THE RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LXXX.--NO. 137. SACRAMENTO, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 29, 1891. WHOLE NO. 15,378.

BEYOND THE ROCKIES.

The Farmers' Alliance Will Enter National Politics.

THE INDIAN SITUATION REVIEWED BY GENERAL MILES.

Palo Alto Stock Eagerly Sought After by Eastern Horsemen—Fatal Boiler Explosion in Michigan—Proceedings of the Council of American Federation—Nominations Made by the Director-General of the World's Fair.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

OMAHA, Jan. 28.—The National Farmers' Alliance had a lively discussion at to-day's session on the amendment to the constitution to exclude women from acting as delegates, and it was finally voted down.

The amendment making all laboring men eligible to membership was tabled by a large vote.

The remainder of the morning was occupied in discussing minor changes, and a recess was taken until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

In the afternoon the report of the Committee on Resolutions, which was quite lengthy, was considered by paragraphs and adopted. It begins with the following preamble:

WHEREAS, Owing to the opposition that has been heaped upon us by grasping monopolists, capitalists, trusts and combines, we believe it is time for action; and whereas, the National Farmers' Alliance, in convention assembled, does most emphatically declare against the present system as manipulated by the Congress of the United States and the Legislatures of the several States. Therefore, we declare in favor of the holding of a convention to nominate condidates for the offices of President and Vice-President of the United States. In this preliminary convention the representation will be one delegate from each State in the Union.

The resolution favors the abolition of all national banks, and that the surplus funds be loaned to individuals upon land security at a low rate of interest; declare for the Australian ballot law; demand the foreclosure of mortgages held by the Government on railroads; discountenance gambling in stocks and shares; favor the election of President and Vice-President by the popular vote.

As the Farmers' Alliance of the United States largely outnumber anyother class of citizens, they demand the passage of laws of reform, not as a party measure, but for the good of the Government. The Alliance shall take no part as partisans in the political struggle as affiliating with the Republicans or Democrats.

The interstate commerce laws should be so amended and enforced as to allow all railroads a reasonable income on the money invested.

The resolutions further demand that the mortgages on the Union and Central Pacific railroads be forcolosed at once and the roads be taken charge of by the Government and run in the interest of the people with a view to extending both lines to the Eastern seaboard.

The conference with the F. M. B. A. representatives to-night decided that the two organizations could affiliate, but not consolidate.

HOSTILE INDIANS.

Interview With General Miles as to Their Final Disposition.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—When asked this morning as to the final disposition to be made of the Indians now at Fort Sheridan General Miles said: "That is to be determined in the future, now that Sitting Bull and other chiefs have been killed, and I have most of the other Indians left without leaders, and there is no danger of a further outbreak on the reservations.

"These men I brought to Chicago are a crowd of outlaws. The 300 Indians arrested were sent to Fort Sully. All others are now under the control of military authority, and back on their reservations or on their way there. I could not tell what kind of a movement might be attempted in the spring, and I brought the ones now at Fort Sheridan as a measure of precaution.

"The chiefs who went through to Washington are not dangerous. The Indians who remained neutral were not disarmed, for the reason that it would have been an injustice to have treated them as hostiles. With the hostile tribes only a few guns were left—simply enough for their personal protection. I anticipate no further trouble, and if there is another war with the Indians it will be an entirely different matter."

General Miles has detailed the following officers to each command a company of Indians as scouts, to be enlisted at Pine Ride Agency: Lieutenant Willis O. Clark, Twelfth Infantry; Lieutenant Godfrey H. McDonald, First Cavalry, and Lieutenant Joseph S. E. E. Byron, Eighth Cavalry.

Free and unlimited coinage is favored, and that the volume of currency be increased to $50 per capita. A demand is made that all paper money be placed on equality with gold.

Another resolution declares that, "We, as land-owners, pledge ourselves to demand that the Government allow us to borrow money from the United States at the same rate of interest as do banks. All mortgages, bonds and shares of stock should be assessed at a fair value. United States Senators should be elected by popular vote; the laws regarding the liquor traffic should be so amended as to prevent the endangering of the morals of our children and destroying the usefulness of our citizens.

"We believe women have the same rights as their husbands to hold property, and we are in sympathy with any law that will give our wives, sisters and daughters full representation at the polls. Our children should be educated for honest labor, and agricultural colleges should be established in every State."

Liberal pensions are favored, also the passage of the Conger lard bill.

Recess.

CAUSE OF LABOR.

