GROSS, OR NET?

Bills Affecting the Funded Debt of This City.

Bondholder Bates and Commissioner Beatty Argue Against Them Before a Committee.

The two bills introduced in the Senate by Mr. Sprague, affecting the bonded indebtedness of Sacramento City, were considered by the Senate Judiciary Committee yesterday. The only arguments presented to the committee were made by George E. Bates, one of the bondholders, and H. O. Beatty, a member of the city's Funded Debt Commission. Both gentlemen were opposed to the measures.

Briefly stated, the purpose of the bills is to provide that the word "revenue," as used in connection with the city's income, shall mean the *net* proceeds of the water works, after deducting the running expenses, so that the 55 per cent. of the revenue which goes to the holders of the city's bonds shall not come from the gross receipts of that department.

City Trustee McLaughlin was present, but did not reply to the arguments of Messrs. Bates and Beatty, who had it all their own way, and seemed to make an impression on the committee adverse to the bills in question.

In his argument Mr. Bates reviewed the history of legislation in regard to the bonds and coupons, and the decisions of the courts in cases already tried. He argued that the "income of the water works" should be regarded in the same light as taxes, of which 55 per cent. had to be set aside. He relied chiefly on the Supreme Court decision in the case of Bates vs. Porter to show that the "receipts" of the water works means the gross receipts thereof. If the Legislature had the right, he claimed, to reduce the amount to be paid the bondholders, it could go further and cut them off altogether.

Judge Beatty said there are two propositions to be determined. When a Legislature makes a contract, that contract cannot be set aside. The revenue of the city comes from various sources, and the Supreme Court had held that it included the revenue of the water works. The Legislature in 1861 enacted a law declarthat the revenue of the Water Works should be held to mean what was left after the expense of running the same. Under this rule but little money was left for the bondholders, and they brought suits in the court and got the decision referred to—that the "revenue" of the city meant the gross receipts of the city from all sources.

Judge Paterson held that the Act of the Legislature was ambiguous and indefinite, inasmuch as the City Trustees might so reduce the water rates of the city as to practically leave no revenue therefrom. He did not, however, agree with Judge Paterson that the Legislature could, by subsequent Act, alter the conditions of the law governing the contract between the city and her bondholders.

Judge Beatty held that the passage of the bills now before the Legislature would be a gross insult to the Supreme Court.

In reply to Senator Dray, Judge Beatty said that if the Legislature should reenact the law of 1861, and a case should go to the Supreme Court thereunder, the court would refuse to entertain it, because it had already passed upon the question of the meaning of the word revenue.

Mr. Dray—I understand, Judge Beatty, that you are not here to object so much to the passage of the proposed bills through any fear that the court might reverse its decision, but because it would involve litigation that would tie up the city's revenue for an indefinite period.

Judge Beatty—Yes, that is the purpose of my opposition to these bills.

He referred to a former litigation when, he said, $43,000 belonging to the Bond Commission was tied up and could not be had for the purpose of buying in $200,000 worth of coupons at 20 per cent. Sam Davis, the bondholder, afterward bought them in at 17 cents on the dollar, and received from the city dollar for dollar.

In reply to a question by Mr. Dray, Judge Beatty admitted that no such margin now existed in the bond market.

Senator Dray said it was not desired to embarrass the Bond Commission, and asked Judge Beatty if the cost of oil and fuel alone were taken out of the receipts of the water works whether or not the commission could not receive the undisputed portion of the revenue and go right along without serious hindrance while the question was being adjudicated.

Judge Beatty replied that it would not be satisfactory. The bondholders, he said, had built the present water works, and Sacramento should act with some sense of justice toward them. Pass the present law and the bank that is now the custodian of the city's revenues would fight the commission and embarrass its operations.

At the conclusion of Judge Beatty's argument the further hearing of the matter was continued.

EDUCATIONAL MATTERS.

Business Transacted by the County Board—Diplomas Granted.

The County Board of Education met yesterday with all the members present.

