

NOTED AMERICAN SUBSCRIBERS TO LOAN GIVE VIEW

Fourteen Representative Men Tell Why U. S. Will Benefit By Anglo-French Loan

Local bankers and other businessmen are interested in the following endorsement of the Anglo-French loan by the United States, the endorsement coming from a number of noted Americans:

"This country has not been accustomed to extend credits upon a large scale to foreign countries and many people do not understand what such credits mean to the maintenance and extension of our agricultural and commercial interest. Each one of us who signs this statement has been asked so many times to express his opinion on the subject that we have decided in this way to place before the American people our understanding of the plain facts in connection with the loan of \$500,000,000 to Great Britain and France. During normal times Great Britain and France purchase from us every year about \$750,000,000 in farm products and other commodities, and we buy heavily from them. Ordinarily the payments by one country to the other are accomplished without the shipment of coin, the indebtedness of one country going to offset that of the other, and the difference, usually constituting a small balance, is covered by gold shipments or otherwise. Now, owing to the war, our purchases from Great Britain and France, our two chief customers, have fallen off and their purchases from us have increased enormously. Thus the total trade balance in our favor for the year ended last June was over \$1,000,000,000, of which \$947,000,000, or over 95%, was represented by the trade balance against these two countries. It is clearly impossible for these countries to continue to meet these heavy balances through the ordinary channels of international exchange. Such heavy shipments of gold as would be required, for instance, are not only difficult but in these days unwise to undertake. Moreover, this country already holds a stock of gold larger than its immediate uses require.

America must therefore find a solution of the problem of financing for a time this favorable trade movement or else run the risk of losing a large part of its export business, for the United States appears to be by no means the only country in the world where Great Britain and France can buy on favorable terms the grain and other commodities they require. If these two great nations are obliged materially to decrease their purchases from us, the result may be lower prices for our farm products and less work for our factories. In other words, if we want these countries to continue as our best customers and thus bring increasing substance to our communities, we must allow them to settle by some system of deferred payments for the commodities they buy from us.

This loan, therefore, which in total amount is only two-thirds of these nations' normal purchases from us each year, is simply a system of deferred payments. In other words, we are lending to Great Britain and France \$500,000,000 so that they may purchase from us things that we want to sell to them. To the United States this loan means, one, that not one dollar of the money loaned will leave our shores; two, that every dollar will go directly or indirectly to some American farmer, working man, merchant, or manufacturer in cash payment for foodstuffs, clothing, raw material, labor and manufactured products that the English and French people need; three, that there will be established in this country a commercial credit just as important to us as to England and France because it will be used to increase our trade and permit the outflow of our surplus products; four, that this country finally recognizes that in order to further American trade, it must become a creditor nation, giving credit to any solvent and friendly nation that may be entitled to it.

"The security for this loan is the income and property of the two richest nations of Europe. The combined wealth of England and France is estimated at \$135,000,000,000, 270 times the amount of this loan. The population of the two countries is almost 100,000,000. The proposed loan is practically the only external obligation of the two nations, such a loan being, as we view it, a first claim upon the revenues and wealth of the nations issuing it. The total internal debt of the two nations is considerably under \$20,000,000,000 and is less than one year's income of the people of these two nations. This loan will increase their indebtedness only 2 1/2%. Having thus no question as to the fundamental safety and prompt payment of the loan, we have each subscribed to it, believing moreover, that every American citizen who participates in the loan will be contributing substantially to the commercial prosperity of the whole nation.

"Signed: Daniel Catlin, St. Louis, Mo.; Joseph H. Choate, New York; Charles W. Elliot, Cambridge, Mass.; Howard Elliott, Boston, Mass.; Fairfax Harrison, Washington, D. C.; Henry Higginson, Boston, Mass.; James J. Hill, St. Paul, Minn.; H. B. Ledyard, Detroit, Mich.; Robert T. Lincoln, Washington, D. C.; Franklin D. Locke, Buffalo, N. Y.; Seth Low, New York; E. P. Ripley, Chicago, Ill.; Theodore N. Vail, Lyndonville, Vt.; Henry Walters, Baltimore, Md."