Meeting of the Executive Council of the American Federation.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—At a meeting of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor yesterday the circular issued by Powderly, requesting all labor organizations to send delegates to the conference to organize a third party in conjunction with the Farmers' Alliance, was brought up, but it was decided to pay no attention to it, as it was thought unwise for a labor organization to meddle with politics.

The miners' demand for eight hours may next be taken up.

It was resolved to levy an assessment of two cents a week per capita for five weeks on members of all the unions connected with the federation.

It is said there are favorable prospects for a demand for eight hours to be granted without any strikes, as employers and employees are holding conferences all the time with good results.

The committee which recently went to the convention of bricklayers at Toronto to ask the Bricklayers' National Union to join the federation, reported that the bricklayers had decided to refer the matter to the individual unions. The chances are, they reported, that they would join after awhile.

PALO ALTO TROTTING STOCK.

Prices Realized at the Second Day's Sales.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The sale of Palo Alto trotting stock continued to-day. Among the horses sold were Caroline, a chestnut stallion by Piedmont, for $1,400; one of Electioneer's daughters, out of Ivy, a brown filly, $1,800; bay colt, by Woolsley-Jnnita, $1,250; Luella, by Electioneer-Lilly B., $2,700; bay filly, by Electioneer-McCa, $7,200. (This is the highest price so far in the sale); Mohawk Manille, a chestnut filly by Whips-McCa, $2,600; bay colt, by Norval or Mohawk-McCa, $1,300; bay colt, by Electioneer-Minnie C., $3,000; Maid of '88, Nephew-Madeline, by Electioneer, $1,075; Minto, Woolsey-Mayflower, by Mohawk, $6,000; bay colt, Electioneer-May-Day, A. Clarke, Butte City, $3,200; Fancy, Norval-Mecca, by Mohawk Chief, $1,500; bay colt, by Electioneer, $1,900; Leiton, Electioneer-Miss Peyton, by Glengarry, J. C. Warr, $1,070.

The total sales approximate $50,000, an average of about $1,000 per head.

WORLD'S FAIR.

Several Nominations Announced by the Director-General.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—Director-General Davis to-day handed the Executive Committee the following nominations for confirmalion: Professor J. H. Barrett, Chief of the Chicago Electric System, for Chief of the Electrical Department; J. H. Reynolds, Chief of the Horticultural Department; J. V. F. Skiff, one of the Colorado Commissioners, Chief of the Mining Bureau; Martin Ryan, a North Dakota Commissioner, Secretary of the Electrical Department.

The Executive Committee to-day listened to the plea of representatives of the National Live-stock Association, asking that $20,000 cash prizes for a live-stock exhibit. It was exhibited by the Directors that a liberal sum should be set aside for the purpose, and the subject made the special order for the next meeting.

Lynching Party Foiled.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 28.—The *Picayune's* Austin, Texas, special says: It developed yesterday at San Marco that a lynching party of delermined men had made up their minds to hang Colonel George H. Snyder, the wife-murderer, last night. The Sheriff spirited the prisoner away and placed him in jail here.

Marshal Campbell's Body Found.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—The body of B. H. Campbell, ex United States Marshal for this district, who mysteriously disappeared two months ago, was found in the river near Russ-street bridge this morning. It was much swollen and disfigured, but the features were still recognizable.

Robert Ray Hamilton.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—In spite of the sensational rumors and conjectures about Robert Ray Hamilton being still alive, his family and friends in this city adhere to the belief that the report of his death in Idaho brought East by J. O. Green is absolutely correct.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

MEREDITH (Mich.), Jan. 28.—A boiler in the Herbison saw mill, near here, exploded to-day, destroying the mill and killing Albert Finch and George Badder, and seriously injuring six other men. The owner of the mill, Herbison, may die.

Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Confirmations: P. H. Downing, Collector of Customs at Arlington, Cal.; Colonel Flagler, Chief of Ordnance, with rank of Brigadier-General; A. W. Bailey, Postmaster, Evanston, Wyoming.

President of Cleveland College.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 28.—William Gay Ballentine, Professor of Greek at Berlin College, was elected President of the college this morning, succeeding Charles S. Fairchilds.

Bank Closed.

ATCHISON (Kan.), Jan. 28.—The State National Bank of this city closed its doors this morning and will go into voluntary liquidation. The bank has a capital stock of $250,000.

Murder in the First Degree.

CHATTANOOGA (Tenn.), Jan. 28.—The Grand Jury has found an indictment for murder in the first degree against Judge Warder for killing banker Fugette.

The Offer Withdrawn.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The Olympic Club, of New Orleans, has withdrawn the offer of $7,500 for a contest between McAuliffe and Carroll.

EASTERN LEGISLATURES.

