# LOCAL NEWS.

### To Advertisers.

Nearly four thousand copies of the *Republican* are circulated among the floating population every day, besides the large number served to regular subscribers. Advertisers will take note accordingly.

### CITY COUNCILS.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—The President laid before the Board a communication from the Mayor, signing certain acts.

The President said, that on the 17th he received the following communication:

FORT HAMILTON, *Sept.* 14, 1861.

*Hon. W. T. Dove, President of the Board of Aldermen, Washington, D. C.*

SIR:—I beg that you will communicate to the Board of Aldermen this my resignation as Mayor of the City of Washington, and transmit a copy to the President of the Board of Common Council.

I am, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
JAMES G. BERRET, Mayor.

He said that he was not willing to take the responsibility upon his own shoulders; he therefore addressed the following note to the corporation attorney:

*To Jos. H. Bradley, Esq, corporation attorney.*

DEAR SIR:—Enclosed, you will find a communication from J. G. Berret, Esq., (which came to me through the State Department,) resigning the office of Mayor of this city.

You will confer a favor on me by advising the proper course to be pursued.

Yours respectfully,
WILLIAM T. DOVE,
President Board of Aldermen.

The corporation attorney replied by sending his opinion to the Board. He decides that, in view of the action of both Boards, Mr. Wallach is entitled to hold his office for the remainder of the term of office left by Mr. Berret.

Dr. Magruder moved that the resignation be laid on the table, and the opinion of the corporation attorney be printed with the proceedings. Agreed to.

Mr. Moore offered a joint resolution recommending the religious observance of the day set apart by the President of the United States in his proclamation for fasting, humiliation, and prayer. Passed.

Mr. Moore offered a bill, which was passed, entitled "An act to repair certain gutters and flag foot-ways in the fifth ward."

Also, a bill to repair Third and Fourth streets east, at the intersection of Pennsylvania avenue. Passed.

Mr. Bayly offered a joint preamble and resolution for the relief of property owners from charges for taxes for gas on Fifth street west, from G to I streets north. Passed.

Mr. Sargeant presented a petition to remit a fine imposed upon J. A. Hopkins.

At the suggestion of Dr. Magruder, it was postponed until Monday week, and made the special order for that day.

A joint resolution from the lower Board was passed relating to the observance of Thursday, the 26th September, as a day of fasting, humiliation, and prayer.

Also, a bill for the relief of John Glick.

Mr. Lloyd offered a concurrent resolution in regard to the Mayoralty.

On motion, it was laid over until Monday next, and made the special order.

The Board then adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.—A communication was received from the Mayor, avowing his approval of certain acts.

A communication was received from the commissioner of the western district in relation to the sewer drop on Eleventh street, near H, recommending the enlargement and improvement of said sewer. Referred.

A letter was received from W. T. Dove, Esq., President of the Board of Aldermen, enclosing the resignation of James G. Berret, Esq., as Mayor of the city.

Mr. Callan offered a resolution asking the opinion of the corporation attorney as to the fifth and nineteenth sections of the act of Congress creating a metropolitan police. Passed.

Mr. Lewis presented a petition from J. M. Downing and others, property owners in the neighborhood of the Methodist Church South, protesting against the use of said building for public school purposes. Referred.

Mr. Shepherd offered a resolution in relation to the observance of Thursday next as a day of fasting and prayer. Passed.

Mr. Hitz introduced a bill making appropriation to grade Third street east, between D and E, south. Passed.

Mr. Lewis, from the Committee on Improvements, asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the bill, proposing to change the place of meeting of this Board, and they were discharged.

He also, from the same committee, reported a bill for repairing the stone pavement in the alley of square 378. Passed.

Mr. Morgan offered a resolution that the surveyor be requested to furnish the Board with the probable cost of grading and paving the gutter on the north side of square 184. Passed.

Mr. Raub offered a joint resolution allowing James Ginnity to build a frame stairway against his brick house. Referred.

Bills from the Board of Aldermen:

A bill for the continuation of the Thirteenth street sewer, from north E to Canal street. Referred.

A bill requiring a special oath to be taken by the employees of the corporation. Referred.

A bill proposing an amendment to the Common Council bill for paving the gutter at the intersection of north B and Third streets, east, and making it read; "First street, east." Passed.

Joint resolution in relation to hogs and geese running at large, which was laid on the table in the Board of Aldermen; also laid on the table here.

Resolution requesting this Board to return to the Board of Aldermen a report of the Committee on Finance. Referred.

A bill authorizing the water registrar to lay certain water mains by special contract; which was passed.

Joint resolution relating to the observance of Thursday next as a day of fasting and prayer, in accordance with the proclamation of the President. Passed.

Mr. Raub offered a resolution requesting the surveyor to submit a plan for altering the gutter in the alley in square 226, so as to prevent the accumulation of water. Passed.

