

AMERICAN WATCHMAN & DELAWARE ADVERTISER.

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Volume VI.

CONDITIONS OF THE WATCHMAN

The terms are, to those who pay, during the month of January, or July, six months in advance—Four Dollars a year. From those who do not pay as above, Five Dollars a year. If a subscriber wishes to decline, he must notify the editors of his intention before the first of January, or July, and pay all arrearsages. Without a compliance with these conditions, no paper will be discontinued except at the option of the editors.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines, for a term of less than three months; four times for one dollar, and twice for every subsequent insertion; longer ones in proportion. Advertisers are requested to specify in writing how long their advertisements are to be inserted, or they will be continued till forbid. Letters to the Editors, to insure attention must be post paid.

Advertising by the year.

Subscribers.	To Non-Subscribers.
1 year \$15.00	1 year \$18.00
6 months 8.00	6 months 9.50
3 do. 4.50	3 do. 5.00

MEDICAL NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, Doctor of Medicine and Practical Chemist, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Wilmington and its vicinity, that he has commenced to prepare Medicine, in MARKET STREET, Wilmington, Delaware, in the house opposite Mr. Henry Jones & Co's. Lumber Yard—where he prepares the following Medicines: The Sulphate of Quinine. This medicine contains the active principle of the Peruvian Bark, and when properly prepared is the best medicine as yet discovered for the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent fevers. He also prepares a Balsamic Restorative for diseases of the Breast and Lungs, Pulmonary Consumption & Asthma; and a medicine which will effectually cure the most distressing Headache, no matter how long its continuance may be. He also cures the Toothache in a few minutes, without making use of any of the corroding acids, or red hot iron, or plugging the teeth with gold leaf or sheet lead. The medicine he makes use of will preserve the teeth for years. He prepares a Tooth Powder that will whiten the teeth, he never so black from taking medicine or any other cause. Dr. P. prepares an Eye Water, which will remove all inflammations from the eyes. I have cured numbers from the Rheumatism and some of them cripples for years from it. Names or signatures I do not require, as I see it is too much the custom with quackery. From my practice of medicine and my experience and knowledge of chemistry, I am able to extract medicinal virtues contained in animals, vegetables and minerals, and can apply them for the different diseases the constitutions of people may want them. Persons afflicted with Cancers, if they make timely application, can be cured.

There is a medicine sold by the name of Swain's Panacea, which I did not hear of until I saw Mr. Swain's advertisement, some few weeks past. I then called on some of the most eminent physicians in Philadelphia, and spoke to them respecting the Panacea, and I informed them that I had the author's works which invented the medicine and discovered its effects in the cure of certain diseases. All the gentlemen I spoke to on the subject, said they were certain that Mr. Swain was not the inventor of the medicine. The man that invented the Panacea was one of the greatest chemists that Europe produced; and is dead near two hundred years; and his writings are difficult to be had. That Mr. Swain has got some part of his works, or some person gave him a receipt from the work, I have no doubt of. I have now prepared a chemical and real preparation of the PANACEA, which I will sell at one dollar per bottle by the dozen, and one dollar and fifty cents single.

Dr. P. prepares a Wash for the Ladies which removes all Spots, Eruptions and Itchiness from the face and hands, and clears and brightens the skin. He also prepares a Salve that will take out Corns by the roots from the toes, and not give the least sensation of pain.

Ladies or Gentlemen who are afflicted with any disease that is curable, if they are pleased to call on me, shall be attended to with the strictest punctuality.

JAS. PURCELL, M. D. & P. C.
Wilmington, Del., Jan. 23, 1827. 22—1y

TO BE RENTED,

A House and small Farm in the village of Newark, lately occupied by the Rev. SAMUEL BELL, possession of which will be given on the 25th day of March next.

The Farm contains about forty acres of arable land and meadow, in good order, and conveniently divided. The improvements are a good brick dwelling house and kitchen, with a brick barn, a carriage house and other out buildings.

This property would be very suitable for a family who might be desirous of removing to Newark, to educate children. There are two excellent seminaries in that village: the Newark Academy, which is under the direction of the Rev. A. K. RUSSELL, aided by two assistants, in which boys are taught the Latin and Greek Languages, Mathematics, &c.—and a school for young Ladies under the direction of the Rev. SAMUEL BELL, in which are taught the useful and ornamental branches of Female Education.