A COMPROMISE AGREED UPON IN MONTANA.

Vilas and Pfeffer Formally Declared Elected United States Senators.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

HELENA, Jan. 28.—After twenty-four days of the double-headed Legislature, the Democrats and Republicans have agreed on a plan of compromise. The rival houses are to meet as one body, the Republicans to have twenty-eight members and the Democrats twenty-seven. The Democrats are to have the Speaker, subordinate officers and control the committees. The compromise was drawn up by Senators of both parties, and will be signed to-morrow.

Speaker Witter, of the Republican House is dying of pneumonia. His wife died of consumption this morning. Speaker Comely, of the Democratic House, is also very ill with pneumonia.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

PIERRE (S. D.), Jan. 28.—One ballot was taken for United States Senator to-day, with no material change, excepting the loss of five votes by Moody.

CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD (Conn.), Jan. 28.—The House this morning received the report of the committee appointed to canvass the vote for State officers.

The committee states that it is unable to determine that any person has been legally chosen to fill any of the State offices except Comptroller, to which the face of the returns indicates that Nicholas Straub, a Democrat, had been elected.

The House concurred in the report.

NEBRASKA.

LINCOLN (Neb.), Jan. 28.—In the Senate to-day a resolution was adopted favoring the election of United States Senators by popular vote. A resolution congratulating Kansas on the defeat of Ingalls was lost.

VILAS ELECTED.

MADISON (Wis.), Jan. 28.—Colonel Vilas was formally elected by the joint convention of the Legislature to-day to succeed United States Senator Spooner.

PFEFFER ELECTED.

KANSAS, Jan. 28.—The vote for United States Senator in joint session to-day, resulted in the election of Pfeffer.

THE MINE DISASTER.

Over One Hundred and Fifty Lives Sacrificed.

ALL THE COKE REGION BOWED WITH GRIEF.

Sixty-three of the Victims Laid to Rest in a Common Grave — Sorrowful Spectacle at the Scene of the Horror —Little Known as to the Cause of the Explosion.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SCOTTDALE (Pa.) Jan. 28.—All the Connellsville coke region stood to-day with bowed form and reverent head while sixty-three of the dead miners taken from the Mammoth shaft were shrouded, coffined and laid to rest for their long sleep. The remains and mourners were carried to St. John's the Baptist's Cemetery at Scottdale in a special train. Along the road hundreds of ditizens turned out, and wherever it halted great crowds gathered.

Over three thousand persons were present as the bodies were placed side by side in a common grave. The coaches behind the baggage-car with the corpses were crowded with sobbing women and sad-faced men.

The scenes at the cemetery were very affecting. Not until the bodies were being placed in the grave did the women and children seem to realize the full extent of their bereavement, and then a pitiful chorus of cries and moans was heard.

THE LIST INCREASES.

H. C. Frick, owner of the mine, says there were in all 160 men working in the mine at the time of the accident, nine of whom escaped with their lives, some of them badly injured. The rest, or 151 men, were either killed outright or suffocated by the terrible fire-damp.

There had been found up to 2 this afternoon 110 bodies, and of this number fifty-three were identified.

SCENES AT THE MINE.

Nobody slept at Mammoth last night. In every home in the little mining hamlet there was mourning. Little one-story houses scantily furnished were illuminated with tallow candles. Mother, wife, sister or sweetheart sobbed in silence. After the explosion yesterday the news of the awful fate of scores of miners at work in the shaft spread rapidly among the mines and miners' homes. Couriers carried the dreadful news hither and thither. Families were dashed from the comforts of home into the depth of grief and despair. The scenes at these miners' cottages can readily be imagined.

Within an incredibly short time the entrance to the shaft swarmed with an eager, anxious crowd—men, women and children—some of whom could only with great difficulty be kept at a safe distance.

As the bodies of the victims, mangled by the terrible force of the explosion or burned almost out of human semblance, were brought up from the yawning depths the crowd of watchers pushed forward to the pit's mouth for a glance of recognition.

The hearts of wives and mothers stood still in fear, lest the loved ones were among the dead. Tears coursed down bronzed and bearded cheeks and were dashed away by brawny hands that had swung the pick for many years.

The rescuing party proceeded with their grim task and the crowd of watchers silently looked on.

Fifty coffins arrived from Pittsburg this morning, and another half-hundred will reach here to-night. An additional order for twenty-five more was sent this morning.

The cause of the explosion has not been determined. The Coroner is on the ground, and a through investigation will be made.

The rescuing party are working with energy, and the wreck in the shaft is fast being cleared up.

AN OFFICIAL TALKS.