Adjourned.

### A Little Boy Kicked by a Horse.

On Sunday afternoon, as a little son of Mrs. Wall, residing on Twelfth street, near M, was chasing a horse, running at large in that vicinity, and endeavoring to take hold of his tail, the horse suddenly raised his hind leg and kicked him violently in the forehead, felling him to the ground. The services of Dr. Lovejoy were soon secured, however, and the wounds of the little sufferer properly dressed. His face is much bruised, though there was no serious injury inflicted. The wonder is, that the injury was not more severe than it really is. While so many horses are constantly passing through our streets, in every part of the city, parents should be very careful about letting their small children play in them.

### Sent Back.

A man named James McGarety was arrested by officer Leach, on Sunday morning, at a livery stable, in the second ward, on the charge of being a fugitive from justice from Philadelphia, where he stands charged with having committed a violent assault on a lady. He was taken back to Philadelphia yesterday by Mr. W. Campbell, who had become his security.

### National Fast Day.

It will be seen by the advertisement in another column, that Mayor Wallach officially recommends the general observance of Thursday next "as a day of humiliation, fasting and prayer." This is to carry out the request of the joint committee of Congress, and the subsequent proclamation of the President.

### Withers's Band.

Withers's Excelsior Band of this city, which served with so much credit during the late three months campaign, with the New York twelfth regiment, has been engaged by the New York thirty-third regiment, for the war. Mr. Withers is now in New York, for the purpose of engaging a few crack performers to fill the band.

### The Police Commissioners.

The Board of Police Commissioners met at one o'clock yesterday, in their new rooms, No. 516 Eleventh street, over the office of the Gas-Light Company, all the members being present.

The following persons were designated for trial on the police force, to fill existing vacancies:

Fourth Precinct, First Ward.—John McLean Buel, Charles Boaman, W. H. Stewart, John H. Stinchcomb and John Rau, in place of J. J. Carr, D. Crump, W. E. Stewart, J. H. Godfrey, and D. H. Leckron, declined.

Fifth Precinct, Second Ward.—Thomas J. Littleton, in place of M. Gassaway.

Seventh Precinct, Fourth Ward.—F. Depro, in place of Frank Miller, declined.

Eighth Precinct, Fifth Ward.—John B. Conway, in place of T. Carraher, ineligible.

Ninth Precinct, Sixth Ward.—S. Arnold, in place of W. Boyd, declined.

The vacancies in this city are now all filled; the whole force—one hundred and eighteen men—being on duty.

A committee, consisting of Messrs. Brown, Tenney, and Bowen, was appointed to procure station-houses in each precinct.

The committee on uniforms reported that they had adopted the uniform of the New York Metropolitan Police, (a description of which we published some days since,) and recommended the same to the Board. The uniform as recommended, after a hat similar to that used by the United States army had been substituted for the cap, was adopted.

The Board then adjourned to meet on Friday at one o'clock at the same place.

### Highway Robbery in the Seventh Ward

Night before last, as two soldiers, William Harlow and Nelson Huptall, were passing along Maryland avenue, near Third street, they were met by three persons who knocked them down and robbed them of all the money they had. The persons concerned in the outrage were afterwards arrested by the patrolmen, and identified by the soldiers. They proved to be John Maher *alias* Cunningham, Andrew Kidwell, and John Talley, the first two of whom have just been discharged from the Penitentiary, and the last well known as a frequent occupant of the county jail. They were taken before Justice Clark, who committed them all to jail.

### A Patriotic Pensioner.

Mrs. Susan Hurdle, of Montgomery county, Maryland, aged ninety-four years, came into the city yesterday, and, after taking the oath of allegiance, drew her pension. Mrs. Hurdle is a sound Union lady, and took the required oath with a will.

### Charge of False Swearing.

Yesterday morning, Policeman Raynolds arrested Joseph R. Swift, on the oath of Adam Ottwith, charging him with obtaining, by fraud and false swearing, a patent for car coupling, thereby defrauding him out of the same. The accused was taken before Justice Donn, who held him to bail for a further hearing.

### Gilmore's Band Coming.

Gilmore's celebrated Salem Band, sixty-two performers, including ten buglers and twenty drummers, is coming to Washington with Gen. Wilson's regiment, which will probably arrive here in the course of a few weeks.

### Death of a Soldier.

Mr. John Brown, of company B, first regiment Excelsior (Sickles') Brigade, died, yesterday morning, in the E Street Hospital. Although he had been ill for some days, his death was unexpected.

### Probable Fatal Accident on the Railroad.

On Saturday morning last, as a train containing troops was in the act of stopping at Annapolis Junction, a member of a Pennsylvania regiment attempted to get off, when he was thrown violently against a platform, seriously injuring his spine and fracturing his head. He was at once removed to the officers' quarters near by, and medical attendance summoned. The surgeons in attendance are apprehensive that his injuries will result fatally.