Misses Teresa Byron, Buyrdie Beggs, Lillie Blue, Helene Egl, Cora E. Gage, Mary Griffin, Henrietta Hersum, Lucy J. Hinkson, Katie M. Hughes, Minnie Kiefer, Laura Kirn, Louise Smith, Ada G. Tenbrook and Mrs. Lillie Marvin were granted grammar grade certificates on their first grade certificates.

Mrs. Julia F. Fay was granted a recommendation for a life diploma.

Miss Flora Stone was granted a grammar grade certificate on her educational diploma.

Miss Alice Parker was granted a recommendation for educational diploma.

Lafayette Miller was granted a grammar grade on his life diploma.

The number of credits in teachers' examinations were changed so as to read: "Orthography, 50 credits; defining, 100 credits; theory and practice, 50 credits; English and American literature, 50 credits."

Topics were selected by the members on which to prepare questions for the examinations in the country schools.

"The Living World" was placed on the library list.

SNOWDEN VICTORIOUS.

He Turns the Tables on the Local Champion Skater.

The skating rink was crowded again last evening, the occasion being the second of the series of races between Crozier, the local champion, and Snowden, who is heralded as the world's champion.

Crozier defeated Snowden last Wednesday evening, after a hard race, but last evening Snowden went in with blood in his eye, and won the race after a most exciting contest. Crozier took the lead at the start, and for about seven laps it looked as if he was going to repeat his performance of Wednesday evening and win by hugging the corners and crowding his opponent.

In making the eighth circuit Snowden attempted to pass the Sacramento man, but the latter crowded him so close to the guard rail that he tripped and fell heavily. He was up again like a shot, though, and went after Crozier like a flash. The latter had gained fully half a lap by the accident, but Snowden overtook him in short order. Then the battle for front place was resumed. Crozier managed to keep his opponent back of him until they were making the fifteenth circuit, when Snowden suddenly saw an opening, and took advantage of it with lightning-like rapidity. Once in the lead, Snowden showed the Sacramento man a clear pair of heels, and beat him to the finish by a third of a lap. Snowden's time was three minutes and 15 seconds—two seconds faster than the race of Wednesday evening. As Snowden is compelled to leave the city, the final heat will not be run off, and the purse ($200) will be divided between the two racers.

THE WEATHER.

Sergeant Barwick Says the Prospects Are Bad for Rain.

The Signal Service temperature at 5 A. M. and 5 P. M. yesterday was 42° and 54°, while the highest and lowest temperature was 58° and 40°, with brisk northwesterly winds, and cloudless sky. The barometrical readings at 5 A. M. and 5 P. M. were 30.16 and 30.10 inches.

The highest and lowest temperature one year ago yesterday was 58° and 44°, and one year ago to-day 60° and 44°.

The precipitation prospects at present are rather bad, as the barometer is high to the north of this State, the point from which comes our most copious precipitation, and the weather is clear, cold and frosty in Oregon and Washington.

NO VERDICT.

The Jury Disagrees in the Gardner Assault Case.

The Gardner trial is over, and ended in a disagreement of the jury.

Ex-Judge Holl made the closing argument for the defense yesterday, and District Attorney Ryan addressed the jury in behalf of the people. Judge Van Fleet instructed the jury as to what the law called for at its hands, and the "twelve wise men retired shortly before noon to deliberate.

They were out all day, and could not agree upon a verdict.

The case will be tried again.

SCHOOL APPORTIONMENT.

State School Moneys Distributed by Superintendent Anderson.

The Amount Subject to Apportionment is $2,143,129 66—Sacramento's Share is $59,781 05.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction J. W. Anderson received the following communication from State Controller Colgan at noon yesterday:

OFFICE OF STATE CONTROLLER, SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7, 1891.