An official of the Frick Company said this morning: "It may never be known how or why the explosion occurred. An accumulation of fire-damp was probably the cause, but it was never known to exist in any quantity before. In fact, it may be said that the Mammoth mine has been free from damp. There is a theory that a pocket of natural gas was reached, and that the operation of the ventilating fans now prevents any accumulation of it. It is not necessary that every one in a mine should be killed when an explosion occurs. The explosive may stay in one particular section and not permeate the entire mine, unless the volume is so great as to force it to every part of the pit. In this case the gas was confined to one portion, and the miners who were in other localities escaped."

AN UNEXPECTED ACCIDENT.

Never in the history of American coal mining has there been such an unexpected accident, with such complete annihilation of all within its reach.

The Mammoth mine has been notable always as being particularly free from gas. Hundreds of safety gauge lamps were provided for the miners by the company, but they were never used, as they were regarded as unnecessary.

In their stead the men wore familiar little open flame lamps on their hats. The mine boss had put the night shift to work and found nothing to arouse his suspicion.

Eastern Weather.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The storm which was central in western Colorado yesterday morning has moved eastward, and is now apparently central over the western portion of Indian Territory. General rains prevail from the Gulf coast northward to the upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys. Snows are reported from Nebraska, South Dakota and Rocky Mountain stations.

The temperature at Chicago to-day was 32°; Cincinnati, 42°; St. Louis, 48°; Winnipeg, 18° above.

Plan to Educate Art Students.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—John Armstrong Chandler is diligently at work furthering his plan for establishing funds to educate needy art students. He will start for Boston on Friday, and seek wealthy patrons of art there to organize an institution of art. He will then go to Chicago and other places in the West. His present intention is to visit every State and Territory to explain the details of his scheme.

International Press Club.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 28.—At the International Press Club Convention, the Committee on Plans and Scope reported the constitution and by-laws, which were adopted. The association will be hereafter known as the "International League of Press Clubs." The object is to bring into close and friendly relations the press clubs of the world and promote a more fraternal and helpful feeling among the members.

Very Few Cattle Being Fed.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 28.—The *Livestock Indicator* of this city has special reports from the principal cattle-feeding districts of Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, which show that very few cattle are being fed as compared with last year, and that it is the intention of feeders to ship those which are being fed to market before June. The number is estimated at less than half that of last year.

EASTERN TURF EVENTS.

Results of the Races at Gloucester and New Orleans.

GLOUCESTER, Jan. 28.—The races to-day were run over a heavy track, with the following results:

First race, five-sixths of a mile, Goldstep won, Repartee second, So So third. Time—1:14.

Second race, three-fourths of a mile, Lee S. won, McPherson second, McCabe third. Time—1:29¾.

Third race, nine-sixteenths of a mile, P. J. H. won, Jim Gray second, William Henry third. Time—1:04½.

Fourth race, seven-eighths of a mile, Carnegie won, Vevay second, Bohemian third. Time—1:44.

Fifth race, one mile, Chieftain won, Darling second, Refund third. Time—1:59¾.

AT NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 28.—The races to-day were run over a slow track.

First race, nine-sixteenths of a mile, Ivanhoe won, Castillian second, Ireland third. Time—1:01½.

Second race, five-eighths of a mile, Schoolgirl won, Sohn G. second, Ireland third. Time—1:08¼.

Third race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile, Volci won, Dan L. second, Pritchett third. Time—1:14½.

Fourth race, three-fourths of a mile, McMurty won, Gilford second Ruffin third. Time—1:19¼.

Prescott Sawyer on Trial.

SAN RAFAEL, Jan. 28.—The trial of Prescott Sawyer, son of United States Circuit Judge Sawyer, who is charged with stabbing a boatman named Herman Franz, was commenced to-day. Several witnesses were examined, and testified that Franz knocked Sawyer down, and hen walked away. Sawyer followed him and stabbed him in the back three times. Franz fell to the floor, and Sawyer kicked his prostrate body repeatedly. The case is attracting great interest here, as young Sawyer moves in the best society.

FREE COINAGE BILL.

A BOSTON DELEGATION OPPOSES ITS PASSAGE.

Five of the House Committee Will Oppose, and Four Favor, the Measure.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Immediately after the Coinage Committee was called to order this morning the question as to when the vote on the bill should be had in the committee was raised.

The delegation appointed by the Boston mass meeting was present, desiring to be heard.

Bland of Missouri asked unanimous consent for the vote to be taken on the bill next Wednesday. The Boston delegation could be heard, and he would be willing to come here every day for a week if necessary, but there should then be a vote. Bland wanted the vote on Wednesday, and thought there should be some agreement to bring the measure before the House. A long discussion ended in the adoption of the motion by Bland that the committee proceed with the hearing to-day and meet again to-morrow.