### The Merry Social Club.

By reference to another column, it will be seen that this favorite club will give their fourth grand assembly at the Odd Fellows' Hall, Navy Yard, to-morrow evening. Judging by the former entertainments of the "Socials," there is no doubt but that this assembly will be a success, and affords a pleasant evening's entertainment to all who may attend.

### Excitement on Ninth Street.

Considerable excitement was occasioned in the vicinity of Ninth and H streets, yesterday afternoon, by the arrest, by the provost guard, of three drunken soldiers. It was with difficulty that they were captured, and it was not until the guard had sent off after more men that they could be induced to peacefully march to the guardhouse.

### Suggestive.

It will be recollected that, several months since, a beautiful flag was brought to this city and erected on the Northern Liberties Market, at the expense of the public-spirited citizens of that locality. Time, which influences all things, has not failed to have its due effect upon this flag, and it now presents a more tattered appearance than any we remember to have looked upon, not a stripe remaining whole; but, strange to say, every star is still there, shining with all their original lustre and beauty. It is a fruitful source of comment to passers-by.

### Police Matters.

The following persons, who were brought in by the Metropolitan Police, were disposed of by Justice Clark yesterday: Abe Smith, throwing stones in the street, fine and cost, $2.27; John Jones, drunk, fine and costs, $1.94; Jones Berks, swearing, &c., fine and costs, $7.19; Thomas Taylor, vagrant, paid 94 cents costs, and gave $10 security.

### The Cry is, Still they Come!

And all we can hear is, "War! war! war!" But, for my part, I am tired of the old story of war. But, oh! Mrs. Brown, have you heard the very latest news? No. Why, SMITH, No. 460 Seventh street, has just received a new stock of FALL CLOTHING of every description, and he offers to sell them at such low prices. They say he has a knack of selling his goods at lower rates than the other stores. How he does it, I do not know. But, for my part, I can assure you, Mrs. Brown, that he can fit out your boys with nice CLOTHING at remarkably low prices. I advise all to call at SMITH'S, No. 460 Seventh street, opposite Post Office, and look at his New Stock, and they will be convinced that what Mrs. Jones said, is so.

aug 30—3m

### DIED,

At 11 o'clock A. M., September 23, Rev. JOHN B. FERGUSON, in the 83d year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the first Methodist Protestant church, navy yard.

[Baltimore and Western New York papers please copy.]


FOR THE ARMY.

CAMP GOODS.

Still they Come, at No. 526 Seventh and D Streets.

Miller's Magic Trunks
Portable folding-leg Tables
Do cross-leg Tables
Oak-raised head Bedsteads
Portable oak Bedsteads
Oak centre-hinge Bedsteads
Cherry screw Cots
Do hinge Cots, in the centre
Camp Chests, all sizes
Camp Stools, of every description
Tin Ware, Buckets Brooms
And every other article at the lowest prices.

GREEN & WILLIAMS,
526, corner Seventh and D streets.

sept 24—eodlw


MAYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, September 21, 1861.

In conformity with the request of a joint committee of Congress, and in accordance with the proclamation of the President of the United States of the 12th of August, last, the several offices of the Corporation will be closed, and all its work suspended, on Thursday next, the 26th instant, to enable its employees to observe it as a day of "humiliation, prayer, and fasting" and I respectfully suggest to my fellow citizens the propriety of closing their respective places of business, and abstaining from all secular employment on the occasion, and thus assist in promoting the object of the proclamation.

RICHARD WALLACH,
sept 24 Mayor.

# BY TELEGRAPH.

## From Gen. Rosecrans's Column.

ANOTHER FIGHT EXPECTED ON THE KANAWHA LINE.

*Cross Lanes, Va., September* 19, 1861.—Another engagement anticipated soon. Graff, of the twenty-eighth Ohio, wounded in battle, is dying; also, Jenkins, of the seventh Ohio; Patrick Kenny, of the tenth, cannot recover.

Seven of the rebel bushwhackers were captured to-day.

Major R. B. Hayes is appointed Judge Advocate of the army of Western Virginia, on Rosecrans's staff.

"ELKWATER, September 18, 1861.

"*To Governor G. P. Morton:*

"We have driven the rebels from both our positions, killing near one hundred of them. Colonel Kimball's command (fourteenth Indiana) was twice surrounded, but he repulsed them with great gallantry and a small loss to us.

[Signed,] "J. J. REYNOLDS."

IMPORTANT RUMOR FROM CHEAT MOUNTAIN.

The Wheeling *Press* of Saturday has received the annexed dispatch, said to be from a reliable source, though we doubt its reliability:

*Webster, Va., September* 20, 1861.—A messenger from Cheat Mountain reports that the rebel army have retreated, and cannot be found within fifteen miles of our camp.