Hon. J. W. Anderson, State Superintendent Public Instruction—DEAR SIR: In compliance with law, I have the honor to report as follows:

The securities held in Trust by the State Treasurer for the support of common schools consist of bonds of the State of California, aggregating $1,526,500, together with bonds of various counties of this State, amounting to $1,772,350, which are described as follows:

State funded debt bonds of 1873, 6 per cent	$1,556,500
Fresno County bonds, 6 per cent	51,000
Humboldt County bonds, 9's	25,000
Inyo 5's	50,500
Lake County 5's	47,800
Los Angeles 4½'s	250,000
Marin 5's	72,000
Mendocino 4's	68,000
Merced 4½'s	37,000
Monterey 5's	90,000
Napa 5's	27,000
Sacramento 4½'s	100,000
Sacramento 6's	22,100
Sacramento 8's	145,000
Sacramento 4's	84,000
San Diego 5's	191,000
San Diego 4½'s	93,000
San Luis Obispo 5's	16,000
San Luis Obispo 8's	40,000
Santa Barbara 5's	12,000
Santa Clara 4's	67,000
Santa Clara 5's	24,500
Santa Cruz 4½'s	149,000
Tehama 5's	51,000
Trinity 5's	7,150
Yolo 5's	51,500
Total	$3,298,850

The money in the State Treasury belonging to the State school fund subject to apportionment is $2,144,240 16, as follows:

Amount unapportioned August, 1890		$670 21
Received from property tax		1,762,414 31
Received from poll-tax		172,913 13
Received from int'st on school lands		40,720 95
Received from int'est on bonds held in trust		93,993 86
Received from tax on railroads		75,169 87
Received for sales of geological survey reports		665 00
Total		$2,145,888 98
Less amount paid on restitution of interest on land sold not property of this State	$876 24	
Less cost of annulment of certificates of purchase	35 08	
Less amount transferred to the University fund erroneously, reported as interest on school bonds	737 50	
		1,648 82
Net amount subject to apportionment		$2,144,240 16

In addition to the foregoing the sum of $134,429 29, belonging to the grammar school course fund, is subject to apportionment for the support of grammar course schools, as required by law. Said sum was derived from the following sources:

Amount reported August 9, 1890, unappropriated	$68,657 42
Amount received from property tax	63,073 46
Amount received from tax on railroads	2,698 41
Total amount subject to apportionment	$134,429 29

Respectfully submitted,
E. P. COLGAN, Controller.

THE APPORTIONMENT.

Superintendent Anderson went to work immediately on the apportionment. It was completed late last evening. It is as follows:

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, SACRAMENTO, February 7, 1891.

In accordance with the foregoing statement of the Controller, I have this day apportioned the State school moneys to the several counties as follows:

Total number of census children between 5 and 17 years of age entitled to receive school money, 280,882; amount per child, $7 63; amount apportioned, $2,143,129 66.

County.	No. of Census Children	Amount Apportioned.
Alameda	22,978	$175,322 14
Alpine	99	755 37
Amador	2,848	21,730 24
Butte	4,202	32,068 89
Calaveras	2,409	18,380 67
Colusa	3,412	26,033 56
Contra Costa	3,424	26,125 12
Del Norte	497	3,792 11
El Dorado	2,143	16,351 09
Fresno	6,903	52,669 89
Humboldt	6,323	47,481 49
Inyo	670	5,112 10
Kern	1,997	15,237 11
Lake	1,838	14,023 94
Lassen	994	7,584 22
Los Angeles	23,394	178,496 22
Marin	2,654	20,250 02
Mariposa	999	7,622 37
Mendocino	4,467	34,083 21
Merced	1,647	12,566 61
Modoc	1,507	11,498 41
Mono	299	2,281 37
Monterey	4,715	35,975 45
Napa	3,619	27,612 97
Nevada	4,365	33,304 95
Orange	4,011	30,603 93
Placer	3,013	22,989 19
Plumas	998	7,614 74
Sacramento	7,835	59,781 05
San Benito	1,918	14,634 34
San Bernardino	6,397	48,809 11
San Diego	8,613	65,717 19
San Francisco	61,144	466,528 72
San Joaquin	6,258	47,748 54
San Luis Obispo	4,733	36,112 79
San Mateo	2,707	20,654 41
Santa Barbara	4,429	33,793 27
Santa Clara	12,310	93,925 30
Santa Cruz	4,918	37,524 34
Shasta	3,431	26,178 53
Sierra	1,012	7,721 56
Siskiyou	2,671	20,379 73
Solano	4,551	34,724 13
Sonoma	8,293	63,275 59
Stanislaus	2,398	18,296 74
Sutter	1,326	10,117 38
Tehama	2,689	20,517 07
Trinity	804	6,134 52
Tulare	6,270	47,840 10
Tuulumne	1,586	12,101 18
Ventura	2,703	20,623 89
Yolo	3,382	25,804 66
Yuba	2,178	16,678 14
Totals	280,882	$2,143,129 66

I have not yet apportioned the grammar school course fund, preferring to await the action of the Legislature relative to those schools.

