IN CHILE.

GLIMPSES OF THE CITIES OF VALPARAISO AND SANTIAGO.

Horse Cars with Women Conductors—Modern American Dress—Regulation of Costumes.

The City of Valparaiso is called the finest port on the west coast of South America. The population is about 125,000, and with the aid of foreign capital the native residents have built up the business portion of the place in a way surpassing any other South American city, and equaling any of the size in the United States. Shops and stores are large and well stocked with not only necessities, but expensive luxuries. The word "valparaiso" means the "Vale of Paradise." Just how it is made applicable is a mystery, as there is no suggestion of a vale or more of a heavenly resort than to be found in scores of other towns. Around the bay, that is several hundred fathoms deep, is a mountain ridge, with jutting cliffs descending at intervals to the water's edge. Numerous ravines have been cut by the wash of water continued for years and centuries from the higher lands and slopes, through which are the avenues to the surrounding country. Between the sea and the mountain is a sandy strip, and along this for three or four miles is the city. There is only room for one street, except in a few short breaks. This one thoroughfare, called the "Calle Victoria," follows the circle of the harbor, and, as a matter of course, has the banks, business blocks and the best private houses on it. As the city has grown terraces have been built back for residences, but to reach them calls for a back-breaking clim.

One of the first things catching the eye of the American visitor as a novelty is the double-decked street car with women conductors. The enlistment of all the able-bodied men for the war with Peru made the employment of the other sex for duties to which they had before been strangers a necessity, and so well did they succeed that no change has since been made. They are, for the most part, young and good looking, and in blue flannel uniforms look very catchy. Passengers pay their fare as they enter the car, receiving a paper slip in return that is destroyed or thrown away when leaving. The Chilean women as a whole are not as good looking as those of Peru. They are more of the Saxon type, with larger features and lack the grace of the belles of Lima. The modern American dress, with bonnets after the Parisian fashions are much worn, although the black head mantle with lace fringe is not lost sight of. This is a most becoming bit of feminine toilet, as defects are covered and beauties enhanced. In Chile head mantles of white flannel are worn by women who have committed some sin and are penitent. They frequent the churches, kneeling for hours before some crucifix or waiting for an opportunity to confess. Ladies in the highest social circles can be found in the crowd of penitents as well as those of humble position. Souls that cannot be purged by this penitential dress retire to a convent in the outskirts of the city, called the "Convent of the Penitents," where they scourge themselves with whips, mortify the flesh with sack-cloth, sleep in ashes and upon floors, and feed themselves on moldy crusts, until the priests, by whose advice they go, give them absolution.

Santiago, the capital, can be reached from Valparaiso by rail in a five-hours' ride. There is an orphan asylum there, supported by the Church, that shelters thousands of children whose parents are not known. In the rear wall surrounding the place is a wooden box or cradle which swings out and in. A mother places the little one in the cradle, swings it inside, and the nuns on guard, hearing a bell that rings automatically, take the infant to the nursery. Santiago's climate is about like that of St. Louis, but few houses have any means of heating, fires being regarded as unhealthy. In the coldest weather the richest natives will shiver through the days and nights rather than have a fire. Furs are worn at meals, but at swell social gatherings the ladies appear with bare arms and low-necked dresses, while the temperature may not be over 40°.

The stores do not open until 9 or 10 o'clock in the morning, and close from 5 to 7 P. M. to allow the proprietors and clerks to dine. They then open again until midnight, as between 8 and 11 most of the retail trading is done. The ladies gather around the goods and the Dons come also to stare at them. It seems to be considered a mark of admiration to stare at a woman, for she never turns away.

The Alameda is the great resort for all classes. It is 600 feet wide and four miles long. The center is a promenade, with a drive 100 feet wide on each side. Rows of trees break the line and afford shade, and in the summer bands of music are scattered along to entertain the assembled. At one end is "Santa Lucia," a place beautiful beyond words. It is a pile of rocks 1,000 feet high, in the center of the plain on which the city stands. It was here that the United States astronomical expedition of 1852, under Lieutenant Gillis, made observations. Before that time, and as far back as the Spanish invasion, it was a magnificent fortress, commanding the entire valley with its guns, and tradition has it that the King of the Araucanians had a stronghold here before the Spaniards came. Winding walks and stairways, parapets and balconies, grottos and flower-beds, groves of trees and vine-hung arbors, follow one another from the base to the summit, while upon the west, at the edge of a precipice 800 feet high, is a miniature castle and little chapel. Below the chapel 300 or 400 feet, on the opposite side of the hill, is a restaurant and out-door theater, where on summer nights come the population of the city, while bands of music and dancing make the people merry. This is the resort of the aristocracy. The poor go to Cousino Park, at the other end of the Alameda, drink chica, and dance the cuaca, the Chilano national dance.

