no recommendation," would like to have the people of Honolulu know that the success of the benefit masquerade ball was not due to Mrs. Ely, Mrs. Whitaker and Mrs. O'Keefe alone, as we have 14 members. The credit is due to all of the members; also the order is still known as the E. T. L. La Cross Auxiliary to Roosevelt Camp No. 1, U. S. W. V. not Ladies' Auxiliary as it takes the president-general to change the name so the three above named kindly give the credit due to all of the members, not yourselves.  
A MEMBER ALSO.

## Personal, Mentioned

T. T. GREAVES, prominent in furniture manufacturing circles in the East, is an arrival in the Matson steamer *Wilhelmina*.

GEORGE WEBB, a Pacific coast manufacturer, was a passenger in the *Wilhelmina*. He will tour the islands before returning to San Francisco.

WILLIAM E. MCTIGHE and Mrs. Mctighe were passengers in the Matson liner *Wilhelmina* from the mainland. They have extensively toured the coast during the past four months.

MRS. J. KELLENBERGER and daughter, Miss Erna, arrived on the *Wilhelmina* for an extended visit to the former's son-in-law and daughter Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Ruhmland of 213 Saratoga road.

MRS. KATE W. WATSON of San Francisco, who resides at the Bellevue hotel, where she met a large number of Honoluluans, arrived on the *Wilhelmina* today and is at the Young hotel. Mrs. Watson will see the volcano and will remain in the islands two or three weeks.

MR. and MRS. JOSEPH LIPPMAN of Salt Lake City, the latter formerly Miss Lahele Louisson of Hawaii, arrived in Honolulu in the *Wilhelmina* today and will spend several weeks in the islands. They plan to go to the Big Island and visit with Mrs. Lippman's relatives.

PETER C. BEAMER and Mrs. Beamer of Hilo returned from a year's absence in Europe and the mainland. Beamer was in Germany shortly after the outbreak of the war. He made an extended tour of the continent before reaching a neutral zone. The Hilo business man visited his old home in Indiana before taking passage in the Matson steamer *Wilhelmina* to Hawaii.

JOSEPH LIPPMAN, formerly U. S. district attorney for Utah, and now at the head of the Salt Lake Brewing Co., arrived today on the *Wilhelmina* and is at the Young hotel. He is accompanied by Mrs. Lippman, who was formerly Miss Lahele Louisson, a sister of Abe Louisson, the coffee king of Hawaii. Mr. and Mrs. Lippman are also accompanied by Mrs. J. Greenwald of Salt Lake. They will remain in the islands a few weeks.

The treasurer, with the approval of the governor, has approved the amendment to the articles of incorporation of the Wai'alea Agricultural Company, permitting the reduction in the part value of the company's capital stock from \$100 to \$20 a share.

Capt. Berger Improving.  
Captain Henri Berger, director of the Hawaiian band, was reported to be resting easily at the Queen's hospital today, but his condition is not serious. He was taken ill after returning from Molokai Saturday night, whether he had accompanied the legislators on their annual visit to the leper settlement.

## EUROPEAN CALL FOR SUGAR IS NOT DEFINITE

### Much Depends on Opening of Dardanelles By Allies' Warships

The latest developments in the war's influence on the world sugar situation is outlined by Willett & Gray's Journal for March 31, as follows:  
"A consideration of the influence of the new Java sugar crop maturing May-September upon the English and French markets comes to the front this week.

"As previously reported, the French government already has bought some 50,000 tons of early deliveries. Now cables from the United Kingdom advise that Great Britain has become interested by the purchase of some 200,000 to 300,000 tons June-August shipment.

"It is also thought that France may have increased its interest in Java. These purchases may or may not be available for consumption before the sundry purchases of refined in the United States become necessary.

"Present indications do not point to material purchases in the United States at current level of values here, although constant enquiries are being made of refiners for practicable prices to complete business.

"No doubt the cost of Java is less than Cuba or the United States, but deliveries are not as well assured.

"A Paris correspondent writes that the purchase made by the French government, say 100,000 tons, and those contemplated by French importers from Russia are expected to come forward by way of the Dardanelles, which route they think will be open in the not distant future.

"As regards Russian exports in case the Dardanelles is opened, Mr. Georges Dureau, in the International Sugar Journal, London, writes as follows: "It is reported that the representatives of the Russian sugar industry, in view of the abundant stocks of sugar held by them, which are more than sufficient to meet the contingent exportation, have approached their government with a view to obtain the denunciation of the Brussels convention, and to be able, as a consequence, to export freely their surplus production. The Russian government is disposed to make the necessary declarations to the neutral states." He further states: "The more I think it over, the more it appears to me that the Brussels agreement has lost all practical value owing to the war, and that it would be advantageous if France and Belgium would declare it null and void. If the Allies prove victorious, then in the event of the convention still existing it would be impossible for them to modify the sugar regime without the assent of Germany and Austria-Hungary. Consequently the half ruined sugar industries of France and Belgium would not be able to claim any compensation by means of sugar legislation.