J. W. ANDERSON, State Superintendent.

Mrs. Bruce will speak at the A. M. E. Church this evening at 7:30, subject, "Spiritualism Unveiled."

JUSTICE LOVEJOY.

"His Honor" is Held to Answer for the Crime of Grand Larceny.

He Confesses That He is an Ex-Convict—A Strong Case Made Out Against Him.

"This man is an ex-convict, and he deliberately robbed me of $80!"

This was the opening of John Kelly's testimony in the examination of Thomas Lovejoy, alias Joy, the Justice of the Peace of Mississippi Township, on a charge of grand larceny yesterday—a full account of whose arrest at Folsom recently appeared in the RECORD-UNION.

Continuing, Kelly said he had known the "Judge" a long time—knew him when he was a prisoner at the Folsom penitentiary. On the 24th of last month, he said, Lovejoy called upon him, at his room, and wanted to borrow four bits. Witness was lying on the bed at the time, and handing Lovejoy his purse told him to take the half-dollar from it. Shortly after Lovejoy had gone Kelly said he examined the purse and found that $80 had been taken from it instead of the half-dollar. He immediately set out after the "Judge," and overhauled him in a saloon while he was in the act of giving a man named Donley some of the money. When accused of the robbery Lovejoy, said the witness, told him his money was all right—but later on he denied positively that he had been inside of the witness' room.

"BIG-NECK" SMITH.

Kelly denied that he had told George—better known as "Big-neck"—Smith at the Bank Exchange Saloon, in this city, on the day that he (Kelly) swore to the complaint against Lovejoy that he was not sure that Lovejoy had robbed him. He declared that he had not seen Smith on that day.

J. Hawk and several other witnesses gave testimony corroborative of that given by Kelly, after which the defense opened its side of the case.

Charles T. Jones, the "Judge's" attorney, called George Smith to the stand, and that individual testified that he met Kelly in the Bank Exchange on the 26th of January, and Kelly told him that he was drunk at the time of the robbery and didn't know whether Lovejoy did it or not.

THE "JUDGE'S" STORY.

Lovejoy then took the stand and denied everything testified to by Kelly, except that he had been in Kelly's house on the day of the robbery. He explained that he went there upon Kelly's invitation. Kelly was "getting over a drunk," and needed something to settle his stomach, so he (Lovejoy) gave him some baking soda in water. Kelly wanted to give him fifty cents with which to purchase some medicine, but he refused to take it.

The witness got along swimmingly with his testimony until he was taken hold of by Deputy District Attorney Buckley for cross-examination. Then he got into a peck 'o trouble. He was forced to admit that he was an ex-convict, having served a term in the Folsom Prison for assault to murder. He was considerably tangled up over the details of where he got the soda he gave Kelly and as to how he became possessed of the gold coins he exhibited shortly after the robbery was committed. He declared that this money was his own, and had been given to him that morning by Lou Shimp, a fallen woman of Folsom.

"When this fellow came into the saloon and accused me of robbing him I laughed at him," said Lovejoy. "I laughed at him because he has always been accusing me of robbing him."

The Shimp woman was called to the witness stand after Mr. Buckley had finished with Lovejoy. She did not care to tell much about her occupation, but stated that she lived with Lovejoy, and had on the morning of the robbery given him $80. She, too, was considerably rattled by Deputy District Attorney Buckley.

DID NOT SEE "BIG NECK."

Mr. Buckley turned his attention to "Big Neck" Smith, when the defense announced that they had finished. Kelly was placed on the stand again, and again he testified that he did not even see Smith on the day the latter said he did. He did not know Smith, at all

J. Hawk swore that he was with Kelly all of that day, and he was equally positive that Kelly had not seen or talked with Smith.