The rebel forces had a fight, last Sunday night among themselves. A great many dead bodies, arms, blankets, &c., were found where they were encamped.

RETREAT OF FLOYD AND WISE.

The correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* writing from General Rosecrans's army, under date of September 16, says:

Colonel McCook has already advanced fourteen miles beyond Gauley river, with his brigade, and last night was encamped at the junction of the Sunday road with the Kanawha and James River Pike, forty-three miles from Lewisburg. He met Gen. Cox there with part of his brigade, waiting for Floyd, but the latter had slipped through before Gen. Rosecrans's order reached Gauley bridge.

Cox was ready, with three days cooked rations, to move, when the order reached him, and Friday evening he encamped at the point above stated, to await further orders. His advance guard, under Lieutenant Wagner, United States engineers, approached so nearly to a detachment of rebels, which were endeavoring to get out of our reach, that they left their camp equipage and an important mail behind. A Richmond paper containing correspondence from the gentleman who left his pencil sketch at Carnifex Ferry, was read with considerable unction. The aforesaid gentleman was describing the affair at Cross Lanes. He was terribly addicted to the culminative style of writing, and remarked upon that enterprise, "This is the first of a series of splendid advances by Floyd. I can assure you that they will be followed up, first by an attack upon Gauley Bridge, and the enemy will be driven until they stop on the other side of the Ohio. This brigade will never make a retrograde movement."

A prisoner says Floyd had some of his best horses saddled on the opposite side of the ferry, on the day of the battle, to enable himself and staff to escape, if we pushed him too closely. There are now still stronger evidences that Floyd would have retreated the night we arrived here, if we had not attacked him. Lieutenant Wagner also reports that his command captured fifteen prisoners, including a lieutenant of artillery and a surgeon, at Dog Wood flats. There is little doubt that both Floyd and Wise are in full retreat near Lewisburg.

TWO FIGHTS.

*St. Louis*, Sept. 22.—It appears there were two fights at Blue Mills Landing on the 17th. The first between 500 men of the third Iowa regiment, with one piece of artillery, under Lieut. Col. Scott, and about 4,000 rebels. After a desperate struggle of one hour's duration, in which the Federal troops lost 120 killed and wounded and all their horses, they retreated slowly for half a mile, hauling their cannon by hand, and took up a position on an eminence and waited an attack, but the enemy did not pursue. Not long after, Col. Smith's command of Federal troops, with four pieces of artillery, approached Blue Mills Landing by another route, and engaged and routed the rebels as they were about crossing the river.

A SKIRMISH.

*Cairo*, Sept. 22.—A skirmish, on Friday, occurred below Fort Holt, between a company of the tenth regiment and a small company of rebels, in which the latter were routed. One Federal soldier was wounded.

On Saturday, the gunboats Tyler and Lexington went down the river searching for masked batteries. The Lexington went in sight of the rebel camp at Chalk Bluff, but found no batteries and all quiet.

THE MISSOURI STATE CONVENTION RECONVENED.

*Jefferson City*, Sept. 22.—Governor Gamble has issued a call to the State Convention, saying that the exigencies of the State require the assembling of the State Convention in St. Louis on the 10th of October next, to adopt such measures as the welfare of the State may require.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

*Fortress Monroe, September* 22, 1861.—The steamer S. R. Spaulding arrived from Hatteras Inlet this morning. On Tuesday last, the propeller Fanny ran down to Ocracoke Inlet with a detachment of troops, who entirely destroyed the fortifications abandoned there by the Confederates, after the taking of Fort Hatteras. The magazine was burnt, and the cannon either sunk or spiked.

The privateers Coffee and Winslow had visited Ocracoke Inlet for the purpose of carrying off the guns left there, but, on the appearance of the steamer Fanny, with the United States troops, they both withdrew.

It was said that the rebels were assembled in force at Washington and Newbern, and that ten thousand had landed at Roanoke Island, with the view of destroying the light-house at Oregon Inlet, and the dwellings and the property of the Unionists there. To prevent the accomplishment of this design, a detachment of seven hundred men, accompanied by a naval force, were about to leave Hatteras Inlet.

[Roanoke Island is about forty-five miles due north from Fort Hatteras, up the Pamlico Sound.]

Another unsuspecting vessel intending to bring supplies of fish and salt to the rebels, ran into "Uncle Sam's trap" at Hatteras Inlet, and was secured as a prize. She proved to be the Argonaut, of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, with a cargo of fish and salt.

A portion of the eleventh regiment New York Fire Zouaves, composed mainly of the members of the first regiment Fire Zouaves, reached Old Point this morning.

There was an alarm last night at Newport News. The troops in the Fortress and at Camp Hamilton were also under arms. At dusk a considerable force of Confederates were seen near Newport News, but they withdrew after burning a few grain ricks.

