

HOOSIER POET'S BIRTHDAY WILL BE CELEBRATED

Oahu Schools to Have Reading of James Whitcomb Riley's Poems Tomorrow

All over the schools of Oahu tomorrow the poems of James Whitcomb Riley will be read to the pupils.

In accordance with the request of Secretary of the Interior Lane, that a nation-wide commemoration be had in the schools on the Hoosier poet's birthday, the children of the Oahu institutions will hear some of the verse that has made "Jim" Riley perhaps the best-loved poet of this or the last American generation.

"I am sorry we had not time to get the news of this plan to the schools of all the territory after it came by Associated Press despatch," said Superintendent of Instruction Kinney today.

Supervising Principal James C. Davis has been busy for the last day or two informing the school teachers of the plan and asking them to cooperate in observing it.

"I want to commend the Star-Bulletin's choice of poems as printed yesterday, 'The Used-to-Be,' and 'Little Markie,' though personally I am very fond of Riley's dialect poems.

The Star-Bulletin was informed today of a number of the schools which have made definite arrangements for the recital of poems by Riley tomorrow.

At the Territorial Normal school the teachers are going to give a wide variety of the Hoosier genius's verse. The poems as published in the Star-Bulletin were merely as suggestions in case teachers did not have ready to hand any Riley books or individual poems.

Announcement was sent out by the Central Grammar school today that the upper grades tomorrow will observe the birthday of the Indiana poet with appropriate exercises.

DR. R. D. WILLIAMS, NEW MILLS PRINCIPAL, TELLS AD CLUB SOME OF HIS IDEAS

"A familiar idea is often expressed in the following familiar manner," said Dr. R. D. Williams, new principal of Mills school in his talk before the Ad Club at their luncheon today.

"The American girl is wealthy uneducated, but that the consoling thing to remember is that the American boy will never find it out. But there is one class of people who do find it out inevitably, and that is the American businessman. The hardest comment that can be passed upon our educational system is that so many have found that it turns out inefficient men and women.

"I think I can point out one reason for this fact, and this is that our educators have been proceeding towards false ideals and on a false theory. The teach their students to think that the brain is simply a large muscle and that anything which is good for the muscle is good for the brain.

"We must remember that the old idea that we can pour facts into the mind and keep them stored up there for the more sake of storing is an exploded theory. What the world demands is action, and stored up ideas are not action. If we want to make good citizens in our schools we must teach the youth in the first place to think hard and accurately and all the time, in the second place we must teach him to act hard and all the time, and in the third place, and perhaps most important of all, we must teach him to appreciate life.

"I am new to Hawaii, and I don't want to try to tell you what is wrong with the way in which things are conducted here, but I may mention one fact which is true the world over, and that is that if you want to advertise your country effectively with an idea of bringing in the right sort of new settlers, you must advertise your schools and you must have schools which are worthy of advertising.

"Investments in public schools are sure to bring future savings in police work and in the amounts expended for charity.

"When I received the call to come down here and take the position as head of Mills school I was glad to accept for two reasons. In the first place I saw that there was a big work to be done here in teaching the Oriental population what are the needs of American citizenship. The large Ori-

GERMANS SAY ALLIES EXPECTED TO CUT THROUGH LINES BUT FAILED

Official Despatch Points Out Where Western Drive Has Broken Down

(Continued from page one)

To Joffre's order the commanders of the French regiments added that Joffre's efforts demanded from the soldiers that they should finish the whole war at once and equally.

"An order from the commanders of the English guard division has been found telling the soldiers, 'On the coming battle depends the fate of coming British generations.'

"German headquarters says that Joffre and the English order prove how little true is the enemy's pretension now that it was not intended to continue the attack, which began on September 25, and which was stopped by the Germans. The object of the attack, says German headquarters, was to drive the Germans from French soil but the result was that on a front 84 kilometers long, in one place of 23 kilometers and in another of 12 kilometers, the first German line was crossed into the second line, which is by no means the last line.

And this was accomplished not by the military achievements of the attacking English but by a successful surprise resulting from an attack with gas.

Allies Losses Huge. "According to conservative estimates the French losses in dead and wounded and prisoners amounted to 130,000 and the English losses 60,000. The German losses were not one-fifth of this number."