Many of the leading men of Chile are and have been of Irish descent. Barney O'Higgins was the liberator of the Republic, and Patrick Lynch was the foremost soldier of Chile in the late war. The O'Learys and McGarrys and other Chileano-Irish families are prominent.

Most of the hotel-keepers are women whose husbands are engaged in other occupations, but all the servants, including the cooks and chambermaids, are men. The milk stations are genuine oddities. Every few blocks on all but principal business streets is a platform upon which a cow is tied, and milked to order by a dairy maid whenever a customer calls. On a table near by are measures, cans and glasses. In the morning these stands are surrounded by women and children, with cups and buckets, awaiting their turn, while as fast as one cow is exhausted another is driven upon the platform.

THREE MEN TELL STORIES.

None of Which Were Chestnuts and All Worth Repeating.

"Let's all tell a story around," suggested Blud to his associates.

"I don't know anything but chestnuts," said Finn.

"Well, chestnuts are good at this time of the year—particularly if you roast them, as we may yours—so lead on."

"A friend of mine," began Finn, "keeps a hotel. He is pestered to death with rats. They gnaw his floors to pieces; disturb the guests at night running about through the partition walls and scare the dining-room girls so that few of them became permanent employes. One evening a needy-looking man came along and offered himself as an agent for the certain destruction of the rats. My friend was quick to accept the suggestion. Show the gentleman to the best room he said to the clerk. Give him a good supper and a good breakfast, and to-morrow he will begin on the pests. After breakfast next day the rat-killer reported for business.

"'Well, sir,' said he, 'now show me where the rats are.'

"'All over the premises. Begin anywhere. What help do you want?'

"'Get me a box about eighteen inches square.'

"'Bring the gentleman a box.'

"'Now get me a hammer.'

"'Quick, there, a hammer.'

"'Have you a stool?'

"'Get a good stool from the office for him.'

"'Now bring on your rats.!' And the rat-slayer sat down on the stool and showed how he would hammer the ozone out of every rodent that was brought to the box."

"I have heard some stories in which Luke Walpole, 'the Blind Justice,' figured," said Blud, beginning his reminiscence just as an Indianapolis *News* reporter dropped in. "There are many relating to his father. When Luke was a small boy his father was prominent in politics. Once an unknown young man aspired to the same legislative office for which the senior Walpole was a nominee. He challenged Walpole repeatedly to a joint discussion, and finally Walpole agreed to hold one debate with the aspiring young man.

"'Now,'" said Walpole to the audience that collected to hear the discussion, 'I make this proposition to my young friend: If he will agree to answer three questions I will debate with him all through the district.'

"The young man assented, and Walpole continued:

"'In what year was the Constitution of the United States adopted?'

"The young man didn't know.

"'Luke,' said the senior Walpole, dramatically, turning to his then young son, 'in what year was the Federal Constitution adopted?'

"'In 1787 by the Federal delegates, in 1788 by the several States, of course.'

"Now then, sir," said the senior to his would-be competitor, "in what year was the Constitution of Indiana amended?" The unhappy young man didn't know, or wouldn't answer; so Walpole once more turned to his son and had him answer the question. So, too, with the third historical question.

"'There!" said Walpole to the audience, 'you see what kind of a man my opponent is. He knows nothing of the history of his State or country. My poor, blind boy here knows more in a minute than my young friend here has learned in a lifetime. I have no time to debate with such as he is, and I think, my countrymen, you have no time to listen to him.'"

"When I was a boy," said Greens, "there was current a story of a good old Quaker who had never uttered but one unseemly word. Harassed to death by a stubborn ox, he turned on him one day with this remark: 'I'll not curse thee and I'll not beat thee, but I'll twist thy d—d tail.'"

Toward Perfection.

[The Wheatland Graphic, Jan. 17th.]

The Sacramento RECORD-UNION has taken another step toward perfection. New perfecting presses have been placed in use, and the paper looks handsome and neat in its new make-up.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK SALES.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 19, 1891.

MORNING BOARD.

