THE RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LXXX.--NO. 124. SACRAMENTO, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1891. WHOLE NO. 15,365.

EASTERN INTELLIGENCE.

An Effort to be Made for the Release of Mrs. Maybrick.

BEQUESTS MADE IN THE WILL OF EMMA ABBOTT.

The Authorities Will Not Interfere With the Dempsey-Fitzsimmons Glove Fight—Double Murder in Missouri—Destitution in Kansas—Death of a California Pioneer.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Another strenuous effort is being made to have Mrs. Maybrick, the American woman who is confined in an English prison on a charge of having poisoned her husband, released from custody on the ground that she was wrongfully convicted. Alexander William MacDougal, the London barrister, has written an exhaustive treatise on the Maybrick case, and the proceeds of the book will be devoted to Mrs. Maybrick's use

It is a review of the circumstances and evidence. Among the chief features of the book will be a fac-simile of the prescription for the face of West, which Mrs. testified about, but which could not be found. Both the prescription and the druggist have been found since the trial, and it is believed by her friends that their evidence would have brought about an acquittal.

WILL OF EMMA ABBOTT.

Liberal Bequests to Relatives, Friends and Charities.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The will of Emma Abbott was filed for probate yesterday.

She first directed that her body be tested by electricity to ascertain if life is extinct, and then be cremated. She requests that her executors deposit enough money with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company to enable them to pay interest amounting to $400 per month to Seth Abbott, her brother.

In the United States Trust Company $100,000 is to be deposited, and from it her mother, Almina M. Abbott, is to be paid $400 a month.

Martha G. Wetherell, mother of her deceased husband, is to get $10,000.

Her brother, Leon H. Abbott, gets $25,000; her brothers, George H. and Frederick, $25,000 each, and her sister, Mrs Lizzie Abbott Clark, $25,000.

Each of the children of the following persons gets $5,000; Leon Abbott, George H. Abbott, Mrs. Etta Clark (deceased) and Mrs. L. L. Wetherell.

Mrs. Van Houghton gets $10,000, and her Secretary, D. A. Considine, $5,000.

The following churches, where she says she enjoyed to worship, get $5,000 each: Congregational, Gloucester, Mass.; Plymouth Church at Brooklyn; Brooklyn Tabernacle; Madison-avenue Baptist Church; Fourth-avenue Presbyterian Church; Church of the Divine Paternity, all of this city; Baptist churches, of Charleston, S. C.; Methodist Episcopal Church, of this city.

The residue of her estate is to be divided share and share alike among the following foundling asylums of the Sisters of Charity; Children's Aid Society for the support of the newsboys' lodging-house, Home for the Friendless of Newark, Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, House of Mercy in East Eighty-sixth street, St. John's Guild for excursions for mothers and children in summer, Hebrew Benevolent Society, Sanitary for Hebrew children, Mrs. S. V. Wright of Brooklyn and Mrs. Sarah Bird, a friend of Mrs. White. She hopes these ladies will use their shares in charity.

All of her music, operatic scores and private papers of every kind are bequeathed to Alice Cafferty of Jersey City, who also receives a bequest of $5,000. Her diamonds and jewelry are given to the executors with direction that they be sold at private or public sale, and the proceeds are to form part of the estate.

The will contains a forfeiture clause against contestants.

IN THE RING.

No Interference Will be Made in the Dempsey-Fitzsimmons Fight.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 13.—Mayor Shakespear said to-day that he would not intefere with the coming prize fights, and it is understood that the Governor will let the matter rest entirely with the municipal authorities.

Kilrain and Muldoon are in town, and all the notable pugilists of the country have either already arrived or are on the way.

Among the latter is Peter Jackson, the negro champion. Sullivan, it is said, will be here.

MEYERS AND M'AULIFFE TO FIGHT.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 13.—Late to-night Billy Meyers and Jack McAuliffe signed an agreement to fight for $5,000 and the largest purse offered by the Puritan Club of New York, the Olympic Club of New Orleans, the Galveston or California Athletic Clubs of San Francisco. The match to take place in April, after McAuliffe meets Carroll.

BARBED WIRE TRUST.

The Outlook for a Combination Considered Good.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—A local trade journal says the outlook for a combination of the barbed wire manufacturers in the country is good. They met two weeks ago in Pittsburg and formed a plan of consolidation, and that session is now being continued in Chicago.

The Columbia Wire Company has been incorporated under the favorable laws of Kentucky. Stock books were opened, and substantially all the manufacturers, except the Washburn-Moen Company, are or will be suscribers.

The new company will control all patents, contracts, etc., issue new licenses and establish prices.

F. F. FARGO.

He is Now Numbered Among the Silent Majority.