The Boston bankers were then given a hearing, and William Higginson having been selected to present their views, spoke to the committee for half an hour. He said that much of the financial depression felt during the last few months was due to the agitation of the silver question.

Bartine interrupted and inquired if there were not other reasons for the depression. He insisted that in fact very little trouble was due to the silver agitation, but most of it due to the fact that there had not been enough silver legislation.

It appeared from the meeting to-day that of the committee Walker, Comstock, Knapp, Faylor and Tracy will be united in a vigorous protest against the free coinage of silver, while Carter, Bland, Williams and Bartine would press its claims.

It is understood to-night that Edward Atkinson of Boston will to-morrow submit an extensive paper against the bill. He is a well-known statistician on questions of political economy, and his figures in this case will conform to the wishes of the anti-silver men.

It is thought that Bland's suggestion for the committee to take a vote not later than Wednesday will prevail, and in this way the measure will speedily reach the House.

THE PRESIDENT WAITED UPON.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The committee of the Boston business men called on the President this morning and discussed informally the silver situation and opposed free coinage.

The President, it is understood, was non-committal, and said it would be eminently improper for him at this time to give any expression regarding his views on silver or his future actions.

Chinese Exclusion Act.

BUFFALO, Jan. 28.—Six Chinamen and two white men were arrested in this city last night, charged with a violation of the Chinese Exclusion Act.

One of the white men, James M. Miller, is believed to manage the Canadian end of the underground railroad that has been running Chinamen into the United States by the wholesale of late.

Bank Burglar Arrested.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—David Cronin, who served a term in the California penitentiary, was arrested on Monday just as he and his gang were on the eve of a bank burglary. Cronin is an expert bank burglar, and recently completed a five-year term in England for robbery. The police have been shadowing him since his return from England.

The Swatara.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—A *Herald* Washington special says: It is denied at the Navy Department that the old Swatara is to be sent to Chile. It is doubtful whether she ever goes to sea again. The Department has not abandoned the purpose of sending one or more vessels to Chile. It is supposed the San Francisco will be sent.

Expense attending the movements of petty German officials is illustrated in the case of the Saxon commission for estimating the damages to crops during the maneuvers of Saxon troops. The commission traveled twenty miles at an expense of $50 to assess damages estimated at $2, but subsequently scaled down to 85 cents. A report that this sort of bureaucratic extravagance was frequent has led Chancellor von Caprivi to order that "such trips shall be undertaken in the future only when large sums of money are at stake."

A Colorado man killed a sheep and hung it up and dressed it. He was still at work when a mountain lion crept between his legs, pulled the mutton down, and, although given a good kicking, held fast and got away. The man wasn't a bit thankful that he wasn't taken in place of the meat.

COAST CHRONICLES.

An Army Surgeon Kills His Wife and Then Suicides.

A DECISION OF MUCH INTEREST TO WINE-MAKERS.

Three Sailors Drowned by the Capsizing of a Boat—Project on Foot for the Consolidation of All Fruit Canning Establishments in the State—Rain at San Diego.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—Surgeon William D. Deitz, of the Fifth Artillery, stationed at Alcatraz Island, this morning shot and killed his wife and then committed suicide by shooting himself. A shotgun was the weapon used, and both bodies were badly mangled.

Mrs. Deitz was found lying on the floor shot through the heart, and her husband lay close by. The bodies were found at 11 o'clock, and as Deitz was seen outside of his quarters at 6 o'clock this morning, the shooting must have occurred between those hours.

Dr. Deitz and wife had lived on the island about two years, and had one child, a boy three years old.

The deceased surgeon entered the army in 1883, and had the rank of Captain. He was of a jovial disposition, and apparently lived happily with his wife. It is generally believed that he was insane when he committed the deed.

The Coroner's jury held an inquest this evening on the bodies of Surgeon Deitz and wife, and rendered a verdict that Dietz had killed his wife then himself.

Two pieces of paper were found in the room. One consisted of rambling speculations on life, and was headed "Meditationes Morituri." The other read as follows: "Look out, Watty, dear little boy. Save him."

In the longer note was a short reference to manuscript that some firm was about to publish. It is believed that it was the work on this subject that caused the temporary derangement resulting in suicide.

W. D. Dietz was a native of Georgia, aged 30, and his wife, Ella, was about 23.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

A Ruling of Interest to Sweet-Wine Makers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—Internal Revenue Commissioner Mason has just rendered a decision of great importance to the sweet-wine makers of California. He formerly ruled that grapes could not run over 26½ per cent. of sugar in order to make sweet wine.