"German headquarters continues that such local successes, obtained with seven-fold numerical superiority and prepared for by war material factories of half of the world, can't be called brilliant victories. Headquarters further adds that only one German division, on the way from the west front, was retreating at the beginning of the German attacks and that other divisions were directed to the place for which the first division was destined. Otherwise the German army's disposition was not at all influenced by the attack, which at no place went beyond the second line, and nowhere made it impossible to move the reserves, just as was done in May when the offensive movement took place at Arras."

German Army Headquarters Report, Oct. 6.—The Germans have reconquered the trenches formerly lost. All attacks against the German west front have been repulsed.

"Headquarters reports that on October 5 English attacks with hand-grenades against the works north of Loos were repulsed. The English lost, besides a large number of dead and wounded, more than 30 taken prisoners and two mine-throwers. The Germans have reconquered a section of the trench of the height northwest of Givenchy, taking four French machine guns. The enemy in Champagne shelled with artillery fire a position northwest of Soissons, where an intention to attack the Germans was evident, but German artillery fire hindered the enemy's advance.

"The enemy's aviators bombarded Blacque and Saint-Vaast and killed one civilian, otherwise doing no damage."

"East front: The Russians, after the defeat of October 3, repeated their attacks against Gen. von Hindenburg's army only with feeble forces. They were easily repulsed."

"Russian patrols have been found wearing German helmets in order to deceive the German troops. It is evident that such Russians when they fall into German hands, are to be treated according to the rights of prisoners of war."

Representing nearly two months of hard work on the part of every member of the board, the report of the naval board of inquiry appointed to determine the cause of the disaster is now on the way to Washington. It left here at 10 o'clock this morning, by registered mail on the Wilhelmina.

Little was done today by the men of the first submarine division, the P. Florida, except to continue the work of getting the P. 1, P. 2 and P. 3 in shape to be towed to Mare Island for repairs and extensive alterations to engines and batteries.

Wireless masts and aerials are being put up on each of the three submarines, so that they can keep in touch with one another, and with the U. S. cruiser Maryland, during the voyage from here to the mainland.

The crew of each boat will live on board throughout the voyage. Meals will be cooked on an electric stove which is in each of the P. boats, and the men will sleep on board.

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Small arms target practice will be given the coast artillery companies in November, according to Lieut. Col. Rafferty. They will be given practice with the regulation infantry rifle, shooting from distances up to 300 yards, and performing infantry work.

SUSPECTED FILIPINO IS NOT IDENTIFIED. A suspect has been gathered in for the case of the assault upon Mrs. Palmer which occurred Sunday night at the W. C. Whitney home. He is a Filipino boy named Tom Alibano, who is already charged with several cases of larceny.

Yesterday the boy was taken out to see Mrs. Palmer, and she stated that there were many points of resemblance between him and the man who made the assault upon her. She had not been able to see him clearly at the time of the attack owing to the fact that it was night and that she was badly frightened, but she thought that he was much the same in build, height and even in the tone of his speaking voice. His hair, however, she thought was different, but could not be absolutely positive as to any of these points.

PREPAREDNESS TO COST AS MUCH AS PANAMA CANAL

Garrison Will Ask for \$250,000,000 for Army, Daniels \$300,000,000 for Navy

ARMY OF HALF MILLION TRAINED MEN IS PLAN

Of This Force 125,000 Would Be Active, Rest on Reserve; Consider Short Enlistment

By C. S. ALBERT. (Special Star-Bulletin Correspondence) WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—An aggregate of \$250,000,000 will be requested by Secretary Garrison for placing the American army in a condition of preparedness for any emergency. This sum is now regarded as the minimum necessary for the purpose.

Secretary Garrison has not submitted his plans to President Wilson for approval. He has carefully gone over all the suggestions made by the war college and his subordinate officers. After paring and amending them down to the necessary funds that a quarter of a billion dollars will be needed to make even comparatively small betterments.

The program which the secretary of war will endorse calls for approximately \$125,000,000 a year in excess of the allowance now set aside by Congress. This increase is sufficient to cause almost endless debate in Congress from those who believe in a small army.