BUFFALO, Jan. 13.—Francis Frederick Fargo died on Monday at the home of one of his daughters of nervous prostration. He was born in Warsaw, New York, in April, 1824. In 1851 he took his third wife and went to California, where he successively owned a hotel. He worked on the *Alta* and *Bulletin*, and established the *Pathfinder*.

He was a member of the Assembly and Clerk of the Supreme Court. He returned East in 1861, and has been an editorial writer of the Buffalo *Express* and *Times*. He was Journal Clerk of the Assembly, City Clerk of Buffalo, and a contributor to California papers. In 1883 he married the widow of W. G. Fargo.

DEATH OF CAPTAIN BROWN.

An Old California Pioneer Passes Away in Boston.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—Captain Jos. Brown Thomas died at his home on Charleston street this morning. He was born in Pittston, Me., in June, 1801. He sailed before the mast, then invested his savings in a ship and engaged in the West India trade. In 1849 he loaded his vessel with mining tools and sailed for San Francisco. There he engaged in wharfing, and in buying cargoes on arrival made a large fortune.

He was a member of the Vigilance Committee. Returned to Boston twenty years ago, and bought out the Standard Sugar Refinery, and enlarged the business. At the time of his death he owned much real estate in San Francisco, and was a director in the Bank of California. He was interested in many large manufactures, and was liberal in giving to the church and charities.

On Trial for Heresy.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 13.—Rev. J. R. Milligan, of the Alleghany Reformed Presbyterian Church, was placed on trial by the Presbytery of the Reformed Church today, charged with heresy. At the conclusion of his trial Rev. A. W. McClurkin will be tried for the same offense.

Several months ago the accused, with five other ministerr, adopted a platform recognizing the right to vote for public officers. For this the ministers were tried and suspended from the Church, and Rev. Mr. Milligan is now arraigned.

A split in the Church is feared if the suspended ministers are not reinstated by the General Synod.

Finish Fight at Omaha.

OMAHA, Jan. 13.—The finish fight between Lindsay, of this city, and Harry Gilmore, of Toronto, Canada, last night, was a most disgraceful affair. Up to the thirty-third round it was interesting and gamely fought. In the thirty-fourth, when the Canadian had Lindsay all but knocked out, they clinched, and in the fall Lindsay landed on top. He arose and deliberately kicked Gilmore in the head. But despite the foul, the referee ordered them to fight on. When Lindsay repeated the foul in the thirty-fifth round, and after the affair developed into a small-sized riot, the fight was given to Gilmore.

The School Question.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 13.—Cardinal Gibbons' attention was to-day called to information cabled from Rome to the effect that he had written an important letter to the Pope on the political bearings of the school question in the United States in answer to the Pope's desire for the Cardinal's opinion, a number of communications having been sent to the Vatican regarding the famous educational discourse of the Bishop of Ireland.

Cardinal Gibbons admits that he wrote such a letter. but states that it is not for publication.

A Fire Raging in Mississippi.

MEMPHIS, Jan. 13.—A fire is raging at Grenada, Miss. Two warehouses and a number of stores are going. The loss will be $100,000.

EASTERN POLITICS.

THE SUPREME COURT OF NEBRASKA RECOGNIZED BOYD.

The Democratic Candidates for State Officers in Connecticut Sworn In.

HARTFORD (Conn.), Jan. 13.—In the Senate this afternoon a resolution was passed instructing the Democratic candidates to come to the Senate and be inaugurated. A committee was then appointed to escort Governor Bulkley to the inauguration of his successor. He told the committee that he should not recognize the authority of one branch of the Assembly to act in this matter, and warned them that they did it at their individual peril. The Democratic candidates were sworn in and the Senate adjourned.

After the candidates had been sworn in they visited the different officers and made demands for them. The present occupants refused to give up until it was shown that the new officers had been duly elected and declared by the General Assembly. To-day's action in the Senate is understood to put an end to the Democratic plan for uniting with the Republicans of the House in its committee of inquiry that begins its work tomorrow,

INGALLS' CHANCES WANING.

TOPEKA (Kan.), Jan. 13.—The lower house reconvened this afternoon, and succeeded in electing the officers nominated in the Alliance caucus last night. The unanimity which prevails in the Alliance ranks is said by politicians to look very bad for the hopes of Ingalls' friends that competition among the Alliance aspirants for his seat would create a division which might result in his re-election.

The Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance considered the Turner letter to-day, and found McGrath blameless in the matter. What other conclusions were arrived at was not divulged.

COLORADO.

DENVER, Jan. 13.—The row started up in the Lower House of the General Assembly Friday night, between factions of Republicans, to see who should have control of the House, was renewed again at last night's session. Fears were entertained of serious trouble, and before the House was called to order some half-dozen Sergeants-at-Arms were sworn in. These were stationed all over the House to promptly suppress demonstrations that might be made. After the House was called to order Voorhies (Dem.) got the floor and charged that bribery had been attempted. This caused a heated debate and resulted in the appointment of a committee to investigate. After considerable filibustering the House adjourned.