It is stated that all of these men have personally subscribed to the loan.

Ladies especially appreciate this feature of our work.

A. N. SANFORD OPTICIAN

Boston Bldg., Fort Street
Over May & Co.

CHOP SUI
93 North King Street
(Between Maunakea and Smith)
Call and see our brand new CHOP SUI House—Everything Neat and Clean.

Tables may be reserved by phone, No. 1713

YUAN SHIH-KAI MAKING TROOPS JOIN REBELLION

(Continued from Page 1)

the revolt would come. However, upon the receipt of the news from Hunan, the entire military force voted unanimously to join the National party.

Kong Shu is one of the most important provinces in China and Nanking is one of the important cities, having a population of more than 200,000. Nanking is the old capital of China and is the leading commercial city of this section. The city is located on the Yangtze Kiang river about 250 miles west of Shanghai.

Other cities in Kong Shu that have joined the National party movement are Chichau, Luchau, Kingwho, Luchau and Ta Tung. All of these cities are important commercial centers. The province of Kong Shu is about 400 miles in extent from north to south and about 300 miles from east to west. The province is drained by the Yangtze Kiang and the Hwai rivers and tributaries.

The Kong Shu province joins the province of Hunan on the east and the territory covered by these two provinces from east to west is 1000 miles. Hupeh province, a stronghold of the National party, is expected to follow the movement of her sister provinces and, should the soldiers of Yuan revolt in that section, the National party would have control of the richest districts of southern China.

Gen. Hung Ko Chong, one of Yuan Shih-Kai's staff officers, who has been in charge of the military barracks at Nanking, publicly joined the revolt today. In a public statement he says that he has cast his lot with the members of the National party.

(By Associated Press)
PEKING, China.—Many of the papers printed in English in various foreign concessions continue to vigorously assail the proposed monarchy on the ground that it is especially dangerous for China to make any change while world politics is at such white heat. Other papers printed in English accept the monarchical movement as inevitable, and are urging that wholesale reforms be carried on by the government regardless of whether it be called a republic or a monarchy.

Foreign criticism of the movement and the general belief that several foreign powers would withhold their recognition of the monarchy have nettled the leaders.

An editorial in the Peking Daily News discussing foreign critics, says: "They mistake the shadow for the substance, raise dolorous cries when it is proposed to give an authentic definition to China's system of government, and to abandon the pretense that it is republicanism. It is putting our credulity to too severe a strain to ask us to believe that 500,000,000 people in China would be so fanatical in their support of a monarchy, if it were decided to describe correctly the system of government under which order has been brought out of chaos. To speak frankly, China is enjoying the monarchical system today, but the country describes itself as a republic and consequently the system would fall to pieces on the death of the ruler if no provision were made for its maintenance. That provision can be made without danger or loss of time simply by abandoning the fatuous pretenses that the system that prevails is republicanism."

The opponents of the monarchical system estimate \$100,000,000, or about \$20,000,000 in gold, as the probable expense of restoring a monarchy, but the proponents say that this big figure is based on the cost of enthronement in ancient times.

When a new emperor came to the throne in China, he always remitted the land tax for the year of his enthronement. These taxes alone make up for the greater part of the \$100,000,000 estimate. Yang Tu and other leaders of the society for the preservation of peace say it will not be necessary under present conditions to remit the land tax for enthronement year.

Those who saw the window display in honor of the Japanese coronation in the windows of Wall & Dougherty last evening, were impressed with its unusual beauty.

Amidst a gorgeous profusion of huge yellow chrysanthemums were placed the Hawaiian, American and Japanese flags.

By means of a clever illuminating device, these were thrown into bold, vari-colored relief, which gave the whole display a decorative touch that has brought this up-to-date firm many congratulations.

