

THE DEAD MONARCH.

Arrangements Perfected for King Kalakaua's Funeral.

THE REMAINS WILL BE TAKEN TO HONOLULU TO-DAY.

The Services Will be Held This Afternoon at Trinity Church, After Which the Body Will be Borne to the Cruiser Charleston, With All Honors Due His Rank From a Friendly Government.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—A meeting of the Board of Supervisors was held in Mayor Sandoz's private office this morning for the purpose of making arrangements for the funeral of King Kalakaua to-morrow afternoon.

General Gibson was chosen as Grand Marshal of the funeral procession. Supervisor Burling was chosen as a committee of one to arrange for the church services, which will be held at Trinity Church at 1 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

Invitations have been sent to the leading State, Federal and municipal officials. Among those invited are ex-Governor George G. Parrott, Governor Barnett, ex-Mayor Pond, J. H. Goodman and E. Moses from the Scottish Rite of Masons, Judges Hoffman and Hawley of the United States Circuit Court, Judge Patterson of the State Supreme Court, Judge Wallace of the Superior Court, Collector of the Port Phelps, ex-Senator A. P. Williams, Claus Spreckels, Colonel S. F. Crocker and representatives from the Manufacturers' Association, Board of Trade, Chamber of Commerce, State Board of Trade, Board of Education, Agricultural Commission, San Francisco Produce Exchange and Knights Templar.

Among the gentlemen named as such are ex-Governor Perkins, ex-Governor Burnett, ex-Senator J. J. Wood, ex-Senator J. E. Moses, of the Masonic order, ex-Senator Williams, Claus Spreckels and Colonel Fred Crocker.

Before the remains of the King were taken to the mortuary chapel of Trinity Church this afternoon, the casket containing them was removed from the apartments which the King had occupied to the reception-room of the Palace Hotel, where a black catafalque had been prepared to receive it.

Here were gathered the small party which came with the King from Honolulu. General Gibson and Admiral Brown were represented by members of their staffs.

It had been previously arranged that no services should be held on the occasion, but that the necessary number of personal respect for the late King, and that the casket should be taken to Trinity Chapel without escort.

Many citizens assembled during the forenoon at the Palace Hotel and Trinity Church and watched with interest the arrangements for the funeral.

The following order has been issued by General Cutting: HEADQUARTERS SECOND BRIGADE, N. G. C., SAN FRANCISCO, January 21, 1891. General Order No. 1.

In compliance with orders from general headquarters, the following division is hereby ordered to participate in the funeral of King Kalakaua, of the Hawaiian Islands, on Friday, January 22, 1891, at 1:30 p. m., on Powell street, near the intersection of the troops, facing east.

By command of the General, JOHN T. CUTTING, Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General.

THE KING'S DEATH CERTIFICATE. This morning the certificate of death of King David Kalakaua was filed in the Health office. It is the first certificate of the death of a sovereign in the United States which has ever been filed.

Secretary Doesch issued three permits for authorizing the removal of the body from this city to the Hawaiian Islands. One of these will be used at the wharf here, the second at the wharf at Honolulu, and the third is necessary at Honolulu.

FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS. This forenoon the body of the dead monarch was embalmed by Frederick Porter, and at 1 p. m. was removed to the chapel of Trinity Church, where it will lie in state until to-morrow afternoon, when it will be borne to the United States steamship Charleston.

At 1 p. m. to-morrow Rev. J. Sanders Reed will deliver a funeral oration at the church, and after the ceremonies the body will be escorted to the man-of-war, which will sail at once for Honolulu.

The escort will be made up of Troops I and K of the Fourth Cavalry and Light Batteries D and F of the Fifth Artillery, U. S. A.; a detail of soldiers from the National Guard; and two platoons of police made up from Captain Douglas's watch.

The whole arrangements for the funeral ceremonies in this city were intrusted to the care of Admiral Brown, and perfected by him with the smallest possible delay.