For terms apply in Wilmington to Mrs. MARY BLACK, or to the subscriber in Newcastle. J. R. BLACK
Jan. 16, 1827. 20—1f

NEW BOOKS.

At A. & H. Wilson's Bookstore and Circulating Library.

Honor O'Hara, a Novel, 2 vols. by Miss Anna Maria Porter.

Russian Tales.

Rough Notes taken during some rapid Journeys across the Pampas and among the Andes. By Capt. F. B. Head.

Bell's Observations on Italy. 1 vol.

The History of Chivalry, or Knighthood and its Times. By Charles Mills, Esq. Author of the History of the Crusades. 2 vols. in one.

The Works of Anna Letitia Barbauld: with a Memoir by Lucy Aikin. 2 vols.

The Tor Hill. By the Author of Brambletye House, &c. 2 vols.

Hints to My Countrymen. By an American. 1 vol.

Diary of an Emuwyee. By a Young Lady. 1 vol.

Moderation. By Mrs. Hoffman. 1 vol.

Beauties of Byron. 1 vol.

For Sale at the above place,

A General Assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY and FANCY ARTICLES, among which are

Scales & Dividers, Visiting Cards,

Penknives, Backgammon Boards, elegantly finished,

Scissors, Durable Ink,

Gold & Silver Pens, Pocket Ivory and Dressing Combs,

Silver Pencil Cases, Inkstands,

Pocket Books, Slates,

Windsor and Fancy Soap, Sealing Wax,

Wafers, Black Sand,

Water Stamps, India Rubber,

Ruled Writing and Letter Paper, Parchment,

Water Colors, Copy, Clipping, and Memo-random Books,

Toy Paints, White & Blue Bonnet Board,

Camel's Hair Pencils, Day Books,

Black Lead do. Legers, &c.

All of which will be sold low for cash. BLANK BOOKS made to any pattern

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Levy Court, and Court of Appeal of Newcastle County, will be held at the Court House in the Town of Newcastle, on Tuesday the 6th day of February next. 24—St DAVID PAYNTER, C. P.

TO LET,

A Two Story House and Kitchen, in good condition, in Water street, second door from Market street. Possession given on the 25th of March next. Inquire of SAMUEL BUSIL, Corner of King and Second streets. Wilmington, Jan. 30, 1827. 24—

GARDEN SEEDS.

C. & G. REYNOLDS, Successors to their father in the Garden Seed line, have just received from the Northward, a large and excellent assortment, which, in addition to the supply before on hand, of well selected Seeds from the vicinity, and from the most confidential Seedsmen in Philadelphia, will insure the most general supply ever offered for sale in this State. To be had wholesale and retail, at the Hardware, Oil, and Paint Store of JOHN REYNOLDS, No. 69, Market street, where may be had Coach, Cabinet, Map, Spirit and Boot Varnish; Japan; Paste, Liquid and Cake Blacking, and Razor Straps of a superior quality, all of which will be disposed of on moderate terms. A liberal discount will be made to dealers, who will find it to their interest to examine those articles. 1 mo. 30, 1827. 24—4tp

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between Samuel Pennington and Augustine H. Pennington, trading under the firm of Samuel & A. H. Pennington, is this day dissolved. Persons having claims will present them to A. H. Pennington, and all persons indebted either on Bond, Note, or Book Account, will please call and pay the same to A. H. Pennington who will settle the business of the late firm. A. H. PENNINGTON, Surviving Partner, for himself, and as Guardian of SAMUEL PENNINGTON, minor, and Administrator of JOHN A. PENNINGTON, heirs of SAMUEL PENNINGTON, deceased. Middletown, Del., Jan. 12, 1827. j19—2m

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the night of the 13th inst. an apprentice to the Coach-Making business, named Martin Sullivan, in the 21st year of his age. Had on when he went away, a new suit of light blue cloth, and new fur hat. He went in company with an apprentice belonging to Peter A. Homphreys, named John Hall. All persons are warned not to harbor or employ him. THOMAS MOORE. Wilmington, Jan. 19, 1827. 21—4t

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

The Atlantic Souvenir, for 1826, and 1827. The Annet.