Ophir	3 45	Andes	80@85c
Mexican	2 45	Scorpion	15@20c
G. & C.	2 75	Benton	1c
B. & B.	2 55	Iowa	30c
Con. Va	4 05	Baltimore	30c
Savage	2 40	New York	15@20c
Chollar	2 20	Eureka	3 75
Potosi	5	Prize	15@20c
H. & N.	1 60@1 65	Navajo	15@20c
Point	1 80	Belle Isle	35c
Jacket	2 15@2 25	Mt. Diablo	1 80@2
Kentuck	85c	N. B. Isle	40@45c
Alpha	90@95c	Queen	35c
Belcher	1 70	Con. W	80c
S. Nevada	1 85	N. Com. W	50c
Utah	75@80c	Delmonte	10@20c
Bullion	2 30	Bodie	75@80c
Exchequer	75c	Bulwer	25c
Seg. Belcher	85@95c	S. King	25c
Overman	1 80	Peer	10@20c
Justice	95c	Crocker	15@20c
Union	1 95	Peerless	15@20c
Alta	65@70c	Weldon	10@15c
Julia	15c	Central	10c
Caledonia	40@45c	Locomotive	5c
Silver Hill	20@25c	S. V. Water	1 20
Challenge	1 80	Geary-st. R. R.	99
Occidental	80@95c		

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Jackson	25c	Silver Hill	20@25c
Ophir	3 25	Challenge	1 65
Mexican	2 45	Occidental	80c
G. & C.	2 45	Andes	80c
Best & B.	2 25	Scorpion	15c
Con. Va	1 50@3 75	Iowa	30c
Savage	2 20	New York	15@20c
Chollar	9 20@2 25	E. S. Nevada	5@10c
Potosi	4 80	Eureka	3 50
H. & N	1 50@1 55	Prize	15@20c
Point	1 75	Navajo	15@20c
Jacket	2 05@2 10	Belle Isle	35c
Kentuck	85c	N. B. Isle	40@45c
Alpha	90c	Queen	35c
Belcher	1 65	Bulwer	20@25c
Confidence	5½	Mono	50@55c
S. Nevada	1 70@1 75	Silver King	25c
Utah	75c	N. Com'wlth	50@60c
Bullion	2 15	Delmonte	10c
Exchequer	75c	Bodie	75@80c
Imperial	20c	Peer	10@20c
Overman	1 75	Crocker	15c
Justice	95c	Peerless	15c
Union	1 95	Central	10c
Alta	65@70c	Locomotive	5c
Julia	15@20c	S. V. Water	25c
Caledonia	40@45c		

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

COMMERCIAL.

SACRAMENTO MARKET.

SACRAMENTO, January 19th.

FRUIT—Lemons—Sicily, $7@7 50 ₱ box; California, $4@5 50; Limes, $5@6 ₱ box, 75c @1 ₱ 100; Bananas, $3@3 50 ₱ bunch for Island; Cocoanuts, $6@7; California Oranges, Los Angeles, $2 ₱ 100; Riverside, $3@3 50 ₱ box; do, Navels, $4 25@4 50 ₱ box; Mandarins, $1 25 ₱ box; Strawberries, Santa Clara, 65@75c; ₱ drawer; Pineapples, 60c each; $7 ₱ dozen; Apples, Spitzenburg, $2 25@1 75 ₱ box: Rhode Island Greenings, $1@1 50 ₱ box; mixed varieties, $1@1 25 ₱ box; Persimmons, $1@1 50; Pears, $1 25@ 2 box.

CANNED GOODS—Assorted table, $2@ 2 10; Apples, $1 60; Apricots, $190; Blackberries, $1 95; Cherries, $2 40@2 60; Currants, $2 25; Gooseberries, $1 80@1 90; Muscat Grapes, $1 55@1 60; Plums, $1 60; Quinces, $1 95; Raspberries, $2 70; Strawberries, $2 70.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $4 25 ₱ bbl; Oatmeal, 10-lb sack, 4c ₱ lb, $3 80 ₱ 100-lb sack; Cornmeal, white, $2 25 ₱ 10-lb sacks, yellow, $2 10 ₱ 25-lb sacks; Cracked Wheat, $2 50, 10-lb sacks, $2 30 100-lb sacks; Hominy, $3, 10-lb sacks, $2 80 ₱ 100lbs; Graham, $2 40, 10-lb sacks; $2 20, 100-lb sacks.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED—Oat Hay, $12 @15 ₱ ton; Alfalfa, do, $12@14 per ton; Bran, $21 ₱ ton; Middlings, $27 ₱ ton; Barley, whole, paying $1 55@1 60; rolled, $1 75 @1 80; Wheat (choice milling), paying $1 35 ₱ cwt; Rye, $1 35; Wild Oats, $1 75@2 ₱ 100 lbs; Tame Oats, $2@2 25; Corn, paying $1 30 ₱ cwt.