SITUATION IN NEBRASKA.

LINCOLN, Jan. 13.—The Supreme Court allowed ex-Governor Thayer to file a quo-warranto petition this morning, citing Governor Boyd to show cause why he should not vacate his office.

"However," the court said, "we recognize Boyd as the legal Governor of Nebraska, and all in the State Department do likewise. We would advise the ex-Governor to quietly and peaceably submit to the Governor, as it will do him no good to further resist."

In spite of this Thayer refuses to vacate his office.

The Board of Public Lands and Buildings say that they will remove Thayer from the Governor's room this afternoon, by force, if necessary.

FARMERS' ALLIANCE CANDIDATE.

SPRINGFELD (Ill.), Jan. 13.—The Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association representatives to-night unanimously decided on Alson J. Streeter as a candidate for United States Senator, to succeed Farwell. They have decided to support Streeter for an indefinite time, in the belief that one or the other of the two old parties must come to them. Streeter has been an active figure in Illinois politics since 1872. Always a farmer, he is known to agriculturists of the entire West. In 1888 he was the United Labor candidate for Governor of Illinois, polling an unusually large vote. His public life has been characterized by his opposition to corporations and the championship of the farmers' interests.

NEW YORK SENATORSHIP.

ALBANY, Jan. 13.—The indications here are that Smith M. Weed has given up the Senatorial fight, and all politicians to-night point to Hill as the successor of Evarts. The Democratic caucus has been postponed to Monday,

INDIAN TROUBLES.

The Hostiles Within View of Pine Ridge.

NO CONSULTATION HAS YET TAKEN PLACE.

The Indians Timid and Apprehensive of Punishment—Troops in Readiness in Case an Uprising Should Occur—The Situation in O'Kanagon County, Washington, Growing Serious.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 13.—The *Post-Dispatch* staff correspondent at Pine Ridge Agency this morning telegraphs to the paper as follows:

The Indians are in camp within full view of the north fortifications. On the right their column rests and the line extends northeasterly, running up the gulch behind the bluffs. Behind them is a natural amphitheater, a rugged broken slope two hundred feet to the crest. It is just a mile from the agency, and White Clay Creek runs beside it. On the plains are tepees by hundreds pitched irregularly, huddled together in groups here and scattered wide apart there. Moving about among the tepees a field glass shows bucks and squaws with their children and dogs. Such a spectacle imprints itself on the mind with startling clearness, for it is huge in its grandeur, strikingly unique and wonderful.

Just between the plain and the agency, perched on a hill behind the earthworks, is a three-inch rifle which is trained on the camp. For a while yesterday everybody in Pine Ridge waited anxiously, feeling every moment that the roar of that gun might be heard, and every one was expectant. General Miles had notified Father Jules that he would not consent to a council.

Captain Dougherty, commanding the infantry company at the fortifications, had thrown out the pickets a quarter of a mile beyond the lines. The Indians are known to be just beyond the hill, about 1,800 yards distant.

Major Baker, the Paymaster, visited the fortifications to pay off the company, and all the men were in camp a hundred yards away, except one who was left as guard near the guns. Suddenly two Indians were seen on the crest of the hill a short distance beyond the other pickets.

Then others appeared on hills to the northwest, and then a body of more than a hundred bucks rose to the crest of the hill behind which the hostiles were.

The number steadily increased to 400 by the accessions of bands ranging in number from five to twenty-five.

Captain Dougherty was immediately notified. He dispatched a courier to headquarters to notify General Miles of the movement. Then, hurrying to the fortifications, he had a gun prepared for action. A line of skirmishers were sent out beyond the fortifications on the crests of the hills. Activity at headquarters is stirring. Orders were sent out to the cavalry to saddle and be in readiness to move to the southwest of the camp. General Miles, accompanied by Buffalo Bill and his staff, rode to the fortifications and made a circuit of the camp. Extra ammunition was issued, and when everything was in readiness the troops waited. After two hours General Miles received word that the Indians did not mean to make any advance, but they would like to talk with him. The General sent them word to go quietly into camp and he would receive ten of their chief men. An hour later they were camped with the end of their column on the plain. Their camp is more than three miles long and there are 7,000 Indians in it, 2,500 of whom are warriors.

By the southeast trail they have been communicating with the friendlies, and horsemen have been riding continually between the two camps. The friendlies held a council late last night and decided they wanted none of the hostiles in their camp. They have dug rifle pits, and say if even a solitary warrior comes among them and causes any trouble they will arrest him, and if he resists they will kill kill him. Still, this does not give a feeling of security. The ground upon which they camp is between the agency and retreat. If a fight takes place, no one will know a friendly from a hostile, and the fight may become simply a battle between all the Indians and the whites.

