

INDIAN TROUBLES.

Fears that an Attack Will be Made on the Pine Ridge Agency.

EVERY MOVE OF THE HOSTILES CLOSELY WATCHED.

Settlers in Oklahoma Agitated—All Border Towns Under Picket Guard Nevada Indians Assuming a Belligerent Attitude—No Danger of an Outbreak in Idaho.

Special to the Record-Union.

PINE RIDGE (S. D.), Jan. 9.—Yesterday afternoon all the commands in the field were ordered to march from three to six miles nearer the hostiles. Late last night this was put into effect.

At intervals of two or three days the column will be drawn more tightly around the hostiles until they agree to either come in peaceably or be whipped into submission. The disposition they display to accept the overtures of General Miles is susceptible of but one interpretation, and that is that they propose to surrender and retain their arms or die in their defense. This is backed up by the fact that a majority of the warriors have been slain from the hostiles are squaws and children, whom it is desired to get out of the way. The coming in of Red Cloud is variously interpreted. His good faith is doubted. No one can tell what the cover of darkness may impel the Indians to undertake. That they have contemplated, and do contemplate an attack upon the agency, is believed by all well-informed people. That they are now awaiting the opportunity to attack is also believed. Red Cloud is living in his home in the midst of the alleged friends. At a signal from the hostiles it is believed that he will communicate an attack upon the agency, which could then be attacked from all sides.

There are now less than 1,000 soldiers within a mile of the headwaters of the Missouri. Before these stationed in the field could reach here great damage could be done. General Miles to-day, as if impressed by the fact that the hostiles are now in the school, which will command a larger extent of the friendly camp. He also received information that a number of hostiles last night tried to break through his lines and escape to Rosebud. They found the line too strong, however, and were driven back.

Colonel Kent and Captain Baldwin, who are collecting facts in the Wounded Knee fight, have already examined a considerable number of the hostiles. Information is being gathered in an informal manner. Troop A, Seventh Cavalry, Captain Mayhew, left as an escort to-day with Paymasters Baker and Comery, who will visit all the troops in the field.

Red Cloud's hostiles are now more than 100 miles from the agency, whom Little Wound wants to send to the agency.

General Miles has placed Colonel Shafter, First Infantry, in command of the troops at the agency.

Shifting Deer and Long Bull have written General Miles, asking that they be allowed to come in with their followers and be good Indians.

CRITICAL SITUATION IN OKLAHOMA. St. Louis (Mo.), Jan. 9.—A special from Guthrie, Oklahoma, reports that excitement prevails there regarding the present Indian outlook. Grave apprehensions are expressed, and it is expected as soon as the disarming of the Indians has begun.

Reports regarding the seriousness of the situation in Oklahoma are being corrected, but it is no longer a matter of mere alarm. The facts that trouble is imminent and the facts that trouble is imminent are being corrected, but it is no longer a matter of mere alarm. The facts that trouble is imminent and the facts that trouble is imminent are being corrected, but it is no longer a matter of mere alarm.

The Indian scare in this Territory is no longer a fake, and within a week's time at the latest, Kingfisher and other border towns will be under constant picket guard.

Laird stated that the Cheyenne and Arapaho Indians had come into Kingfisher and purchased over 200 horses, which could be had. The aspect is serious.

Judge Sena, of the Supreme Bench, said to-day that the extent of the Indian attack on one organization in company with the necessary, the settlers along the borders.

It is learned that General Miles' reason for ordering an extensive picket guard works about the school grounds was due to the discovery of the fact that one of the plans of the hostiles was to attack the school. The attack would not be made until after the children had left the building. This eventuality was anticipated, and the picket guard was immediately placed at a given signal, and immediately preceding it the scholars were to set the school on fire, and then to attack the school and overpower the teacher. Then the school was to be burned, and the children were to be taken to the agency.

The story is well authenticated and was brought to General Miles' attention. He has taken due precautions.

Colonel Shafter, in order to the officers in command of the several detachments to take every precaution to repel a night attack, and to be ready to surprise. Several troops are being ordered to repair immediately to designated positions, which will hold to the last. While the post could be satisfactorily defended during the day by breastworks, Hotchkiss and Gatling guns and four pieces of artillery, it could not be so well defended at night. This order has doubtless been suggested for the purpose of allaying the fear of a night attack, which exists among the whites.

Late this afternoon the Seventh Cavalry was moved from the bottom in which it had been stationed to the hill immediately east, which commands a view of the agency. From this position they can more easily respond to a call from any part of the agency at any time, day or night.

Shortly after the change three fires were notified from the school-house. It is thought the houses of the school-house. It is thought the houses of the school-house. It is thought the houses of the school-house.