VEGETABLES—Onions, Silverskins, $3 50 @4 ₱ cwt; Onions, Red, $3@3 50; Cabbage, 50c@$1; Carrots, 50@60c ₱ 100 lbs; Turnips, new, $1@1 25 ₱ sack; bunch vegetables, 12½c ₱ doz; Parsnips, $1@1 50; Beets, 75c@ $1; Horse Radish, 10c ₱ lb; Garlic, 20@25c; Artichokes, 40c ₱ doz; Dried Peppers, 20@ 25c; Green Peas, common, 6@8c; do, sweet, 6@8c; Potatoes—Early Rose, $1 15@1 25; Peerless, $1@1 25; Burbanks, $1@1 25; Centennial, $1@1 25 ₱ ctl; Sweet Potatoes, $2@ 2 50 ₱ sack; Celery, 77c ₱ doz; Spinach, 5c ₱ lb; String Beans, 4@5c; Summer Squash, 3@ 4c; Cauliflower, $1 ₱ doz; Green Peppers, 5@ 7c ₱ lb; Okra, 10@12½c; Red Cabbage, 3c ₱ lb; Savoy Cabbage, 90c ₱ doz.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter—Valley, 35@ 40c ₱ lb; Fancy Petaluma, 38@40c ₱ lb; Eastern Creamery, fancy, 22@25c; Pickle Roll, 30@32½c; packed in firkins, choice, 18@25; common, 12½@13c. Cheese—California, 12@13½; Young America, 13@14c; Eastern Cream, 15@16c; Limburger, 18@20c; genuine Swiss, 32½@35c; American Swiss, 21c; Martin's Cream, 17@18c. Eggs, 40@45c; California Ranch Eggs, 28@30c; Eastern Eggs, 25@27½c.

POULTRY—Dealers' prices: Live Turkeys, hens, 12@14c; gobblers, 12@13c; dressed, 14@15c; full-grown Chickens, $4@5 ₱ dozen; young Roosters, $4@5 ₱ dozen; broilers, $3@4; tame Ducks, $5@6; Pekin, $6@7; Geese, $2@2 25 ₱ pair.

GAME—Ducks, Mallards, ₱ pair, 50@75c; Canvasbacks, 75c@$1; Sprig, 40@50c; Widgeon, 25@50c; Teal, 35@50c; Quail, $1 25@ 1 50 ₱ doz; Gray Geese, 50@75c ₱ pair; Brant, 30@50c; White, 25c; Honkers, 75c@ $1; Cottontail, 20@40c.

MEATS — Beef, 4½@5c; Mutton, 6½c; Lamb, 9c; Veal, large, 5@5½c; small, 5@ 8½c; Hogs, 4@4½c; dressed Pork, 7c; Hams—Eastern, 14@15c; California, 11½c; Bacon—Light medium, 9½c; selected, 11c; extra light, 12½c; extra light boneless, 13½@14½c.

MISCELLANEOUS — Seeds — Alfalfa, new crop, 8@9c; Timothy, Eastern, 6@7c ₱ lb; Pop Corn, Ear, 3@4c; Shelled, 4½@5½c ₱ lb; Red Clover, 10@11c ₱ lb; Red Top, 6@7c. Nuts—Chile Walnuts, new, 11@12c; California Walnuts, 11@12; Almonds, new, 14@ 16c; Peanuts, California, 6@7c; Eastern, 6@7c. Lard (California), cans, 8½@9c; Eastern, 8¾@10c. Hides, salt, light, 5c; medium steers, 6c; heavy steers, 8c; heavy cows, 5c; dry, 9c. Tallow, 3½.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 19th.

FLOUR—Net cash price for Family Extras, $4 15@4 25 ₱ bbl; Baker's Extra, $4 05@ $4 15; Superfine, $3@3 25.

WHEAT—The week closes on a tame and rather weak market. Quotable at $1 35 ₱ ctl for No. 1 shipping quality. Fair inquiry prevails for milling parcels, though the top paying price is $1 40 ₱ ctl.

