

# ARIZONA CITIZEN.

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TUCSON, PIMA COUNTY, A. T., SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1873.

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## THE ARIZONA CITIZEN

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CONGRESS STREET, TUCSON.  
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We have, also, Hay and Grain, constantly on hand to supply the Public. 5th

**BLANKS IN CURRENT USE** by Justices of the Peace are kept ready printed at The Citizen office, and for sale at moderate prices in cash.

**OLD TYPE, SUPERIOR TO** BARRIT METAL for boxing, for sale at The Citizen office.

### Law Governing Boards of Supervisors in Arizona Territory.

An act prescribing the powers and duties of the boards of supervisors in the several counties of this Territory.

Be it enacted by the legislative assembly of the Territory of Arizona:

Section 1. There shall be in each of the counties of this Territory a board of supervisors to consist of three members who shall be elected in the same manner as other county officers, and to possess such qualifications and have such powers as hereinafter given.

Sec. 2. Said supervisors shall be qualified electors of their respective counties and shall be elected at a general election; they shall enter upon their duties on the first day of January subsequent to their election. One member of such board to hold office for the period of four years, and two members to hold office for the period of two years or until their successors are elected and qualified; and no county or township officer shall be eligible to the office of supervisor. The supervisors now in office in each county of the Territory, shall at the regular meeting in April A. D. 1873, decide by lot their respective terms of office, one holding for the term of four years and two holding for the term of two years; the term of office of each commencing on the first day of January A. D. 1873. And hereafter at each general election, two supervisors shall be elected who shall hold their office, one for the term of four years and one for the term of two years; the two supervisors having the shortest term to serve shall decide by lot which one of them shall be chairman of the board. The two members of the board hereafter elected at each general election, shall at the first general meeting of the board after their qualification as such supervisors, decide by lot which of the two shall hold for four years and which for two years, and the member holding over shall be chairman of the board and the county recorder shall be clerk of the board.

Sec. 3. The regular meetings of the board of supervisors shall be held at the county seat of their respective counties on the first Monday of January, April, July and October of each year, and shall continue without final adjournment until all the business before them is disposed of. The board shall also meet on the second Monday after each general election to canvass election returns.

Sec. 4. If at any time after the final adjournment of a regular meeting, the business of the county shall require a meeting of the board, a special meeting of the same may be called by a majority of the board. The call shall be entered on the records of the board, and the clerk shall give at least three days notice of such special meeting to any member of the board not joining in the call; the call shall specify the business to be performed and no other shall be transacted at such special meeting.

Sec. 5. A majority of the board shall form a quorum for the transaction of business and all sessions of the board shall be public. The clerk shall keep a full and complete record of all the proceedings of the board, and all their proceedings shall be entered upon the records, and the vote of each member on every question where there is a division shall be entered upon the record. The record of the proceedings shall be signed by the chairman and clerk of the board.

Sec. 6. The county recorders of the several counties in this Territory shall receive the following annual salary, to be paid quarterly out of the general fund of the county, for their services as clerks of the board of supervisors of their county, to-wit: The county recorder of Pima county, four hundred dollars; the county recorder of Yavapai county, the sum of four hundred dollars; the county recorder of Maricopa county, the sum of four hundred dollars; the county recorder of Mohave county, the sum of four hundred dollars; and no other fees or compensation shall be allowed for any service connected with the services rendered as such clerk of the board of supervisors.

Sec. 7. The records, books and accounts of the board shall be kept at the office of the county recorder of each county, and in his care, and shall at all times be open to public inspection free of charge.

Sec. 8. The board of supervisors shall have power and jurisdiction in their respective counties: 1st. To make orders respecting the property of the county in conformity with any law of this Territory and to take care of and preserve such property. 2d. To examine, settle and allow all accounts legally chargeable against the county, and to levy for the purposes prescribed by law such amount of taxes on the assessed value of real and personal property in the county as may be authorized by law. 3d. To examine and audit the accounts of all officers having the care, management, collection or disbursement of any money belonging to the county, or appropriated by law or otherwise for its use and benefit. 4th. To lay out, construct and manage public roads, turnpikes, ferries and bridges within the county, in all cases where the law does not otherwise provide, and to make such orders as may be necessary and requisite to carry their control and management into effect. 5th. To take care of and provide for the indigent sick of the county, and to procure suitable medical attendance for such indigent sick. 6th. To divide the county into townships and to change the divisions of the same