If the hostiles could be sure of dragging in 2,500 friendlies, they would be sure to fight. The ten chiefs did not come in yesterday, and they are expected this morning, but there are fears that it may be a day or two before they can be induced to come to the agency.

Frank Giraud, chief Indian scout, says the young men and the old are excited, though they are all half afraid, "I cannot tell," said he, "what they will do, but I hear that there are several hundred young men who want to fight. They have their war paint on, and they are ready for a fight if one occurs."

The friendly camp is now an unsafe place, because the hostiles are riding in there constantly. It is difficult to get even couriers to go through it late in the evening. General Brooke is coming slowly towards the agency. He is encumbered with a number of wounded, which makes his progress slow.

NO CONFERENCE HELD.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, Jan. 13.—Contrary to expectation there was no conference between the chiefs of the hostiles and General Miles. The latter says the Indians are still timid and apprehensive of punishment, and he proposes to allow a couple of days to elapse before attempting to bring the negotiations to a close. Thus far the disposition he has shown to treat the Indians kindly has made for him many warm friends among them. This fact, coupled with the pains which Captain Pierce, the new agent, is taking to show the Indians that everything they are entitled to under the treaty will be issued to them, will undoubtedly have a beneficial effect, although until the trouble is really over there is ever present a fear that injudicious action on the part of some may precipitate bloodshed.

A member of G Company, Second Infantry, who came in to-day with a detachment of the Seventh Infantry, under Major Egbert, reports that 600 bucks broke away from the hostile camp last night and have been followed by Colonel Sanford and Colonel Henry. At headquarters no such report has been received, and Assistant Adjutant-General Corbin says the rumor was occasioned by the fact that the commands mentioned had left in the direction of Wounded Knee on a scouting expedition.

This evening there is no change in the situation. The hostiles are still in camp and the chiefs may come in to-morrow. There is now under discussion the advisability of enlisting the scouts for service on the reservation. The Agency is now guarded by a force of ninety-nine Indian policemen, sixty of whom were enlisted for two months at the time the trouble broke out.

To the thirty-nine regular policeman an offer was made giving them the option of entering the scouting service or remaining in the police force. In the former their pay is $13 per month, with an allowance for horses, bringing the total to $25 per month. This party of scouts will be distinct from the scouts now under command of Lieutenant Taylor, of the Ninth Cavalry, and who have enlisted since the opening of the campaign. Taylor will endeavor to take his command with him to Fort Robinson at the close of the difficulty, and render them the beau ideal troop of the regular cavalry.

The Indian police, being assured that they will be given permanent employment, they have decided to become scouts.

Big Foot's wife, injured at Wounded Knee, died last night.

Red Eagle, son of American Horse, visited the hostile camp this afternoon, and on his return this evening said the Brules want to stay at this agency and want to keep their guns.

Red Eagle thinks it would be very inadvisable for General Miles to say anything at all about disarming now. The old men are all right and want to avoid a fight, but the youngest have bad hearts, and the fact that they are surrounded by troops and cannon doesn't cut any figure with them.

WHISKY WAS THE CAUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan 13.—The Commissioner of Indian Affairs says, regarding the reported Indian troubles in Idaho, that he has received a telegram from the agent saying there is no trouble. The Indians were off the reservation on their annual hunt. They bought some whisky from the white men and became drunk and hilarious, which gave rise to the report of an outbreak. They have recovered, and all is now quiet.

UNEASINESS IN WASHINGTON.

SPOKANE FALLS, Jan. 13.—A special from Coulee City says: Bill Otto, who has many friends among the Indians, started for Nespatum. On the way, he was warned by some of the Indians not to proceed. He reported the Indians in war paint.

The young bucks are all eager to go on the warpath. People are alarmed along the line of the railroad, and especially on the borders of the reservation.

Captain Charles Josenson, a prominent citizen of Chualan, who left Coulee City on Saturday, is hurrying back to Chualan to assist in preparing to protect the people in the event of an outbreak. He left the following communication for L. H. Woodin, who came in from Spokane Falls last night:

"*L. M. Woodin*—DEAR SIR: Things are getting dangerous in Okanagon county. The Indians are all arming. Runners came through to-day from Ruby City and Conconnully to ask the Governor for help. The Governor has sent 200 guns and 6,000 rounds of ammunition. I think I ought to be home to get the boys in shape. As you cannot get here until Monday, I will not wait. Get home as soon as you can. We will need your council."

The following petition was sent from Spring Coulee, Okanagon county:

To the Commander of the Spokane Post: We, the citizens of Okanagon county, ask and demand that you send troops to protect us against the Indians, who are preparing for an outbreak. We ask that troops be sent immediately, as there is imminent danger of trouble. There will probably be fighting ere you get this, as the Indians are getting ready for an attack. The Indians here and from British Columbia are all armed for war.