SYMPATHY FROM THE PRESIDENT. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The first official information received by this Government of the death of King Kalakaua was conveyed in a note from the Hawaiian Minister to Secretary of State Blaine to-day. The Secretary communicated the fact to the President, and subsequently replied to Minister Carter, expressing for the President deep regret that Hawaii had lost a wise and good sovereign, under whose beneficent rule the people of Hawaii have prospered, and whose efforts had been so constantly and signally put forth to strengthen the ties of mutual advantage between the kingdom and the United States.

There will be no further action by the Executive until an official notice shall have been received of the formal installation of Liliuokalani. Instructions, however, have been given to the General commanding the Division of the Pacific and the Admiral commanding the naval forces on the Pacific to pay full military honors to the dead King.

Acting under these instructions, the army and navy authorities at San Francisco have assumed charge of the funeral arrangements, and the transfer of the remains to the flagship Charleston will be marked by the highest military honors authorized by the regulations.

The Charleston will make the trip to Honolulu as rapidly as possible. She will remain at that port to participate in the ceremonies attending the burial of the King and the coronation of his successor, and will, at the same time, see that the interests of this country are fully protected.

WAR CLOUD.

Trouble Expected Between Guatemala and San Salvador.

QUANTITIES OF ARMS PURCHASED IN NEW YORK.

Thousands of People Thrown Out of Employment by the Cold Wave in France—Belief That Emperor William is Attacked With the Disease Which Caused Emperor Frederick's Death.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Two officers of the Guatemalan army are now in New York City, purchasing arms and ammunition, and a third representative of the Guatemalan Government is here, buying horses for cavalry and field artillery service. The officers' mission appears more than to threaten that the peace so recently established between Guatemala and Salvador is to be broken. It is practically a promise of war, and already the preparations of the Government of Guatemala have been accepted in full measure of them as a warning that with the opening of spring hostilities will begin.

A letter received here dated December 5th confirms the rumors of war. "I am sorry to inform you," says the writer, "that peace in this unfortunate country will be disturbed in the near future, and that the late war with Salvador will be renewed. The Government is endeavoring to prevent itself from doing so, which on some pretext, or other will be begun in March next, as soon as the harvesting of coffee is ended.

RIGOROUS WEATHER.

Numerous Fatalities Reported Throughout Austria.

VIENNA, Jan. 21.—Several trains and snowplows have stuck fast in the snow near Gumpoldskirchen. The passengers were compelled to leave the cars and wade through deep snow to the nearest station. The numerous fatalities are due to the exceedingly rigorous weather reported from all parts of the country. They include the cases of men frozen to death with their horses while driving.

THOUSANDS OUT OF EMPLOYMENT. PARIS, Jan. 21.—It is estimated that 50,000 persons were thrown out of employment by the severe weather. The total loss to France in wages, by stoppage of the railways, and the closing of schools, probably reach 50,000,000 francs. In the hospitals and infirmaries are crowded. The administration has placed dead wood in the state forests at the disposal of the poor.

THE SEAPORT OF Fecamp, on the English Channel, at the mouth of the Fecamp River, is inundated. The town was flooded so quickly that it was with difficulty that the inhabitants were rescued.

WARMER IN ENGLAND. LONDON, Jan. 21.—The latest reports from all parts of England, show an average rise of temperature of 25 degrees. The mercury is now standing at the highest point reached since November. A southerly gale prevails on the Scottish and Irish coasts. Rain is falling in all parts of the kingdom. On the continent the thaw was less decided.

PRUSSIA. Discussion in the House Upon the Remission of Stamp Dues.

BERLIN, Jan. 21.—In the Prussian House of Representatives to-day Richter raised a discussion as to the remission of stamp dues upon a deed of entail executed by the late Emperor Frederick, formerly head of the Department of Agriculture. Richter charged the Minister with taking unfair advantage of their official positions.

Minister of Finance Miquel replied that the Emperor's will was not to be tampered with, and was remitted in accordance with majority. Richter's motion was defeated by a large majority.

After the debate closed, Von Ballhausen handed the amount remitted to the Emperor to dispose of as he thought best.

EMPEROR WILLIAM. Report that He is Attacked With a Terrible Disease.