Newport News can at any time be largely reinforced from the Fortress without in the least impairing the strength of the garrison.

A FIGHT AT MARRIOTTSTOWN—ROUT OF FOUR HUNDRED REBELS, WITH A LOSS OF ALL THEIR TENTS AND SUPPLIES.

*St. Louis*, Sept. 23.—The Leavenworth *Times* of Friday states that a fight took place at Marriottstown, Mo., on Tuesday morning, between six hundred Federal troops, under Colonels Montgomery and Johnson, and four hundred rebels, in which the latter were completely routed, with a loss of seven men killed and the capture of one hundred horses and all their tents and supplies. The Federal troops had two privates killed and six wounded. Colonel Johnson, while riding at the head of his command, was pierced by nine bullets, and instantly killed.


LOST.—A Masonic Mark, with the following inscribed on it: "George Dare, Altoona, Feb'y 21st, 1859." A liberal reward will be paid for the delivery of it to Major George Dare, fifth Regiment P. R. C., near Tennallytown.

sept 23—2t*

FOR SALE LOW—
400 bbls. Irish and Sweet Potatoes.
100 firkins Butter.
40 boxes Cheese.
15 bbls. Eggs.

JONES & CO.,
sept 23—2t* Corner Eighth and D streets.


# LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

## LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE GREAT EASTERN DAMAGED.

*New York*, Sept. 23.—The steamship Persia has arrived here. She passed the Great Eastern, on the 16th instant, putting back to Liverpool, in a damaged condition.

Movements of troops are making, preparatory to their embarkation for Canada.

Mr. Russell's last letter to the London *Times* says General McClellan is rapidly becoming master of the situation of military affairs, and that the movements of the Federals by water, both on the seaboard and down the Mississippi, must greatly embarrass the South.

It is reported that the City of New York steamer took forty-five cases of rifles for the Northern army. [This vessel has arrived at New York.] The agents of the line, however, deny all knowledge of any shipment contraband of war.

The monthly return of the Bank of France shows an increase of nine millions of francs.

The *Moniteur* denies the rumors of an extraordinary naval movement by France.

The report is confirmed that Spain is to join the French and English expedition against Mexico.

ARMS AND EQUIPMENTS FOR MISSOURI.

*New York*, Sept. 23.—Three thousand muskets and four thousand equipments will be shipped to Missouri, to morrow, by the most expeditious routes.

COMMENCEMENT OF THE WAR IN KENTUCKY.

*Louisville*, September 23.—A battalion of secession cavalry, under Mitchell Laporelle, drove in Captain Gibson's pickets last night, on Salt river. Four of them are missing.

A Federal encampment has been established at Harrodsburg.

Messrs. Irving and Silvertooth, two prominent secessionist representatives, have been arrested. Two supposed spies from Buckner's army were also arrested at Louisville this morning.

ESCAPE OF MESSRS. BRECKINRIDGE AND PRESTON, ETC.

*Frankfort, Ky.*, September 23.—It is reported that Hons. J. C. Breckinridge and William Preston, escaped from this city, through Montgomery county, on Friday.

Gen. Sherman had possession of Mildraugh Hill yesterday.

Henry Dent, city marshal, has been appointed provost marshal of this city.


BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers, No. 526 Seventh and D Streets.

*PAWNBROKER'S EXTENSIVE SALE OF UNREDEEMED PLEDGES AT AUCTION.*

On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, October 1st and 2d next, at 10 o'clock A. M., we shall sell, at our auction rooms, a very large collection of unredeemed pledges, comprising, in part,

Extra fine gold and silver hunting-case lever and other Watches
Gold Neck and Fob Chains and Breastpins
Ladies' superior gold Pins and Earings, single or in sets
Plain and fancy Finger Rings
Together with an extensive variety of Ladies' Wearing Apparel, such as—
Black and fancy Silk, Mousdelaine, Cashmere, and other styles of dresses
White Crape long and square Shawls
Cloth, Velvet, and other styles of Cloaks
Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel in great variety.
Also, a large assortment of Revolvers, Guns, and Pistols
And many other articles too numerous to enumerate.

The attention of the public is respectfully invited to the sale, as it is one of the largest that has ever taken place in Washington.

The sale will commence with the Watches.

Terms cash, in specie.

ISAAC HERZBERG,
Pawnbroker.
GREEN & WILLIAMS,
sept 24—eod Auctioneers.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited for FLOUR till the 30th September, 1861, at 12 M.

About 6,000 barrels will be required, in separate lots of about 1,000 barrels each. The Flour to be made of new wheat, and the delivery of the whole lot to be made by the 8th of October, 1861.