Deputy Constable Alter testified that he was certain that Kelly and Hawk were together all day and did not leave the Court-house block, as they were waiting to see Judge Devine.

Some testimony was also taken to disprove Lovejoy's statement that he gave Kelly a dose of baking powder which he found in Kelly's room, after which the case was submtitted.

Justice Starr promptly decided that it was a proper case for a jury to pass upon, and he held Lovejoy to answer before the Superior Court. Bail was fixed at $1,500.

CRAZED WITH DRINK.

A Young Man Creates a Sensation at Eighth and D.

Police officer Higgins was standing on the corner of Seventh and J streets last evening, when a young man rushed breathlessly up to him and informed him that "there was a crazy man at Eighth and D streets who had a knife, and was going to kill somebody."

Officer Higgins was off duty at the time, but, nevertheless, he accompanied the young man back to the scene of the expected butchery.

A large crowd had gathered in front of a house near the corner, and all were watching the antics of a young man, who was waltzing up and down the balcony of the house, and flourishing a knife about threateningly.

Somebody informed the officer that the young fellow was a lunatic and had driven his parents and other members of the family out of the house, and threatened to kill them if they attempted to return.

"Here, now, my friend, you've had enough fun here, and it's time to stop," said the officer as he began mounting the stairs. "I'm an officer, and I want you to keep quiet."

"Oh, you're a cop, are you," shouted the young man. "Well, if you come up here I'll kill you."

"Oh, no, you won't," was the officer's reply, still advancing.

The would-be slaughterer saw that the officer meant business, and he quickly ran into the house and locked the officer out. The latter then called to a citizen to assist him, and the two went around to the rear of the house and gained an entrance. While they were searching for the knife-wielder, officers Lowell and Snook arrived upon the scene, and came to their assistance. The young man was found to have locked himself in a room, and when the officers demanded admittance they were threatened with a carving if they did not leave.

The door was forced open and the crazy man disarmed and handcuffed.

At the city prison he gave his name as M. Clegg. It is said that the young man has been drinking heavily of late, and it is believed that he had an attack of "jimjams" last night.

COUNTY BUSINESS.

The Board of Supervisors Disposes of Various Matters.

The Board of Supervisors resumed its session yesterday.

The report of P. F. Dolan, Tax Collector, for the month ending January 31st, showing that $1,675 50 had been collected during the month, was approved.

A communication was received from Sheriff Stanley asking for an additional deputy in his office at a salary of $100 per month.

A petition was presented by Jenkins from the residents of Alabama Township, asking that a public road in that district be reduced from sixty to fifty feet, and on motion of Jenkins, March 3, 1891, was set as the time for hearing the representations of the petitioners.

The bond of C. A. Hall as Poundmaster of Franklin Township, in the sum of $500, was accepted and placed on file.

The board will hold an extra session during the coming week, to dispose of some business which could not be reached during last week's session.

JOY IN CHINATOWN.

The Advent of the New Year "Appropriately" Celebrated.

The Chinese New Year opened with to-day. Chinatown was brilliantly lighted with lanterns last night, and the celestials all waited up to see the New Year in.

One minute after midnight they touched off their fire-crackers and bombs, and all Sacramento knew that the New Year had arrived. The din was kept up all morning, and the festivities will continue to-day.

The "Johns" will make calls, dressed in their best, and the Melican man won't be in it.

She Pleads Not Guilty.

Amelia Gehring, Mrs. H. M. Gillig's maid, charged with stealing valuables belonging to her mistress, was arraigned before Superior Judge Van Fleet yesterday. She entered a plea of "not guilty," and her trial was set for Thursday next.

SOME SHORT STORIES.

Dr. Martin Enlightens a Legislative Theory on Slickens.

What Assemblyman Bruner was Rallied Upon—Gatling and Hotchkiss Guns Outdone.

When the legislators went up to Folsom on the dam inspection, and to sample the taste of bull's head baked in a hole-in-the-ground, there was a promenade after dinner on the gravel in front of the Warden's residence.