BERLIN, Jan. 21.—An ominous coincidence is mentioned in connection with the court festivities on Monday night at Berlin. Emperor William was to have made a speech, but his physician insisted that he should not, owing to his sore throat. This was exactly the first public announcement made recalling the trouble which brought about the death of the late Emperor Frederick, and the recollection of that event, no little gloom on Monday night's brilliant assembly. The question suggested to many minds whether the Emperor's illness was the beginning of the terrible complaint which gave him the crown at thirty. The German press dare not hint at such a thing, but Berlin is full of whispers.

HOME RULE. Salisbury Says the Contest is Neither Won Nor Lost.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—Lord Salisbury, in a political speech at Cambridge, said he did not believe either that the home rule contest was on the point of victory, or that the Young Unionists were on the point of defeat. He said: "Many positions must be carried before home rule is victorious. Even if the mysterious home rule bill is passed, it will be our duty to undo the mischief."

"My belief is that home rule owes its existence to two very clever men—Gladstone and Parnell. I have no support if I should give you imprudent advice if I persuaded you that its battle was over. A vigorous struggle is still before you, and the result will be decided by the wisdom and Kilkenny proved the Irishmen quite incapable of conducting an independent parliament. It is an independent power, whose matchless organization send down the man who would have been given Parnell's conduct in the divorce case if O'Shea had been cross-examined. O'Shea's reply not being satisfactory, O'Shea has addressed him another letter, referring to McCarthy as an "ill-constructed dummy, with straw starting from every seam," and saying

that McCarthy possesses two qualifications for his present post—meanness and mendacity. The matter has created a stir.

BEYOND THE ROCKIES.

General Miles Satisfied With the Indian Situation.

FREIGHT TRAINS TIED UP ON THE CHICAGO AND ERIE.

A Sensation Caused at the Meeting of the National Brick-Manufacturers' Association—Run on an Omaha Bank—A Young Actress Ends Her Life by Shooting—World's Fair.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

PINE RIDGE, Jan. 21.—This morning the troops, with the exception of the First Infantry, broke camp and moved to Band's Craven Creek, about four miles south of the agency. The redskins are at a loss to understand the move. Not a few of them looked upon it with apprehension, and have accordingly doubled their pickets.

General Miles has defined the duties of the army officers detailed to the different agencies. It has been decided that the First Infantry of San Francisco, and four troops of the Ninth Infantry will remain at the agency after the main body of soldiers have been ordered home.

Regarding the criticism which General Miles meted out to the Indians, the general evokes, that gentleman says, he will proceed satisfactorily, and he will continue to disarm them in his own way and take his own time to do it.

COLONEL CORBIN CALLED HOME. PINE RIDGE, Jan. 20.—Colonel Corbin, Assistant Adjutant-General, has been called home to Chicago by the serious illness of his wife. All the troops will be reviewed to-morrow morning by General Miles.

LABOR TROUBLES. Freight Trains Tied Up on the Chicago and Erie Road.

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—General Manager Tucker of the Chicago and Erie Road admitted this morning that the road is practically tied up by the striking train dispatchers.

The only train that went out this morning was the mail for Columbus, Ohio. Outside of the New York train and one or two freight trains, everything is tied up on this division of the road, extending to Salamanca, N. Y.

Late this afternoon Manager Tucker said: "There are six dispatchers and five train conductors on strike. Every one of our passenger trains moved on time to-day except the North Judson, Ind., accommodation. We are not moving any freight trains, and shall not do so until the situation has developed."

He also declared that Scott and Huntington, the train dispatchers, were discharged for dereliction of duty, to enforce whose reinstatement the strike on the Erie road was based. The men were taken back under any circumstances, but a special dispatch to the News from Fort Wayne, Ind., says that the train dispatchers and conductors on strike on the Chicago and Erie road has tied up the road at that point, and only passenger trains are moving.

LAKE SUPERIOR. A freight train is moving on the Chicago and Erie between Chicago and Marion. The engineers at Marion are ready to go out. Their strike and is without effect, as the whole trouble seems to have been the dislike of Superintendent Merrill to Scott.