The Flour required to be of the following brands, and to pass the inspection of a Board of Army Officers, or such other inspection as the Subsistence Department may direct:

| | |
|---|---|
| Arlington | Extra |
| Congress | do. |
| S. Fry | do. |
| Fairview | do. |
| Cedar Vale | do. |
| Glenwood | do. |
| Eagle Mills | do. |
| Clagett | do. |
| J. Newcome | do. |
| M. Smith | do. |
| Roxbury | do. |
| Joe Charles | do. |
| J. Davidson & Co., | do. |
| Foundry | do. |
| Heck | do. |
| La Gloria | do. |
| Patuxent | do. |
| Oakley | do. |
| Avondale | do. |
| Fowler & Zeigler | do. |
| Chesapeake Mills | do. |
| D. L. Morrison & Co. | do. |
| Lyon's Union Flour. | |
| Big Spring, Joe Charles. | |
| Ede's Extra Baker's. | |

A few barrels of the same grade of Southern Flour will be taken, provided that it proves equal in grade to the brands above named. The bidders to state the brand and the number of barrels of each kind they propose to furnish.

The barrels containing the Flour to be strong, well hooped and head lined.

The proposals to be addressed to Capt. A. BECKWITH, C. S., U. S. A., Washington, D. C., and endorsed "Proposals for Flour." sep 24

ONCE MORE KIND FRIENDS.—At the request of their many friends, the Merry Social Club will give their fourth annual assembly at Odd Fellows' Hall, Navy Yard, on Wednesday evening, September 25th, 1861.

The Committee have made unusual preparations to render this a pleasant evening to all who may favor them with their presence.

Tickets fifty cents, admitting a gentleman and ladies.

COMMITTEE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Jos. H. Pegg, | James Matthieson, |
| Samuel Howell, | Samuel Cross, |
| Frank Thompson, | Ben. McAlwee, |
| H. L. Atchison, | Wm. H. Edelin, |
| Lloyd Pumphrey, | N. McNelly, |
| John Langley, | James Kenton. |

sept 24—2t*

WATCHES, WATCH REPAIRING, &c.—Just received, a large invoice of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver Watches, including the "Army Watch," the most desirable article ever introduced.

☞ Watches and Chronometers, as well as Jewelry, &c., carefully repaired.

M. W. GALT & BRO.,
Jewellers, 354 Pennsylvania avenue,
Four doors west of Brown's Hotel.
sept 24—3t [Star]


TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
SEPTEMBER 23, 1861.

The Secretary of the Treasury acknowledges the receipt of $100, with the note of which a copy is annexed, and has deposited the money in the Treasury:

"*To Hon. Secretary of the Treasury of the United States*—Sir: Enclosed you will find *one hundred dollars*, which rightfully belongs to the Treasury of the United States.

sept 24—1t [Signed.] "CONSCIENCE."


TO INVENTORS AND PATENTEES.

MUNN & CO., proprietors of the Scientific American, and agents for procuring American and Foreign

PATENTS,

*With Sixteen Years Experience in the Business.*

Refer to Hon. Judge Mason, Hon. Joseph Holt, Hon. W. D. Bishop, ex-Commissioners of Patents, and to more than fifteen thousand inventors who have had business done through Munn & Co.'s Patent Agency.

Pamphlet of advice sent free by mail.

Patent Laws and Regulations, 100 pages, 25 cents, mail.

No charge for consultation, orally or by mail.

Preliminary Examination in United States Patent Office, $5.

Offices, No. 87 Park Row, New York; Washington, corner of F and Seventh streets, opposite the Patent Office. mar 14—6mif.


PROPOSALS FOR INDIAN GOODS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Office Indian Affairs, September 21, 1861.

SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposals for Indian Goods," (class 1, 2, or 3, as the case may be,) to be delivered in the city of New York, will be received at the Office of Indian Affairs until 10 o'clock A. M. on Tuesday, the 15th day of October next, for furnishing the following named articles:

CLASS No. 1.