As the crowd mingled in social converse, one knot of legislators gathered in discussion of the bill to require that employes of corporations be paid monthly.

A guard standing near by was an interested listener, and when some of the party approached him with a greeting, he remarked: "If corporations should pay monthly, how about the State of California setting the example?"

"What do you mean by that?"

"Oh, simply that up here the State has not paid her employes for two months past."

"Well put, by Jove!" exclaimed an Assemblyman, and then the channel of conversation changed.

It was on the same excursion that a group of jolly representatives corralled genial Dr. Martin of Placer on the promenade.

"Now, doctor," said Assemblyman Bruner, "you see how yellow the water of the American River is; what do you think makes it so?"

"Not slickens," replied the champion of hydraulic mining quickly. "Not slickens, my boy. It's natural wash from your old placer mine flats hereabouts. Why, look you, gentlemen," and the crowd drew closer. "You know that all we take as food or drink contributes to the nourishment and upbuilding of our bodies. One food aids bone-building; one drink fosters muscle culture, another brain growth. Look at this stalwart man, Bruner! Look at his head—you know all about his brain. Well, gentlemen, Bruner was raised hereabouts, and he has drank slickens ever since he quit nursing."

And then such a shout as went up at Bruner's expense, while the placid old Placerite sucked his pipe calmly and smiled never a smile.

Shortly after the Warden ordered the Gatling gun guards to give an example of rapid firing.

Rat, tat, ta, ta, tat. Ra, ra, ta, ta, tat, went the three guns until 500 shells had been discharged in less than 60 seconds.

"Pretty effective weapons those, doctor," said Speaker pro tem. Young, with a joke in his eye plainly visible, addressing the venerable Assemblyman from Placer.

"Yes," said Dr. Martin, "pretty effective. But I know of one that is more so."

"Indeed; what is it?" exclaimed half a dozen voices—"the Hotchkiss gun, the machine gun, the French hopper?"

"Oh—no!" drawled the doctor, with a countenance as sober as death as he slowly took his pipe from his lips; "n-o, n-o, none of them. Just let me take my saddlebags and go out over the hills and prescribe pills."

It took the crowd just thirty seconds to fall heirs to the idea the doctor intended to convey, of the relation between pills and bullets.

Charged With Felony.

William Gillson, a dealer in chickens, has been arrested on a charge of receiving stolen property, knowing the same to have been stolen. Gillson is alleged to have purchased a number of chickens from a party who stole them.

A Russian has invented a fire-proof paste which has recently been put to a crucial test by the Moscow Imperial Society of Agriculture. It proved a great success. Straw, when covered with it, will not ignite.

South Sacramento.

Now that the electric railway has come to stay, the lots that will be sold at auction February 12, 1891, will be eagerly sought after. Take a ride out to-day and select one. All blocks are numbered. They lie east of Sacramento avenue and railway. *

Electric Railway a Success,

So will the successful purchasers be who secure a lot in South Sacramento at the auction Thursday, February 12, 1891, at 519 J street. Ride out on the cars to-day and look at them. *

BORN.

GARRETT—In this city, February 1, to the wife of Frank T. Garrett, a son. *

BREUNER—In this city, January 28, to the wife of John Breuner, Jr., a daughter. *

SMITH—In this city, January 14, to the wife of Armond W. Smith, a son. *

DIED.

CONNOR—In San Francisco, February 5, Arthur Connor, son of F. E. Connor, of Sacramento County, aged 32 years and 20 days.

☞Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from the residence of his brother-in-law, George Schroth, Jr., 1402 J street, this afternoon at 1 o'clock sharp; thence to the Cathedral, where funeral services will be held. *

COOPER—In this city, February 6, James B. Cooper, a native of New York, aged 83 years, 6 months and 7 days.

☞Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from the undertaking parlors of J. Miller, Odd Fellows' Temple, to-morrow (Monday) at 10 o'clock. *

BARRETT—In this city, February 6, Eva C., wife of J. Wendell Barrett, daughter of W. K. and Lydia Parrott.