BARLEY—Nothing new. Moderate spot trading with values unchanged. We quote prices as follows: No. 1 Feed, $1 50 @$1 51½; choice, $1 52½; common grades, $1 47½@1 48¾; Brewing, $1 55@1 57½ for fair to good, and $1 60@1 65 for choice; Chevalier, $1 50@1 65 ₱ ctl as to quality.

OATS—Scarcity of choice grades keeps prices for such an article firm and buoyant. We quote prices: Surprise, $2@ 2 10; milling, $2@2 05; good to choice feed, $1 95@2; fair, $1 87½@1 92½.

CORN—Holders are more inclined to trade, even at a trifling concession. Large Yellow, $1 32½@1 33¾; small Yellow, $1 35 White, $1 32½@1 35 ₱ ctl.

CRACKED CORN—Quotable at $30@31 ₱ ton.

OILCAKE MEAL—Quotable at $26 per ton from the mills.

CHOPPED FEED—Quotable at $27@28 ₱ ton.

CORNMEAL—Millers quote Feed at $30 to $30 50 ₱ ton; fine kinds for the table, in large and small packages, 3½@4c ₱ lb.

SEEDS—We quote: Mustard Brown, $2 50 @$3; Yellow, $2 35@2 40 ₱ ctl; Canary, 3@ 3½c; Hemp, 3½@4c; Rape, $1 50@2 50; Timothy, 5½@5¾c; Alfalfa, 8@8¼c ₱ lb; Flax, $2 50@2 65 ₱ ctl.

MIDDLINGS—Old prices continue to rule. Quotable at $25@26 ₱ ton.

HAY—We quote: Wheat, $12 50@13 50; Wild Oat, $11 50@14 50; Barley, $11@14 50; Alfalfa, $11@13 ₱ ton.

STRAW—Quotable at 70@80c ₱ bale.

HOPS—Quotable at 30@37½ ₱ lb.

BRAN—Steady at former rates. Quotable at $22 50@23 ₱ ton.

RYE—Trade quiet. Quotable at $1 30@1½ 1 32½ ₱ ctl.

BUCKWHEAT—Quotable at $1 50@1 65 ₱ ctl.

GROUND BARLEY—Quotable at $32 50@ 33 50 ₱ ton.

POTATOES—In good supply and easy in price. We quote as follows: River Reds, 90c @$1; Early Rose, 70@85c; Burbanks, 75 @90c for Rivers, 90c@$1 10 for Petalumas and $1 30 to 1 45 ₱ ctl for Salinas.

ONIONS—Prices continue to soften. Quotable at $2 50@3 ₱ ctl.

DRIED PEAS—We quote: Green, $2 75@ 2 85; Blackeye, $1 70@1 80; Niles, $1 50@ 1 65 ₱ ctl.

BEANS—Show firmer tone. We quote prices as follows: Bayos, $3 80@3 90; Butter, $2 75@3; Pink, $2 35@2 40; Red, $2 75@3; Lima, $3 50@3 75; Pea, $3@3 12; Small White, $2 75@3 ₱ ctl.

VEGETABLES—Asparagus receipts are moderate, while Tomatoes make fairly good exhibit for the season of year. We quote: Asparagus, 35@40c ₱ lb; Green Peppers, 7@8c ₱ lb; Green Peas, 4@6c ₱ lb; String Beans, 10@15c ₱ lb; Tomatoes $1 25@ $1 75 ₱ box; Summer Squash, 12½c ₱ lb; Turnips, 75c ₱ ctl; Beets, $1 ₱ sack; Carrots, feed, 30@40c; Parsnips, $1 25 ₱ ctl; Cabbage, 50@ 60c; Garlic 8@9c ₱ lb; Cauliflower, —@—c ₱ dozen; Dry Peppers, 18@20c; Dry Okra, 12½@ 17½c ₱ lb; Marrowfat Squash, $12@15 ₱ ton.