Also the following works in elegant binding. Thomson's Seasons, Beauties of Byron, Falconer's Shipwreck, Campbell's Poems, Beauties of Scott and Moore, The British Spy, Goldsmith's Poems.

And a variety of Books for Youth, among which are Alfred Campbell, containing Travels in Egypt and the Holy Land. By Mrs. Hoffman.

Bird Catching, or the Northern Adventurers. The Negro Boy. A Tour through England. The Youthful Travellers. Gems in the Mine. Conversations on Poetry. The Orphan Boy. Choice Poetry. A Mother's Care Rewarded

From the Museum of Foreign Literature and Science.

THE CLIFFS OF DOVER.

BY MRS. HEMANS.

ROCKS of my country! let the cloud
Your crested heights array;
And rise ye like a fortress proud,
Above the surge and spray!

My spirit greets you as ye stand,
Breasting the billow's foam;
Oh, thus for ever guard the land,
The sever'd land of home!

I have left sunny skies behind
Lighting up classic shrines,
And music in the southern wind,
And sunshine on the vines.

The breathings of the myrtle flowers
Have floated o'er my way;
The pilgrim's voice at vesper hours
Hath sooth'd me with its lay.

The isles of Greece, the hills of Spain,
The purple heavens of Rome—
Yes, all are glorious; yet again
I bless thee, land of home!

For thine the Sabbath peace, my land,
And thine the guarded hearth;
And thine the dead, the noble band
That make thee holy earth.

Their voices meet me in thy breeze,
Their steps are on thy plains;
Their names, by old majestic trees,
Are whisper'd round thy fane:

Their blood hath mingled with the tide
Of thine exulting sea—
Oh, be it still a joy, a pride,
To live and die for thee!

THE GREEK AND THE TURKMAN.

BY THE REV. GEORGE CROLY.

A night attack by Constantine Paleologus, on a detached camp of the troops of Mahomet the second, at the siege of Constantinople.

Thus Turkman lay beside the river,
The wind play'd loose through bow and quiver,
The charger on the bank fed free,
The shield hung glittering from the tree,
The trumpet, shawm, and atabal,
Were hid from dew by cloak and pall:

For long and weary was the way
The hordes had march'd that burning day.
Above them, on the sky of June,
Broad as a buckler, glow'd the moon,
Flooding with glory vale and hill,
In silver sprang the mountain rill,
The weeping shrub in silver bent,
A pile of silver stood the tent:

All soundless, sweet tranquillity,
All beauty, hill, and tent, and tree.

There came a sound—'twas like the gush
When night winds shake the rose's bush;
There came a sound—'twas like the flow
Of rivers swell'd with melting snow:

There came a sound—'twas like the tread
Of wolves along the valley's bed;
There came a sound—'twas like the roar
Of ocean on its winter shore.

"Death to the Turk!" uprose the yell;
On roll'd the charge—a thunder peal:

The Tartan arrows fell like rain,
They clank'd on helm, on mail, on chain;
In blood, in hate, in death, were twin'd
Savage and Greek, mad, bleeding, blind;
And still on flank, on front, and rear,
Raged, Constantine, thy thirstiest spear!

Brassy and pale, a type of doom,
Labour'd the moon, through deepening gloom;
Down plung'd her orb—'twas pitchy night—
Now Turkman, turn thy reins for flight!

On rush'd their thousands through the dark;
But in their camp a ruddy spark,
Like an uncertain meteor, reel'd it:
Thy hand, brave king, that firebrand wheel'd!

Wild burst the burning element
O'er man and courser, flag and tent;
And through the blaze the Greeks outsprang,
Like tigers, bloody, foot and fang,

With daggers' stab and falchion's sweep
Delving the stunn'd and staggering heap—
Till lay the slave by chief and Khan,
And all was gore that once was man.

There's waiting on the Euxine shore—
Her chivalry shall ride no more.
There's waiting on thy hills, Alai,
For chiefs—the Grecian virtues' prey!