and to create new townships to the convenience of the county may require. 7th. To establish and change election precincts and to appoint inspectors and judges of election. 8th. To control and manage the property, real and personal, of the county, and to receive any property donated for the use and benefit of the county. 9th. To lease or purchase any real or personal property necessary for the use of the county; provided no purchase of real property shall be made, unless the value of the same be previously estimated by three disinterested persons to be appointed by the probate judge. 10th. To sell at public auction, after at least thirty days public notice previous to such sale, any property belonging to the county and cause the same to be conveyed, applying the proceeds of such sale to the use of the county. 11th. To cause to be erected a court-house, jail and such other public buildings as may be necessary for county purposes, and to keep the same in repair; provided that the contract for building any public buildings be let out after at least thirty days previous public notice, in each case, of a readiness to receive proposals therefor, to the lowest responsible bidder who will give sufficient security for the performance of any contract awarded to him, and such board may reserve the right to reject any and all bids. 12th. To control the prosecution or defense of all suits to which the county is a party. 13th. To extend by resolution the time fixed by law, in which the sheriff, as tax-collector, shall make his return to the county treasurer; but such extension shall in no instance exceed thirty days beyond the time fixed by general law for such return. 14th. To establish such rules and regulations in reference to the management of the interests and business concerns of the county, and in reference to the mode of proceedings before such board as they shall deem necessary and proper in all matters not otherwise specially provided for by law. 15th. To provide suitable safes and vaults for the depository of the moneys, books, records, and papers of the several county officers. 16th. To fill by appointment all vacancies in township and county offices, unless otherwise provided by law. 17th. To do and perform all such other acts and things as may be necessary to the full discharge of the powers and jurisdiction conferred on the board.

Sec. 9. The books, records, and accounts of the board of supervisors shall be deposited with the county recorder, and shall be open without charge to the examination of any person. It shall be the duty of the clerk to designate upon every amount upon which any sum shall be audited and allowed by the board, the amount so audited and allowed, and the charges for which the same was allowed.

Sec. 10. If upon any settlement with the treasurer, or upon any examination of the accounts and affairs of his office, or at any other time the board of supervisors of any county shall find that such treasurer has lost, used, misapplied or converted to his own use any of the public moneys, papers, or vouchers which shall have come into his possession as such treasurer, and they shall be of opinion that the public interest requires it, they shall immediately enter into and take possession of all the moneys, books, papers, vouchers, effects, and property pertaining to said office of treasurer, and make a true statement and inventory thereof, which statement and inventory shall be filed with the clerk of said board, and entered at large upon their records; they shall then by order entered upon their records, suspend such treasurer and appoint some suitable person to fill the office of treasurer until the charges against the treasurer so suspended shall be determined; and the person so appointed treasurer, shall give the bond and take the oath of office in the same manner and within the time required by law of persons appointed to the office of treasurer. Immediately upon the suspension of a treasurer from office, the board of supervisors shall notify the district attorney of the county of the action in the premises, and it shall be his duty to institute proceedings as soon as practicable in such court or before such officer as may have jurisdiction of the matter for the removal of such treasurer so suspended from office. If upon final hearing before a court or officer having jurisdiction of the subject matter, such treasurer be exonerated, and be not removed from his office of treasurer, the court or officer before whom the cause is heard, shall by order restore such treasurer to his said office, and he shall be allowed as taxable costs against the county, the amount of fees and perquisites received by his successor in office during his suspension, together with his costs and disbursements necessarily expended in the defense of such proceedings, which costs and fees shall be a county charge, and he may again forthwith enter upon the discharge of the duties of his office as treasurer, and the person so appointed during his suspension, shall at once turn over to such treasurer all the moneys, books, and property of said office in his hands and take receipts therefor.

Sec. 11. Upon the death or absconding of any county treasurer, the said board shall take the same proceedings in regard to the moneys and effects of his office and the statement and inventory thereof as is provided in the next preceding section, and shall retain the same until a successor of such treasurer is elected or appointed, and upon the qualifying of such treasurer, said moneys, books and effects shall be turned over to him.

Sec. 12. The board of supervisors shall

cause to be prepared within the jail of their respective counties, so many cells for the confinement of convicts as may be deemed necessary.

