PROTECT YOUR BUILDINGS

Which may be done with one-fourth the usual expense, by using our

## Patent Slate Paint,

Mixed Ready for Use.

**Fire-proof, Water-proof, Durable, Economical and Ornamental.**

A roof may be covered with a very cheap shingle, and by application of this slate be made to last from 20 to 25 years. Old roofs can be patched and coated, looking much better, and lasting longer than new shingles without the slate, for

**One-third the Cost for Reshingling.**

The expense of slating new shingles is only about the cost of simply laying them. The paint is fire-proof against sparks or flying embers, as may be easily tested by any one.

**It Stops Every Leak,**

And for tin or iron has no equal, as it expands by heat, contracts by cold, and never cracks nor scales. Roofs covered with Tar Sheathing Felt can be made water-tight at a small expense, and preserved for many years. This Slate Paint is

**Extremely Cheap.**

Two gallons will cover a hundred square feet of shingle roof, while on tin, iron, felt, matched boards, or any smooth surface, from two quarts to one gallon are required to 100 square feet of surface, and although the Paint has a heavy body it is easily applied with a brush.

**No Tar is Used in this Composition,**

therefore it neither cracks in Winter, nor runs in Summer.

On decayed shingles it fills up the holes and pores, and gives a new substantial roof that will last for years. Curled or warped shingles it brings to their places, and keeps them there. It fills up all holes in Felt roofs, stops the leaks—and although a slow dryer, rain does not affect it a few hours after applying. As nearly all paints that are black contain tar, be sure you obtain our genuine article, which for shingle roofs is

**Chocolate Color,**

When first applied, changing in about a month to a uniform slate color, and is to all intents and purposes slate. On

**Tin Roofs**

Our red color is usually preferred, as one coat is equal to five of any ordinary paint.

**For Brick Walls**

Our Bright Red is the only reliable Slate Paint ever introduced that will effectually prevent dampness from penetrating and discoloring the plaster.

These paints are also largely used on out-houses and fences, or as a priming coat on fine buildings.

Our only colors are Chocolate, Bright Red, Red, and Orange.

**New York Cash Price List.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 5 Gallons, | can and box | $ 5 50 |
| 10 " | keg | 9 50 |
| 20 " | half barrel | 16 00 |
| 40 " | one barrel | 30 00 |

We have in stock, of our own manufacture, roofing materials, etc., at the following low prices:

1000 rolls extra Rubber Roofing at 3 cents per square foot. (Or we will furnish Rubber Roofing, Nails, Caps and Slate Paint for an entire new roof, at 4½ cents per square foot.)

2000 rolls 2-ply Tarred Roofing Felt, at 1½ cents per square foot.

3000 rolls 3-ply Tarred Roofing Felt, at 2½ cents per square foot.

500 rolls Tarred Sheathing, at ½ cent per square foot.

5000 gallons fine Enamel Paint, mixed ready for use, on inside or outside work, at $2 per gallon.

Send for sample card of colors. All orders must be accompanied with the money or satisfactory city references. No goods shipped C. O. D., unless express charges are guaranteed.

No Goods shipped C. O. D.

Sample orders solicited.

N. Y. SLATE PAINT CO.,
102 and 104 Malden Lane, New York.

September 9. 49-3m

THE BOOK OF THE SEASON.

A MOST MAGNIFICENT CHRISTMAS PRESENT!

Just Completed,

HUBERT H. BANCROFT'S

## Native Races

—of the—

## Pacific States.

5 Volumes, 8vo., 4000 pages; 10 Copperplate Maps, and 425 Illustrations. Bound in Cloth, Sheep, Half Morocco, Half Russian, Half Calf, Full Russia and Tree Calf.