But, Bosphorus, thy silver wave
Hears shouts for the returning brave,
The kindest of her kindly line,
For there comes glorious Constantine!

THE LIGHT OF HOME.

By Mrs. Hale, of New Port, New Hampshire.

My boy, thou wilt dream the world is fair,
And thy spirit will sigh to roam,
And thou must go; but never when there,
Forget the light of home.

Thou' pleasure may smile with a ray more bright,
It dazzles to lead astray;
Like the meteor's flash 'twill deepen the night,
When thou treadest the lonely way.

But the hearth of home has a constant flame,
And pure as vestal fire;
'Twill burn, 'twill burn, forever the same,
For nature feeds the pyre.

The sea of ambition is tenpest tost,
And thy hopes may vanish like foam;
But when sails are shiver'd and rudder lost,
Then look to the light of home.

Thou shalt, like a star through the midnight cloud,
And thou shalt see the beacon bright;
For never, till shining on thy shroud,
Can be quench'd its holy light.

The sun of fame, ay 'twill gild the name,
But the heart we'er felt its ray;
And fashion's smiles that rich ones claim,
Are but beams of a wintry day.

And how cold and dim those beams would be,
Should life's wretched wanderer come!
But my boy, when the world is dark to thee,
Then turn to the light of home. CORNELIA

COMMENT ON THE LAWS OF ENGLAND.

Extracted from the writings of Mr. John Wesley.

"In the beginning of July, 1761, I was desired to call on a poor prisoner in the castle of York. (England.)—I had formerly occasion to take notice of a hideous monster, called a Chancery bill—I now saw the fellow to it called a Declaration.

The plain fact was this:—Some time since, a man who lived near Yarm, assist'd others in running some brandy; his share was worth nearly four pounds. After he had wholly left off that work, and was following his own business, that of a weaver, he was arrested, and sent to York goal. And not long after came down a Declaration, that Jack had laded a vessel laden with brandy and Geneva, whereby he was indebted to his Sovereign Lord the King, in the sum of 576*l.* and upwards. And to tell this worthy story, the lawyer takes up 13 or 14 sheets of the triple stamp paper.

"O England! Will this reproach never be rolled away from thee! Is there any thing like this to be found, either among Turks or heathens? In the name of justice, mercy, and common sense, I ask, 1st.—Why do men lie for lying sake? Is it only to keep their hands in? What need else of saying it was the port of London? When every one knew the Brandy was landed 300 miles from thence.

"What a monstrous contempt of truth does this show, or rather hatred to it! 2d.—Where is the justice of swelling 4*l.* into 576*l.*? 3d.—Where is the common sense of taking up 14 sheets of paper to tell a story, that may be told in ten lines? 4th.—Where is the mercy of thus grinding the face of the poor begg'd prisoner? Would not this be execrable villany, if the paper and writing together, were only 6*d.* a sheet, when they had strip him already of his little all, and had not left him 14 groats in the world?

"It is certain that nothing can be said in defence of our law proceedings. They are often absurd, highly oppressive to the subject, and disgraceful to a civilized nation. In criminal cases, how often does the indictment magnify and exaggerate both the crime and every circumstance connected with it, beyond all the bounds of truth and probability? Hence it becomes extremely difficult for the Jurymen to discharge their duty with a good conscience. And we seldom see punishments duly proportioned to the crimes committed. What shall we say in other cases where the tautology and circumlocution peculiar to the language of our law, the delay of judgment in the courts, and the tergiversation permitted through the whole proceedings, render it impossible for an honest man in middling life to obtain his right against a villain, without the utmost danger of being ruined! A man who robs on the highway is hung—but a villain who robs by means of the chicanery, delay and expense of the law, escapes with impunity, and is applauded."

The March of Intellect—An irritated school-master not being able to make a clownish scholar remember the word 'Mule,' exclaimed while riding out one day, 'Now, you booby, don't you know what's between a horse and an ass?' 'Why yes sir, to be sure I do—ev'ry fool knows that howsoever?'

'Then why do you tell me?—say directly what it is between the horse and the ass, or I'll punish you.' 'Why the saddle, to be sure, sir—I knowed that all along.'