The railroad, in anticipation of the trouble, made arrangements with the Pennsylvania and P. C. C. and St. Louis to handle all passenger and perishable business east and west.

BUFFALO, Jan. 21.—The Superintendent of the Erie Road of this city said that nothing was known of the strike reported from Chicago as extending to Salamanca. He said that the strike was not likely to affect the main line of the Erie east of Salamanca, or between Buffalo and New York.

ST. PAUL OPERATORS. CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—The situation to-day in the St. Paul telegraph operators strike is such that the men, ten of them having returned to work. Their committee, however, still seems to think that the men might yet win.

HER TROUBLES ENDED. A Young Actress Commits Suicide by Shooting.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Leocadia Harrington, an actress, aged 22, committed suicide by shooting. Mr. Wiltshire, stepfather of the suicide, said that the girl had been wayward for years.

She was born in Baltimore, her father being Silas W. Harrington, an officer in the army. At seven years of age she ran away from home and joined a circus in California. She was well-known as a child actress, under the name of Leo Harrington. She was married to a man named John Armstrong of this city, with elaborate ceremonies, at the Church of the Nativity.

Baggage Agents' Meeting. NEW ORLEANS (La.), Jan. 21.—The tenth annual convention of the National Association of General Baggage Agents met here to-day. The meetings will be held with closed doors.

Chess Tournament. NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Steinitz defeated Gunsberg in to-day's chess game.

Suit for Damages. SALEM (Or.), Jan. 21.—Papers for the first damage suit against the Southern Pacific Company on account of the Salsburgh Railroad accident of November 11th last has been filed with the County and Circuit Clerk for the county of Oakland, Or. Beckley, one of the passengers, is the plaintiff, and he seeks to recover damages for personal injuries in the sum of \$38,000.

Suit for Taxes. LOS ANGELES, Jan. 21.—The Board of Supervisors to-day passed a resolution directing the District Attorney to commence suit against the Southern Pacific Railroad Company for \$20,149 03, taxes levied in 1887, with an addition of 5 per cent delinquent penalty, and for 2 per cent interest per month since January, 1888.

Miner Seriously Burned. REDDING, Jan. 21.—John Kane got on a spree and laid down near the furnace of the Little Nellie mine, at Iron Mountain, a day or two ago. A brand from the furnace fell on his leg, burning it to the bone before he became conscious. He was taken to the hospital yesterday.

The man who struts about as if he owned the town would find the town very backward about owning him.—Yonkers Statesman.

THE SILVER POOL.

Testimony Taken Before the Investigating Committee.

SENATOR CAMERON INVESTS IN A LITTLE BULLION.

He Claims That It Was Done After the Investigation Report Had Been Introduced When He Became Interested—F. G. Newlands Also Makes a Little in the Speculation.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The Silver Pool Investigation Committee resumed its session this morning. Dockery of Missouri said he had no personal knowledge of speculation by Senators or Representatives. He had heard no Congressman say that he was interested in any silver pool, but heard Senator Vest say that a Senator or member, he could not remember which, was implicated.

Francis G. Newlands, of Nevada, testified that he had made a little money out of silver speculation. No Senator, Representative or officer of the Government was interested with him directly or indirectly.

Joseph R. Kickey, of Fulton, Mo., testified that he was a banker, and last spring purchased silver for speculation. No one was interested with him, and he knew nothing of any speculation by others.

Senator Vest said in part that neither directly nor indirectly was he ever, at any time, have any interest in silver, and knew nothing whatever about it of his own knowledge. One of his colleagues told him after the bill was introduced, that investigation was introduced, that he was interested. This resolution, of course, excited some comment among the Missourians, and being said that a Missouri Senator or Representative was concerned; and in connection with that matter, Senator Cameron said he had bought silver. I am pretty positive he said it was after the bill was voted on.

He said he did not think that he had done anything wrong, and he would make that statement before the committee. He thought he had as much right to do that as to buy corn and wheat, or any other commodity. His action had not been influenced by his interests, because it was after the thing was over.