FRUIT—As the weather is getting warmer, dealers are more encouraged, expecting better demand for Oranges next week. We quote: Apples, 40@75c ₱ box for common to good and $1@1 50 for choice; Pears, 50c@1 ₱ box; Mexican Limes $6@7 ₱ box; California Limes, 50c@$1 for small boxes; Lemons, Sicily, $6@6 50; California Lemons, $1@3 ₱ box; Vacaville Oranges, 75c ₱ small box; Riverside Navel, $3@3 50; Riverside Seedlings, $1 75@2 50; Los Angeles Navels, $2@3; Los Angeles Seedlings, $1 25@1 75 ₱ box; Bananas, $1 50@2 50 ₱ bunch; Pineapples, $4@5 ₱ dozen; Cranberries, $10@11 ₱ bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote as follows: Apples, evaporated, in boxes, 10@11c; sliced, 7½c; quartered, 6½@7c; Pears, 5c for common and 7@9c for quartered unpeeled Bartlett; Figs, 2½@3½c; in boxes, 4@5c; Pitted Plums, 11@12½c; Peaches, peeled, evaporated, 20@25c; bleached, 11½@ 13; common sundried, 9½@10c; Apricots bleached, 14@18c in sacks and 18@19c ₱ lb in boxes; Nectarines, 17@18c for white; California Prunes, 7@9½c ₱ lb; Grapes, 3½@3¾c ₱ lb; Raisins, $1 75@1 85 ₱ box for London Layers; 3-crown loose, $1 40@1 50; 2-crown loose, $1 15@1 25 ₱ box.

HONEY—We quote: White Comb, 11@15c; Amber, 8@10c; white liquid extracted, 6½@ 7c; Amber, colored and candied, 5½@6c ₱ lb.

BUTTER—The demand is good and the market is not overstocked with fresh qualities. We quote as follows: Fancy, 36@37½c; good to choice, 32½@35c; fair to good, 25@30c; store lots, 15@20c; Eastern, 12½@20c for ladle packed, 20@25c for dairy and 25@30c ₱ lb for creamery.

CHEESE—We quote: Choice to fancy, 13@ 14c; fair to good, 11@12½c; Eastern, ordinary to fine, 12½@13½c ₱ lb.

EGGS—Prices weak and declining. Quotable at 25@27c ₱ dozen for ranch and 22@24c for store lots; Eastern, 21@24c for fresh and 15@18c for cold storage.

POULTRY—Stocks continue large. We quote as follows: Live Turkeys—Gobblers, 12@13c; Hens, 13@14c ₱ lb; dressed Turkeys, 14@16c; Roosters, $4 50@5 for old and $5@6 for young; Broilers, $4@6; Hens, $4 50@5 50; Ducks, $6@7 for young and $4@5 for old; Geese, $1 50@2 ₱ pair.

GAME—Still comes forward in large quantities. We quote: Quail, 75c@$1; Canvasbacks, $2 50@3 50; Mallard, $2 50@3; Sprig, $1; Teal, 75c@$1; small ducks, 50c; Widgeon, 75c; Brant, $1 25@1 50; English Snipe, $2 50; Jack Snipe, 75c@$1; Gray Geese, $2 50; White Geese, $1@1 25; Honkers, $4 50@5; Hare, $1 50@1 75; Rabbits, $1@1 50 ₱ dozen.

PROVISIONS—We quote prices as follows: Eastern Hams, 13@13½c; California refrigerator-cured Hams, 12@12½c; Eastern Breakfast Bacon, 13@13½c; California Bacon, heavy and medium, 9@10c; do light, 12½@13c; do extra light, 13¼@13½c; do, clear sides, 9½@ 9½c ₱ lb; Pork, extra prime, $15@15 50; do prime mess, $16@16 50; do, mess, $17@ 17 50; do, clear, $18 50@19; do, extra clear, $19@19 50 ₱ bbl; Pigs' Feet, $3 50@4 ₱ bbl; beef, mess, bbls, $7 50@8; do, extra mess, bbls, $8 50@9; do, family, $11@11 50 ₱ bbl; do, smoked, 11½@12c ₱ lb; Eastern, Lard, tierces, 7¾@8¼c; do, 10-lb tins, 9@ 9½c; do, 5-lb tins, 9⅝@9¾c; do, 3-lb tins, 9¼ @9½c; California Lard, tierces, 8¾@9c; do, kegs, 9⅛@9½c; do, 10-lb tins, 10@10¼; do, 5-lb tins, 10½c; do, 10-lb pails, 10¾c; do, 5-lb pails, 11c; do, 3-lb pails, 11¼c ₱ lb.