Young Man-Ar-did-of-his-Horses and Standing Soldier were fired by the settlers.

He Dog and Jack Cloud and about one hundred others have returned to camp. Still more have promised, but have failed to keep their word.

General Miles says: "At last accounts the Indians were lighting among themselves. Their camp was pandemonium. There was no head or tail to the proceedings. They were destroying their own people."

If those Indians who belong to this agency come in, the General thinks, will endeavor to get back to their own reservations. The hostile element, he says, is composed of the Standing Rock, Cheyenne River and Rosebud Reservations. The troops on

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Another Strife Expected on the Passage of the Silver Bill.

CENSUS BUREAU BULLETIN ON THE INDIAN POPULATION.

Bill Introduced for the Remodeling of the Executive Mansion—The Treasury Surplus Fast Accumulating—Proposition to Reorganize the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee.

Special to the Record-Union.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—It is the general expectation that the latter part of next week the Senate financial bill will come over to the House, and the members are awakening to the possibility of another strife over the measure somewhat similar to that preceding the enactment of the present silver law.

There is considerable speculation as to the shape the bill will take in the Senate, as its features, outside of the free coinage proposition, which is looked upon as inevitable, will to some extent influence the members in their views. On this point the silver men themselves do not appear united. Some think a bill should be passed providing for nothing whatever but free coinage, as they fear consideration will be regarded if the bill were larded up with general banking legislation. Others are of the opinion that free coinage would be strengthened by association with those sections popular in the East.

When the bill comes over to the House the general impression is that it will be referred to the House Committee on Coinage. However, the Speaker will assume towards the bill here becomes of importance, and there is good reason to believe that Reed has not himself determined upon his course.

A prominent Western Republican silver man, a member of the Coinage Committee, who is a friend of Reed, said the bill would go to the Coinage Committee, and would be reported to the House. If the bill is not reported within a reasonable time, a motion will be made to discharge the committee and take the bill up for action in the House.

The Speaker has in his power to be a great stumbling-block in the way of action, and for this reason his attitude is the subject of intense interest.

INDIAN POPULATION.

The Census Bulletin Shows Their Number to be 244,704. WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The Census Bureau has issued a bulletin giving the population and other information on the various Indian tribes, exclusive of Alaska. The bulletin shows the total Indian population of the United States to be 244,704. This also makes the total population of the country, including Alaska, estimated at 37,300,000.

The Indian population is made up as follows: On reservations, 1,000,000; under the control of Indian police—not taxed—1,000,000. The Indians incidentally under the Indian office, and self-supporting, are as follows: Six Nations, 25,537; Choctaws, 8,463; Chickasaws, 9,996; Choctaws, 9,994; Creeks and Seminoles, 2,588. There are also about 14,247 colored people living on the reservations. The total population of the five civilized tribes is, therefore, 64,571. The Pueblos of New Mexico, 29,210; Six Nations and Stragis of New York, 5,304; Eastern Cherokees of North Carolina, 2,855; Indians of the United States, 2,855; Indians of the United States, 2,855; Indians of the United States, 2,855.

The bulletin further shows: Total males, taxed and untaxed, 50,715; total females, taxed and untaxed, and on reservations, 66,849; Indian Indians on reservations, 29,210; Indians on reservations, 29,210; Indians on reservations, 29,210.

The number of whites on the several reservations is as follows: Cherokee Nation, 107,487; Chickasaw Nation, 49,444; Creek Nation, 27,991; Seminole Nation, 9,996; Creek Nation, 2,828.

DEMOCRATS IN CONGRESS.

Proposition to Reorganize the Congressional Campaign Committee. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—At a meeting of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee, Congressman Kerr, Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Pennsylvania, proposed a plan for the reorganization of the Campaign Committee, which met with general favor.

It is contemplated for the selection by the Democratic State Central Committees of every State of one person well known for his energy, capability, energy and general knowledge of the details of practical organization in his own State. The man selected need not necessarily be a member of the party, but he must be a representative organization, and yet not individually interested in their own election.

In addition to the full Campaign Committee, Kerr suggested that an Executive Committee of the Campaign Committee be organized for the purpose of establishing a bureau which will be a permanent feature of the committee.

MISS EMMA ABBOTT. Her Remains Placed in a Vault at Graceland Cemetery. CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—The body of Emma Abbott arrived from Kansas City this morning, accompanied by members of the opera company. The casket was transferred to the hotel where Miss Abbott's mother and sister are stopping.

The burial services were held at the Central Music Hall this afternoon. The hall was thronged. Miss Abbott's relatives and hundreds of friends were present, while the casket was literally buried in floral tributes from all over the country.