(Signed by thirty-five citizens.)

BLOODSHED EXPECTED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—A *Chronicle* Tacoma special says: Advices received from Coulee City in the Big Bend of the Columbia River, state that the situation is becoming more critical hourly, and that bloodshed is expected before the troops on the way from Spokane Falls can arrive. The Indians causing trouble are the Okanegan and Spokane tribes, on the Colville reservation on the Columbia River.

The people of Ruby City and Conconnelly have made an appeal for aid, and expect to be attacked at any minute in overwhelming numbers. Several white men have already been killed. Governor Leighton has received another appeal for more troops. He had already forwarded arms and ammunition to the settlers.

INDIANS ARE QUIET.

SEATTLE (Wash.), Jan. 13.—C. C. Thornton, who has charge of the Eulalip, Lammi, Sammish, Madison and Mukeleshoot Indians' reservations, was in the city today. He says the Indians are all quiet. The Canadian Indians came to visit the Lammi reservation, which is just this side of the border, to stir up discord. A faction in the Lammis favor the Canadians and wanted to depose the old chief and elect a young Canadian half-breed instead, but the older men squelched the project.

A VILLAGE REPORTED BURNED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—A *Chronicle* Spokane Falls, Wash., special says: Word has reached here that the Indians have burned the village of Calispen, about a hundred miles north of here, and killed several people. The village is in an isolated valley a long way from a telegraph station. The report is not generally credited, although the Indians in that vicinity are known to be a bad set.

Destitution in Kansas.

LAWRENCE (Ks.), Jan 13.—J. A. Shirley, of Northfield, Sherman county, Western Kansas, is in the city soliciting aid for the destitute settlers. Crops have failed for five years, and now they are actually dying from destitution, starving from want of food and freezing for want of clothing and fuel.

Double Murder.

JEFFERSON CITY (Mo.), Jan. 13.—Meagre details of a double murder have come from Tuscumbia. Mrs. Freeman quarreled with one Fulkerson and fired a charge of shot into his breast. Fulkerson snatched the gun from the woman, and before he expired mortally wounded her.

Minister Pacheco Sails.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Ex-Governor Pacheco, recently appointed Minister to Guatemala, to succeed Miznar, sailed for his post to-day in the steamer City of New York.

Run Down by a Train.

TOLEDO (O.), Jan. 13.—Four farmers, Milt Gilmore, Grant Fleming, Reuben Babcock and Charles Ream, attempted to-night to cross the Lake Shore tracks in a sleigh, ahead of the fast express-train. The engineer did all that was possible to stop, but could not. The four men were instantly killed.

Four Men Instantly Killed.

PLATTSBURG (N. Y.), Jan. 13.—John and William Flurry and two Italians were instantly killed and three men fatally injured at a quarry near Westport this afternoon, the derrick giving way and letting a huge stone fall upon them.

Large Conflagration in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The seven-story brick building occupied by Vaughn & Williams, iron, steel and oil merchants, was burning at 2 o'clock this morning, It will probably be a total loss.

Death of a Noted Sporting Man.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Billy O'Brien, a sporting man widely known throughout the country, died suddenly in the Flat Bush Insane Asylum to-day.

Visitor—"Your little boy doesn't seem to be very cheerful. Isn't he well?" Broker—"Yes, he's well enough, but he is feeling pretty blue just now. You see, there was a great drop in leather this morning." "Bless me! You don't mean to tell me that child knows anything about the market." "Well, perhaps not, generally speaking; but you see the particular leather that dropped this morning was his mother's slipper.—*Boston Courier.*

There are more evictions for non-payment of rent in New York and Brooklyn in one year, says a judge of the latter city, than in Ireland in two years.

There are about 32,000 arrests each year in Paris, and of those arrests thirty-five are assassins.

CALIFORNIA AND COAST.

The Murder of Mrs. McDonald Wrapped in Mystery.

MITCHELL RENOMINATED FOR THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

Weather Indications Point to Rain and Snow—Proceedings of the Oregon Legislature—Light Thrown on the Recent Tragedy at Bakersfield—The Wharf Accident at Victoria.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

NEWMAN (Cal.), Jan. 13.—The all-absorbing topic of conversation here to-day is the mysterious murder of Mrs. Lottie McDowell, and much speculation is indulged in as to what evidence will reveal at to-morrow's inquest. Hale is safely lodged in the Merced County Jail, but will be here to-morrow at the inquest.

The place of holding the inquest has been changed from Drapers to Cottonwoods School-house, which is more suitable to accommodate the large gathering of people which is sure to be present.