LAWS OF THE U. STATES.



BY AUTHORITY.

[No. 2.] AN ACT to provide for taking evidence in the Courts of the United States, in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever a Commission shall be issued, by any Court of the United States, for taking the testimony of a witness or witnesses, at any place within the United States, or the Territories thereof, it shall be lawful for the Clerk of any Court of the United States, for the District or Territory within which such place may be, and he is hereby enjoined and required, upon the application of either of the parties in the suit, cause, action, or proceeding, in which such commission shall have been issued, his her, or their agent or agents, to issue a subpoena or subpoenas, for such witness or witnesses, residing or being within the said District or Territory, as shall be named in the said commission, commanding such witness or witnesses to appear and testify before the Commissioner or Commissioners, in such commission named, at a time and place in the subpoena to be stated, and if any witness, after being duly served with such subpoena, shall refuse or neglect to appear, or, after appearing, shall refuse to testify, (not being privileged from giving testimony,) such refusal or neglect being proved to the satisfaction of any Judge of the Court, whose Clerk shall have issued such subpoena or subpoenas, he may thereupon proceed to enforce obedience to the process, or to punish the disobedience in like manner as any Court of the United States may do in case of disobedience to process of subpoena ad testificandum, issued by such Court; and the witness or witnesses, in such cases, shall be allowed the same compensation as is allowed to witnesses attending the Courts of the United States; Provided, that no witness shall be required to attend at any place out of the County in which he may reside, not more than forty miles from his place of residence, to give his or her deposition under this law.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever either of the parties in such suit, cause, action, or proceeding, shall apply to any Judge of a Court of the United States, in the District or Territory of the United States, in which the place for taking such testimony may be, for a subpoena duces tecum, commanding the witness, therein to be named, to appear and testify before the said Commissioner or Commissioners, at the time and place in the said subpoena to be stated, and also to bring or carry with him or her, and produce to such Commissioner or Commissioners, any paper, writing or written instrument, or book, or other documents supposed to be in the possession or power of such witness, such Judge being satisfied, by the affidavit of the person applying, or otherwise, that there is reason to believe that such paper, writing, written instrument, book, or other document, is in the possession or power of the witness, and that the same, if produced, would be competent and material evidence for the party applying therefor, may order the Clerk of the Court, of which he is a Judge, to issue such subpoena duces tecum, accordingly, and, if such witness, after being duly served with such subpoena duces tecum, shall fail to produce any such paper, writing, written instrument, book or other document, being in the possession or power of such witness, and described in such subpoena duces tecum, before, and to such Commissioner or Commissioners, at the time and place in such subpoena stated, such failure being proved to the satisfaction of the said judge, he may proceed to enforce obedience to the said process of subpoena duces tecum, or to punish the disobedience, in like manner as any Court of the United States may do in case of disobedience to a like process, issued by such Court; and when any such paper, writing, written instrument, book or other document, shall be produced to such Commissioner or Commissioners he or they shall, at the cost of the party requiring the same, cause to be made a fair and correct copy thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be required by either of the parties: Provided that no witness shall be deemed guilty of contempt for disobeying any subpoena directed to him by virtue of this act, unless his fees for going to, returning from, and one day's attendance at the place of examination, shall be paid or tendered to him at the time of the service of the subpoena.

JOHN W. TAYLOR,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
NATH'L. MACON,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

Approved: 24th Jan. 1827.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

[No. 3.] AN ACT concerning the selection of certain lands heretofore granted, by compact, to the State of Missouri, for Seminaries of Learning.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the President of the United States, as soon as may be, to cause to be selected, from any of the public lands of the United States in Missouri, the sale of which is authorized by law, and in quantities not less than a section, according to the divisional lines of the public surveys, the several townships of land heretofore secured by compact to the State of Missouri, for the purposes of a seminary or seminaries of learning: in that State, and to cause one descriptive list of such selections to be filed with the Governor of Missouri, in the office of the Secretary of that State, and another like list to be filed in the General Land Office of the United States; and the lands so selected shall, immediately thereupon, vest in the State of Missouri, according to, and in satisfaction of, the abovementioned compact with the United States.

Approved: 24th Jan. 1827.