*Mackinac Blankets, Cloths, and Dry Goods.*

2,000 pairs 3-point white Mackinac blankets, to measure 60 by 72 inches, and weigh 8 pounds.
2,500 pairs 2½-point white Mackinac blankets, to measure 54 by 63 inches, and weigh 6 pounds.
1,000 pairs 2 point white Mackinac blankets, to measure 42 by 56 inches, and weigh 5¼ pounds.
800 pairs 1½-point white Mackinac blankets, to measure 36 by 50 inches, and weigh 4¼ pounds.
500 pairs 1-point white Mackinac blankets, to measure 32 by 46 inches, and weigh 3¼ pounds.
300 pairs 3 point scarlet Mackinac blankets, to measure 60 by 72 inches, and weigh 8 pounds.
500 pairs 2½-point scarlet Mackinac blankets, to measure 54 by 66 inches, and weigh 6 pounds.
250 pairs 2 point scarlet Mackinac blankets, to measure 42 by 56 inches, and weigh 5¼ pounds.
250 pairs 1-point scarlet Mackinac blankets, to measure 32 by 46 inches, and weigh 3¼ pounds
100 pairs 3½ point green Mackinac blankets, to measure 66 by 84 inches, and weigh 10 pounds.
600 pairs 3-point green Mackinac blankets, to measure 60 by 72 inches, and weigh 8 pounds.
600 pairs 2½-point green Mackinac blankets, to measure 54 by 66 inches, and weigh 6 pounds.
200 pairs 3½ point indigo blue Mackinac blankets, to measure 66 by 84 inches, and weigh 10 pounds.
200 pairs 3-point indigo-blue Mackinac blankets, to measure 60 by 72 inches, and weigh 8 pounds.
200 pairs 2½-point indigo-blue Mackinac blankets, to measure 54 by 66 inches, and weigh 6 pounds.
200 pairs 3½ point gentinella blue Mackinac blankets, to measure 66 by 84 inches, and weigh 10 pounds.
500 pairs 3-point gentinella blue Mackinac blankets, to measure 60 by 72 inches, and weigh 8 pounds.
400 pairs 2½-point gentinella blue Mackinac blankets, to measure 54 by 66 inches, and weigh 6 pounds.
250 pairs 2-point gentinella blue Mackinac blankets, to measure 42 by 56 inches, and weigh 5¼ pounds.
200 pairs 1½-point gentinella blue Mackinac blankets, to measure 36 by 50 inches, and weigh 4¼ pounds.
150 pairs 1-point gentinella blue Mackinac blankets, to measure 32 by 46 inches, and weigh 3¼ pounds.
4,000 yards fancy list blue cloth.
500 do do green cloth.
2,000 do gray list blue cloth.
2,000 do saved list blue cloth.
1,000 do do scarlet cloth.
1,200 do do green cloth.
100 pounds worsted yarn, (3 fold.)
100 dozen cotton flag handkerchiefs.
100 do fancy cotton. do.
50 do black silk. do.
100 do 8-4 cotton shawls.
100 do 6-4 do.
50 do 4-4 do.
100 do 8-4 woollen do.
500 pounds linen thread, No. 40.
50 gross worsted gartering.
40,000 yards calico.
25,000 do Merrimac calico.
7,500 do Turkey red calico.
20,000 do blue drilling.
10,000 do osnaberga.
7,500 do brown drilling.
5,000 do Georgia stripes.
8,000 do blue denims.
5,000 do cottonade.
12,500 do bed ticking.
5,000 do Kentucky jeans.
1,500 do satinetts.
10,000 do plaid linseys.
2,500 do bleached shirting.
15,000 do domestic shirting, unbleached.
10,000 do do sheeting, do.
3,000 do bleached do.
10,000 do brown cotton duck.
10,000 do checks, stripes, and plaids.
2,000 do flannels, assorted.
1,000 pounds cotton thread.
1,000 do brown gilling twine, No. 30.
800 do cotton matlse.
1,500 twilled flannel shirts.
1,500 calico shirts.
200 dozen hickory shirts.
100 do Madras handkerchiefs.

CLASS No. 2.

*Ready-made Clothing.*

175 frock coats, indigo-blue broadcloth.
175 pantaloons, do do.
50 indigo blue Mackinac blanket capotes.
175 blue satinett coats.
175 do pantaloons.
75 cadet-mixed satinett coats.
75 do do pantaloons.
275 gray satinett coats, (sack.)
275 do pantaloons.
275 do vests.

CLASS No. 3.

*Hardware, Agricultural Implements, &c.*

4,000 pounds brass kettles.
400 tin kettles, (8 sizes.)
125 nests Japanned kettles, (8 in a nest.)
275 camp kettles, (8 sizes.)
175 dozen 2-quart tin pans.
150 do 3-quart do.
20 do 8-quart do.
575 do tin cups.
100 do squaw awls.
70 do fish hooks.
200 do fish lines.
750 gross needles, assorted.
275 dozen coarse-tooth combs.
75 do fine tooth combs.
50 do scissors.
200 do shears.
25 do grubbing hoes.
35 do weeding hoes.
150 drawing knives, 10 inches.
50 hand saws.
100 dozen hand-saw files, 4½ inches.
5 do shovels.
25 do spades.
750 short-handle fry-pans.
25 dozen basting spoons.
200 do iron table spoons.
20 do axes, to weigh 4½ to 5½ pounds.
100 do half axes, to weigh 8 pounds, (with handles.)
150 do zinc mirrors.
100 do fire steels.
100 pounds brass wire.
100 do best Chinese vermilion.

Goods of American manufacture, of the required styles and quality, will be preferred; but as the samples of blankets and cloths are foreign fabrics, it will be necessary, in proposing a domestic article of either of those kinds, that a sample thereof shall accompany the bid.