WOOL—We quote spring:

Eastern Oregon and Washington, ₱ lb	14@20c
Valley, do	20@23

We quote fall:

San Joaquin and Southern, free	10@14
Do, defective	8@10
Northern Lamb	15@17
Do, defective	14@15

HIDES AND SKINS—Quotable as follows:

	Sound.	Culls.
Heavy Steers, 57 lbs up, ₱ lb	7½@8c	6 @—c
Medium Steers, 40 to 56 lbs	6 @—	4½@—
Light, 40 to 45 lbs	5 @—	3¾@—
Medium Cows, over 46 lbs	5 @—	3¾@—
Light Cows, under 46 lbs	5 @—	3¾@—
Kips, 17 to 30 lbs	4½@—	3½@—
Veal Skins, 10 to 17 lbs	6 @—	5 @—
Calf Skins, 5 to 10 lbs	7 @—	6 @—

Dry Hides, usual selections, 9c; Dry Kips, do, 9c ₱ lb; Calf Skins, do, 9c; Cull Hides, Kip and Calf, 6c; Sound Dry Salt Hides, 5c; Cull Dry Salt Hides, 4c; Pelts, shearlings, 10@20c each; do, short, 30@50c each; do, medium, 65 @90c each; do, long wool, 90c@$1 25 each; Deer Skins, summer, 37½c; do, good medium, 32½@35c; do, thin, 20@25c ₱ lb; Goat Skins, 40@50c apiece for prime and perfect, 25@35c medium, 10@20c each for small.

MEAT MARKET—Following are the rates for whole carcasses from slaughterers to dealers: Beef—First quality, 6c; second quality, 5c to 5½c; third quality, 4½@5c ₱ lb. Veal—Quotable at 5c@6½c for large and 6@8c ₱ lb for small. Mutton—Quotable at 8c@9c ₱ lb. Lamb—Spring, 15c; fall, 10c ₱ lb. Pork—Live hogs on foot, grain fed, heavy, 4@4½c; light, 4½@ 4¾c; dressed hogs, 7@7½c ₱ lb.

EASTERN AND FOREIGN MARKETS.

NEW YORK, January 19th.

WHEAT—$1 05½ for January, $1 05½ for February, $1 05½ for March, $1 06⅝ for May, $1 01⅝ for June and 98c for July.

SUGAR—Cuba Centrifugal, 5½c.

LIVERPOOL, January 19th.

WHEAT—Quiet. California spot lots, 7s 5½d to 7s 9½d; cargoes off coast 38s 9d; just shipped, 38s 6d; nearly due, 38s 9d; cargoes off coast, steady; on passage, quiet but steady; English country markets, slow; Wheat and Flour in Paris, firm.

Miscellaneous.

USE POND'S EXTRACT FOR PILES

WHAT THE DOCTOR SAYS:

A PROMINENT NEW YORK PHYSICIAN SAYS:

"There is nothing better to relieve the PAIN and ITCHING, and CAUSE RETRACTION of PILES, than POND'S EXTRACT and POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT. Either the fluid or the ointment has the astringent and soothing effect required, and is a very useful preparation. In fact for this purpose they are best used together."

WHAT THE PATIENT SAYS:

"For 40 years I have been an indescribable sufferer with the PILES. Every known remedy I have tried, all of which had a tendency to alleviate, not cure. First attacked with BLIND PILES, which annoyed me for years; BLEEDING PILES followed, which frequently confined me to the bed, leaving me unfit for business. Within a few days they have attacked me in full force, and that most excruciating of the hemorrhoid family, the ITCHING PILES, superseded both. Having become possessed of some POND'S EXTRACT, I applied it freely, undiluted. Had Heaven and Earth come together I would not have been more surprised. I never dreamed of a cure. Three times only have I resorted to POND'S EXTRACT, and the ITCHING PILES vanished as if by magic. I am fully convinced that it is the only known remedy in the wide world for the ITCHING PILES. My statement is unsolicited." — THOMAS S. MURPHY, Olmstedville, N. Y.

Be sure you get POND'S EXTRACT, not some worthless substitute. All Druggists.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., New York.

The Cod That Helps to Cure The Cold.

The disagreeable taste of the COD LIVER OIL is dissipated in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil with HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA.

The patient suffering from CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, COUGH, COLD, OR WASTING DISEASES, may take the remedy with as much satisfaction as he would take milk. Physicians are prescribing it everywhere. It is a perfect emulsion, and a wonderful flesh producer. *Take no other*

COUGHS, SORE THROAT, WHOOPING COUGH, INFLUENZA, ASTHMA and BRONCHITIS, Lungs and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, including CONSUMPTION, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, but loosens it, cleanses the lungs, and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of complaint. The *genuine* is always signed "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper.

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Props., BOSTON, MASS. Sold by dealers generally.