The plan worked out by Secretary Garrison follows these lines: Wants 40,000 More Men. An immediate increase of between 35,000 and 40,000 men and 1000 officers.

The present enlistment terms to be changed to the short enlistment with a reserve provision which requires the soldiers to return to the colors upon call.

By the operation of this plan the army at the end of five years would consist of 500,000 trained men; 125,000 in the service and 375,000 prepared to join the colors at a moment's notice.

The theory upon which this plan was worked out was that the American standing army should be for defensive purposes only. In other words, it was prepared upon the assumption that the navy will be increased to such an extent that it can for a long enough time protect the two coasts against attack to give the army a chance to build up a tremendous force with the 500,000 men as a basis.

The plan provides for the enlargement of the most important coast fortifications and the use of the greatest guns at the principal points.

A general increase in all branches of ordnance and the purchase of a stock of ammunition plentiful enough to carry on an initial campaign.

In addition to the plan for the regular army there will be a number of suggestions for the standardization of the militia. Because of the failure of most of the state organizations to meet the standards set down by the war department it has been deemed inadvisable to spend any great amount of federal money on these branches.

The original plan as worked out by the committee of officers there were provisions for raising the number of militia by offering the various states increased amounts of federal money. The experiences of the past in relation to the militia has satisfied the war department that it would be unwise to attempt to divert large sums of money to this purpose until the various states show an inclination to do their part in the general scheme of national defense.

Secretary Daniels has not completed his plans for improving the navy to put in in condition for appropriate national defense. It is expected that the increase in funds will equal if not surpass that called for by Mr. Garrison. In fact, an addition of \$300,000,000 will nearly represent the total amount needed in addition to the present appropriation for the army and navy.

Members of Congress are becoming daily more favorable to increase allowance for preparedness. Each army and navy representative frankly admits that the sentiment among his constituents is more pronounced for such increases than heretofore supposed.

It is a matter of general comment that Representative James Hay of Virginia, who will be chairman of the military affairs committee in the next house, has somewhat receded from his position of opposition and now says he will support any plan advocated by the president. It is believed that other antagonists of reasonable preparedness will follow in the footsteps of Mr. Hay.

VESSELS TO AND FROM THE ISLANDS

(Special Wirephotos to Merchants' Exchange.) BALROA—Arrived Oct. 5, S. S. Ken-tuckian, from Hilo Sept. 16. SAN FRANCISCO—Arrived, Sept. 23, Sch. Defender, from Hana, Aug. 21. Arrived, Oct. 6, 2:30 p. m., S. S. Manoharia, hence Sept. 29. Sailed, Oct. 6, 1 p. m., S. S. Matsonia for Honolulu. Sailed, Oct. 6, 1 p. m., P. S. A. T. Cherisher for Honolulu. Arrived Oct. 5, Bark, P. Ribbet, from Mahukona, Sept. 11. Arrived, Oct. 6, 1 p. m., S. S. Lur-line, hence Sept. 28. HILO—Sailed, Oct. 3, Sch. Prospector for Grays Harbor.

A negro named Wilson was lynched near Dresden, Tenn., for a crime against a white woman after the circuit judge and the sheriff had once taken him from the mob.

RUSSIAN WOMEN AND BABES DIE OF STARVATION

E. L. S. Gordon, British Consul, Describes War Conditions in Czar's Domain

Trans-Siberian train service between Vladivostok and Petrograd is even more infrequent than Honolulu's steamship service, E. L. S. Gordon, British consul here, believes.

Mr. Gordon has just returned, with his bride whom he married in Japan, from a tour three-quarters of the way around the world. He returned from England via Russia, Siberia and Japan, reaching this city Monday afternoon on the Tenyo Maru.

"There is one train a week for civilians now between Petrograd and Vladivostok," said Mr. Gordon today at the British consulate, 932 Beretania street. "It is called an express, and makes the trip in 10 days. The distance is 8000 versts, about 5000 miles. The train consists of seven cars, one mail and baggage, a diner, three second class coaches and two first class compartments. Most of the time mail-trains and troop-trains monopolize the Trans-Siberian line.

"Coming across I saw a good many Austrian prisoners. In one place, at Perkie-Udinsk, there is a big camp of them. I should estimate at least 20,000. They seemed to be loafing pretty steadily, so far as I could determine."