Professor David Swing and Rev. Dr. Thomas paid tributes to the dead in brief discourses, and a quiet sang appropriate hymns.

The remains were placed in a vault at Graceland Cemetery.

EASTERN WEATHER.

Street-Car Traffic at St. Louis Interrupted by Snow. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—General fairness prevails in the Gulf States. Snow is falling in the lower Ohio, central Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys and from Dakota southward to Texas. Fair weather continues on the Atlantic Coast and in the lake regions, with indications that the rain era will extend over the sections during Saturday. The temperature is lower in New England and west of the Mississippi, except in the northern portion of the latter section, where it is warmer. It is also warmer in the lake regions and southward to the Gulf.

TRAINS DELAYED.

St. Louis, Jan. 9.—Snow is still falling, and the street-car traffic is interrupted by snow.

COAST CHRONICLES.

Apache Indians Arrested for Passing a Forged Check.

WOMAN KILLED BY AN UNKNOWN PERSON AT NEWMAN.

A Committee of Citizens Appointed to Urge the Passage of a Bill Organizing a New County to be Known as Riverside—The Palmer Trial Postponed.

Special to the Record-Union.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 9.—A Chronicle special from Newman, Cal., says a murder occurred last night near the Cottonwoods, nine miles south of this place, the victim being Mrs. Perry McDowell, wife of the foreman of the San Mateo ranch, in the coast range of mountains.

Mrs. McDowell was visiting her mother, Mrs. Robert Pendleton. The family was sitting in the parlor, when the assassin approached the house and fired a 44-caliber rifle bullet through the window. The bullet struck Mrs. McDowell in the side, and she died in a few minutes.

Footprints were afterwards found leading from the window in the direction of E. J. Hale, at the Cottonwoods, two miles away, and Hale was arrested and taken to Los Banos.

Hale bore a gun the day before the murder, and though he denied having done so, the weapon was found in his house.

Mrs. McDowell formerly worked for Hale's wife, and the women became enemies. Hale was known to be the only one who could have had the shooting Mrs. McDowell.

The coroner's jury has been impaneled. Excitement over the murder is intense, and there is strong talk of lynching.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

A Committee Appointed to Advocate Its Division by the Legislature. RIVERSIDE, Jan. 9.—The Riverside County Executive Committee met at the city court-room this afternoon. Representatives from Paris, Elstoro, Banning and San Bernardino were present. Each one reported unanimously in favor of the new county.

J. S. Noyes, Chairman of the San Bernardino Republican County Central Committee, spoke earnestly in favor of the plan.

The committee sent to San Bernardino to interview the citizens of that city upon the question, reported that Byron Waters, M. K. R. Judge, C. O. Boy, and many other influential men favor the new county.

O. T. Dyer, E. A. Miller, E. W. Holmes, A. S. White, J. W. Vance and W. S. Wise were appointed a committee to go to Sacramento to work for the passage of the bill. The committee will leave for Sacramento on Monday next.

OPPOSITION TO DIVISION.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 9.—A meeting of citizens at Redlands last night unanimously protested against the proposed division. The protest was signed by all present, and is being circulated for more signatures, and will be presented to the Legislature.

Beaumont citizens met last night and unanimously agreed to fight county division. Redlands stands nearly alone in the fight for the new county.

PALMER'S TRIAL.

The Court Adjourns Over Until Monday Morning. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 9.—The trial of H. J. Palmer on one of the eighteen indictments for forging receipts of workmen employed by James G. Fair on his ranch in Yolo county, Palmer being forger, was resumed to-day before Judge Murphy and a jury. George S. Boice, who was employed on the same ranch as time-keeper, occupied the witness-stand all the morning session. His testimony was the effect that he signed receipts by himself and others in disguised hands, using fictitious names, at the instigation of Palmer. On one occasion witness held a receipt which belonged to Edmond Palmer, and he became considerably confused in his statements. At 1 o'clock the court adjourned over until Monday morning next.

CLEVER FORGERY.

Apache Indians Arrested for Being Too Handy With a Pen. TUCSON (A. T.), Jan. 9.—Advices from Solomonville say that Modoc Wild, Senator, and Moken, Apache Indians, were arrested at 11 A. M. and taken to the State Prison. They were charged with forging Captain Bull's name to a Government check for \$125. The forgery was so well executed that it was not detected until presented to the Assistant United States Treasurer at San Francisco, when it was discovered that the check was dated September 1st, and was sent back to Captain Bull for correction. He could not find the stub in the check-book, which led to the discovery of the forgery. Modoc Wild was confined in the county jail. He was educated at the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa. The other Indians were educated at the San Carlos school. All were addicted to poker playing.