Cameron said he bought it after the legislation had been passed by the Senate. That David T. Littler managed the matter for him, Cameron said Littler came from the bank and told him he could make some money buying silver, that he (Littler) was going to buy some. Cameron said he told Littler to buy some for him, and that Littler bought and sold it for him.

BEHIND THE SCENES. The Canadian Government's Action Cuts No Figure in the Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—It is not expected at Washington that the action taken by the Canadian Attorney-General on the Behring Sea case in the Supreme Court will cut any figure in the diplomatic consideration of the question. It is not probable that the United States will be bound by new instructions to Lincoln, but those conveyed to him at Washington during his recent visit. These instructions were based upon the argument outlined in the letter from the State Department will wait for Salisbury's reply to Blaine's letter before making any further suggestions.

If the English authorities do not feel competent to deal with the case as presented by the State Department, and will agree to make up a case for the Supreme Court, and will arrange to be bound by their decision, then there could be no serious objection to having the Supreme Court act as the court of Arbitration; but where the English authorities do not simply seek to obtain something to be used for the purpose of embarrassing the United States, the court will not for one moment lend its aid to such proceedings. At least this is the view of Administration circles, and this is the view of the public, as shown by the best legal talent at the Capital.

WASHINGTON NOTES. Two Matters of Interest to the Pacific Coast.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Representative Biggs to-day introduced a bill to place bags for grain, made of burlaps, on the free list.

Representative Geary stated to-night to a California Associated Press representative that within the last two days he and Representative Clinch had received many dispatches from California asking them to support the shipping bill. The requests had come mainly from the boards of Trade and shipping clubs. They have not received a message asking them to oppose the measure, but they have decided that they cannot vote for it.

Indian Depredation Claims. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—H. L. Peterson of Umattilla County, Oregon, has been allowed \$1,233 for depredations by the Snake and Banamuah Indians in 1878.

The claim of Samuel Anderson of Pendleton County, Oregon, for depredations by the Banamuahs in 1878, amounting to \$1,150, was disallowed.

Mrs. Sarah Berry of Umattilla County, Oregon, was allowed \$400 for depredations by the Banamuahs in 1878.

The claims of Charles and Garrett Sixty of Wapinitia County, Oregon, amounting to \$5,004, for depredations committed by the Arapahoes in 1881, was disallowed by Secretary Noble.

The claim of H. Hardesty of Umattilla County, Oregon, was allowed \$425 for depredations by the Banamuahs in 1878.

New Patents Issued. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Patents have been issued as follows: Henry Bohles, of San Francisco, cigarette machinery; Miles B. Dodge, of San Francisco, fuel-saving device; Marcellus Graham, of San Francisco, gas engine; George W. Haines, of Stockton, Cal., traveling harvester; Lonon H. Hill, of Oakland, Cal., grain separating machine for traveling threshers; John Mcarty and C. H. Roddy, of Santa Barbara, Cal., self-closing faucet; Charles H. Voll, San Francisco, envelope fastener.

Chinese Transportation. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Secretary Windom has written a letter to the Attorney-General approving the Southern Pacific Railroad's offer to transport Chinese from Seattle and Tacoma to San Francisco by rail, thence to Hongkong, at \$1 per head. He has refused the Attorney-General's request to have the Chinese turned over to the Southern Pacific Company and sent to Hongkong in the custody of Deputy Marshals.

Sacramento's New Postoffice. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Supervising Architect Windom will to-morrow open the bids for furnishing the iron frames for the Sacramento public building.

THE FRUIT UNION.

THE DIRECTORS DECLARE A DIVIDEND AND ALSO A REBATE TO SHIPPING MEMBERS.

THE DIRECTORS DECLARE A DIVIDEND AND ALSO A REBATE TO SHIPPING MEMBERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—The annual meeting of the California Fruit Union was held in Irving Hall to-day, President Anderson in the chair.

Secretary Forbush was presented. A long document, showing in detail the work of the year. The Trustees, it was said, are proud of the season's work. "With the books showing a business conducted amounting to nearly a million and three-quarters dollars for seven shipping months, requiring handling of nearly 1,000 cars of fruit, with 600 or more forward by various members, we have a grand total but a few short of 2,000 out of about 3,300 shipped by the entire State. The Trustees, without contradiction, lay claim to the distinction of having forwarded nearly two-thirds of the entire green deciduous fruit shipments of the State."