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AN HONOR TO CALIFORNIA! AN honor to American literature! A book for the masses; everybody should have it, particularly everybody on the Pacific Coast. It tells the merchant of the country and its products, and how business was conducted in early times. It tells the physician of medicine, the lawyer of courts and politics, the clergyman of religion, the mechanic of manufactories. It is the best of reading for the household, exceedingly interesting and instructive for young people. It is good for men of all classes, for it tells about life in its various phases and conditions. It is good for women, for it tells how women lived, and how they were treated in times gone by. It is of interest to the architect, for it tells and illustrates all about the architecture of a people once noted for large cities, huge monuments and magnificent palaces. Lovers of art can here revel in the descriptions of the mysteries of the pen and brush, as wielded by a people long since extinct. Modern musicians can study with delight the lovers' serenades, the festive songs and the religious chants of these wonderful people. For the scholar we need not say that the work has never known an equal, as our own word would be tame compared to the highly flattering letters which have been received from the most eminent men of letters in England and America.

In conclusion, all classes can find some portion of the work of particular interest to them, and taken as a whole it cannot be spared from the possession of any who care for a knowledge of the past history, present resources and future prospects of this great western coast—our adopted home.

Interesting in matter, standard in character, it is a literary monument that will forever reflect honorable credit to the coast, as through its pages the fact will be carried the entire length and breadth of the land that although we have wealth untold, we have those among us who have, as President Gilman said, "that patient industry which is more precious still."

A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Publishers,
721 Market street, San Francisco.

**J. S. Mansfield,**

Pioneer News Depot, Agent, Tucson.


### Notice.

TO PETER REED OR ANY PERSON or persons deriving title by deed from the original locator in the Rustler West Mine, situated in Pinal County, near Mineral Creek, Arizona.

You are hereby notified that if you do not within ninety days from the date of this notice, pay to the undersigned at Florence, Arizona, your proportional part of the expenses incurred on said mine or location, the undersigned will claim a forfeiture of your interest in said mine.

D. W. McCALLEN.

Florence, Sept. 12, 1876. 51-13w


# THE CITIZEN.

*SATURDAY, - - - DECEMBER 16, 1876.*


### Late News.

The Senate passed Wednesday, December 6, in discussing the resolution of inquiry relative to the use of troops in South Carolina. The Republican Senators sustained the President's course throughout, Sargent making a powerful argument.

In Louisiana, McEnery, who claims to be Governor, has issued a pronunciamento calling upon the defeated Democratic candidates for electors to meet and vote for Tilden.

On Wednesday, the 6th, President Grant sent to Congress a special message with Senator Sherman's report to him on Louisiana affairs. Fernando Wood moved to lay the message, which he characterized as a partisan document, on the table, which was done by a strict party vote.

An Albany special of the 6th to the New York Times, says one who is near Governor Tilden reports that the latter has little or no faith in anything the House of Representatives can do for him if he fails to get a majority of the electoral college. He believes the House has not the power to declare that there has been no election and then elect him; but he does think the House can prevent an election and peacefully defeat the inauguration of Hayes, sending the whole question back to the people inside a year.

A London dispatch of the 5th says an extradition treaty has been arranged between Great Britian and the United States.

An associated press dispatch of the 7th, from Columbia, S. C., says the Democratic House is in session in Carolina Hall and had just sworn another member who deserted Mackay's House. Sixty-three, being the constitutional quorum, holding certificates from the board of canvassers, the supreme court has decided the Democratic House to be the legal House of Representatives, and will issue a mandamus compelling the Secretary of State to turn over the returns for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor to Speaker Wallace. The Democrats are jubilant over these events.

Tilden's official majority in the State of New York, taking the two highest electors, Democratic and Republican, is 33,064 and Tilden's official majority in New York City is 53,969.

Eleven railway trains of immigrants arrived in California from the East, on the first two days of last week.

William Hood, chief engineer of the Southern Pacific railroad, arrived in Yuma on the 8th instant with a surveying party, having left the end of the railroad ten days previously. They report that they came to complete the surveys commenced last Summer in and about Yuma, and also to take soundings, &c., of the Colorado river preparatory to locating a crossing for a bridge.