☞Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral, from the Central M. E. Church, Eleventh, between H and I streets, this (Sunday afternoon) at 4:30 o'clock. *

SCHWEITZER—In this city, February 6, C. H., eldest son of Henry and Caroline Schweitzer, a native of Sacramento, aged 29 years and 20 days.

☞Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from the residence of his parents, H street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. *

Changed Daily for Weinstock, Lubin & Co.

MONDAY, AT 9:30,

SPECIAL SALE OF

All-wool Dress Goods,

AT 20c A YARD.

This lot is a special purchase made by our New York buyer. These Dress Goods can be had in plain, solid colors only, as follows:

OLD ROSE, LONDON SMOKE, SAPHIR BLUE, DARK GREEN, CARDINAL, PEACOCK, HELIOTROPE, BLACK, GARNET, TAN, SCARLET, BROWN.

All-wool Ladies' Cloth at 20c a yard.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

TUESDAY, AT 9:30 A. M.

LADIES' WHITE SWISS APRONS, with scalloped edges and deep change stitch braiding. Price, 11 cents.

LADIES' FULL-SIZE WHITE LAWN APRONS, deep hem and two tucks. Price, 13 cents.

FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

The first of the new French Ginghams for the spring and summer season have arrived. Price, 25 cents a yard.

Dunlap is the leading hatter in America, and his position as such is acknowledged everywhere. He, more than anyone else, sets the styles from season to season; and such is the faith in the correctness of the Dunlap shapes that thousands of men all over the country place orders in advance for his new styles, quite regardless of their being becoming or not. They know that a Dunlap hat is never wrong in the slightest particular, and can be worn with confidence as to style and quality.

As agents for the Dunlap Hats in Sacramento we wish to call attention to the Winter Styles, as follows:

Dunlap's Finest Silk Hats	$8 00
Dunlap's Stiff Felt Hats, in black and colors	5 00
Dunlap's Soft Hats	5 00
Dunlap's Pocket and Slouch Hats	$2 and 2 50
Dunlap's Opera (folding) Hats	8 00

We shall take pleasure in showing any of the above styles to those who are interested, whether they care to buy at present or not.

Weinstock, Lubin & Co.

400 to 412 K street, Sacramento.

Children's Carriages.

One carload just received direct from New York,

FROM $7 50 TO $35 EACH.

Cheap for Cash or Installments.

PIANOS STEINWAY, GABLER, PEASE, On Installments, from $325 upward, $10 per month.

Children's Carriages, Mirrors, Pictures, Chairs, Rugs, Clocks, all on installments.

A. J. POMMER, Nos. 829 and 831 J street, corner of Ninth.

ANNUAL

CLEARANCE SALE.

HATS AT COST

To clean out stock to make room for new spring goods.

Call and See for Yourself

—AT—

MRS. M. A. PEALER'S,

621-623 J Street, Sacramento.

EVERYBODY SATISFIED.

Not once does a customer leave our store without saying: "My, but you are the cheapest Shoe store in America." And well do we deserve the name. We undersell everybody in the Boot and Shoe line, for we are continually buying large bankrupt stocks of

BOOTS, * SHOES * AND * SLIPPERS,

At 40 or 50 cents on the dollar, thereby enabling us to sell you goods for less than other stores pay for them. All we ask is give us a trial and convince yourself. We carry full and complete lines of Ladies', Misses', Childrens', Men's and Boys' fine and medium-grade goods. Our motto is, "Small profits and quick sales."

COUNTRY ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

Boston Shoe Bazaar, 424 K St.

CHAS. WOLFF, Proprietor.

Gas. G. Davis

411-413 K St., Sacramento.

WALL PAPER OF ALL KINDS. SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

Furniture —AND— Carpets.

SACRAMENTO LUMBER COMPANY { Dealers in Lumber, Doors, Windows and Blinds.

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CAMELS'-HAIR PLAIDS AND STRIPES REDUCED TO 45c PER YARD.

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$25 Suits for	$12 50
$20 Suits for	10 00
$15 Suits for	7 50
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Sole Agents Jouvin Kid Glove.

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ON OR ABOUT FEBRUARY 1ST, AND will be prepared to furnish a long-felt want.

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