As a majority of California grapes run over that figure, the growers would have been put to great expense if the ruling had been enforced. In order to obviate such trouble, Internal Revenue Collector Sears telegraphed to Washington, suggesting the following plan:

"I recommend that a quart sample of each cask of wine be taken in the presence of a sweet-wine maker, deputy collector and gauger, the samples to be a true and agreed upon average of the same wine of each cask, the bottles to be sealed and labeled, numbered and signed by the sweet-wine maker, deputy and gauger. When the samples have been taken, the labels signed and attached, then the order for detention to be revoked and the wine returned to the owners for sale or removal, the samples to be held as evidence in all cases arising. It would seem that the Government is thus fully protected, while the wine makers are protected from possible financial complications, if not insolvency."

To this telegram Commissioner Mason yesterday replied that the plan might be followed, except in cases where the parties are guilty of fraud.

ANOTHER TRUST.

The Fruit Canneries of the State to be Consolidated.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—The *Chronicle* says that last Saturday a meeting of representatives of the various fruit-canning establishments was held in this city for the purpose of deciding on some action to better their business.

It was decided to form a syndicate with a capital of $5,000,000, the owners of the canneries agreeing to sell their establishments on a basis of two-thirds cost and one-third of stock in the syndicate. It was announced that $2,000,000 was in the bank for purchasing the canneries.

The new syndicate will be called The California Fruit Canneries Limited, with 50,000 shares of stock at $50 per share. Eleven trustees shall govern the consolidation, which shall run for fifty years. Each cannery shall remain under its same management as at present, the general direction of business, however, lying with the committees. Other canneries in addition to these first joining may be purchased from time to time.

All the owners of canneries in the State, with one exception, have joined the compact, and 15,000 shares of stock were subscribed for.

Committees on Finance, Selling, Auditing, Manufacturing and Purchasing of Canneries, consisting of three members each, were appointed.

WATERY GRAVE.

A Boat Capsizes and Three Sailors are Drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—About 10:30 to-night nine sailors of the ship Reuce, which had just arrived, left the vessel in a boat under control of a runner of the Sailors' Home, of this city. They and their luggage greatly overweighted the boat, and though the bay was perfectly quiet, she began to ship water and capsized almost immediately. The men clung to the boat for a time, then three sailors attempted to swim to the schooner, but were drowned. The United States steamship Albatross, which was anchored in the stream, heard the cries of the men, and a boat went to the rescue and saved the other six sailors and the runner.

The names of the drowned men are William Blum, William Murray and Stephen Tyde. The rescued men were sent on shore, and though much exhausted, will easily recover.

Crop Outlook in Yuba and Sutter.

MARYSVILLE, Jan. 28. — The strong north wind which has been prevailing for several days is very unwelcome to farmers and orchardists. Though grain is not suffering for want of rain, it would be very welcome. The grain is nearly all up and growing nicely. The acreage is the largest even known, and with sufficient rain immense crops will be raised. The orchardists are planting extensively. Between two and three thousand acres will be planted in Sutter and Yuba counties this season.

Mining Suit.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—An action was begun in the Superior Court this morning by E. S. Chester and W. E. Strant against W. S. Chapman, E. W. Chapman and F. F. Stone. The plaintiffs allege that on the 9th of October, 1889, they entered into an agreement with the defendants whereby it was agreed to sell one-half of the stock of the Idlewild Gold Mining Company to the defendants for $55,000. Under this agreement the plaintiffs deeded to the defendants property in the Garden Valley mining district in El Dorado county. Of the $55,000 only $5,000 was paid, and no accounting has been made of the management of the mine since. The court is therefore asked to cause an accounting to be made.

Fruit and Vegetable Cannery.

EUGENE (Or.), Jan. 28.—A committee from the Eugene Board of Trade, to whom was referred the matter of establishing a first-class fruit and vegetable cannery, met last night and considered the matter thoroughly. It was finally decided to raise a bonus of $5,000 to be given some competent man to take hold of the enterprise. The bonus will undoubtedly be raised at once, and if satisfactory results do not come from that, then a company will probably be incorporated with $15,000 capital, and business pushed to success.

Opium Imports.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—The *Chronicle* states that a joint resolution is soon to be introduced into the California Legislature asking Congress to prohibit the importation of prepared opium, and limit that of the crude drug to the amount needed for medicinal purposes. Collector Phelps has prepared tables of the opium importation at this port. In eleven years 1,328,054 pounds of crude and prepared opium, valued at $7,810,493, have been imported.