The articles to be furnished must in all respects conform to and be equal with the Government samples which may be seen at this office on and after the third of October next. The articles will be rigidly inspected and compared with the samples by an agent or agents appointed for that purpose. Such as may be unequal thereto in any particular will be rejected; in which case the contractor will be bound to furnish others of the required kind or quality within three days; or, if that be not done, they will be purchased at his expense. Payment will be made for the goods received on invoices thereof, certified by the agent or agents appointed to inspect them.

It is to be understood that the right will be reserved to require a greater or less quantity of any of the articles named than that specified in the schedule; and all bids for furnishing said articles may be rejected at the option of the Department; and that none from persons who have failed to comply with the requirements of a previous contract with the United States, or who are not manufacturers or wholesale dealers in the required articles, will be considered; and the fact that bidders are such manufacturers or dealers, must be evidenced by the certificate of the collector of the port where they reside, or where it is proposed to deliver the articles.

The proposals must embrace the articles, with the quantities thereof, as they are arranged in the schedule, with the prices annexed to each, in dollars and cents, at which they are to be furnished; and the amounts must be carried out and footed up for each class. Said prices and amounts must be so given, without any modification, or proposed modification, or variation whatever. They should be submitted with the following heading:

"I (or we) hereby propose to furnish, for the service of the Indian Department, and according to the terms of its advertisement therefor, dated 21st September, 1861, the following articles, at the prices thereto affixed, (here insert the list, according to the class or classes proposed for,) deliverable in the city of New York by the first day of April next, or at such time or times during the year 1862 as may be ordered by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs; and, if this proposal be accepted, (here insert the words, 'in whole or in part,' if more than one class be proposed for,) I (or we) will, within twenty days thereafter, execute a contract accordingly, and give security, satisfactory to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for the faithful performance of the same."

Each proposal must be accompanied with a guarantee in the following form, to be signed by two or more responsible persons, whose sufficiency must be certified to by a United States judge or district attorney.

"We hereby jointly and severally guarantee that the above bidder, (or bidders,) if a contract shall be awarded to him, (or them,) according to his or their bid or proposal, will execute a contract accordingly, and give the requisite security for the performance thereof, as prescribed in the advertisement for proposals for Indian goods, dated 21st September, 1861; and, in the event of his (or their) failure so to do, we hereby agree to bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, and assigns, to forfeit and pay the United States, as damages, a sum not less than fifteen per cent. on the amount of said bid or proposal."

Bonds will be required in the amount of the bid for the faithful performance of the contract, with two or more sureties, whose sufficiency must be certified by a United States judge or district attorney.

No proposal will be considered that does not strictly conform, in all particulars, to the terms and directions of this advertisement.

CHARLES E. MIX,
sept 24—StawtOct 12 Acting Commissioner.

PENSION OFFICE, JUNE 6, 1861.

*TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.*

Application having been made under the act of 23d June, 1860, for the reissue of the land Warrants described herein, which are alleged to have been lost or destroyed, notice is hereby given that, at the date following the description of each warrant, a new certificate of like tenor will be issued, if no valid objection should then appear.

No. 86,602, for 80 acres, issued under the act of September, 1850, in the name of Elizabeth Wells, widow of Daniel Wells, and granted on the 27th day of September, 1854—September 29, 1861.

No. 45,390, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Alexander Orme, and granted on the 13th day of October, 1855—September 28, 1861.

No. 71,626, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Amos Arthur, and granted on the 17th day of August, 1857—October 12, 1861.

No. 69,520, for 60 acres, under act of 1847, and bearing date May 6th, 1850, in favor of Michael Ropp, father of Samuel Ropp, deceased, third Indiana volunteers, Mexican War—October 15, 1861.

No. 64,525, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of James Long, and granted on the 31st day of March, 1856—October 10, 1861.

No. 24,657, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Thomas Tanner, and granted on the 8d day of May, 1856—October 10, 1861.

No. 2,163, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Benjamin Reiley, and granted on the 27th day of June 1855.

No. 632, for 80 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Reuben Woodruff, and granted on the 9th day of May, 1855.

No. 856, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Samuel H. Waterhouse, and granted on the 23d day of May, 1855.

No. 2,633, for 80 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Shelly Downs, and granted on the 2d day of August, 1855—November 16, 1861.

No. 95,100, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Polly, widow of David Bradbury, and granted on the 14th day of September, 1860—16th November, 1861.

No. 98,814, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Guy S. Alexander, minor child of John C. Alexander, deceased, and granted July 2d, 1860—November 16, 1861.

No. 43,542, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Christian Dougherty, and granted on the 27th day of September, 1856—November 16, 1861.

No. 41,989, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of James Pray, and granted on the 21st day of March, 1861—November 23, 1861.

No. 25,930,