### Yavapai Matters.

From the Miner of the 8th instant:

A quartz-mill passed through Phœnix recently on its way to Globe mining district.

The Aztlan mill is now running five stamps on Peck ore and five stamps on Hercules gold ore.

The Senator mine is hoisting ore from the 200-foot level and throwing about twenty-four tons into light every day.

Miss C. E. Perry, recently from Wisconsin, and a cousin of Mrs. C. W. Beach, is contemplating the establishment of a school for young ladies in Prescott and vicinity.

The Board of Supervisors have awarded the contract for medical and surgical attendance of the indigent sick of this county, for one year, to Dr. Warren E. Day, for the very modest sum of $498.

A. H. Peeples informs us that the machinery of Messrs. Aiken & Rosenthal, for working sulphurets, has arrived at Wickenburg, and will shortly be in place. They expect to be able to employ about thirty men. As heretofore stated, Aiken & Rosenthal purpose to work Vulture tailings.

Sheriff E. F. Bowers has gone to Yuma having in charge George Volmer, convicted at the last term of the district court of robbing the estate of John Jackson, deceased, and W. Leary, convicted of horse stealing from Miller Bros., both of whom are under sentence for a term of years in the penitentiary. They seemed to enjoy the prospect of spending the Winter in the mild climate of Yuma.

THE Presidential electors meet at their respective State capitals on the first Wednesday of December, vote by ballot for President, and transmit a record of their votes to the President of the United States Senate. A law of Congress provides that the electoral vote shall be counted by the two houses in joint session on the second Wednesday in February. The twenty-second joint rule of the two houses provides that the houses shall assemble in the House of Representatives at 1 p. m., and the President of the Senate shall be their presiding officer. No vote objected to by either house shall be counted. In case of a disagreement, the Senate retires, and both deliberate on the admission or rejection of the vote of any State. In case they agree on re-assembling, the vote is counted, but in case they are divided, the vote is not counted.

The 22d joint rule was not re-enacted by the present Congress, and the Senate holds that it is not in force, inasmuch as each Congress re-enacts the old or makes new joint rules for its government, and in this instance the Senate refused to adopt this particular rule. The telegraph reports that the House now holds the rule to be in force.

IT is reported that the disposition of the House of Representatives this session of Congress will be to make the Army more effective instead of to impair it as was the case last session.

### President Tejada's New Competitor.

The telegraph has informed us that Señor Jose Maria Iglesias, the President of the Supreme Court, has declared himself President of the Republic of Mexico in default of a legal election, and appointed a full cabinet and other officers. It will be remembered that Tejada himself became President on the death of Juarez by virtue of holding the office of President of the Supreme Court. Señor Iglesias is not of the same class as some other Mexicans who have issued pronunciamientos. He has for thirty years held responsible positions in the administration of the Mexican Government and been one of the prominent personages in the Republic.

This new competitor for Presidential honors was born in the City of Mexico in 1823. At the age of 22 he was appointed Professor of English and French in the College of Ildefonso. He subsequently studied law, and in 1847 was elected to Common Council of the City of Mexico. During a portion of the period in which hostilities waged between this country and Mexico, Iglesias was first Minister of the Supreme Tribunal of War. In 1850 he occupied the position of Chief of the Section of Public Credit, and in 1852 he was elected to the National Congress. During the time of the French invasion, and the short reign of Maximilian, Iglesias was true to the Republic and a faithful follower of Juarez. A Mexican writer three years ago, in describing the career of Iglesias said: Three grand figures stood forth in the midst of the struggle against the intervention and the Empire—Juarez, Lerdo, Iglesias, and to the constancy of these men is due the salvation, the autonomy of the Republic."

Upon the execution of Maximilian, when Juarez came into power, Iglesias held various posts in the Administration. He was for some time Minister of Gobernabion, and also Minister of the Treasury. He has hitherto been closely associated with Tejada, and became President of the Supreme Court when Tejada assumed the Presidency.

### Yuma Items.

From the Sentinel of December 9:

Preparations for the public school Christmas festival are actively going on under the energetic committees in charge.