Six Damage Suits.

SALEM (Or.), Jan. 28.—To-day papers in six more damage suits against the Southern Pacific Railroad Company were filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court, making the total number of cases already filed twelve. The aggregate amount of damages asked in the six suits last instituted is $86,275, and of the twelve $185,225. All of these suits grew out of the train wrecked at Lake Labish in November last.

Nevada City Burglary.

GRASS VALLEY, Jan. 28.—Last night M. Sproul's saloon, on the corner of Neal and Mill Streets, was entered by burglars. The cash-drawer was broken open, but no money was obtained. The burglars had tools along for attempting the safe, but were evidently frightened away before doing that work. They left their tools behind. The tools were stolen from Dunkley's blacksmith shop.

Afflicted With Trichinosis.

DOWNIEVILLE, Jan. 28.—Four persons named Trebino, living near here, have been attacked with that rare disease trichinosis. John Trebino is dead, one other is still dangerously sick, and two are thought to be out of danger. They ate half-cooked pork on December 29th. in blood sausages. A post mortem revealed trichina in the muscles of John Trebino.

An Editor Wedded.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—Alfred Holman, editor of the Seattle *Post-Intelligencer*, and Miss Caroline Durbrow, youngest daughter of the late Joseph Durbrow, of this city, were married this evening at the residence of the bride's mother. The nuptials were solemnized by Rev. J. Sanders Reed, rector of Trinity Church.

Death of a Pioneer.

RED BLUFF, Jan. 28.—John P. Hale, 74 years of age, ex-Sheriff of Shasta and Tehama Counties, late Under Sheriff of this county, Mexican war veteran and a pioneer of California, died here last night and was buried at 2:30 P. M. to-day. The remains were followed to the grave by a large number of persons.

Railroad Building.

ONTARIO, Jan. 28.—Track-laying on the Southern Pacific extension at Chino began to-day. Nearly one hundred men are engaged. The grading is nearly finished. The company expect to open the line in two weeks.

Damron Again Arrested.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 28. — James M. Damron, recently acquitted on a charge of forgery, was again arrested to-day on three charges of forgery preferred by J. S. Chadwick, formerly Damron's friend.

Oregon Legislature.

SALEM, Jan. 28.—The upper branch of the Legislature to-day passed the Australian ballot law. The House passed the bill yesterday.

Rain at San Diego.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 28.—Rain commenced at an early hour this morning, and up to this evening one inch has fallen.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

SENATOR HEARST REPORTED AS RESTING COMFORTABLY.

The United States Steamship Omaha to be Assigned to the Pacific Coast.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The United States steamship Omaha is in a very bad condition according to advices received, and her future service will be limited if these reports be true, and it has been decided to assign her to the Pacific station as soon as she can be put in some kind of condition, which is expected to be within the next three months. She will discharge her officers and crew at Panama, and another crew will be sent from the East by a mail steamer.

At the Washington navy yards yesterday was performed a successful experiment of putting a steel jacket on one of the two twelve-inch guns to be carried in the forward turret of the coast defense vessel Monterey, now in course of construction at the Union Iron Works, San Francisco.

Ensign W. S. Howard is detached from the United States steamship Thetis and ordered to the coast survey.

Senators Stanford and Hearst have received copies of the resolutions adopted by the Board of Trustees of Fresno thanking them for their efforts in securing the appropriation for the Fresno Postoffice building.

In compiling the complete census of California, which was published in these dispatches several weeks ago, Fresno and Alameda were left out by a clerical error. A corrected list made public to-day by the Census Department gives Fresno 10,818 and Alameda 11,165. In other respects the report as published was correct.

Herman L. Chase will be appointed Receiver for the Spokane National Bank at Spokane Falls, Wash.

In the House to-day Representative Wilson, of Washington, read a memorial from the Chamber of Commerce of Spokane Falls, favoring the free coinage of silver.

Senator Hearst was reported as very comfortable at 11 P. M.

California pensions: Benjamin C. White, Los Angeles; Carlos Whitmore, Stockton; Richard B. Mason, National Military Home; Annie, widow of Augustus Tession, San Francisco; Milton I. Young, Waterville; John Hopkins.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The McKinley Bill Has No Damaging Effect on Italy.

AMERICAN PORK TO BE ADMITTED INTO GERMANY.

Sir Charles Tupper Will Visit Washington to Open Negotiations for a Commercial Treaty With Canada—Little Faith Placed in the Rumored Retirement of Gladstone From the Leadership of the Liberals.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

ROME, Jan. 28.—Signor Grimaldi presented the annual financial statement to the Chamber of Deputies to-day. It shows a deficit for 1891 of six million franc. A deficit of 40,000,000 francs yearly is expected for the next three years. Increased duties are proposed on oil seeds and mineral oils, as well as various economics, chiefly in the military and public works budgets.