New Orleans, 58; San Francisco, 83; St. Louis, 10; Louisville, 10; Kansas City, 10. By special trains 190 cars were forwarded, and by passenger 476; 449 refrigerated cars, valued at \$1,000,000, were shipped. Some 575,232 boxes of fruit were handled by various agents. Gross sales on those amounts to \$1,800,000. Out of the freight cost \$20,000; cartage, commission and loading \$72,886 as net return to those who shipped. There are yet returned two cars of late pears to be heard from, which will increase the amount of gross sales to \$1,800,000.

Financially the union was never more prosperous. With all debts paid and nothing outstanding, there is in the treasury \$14,000 the result of the season's work. The Directors have voted a dividend of 6 per cent, and a rebate of 2-1/2 per cent, on gross sales of shipping members.

The expenses of the union were as follows: Office, \$1,614; profit and loss, \$12,657; salary, \$4,400; traveling expenses, \$1,000; rent, \$1,000; freight, \$250; telegraph, \$2,881; taxes, \$31. On motion, all present Trustees were re-elected, as follows: R. D. Stephens, S. Gessner, Sacramento; W. B. Parker, W. Buck, Yacavite; Webster Treat, Davisville; J. C. Boggs, Newcastle; H. W. Clark; J. Z. Anderson, Santa Clara. A general discussion concerning Eastern agencies and prospects for next season occupied the closing hours of the meeting.

"MOST EXCELLENT NEWSPAPER." "One of the Neatest Appearing Dailies in the State."

(Bridgeport Chronicle-Record, Jan. 17.) The Sacramento RECORD-UNION appeared on Saturday in an eight-page form and printed on new type, making it one of the neatest appearing dailies in the State. It is now printed on a mammoth Goss perfecting press, which will print, cut, paste and fold, four, six, eight or twelve-page papers complete, from one roll of paper, at the rate of 24,000 per hour. Having been present and witnessed the printing of the Sacramento RECORD-UNION, on the 19th of March, 1881, one of our brothers, Frank R. Folger, now an "honest farmer" in Sonoma county, having been its city editor for six years, from '74 to '80, we feel a greater pleasure in noting this evidence of its prosperity and the enterprise of its publishers. The RECORD-UNION now publishes the decisions of the Supreme Court, as fast as they are rendered, which makes it doubly valuable to the legal profession, as its members can therein get the decisions long in advance of other publications—and, what, it is a most excellent newspaper.

THE SILVER QUESTION. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Director of the Mint Leach appeared before the House Committee on Coinage to-day and talked regarding the various features of the silver question. He said an agreement between a sufficient number of powerful countries could keep gold and silver at par. He did not believe the free coinage of silver would do it. The effect of the passage of the free-coinage measure would be to send to our mints a great mass of silver from all over the world.

Patient—"Jan't there some mistake about that bill you sent me?" Doctor—"No, sir, it's correct—\$300,000,000. To say that will take every cent I have 'I'll starve." Doctor—"Well, dieting is what you need."—Good News

UNBECOMING CONDUCT.

James G. Blaine, Jr., Ejected From a Dance Hall.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 21.—James G. Blaine, Jr., was put out of Lehman's Hall last night for conduct that was not in keeping with the rules of the proprietor. Mr. Blaine danced until his shoes began to hurt, and deliberately sat down in the middle of the floor and took them off. He put them on again, and the affair would probably have been passed by had not Blaine so forgotten himself as to kick a young lady on the shins, who was seated by I. Ridgely Trimble, who, without further ado, hustled the young man out of the door.

Western States' Congress. DENVER (Col.), Jan. 21.—There is a movement on foot looking to the holding of a Congress of Representatives from Texas, Arizona, New Mexico, Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, North and South Dakota, Wyoming, Utah and Montana, to unite and unify the people in securing national legislation for the interests of the West. The Congress will be held at the Mardi Gras and interstate trade display at Galveston, Texas, from February 5th to 10th inclusive.