Travel into and through Yuma is rapidly increasing. Many strangers are now in town and old residents who had been absent are arriving at home.

James Quinlin and Captain Jencks left last Sunday, with their wagon trains loaded with merchandise for Florence and Tucson.

The District Court of the 2nd judicial district, Hon. DeForest Porter, judge, opened at the Court-House in Yuma last Monday morning. The calendar is very light. James Reilly was admitted an attorney and counselor at law.

The Arizona Sentinel has been sold to an association of gentlemen, the transfer to be made on the 30th of the present month, on which occasion we will have something to say to our friends and patrons, by way of valedictory, and at the same time introduce our successors.

James M. Barney has shipped during the week 137,640 pounds of citizen and government freight, by trains of Tully, Ochoa & Co., Quinlin, Jencks, Brash and Salazar, to Florence, Tucson and other interior places. Also 22,543 pounds by boats up the river, 32,430 pounds of silver ore and 8,740 pounds of copper ore, by steamer to San Francisco.

The steamship Montana from San Francisco, via Mexican ports, is expected to arrive at the mouth of the Colorado about December 16. Steamers connecting with the Montana at the mouth of the river, may be expected to arrive at Yuma about December 19 or 20.

THE death of William Abbott, "the King of the Cariboo mines," is announced as having occurred at Victoria, British Columbia, a short time ago. It was our lot to make a pilgrimage to the Cariboo gold fields in the spring of 1862, and, while there, we became acquainted with Abbott and learned a good deal in regard to his career in the mines. He was one of a company who struck rich pay on Williams Creek in 1861, and arrived at Victoria with 300 pounds of gold dust in the fall of that year. He was the lion of the town that winter, and spent his gold lavishly. On one occasion he entered a saloon and shied a handful of $20 pieces at a large plate-glass mirror behind the bar, shattering it into fragments. When reprimanded by the bar-keeper, he told him to keep the "the trash (meaning the gold) for the damage." On another occasion he and another Cariboolte astonished the town by throwing $20 pieces at each other until stopped by the police. The throwing commenced with snowballs. Those were flush times in Victoria. On his return to Cariboo in the Spring of 1862, Abbott's good fortune continued, and he was known to stake $10,000 on a hand of poker. After two or three years, he got to the bottom of his claim and his purse about the same time, and was miserably poor at the time of his death. Such is life. Abbott's career has had many a counterpart on this coast since 1849.—Salinas City Index.

THE EFFECT OF SHORT FEED.—In conversation with a wool grower recently we were informed of a fact that, although well known to sheep men generally, was at least new to us, as it doubtless is to many of our readers. He stated that when sheep ran short of feed to such an extent that they do not get enough to eat every day and are then given good feed, the result is at once perceptible in the wool, there being, when clipped, a weak spot in the fibre, which is readily discernible by taking a thread in the hands and stretching it out, when the weak spot will give way and the thread will break. There may be several weak spots in the wool, indicating the number of times that the sheep had gone hungry for a few days. Of course this class of wool is worthless, except for shoddy cloth, and will not bring the price in the market that a first-class quality of wool commands. The fact is interesting, and illustrates the pecuniary as well as the humanitarian necessity of supplying the sheep with an abundance of feed and never letting them go hungry.—Stockton Independent, Nov. 29.

A PROPHETIC correspondent says: "Palestine is to have a railroad, and the cry will soon be, 'All aboard for Jerusalem! Passengers for Moab and the Dead Sea will please remain in the forward car.'"