On the other hand, were Germany and Austria-Hungary victorious, then in that event these two states would assuredly treat the Brussels convention as a 'scrap of paper' and would impose on the vanquished whatever conditions they pleased, conditions which would almost certainly prevent the French and Belgium sugar industries from flourishing."

"We merely call attention to these reports as matters having a bearing on the market values of sugar in Cuba and the United States at a future time."

## "SUNNY JIM" M'CANDLESS ALWAYS GOOD BOOSTER

Wherever "Sunny Jim" M' Candless goes, he boosts the Hawaiian Islands and the excursion which now is being planned whereby at least 35 nobles of Aloha Temple of Shriners will attend the imperial council to be held in Seattle July 13, 14 and 15.

Those local Shriners who make the pilgrimage are planning to spend a few days in San Francisco, where they will meet their friends and take in the exposition. The San Francisco Chronicle of April 9 says:

"James S. M' Candless, Honolulu Temple, announced at the Palace hotel yesterday that he had made arrangements for the Hawaiian delegation to arrive on July 5.

"The Hawaiians will have their headquarters at the Hotel Stewart and will remain until July 10. On that date they will leave for Seattle in Islam Temple's special car.

"Plans are progressing between the four California temples to have a special day at the exposition immediately after July 14."

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## LITTLE INTERVIEWS

—GEORGE PASTONE: A better class of tourists are coming to the islands in transpacific liners. The *Wilhelmina* brought a number of wealthy people who had been visiting Europe or the Levant each year.

—CAPT. WILLIAM FOSTER, harbor-master: These are the days of break shipping at the port of Honolulu. We have a Norwegian whaler and ice-breaker, a unique American naval collier and mechanical loader, and an ex-German whaleback cargo carrier.

—A. E. MURPHY: Speaking of House Bill No. 148, which is better, a nation that trains all its young men alike to patriotic militancy and defense of their country's honor, or a system of government that makes rank and file army service the last resort of its down-and-outs?

—INSPECTOR L. B. REEVES: It might be interesting to note that Japanese officers in two cruisers that have recently called here from Mexico waters to the Asiatic coast appear to be well posted on the progress made in the European war. They were likewise informed of the disaster to the submarine F-1. The vessels are in constant communication with the mainland by wireless while on a cruise.

Three civilians were killed when a German aviator dropped three bombs on the city of Rheims.

## COURT EXPENSES TO FALL HEAVY ON MUNICIPALITY

If Senator Castle's S. B. 138 becomes law the city and county of Honolulu will have to appropriate nearly \$20,000 for the expenses of the first circuit court for the biennial period ending June 30 next. Under the present statute, as interpreted recently by Deputy City and County Attorney W. B. Lymer, the supervisors are required to appropriate only \$14,500 for the first circuit court's expenses for the period.

Put the expenses have far exceeded that sum and Senator Castle does not think it should come out of the territory's revenues, but rightfully should become a part of the municipal government's burden. S. B. 138 authorizes and directs the county supervisors to make additional appropriations as shall be necessary to meet the circuit court's expenses to the amount of \$5,000.

During a discussion in the French chamber of deputies, M. Roche, a well-known economist and a deputy declared that French investments abroad total \$8,000,000,000.

Leaving a note to the coroner saying that her act was a sane one, Mrs. William B. Dutton of Ellenville, N. Y., killed herself and her 5-year-old daughter with poison.

## For Sale---\$2000 House and Lot

House of 5 rooms opposite Rapid Transit car barn. Lot is 50x157 feet. This is an ideal location for employes of the Rapid Transit Company or for those wishing to be within walking distance of town.

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2555 Oahu Ave., Manoa	3 bedrooms	\$85.00
1252 Kinau St.	3 "	40.00
2568 Rooke St., Puunui	4 "	75.00
Waikiki	3 "	40.00
2582 Jones St., Manoa	4 "	60.00
1605 Anapuni St.	3 "	50.00
2326 Liloa Rise, Manoa	2 "	50.00
Kinau and Makiki Sts.	3 "	50.00

### UNFURNISHED

1328 Kinau St.	3 bedrooms	\$35.00
2205 McKinley St.	3 "	45.00
1877 Kalakaua Ave.	3 "	20.00
1901 Young St.	3 "	25.00
1126 King St.	3 "	50.00
1205 Wilhelmina Rise	3 "	27.50
Cor. Wilder Ave. and Alexander	2 "	30.00
2116 Lanahuli Drive, Manoa	2 "	45.00
2015 Oahu Ave., Manoa	2 "	30.00
1317 Makiki St.	3 "	30.00
Cor. Mokuauia and Colburn Sts.	3 "	15.00
2144 Lanahuli drive	3 "	45.00
1454 Thurston Ave.	2 "	27.50
1646 King St.	2 "	30.00
702 Wylie St. and Puunui Ave.	4 "	50.00
1251 Lunailo St.	3 "	45.00
Kewalo St.	3 "	40.00
1313 Makiki St.	3 "	30.00
Mendonca Tract, Liliha St.	3 "	27.00
2130 Kam. Ave., Manoa	3 "	40.00
Adams Lane	3 "	35.00
Lower Manoa and Hillside	2 "	37.50