World's Fair. CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—The World's Fair directors have instructed the Buildings and Grounds Committee to take possession of the lake front and begin at once the erection of the five buildings to which the property owners have consented. In the event of objections by individuals, reasons will be had to the right of eminent domain. It is not improbable that all the lake-front buildings may be constructed by the city, but on this point the officials decline to talk.

The Matter to be Investigated. DES MOINES, Jan. 21.—The Railroad Commissioners have been asked to compel the Milwaukee and St. Paul to open the station at Briggs, closed recently. The company complains that the citizens refused food and shelter to a man sent there, and ordered him to leave. The company now refuses to send another man. The commissioners will investigate the matter at once.

Explosion in a Mine. MARISSA (Ill.), Jan. 21.—While the test for air was being made to-day in the O. K. mine, which was filled with fire damp, a terrific explosion occurred. Six miners were badly injured, and one, William Dolson, fatally. There were twenty-five men in the mine at the time, but fortunately most of them were in another part when the explosion occurred.

Ray Hamilton's Will. NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—In the Surrogate's Court to-day Eva Hamilton, who is contesting for the widow's dower in the Robert Ray Hamilton estate, admitted that baby Beatrice was not the child of Robert Ray Hamilton, but that she was the daughter of a mistress, the contestant's mother having died.

Run on a Bank. OMAHA, Jan. 21.—For some unknown cause a run was made on the South Omaha branch of the Nebraska Savings and Exchange Bank this afternoon. The bank kept open to a late hour to pay all depositors in full. President Mills says the bank is fully prepared to meet every obligation.

Two Peace Officers Shot. GARFIELD (Ark.), Jan. 21.—Near Rogers, Ark., yesterday, the Constable at that place was shot and killed and Deputy Sheriff Wright mortally wounded by two brothers named Shepherd, whom the officers were attempting to arrest for a murderous assault.

Charged With Violations of Law. COLUMBUS (O.), Jan. 21.—Charges have been filed with Governor Campbell against Bowen, Superintendent of the Institution for the Education of Feeble-Minded Youths, alleging numerous violations of law. The charges will be investigated.

Action Postponed. NASHVILLE, Jan. 21.—The Tennessee Legislature adopted a joint resolution to-day declaring that action on the bill to appropriate \$250,000 for the World's Fair exhibit be postponed until the disposition of the elections bill in the Senate.

Wedding Ceremony. BROOKLYN, Jan. 21.—William J. Lane, a member of Parliament, and one of the Irish leaders, was married to-night to Miss Mary Armstrong of this city, with elaborate ceremonies, at the Church of the Nativity.

Baggage Agents' Meeting. NEW ORLEANS (La.), Jan. 21.—The tenth annual convention of the National Association of General Baggage Agents met here to-day. The meetings will be held with closed doors.

Chess Tournament. NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Steinitz defeated Gunsberg in to-day's chess game.

Suit for Damages. SALEM (Or.), Jan. 21.—Papers for the first damage suit against the Southern Pacific Company on account of the Salsburgh Railroad accident of November 11th last has been filed with the County and Circuit Clerk for the county of Oakland, Or. Beckley, one of the passengers, is the plaintiff, and he seeks to recover damages for personal injuries in the sum of \$38,000.

Suit for Taxes. LOS ANGELES, Jan. 21.—The Board of Supervisors to-day passed a resolution directing the District Attorney to commence suit against the Southern Pacific Railroad Company for \$20,149 03, taxes levied in 1887, with an addition of 5 per cent delinquent penalty, and for 2 per cent interest per month since January, 1888.

Miner Seriously Burned. REDDING, Jan. 21.—John Kane got on a spree and laid down near the furnace of the Little Nellie mine, at Iron Mountain, a day or two ago. A brand from the furnace fell on his leg, burning it to the bone before he became conscious. He was taken to the hospital yesterday.

The man who struts about as if he owned the town would find the town very backward about owning him.—Yonkers Statesman.