### The Colorado Desert.

This formidable barrier to progress, we are glad to record, is likely to give way before its march. It has doubtless been a century or more since it ceased to be a sheet of water and became dry land, since which time its sirocco nature has repelled and forbidden man to traverse it. It has been some eighteen years since the plan was conceived and measures taken to convert this Jornada de la Muerte (Desert of Death) into a fruitful field, a bill having been passed by the Legislature of California granting the right of the State to said desert lands to O. M. Wozencraft, the originator and propagator of the measure. The Committee on Public Lands in Congress agreed to the passage of a bill ceding the general government's right to the same; but owing to an unfortunate blunder, it was placed on the calendar instead of passing, and there it has rested until the present time. But it is about to be revived, and it is probable that it will pass at an early day during the next session. The patient persistence of the propagator of the measure is worthy of endorsement, and the public of California should wish him success at last, because that success can but prove highly beneficial to the State and nation.

This is an age of achievements in useful works—tunnelling the Alps, spanning the globe with electric wire, constructing the Suez Canal, building the Atlantic and Pacific railroad and many other great works, among which are the proposed tunnelling of the Strait of Dover; the Isthmus Canal; the great North Sea Canal, connecting Amsterdam with the North Sea and making it a seaport for large ships, through the canal, with an artificial harbor at its mouth; the proposed canal to flood portions of the Desert of Sahara, by French scientists; and last but not least, this projected work which proposes to convert a vast desert into a fruitful field, covering it with verdure by means of a bountiful introduction of water, thereby reducing its temperature and making it habitable for man.

As it is now, sirocco blasts not only repel the traveler, but destroy often the over-venturesome, and its withering breath extends to adjacent lands and marks them with sterility. The reduction of the temperature of the Desert, which is very great, would cause an increase of rainfall in the adjacent country, and that of itself should be a sufficient reason and justification for the general government to cede the sterile Desert to any one who may engage to introduce water upon it. It is hoped that no more impediments may be thrown in the way of accomplishment of this needful work, but that we may have to record this as one of the great achievements of the age. As the Desert is and is likely, if not quite certain, to be, should government continue its past policy, it will be an abomination and a horror to all who may have to cross it. But redeemed, it may be made a tropical garden, fruitful and delightful.—Alta, November 29.

### Valedictory.

To the patrons of the Weekly Arizona Miner we have, reluctantly, to make the announcement that this is the last number of the paper in which we shall be interested as editor and proprietor, having disposed of the concern to Messrs. Beach and Marion, who will hereafter conduct the business, and, no doubt, with the superior ability they will be able to bring to the work, and the improved machinery we have added to the office, give the readers of the Miner a better paper than we have done.

Our relations with the people of Arizona, as conductor of the Miner, have been very pleasant, and reasonably profitable in a financial sense, therefore the only regret we have is in severing such connection and being again adrift, as it were, and out of business. We have tried to fulfill every promise made two years ago when in assuming control of the paper we said we should avoid all political and religious questions, and not indulge in offensive personalities.

We also announced that our aim would be to build up and not pull down, any of the beneficial institutions of the country, whether the same should be conducted by individual enterprise or associations and corporations. This promise we have constantly in view, and while we are conscious of having been censured for not being more captious if you please, or perhaps censorious would be the better term, we have nevertheless pleased ourself, and are content. We have tried to represent the country fairly, without exaggeration, either for or against its resources, and believe we have done so.

In our dealings with the people, financially, we have endeavored to be just and true to every engagement, and have no complaint to make of having received other than like treatment at the hands of those with whom we had transactions. To those who have been kindly solicitous to ascertain our future intentions, as many have done us the compliment to enquire, we have only to say that we have no present intention of changing residence, but will await the turn of events for a time, and do that which shall seem best.

We take leave of our brethren of the Press.

"With a sigh for those who love us,
And a smile for those who hate—
And whatever sky's above us,
Here's a heart for every fate."

—[Miner, December 8.

CREMATION is to be suspended, and instead of destroying a corpse by fire, as the ancients did, or making gas of the same, as had been suggested, an inventor of Grenoble, France, proposes the opposite method, and preserves them forever. "At the decease of an individual the body is plunged into a liquid invented by him, and in about five years the individual is turned into stone. The secret of the petrifaction is known only to the discoverer. But he goes further. He says that in a thousand years time, if persons will only preserve their relatives and friends, they will be able to build a house with them, and thus lives in residences surrounded by their ancestors." Another application of this process has been suggested, namely, to have the petrified corpse nickle-plated, or electro-plated with bronze, and if a statue of an individual is desired, to place the corpse on a proper pedestal, so as to fulfill the functions of being the statue of the party deceased.