Mrs. McDowell was not known to have an enemy in this section, and the idea that any tramp would commit such a cold-blooded murder is not accepted. Hale's persistent effort to borrow a gun on the day of the murder, and the fact that tracks were traced to his gate, which there seems to be no doubt were made by his boots, will be brought out on the examination.

It is a fact well known that Hale was smitten with pretty Lottie McDowell before her marriage and during her residence on Hale's farm while in the employ of Mr. and Mrs. Hale, some four years ago. Since her marriage she has not spoken to Hale, unless it was impossible to avoid it. This coolness on the part of Mrs. McDowell hurt the feelings of Hale. It is generally believed that he determined to be avenged.

It is known that a letter written by Mrs. Hale, which was received by Mr. McDowell shortly before she was shot, contained some charges reflecting on Mrs. McDowell's character. Mrs. McDowell attended a mask ball at Volta on New Year's night, where she wore a mask. The letter refers to this, and says; "You had better wear the mask that you wore at the ball and hide the shame which you have brought on me and my family," or words to that effect.

To-morrow's inquest is looked forward to with much interest, and a number of persons from Newman and other localities will be present.

THE BAKERSFIELD TRAGEDY.

The Parties Supposed to be John Beck and a Mrs. Clendenin.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 13.—Chief of Police Coyne has been actively engaged this evening in trying to locate the parties who committed suicide at Bakersfield last Sunday. The man who is reported to have been a corporal in the regular army located here is supposed to be John Beck, who was discharged from the service about six months ago, and who, up to the present time, has been running a cigar store in this city. He left here a few days ago, and was last heard of at Los Angeles.

Up to the time of the notorious Clendenin divorce case, Mrs. Clendenin was known to but few people in this city. About three years ago Mrs. Clendenin left her husband, and eventually acted as pianist for a dancing school. Over a year ago she sued for a divorce on the ground of cruelty, petitioning for a division of the property and the custody of the boy. The suit brought out allegations against her character, and resulted in the boy being awarded to the father under certain conditions.

Subsequently Mrs. Clendenin petitioned for the boy on the ground that Clendenin had violated the court's order in not permitting her to see the child. Judge Pierce then ruled that she be given the custody of the boy, and that afternoon he was shot down on Fifth street by Clendenin. The suit that followed was bitterly fought. The sentence pronounced was fourteen years.

It was supposed that Mrs. Clendenin was with her mother, Mrs. Sharp, at Florence, Ariz.

ANOTHER THEORY.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 13.—From dispatches received here it is believed that the woman murdered at Bakersfield is Mrs. John M. Petty, daughter of G. W. Robinson of this city, and that the man is Charley Hastings of San Diego, with whom the woman has been keeping company for about a year past. Mrs. Petty left her husband, who keeps a saloon in San Diego, some time ago and returned to this city. She then went to San Pedro, where she worked in a hotel. It is believed that Hastings followed her to San Pedro and induced her to run off with him. The couple then went to Ventura, from which place Mrs. Petty wrote to her parents here. It is believed they made their way to Bakersfield, where the tragedy occurred.

The husband of the woman is said to have passed through the city to-night from San Diego, en route to Bakersfield, to be present at the inquest. Mrs. Petty's parents were interviewed to night, but were very reticent, refusing to give any information.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Change Along the Coast Which Forbodes Snow and Rain.

SAN FRANCICO, Jan. 13.—The following bulletin is furnished by Lieutenant Finley, of the Signal Service: The anticyclone which has produced the cold, frosty, clear weather for the past week is rapidly disappearing under the influence of a cyclone now central off Vancouver Island. The winds have shifted to the south and east as far southward as the San Joaquin Valley, and a general cloudiness, with occasional threatening weather, is reported from Northern California, Northern Nevada, Oregon and Washington.

The barometer has fallen quite rapidly everywhere, and is the lowest on the Washington coast. Storm signals have been ordered for all stations from Eureka northward. Light rain, turning to snow in the mountains, is predicted for Washington, Oregon and the northern portion of Northern California for the next 24 hours.

There is a slight but general rise in the temperature in this region by the approach of the cyclone. Clear weather prevails in Southern Nevada and Southern California, where the winds are still generally northerly.

VICTORIA NOTES.

Yesterday's Accident the Chief Topic of Conversation.

VICTORIA (B. C.), Jan. 13.—This afternoon the body of John Wild was found in his room, and appearances denoted death by poisoning. Wild was employed by S. Gray at Chemainus, but came to Victoria a few days ago. Before leaving Chemainus Gray cashed a check for him for $20, but found that Wild had no funds in the bank to meet it. An officer was on his way to-day to arrest Wild on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

The terrible accident at the ocean dock, yesterday, which resulted in the death of four men was the chief topic of conversation in this city to-day, and hundreds viewed the bodies of the unfortunate men. The wrecked wharf was built over a ravine, and the piles were set on solid rock. The cross beams between the piles do not appear at all rotten, and were very stout. Carlson, one of the injured men, who was supposed to be fatally injured, will probably recover. The loss financially will not amount to over $2,000. The Coroner will hold an inquest to-morrow on the bodies of the four men killed.