PILES ITCHING PILES SWAYNE'S OINTMENT

ABSOLUTELY CURES.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form and protrude, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. Ask your Druggist for it.

BEECHAM'S PILLS Cure SICK HEADACHE. 25 Cents a Box. OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

SEND THE WEEKLY UNION TO YOUR friends in the East.

Hotels and Restaurants.

GOLDEN EAGLE HOTEL.

Corner Seventh and K streets.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS. FREE 'BUS TO and from the cars. W. O. BOWERS, Proprietor.

CAPITAL HOTEL,

Corner Seventh and K streets, Sacramento.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS. FREE 'BUS to and from the Cars. B. B. BROWN, formerly of the State House Hotel, Proprietor.

WESTERN HOTEL,

THE LEADING HOUSE OF SACRAMENTO, Cal. Meals, 25 cents. WM. LAND, Proprietor. Free 'Bus to and from hotel.

ST. DAVID'S,

715 Howard Street, near Third, San Francisco,

A FIRST-CLASS LODGING HOTEL, CONTAINING 200 rooms; water and gas in each room; no better beds in the world; no guest allowed to use the linen once used by another; a large reading room; hot and cold water baths free. Price of Rooms—Per night, 50 and 75 cents; per week, from $2 upwards. Open all night. R. HUGHES, Proprietor.

☞At Market-street Ferry take Omnibus Line of street cars for Third and Howard. TTS

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL

FOURTH AND K STREETS, THE CHEAPEST and best hotel in the city. Meals, 25 cents; Rooms, 25 and 50 cents; Board, $4 per week; Board and Lodging, $20 per month. n26-tf W. A. CASWELL, Proprietor.

THE SADDLE ROCK

Restaurant and Oyster House.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSE IN EVERY RESPECT. Ladies' dining-room separate. Open day and night. BECKMANN & CARRAGHER, Proprietors. No. 1019 Second street, between J and K, Sacramento.

PACIFIC HOTEL,

Corner K and Fifth sts., Sacramento.

CENTRALLY LOCATED, AND CONVENIENT to all places of amusement. The best family Hotel in the city. The table always supplied with the best the market affords. Street Cars from the depot pass the door every five minutes. Meals, 25 cents. C. F. SINGLETON, Proprietor.

TRADE COMPOUND MARK.

Sulphur Powder!

—THE—

Most Perfect Laxative and Cathartic KNOWN!

Will Give Instant Relief and Effect Permanent Cures in Cases of

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
PILES,
BILIOUSNESS,
DISEASED LIVER,
SCIATICA,
RHEUMATISM,
GRAVEL, ETC., ETC.

The Greatest Blood Purifier OF THE AGE.

Pleasantest to the Taste! Wonderful in Its Results!

PUT UP ONLY BY THE

W. H. BONE CO.,

12 Bush street, San Francisco.

KIRK, GEARY & CO., Sole Agents, Sacramento. ja16-tf

TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

WHEREAS, OLIVER E. HOTCHKISS made a certain deed of trust to W. P. Coleman and F. R. Dray, dated December 12, 1889, and recorded on the 13th day of December, 1889, in Book Number 121 of Trust Deeds, at page 305 and following, records of the County of Sacramento, State of California, the said trust deed conveying the real property hereinafter described, for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note of even date therewith, made by Oliver E. Hotchkiss; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal and interest of said note, now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said trust deed, and upon application of the owner and holder of said note, the undersigned, as such Trustees, will, on MONDAY, the 9th day of February, 1891, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock A. M., in front of the Court-house door, in the City of Sacramento, County of Sacramento, State of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in United States gold coin, all the said real property, situate in the County of Sacramento, State of California, and described as follows, to wit: All of sections twenty-two (22) and twenty-seven (27) in Township Eight (8), north of Range Seven (7) east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, lying north of that part of the Omochumnes or Sheldon Grant, known as Upper Daylor Estate, excepting therefrom the west half of the northwest quarter of said section twenty-two (22), and containing five hundred and forty-three (543) acres, more or less; also, all water rights and water ditches and privileges now or hereafter in any way appertaining to, or used, or connected with said lands, together with all the improvements and appurtenances belonging to said land.

Sacramento, January 14, 1891.

F. R. DRAY, Trustee.
W. P. COLEMAN, Trustee,

ja15-TTS3w

HENRY ECKHARDT, GUNSMITH,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Ammunition and Sporting Goods. All the leading makes of Guns and Rifles at popular prices—Parker,