Two suits have been begun by the government against Gen. O. O. Howard—actions in assumpsit—one to recover $150, with interest from July 19, 1865, and one to recover $20,000, with interest from May 12, 1865, which amounts, it is claimed, he received as Commissioner of Refugees and Freedmen.


Tubac Store.

TUBAC, PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer

—in—

**General Merchandise.**

**Largest and Best Assortment of Goods in Southern Arizona.**

ALL Goods SOLD at TUCSON PRICES.

The subscriber announces to the public that his Mercantile Enterprise at Tubac, has met with much greater success than was ever anticipated; that he has been compelled to greatly enlarge the dimensions of the business and to replenish and extend his various lines of stock.

Merchants and others in the vicinity will find it greatly to their interests to examine this stock and while making their purchases at Tucson prices, save the costs of transportation and travel between Tubac and Tucson.

Best Goods at Lowest Prices,

In the Greatest Variety.

**Gold and Silver Bullion, Grain and Produce of all Kinds Bought or Taken in Exchange at the Highest Prices.**

I. GOLDBERG, Agent.

September 30. 52-3m

MISSOURI VALLEY

## Life Insurance Co.

Principal office

LEAVENWORTH, - - - Kansas.

D. M. SWAN, Pres. J. I. JONES, Sec'y

Branch Office,

TUCSON, - - - - ARIZONA

DR. C. H. LORD, President. JOHN WASSON, Vice President.

HUGH FARLEY, Secretary. DR. R. A. WILBUR, Med. Examiner.

H. FARLEY, Attorney.

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JOHN WASSON.

The above Sound, Vigorous, and Popular company have just completed the organization of this Branch Office, thereby offering

**Superior Advantages**

In the matter of Life Insurance.

They have fully complied with the laws of Arizona. Have been licensed by the Territorial Treasurer, and have a responsible legal representative resident in Arizona.

This Company from its favorable location,

**Secures Higher Rates of Interest**

on its investments than Eastern Companies. Each Policy Holder being a member, receives his share of the surplus.

Its policies are world-wide.

No restrictions on travel or residence.

For information relative to Insurance, apply to any of the Board of Directors or to HUGH FARLEY, Secretary.

Office on Congress street, Tucson.

March 13, 1875. 23-tf


### Situation Wanted.

A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH COOK wants a situation. Enquire of JOHN SPRING, Tucson. 9-6w

### Closing up Business.

ALL PERSONS HAVING UNSETTLED accounts or business with the undersigned, are hereby requested to come forward and settle the same at our office in Tucson, on or before January 1, 1876, and those having claims against the firm are also requested to present the same on or before same date.

E. N. FISH & CO.

Tucson, Dec. 8, 1876. 10-3w

### Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the partnership heretofore existing between James Buck and George Buck, under the style of Buck & Son, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All liabilities of the firm will be paid by George Buck, who is authorized to collect all debts due to the same.

JAMES BUCK & SON.

Phœnix, Arizona, Nov. 27, 1876. 10-4

### Election Notice.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE GILA River Ditch Company are hereby notified that a meeting of the Stockholders of said company will be held at the office of the company at Gila Bend, Maricopa County, Arizona, on the First Tuesday in January, 1877, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a Board of Trustees for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may be of interest to the company.

ALBERT DECKER, Sec'y.

Gila Bend, Arizona, Dec. 4, 1876. 10-4w

### Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing between the undersigned, doing business in Tucson, Arizona, under the firm name of L. M. Jacobs & Co., was dissolved on the 1st day of March, 1876, Leopoldo Wolf retiring therefrom.

The liabilities of the late firm are assumed and its business will be continued under the same firm name by the remaining partners.