Official announcement was made in Paris that the French import duty on wheat will be 7 francs per quintal.

Professor Theodor Boveri, noted biologist, attached to the University of Wurzburg, Germany, died.

WANTED ADS

WANTED.

Good laundryman is wanted for washing and ironing. Apply the Rose-lawn, 1366 S. King st. 6318-4f

EMPEROR TAKES PART IN ANTIQUE 'KAGURA' RITUAL

(Continued from Page 1)

under the guidance of the coronation officials and took the seats assigned to them.

The doors of the imperial sanctuary were thrown open by the officiating officials to the strains of the kagura music. Next the officials presented the sacred rice and other offerings to the altar. The soft strains of the kagura music were heard continually. Then the chief ritualist, attired in full religious costume, proceeded before the sanctuary and read a Shinto prayer.

Presently the imperial train entered the hall, the Emperor being preceded by the grand master of ceremonies and the household minister. After the Emperor came two chamberlains, one holding the sacred sword and the other the imperial privy seal. They were followed by the lord chamberlain, other chamberlains, the chief aide-de-camp and aides-de-camp. Behind the imperial retinue walked the Crown Prince, princes of the blood and other members of the imperial family and the lord keeper of the privy seal, the chief of the coronation committee bringing up the rear.

When the Emperor had taken his seat on the imperial throne the chamberlains who held the sacred sword and the imperial seal placed them on the tables near by. The scene was one of great beauty and color, with the dominating note solemnity.

The ceremony proper was then begun. It was concluded in a short space of time. The Emperor rose from his seat, and, while court ritualists were playing the sacred bells, made a respectful bow to the sanctuary. The same formalities were observed by the Crown Prince, princes and princesses of the blood and other members of the imperial family.

The court musicians then resumed the kagura music and the Emperor and members of the imperial house retired in the same order observed at their entry. At the close of the ceremony all participants either offered worship or showed their respect before the sanctuary. The offerings placed on the altar were removed and taken away by the officials to the strains of the kagura, and the door of the sanctuary was closed.

The kagura music is an important Shinto air of very old origin, having been handed down from the dimmest ages. When Amaterasu Omikami, the great imperial ancestress, concealed herself in a cave, being angry with the lawless conduct of her brother, Shimo Mikoto, her subjects, convinced as they were of the wrath of their mistress, after consulting they hit upon a plan to play music.

A goddess attending the sun goddess, named Amanoo-Uzume, put on a wig made of the bark of the Judas tree and, girding up the sleeves of her dress with a cord made of vine, danced before the cave wherein the Sun Goddess was resting. There was an accompaniment of song and a halbard with bells attached. The gods and goddesses made a huge bonfire, as it was pitch dark outside the cave, and made merry at the dance of the goddess Amanoo-Uzume. The Sun Goddess, whose feminine curiosity was aroused by the swelling music and dancing, opened the door of the cave to look upon the scene.

So pleased was she at the merry entertainment that her wrath was dispelled and she came out of her concealment. Her subjects, gods and goddesses, were overjoyed at the reappearance of their Sun Goddess and sang a song of welcome. This was the origin of the kagura dance. In the reign of the first Emperor Jimmu the kagura dance was established as an important function at the court ceremonials.

In the reign of Emperor Setwa, 859 A. D., the kagura dance was used for the first time in the celebration of the Daijosal or grand thanksgiving festival as part of the accession ceremony. The present airs used in the kagura music were selected from among ancient songs by Emperor Ichijo, and number 38. The principal instruments used in the music are harpe and futes. In playing the kagura music the musicians take their seats in two groups, one facing the other.

WINDOW DISPLAY AT WALL & DOUGHERTY'S DRAWS MUCH PRAISE

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TWILEI WOMAN SAYS RICH MAN BRUISED FACE

Florence Morton has G. D. Ball, Supposed Pittsburg Millionaire, Nabbed for Assault

Summoned by a policeman who called at his rooms at a local hotel, George D. Ball, rumored to be a millionaire glass manufacturer of Pittsburg, Pa., appeared in the police court today to answer a charge of assault preferred by Florence Morton, a woman of the Iwilei district. At Ball's request the case was continued until next Tuesday.