Sec. 13. The board of supervisors shall have power to establish by name, or number, election precincts within their respective counties whenever: 1st. A territory shall contain twenty or more legal voters living in proximity to each other, and at a distance of more than six miles from any other precinct established by law. 2d. When application shall be made to such board by eight or more of such legal voters to have such election precinct established. Sec. 14. Whenever the requirements of the preceding section shall have been complied with, the board may grant the application and establish such election precinct.

Sec. 15. Every precinct thus established shall remain until altered or discontinued by said board, and at each general election held therein, after such precinct shall be established, the qualified electors thereof may elect one justice of the peace and one constable for such precinct.

Sec. 16. No election precinct shall be considered a body politic and corporate for any purpose whatever, nor shall they have or exercise any powers except such as are expressly given by law.

Sec. 17. The board of supervisors may require any officer whose salary or compensation is paid by the county, to make report under oath to them on any subject or matter connected with the duties of his office, and may require such officers to give such bonds or further additional bonds as shall be reasonable or necessary for the faithful performance of their respective duties; and any such officer who shall neglect or refuse to make such report, or to give such bond within ten days after being so required, may be removed from office by such board, and the office declared vacant, and such board may fill such vacancy for the unexpired portion of the time for which such officer was elected or appointed; provided that the provisions of this section shall not apply to the office of probate judge.

Sec. 18. Whenever any member of said board of supervisors is pecuniarily interested in any question before them, the probate judge shall act as a member of such board, and for such purpose shall possess all the powers and be subject to all the liabilities of any member of said board.

Sec. 19. The board of supervisors shall act as a board of equalization in their respective counties.

Sec. 20. The board of supervisors shall also act as a board of canvassers and declare the election returns and cause a certificate of election to be given by the clerk to any person whom they shall find to have been legally elected to any county, township or precinct office within the county; provided that the probate judge shall canvass the election returns as to supervisors, and shall cause the clerk to give to each person elected to the office of supervisor a certificate of election.

Sec. 21. The said board may authorize the sheriff of the proper county to offer a reward not exceeding five hundred dollars in any one case, for the apprehension of any person convicted or charged with the commission of a crime, and who is at large.

Sec. 22. All expenses incurred by any of said boards under the provisions of this act shall be chargeable to the proper county, and shall be audited and paid the same as other claims against the county.

Sec. 23. All vacancies in county and township offices, except that of probate judge, shall be filled by appointment of some suitable person to fill such office, by the board of supervisors, such persons so appointed to hold office until the next succeeding election, or until their successors are elected and qualified.

Sec. 24. A copy of any proceedings required by law to be filed or recorded by the clerk of said board of supervisors, duly certified by such clerk shall be deemed and taken to be prima facie evidence of the contents thereof, in all courts and places within this Territory.

Sec. 25. Each member of said board shall be allowed a compensation of five dollars per day for his services while in actual attendance at the sittings of said board upon the business of the county, and twenty cents per mile for each mile traveled in going to and returning from the place of such meeting, to be audited and paid by the county; provided the total per diem of each supervisor shall not exceed the sum of two hundred and twenty-five dollars for any one year, and that no mileage shall be allowed or paid except for traveling to and from regular quarterly meetings of the board.

Sec. 26. The said board of supervisors shall not audit and allow their own accounts, but the same shall be audited and allowed by the probate judge of their respective counties.

Sec. 27. Nothing herein contained shall abridge the powers and duties of any board of supervisors, or any member thereof which they may possess under any other law of this Territory and not provided for in this act.

Sec. 28. All persons elected to the office of supervisor of any county of this Territory, shall take the oath of office within ten days before their term of office shall commence, and any person appointed to such office shall take such oath within ten days after they receive notice of their appointment.

Section 29. Chapter nine of the Howell Code entitled "Of the local administration of counties," and "An act creating a board of Supervisors in the several counties of

the Territory," approved December 30, 1865, and "An act to amend section six of an act entitled An act creating a board of Supervisors in the several counties of the Territory," approved February 18, 1871, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 30. This act shall be in force from and after its passage.  
Approved February 7, 1873.

TERRITORY OF ARIZONA,  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.  
I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the enrolled law on file in my office. Given under my hand and seal this 3d day of March, A. D. 1873.  
COLES BASHFORD,  
Secretary of Arizona Territory.