BANKERS' CONVENTION.

One to be Held in Los Angeles in March Next.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 13.—At a meeting of the local bankers this evening final arrangements were perfected for a bankers' convention, to be held in this city in March next. Invitations will be addressed to all bankers in the State.

The object of the organization is to induce harmony and promote the welfare and usefulness of the banks; to secure consideration of financial usages, customs and laws, and to adopt rules to insure uniformity of action in the conduct of the institutions. Papers on live subjects will be arranged for the State Citrus Fair, which opens here on March 3d, and for this reason the date of March 4th was selected.

Farmers' Alliance.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance was in session here all day. The Committee resolved to incorporate, in order to transact general business. The petition agreed upon is to be presented to the Legislature, asking that a new section be added to the Civil Code, providing that mutual insurance companies may be formed in this State without any act of incorporation, and that by the laws such companies shall have the force and effect of the statute in determining the liability of members to pay their share of the losses. The session will continue to-morrow.

Death of a Centenarian.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 12.—Mrs. Marguerite Chavez died to-day in this city at the age of 102 years. The immediate cause of death was a fall from a bed on Sunday, by which she sustained a compound fracture of the collar-bone and arm. Otherwise she was in perfect health. The deceased was a native of Sonora.

Washington Legislative Doings.

OLYMPIA (Wash.), Jan. 13.—The House and Senate Committees on the World's Fair met to-night and drafted a bill which will be introduced in both Houses to-morrow. It leaves a tax of one-quarter of a mill on the taxable valuation during the next three years. This will net about $240,000.

Fire in Salt Lake.

SALT LAKE, Jan. 13.—A fire, originating in the Co-operative Furniture Company's store to-day, destroyed much stock, and destroyed several adjoining stores. The losses of the furniture company, Barton & Co., clothing, and Hyde & Griffin, provisions, aggregate $80,000; partially insured.

Favor the New County.

RIVERSIDE, Jan 13.—The Board of City Trustees to-day adopted resolutions declaring in favor of the formation of the county of Riverside according to the boundaries defined by the recent convention of delegates from Riverside, Perrys, Elsinore, Banning and other sections.

Oregon Legislature.

SALEM, Jan. 13.—A joint resolution was adopted by the State Senate to-day providing for a Joint Committee of each House to meet with a like committee from the Washington Legislature to form a uniform law regulating the fishing industries of the Columbia River.

Mitchell Renominated.

SALEM, (Or.,) Jan. 13.—The Republican members of the Senate and House of Representatives held a joint caucus this evening and renominated United States Senator John H. Mitchell by acclamation.

GRAPE INDUSTRY.

REPORT OF VITICULTURAL COMMISSIONER WEST.

He Discourages the Planting of Any More Raisin or Wine Vineyards.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The State Viticultural Commissioners have received the annual report of George West, Commissioner of the San Joaquin District. In the County of San Joaquin the entire acreage of vines will not exceed 3,000. Three vineyards are devoted exclusively to the production of table and wine grapes, both of which are very profitable.

Stanislaus County contains thousands of acres of fine land which will soon be developed by irrigation and will then be well adapted to the growth of raisin grapes.

Merced County now has nearly 2,000 acres of vines, and this season will see a large acreage planted in muscats. Wines and brandies of good quality have also been produced.

Kern County has about 1,200 acres of muscats, mostly young vines, all doing well.

Tulare County contains 465 grape growers, owning 10,000 acres of vineyards, 2,500 of which are in bearing. A few wine grapes are grown. All of the raisin vineyards are in a thriving condition.

Fresno is the banner grape-growing county of the State. It comprises 49,500 acres of vineyards, owned by 1,600 growers. There are 5,600 acres planted in wine grapes, and 43,900 acres in raisin grapes. The wine vineyards are nearly all in full bearing. The vintage of 1890 was probably the largest that will be seen in California for many years. Ports, sherries, Angelicas, sweet Muscats and brandies of excellent quality are produced in this county.

It is upon the raisin business that the chief interest of the grape-growers of the San Joaquin District is centered. The number of vineyard proprietors now in the valley aggregate upward of 2,300, most of whom are growing raisins. There are 56,430 acres in the district planted in raisin grapes, 20,000 of which are in bearing, but not half of these are in full bearing. Twenty thousand acres are also planted in the State outside of the valley. These vineyards will produce, when in full bearing, 2,000,000 boxes, making a total of 7,600,000 boxes of raisins annually from the vineyards now planted for the entire State. The total consumption of raisins in the United States is now 3,250,000 boxes, including dried grapes. The yield from vineyards already planted in California will, when in bearing, be more than double this amount.