The Morton woman says that Ball, with L. W. Burns and two other men came to her cottage at Iwilei last night and that after an argument Ball struck her on the chin and knocked her down. She claims that while she was half conscious Ball picked her up and placed her on a sofa and that when she recovered a few minutes later and tried to rise he punched her on the other side of the face, and knocked her down again.

Her face is bruised on one side and is cut where, she says, the huge diamond Ball wears struck her. The other side of her cheek is also badly bruised.

Ball arrived here yesterday from San Francisco on the Matsushita. He will tell his side of the story Tuesday in court.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Honolulu Commandery, No. 1, will hold a stated meeting tonight at 7:30 o'clock.

Federal court trial jurors who are not engaged in the trial of the case of Ah Quon have been excused until 8:30 o'clock Friday morning.

The members of the Honolulu Street Railway Employees' Benefit Association will meet at 7:30 o'clock this evening at the club house in Beretania street.

Bids for supplying metal furniture for the capitol and judiciary buildings will be opened in the office of the superintendent of public works at noon on November 26.

To consider whether the Maui Telephone Company shall be allowed to increase rates, the members of the public utilities commission will hold a public meeting tomorrow evening.

Practically the whole Punchbowl crater has been made a National Guard of Hawaii reservation under executive order No. 35 which has been signed by the governor. The reserved area contains 104 acres.

"The Kinds of Bacteria" will be the subject of an illustrated lecture which Prof. Vaughan MacCaughy will deliver at the Library of Hawaii at 9 o'clock next Saturday morning. The lecture will be under the auspices of the College of Hawaii.

Reports of the superintendent and other officers covering the work accomplished during October, were to be read at a meeting of the executive committee of the Anti-Saloon League this afternoon. Matters of routine business also were to be transacted.

With a view to raising funds for the thousands of Poles who are starving in Russia, dolls manufactured in Paris by Polish artists and sculptors soon will be sold in Honolulu, according to information which has been received by the Chamber of Commerce from Helene Paderewski, wife of the noted pianist.

The second illustrated lecture of the College of Hawaii Saturday morning series will be given on next Saturday morning at 9 o'clock in the Library of Hawaii. Professor Vaughan MacCaughy will discuss "The Kinds of Bacteria." This is the second of his series upon "Bacteria and Human Welfare." These Saturday morning extension classes are free and open to the public.

DAILY REMINDERS

To get value, sell it by auction. See auction ads.—Adv.

Round the island in auto, \$4.00. Lewis Stables. Phone 2141.—adv.

Milton & Parsons are showing soft felt ladies' hats for steamer wear.—Adv.

You know by experience probably that you ought to save money. Don't make the same mistake twice. Begin today with Bishop & Co.

Be up to date in your communications as well as in other things. Don't wait to write—use wireless. Call 1574, Mutual Wireless, for perfect service.

New line of brassieres, Juniform and Prudential goods maternity and surgical corsets and belts; new fall models, front and back lace corsets. Goodwin Corset Shop, Pantheon bldg.—Adv.

The National Association of Postmasters opened their annual convention at Washington.

The torpedo boat destroyer Reid, on neutrality duty in Boston harbor, was rammed while at anchor and slightly damaged by the barge Match Chunk of New York.

Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Drops. No Stinging. Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Sores of the Eyes. Druggist or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

HILL SHIP TO TRY EXPERIMENTS IN FRUIT CARRYING

Great Northern, With Cold Storage Space for 350 Tons, to Take Pines and Bananas

Experimental shipments of bananas and pineapples to see how they stand the voyage, will be accepted here by the Great Northern for transportation to San Francisco when the ship sails from here the first week in December, Fred L. Waldron, local agent, announced today.