LIONEL M. JACOBS.
BARON M. JACOBS.
LEOPOLD WOLF.

November 25. 8-3w

PRINTED DEEDS FOR MINING OR Agricultural lands, according to the requirements of the Arizona Statutes, for sale at THE CITIZEN office, at ten cents each.


ARIZONA CITIZEN

Job Office

—has a New and—

FIRST CLASS MACHINE PRESS.

—together with a—

NEW STOCK OF JOB TYPE

—of the—

LATEST DESIGNS AND STYLES.

—The—

PRESENT OUTFIT OF JOB MATERIAL

—has been selected in the—

SAN FRANCISCO TYPE FOUNDRIES,

—with great care and—

**Professional Taste,**

Keeping in view the especial demands and needs of this market.

—No necessity whatever to—

**Send Outside Arizona for Job Work.**

The late unanimous evidence of all parties who have had work done in this office is that they could have got

NO BETTER DESIGNS OR FINISH

—of—

EXECUTION IN SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

And that the work was done as Cheaply as if executed in the large cities,

—and at a—

LOWER PRICE THAN EVER BEFORE KNOWN IN ARIZONA.

PROMPT ATTENTION AND EXPEDITIOUS WORK.

CONSCIENTIOUS TREATMENT.

INSTRUCTIONS CLOSELY FOLLOWED.

All Blanks requiring it, bound neatly and practically.

All kinds and sizes of

—POSTERS.—

All kinds and qualities of

—BLANKS.—

STOCK CERTIFICATES.

LEGAL BLANKS.

PAMPHLETS,

—Printed and bound.—

LETTER and ENVELOPE HEADS.

INVITATIONS.

BILL-HEADS.

TOBACCO LABELS.

All County

OFFICIAL BLANKS.

CIRCULARS.

POSTERS,

CARDS,

—of every variety.—

TICKETS, ETC., ETC.

The most ordinary Job will receive careful and prompt attention, and the most difficult styles of work will have full justice done to their merits.

**ALL ABOARD!!**

**Kerens & Mitchell's Stages.**

Fast Time. First Class Equipments

**Through to Tucson in 5 Days.**

Stages leave San Diego

MONDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 6 A. M. 12-tf

**The C. S. N. Co.'s Steamers**

**Leave San Francisco every 20 days for Mexican Ports and Mouth of Colorado River,**

Connecting with River Boats.

Agencies of the Company 610 Front St., San Francisco, California, Yuma and Ehrenberg, Arizona.

I. POLHAMUS, Jr.
General Superintendent.

**Tri-Weekly Mail Line**

(Yuma Division),

FROM TUCSON TO YUMA.

KERENS & MITCHELL, CONTRACTORS; Jas. A. Moore, Superintendent.

Four-horse coaches arrive at Tucson Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY.

Leave MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 4 p. m.

Arriving at Yuma in 3 days; connecting with the San Diego Division of the same line of stages direct to San Francisco. Time to San Diego 5 days.

FARES AND FREIGHTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| **Tucson to Florence,** | **$10 00** |
| **Tucson to Maricopa,** | **20 00** |
| **Tucson to San Diego,** | **70 00** |
| **Tucson to Yuma,** | **45 00** |
| **Tucson to San Francisco,** | **85 00** |

Tucson to Florence, 8 cents per pound.
Tucson to Yuma, 25 cents per pound.
Tucson to San Diego, 40 cents per pound.

Agents.—Frank Staples, Tucson; James M. Barney, Yuma; E. N. Fish & Co., Florence.

**California and Arizona Stage Co.**

**Carrying U. S. Mail and Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.**

Semi-Weekly from Florence.
Tri-Weekly from Wickenburg, West.

STAGES OF THIS LINE NOW LEAVE Florence twice a week, (on arrival of Southern Pacific Mail Line from Tucson)

For

**Phenix, Wickenburg and Prescott,**

Connecting at Wickenburg with our Tri-Weekly Line of Stages from

**Prescott for Ehrenberg, Indian Wells, terminus of S. P. R. R.,**

And all points in California; also connecting at Prescott with our Line of Stages for Mineral Park, Cerbat and Hardyville.