The McKinley law, he stated, has had no damaging effects upon Italy. A commercial understanding with France is hoped for.

RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA.

Sir Charles Tupper Going to Washington to Open Negotiations.

OTTAWA (Ont.), Jan. 28.—Sir Charles Tupper has been summoned to Ottawa from London to take charge of the negotiations for a reciprocal commercial treaty at Washington.

Sir Charles, who sails from Liverpool for New York to-morrow, will bear dispatches from Lord Salisbury regarding the re-opening of the question of reciprocity, which he will submit to Secretary Blaine.

In view of the approaching elections and the fact that the main issue of the campaign will be the question of closer commercial relations with the United States, it is imperative that Sir John Macdonald should have some definite proposal to go to the country with, and Sir Charles is called upon to see what he can do at Washington regarding the matter.

In the Commons.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—In the Commons yesterday Sir William Guyer Hunter moved that the resolution of th House in June, 1880, forbidding Charles Bradlaugh to take oath or affirm, be expunged from the records as subversive of the rights of electors. Gladstone supported the motion, but suggested omitting the words, "subversive of the rights of electors." The motion as amended was passed.

The *News* declares that Smith's acceptance of the Bradlaugh motion in the Commons last night was due to the discovery that the refusal would result in the defeat of the Government.

Sardou's "Thermidor."

PARIS, Jan. 28.—It is reported to-day that the members of the company of the Theater Francaise have in body tendered their resignation. This action, it is said, is in consequence of the withdrawal of Sardou's play, "Thermidor," following the Socialistic riots. It is also said that should the determination to suppress the play prove final, Coquelin will leave France for a long tour of other countries.

American Pork to be Admitted.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—It was reported in the lobby of the Reichstag to-day that the Government is about to rescind the law prohibiting the importation of American bacon and ham, at the same time directing that such imports be subjected to a special inspection at all of the ports of entry..

A Vague Rumor.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The *News* ignores the Chester *Courant's* statement about Gladstone resigning the Liberal leadership.

Sugar Bill Rejected.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—The Reichstag committee rejected the sugar taxation bill in its entirety on second reading.

Some Familiar Social Nuisances.

"While *Life* is showing up its list of 'Social Nuisances,' there's one I hope it will not forget," remarked Miss Blank to her brother.

"Which one is that?" asked he rather indifferently.

"It's the woman who always has a recent purchase to show you which she describes as 'something entirely new,' just as if she had some commercial monopoly. You are in the position of having to abandon all hope of having anything like it, or else declare yourself a shameless imitator at once."

"I know a nuisance which beats two of that for obnoxiousness," remarked Mr. Blank, after a moment's pause.

"Who is it?"

"It's the girl who assumes that, because you have taken her into dinner and cannot get away from her for three hours, she is necessarily upon confidential terms with you. She tries to force you into abusing your best friend, who sits opposite and hears just enough of what she says to think you are abetting her. General conversation has no charms for her. She insists upon giving you the freedom of her entire mental economy, and is obviously displeased if you seem unappreciative of the compliment. Start her on a good objective theme of universal interest, like baseball, for instance, and she hasn't a word to say about it."

"That reminds me of something I heard about yesterday," said Miss Blank. "It was a Progressive Conversation party, and it works like this: The chairs are tied into pairs, each pair being devoted to a special topic of discussion. The guests who occupy them talk of the prescribed subject until, on a given signal, every lady moves one seat forward, while her companion moves one seat back. Judges walk up and down and decide who talks the best upon the greatest variety of topics. Think of the possible injustices, since one would always, according to the depravity of coincidences, have to discuss the topic least suited to the companion of the moment. Suppose, for instance, you found yourself beside Clara S., to whom you have been twice betrothed, and had to turn felicitous sentences on the subject of 'The Supreme Virtue of Constancy.' Wouldn't it be awkward?"—*Kate Field's Washington Letter.*

Proper Precaution.

"Never throw stones at a carter when you are alone," said a small Canadian boy to the painter of his portrait, who he had taken into his confidence. "You must always have another boy with you when you throw stones at a carter." "Why?" "Because when the carter gets down to run after you, then the other boy can throw stones at the horse and start him up, and the carter will be obliged to leave you alone and go to take care of his horse. Always have another boy with you when you throw stones at a carter."—*Boston Transcript.*

BRECHAM'S Pills cure sick headache.