"The Great Northern has an extremely large cold storage capacity, 350 tons," said Mr. Waldron, "and the company believes bananas will stand the trip well if placed there, as the trip from here to San Francisco will be made in four days and a half. I can't tell whether the ship will accept these fruits for shipment every trip. It will depend on how the experimental shipments stand the voyage."

If the big liner will take bananas and pineapples regularly, she will do a great deal toward relieving the present congestion in carrying accommodations since the Pacific Mail withdrew. The Oceanic and Matson boats have had more fruit shipping business than they could handle ever since that time. The Great Northern will arrive here December 3 on her first trip from the coast.

EMPTY FISHING BOAT IS FOUND FAR OUT AT SEA

Drifting far out to sea, off Walkiki, an empty 14-foot new fishing boat, painted a sea-green, was picked up a few days ago by Capt. Albert Frederickson, skipper of the aOlu Shipping Company's newer schooner Makana.

There is no name on the boat and nothing to indicate to whom it belongs. In the boat were fishing lines, a sail and a surf board, but nothing to indicate the craft's ownership. A pair of oars lay in the boat.

The little boat is at Pier 3, and Capt. Frederickson is waiting for a claimant to appear. Whether some one hired the skiff, rowed out to sea and committed suicide by jumping overboard is a matter of speculation. It is thought, however, that it may have become loosed from its moorings and drifted away.

POSTAL INSPECTOR FLAVIN LIKELY TO COME ON HILL SHIP

A postal received yesterday by a local employe in the postoffice from Postal Inspector Thomas J. Flavin, stating that he might return to Honolulu on the Great Northern's first trip to this port from the coast, strengthens the belief that Mr. Flavin has secured, or is about to obtain, a mail-carrying contract for the Great Northern by which she will bring and take mail between this port and San Francisco.

The Great Northern is due here December 3. Mr. Flavin has been away four months, and his friends understand that he has been looking the Great Northern over, and may have recommended to the department that she be granted a mail-carrying contract.

Six thousand suffragettes and three thousand men supporters paraded in Pittsburg.

The Dinner Set and the Dinner

are indispensable and inseparable. In making preparations for your THANKSGIVING DINNER it is also important to have the proper dishes.

Our stock consists of a selection of 39 open stock patterns ranging in quality from the inexpensive semi-porcelains to the Royal Mintons, all of which being sold in open stock enables you to select just the pieces you need.

"The House of Housewares"
W. W. Dimond & Co., Ltd.
Honolulu, Hawaii.
53-65 King St. Phone 4937



Carefully Selected Christmas Cards

IT ONLY TAKES A LITTLE WORD TO SPELL A LOT OF CHEER, IT ONLY TAKES A LITTLE THOUGHT TO WISH IT ALL THE YEAR, IT ONLY TAKES A LITTLE LOVE TO MAKE THE WISH SINCERE, IT ONLY TAKES A LITTLE CARD TO SEND IT TO YOU HERE.

Special attention given to personal greeting cards

Fresh Every Day "Velvet" Ice Cream, Milk, Cream, Butter

Phone 1542
HONOLULU DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION

See Our Attractive Bargain Counter

The public is cordially invited to visit our Store and inspect our display of NICE EMBROIDERIES and CURIOS from INDIA, CHINA and the PHILIPPINES, before deciding to make any Christmas purchases for the folks at home.

Our special attraction is a BARGAIN COUNTER, now on display, offering REAL BARGAINS.

EAST INDIAN STORE

BLAISDELL BUILDING 1150 FORT STREET

CROCKERY

THAT WINS THE EYE AND THE ADMIRATION IS INCLUDED IN THIS

Grand Clearance Sale

Also Oriental Dry Goods

IN PIECE AND IN READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS AT RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES.

Hotel St., Between Nuuanu and Smith

Hotel St., Between Nuuanu and Smith

Hotel St., Between Nuuanu and Smith