Asked concerning the present attitude of the Russian people toward the war, Mr. Gordon said they are very determined, and that the present policy seems to be to keep on retreating until the Russian army can get sufficient supplies and ammunition.

"All factories near the line of German invasion have been moved bodily further inland, out of harm's way," he stated. "Employees, machinery and everything have been moved back, and it is hoped that by spring these plants will be able to turn out all the supplies needed by the army."

That there is a great deal of privation and suffering throughout Russia now was stated by the British consul, who says that while on the Petrograd-Vladivostok express he talked with a woman passenger from Lublin, who had seen her house burned by the Russians in their retreat before the Germans. She told Mr. Gordon that alone the Polish women and often children lay dead, having died from exhaustion.

Late in August Mr. Gordon left England, which he says is "very busy over the war." He visited his relatives there, and one of his brothers, R. N. S. Gordon, is now in action, having left for the front this month.

Mr. Gordon was married in Japan. His bride's father, G. P. Denbigh, who has been in business in the Orient for many years, accompanied them here. Mr. Gordon says there are throngs of tourists in Japan at present, for the purpose of attending the coronation ceremonies at Kyoto, the ancient capital, next month.

There has been great freight congestion in Japan since the Pacific fleet went out, he commented. "Even the Japanese lines can't begin to handle all the business, and until extra boats are put on, the congestion is bound to continue."

"Because of the scarcity of gold, people leaving Russia are not allowed to carry more than \$100 in gold out of the country. Travelers are required to carry bank drafts or letters of credit for larger sums. Travelers are not allowed to take letters or papers out of the country, either. Mr. Gordon left Honolulu February 19, going to England by way of Japan, Siberia and Russia."

MOMMIES ON CHANGE

Trading slumped to one deal on change this morning, marking the quietest session for several weeks, a session enlivened only by the announcement of an extra dividend on Onomea, payable on October 20 with the regular monthly 20 cent dividend. The extra dividend is 4 per cent, or 80 cents a share, and with the regular disbursement of 20 cents makes \$1 per share payable on that date, a total of \$75,000 for the company's shareholders.

BASEBALL AT THE CLARION

The Clarion, Fort and Hotel streets, will again furnish its patrons and friends in general a bulletin service on the world baseball championship series beginning Friday. The Clarion has made arrangements for a special service which will bring the score in printing by morning and will keep the fans posted up to the minute. For the last few years the Clarion's baseball service each fall has been a feature much commended for its enterprise.

W. GEORGE ASHLEY, treasurer of the Schuman Garage Company, returned this week from the coast, bringing with him the Ford automobile in which he toured all of California proper, and a good portion of Lower California as well.

WANTED

An experienced seamstress for alterations on ladies' dresses. Apply Jeffs Fashion Co., Inc., rooms 302-303-318 Hawaiian Trust bldg. 6287-31.

BERETANIA AND KING WILL HAVE NEW SIDEWALKS

Outlining a general policy for the board in the construction of sidewalks throughout various portions of the city, Supervisor Robert Shingle last night held the floor for some time and explained his plans.

At the end of his talk, Mr. Shingle moved that the road committee be instructed that the policy of the board in regard to sidewalks was for the construction in the near future of two sidewalks of considerable extent, one of them to be built on Beretania street between Punaluu and King streets in Palama, and one on King street between Kakaia avenue and Morris lane. The motion carried unanimously.

A second motion by Mr. Shingle, to the effect that the road committee be instructed to lay sidewalks on the property fronting on Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and to adjust the sidewalk differences on Luaniua street, made by a former territorial survey, was also carried. Mr. Shingle advocated in his talk four-foot sidewalks out of the fire limit and full-width sidewalks within this boundary.

Wade Warren Thayer, secretary of the territory, received a surprise this morning, when he received through the mail an anonymous pamphlet advocating a harbor at Port Allen, Kauai. The envelope in which the pamphlet was contained bore only the postmark of Honolulu as evidence of where it was mailed.