Commissioner West, in view of these facts, advises the viticulturists to study the future of the industry before planting any more raisin vineyards. He also discourages the planting at present of any further wine vineyards.

In Paris there are 56,000 gaslights, so that it is just 100 times better lighted than it was a century ago.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The Pope's Encyclical on the School Question.

JOHN DILLON SPOKEN OF FOR THE IRISH LEADERSHIP.

Nine Skaters Break Through the Ice on the River Seine and are Drowned—A Portion of the Navy in Chile Take Part in a Revolt Against the Government.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

ROME, Jan. 13.—The *Tribune* says that the Pope has submitted proofs of his encyclical on the social question to several eminent European savants. This journal also says that the Papal advisers are still discussing the advisability of the Vatican advising State intervention in the disputes between capital and labor. It is alleged that the English clergy advocate such intervention, while the French are against it.

The Pope has appointed a Commission to study the religious situation in the South American Republics, with a view to reorganizing the Episcopates on a system similar to that prevailing in Brazil, which is based on common law and religious liberty. Above everything, the Pope wishes the clergy to be in line with both the political and social situations of their respective ceuntries.

Von Schlozer, the representative of Prussia at the Vatican, in an audience with the Pope announced that while Germany was unable to accede to the return of the Jesuits, all other religious bodies are free to return.

IRELAND'S CAUSE.

John Dillon Spoken of for Leader of the Nationalists.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—The *Siecle* to-day announces that John Dillon, upon his arrival in France, will be chosen the leader of the Irish Parliamentary party.

ROUNDING UP THE ENEMY.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—It is stated that the Government has ordered the Irish County Police Inspectors to furnish returns of the branches of the National League throughout Ireland, and stating in each case whether the branch supports or opposes Parnell.

ARCHBISHOP WALSH AND PARNELL.

DUBLIN, Jan. 13.—Archbishop Walsh has written a reply to certain statements made to Parnell in his speech delivered at Limerick Sunday. The Archbishop endeavors to rebut the assertion made by Parnell that the opposition to him manifested by the Bishops of Ireland was not based on moral grounds, because if such was the case they had issued their manifest too late.

The Archbishop's answer was that before Parnell's re-election as leader of the Irish party he (Walsh) wrote to a number of prominent Parnellites, advising that Parnell be retired if the charges of immorality brought against him were not disproved.

PARNELL AT THE LEAGUE MEETING.

DUBLIN, Jan. 13.—At a meeting of the National League held here to-day, Parnell was given an enthusiastic reception. A dispatch from Longsford says there has been a split in the National League party in that locality. A division there, taken upon the question of a vote of confidence in Parnell, shows there were fifteen Parnellites and 105 McCarthyites present. Parnell announced the subscriptions to the National League Fund since last meetiag exceeded £5,000, showing the country was practically with him. Parnell warmly urged the claims of the evicted tenants, classing them as soldiers of the war against the landlordism.

Heavy Taxes Imposed.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The British Minister at Buenos Ayres has informed the Foreign Office here that heavy taxes in the shape of licenses have been imposed upon foreign companies doing business in the Argentine Republic. Only companies which hold concessions from the Argentine Government are exempt from the new tax. Foreign insurance companies must pay $20,000 per year license and must deposit a guarantee of $20,000 in the hands of the Government. The duties must be paid in gold or its equivalent. The premium thereon is not, however, to exceed 20 per cent.

Not for Sale.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs has informed Lord Lytton, British Embassador, that France will not accept any compensation for her fishery rights in Newfoundland that she does not consider to be their full equivalent. Nothing of that nature has yet been offered to her. It was for England to say what she can give. Money will not be accepted.

The Revolt in Chile.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Further advices from Chile confirm the statement of the Chilean Minister here. They are to the effect that only a portion of the Chilean fleet is in revolt, and the army continues to remain loyal to the Government. The Government is taking energetic means to repress the disturbance.

Russian War Estimates.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 13.—In the Russian budget the war estimates have been increased by 4,600,000 roubles. This sum will be devoted to the construction of barracks. There is also an increase of 4,500,000 roubles in the estimates for the navy.

Nine Skaters Drowned.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—A crowd of skaters tried to cross the Seine to-day, but when near the middle of the river the ice gave way and nine of them were drowned.

Amelie Rives Improving.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—Amelie Rives, the American authoress, has improved the last few days. She is suffering from severe bronchitis and not consumption.

Death of Senator Martinez.

MADRID, Jan. 13.—Senator Martinez, President of the Chamber of Deputies, is dead.

"Handsome New Dress."

[Los Angeles Times, January 12th.]

The Sacramento RECORD-UNION appeared on Saturday in a handsome new dress and in a new form, being printed for the first time on a Goss perf