Caroleen's Cause His Death. MERCER, Jan. 9.—Albert Whistler, a duch hunter on the San Joaquin River, accidentally killed himself yesterday while firing his rifle at a bear. He started to kill the bear, but the bullet struck his chest and he died.

Sudden Death. VALLEJO, Jan. 9.—John McKenzie, while going to work this morning, fell from the yard to receive his monthly pay, was taken violently ill, and in less than half an hour was dead. The cause was heart disease.

A Japanese Fatally Injured. VALLEJO, Jan. 9.—A Japanese caterer on board the San Francisco fell through

THE TEMPERATURE.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—The temperature at 8 o'clock this morning was as follows: Chicago, 28°; Cincinnati, 30°; St. Louis, 30°; Winnipeg, 4° above.

EXECUTIVE MANSION.

Bill Introduced for an Extension of the Building. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Senator Stanford introduced in the Senate to-day a bill for the extension of the Executive Mansion in accordance with a plan proposed by Mrs. Harrison, to embrace the present mansion as a private executive, enlarged by the addition of an executive office or official wing on the west, and a public wing or gallery of pictures, portraits and art treasures on the east, both counterparts of the original structure in design and connected there by colonnades and hallways, and on the south by a connecting range of iron and glass structures of symmetrical design, forming executive quarters, with private gardens and a whole architectural group, comprising an inner park or garden, at a cost not to exceed \$500,000.

AGRICULTURAL REPORTS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The reports of the Department of Agriculture estimating the acreage product and the value of the wheat and oats produced in the United States will be given out to-morrow afternoon. The condition of the growing wheat during December will also be reported upon.

The Surplus Increasing.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The available cash surplus in the treasury, which was reduced to about \$5,000,000 during the recent financial flurry, by the heavy payment of the interest on the public debt since the 1st instant, until it has now nearly reached \$18,000,000.

EASTERN LEGISLATURES.

THE GUBERNATORIAL MUDDLE IN NEBRASKA.

The State Now Has the Distinction of Being Ruled by Two Governors. LINCOLN (Nebr.), Jan. 9.—The morning session of the Legislature was wasted in wrangling over the minutes of the joint convention, which were badly mixed on account of the confusion. The work was unfinished at noon. All of the newly-elected State officers took possession of the offices except Governor Boyd, who is, at 12 M., kept out by Governor Thayer on the ground that he is ineligible.

Powers, the Alliance candidate, took the oath of office this afternoon, and is said that the Legislature will recognize him as the Governor. All of the new State officers have been recognized except the Governor. Tom Major was installed as Lieutenant-Governor and President of the Senate under protest. Governor Boyd is recognized by the new State officers, and they will report to him.

The proceedings in the Senate this afternoon were not of much importance. There is a movement toward limiting the employees to about half the number who have been given places last session. Several bills were introduced in the Senate, but no attempt was made to approve the minutes of the last session. This business was taken up when an adjournment was called.

In the House an uproar was created by a motion to appoint a committee to wait until the next session, and to report on the amendments directing the committee to report on the bill.

The bill directing the preparation of a bill appropriating \$100,000 for the relief of the drought sufferers near the Colorado line was adopted with enthusiasm.

The gubernatorial mix-up still continues. Governor Thayer still holds the fort against Governor Boyd. As reported in the Record-Union, Thayer is an unsuccessful attempt made to approve the minutes of the last session. This business was taken up when an adjournment was called.

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CONGRESSIONAL.

Death of an Editor.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS IN THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—In the Senate several petitions for aid against Conger's land bill, and resolutions deprecating any further legislation in regard to silver were presented.

Platt gave notice that he would ask the Senate on Monday, after the routine morning business, to consider the House copyright bill. The finance bill was then laid before the Senate.

The House bill to provide for an additional Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona was passed.

The financial bill was taken up, and Plumb gave notice of an amendment limiting to \$1,000 the amount of any national bank deposit of United States bonds for every national bank, and to \$500 for every State bank, and to \$250 for every savings bank, and to \$100 for every other bank.

Blackburn addressed the Senate in advocacy of Stewart's amendments for free coinage. He was not willing to have it go to the country and the result of the election of silver men, and an effort by representatives of the silver States, and that the result of the country was indifferent to the result. There was not a silver man within the limits of the great commerciality of Kentucky, and he was not a silver man.

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BLEETING NOTICES.

WENONAH COUNCIL NO. 2. W. NIGHT of Poochona, meets at 7:30 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. E. J. HAZLE, K. of R.

O. C. P.—MEMBERS OF SACRAMENTO. Council No. 26, are requested to meet at 7:30 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. E. J. HAZLE, K. of R.

CONGRESSIONAL.

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