### PROPOSALS FOR GRAIN, HAY AND WOOD.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA,  
CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,  
PRESCOTT, A. T., February 15, 1873.

**SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIP-**  
Scate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, will be received at this office until noon, Saturday, March 29, 1873, at which place and time they will be opened (bidders having the privilege of being present), for supplying all, or a reasonable proportion of the CORN, BARLEY, HAY and WOOD, which may be required during the fiscal year commencing July 1st, 1873, at each of the Depots and Posts in the Department of Arizona.

In conformity with general order No. 57, War Department, A. G. O. 1871, local proposals will also be received up to the same hour and date by the Quartermaster at each of the Depots and Posts, for furnishing all, or a reasonable proportion of the Grain, Hay and Wood required there.

Grain to be delivered in sacks, which are to become the property of the U. S., and Hay in stacks, either baled or loose. All supplies furnished are to be of good merchantable quality, and to be delivered at such times, and in such quantities as may be designated by proper authority. The quantities stated herein are approximate, and are subject to increase or diminution during the fiscal year.

**DEPOTS AND POSTS.**  
**Whipple Depot and Fort Whipple.**—Barley, 585,000 lbs.; Corn, 585,000 lbs.; Hay, 1,766,000 lbs.; Wood, 310 cords hard, 1,099 cords soft.

**Yuma Depot and Fort Yuma.**—Barley, 195,000 lbs.; Hay, 279,000 lbs.; Wood, 600 cords soft.

**Tucson Depot and Camp Lowell.**—Barley, 617,000 lbs.; Corn, 300,000 lbs.; Hay, 1,416,000 lbs.; Wood, 1,000 cords soft.

**Camp Apache.**—Corn, 840,000 lbs.; Hay, 1,281,000 lbs.; Wood, 230 cords hard, 790 cords soft.

**Camp Beale Springs.**—Barley, 36,000 lbs.; Hay, 72,000 lbs.; Wood, 80 cords hard, 290 cords soft.

**Camp Bowie.**—Barley, 228,000 lbs.; Corn, 228,000 lbs.; Hay, 709,000 lbs.; Wood, 350 cords hard.

**Camp Date Creek.**—Barley, 313,000 lbs.; Corn, 156,000 lbs.; Hay, 734,000 lbs.; Wood, 150 cords hard, 530 cords soft.

**New Post at Mt. Graham.**—Barley, 840,000 lbs.; Corn, 420,000 lbs.; Hay, 1,907,000 lbs.; Wood, 1270 cords hard, 960 cords soft.

**Camp Hualpai.**—Barley, 229,000 lbs.; Corn, 229,000 lbs.; Hay, 709,000 lbs.; Wood, 580 cords soft.

**Camp McDowell.**—Barley, 1,000,000 lbs.; Corn, 871,000 lbs.; Hay, 2,848,000 lbs.; Wood, 400 cords hard, 800 cords soft.

**Camp Mohave.**—Barley, 150,000 lbs.; Hay, 150,000 lbs.; Wood, 300 cords soft.

**Camp Verde.**—Barley, 422,000 lbs.; Corn, 422,000 lbs.; Hay, 1,263,000 lbs.; 700 cords of soft Wood.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a guarantee signed by two responsible persons, whose responsibility must be certified by an officer of the U. S. civil or military service, that in case the bid is accepted the bidder will at once execute a contract with a satisfactory bond in one-fourth the amount of the contract. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved by the United States. Blank forms of proposal and further information may be obtained from this office and from the Depot and Post Quartermasters. Envelopes of proposals intended for this office to be endorsed "Proposals for forage and fuel," and addressed to the undersigned. Local proposals, under general orders No. 57, to be addressed to the Quartermaster of the Depot or Post for which the bid is intended and endorsed as above.

By order of the Department Commander.  
J. J. DANA,  
Chief Quartermaster Dept. of Arizona,  
[15-4t.] Major and Quartermaster U.S.A.

### Notice.

**THE COLORADO STEAM NAVIGATION Company's**

**Steamship New Bern**

Leaves San Francisco for mouth of Colorado river on first of every month, connecting with river boats. Freight landed at Yuma in twelve (12) days from San Francisco. Agencies of the Company 610 Front street, San Francisco, California; Yuma and Ehrenberg, A. T.

J. POLHAMUS, Jr.,  
General Superintendent.

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