"It is no idea," he said, "who sent me the pamphlet," but he is sure that someone is still advocating Port Allen as a harbor. Kauai's Chamber of Commerce, which is supposed to represent completely the whole island, has come out with statements and maps proving that they want the government to spend money at Nawiliwili, and now comes this plan for Port Allen.

The pamphlet is a reprint of the old pamphlet which was issued on the subject in 1912. It bears a date good for 1915, as well as for 1912. In the back of it a few typewritten pages have been fastened with glue, to bring the argument up to date.

"I have written to the Chamber of Commerce of Kauai," said Mr. Thayer when asked what he would do with it, "and although I do not pose as an adviser, I did hold up to them an example of what happens when people do not pull together for federal work. You may judge for yourself what community I mean."

LOCAL AND GENERAL

The divorce case, Mary Ah Leong against Peh Ah Leong, has been continued in Circuit Judge Whitney's court until 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

A demurrer to the second count in the indictment against Mr. Rubenstein alias M. R. Benn, charged with having committed a statutory offense was overruled in federal court today. The case was continued until called up for trial.

Owing to the fact that not enough members of the board of harbor commissioners for a quorum are in town, the regular meeting was not held this afternoon. Commissioner E. E. Rodgers left this morning on the Wilhelmina for San Francisco.

Mayor Lane, Engineer Whitehouse and Supervisors Shingle, Horner and Arnold are making an inspection of the roads on the other side of the island today, with a view to determining more details of the road work now in progress there. They will return late this afternoon.

THE BETTER THINGS OF LIFE

naturally come with proper care of the brain and body. And in this connection food plays a mighty important part.

In many cases the daily food lacks certain elements necessary for keeping brain and body upbuilt and in trim. These elements—phosphates for the brain, iron for the blood and lime for the bones—are abundantly supplied in the famous pure food—

Grape-Nuts

Made of prime wheat and malted barley, this partially pre-digested food supplies all the rich nutriment of the grains, including their vital mineral elements.

Grape-Nuts comes ready for the table—serve direct from the packet and add cream or milk. Tasty, economical and convenient.

Thousands have found a daily ration of Grape-Nuts wonderfully helpful to body and brain.

"There's a Reason" Sold by Grocers and Stores.

FIRE-PROOF STORAGE

WE STORE EVERYTHING. JAMES H. LOVE. CITY TRANSFER COMPANY. PHONE 1281

FEDERAL COURT CRIMINAL CASES SET FOR TRIAL

The following criminal cases were set for trial in federal court today: Mrs. Alvira C. Field, liquor, Monday, October 11, 10 a. m., De Bolt for deft.; Lee Tai, smuggling, Tuesday, October 12, 8:30 a. m., Breckons for deft.; Frank Hawkins, liquor, Wednesday, October 13, 8:30 a. m., Rawlins for deft.; Soe Ung, etc., opium, Friday, October 15, 8:30 a. m., Rawlins for deft.; Jose M. Dema, opium, Monday, October 18, 8:30 a. m., Davis for deft.; Heinrich Weck, perjury, October 20, 8:30 a. m., Larnach for deft.; Fong On, opium, Tuesday, October 19, 8:30 a. m., Davis for deft.; Kam Moon, obscene pictures, Monday, October 25, 8:30 a. m., Andrews for deft.; Albert and Cyril Geer, white slavery, Tuesday, October 26, 8:30 a. m., Robinson for deft.; J. P. Veracruz and Florence Aki, statutory, Monday, November 1, 8:30 a. m., Andrews for deft.

The criminal calendar will be called again on November 1 for the purpose of setting further cases for trial.

GONSALVES GETS STIFF FINE FOR SELLING LIQUOR

A fine of \$150, together with costs, was meted out to Ralph Gonsalves, a former enlisted man, by Circuit Judge Ashford today. The defendant was charged with the illicit sale of liquor. His base of operations was at Wahiawa.

That the illicit liquor traffic in and about Wahiawa has got to stop was the ultimatum which Judge Ashford delivered from his bench before pronouncing sentence.

"This disorderly conduct at Wahiawa has resulted in the conviction of many soldiers and the dishonourable discharge of some of them," commented Judge Ashford, and there was a look of grim determination on his face. "These conditions must cease."

PORT ALLEN IS STILL IN RING AS HARBOR SITE

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