Tickets to any of the above named points can be had by applying at office of Southern Pacific Mail Co.'s Line, Tucson; also through tickets to

**Colton, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Sacramento and San Jose,**

Can be had by applying at any of the offices of the company in the Territory.

JOHN H. PIERSON, Sec'y, Wickenburg, Arizona.
JAS. STEWART, Gen. Sup't, San Bernardino, Cal.
GEO. A. BROWN, Agent Florence. FRANK STAPLES, Agent Tucson.

LOS ANGELES DIVISION

**SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD**

AND STEAMERS.

IMPORTANT CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Sunday, December 3, 1876, and until further notice, trains will run every day as follows:

LEAVE LOS ANGELES:

| FOR | | ARRIVE |
|---|---|---|
| San Francisco | 1.15 P. M. | 1.15 P. M. |
| Wilmington | 10.20 A. M. | 11.35 A. M. |
| San Fran Emigrant | 8.30 P. M. | 6.05 A. M. |
| Indian Wells | 3.30 P. M. | 12.40 A. M. |
| Wilmington | 4.15 P. M. | 5.30 P. M. |
| Anaheim | 4.30 P. M. | 5.40 P. M. |

TRAINS TOWARD LOS ANGELES:

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE |
|---|---|---|
| Anaheim | 7.00 A. M. | 8.40 A. M. |
| Indian Wells | 1.30 A. M. | 10.10 A. M. |
| Wilmington | 7.45 A. M. | 9.00 A. M. |
| Wilmington | 1.00 P. M. | 2.15 P. M. |
| San Francisco | 4.00 P. M. | 1.15 P. M. |

ON STEAMER DAYS,

Time of trains between Los Angeles and Wilmington may be varied so as to connect with steamers.

Trains run to Indian Wells on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Trains will be run by San Francisco time.

T. H. GOODMAN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
A. N. TOWNE, General Supt.
E. E. HEWITT, Asst. Supt.


### Notice.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. Notice is hereby given that after the Ore at the dump at the Yellow Jacket Mine, amounting to about 50 tons, is crushed at the Ostrich Quartz Mill, and the proceeds applied in liquidation of present indebtedness of the Yellow Jacket Mine, and payment of expense of crushing said ore, I will not be held responsible for any debt contracted on account of said Yellow Jacket Mine.

And notice is further given that my ¼ interest in said mine is offered for sale.

For Particulars enquire of W. W. Williams, Esq. THOMAS RODDICK.

October 7. 1-

### Public Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the County of Pima, Territory of Arizona, made on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1876, in the matter of the estate of Samuel McClatchy, deceased; the undersigned, the administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, lawful money of the United States of America, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on

SATURDAY, 23d day of DECEMBER,

A. D. 1876, in front of the Probate Court-room, south side of Congress street, in the Village of Tucson, County of Pima, Territory of Arizona, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Samuel McClatchy, at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired other than or in addition to that of the said Samuel McClatchy at the time of his death in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being at Tres Alamos, on the San Pedro River, Pima County, Arizona, more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The NE¼ of the NE¼ of Section 7, the NW¼ of the NW¼ of Section 8, and so much of the SW¼ of the SW¼ of Section 5 and the SE¼ of the SE¼ of Section 6, as lies South of the middle of the main road leading from the house of John Montgomery to the house of Thomas Dunbar, and all in township 16 South of Range 20 East Gila and Salt River Meridian, Arizona Territory, and containing 121 6-10 acres.

Terms and condition of sale: Cash, lawful money of the United States of America, ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the auctioneer on day of sale, balance on confirmation of sale by said Probate Court. Deed at expense of purchaser.

Dated at Tucson this 2d day of December, 1876.

R. N. LEATHERWOOD, Administrator of the estate of Samuel McClatchy, deceased.

December 3. 9-4w